

SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC01662181002FH01

2AF2R-HB180RX **FCC ID**

APPLICATION PURPOSE Original Equipment

PRODUCT DESIGNATION Digital Audio Baby Monitor

BRAND NAME HelloBaby

HB180RX **MODEL NAME**

CLIENT Shenzhen Videotimes Technology Co., Ltd.

Oct. 12,2018 **DATE OF ISSUE**

IEEE Std. 1528:2013

FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 STANDARD(S)

IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005

REPORT VERSION

Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written permission of the test laboratory and shall not be quoted out of context.



The results shown this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 💢 🗲, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at http://www.agc-gert.com.

Attestation of Global Compliance

Tel: +86-755 2908 1955 Fax: +86-755 2600 8484

E-mail: agc@agc-cert.com



Page 2 of 44

Report Revise Record

Report Version		Revise Time	Issued Date Valid Version		Notes
3 K	V1.0	ance 10 milestation of C	Oct. 12,2018	Valid	Original Report

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (C), this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at a titp://www.agc.gett.com.

Attestation of Global Compliance

Tel: +86-755 2908 1955 Fax: +86-755 2600 8484 E-mail: agc@agc-cert.com @ 400 089 2118 Add: 2/F. , Building 2, No.1-4,Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park,Gushu, Xixiang, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China



Report No.: AGC01662181002FH01 Page 3 of 44

	Test Report Certification
Applicant Name	Shenzhen Videotimes Technology Co., Ltd.
Applicant Address	Room 601, Building B, Union Financial Building, No. 1 Shihua Road, Fubao Street, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Manufacturer Name	Shenzhen Videotimes Technology Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer Address	Room 601, Building B, Union Financial Building, No. 1 Shihua Road, Fubao Street, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Product Designation	Digital Audio Baby Monitor
Brand Name	HelloBaby
Model Name	HB180RX
EUT Voltage	DC3.0Vby battery
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005
Test Date	Oct. 09,2018
Stal Compliance	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Performed Location	2 F, Building 2, No.1-No.4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Report Template	AGCRT-US-1.9G/SAR (2018-01-01)
45 0°	160 May 130 1889 A01

Note: The results of testing in this report apply to the product/system which was tested only.

	Owen Xiao	
Tested By	30	
	Qwen Xiao(Xiao Qi)	Oct. 09,2018
	Angola li	
Checked By —		The compliant
	Angela Li(Li Jiao)	Oct. 12,2018
	Foresto ce	
Austhorian d Du		
Authorized By —	Forrest Lei(Lei Yonggang) Authorized Officer	Oct. 12,2018

The results showed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 100°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at although the confirmed at all the confir





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE	
2. GENERAL INFORMATION	
2.1. EUT DESCRIPTION	6
3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	7
3.1. THE DASY5 SYSTEM USED FOR PERFORMING COMPLIANCE TESTS CONSISTS OF FOLLOWING ITEMS	8
3.4. ROBOT	9
3.7. MEASUREMENT SERVER	11
4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	12
4.1. SPECIFIC ABSORPTION RATE (SAR)	13 15
5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	16
5.1. THE COMPOSITION OF THE TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID	16
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE	
6.1. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURES	18
7. EUT TEST POSITION	20
7.4. TEST POSITION	20
8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS	
9. TEST FACILITY	22
10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	
11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	24
12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT	28
13. TEST RESULTS	29
13.1. SAR TEST RESULTS SUMMARY	29
APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA	32
APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA	34
APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	40
ADDENDING STORE AT A S	

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 100, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at http://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 5 of 44

1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Exposure Position	Frequency Band(MHz)	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)			
Body	1924.992	0.028			
Face up	1924.992	<0.0015			

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 6 of 44

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information	
Product Designation	Digital Audio Baby Monitor
Test Model	HB180
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
Duty Cycle	4%(test mode)
1.9 GHz	The Bearing Street Control of the Street Con
TX Frequency Range	1921.536~1928.448MHz
Peak Power	19.33dBm
Battery	Voltage: 6V

Drodust Complete	Type	Attestation			
Product	Production unit		☐ Identical Pro	ototype	

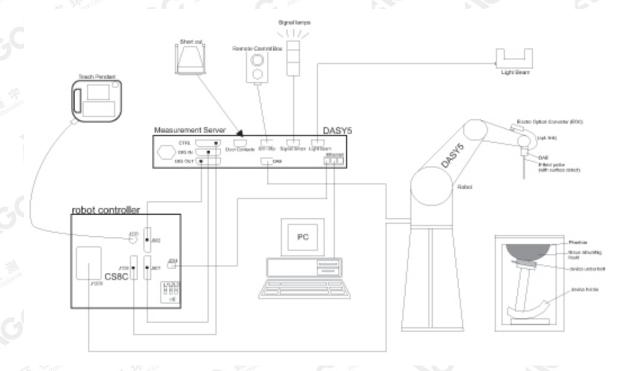
The results showed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 1000, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 7 of 44

3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software.
- Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which attached to the robot arm extension. The DAE consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital Communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- A Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- Phantoms, device holders and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (60, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.gent.com.



Page 8 of 44

3.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4-SN:3953			
Manufacture	SPEAG			
frequency	0.7GHz-6GHz Linearity:±0.9%			. Th
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity: ±0.9%			
Dimensions	Overall length:337mm Tip diameter:2.5mm Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers:1mm		3705 scotos	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe who compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz 30%.	nich enables		Totalier of Global Companies

3.3. Data Acquisition Electronics description

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist if a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement sever is accomplished through an optical downlink fir data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

DAE4

Input Impedance	200MOhm	THE REAL PROPERTY.	CORN I
The Inputs	Symmetrical and floating	O COOL	O Dos BM
O Mandand of Colombian Comments of Comments of Colombian	CC Francisco SCO		DAKEA Physical Print SD 00 Mode or S
Common mode rejection	above 80 dB	=	
A to the same of t	And the state of t		- The Late of the

The results spowford this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Report No.: AGC01662181002FH01 Page 9 of 44

3.4. Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5:TX60) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version from is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

☐ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)

☐ High reliability (industrial design)

☐ Jerk-free straight movements

 □ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

☐ 6-axis controller



3.5. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned prob.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position. e, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0



The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 10 of 44

3.6. Device Holder

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



3.7. Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128MB), RAM (DASY5: 128MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DAYS I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



The results spound this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by AGC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attraction.

(GC)



Page 11 of 44

3.8. PHANTOM SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

□ Left head

☐ Right head

□ Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

ELI4 Phantom

☐ Flat phantom a fiberglass shell flat phantom with 2mm+/- 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom



The results showed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by AGC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 12 of 44

4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg) SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$SAR = c_h \frac{dT}{dt}\Big|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
ρ is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
c_h is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;

 $\frac{dT}{dt} \mid t = 0$ is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (60, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 13 of 44

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 standards, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago-gent.com.



Page 14 of 44

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm [*] 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm [*]		
	uniform grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	$\begin{array}{c} \Delta z_{Zoom}(1)\text{: between} \\ 1^{st} \text{ two points closest} \\ \text{to phantom surface} \\ \\ \Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)\text{:} \\ \text{between subsequent} \\ \text{points} \end{array}$	1 st two points closest	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$				
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm		

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XQC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.

^{*} When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



Page 15 of 44

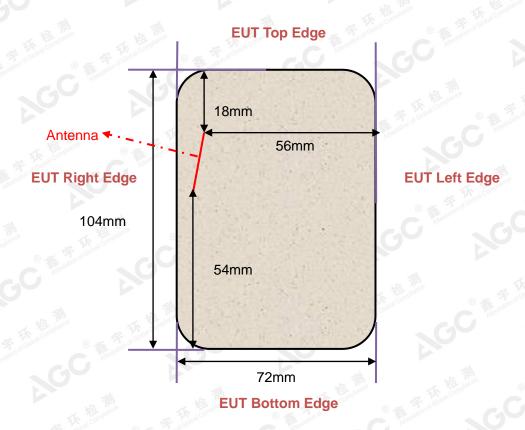
4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

Test Configuration and setting:

The EUT is a model of DECT. For DECT SAR testing, the device was controlled through software to set fixed frequency, and then connected with RTX2012.

The distance between the EUT and the antenna is larger than 50cm, and the output power radiated from the antenna is at least 30db smaller than the output power of EUT.

Antenna Location: (back view)



The results spowfil this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by AGC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gent.com.



Page 16 of 44

5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 5.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Polysorbate 20	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
1900 Head	54.9	0.18	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0
1900 Body	70	15 30	0.0	9	0.0	20

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency	he	ead	b	ody
(MHz)	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	9 1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

($\varepsilon r = relative permittivity, \sigma = conductivity and \rho = 1000 kg/m3)$

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (60, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 17 of 44

5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5

Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

		Tissue Stimulant Me	easurement for 1900MHz					
GO	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)					
	(MHz)	εr40.00(38.00-42.00)	δ[s/m]1.40(1.33-1.47)	Temp [°C]	Test time			
Head	1900	41.09	1.35					
	1921.536	40.73	1.37	21.3	Oct.			
	1924.992	40.29	1.40	21.3	09,2018			
	1928.448	39.68	1.42	ion of Globa				
	Fr.	Dielectric Par	Tissue					
	(MHz)	er53.30(50.635-55.965)	δ[s/m]1.52(1.444-1.596)	Temp [°C]	Test time			
Body	1900	54.63	1.47	~ 新	No Compliant			
	1921.536	54.07	1.50	21.5	Oct.			
	1924.992	53.55	1.52	21.5	09,2018			
	1928.448	53.11	1.53					

The results shows if this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (CC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at a true; //www.agc gatt.com.



Page 18 of 44

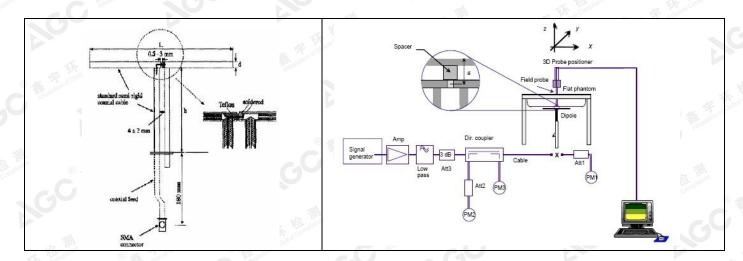
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.



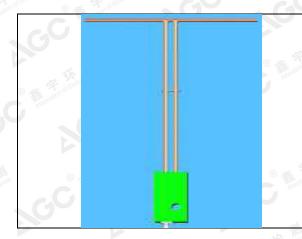
The results spound this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by KGC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at a true www.agc-gent.com.



Page 19 of 44

@ 400 089 2118

6.2. SAR System Check 6.2.1. Dipoles



The dipoles used are based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

	Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
310	1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6

6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 1900MHz													
Validation Kit: SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389													
Frequency	m [[[1]]	rget (W/Kg)	Reference Result (± 10%)		0/	alized to W/Kg)	Tissue Temp.	Test time					
[MHz]	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g	[°Cj	· Till					
1900 Head	41.44	21.33	37.296-45.584	19.197-23.463	39.15	20.60	21.3	Oct. 09,2018					
1900 Body	39.38	20.86	35.442-43.318	18.774-22.946	37.40	19.34	21.5	Oct. 09,2018					

Note:

- (1) We use a CW signal of 18dBm for system check, and then all SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. The result must be within $\pm 10\%$ of target value.
- (2) Tested normalized SAR (W/kg) = Tested SAR (W/kg) \times [1000/ 10^1.8]

The results spown this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 🕊 €, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at http://www.agc-cent.com.



Page 20 of 44

7. EUT TEST POSITION

This EUT was tested in Face up, Body back, Body front, Edge1 and Edge2

7.4. Test Position

- (1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.
- (2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to
- (3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to **25mm** while used in front of face, and **0mm** for body SAR.

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 21 of 44

8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 22 of 44

9. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2F., Bldg.2, No.1-4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang, Bao'an District B112-B113, Shenzhen 518012
NVLAP Lab Code	600153-0
Designation Number	CN5028
Test Firm Registration Number	682566
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation program, NVLAP Code 600153-0

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 1000, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at http://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 23 of 44

10. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment			Current calibration	Next calibration	
description			date	date	
Stäubli Robot	Stäubli-TX60	F13/5Q2UD1/A/01	N/A	N/A	
Robot Controller	Stäubli-CS8	139522	N/A	N/A	
E-Field Probe	Speag- EX3DV4	SN:3953	Aug. 10,2018	Aug. 09,2019	
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag-SAM	1790	N/A	N/A	
Device Holder	Speag-SD 000 H01 KA	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A	
DAE4	Speag-SD 000 D04 BM	1398	Feb. 08,2018	Feb. 07,2019	
SAR Software	Speag-DASY5	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	
Liquid	SATIMO	43. 700	N/A	N/A	
Radio Communication Tester	R&S-CMU200	069Y7-158-13-712	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Dipole	SATIMO SID1900	SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389	July 05,2016	July 04,2019	
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	US41421290	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN100132	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	Jun. 12,2018	Jun. 11,2019	
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	Jun. 12,2018	Jun. 11,2019	
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	Oct. 12,2017	Oct. 11,2018	
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	US38261498	Mar. 01,2018	Feb. 28,2019	
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A	

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- 2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- 3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- 4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by AGC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.go.tt.com.



Page 24 of 44

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table as follow.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor(a)	1/k(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) Standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 13.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution (above table)

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XQC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 25 of 44

Мере	urement III			ty- EX3DV	′4 over 1 gram	/ 10 gram			
a	b b	C C	d d	e f(d,k)	f	g	h cxf/e	i cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (±%)	10g Ui (±%)	vi
Measurement System		6	*		•		,	18	i pliance
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.65	N	1	1 1	1,5	6.65	6.65	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.6	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.24	0.24	~
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.6	R	√3	√0.5	√0.5	0.65	0.65	~
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	34	1	0.58	0.58	~
Linearity	E.2.4	0.45	R	√3	1	1	0.26	0.26	~
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1/21	1	0.58	0.58	×
Modulation response	E2.5	3.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	Food Glot 1	® 15 Jano	1.91	1.91	~
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.15	N	1.	1	C 1	0.15	0.15	~
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	~
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.7	R	√3	1		0.98	0.98	~
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	1 🚜	Shopal came	1.73	1.73	~
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	(B) The station	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	√3	1	10	0.37	0.37	0
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.87	3.87	Como
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1 salamati	2.31	2.31	٥
Test sample Related		Altestation	a.C	Attes	10				
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.90	2.90	٥
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	N	1 1	1 极	ence 1	3.60	3.60	۰
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	5	R	√3	F 1 Dobarco	1	2.89	2.89	٥
SAR scaling	E.6.5	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	۰
Phantom and tissue parameters		0			•			4	F - 1
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	6.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	7 1	1,5	3.81	3.81	COUNTY.
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	F Thomas		0.84	1.90	1.60	·
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	١
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	٨
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	l destado
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	٥
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Alles	RSS			liter	11.80	11.635	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)	10		K=2	:1111		The Compliance	23.60	23.27	

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 100, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at http://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 26 of 44

Contain	o Chook			ty- EX3DV		/10 gram		A Second	
a	b Check ur	c c	or Dipole	е	over 1 gram	1 / 10 gram.	h h	النح	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol	Prob.	f(d,k) Div.	Ci (1g)	g Ci (10g)	cxf/e 1g Ui	c×g/e 10g Ui	vi
Measurement System	000.	(± %)	Dist.	DIV.	Or (1g)	OI (10g)	(±%)	(±%)	niauce
			71111	. No.	-1111	WELL THE		E Global	1
Probe calibration drift	E.2.1	0.5	N	11 7	1	The 1 com	0.5	0.5	۰
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.6	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	۰
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	~
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	۰
Linearity	E.2.4	0.45	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	statio o
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	۰
Modulation response	E2.5	3.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	٥
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.15	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	c
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	٥
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	C
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	•
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.37	0.37	(SI
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	6.7	₩ R	√3	Tolland 1	14 V	3.87	3.87	4
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5 ®	4	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	٥
System check source (dipole)	GU							THE STATE	
Deviation of experimental dipoles	E.6.4	2.0	N	1	1	ince 1	2.00	2.00	,
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	Figure 1 Obal Con	1	2.89	2.89	Allic
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	
Phantom and tissue parameters		6		0					III.
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	6.6	R	√3	1	1,1	3.81	3.81	ompilar
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N _o	F Jobal Co	19	0.84	1.90	1.60	C
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	N
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	- 1
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	lesteric
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	٥
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Altesta	RSS				7.344	7.076	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2	litte		The Compliance	14.689	14.153	

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by KCC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc-gent.com.



Page 27 of 44

Manufaction & C		D.4.0\/		. EVODV		T Killance		KEL MANOO	
System	Validation			ty- EX3DV e averaged	4 I over 1 grai	m / 10 gram	١.		
相 a 相	b b	c [®]	Jun d obaic	e f(d,k)	Of	g	h cxf/e	i c×g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (±%)	10g Ui (±%)	vi
Measurement System			ALL THE		:1111	145 - FILL) De	F Globald	ome
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.65	N	The con	1 ,	E Th 1 company	6.65	6.65	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1 %	ulion of 1	0.35	0.35	~
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	~
Linearity	E.2.4	0.45	R	√3	1/2	1	0.26	0.26	1 2110 0
System detection limits	E.2.4	1.0	R	√3	F 3001	® 1 F	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	E2.5	3.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.15	N	1	1	1	0.15	0.15	~
Response Time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	~
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.7	R	√3	0	0	0.00	0.00	~
RF ambient conditions-Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	√3	® 1 station	1	1.73	1.73	~
RF ambient conditions-reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	U 1	10	1.73	1.73	~
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.37	0.37	×
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	6.7	₩ R	$\sqrt{3}$	Tollance 1	147	3.87	3.87	~
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integrations algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	4	R	√3	15	1	2.31	2.31	∞
System check source (dipole)	6							A THE	
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.0	N	7 1 1	1 恒	ence 1	5.00	5.00	~
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.4	5.0	R	√3	astation of 1	1	2.89	2.89	×
Dipole axis to liquid distance	8,E.6.6	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	~
Phantom and tissue parameters							A	6.1	The The
Phantom shell uncertainty—shape, thickness, and permittivity	E.3.1	6.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	The	3.81	3.81	~
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N [®]	Sestation 1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	~
Liquid conductivity measurement	E.3.3	4	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.12	2.84	N
Liquid permittivity measurement	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	N
Liquid conductivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	√3	0.78	0.71	1.13	1.02	o
Liquid permittivity—temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	۰
Combined Standard Uncertainty		1	RSS			Mili:	11.451	11.281	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		lin:	K=2	- FILL	1/2	The translance	22.901	22.561	_ (

The results shown this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by (SC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at a title://www.agc-gent.com.



Page 28 of 44

12. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

1.9GHz

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Conducted Power (dBm)
Nou of Clops	CH0	1921.536	19.33
1900MHz	CH4	1924.992	18.96
- Till	CH9	1928.448	18.69

The results spouroid this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by ACC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gett.com.

Attestation of Global Compliance

Tel: +86-755 2908 1955 Fax: +86-755 2600 8484 E-mail: agc@agc-cert.com @ 400 089 2118 Add: 2/F. , Building 2, No.1-4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong China



Page 29 of 44

13. TEST RESULTS

13.1. SAR Test Results Summary 13.1.1. Test position and configuration

- 1. The EUT is a wireless indoor monitor;
- 2. Lab use the body liquid with a separation of 0mm at flat phantom to test Body SAR;
- 3. Lab use the Head liquid with a separation of 25mm at flat phantom to test Face up;
- 4. For SAR testing, the device was controlled by software to test at reference fixed frequency points.

13.1.2. Operation Mode

- Per KDB 447498 D01 v06, for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required, that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
 - (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.
 - (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/Kg.
 - (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
- Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:
 - Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) \times [maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XOC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 30 of 44

13.1.3. Test Result

j	SAR MEASUREMENT	MEASUREMENT						
	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15	Relative Humidity (%): 51.9						
3	Product: Digital Audio Baby Monitor							
	Toot Modo: 1 0C							

1001111000111100	oct model 1100									
Position	Ch.	Fr. (MHz)	Power Drift (<±0.2dB)	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Meas. output Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
Body Back	CH4	1924.992	-0.06	0.025	19.5	18.96	0.028	1.6		
Body Front	CH4	1924.992	-0.12	0.00988	19.5	18.96	0.011	1.6		
Edge1	CH4	1924.992	-0.15	0.00888	19.5	18.96	0.010	1.6		
Edge2	CH4	1924.992	0.19	0.055	19.5	18.96	0.062	1.6		
Face up With 25mm	CH4	1924.992	-0.15	<0.0015 note ⁽²⁾	19.5	18.96	<0.0015 note ⁽²⁾	1.6		

Note

- (1). When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
- (2). Due the duty cycle of DUT is very low, and the test value is lower than the minimum of SAR system identify value, there is no any SAR value; The communication and output power are normal during test.

The results showing this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.go.tt.com.



Page 31 of 44

SAR Test Exclusion Consideration for Adjacent Edges

Per KDB 447498 D01 cl. 4.3.1:

a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$

- b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:
- 1) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)]} mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- 2) {[Power allowed at *numeric threshold* for 50 mm in step a)] + [(test separation distance 50 mm)·10]} mW, for > 1500 MHz and \leq 6 GHz

Edge 3(Bottom)

SAR test exclusion threshold

- = (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1)+(test separation distance 50 mm) x 10 mW
- $= 96 + (54-50) \times 10 \text{ mW}$
- = 136 mW.

Edge 4 (Left)

SAR test exclusion threshold

- = (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step 1)+(test separation distance 50 mm) x 10 mW
- $= 96 + (56-50) \times 10 \text{ mW}$
- = 156 mW.

Conclusion

Since the Maximum Tune-up Power (89mW) is less than the SAR Exclusion Threshold for bottom, Left edges, SAR evaluation for these adjacent edges are not required.

The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XOC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.



Page 32 of 44

APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 09,2018

System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 41.09$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.3

DASY Configuration:

• EX3DV4 - SN:3953; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Head/Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.99 W/kg

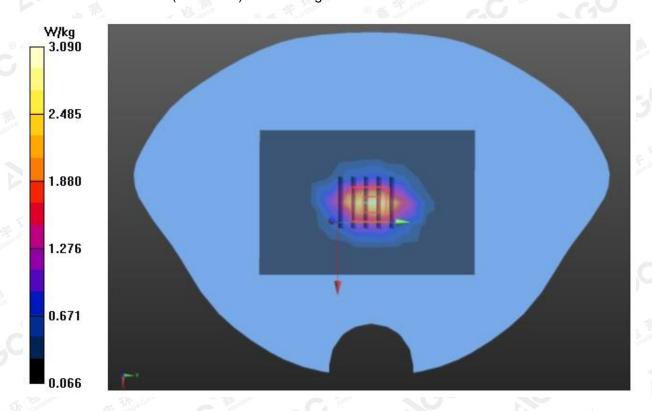
Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.30 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.09 W/kg



The results spowford this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XOC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gott.com.



Page 33 of 44

Date: Oct. 09,2018

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900

Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1;

Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 54.63$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

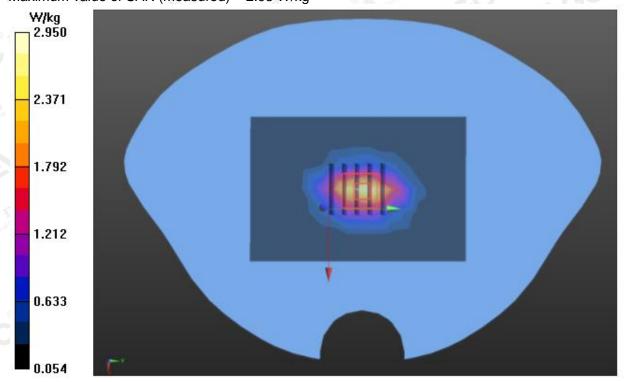
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg

Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.22 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



The results spowford this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XOC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gott.com.



Page 34 of 44

APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 09,2018

1.9GHz Mid - Body- Back

DUT: Digital Audio Baby Monitor; Type: HB180

Communication System: 1.9GHz; Communication System Band: 1900; Duty Cycle: 4%;

Frequency: 1924.992MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

BODY/BACK/Area Scan (9x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

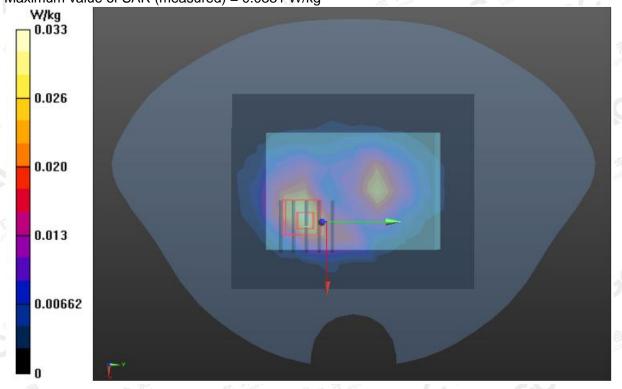
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0321 W/kg

BODY/BACK/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.025 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0331 W/kg



The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.go.tt.com.

Attestation of Global Compliance

(GC) S



Page 35 of 44

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab Date: Oct. 09,2018

1.9GHz Mid - Body- Front

DUT: Digital Audio Baby Monitor; Type: HB180

Communication System: 1.9GHz; Communication System Band: 1900; Duty Cycle: 4%;

Frequency: 1924.992MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ mHz}$

kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

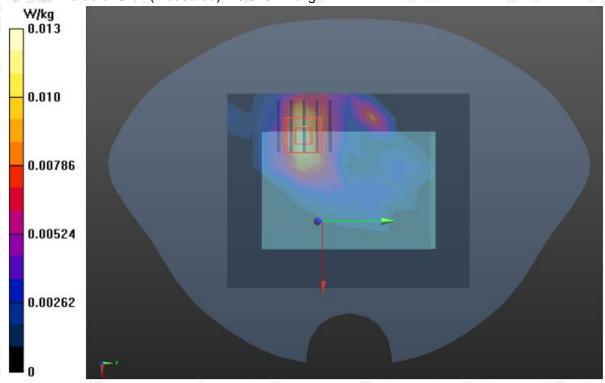
BODY/FRONT/Area Scan (9x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0124 W/kg

BODY/FRONT/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.595 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0280 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00988 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00475 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0131 W/kg



The results spowfork this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XQC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.go.tt.com.



Page 36 of 44

Date: Oct. 09,2018

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab

1.9GHz Mid - Edge1

DUT: Digital Audio Baby Monitor; Type: HB180

Communication System: 1.9GHz; Communication System Band: 1900; Duty Cycle: 4%;

Frequency: 1924.992MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ MHz}$

kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

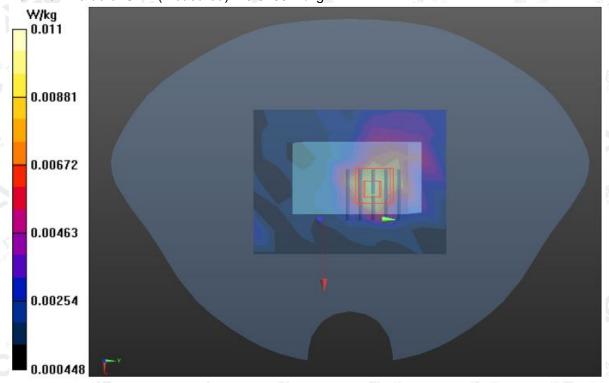
BODY/ EDGE 1/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00984 W/kg

BODY/EDGE 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.572 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00888 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00492 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0109 W/kg



The results spowford this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XQC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gott.com.



Page 37 of 44

Date: Oct. 09,2018

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab 1.9GHz Mid – Edge2

DUT: Digital Audio Baby Monitor; Type: HB180

Communication System: 1.9GHz; Communication System Band: 1900; Duty Cycle: 4%;

Frequency: 1924.992MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52 \text{mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ MHz}$

kg/m³;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(7.90, 7.90, 7.90); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

BODY/ EDGE 2/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

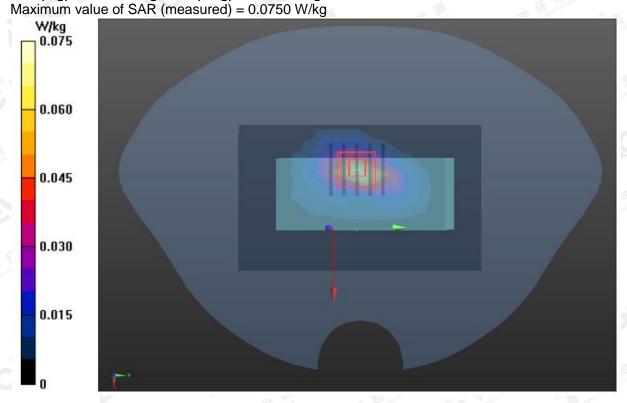
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0734 W/kg

BODY/ EDGE 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.700 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

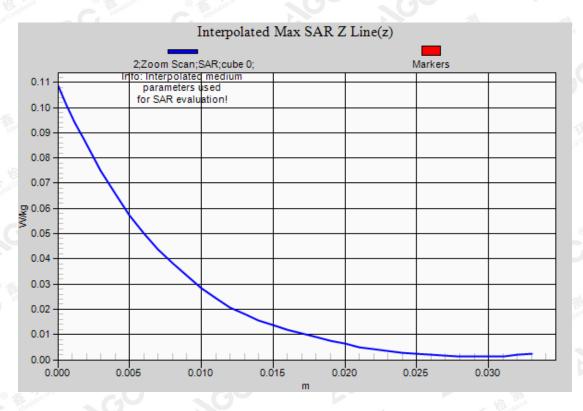
SAR(1 g) = 0.055 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 W/kg



The results spowed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by XCC, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at a true www.agc. gett.com.



Page 38 of 44



The results showed this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 1000, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.agc.gett.com.



Page 39 of 44

Date: Oct. 09,2018

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab 1.9GHz Mid – Face up

DUT: Digital Audio Baby Monitor; Type: HB180

Communication System: 1.9GHz; Communication System Band: 1900; Duty Cycle: 4%;

Frequency: 1924.992MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon r = 41.09$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ mHz}$

 kg/m^3 ;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.9, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.3

DASY Configuration:

- EX3DV4 SN:3953; ConvF(8.14, 8.14, 8.14); Calibrated: Aug. 10,2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE4 SN1398; Calibrated: Feb. 08,2018
- Phantom: SAM (20deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD;
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

BODY/ FACE UP /Area Scan (9x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00231 W/kg

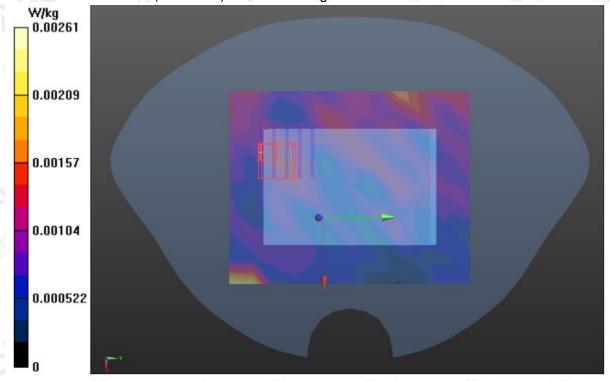
BODY/ FACE UP /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.572 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00261 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.81e-005 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 9.11e-006 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00261 W/kg



The results spowfil this jest report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated and the sample(s) are retained for 30 days only. The document is issued by 40°C, this document cannot be reproduced except in full with our prior written permission. The more details and the authenticity of the report will be confirmed at attp://www.ago.go.tt.com.