TEST REPORT

## KCTL Inc.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu,
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea
TEL: 827050081021
FAX: 825052998311

Report No.: KCTL16-SFR0068
Page ( 1 )/( 19 ) Pages

## 1. Applicant

Name:
SAM JIN CO., LTD.

Address:
(Anyang-dong) 81, Anyangcheonseo-ro,
Manan-gu Anyang-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
2. Sample Description:

FCC ID: 2AF4S-STH-ETH-250
IC ID:
20753-STHETH250
Type of equipment:
Hub
Basic Model:
STH-ETH-250
3. Date of Test:

July 1 ~ July 4, 2016
FCC Part 15 Subpart C, 15.247
4. Test method used:

RSS-247 Issue 1 May 2015
RSS GEN Issue 4 November 2014

## 5. Test Results

Test Item:
Result:
Measurement Uncertainty: Refer to page 7

This result shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

| Affirmation | Tested by | Technical Manager |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Name: TAEK YONG, NAM | Name: MIN GI, SON |

2016. 7. 12

KCTL Inc.

## [ Contents ]

1. Client information ..... 3
2. Laboratory information ..... 4
3. Description of E.U.T ..... 5
3.1 Basic description .....  .5
3.2 General description .....  5
3.3 Test frequency .....  6
3.4 Test Voltage .....  .6
4. Summary of test results .....  7
4.1 Standards \& results ..... 7
4.2 Uncertainty .....  .7
5. Test results .....
5.1 Antenna Requirement .....  8
5.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands .....  .9
5.6 Conducted Emission ..... 17
6. Test equipment used for test ..... 19

## 1. Client information

| Applicant: | SAM JIN CO., LTD. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address: | (Anyang-dong) 81, Anyangcheonseo-ro, Gyeonggi-do, Korea | Manan-gu | Anyang-si, |
| Telephone number: | +82-31-467-5949 |  |  |
| Facsimile number: | +82-31-469-3115 |  |  |
| Contact person: | Jung Woo Kim / jungwoo@samjin.com |  |  |
| Manufacturer: | SAM JIN CO., LTD. |  |  |
| Address: | (Anyang-dong) 81, Anyangcheonseo-ro, Gyeonggi-do, Korea | Manan-gu | Anyang-si, |

## 2. Laboratory information

## Address

## KCTL Inc.

65 Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
Telephone Number: 82-70-5008-1016 Facsimile Number: 82-505-299-8311

## Certificate

KOLAS No.: KT231
FCC Site Designation No.: KR0040
FCC Site Registration No.: 687132
VCCI Site Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849
IC Site Registration No.:8035A-2

## SITE MAP



This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

## 3. Description of E.U.T.

3.1 Basic description

| Applicant: | SAM JIN CO., LTD. |
| :---: | :--- |
| Address of Applicant | (Anyang-dong) 81, Anyangcheonseo-ro, Manan-gu Anyang-si, <br> Gyeonggi-do, Korea |
| Manufacturer | SAM JIN CO., LTD. |
| Address of Manufacturer | (Anyang-dong) 81, Anyangcheonseo-ro, Manan-gu Anyang-si, <br> Gyeonggi-do, Korea |
| Type of equipment | Hub |
| Basic Model | STH-ETH-250 |
| Serial number | N/A |

### 3.2 General description

| Frequency Range | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2402 \mathrm{NHz} \sim 2480 \mathrm{NHz} \text { (Bluetooth Low Energy), } \\ & 2405 \mathrm{NHz} \sim 2470 \mathrm{NHz} \text { (Zigbee), } \\ & 908.42 \mathrm{NHz}, 908.4 \mathrm{MHz}, 916 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Z-Wave) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Type of Modulation | GFSK (Bluetooth Low Energy), O-QPSK (Zigbee), 2FSK ( $908.42 \mathrm{MHz}, 908.4 \mathrm{MHz}), 2$ GFSK ( 916 MHz ) |
| Number of Channels | 40 ch (Bluetooth Low Energy), 14 ch (Zigbee), 3 ch (Z-Wave) |
| Type of Antenna | PCB Antenna (Bluetooth Low Energy, Zigbee), Helical Antenna (Z-Wave) |
| Antenna Gain | 3.29 dBi (Bluetooth Low Energy), 3.53 dBi (Zigbee) |
| Transmit Power | 18.28 dBm |
| Power supply | DC 5.0 V |
| Product SW/HW version | 1.0 |
| Radio SW/HW version | 1.0 |
| Test SW Version | Tera Term version 4.88 |
| RF power setting in TEST SW | -6 |
| Certified module | Z-wave module. <br> Model Name: ZM5304-U, <br> FCC ID: D87-ZM5304-U, IC ID: 11263A-ZM5304-U |

Note : The above EUT information was declared by the manufacturer.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 3.3 Test frequency

|  | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lowest frequency | 2405 NHz |
| Middle frequency | 2440 NHz |
| Highest frequency | 2470 NHz |

### 3.4 Test Voltage

| Mode | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Voltage | DC 5.0 V |

## 4. Summary of test results

### 4.1 Standards \& results

| FCC Rule <br> Reference | IC Rule <br> Reference | Parameter | Report <br> Section | Test <br> Result |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 15.203, <br> $15.247(\mathrm{~b})(4)$ | - | Antenna Requirement | 5.1 | C |
| $15.247(\mathrm{~b})(3)$ | RSS-247, 5.4(4) | Maximum Peak Output Power | 5.2 | $\mathrm{NT}_{1)}$ |
| $15.247(\mathrm{e})$ | RSS-247, 5.2(2) | Peak Power Spectral Density | 5.3 | $\mathrm{NT}_{1)}$ |
| $15.247(\mathrm{a})(2)$ | RSS-247, 5.2(1) | 6 dB Channel Bandwidth | 5.4 | $\mathrm{NT}_{1)}$ |
| - | RSS-GEN, 6.6 | Occupied Bandwidth | 5.4 | $\mathrm{NT}_{1)}$ |
| $15.247(\mathrm{~d})$, <br> $15.205(\mathrm{a})$, <br> $15.209(\mathrm{a})$ | RSS-247, 5.5 <br> RSS-GEN, 8.9, 10 | Spurious Emission, <br> Band Edge, and Restricted bands | 5.5 | C |
| $15.207(\mathrm{a})$ | RSS-GEN, 8.8 | Conducted Emissions | 5.6 | C |

Note: $\mathrm{C}=$ complies, NC = Not complies, NT = Not tested, NA = Not Applicable
$\mathrm{NT}_{1)}$ : Since this is C2PC evaluation due to PCB art-work, only spurious emission and AC line test has done. Please refer to original test report \# KCTL16-SFR0010.
Note: The general test methods used to test this device is ANSI C63.10:2013

### 4.2 Uncertainty

| Measurement Item | Expanded Uncertainty$\mathrm{U}=k \mathrm{Uc}(k=2)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conducted RF power | 1.44 dB |  |
| Conducted Spurious Emissions | 1.52 dB |  |
| Radiated Spurious Emissions | $30 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 300 \mathrm{MHz}:$ | $+4.94 \mathrm{~dB},-5.06 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  |  | $+4.93 \mathrm{~dB},-5.05 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | $300 \mathrm{MHz} \sim 1000 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $+4.97 \mathrm{~dB},-5.08 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  |  | $+4.84 \mathrm{~dB},-4.96 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | $1 \mathrm{CHz} \sim 25 \mathrm{GHz}$ | $+6.03 \mathrm{~dB},-6.05 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Conducted Emissions | $9 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 150 \mathrm{kHz}$ : | 3.75 dB |
|  | $150 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 30 \mathrm{MHz}:$ | 3.36 dB |

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

## 5. Test results

### 5.1 Antenna Requirement

### 5.1.1 Regulation

According to $\S 15.203$, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to $\S 15.247(b)(4)$, the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBI . Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi .

### 5.1.2 Result

## - Complied

The transmitter has a PCB Antenna. The transmitter has a Internal Antenna which is attached on PCB permanently.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.5 Spurious Emission, Band Edge, and Restricted bands

### 5.5.1 Regulation

According to $\S 15.247(\mathrm{~d})$, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB . Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209 (a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to $\S 15.209$ (a), Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall notexceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (WHz) | Field strength $(\mu \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m})$ | Measurement distance $(\mathrm{m})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.009-0.490$ | $2400 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{kHz})$ | 300 |
| $0.490-1.705$ | $24000 / \mathrm{F}(\mathrm{kHz})$ | 30 |
| $1.705-30$ | 30 | 30 |
| $30-88$ | $100^{* *}$ | 3 |
| $88-216$ | $150^{* *}$ | 3 |
| $216-960$ | $200^{* *}$ | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands $54-72 \mathrm{MHz}, 76-88 \mathrm{MHz}, 174-216 \mathrm{MHz}$ or $470-806 \mathrm{MHz}$. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

According to § 15.205 (a) and (b), only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.009-0.110$ | $16.42-16.423$ | $399.9-410$ | $4.5-5.15$ |
| $0.495-0.505$ | $16.69475-16.69525$ | $608-614$ | $5.35-5.46$ |
| $2.1735-2.1905$ | $16.80425-16.80475$ | $960-1240$ | $7.25-7.75$ |
| $4.125-4.128$ | $25.5-25.67$ | $1300-1427$ | $8.025-8.5$ |
| $4.17725-4.17775$ | $37.5-38.25$ | $1435-1626.5$ | $9.0-9.2$ |
| $4.20725-4.20775$ | $73-74.6$ | $1645.5-1646.5$ | $9.3-9.5$ |
| $6.215-6.218$ | $74.8-75.2$ | $1660-1710$ | $10.6-12.7$ |
| $6.26775-6.26825$ | $108-121.94$ | $1718.8-1722.2$ | $13.25-13.4$ |
| $6.31175-6.31225$ | $123-138$ | $2200-2300$ | $14.47-14.5$ |
| $8.291-8.294$ | $149.9-150.05$ | $2310-2390$ | $15.35-16.2$ |
| $8.362-8.366$ | $156.52475-156.52525$ | $2483.5-2500$ | $17.7-21.4$ |
| $8.37625-8.38675$ | $156.7-156.9$ | $2690-2900$ | $22.01-23.12$ |
| $8.41425-8.41475$ | $162.0125-167.17$ | $3260-3267$ | $23.6-24.0$ |
| $12.29-12.293$ | $167.72-173.2$ | $3332-3339$ | $31.2-31.8$ |
| $12.51975-12.52025$ | $240-285$ | $3345.8-3358$ | $36.43-36.5$ |
| $12.57675-12.57725$ | $322-335.4$ | $3600-4400$ | Above 38.6 |
| $13.36-13.41$ |  |  |  |

The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 NHz , compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 NHz , compliance with the emission limits in $\S 15.209$ shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in $\S 15.35$ apply to these measurements.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.5.2Measurement Procedure

### 5.5.2.1 Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

### 5.5.2.1.1 Reference Level Measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

1) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2) Set the span to $\geq 1.5$ times the DTS bandwidth.
3) Set the RBW $=100 \mathrm{kHz}$.
4) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
5) Detector = peak.
6) Sweep time = auto couple.
7) Trace mode = max hold.
8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

### 5.5.2.1.2 Emissions Level Measurement

1) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2) Set the RBW $=100 \mathrm{kHz}$.
3) Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
4) Detector = peak.
5) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq$ span/RBW
6) Sweep time = auto couple.
7) Trace mode $=$ max hold.
8) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a ) or 11.1 b ). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.5.2.2 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

1) $\operatorname{Span}=$ wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
2) $\mathrm{RBW}=100 \mathrm{kHz}$
3) $\mathrm{VBW} \geq \mathrm{RBW}$
4) Sweep = auto
5) Detector function $=$ peak
6) Trace $=$ max hold
7) Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.
8) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated.

The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

### 5.5.2.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions

1) The preliminary and final rdiated measurements were performed to determine the frequency producing the maximum emissions in at a 10 m anechoic chamber. The EUT was tested at a distance 3 meters.
2) The EUT was placed on the top of the 0.8 -meter height, $1 \times 1.5$ meter non-metallic table. To find the maximum emission levels, the height of a measuring antenna was changed and the turntable was rotated $360^{\circ}$.
3) The antenna polarization was also changed from vertical to horizontal. The spectrum was scanned from 9 klfz to 30 MHz using the loop antenna, and from 30 to 1000 NHz using the TRILOG broadband antenna, and from 1000 MHz to 26500 MHz using the horn antenna.
4) Each frequency found during preliminary measurements was re-examined and investigated. The test-receiver system was set up to average, peak, and quasi-peak detector function with specified bandwidth.

## Note

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) and Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 CHz .
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection and frequency above 1 GHz .
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is $1 \mathrm{kHz}(\geq 1 / \mathrm{T})$ for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz . (where $\mathrm{T}=$ pulse width)

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.5.3 Test Result

- Complied

1. Conducted Spurious Emissions was shown in figure 3.

Note: We took the insertion loss of the cable into consideration within the measuring instrument.
2. Measured value of the Field strength of spurious Emissions (Radiated)
3. It tested $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and $\mathrm{z}-3$ axis each, mentioned only worst case data at this report.

- Below 1 GHz data (worst-case)

Highest channel ( 2470 MHz )

| Frequency <br> $[\mathrm{MHz}]$ | Receiver <br> Bandwidth <br> $[\mathrm{kHz}]$ | Pol. <br> $[\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{H}]$ | Reading <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V})]$ | Factor <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ | Result <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Limit <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Margin <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 30 MHz

| Below <br> 30.00 | Not <br> Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Quasi-Peak DATA. Emissions below 1 GHz

| 46.85 | 120 | V | 46.90 | -11.50 | 35.40 | 40.00 | 4.60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 82.14 | 120 | V | 51.90 | -15.70 | 36.20 | 40.00 | 3.80 |
| 89.41 | 120 | V | 55.90 | -16.40 | 39.50 | 43.50 | 4.00 |
| Above <br> 90.00 | Not <br> Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

## - Above 1 Gitz data

Lowest channel ( 2405 MHz )

| Frequency <br> [MHz] | Receiver Bandwidth [ktz] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pol. } \\ {[\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{H}]} \end{gathered}$ | Reading <br> [dB( $\mu \mathrm{N})$ ] | Factor <br> [dB] | $\begin{gathered} \text { Result } \\ {[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Limit } \\ {[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m})]} \end{gathered}$ | Margin <br> [dB] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 Gitz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2389.50{ }^{1)}$ | 1000 | H | 50.80 | 3.50 | 54.30 | 74.00 | 19.70 |
| 4239.38 | 1000 | H | 33.90 | 7.90 | 41.80 | 74.00 | 32.20 |
| $4809.38^{2)}$ | 1000 | H | 41.30 | 9.50 | 50.80 | 74.00 | 23.20 |
| 6646.88 | 1000 | H | 31.60 | 13.00 | 44.60 | 74.00 | 29.40 |
| 8229.38 | 1000 | H | 32.10 | 15.40 | 47.50 | 74.00 | 26.50 |
| 9583.12 | 1000 | H | 31.30 | 16.30 | 47.60 | 74.00 | 26.40 |
| 10775.62 | 1000 | H | 31.50 | 19.30 | 50.80 | 74.00 | 23.20 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Above } \\ 11000.00 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average DATA. Emissions above 1 Gth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2389.50{ }^{1)}$ | 1000 | H | 42.20 | 3.50 | 45.70 | 54.00 | 8.30 |
| 4239.38 | 1000 | H | 23.70 | 7.90 | 31.60 | 54.00 | 22.40 |
| $4809.38^{2)}$ | 1000 | H | 34.80 | 9.50 | 44.30 | 54.00 | 9.70 |
| 6646.88 | 1000 | H | 22.60 | 13.00 | 35.60 | 54.00 | 18.40 |
| 8229.38 | 1000 | H | 21.90 | 15.40 | 37.30 | 54.00 | 16.70 |
| 9583.12 | 1000 | H | 22.10 | 16.30 | 38.40 | 54.00 | 15.60 |
| 10775.62 | 1000 | H | 22.50 | 19.30 | 41.80 | 54.00 | 12.20 |
| Above <br> 11000.00 | Not Detected | - | - | - | - | - | - |

${ }^{1)}$ Restricted band.
${ }^{2)}$ Harmonic components.

Middle channel (2 440 MIZ )

| Frequency <br> $[\mathrm{MHz}]$ | Receiver <br> Bandwidth <br> $[\mathrm{kHz}]$ | Pol. <br> $[\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{H}]$ | Reading <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V})]$ | Factor <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ | Result <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Limit <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Margin <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 Gitz

| 3941.25 | 1000 | H | 33.60 | 6.60 | 40.20 | 74.00 | 33.80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4880.63 | 1000 | H | 42.80 | 9.10 | 51.90 | 74.00 | 22.10 |
| 6095.63 | 1000 | H | 32.10 | 12.30 | 44.40 | 74.00 | 29.60 |
| 7321.88 | 1000 | V | 39.20 | 14.40 | 53.60 | 74.00 | 20.40 |
| 8045.63 | 1000 | H | 31.70 | 15.10 | 46.80 | 74.00 | 27.20 |
| 9444.37 | 1000 | H | 32.10 | 16.10 | 48.20 | 74.00 | 25.80 |
| Above | Not | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10000.00 | Detected | - | - | - |  |  |  |

Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz

| 3941.25 | 1000 | H | 24.40 | 6.60 | 31.00 | 54.00 | 23.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4880.63 | 1000 | H | 36.80 | 9.10 | 45.90 | 54.00 | 8.10 |
| 6095.63 | 1000 | H | 22.50 | 12.30 | 34.80 | 54.00 | 19.20 |
| 7321.88 | 1000 | V | 30.80 | 14.40 | 45.20 | 54.00 | 8.80 |
| 8045.63 | 1000 | H | 22.20 | 15.10 | 37.30 | 54.00 | 16.70 |
| 9444.37 | 1000 | H | 22.20 | 16.10 | 38.30 | 54.00 | 15.70 |
| Above | Not <br> 10000.00 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

Highest channel (2 470 MHz )

| Frequency <br> $[M H z]$ | Receiver <br> Bandwidth <br> $[\mathrm{kHz}]$ | Pol. <br> $[\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{H}]$ | Reading <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V})]$ | Factor <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ | Result <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Limit <br> $[\mathrm{dB}(\mu \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m})]$ | Margin <br> $[\mathrm{dB}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Peak DATA. Emissions above 1 Gitz

| $2483.50^{1)}$ | 1000 | H | 52.60 | 3.60 | 56.20 | 74.00 | 17.80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3963.75 | 1000 | H | 33.50 | 6.60 | 40.10 | 74.00 | 33.90 |
| $4940.63^{2)}$ | 1000 | H | 45.10 | 9.20 | 54.30 | 74.00 | 19.70 |
| 6485.63 | 1000 | H | 32.30 | 12.70 | 45.00 | 74.00 | 29.00 |
| $7411.88^{2)}$ | 1000 | H | 37.90 | 14.50 | 52.40 | 74.00 | 21.60 |
| 8962.50 | 1000 | H | 32.00 | 16.80 | 48.80 | 74.00 | 25.20 |
| 10959.37 | 1000 | H | 32.20 | 19.80 | 52.00 | 74.00 | 22.00 |
| Above | Not | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11000.00 | Detected | - | - |  | - |  |  |

Average DATA. Emissions above 1 GHz

| $2483.50^{1)}$ | 1000 | H | 44.20 | 3.60 | 47.80 | 54.00 | 6.20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3963.75 | 1000 | H | 24.50 | 6.60 | 31.10 | 54.00 | 22.90 |
| $4940.63^{2)}$ | 1000 | H | 39.50 | 9.20 | 48.70 | 54.00 | 5.30 |
| 6485.63 | 1000 | H | 22.40 | 12.70 | 35.10 | 54.00 | 18.90 |
| $7411.88^{2}$ | 1000 | H | 29.80 | 14.50 | 44.30 | 54.00 | 9.70 |
| 8962.50 | 1000 | H | 21.90 | 16.80 | 38.70 | 54.00 | 15.30 |
| 10959.37 | 1000 | H | 22.10 | 19.80 | 41.90 | 54.00 | 12.10 |
| Above | Not |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11000.00 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |

${ }^{1)}$ Restricted band.
${ }^{2)}$ Harmonic components.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.6 Conducted Emission

### 5.6.1 Regulation

According to $\S 15.207$ (a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz , shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50 \mu \mathrm{H} / 50 \Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

| Frequency of emission (NHIz) | Conducted limit $(\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V})$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quasi-peak | Average |
| $0.15-0.5$ | 66 to $56^{*}$ | 56 to $46 *$ |
| $0.5-5$ | 56 | 46 |
| $5-30$ | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

According to $\S 15.107$ (a), for unintentional device, except for Class A digital devices, line conducted emission limits are the same as the above table.

### 5.6.2 Measurement Procedure

1) The EUT was placed on a wooden table of size, 1 m by 1.5 m , raised 80 cm in which is located 40 cm away from the vertical wall and 1.5 m away from the side wall of the shielded room.
2) Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT power cord was individually connected through a $50 \Omega / 50 \mu \mathrm{H}$ LISN, which is an input transducer to a Spectrum Analyzer or an EMI/Field Intensity Meter, to the input power source.
3) Exploratory measurements were made to identify the frequency of the emission that had the highest amplitude relative to the limit by operating the EUT in a range of typical modes of operation, cable position, and with a typical system equipment configuration and arrangement. Based on the exploratory tests of the EUT, the one EUT cable configuration and arrangement and mode of operation that had produced the emission with the highest amplitude relative to the limit was selected for the final measurement.
4) The final test on all current-carrying conductors of all of the power cords to the equipment that comprises the EUT (but not the cords associated with other non-EUT equipment is the system) was then performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz .
5) The measurements were made with the detector set to PEAK amplitude within a bandwidth of 10 kHz or to QUASIPEAK and AVERAGE within a bandwidth of 9 kHz . The EUT was in transmitting mode during the measurements.

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

### 5.6.3 Test Result

- Complied

Figure 4. plot of Conducted Emission

- Conducted worst-case data : Highest Channel (2 470 MHz)


Final Result
--- NAA Phase ---
No. Frequency

| No. Frequency |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $[\mathrm{MHz}]$ |
| 1 | 0.19637 |
| 2 | 0.29194 |
| 3 | 1.63555 |
| 4 | 3.28176 |
| 5 | 5.34933 |
| 6 | 23.12941 |

Reading
$Q P$
$[\mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})$ ]
20.9
30.8
23.1
2.5
22.3
19.3
Reading
CAV
$[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{uV})]$
17.3
27.4
19.7
17.3
17.3
14.1
$c . f$
$[d B]$
10.
9
10
10
10
16

| Result | Result | Limit | Limit | Margin | Margin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PP | CAV | QP | AV | QP | CAV |
| $[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{uV})]$ | $[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{uV})]$ | $[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{uV})]$ | $[\mathrm{dB}(\mathrm{uV})]$ | $[\mathrm{dB}]$ | $[\mathrm{dB}]$ |
| 30.9 | 27.3 | 63.8 | 53.8 | 32.9 | 26.5 |
| 40.7 | 37.3 | 60.5 | 50.5 | 19.8 | 13.2 |
| 33.2 | 29.8 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 22.8 | 16.2 |
| 32.9 | 27.7 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 23.1 | 18.3 |
| 33.2 | 28.2 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 26.8 | 21.8 |
| 35.3 | 30.1 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 24.7 | 19.9 |

--- L1_A Phase --
No. Frequency Reading Reading

|  | [MHz] | $\begin{gathered} Q P \\ {[d B(u V)]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CAV} \\ {[\mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV})]} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.16029 | 22.7 | 10.1 |
| 2 | 0.29423 | 24.2 | 16.3 |
| 3 | 2.22584 | 14.6 | 4.8 |
| 4 | 4. 19629 | 17.3 | 9.0 |
| 5 | 7.31548 | 16.7 | 9.4 |
| 6 | 26.61075 | 13.4 | 7.6 |


| c.f | Result op | Result CAV | Limit op | Limit <br> AV | Margin QP | Margin CAV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [dB] | [dB(uV)] | [dB(uV)] | [dB(uV)] | [dB(uV)] | [dB] | [dB] |
| 9.9 | 32.6 | 20.0 | 65.4 | 55.4 | 32.8 | 35.4 |
| 9.9 | 34.1 | 26.2 | 60.4 | 50.4 | 26.3 | 24.2 |
| 10.6 | 25.2 | 15.4 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 30.8 | 30.6 |
| 10.8 | 28.1 | 19.8 | 56.0 | 46.0 | 27.9 | 26.2 |
| 11.1 | 27.8 | 20.5 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 32.2 | 29.5 |
| 15.6 | 29.0 | 23.2 | 60.0 | 50.0 | 31.0 | 26.8 |

This test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval

## 6. Test equipment used for test

|  | Description | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Next Cal Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\square$ | Test Receiver | R \& S | ESR7 | 101078 | 17.02.26 |
| $\square$ | Bi-Log Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | VULB 9168 | 583 | 16.06.19 |
| $\square$ | Amplifier | SONOMA INSTRUMENT | 310 N | 188280 | 17.04.07 |
| $\square$ | ATTENUATOR | EM TEST | ATT6/80 | P1402129094 | 17.04.08 |
| $\square$ | Turn Table | MATURO | CO2000-SOFT | - | - |
| $\square$ | Antenna Mast | MATURO | AM4.0 | 079/3440509 | - |
| $\square$ | Broadband Preamplifier | SCHWARZBECK | BBV9718 | 9718-233 | 17.01 .09 |
| $\square$ | LOOP Antenna | R \& S | HFH2-Z2 | 100355 | 18.03 .03 |
| $\square$ | Horn antenna | ETS.lindgren | 3116 | 86632 | 16.11.05 |
| $\square$ | Horn antenna | ETS.lindgren | 3117 | 00155787 | 16.11.25 |
| $\square$ | Broadband Preamplifier | SCHWARZBECK | BBV9721 | 2 | 17.05 .03 |
| $\square$ | DC POWER SUPPLY | AGILENT | E3632A | KR73001026 | 17.01.07 |
| $\square$ | SPECTRUM ANALYZER | R \& S | FSV30 | 101437 | 16.11.03 |
|  | VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR | R \& S | SMBV100A | 257566 | 17.01.07 |
| $\square$ | SIGNAL GENERATOR | R \& S | SMB100A | 176206 | 17.03.14 |
| $\square$ | WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR | R \& S | NRP-Z81 | 102398 | 17.02.11 |
| $\square$ | Highpass Filter | Wainwright Instruments GmbH | $\begin{gathered} \text { WHKX3.0/ } \\ \text { 18G-12SS } \end{gathered}$ | 44 | 17.02.01 |
| $\square$ | ATTENUATOR | HP | 8491A | 18591 | 17.05 .03 |

