

# **TEST REPORT**

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: 2AF4X-VRPF1000

Equipment Under Test	:	VARRAM PET FITNESS
Model Name	:	VRPF1000
Applicant	:	VARRAM SYSTEM Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer	:	VARRAM SYSTEM Co., Ltd.
Date of Receipt	:	2019.01.02
Date of Test(s)	:	2019.01.15 ~ 2019.01.28
Date of Issue	:	2019.01.28

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

Tested By:		Date:	2019.01.28	
Technical Manager: –	Murphy Kim Hyunchae You	Date:	2019.01.28	

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# **1. General Information**

## 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

- 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
 All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at <a href="http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx">http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx</a>.
 Phone No. : +82 31 688 0901
 Fax No. : +82 31 688 0921

## 1.2. Details of applicant

Applicant:VARRAM SYSTEM Co., Ltd.Address:57, Techno 11-ro, Yuseong-gu, Daejeon, KoreaContact Person:Jung, Ju-yongPhone No.:+82 70 8797 8920

## 1.3. Details of manufacturer

Company	:	Same as applicant
Address	:	Same as applicant

## 1.2. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	VARRAM PET FITNESS	
Model Name	VRPF1000	
Power Supply	DC 3.7 V	
Frequency Range	2 402 Miz ~ 2 480 Miz (Bluetooth Low Energy)	
Modulation Technique	GFSK	
Number of Channels	40 channels (Bluetooth Low Energy)	
Antenna Type	DIELECTRIC CHIP Antenna	
Antenna Gain	0.50 dB i	

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## 1.5. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	259067	Jun. 15, 2018	Annual	Jun. 15, 2019
Signal Generator	R&S	SMR40	100272	Jun. 12, 2018	Annual	Jun. 12, 2019
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100955	Mar. 12, 2018	Annual	Mar. 12, 2019
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Sep. 21, 2018	Annual	Sep. 21, 2019
Attenuator	AEROFLEX / INMET	<b>26A-10</b> dB	3	Feb. 22, 2018	Annual	Feb. 22, 2019
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHK3.0/18G-10SS	344	May 27, 2018	Annual	May 27, 2019
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 11, 2018	Annual	Jun. 11, 2019
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-1	May 24, 2018	Annual	May 24, 2019
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	Feb. 22, 2018	Annual	Feb. 22, 2019
DC Power Supply	Agilent	U8002A	MY50060028	Mar. 15, 2018	Annual	Mar. 15, 2019
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 07, 2018	Annual	Aug. 07, 2019
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Aug. 07, 2018	Annual	Aug. 07, 2019
Preamplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	May 13, 2018	Annual	May 13, 2019
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 23, 2017	Biennial	Aug. 23, 2019
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	01126	Mar. 26, 2018	Biennial	Mar. 26, 2020
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 14, 2018	Biennial	Feb. 14, 2020
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170431	Sep. 10, 2018	Biennial	Sep. 10, 2020
Antenna Master	INNCO systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	INNCO systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Turn Table	INNCO systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Feb. 07, 2018	Annual	Feb. 07, 2019
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	SUCOFLEX	104 (3 m)	MY3258414	Jan. 04, 2019	Semi- annual	Jul. 04, 2019
Coaxial Cable	SUCOFLEX	104 (10 m)	MY3145814	Jan. 04, 2019	Semi- annual	Jul. 04, 2019
Coaxial Cable	Rosenberger	LA1-C006-1500	131014 01/20	Sep. 04, 2018	Semi- annual	Mar. 04, 2019

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#### 1.6. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part15 Subpart C			
Standard section	Test Item(s)	Result	
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied	
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Complied	
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied	
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Complied	

## 1.7. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

#### **1.8. Sample calculation**

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

#### 1.8.1. Conducted test

Offset value (dB) = Attenuator (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

#### 1.8.2. Radiation test

Field strength level (dBµV/m) = Measured level (dBµV) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB)

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#### **1.9. Measurement Uncertainty**

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty (dB)
Radiated Disturbance, 9 kHz to 30 MHz	± 3.59
Radiated Disturbance, below 1 ${\mathbb H}_{\! {\mathbb Z}}$	± 5.88
Radiated Disturbance, above 1 GHz	± 5.94

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95 %.

#### 1.10. Test report revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501/RF-RTL013470	2019.01.28	Initial

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## 1.11. Duty Cycle of EUT

Regarding to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05, 6, the maximum duty cycle was investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below:

Set RBW  $\geq$  OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

Duty cycle (%)	62
Correction factor (dB)	2.08

#### Remark:

- 1. Duty cycle (%) = (Tx on time / Tx on + off time) x 100
- 2. Correction factor (dB) =  $10 \log (1 / \text{Duty cycle})$

#### <PLOT>

Att 1 SGL	.0 dB 👄 SWT 2 ms 👄 V	BW 28 MHz			
●1Pk Max					
	M1		M1[1]		-20.25 dBr
-20 dBm		D:	2 D3 D2[1]		655.07 µ 0.0/1 d
			U2[1]_		388.41
-30 dBm					
40 dBm					
-50 dBm					
460 dBm	homewaster		www.orahaullu		www.wahul
-70 dBm					
-80 dBm					
-90 dBm					
-100 dBm					
CF 2.44 GHz		691 pt:	s		200.0 µs/
Marker					
Type Ref Trc		Y-value	Function	Func	tion Result
M1 1		-20.25 dBm			
D2 M1 1 D3 M1 1		0.01 dB 0.01 dB			

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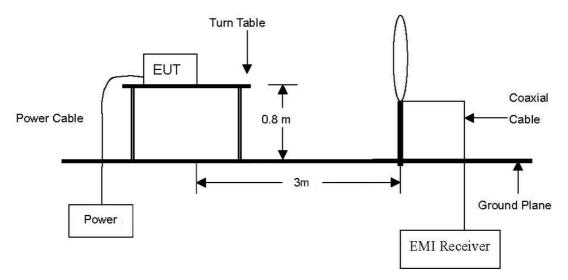


# 2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission

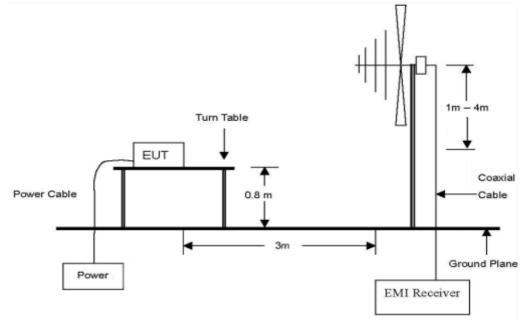
## 2.1. Test Setup

## 2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9  $\,\rm klt$  to 30  $\,\rm Mk$ 



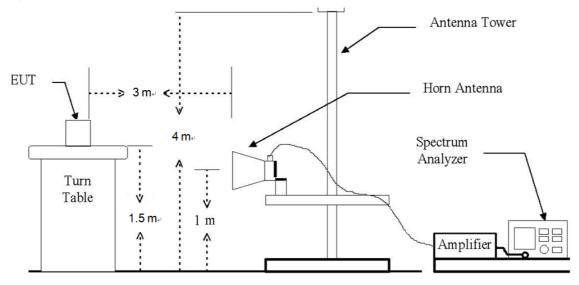
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30  $\,\rm Mz$  to 1  $\,\rm Gz$ 



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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated form 1 GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.



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#### 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emission



## 2.2. Limit

According to \$15.247(d), in any 100 kt bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kt bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in \$15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in section \$15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in \$15.209(a) (see \$15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (账)	Field Strength ( <i>µ</i> //m)	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(klz)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 Mb, 76-88 Mb, 174-216 Mb or 470-806 Mb. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g.,  $\S$ 15.231 and 15.241.

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## 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.11 & 11.12 of ANSI C63.10 2013.

#### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

#### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 Mb

- 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 GHz and 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 GHz. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
- 3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- 6. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10 dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10 dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

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#### Note;

All channels were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

1. Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands

- The Reference Level Measurement refer to section 11.11.2 Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, SPAN  $\ge$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth, the RBW = 100 km and VBW  $\ge$  3 × RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.

- Unwanted Emissions Level Measurement refer to section 11.11.3

Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 kHz and VBW  $\ge$  3 × RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.

2. Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- Peak Power measurement procedure refer to section 11.12.2.4 Set RBW = as specified in Table 9, VBW  $\ge$  3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = auto, Trace = Max hold.

shorr or mequency
RBW
200 Hz to 300 Hz
9 kHz to 10 kHz
100 kHz to 120 kHz
1 MHz

Table 9 –	- RBW as	a functio	on of frequency
-----------	----------	-----------	-----------------

If the peak – detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

-Average Power measurements procedure refer to section 11.12.2.5.2

The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle. Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in section 11.6. Set RBW = 1 Mz, VBW  $\ge$  3 x RBW, Detector = RMS, if span / (# of points in sweep)  $\le$  (RBW/2).

Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

As an alternative the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used. Sweep time = auto, Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log(1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
- 2) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98 %) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.
- 3. Definition of DUT Axis.

Definition of the test orthogonal plan for EUT was described in the test setup photo. The test orthogonal plan of EUT is  $\underline{Z - axis}$  during radiation test.

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#### 2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

All channels were investigated for radiated spurious emissions. Only the radiated emissions of the configuration that produced the worst case emissions are reported in this section.

Per the guidance of ANSI C63.10 - 2013, section 11.11.1 & 11.11.2 & 11.11.3, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 kHz. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 2.4.3. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20 dB below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 kHz bandwidth.

- 1. Conducted Emissions at Band Edge
- The Measurement refer to section 11.11.2 Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 kHz and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace mode = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- 2. Conducted Spurious Emissions
- The Measurement refer to section 11.11.3 Start frequency was set to 9 kl/₂ and stop frequency was set to 25 GH₂ (separated into two plots per channel), RBW = 1 M₂, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.
- 3. TDF function
  - For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function. So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.

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## 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

#### 2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum from 9 klz to 1 000 Mz was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correctio	n Factors	Total	Lim	it
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
62.94	39.10	Peak	V	11.32	-26.21	24.21	40.00	15.79
100.65	41.90	Peak	V	12.11	-25.46	28.55	43.50	14.95
174.81	55.00	Peak	н	9.39	-24.05	40.34	43.50	3.16
253.91	46.40	Peak	н	12.74	-23.94	35.20	46.00	10.80
346.10	43.40	Peak	н	14.96	-23.78	34.58	46.00	11.42
429.72	47.20	Peak	н	16.40	-23.07	40.53	46.00	5.47
Above 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remark:

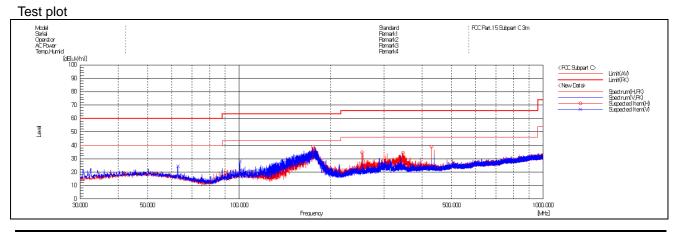
1. Spurious emissions for all channels were investigated and almost the same below 1 GHz.

2. Reported spurious emissions are in **Low channel** as worst case among other channels.

3. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.

(Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)

4. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.



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RTT5041-19(2017.07.10)(0)	Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370	A4(210 mm × 297 mm)



#### 2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 Mb

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 Mb was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values.

Low Channel (2 402 Mtz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			Corr	ection Fact	tors	Total	Lim	it
Frequency (쌘)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	13.57	Peak	V	27.82	10.56	-	51.95	74.00	22.05
*2 310.00	3.40	Average	V	27.82	10.56	2.08	43.86	54.00	10.14
*2 328.91	16.03	Peak	V	27.86	10.57	-	54.46	74.00	19.54
*2 337.86	4.25	Average	V	27.88	10.58	2.08	44.79	54.00	9.21
*2 390.00	14.23	Peak	V	27.98	10.65	-	52.86	74.00	21.14
*2 390.00	3.52	Average	V	27.98	10.65	2.08	44.23	54.00	9.77

Radia	Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Lim	it	
Frequency (Mz)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 440 Mz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Lim	it	
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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High Channel (2 480 Mz)

Radia	Radiated Emissions			t. Correction Factors			Total	Lim	it
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµN/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	15.56	Peak	V	28.00	10.74	-	54.30	74.00	19.70
*2 483.50	4.02	Average	V	28.00	10.74	2.08	44.84	54.00	9.16
*2 483.81	15.85	Peak	V	28.00	10.74	-	54.59	74.00	19.41
*2 484.00	4.12	Average	V	28.00	10.74	2.08	44.94	54.00	9.06
*2 500.00	13.65	Peak	V	28.00	10.75	-	52.40	74.00	21.60
*2 500.00	3.54	Average	V	28.00	10.75	2.08	44.37	54.00	9.63

Radiated Emissions		Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Lim	it		
Frequency (Mb)	Reading (dBµN)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	Duty (dB)	Actual (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµN/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

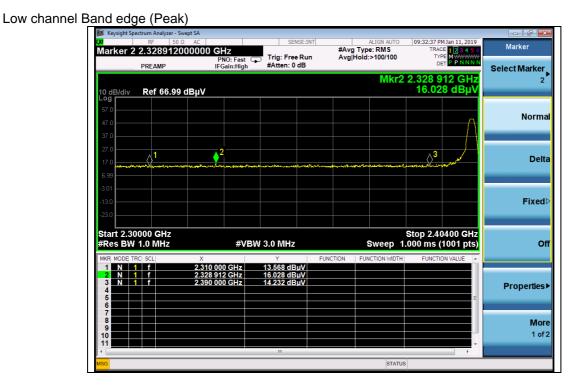
#### Remark:

- 1. "\*" means the restricted band.
- 2. Measuring frequencies from 1 G<sup>th</sup> to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- 3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 № were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- 4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (Duty) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (Duty).
- 5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

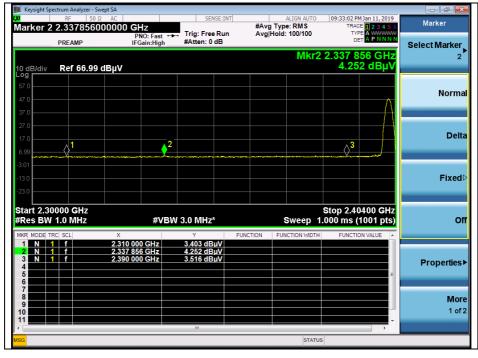
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## 2.4.3. Plot of Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions



#### Low channel Band edge (Average)

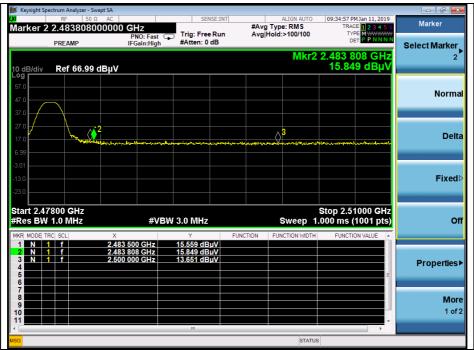


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#### High channel Band edge (Peak)



#### High channel Band edge (Average)



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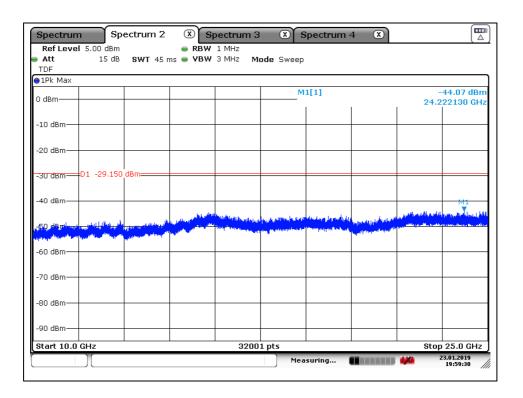


## 2.4.4. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions: Plot of Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Low Channel Spectrum 4 Spectrum Spectrum 3 X Spectrum 2 RBW 100 kHz Ref Level 0.00 dBm Att 10 dB SWT 1.1 ms 👄 VBW 300 kHz Mode Sweep TDF 1Pk Max M1[1] 9.15 dBm М 2.4017830 GHz -10 dBm -66.21 dBm 2.3900000 GHz M2[1] -20 dBm -30 dBrr D1 -29,150 dBr -40 dBn 7 -50 dBr 4nA -60 dBrr March W Au A -704Å -80 dBm -90 dBm Span 50.0 MHz 691 pts CF 2.402 GHz Marker Type Ref Trc X-value Y-value Function Function Result 2.401783 GHz 2.39 GHz M1 -9.15 dBm M2 -66.21 dBm МЗ 2.399829 GHz -47.13 dBm M4 2.4 GHz -47.76 dBm 1 23.01.2019 19:57:41 Measuring... III 🥩 Spectrum 3 Spectrum 4 × Spectrum Spectrum 2 X Ref Level 10.00 dBm RBW 1 MHz SWT 32.1 ms 👄 VBW 3 MHz Att 20 dB Mode Sweep TDF ∋1Pk Max M2[1] 42.24 dBn 6.994319 GH 0 dBm -M1[1] -8.56 dBn 2.401959 GH М1 -10 dBm -20 dBm -30 dBm D1 -29.150 -40 dBrr -60 dBrr -70 dBrr -80 dBm Start 9.0 kHz 32001 pts Stop 10.0 GHz 3.01.2019 19:58:46 Measuring... 

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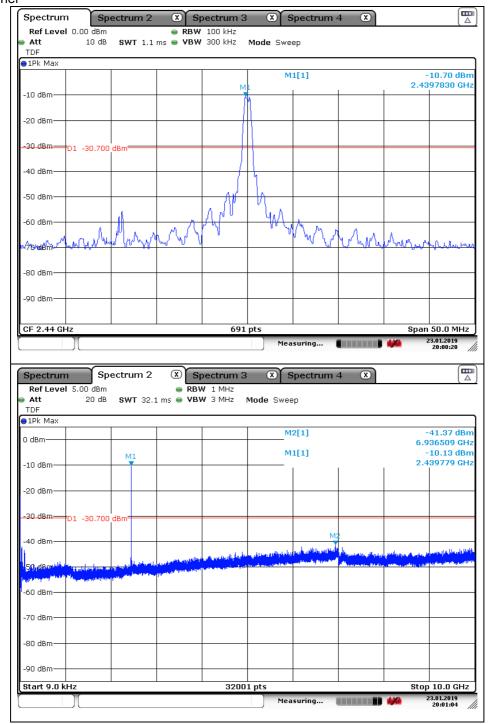




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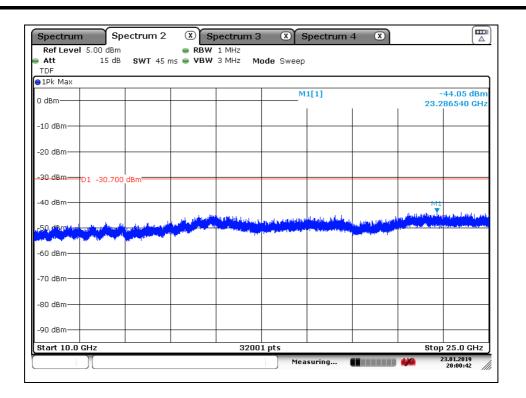


Middle Channel



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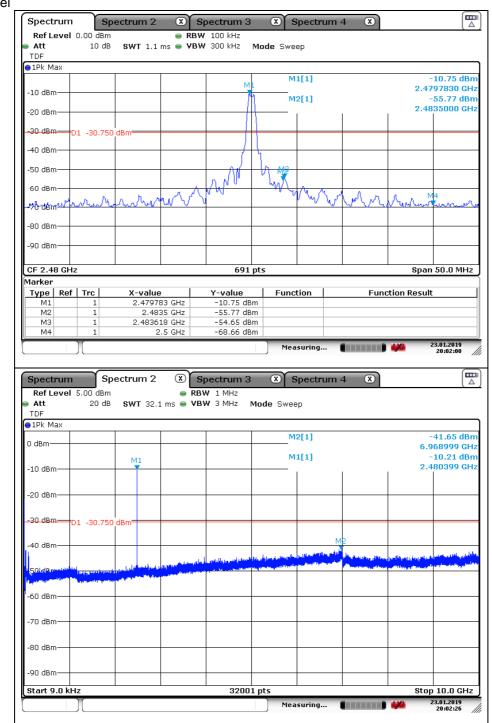




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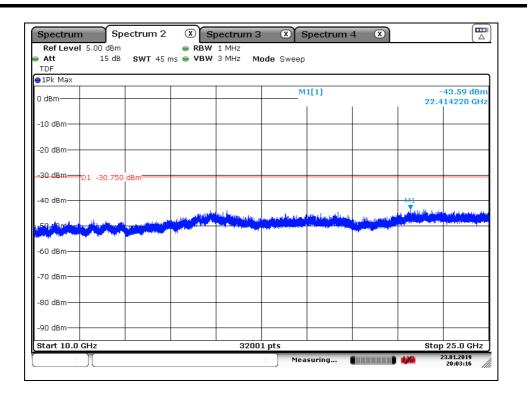


High Channel



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# 3.6 dB Bandwidth

## 3.1. Test Setup



## 3.2. Limit

According to 15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 Mz, 2 400-2 483.5 Mz, and 5 725-5 850 Mz bands. The minimum 6 dB Bandwidth shall be at least 500 kz.

## 3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 8.0 DTS bandwidth of KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05.

Tests performed using section 8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1:
- 1. Set RBW to = 100 kHz.
- 2. Set the video bandwidth(VBW)  $\ge$  3  $\times$  RBW.
- 3. Detector = Peak.
- 4. Trace mode = max hold.
- 5. Sweep = auto couple.
- 6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
- 7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude point (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

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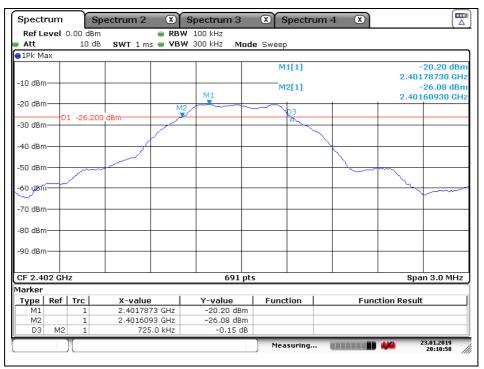


### 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

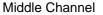
Mode	Channel	Frequency (ᢂ᠌ᢧ)	6 dB Bandwidth (Mz)
	Low	2 402	0.725
GFSK	Middle	2 440	0.742
	High	2 480	0.729

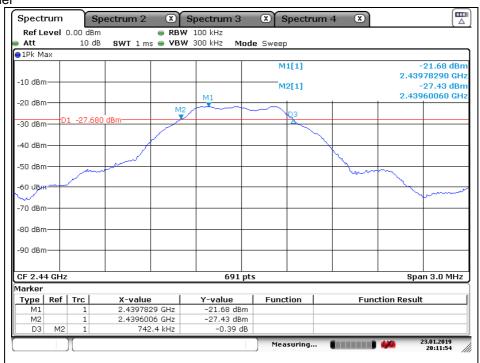
#### Low Channel



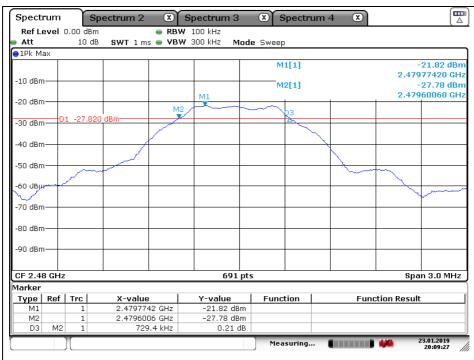
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#### High Channel

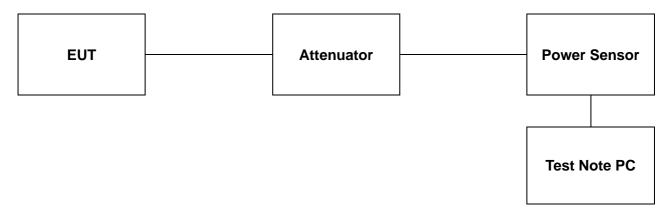


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# 4. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

## 4.1. Test Setup



## 4.2. Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 Mb, 2 400-2 483.5 Mb, and 5 725-5 850 Mb bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to \$15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antenna with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

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#### 4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 11.9.1.3 of ANSI C63.10 2013.

#### PKPM1 Peak-reading power meter method

- The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

The test follows section 9.2.3.2 of KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05.

#### Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average-reading power meter)

- Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

#### Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)

1. Initially overall offset for attenuator and cable loss is measured per frequency.

2. Measured offset is inserted in test program in advance of measurement for output power.

3. Power for each frequency (channel) of device is investigated as final result.

4. Final result reported on this section from R&S power viewer program includes with several factors and test program shows only final result.

#### 4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (₩2)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
	Low	2 402	<u>-7.55</u>	-6.58	
GFSK	Middle	2 440	-8.87	-7.63	30
	High	2 480	-9.46	-8.12	

#### Remark:

Attenuator and cable offset was compensated in test program (R&S Power Viewer) before measuring.

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# **5. Power Spectral Density**

## 5.1. Test Setup



## 5.2. Limit

According to \$15.247(e), for digitally modulated system, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dB m in any 3 kb band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

## 5.3. Test Procedure

The measurements are recorded using the PKPSD measurement procedure in section 11.10.2 of ANSI C63.10 2013.

- This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

- 1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- 2. Set the span to 1.5 x DTS bandwidth.
- 3. Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.
- 4. Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.
- 5. Detector = Peak.
- 6. Sweep time = auto couple.
- 7. Trace mode = max hold.
- 8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- 10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3  $\,\mathrm{klz}$ ) and repeat.

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 Tel. +82 31 428 5700 / Fax. +82 31 427 2370
 A4(210 mm × 297 mm)

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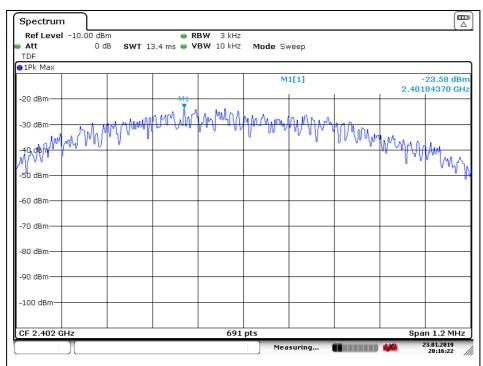


## 5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature	:	(23	3 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity	:	47	% R.H.

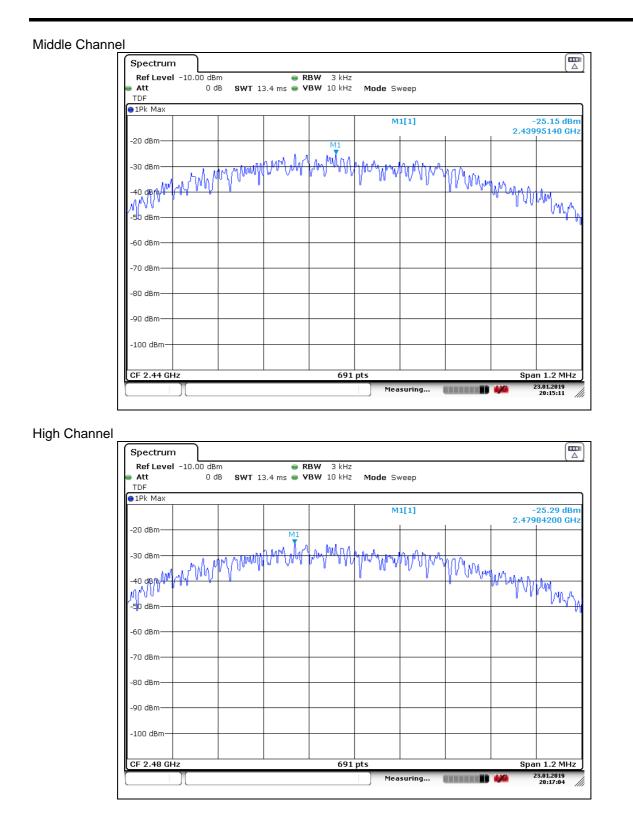
Mode	Channel	Frequency (쌘)	Measured PSD (dB m)	Maximum Limit (dB m)
	Low	2 402	-23.58	
GFSK	Middle	2 440	-25.15	8
	High	2 480	-25.29	

#### Low Channel



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# 6. Antenna Requirement

## 6.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section \$15.247 (b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dB i are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dB i.

## 6.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is DIELECTRIC CHIP Antenna with gain of 0.50 dB i.

#### - End of the Test Report -

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