



RF Test Report

Applicant : Ring LLC

Product Type : Door View Cam

Trade Name : Ring

Model Number : G63R9A

Applicable Standard : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

ANSI C63.10:2013

Receive Date : Apr. 08, 2019

Test Period : Mar. 13 ~ Mar. 15, 2019

Issue Date : Jun. 13, 2019

Issue by

A Test Lab Techno Corp.

No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District,

Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: +886-3-2710188 / Fax: +886-3-2710190

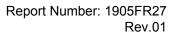
Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

Note: This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of A Test Lab Techno Corp. This document may be altered or revised by A Test Lab Techno Corp. personnel only, and shall be noted in the revision section of the document. The client should not use it to claim product endorsement by TAF, or any government agencies. The test results in the report only apply to the tested sample.









Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	May 22, 2019	Initial Issue	Nina Lin
01	Jun. 13, 2019	Page 17 & 18 Added Test Photographs.	Nina Lin



Rev.01

Verification of Compliance

Issued Date: Jun. 13, 2019

Applicant Ring LLC

Product Type Door View Cam

Trade Name Ring

Model Number G63R9A

FCC ID 2AEUPBHADV001

EUT Rated Voltage DC 3.6 V or DC 3.65 V, 6040 mAh

Test Voltage DC 3.65 V

Applicable Standard FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Result Complied

Performing Lab. A Test Lab Techno Corp.

No. 140-1, Changan Street, Bade District,

Taoyuan City 33465, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Tel: +886-3-2710188 / Fax: +886-3-2710190

Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

http://www.atl-lab.com.tw/e-index.htm

A Test Lab Techno Corp. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by A Test Lab Techno Corp. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Approved By

(Manager)

E Reviewed By

(Testing Engineer)

(Eric Ou Yang)

Testing Laborator

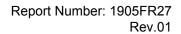
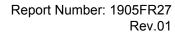




TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	General Information	5
	1.1. Summary of Test Result	
	1.2. Measurement Uncertainty	
2	·	
3	Test Methodology	
	3.1. Mode of Operation	
	3.2. EUT Test Step	
	3.3. Configuration of Test System Details	
	3.4. Test Instruments	
	3.5. Test Site Environment	10
4	Measurement Procedure	11
	4.1. Radiated Emission Measurement	
	4.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement	15
	4.3. Antenna Measurement	
5	Test Results	16
	Annex A. Conducted Test Results	
	Annex R Radiated Emission Measurement	17





1 General Information

1.1. Summary of Test Result

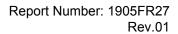
Standard FCC	- Item	Result	Remark
15.207	AC Power Conducted Emission	N/A	Note1
15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Emissions	PASS	Note2
15.247(b)(3)	Max. Output Power	PASS	
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB RF Bandwidth	N/A	Note1
15.247(e)	Maximum Power Spectral Density	N/A	Note1
15.247(d)	Out of Band Conducted Spurious Emission	N/A	Note1
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample(s) identified in this report.

Note1: C2PC No need for verification.

Note2: Transmitter Radiated Emissions is tested using the Harmonic worst Mode 2(2462 MHz).

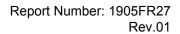
Standard	Description	
CFR47, Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional Radiators	
ANSI C63. 10: 2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices	
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES	





1.2. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Frequency Range	Uncertainty (dB)	
Conducted Emission	9 kHz ~ 150 kHz	2.7	
Conducted Emission	150 kHz ~ 30 MHz	2.7	
	9 kHz ~ 30 MHz	1.7	
	30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz	5.7	
Radiated Emission	1000 MHz ~ 18000 MHz	5.5	
	18000 MHz ~ 26500 MHz	4.8	
	26500 MHz ~ 40000 MHz	4.8	
Conducted Output Power	+0.27 dB / -0.28 dB		
RF Bandwidth	4.96 %		
Power Spectral Density	+0.71 dB / -0.77 dB		

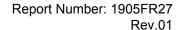




2 EUT Description

Applicant	Ring LLC 1523 26th Street, Santa Monica CA 90404, United States				
Manufacturer	Ring Inc. 1523 26th Street, Santa Monica CA 90404, United States				
Product Type	Door View Cam				
Trade Name	Ring				
Model Number	G63R9A				
FCC ID	2AEUPBHADV001				
Class II Permissive Change	Change the main board, camera board and the appearance.				
Operate Freq. Band	Frequency Range (MHz)	Modulation	Chan Bandw	_	Data Rate 400 / 800 GI (ns)
IEEE 802.11b	2412 ~ 2462	DSSS	20 M	Hz	Up to 11 Mbps
IEEE 802.11g	2412 ~ 2462	OFDM	20 M	Hz	Up to 54 Mbps
IEEE 802.11n 2.4 GHz 20 MHz	2412 ~ 2462	OFDM	20 M	Hz	Up to 72.2 Mbps
Antenna information	Type Max. Gain(dBi)			Max. Gain(dBi)	
Antenna iniormation	PIFA Antenna 2.78				
Antenna Delivery	See section 3.1				
Operate Temp. Range	-20 ~ +50 °C				

Frequency Band	Max. RF Output Power (W)	
IEEE 802.11b	0.061	
IEEE 802.11g	0.097	
IEEE 802.11n 2.4 GHz 20 MHz	0.094	





3 Test Methodology

3.1. Mode of Operation

Decision of Test ATL has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode	
Mode 1: Transmit mode	
Mode 2: IEEE 802.11b Continuous TX mode	
Mode 3: IEEE 802.11g Continuous TX mode	
Mode 4: IEEE 802.11n 2.4 GHz 20 MHz Continuous TX mode	

Software used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode was programmed.

After verification, all tests were carried out with the worst case test modes.

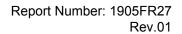
By preliminary testing and verifying three axis (X, Y and Z) position of EUT transmitted status, it was found that "X axis" position was the worst, then the final test was executed the worst condition and test data were recorded in this report.

Test Mode Antenna Delivery		Data Rate (Mbps)	Test Channel
Mode 2	1TX	1	1, 6, 11
Mode 3	1TX	6	1, 6, 11
Mode 4	1TX	6.5	1, 6, 11

3.2. EUT Test Step

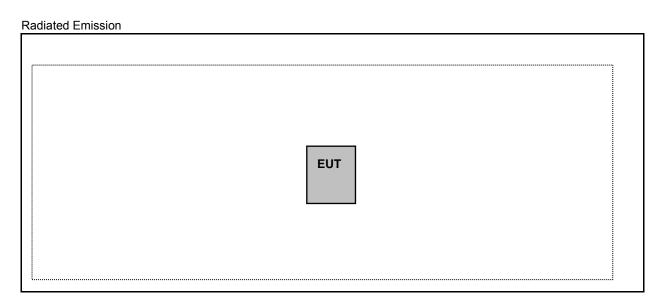
1.	Setup the EUT shown on "Configuration of Test System Details".		
2.	Turn on the power of all equipment.		
3.	Turn Wi-Fi function link to AP.		
4.	EUT run test program.		

Meas	Measurement Software				
No.	Description	Software	Version		
1	Radiated Emission	EZ EMC	1.1.4.4		

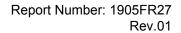




3.3. Configuration of Test System Details



	Devices Description					
	Product Manufacturer Model Number Serial Number Power Cord					
(1)						





3.4. Test Instruments

For Radiated Emissions Test Period: May 13, 2019

Test Feriod. May 13, 2019							
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Cal. Period		
Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~44 GHz)	Keysight	N9010A	MY52221312	01/14/2019	1 year		
Pre Amplifier (1~26.5 GHz)	Agilent	8449B	3008A02237	10/16/2018	1 year		
Pre Amplifier (100 kHz~1.3 GHz)	Agilent	8447D	2944A11119	01/14/2019	1 year		
Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9168	416	10/19/2018	1 year		
Horn Antenna (1~18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA9120D	9120D-550	08/23/2018	1 year		
Horn Antenna (18~40 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA9170	9170-320	08/07/2018	1 year		
Loop Antenna	COM-POWER CORPORATION	AL-130	121014	03/29/2019	1 year		
RF Cable	EMCI	EMC104-N-N-6000	TE01-1	02/20/2019	1 year		
Microwave Cable	EMCI	EMC104-SM-SM-1 3000	170814	10/30/2018	1 year		
Microwave Cable	EMCI	EMC102-KM-KM-1 4000	151001	02/20/2019	1 year		

For Conducted

Test Period: May 15, 2019

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Cal. Period
Power Sensor	Anritsu MA2411B 1126		1126022	08/29/2018	1 year
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	1135009	08/29/2018	1 year
Microwave Cable	Microwave Cable EMCI		001	11/21/2018	1 year
Test Site	ATL	TE05	TE05	N.C.R.	

Note: N.C.R. = No Calibration Request.

3.5. Test Site Environment

Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	26
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	60
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	990



Rev.01

4 Measurement Procedure

4.1. Radiated Emission Measurement

■ Limit

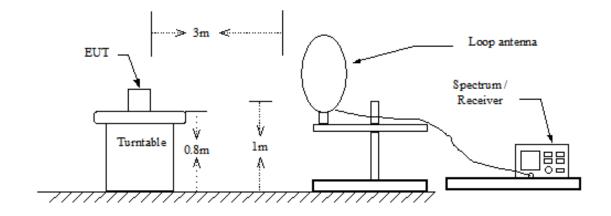
According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

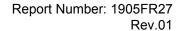
lot exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table.							
Frequency	Field Strength	Measurement Distance					
(MHz)	(μV/m at meter)	(meters)					
0.009 - 0.490	2400 / F (kHz)	300					
0.490 – 1.705	24000 / F (kHz)	30					
1.705 – 30.0	30	30					
30 - 88	100**	3					
88-216	150**	3					
216-960	200**	3					
Above 960	500	3					

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

■ Setup

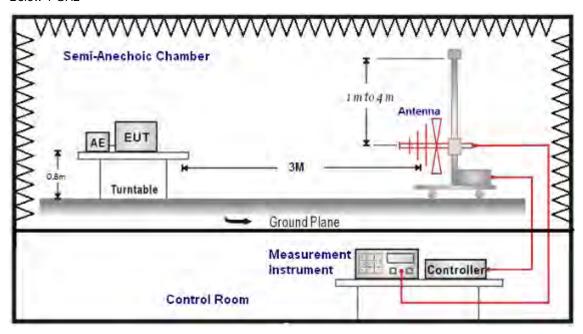
9 kHz ~ 30 MHz



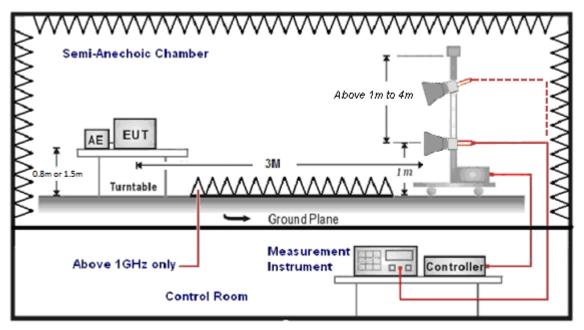




Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz





Rev.01

■ Test Procedure

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, Semi Anechoic Chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 or 1.5 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter. The spectrum was examined from 250 MHz to 2.5 GHz in order to cover the whole spectrum below 10th harmonic which could generate from the EUT. During the test, EUT was set to transmit continuously & Measurements spectrum range from 9 kHz to 26.5 GHz is investigated.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, and then the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements when Duty cycle >0.98 / 1/T for average measurements when Duty cycle <0.98. A nonconductive material surrounded the EUT to supporting the EUT for standing on tree orthogonal planes. At each condition, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK Biconilog Antenna at 3 Meter and the SCHWARZBECK Double Ridged Guide Antenna was used in frequencies 1 –26.5 GHz at a distance of 3 meter. The antenna at an angle toward the source of the emission. All test results were extrapolated to equivalent signal at 3 meters utilizing an inverse linear distance extrapolation Factor (20 dB/decade).

For testing above 1 GHz, the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 20 dB lower than average limit (that means the emission level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. No post – detector video filters were used in the test.

The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz, and the analyzer was operated in the peak detection mode, for frequencies both below and up 1 GHz. The average levels were obtained by subtracting the duty cycle correction factor from the peak readings.

The following procedures were used to convert the emission levels measured in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt (dBuV) into field intensity in micro volts pre meter (uV/m).

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt in to field intensity in micro colts per meter (dBuV/m).



Rev.01

The actual field is intensity in referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) and Subtracting the gain of preamplifier (dB) is auto calculate in spectrum analyzer.

(1) Amplitude (dBuV/m) = FI (dBuV) +AF (dBuV) +CL (dBuV)-Gain (dB)

FI= Reading of the field intensity.

AF= Antenna factor.

CL= Cable loss.

P.S Amplitude is auto calculate in spectrum analyzer.

(2) Actual Amplitude (dBuV/m) = Amplitude (dBuV)-Dis(dB)

The FCC specified emission limits were calculated according the EUT operating frequency and by following linear interpolation equations:

- (a) For fundamental frequency: Transmitter Output < +30 dBm
- (b) For spurious frequency: Spurious emission limits = fundamental emission limit /10

Data of measurement within this frequency range without mark in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



Rev.01

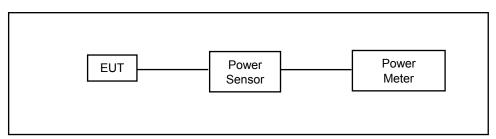
4.2. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

■ Limit

For systems using digital modulation in the 2400-2483.5 MHz, the limit for maximum output power is 30 dBm.

And According to 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

■ Test Setup



■ Test Procedure

The testing follows the Measurement Procedure of ANSI C63.10:2013 section 11.9.2.3.2 Method AVGPM.

The tests below are run with the EUT's transmitter set at high power in TX mode. The EUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. Remove the Subjective device's antenna and connect the RF output port to power sensor.

4.3. Antenna Measurement

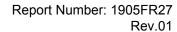
■ Limit

For intentional device, according to 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And According to 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

■ Antenna Description

See section 2 – antenna information.





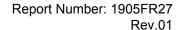
5 Test Results

Annex A. Conducted Test Results

Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

			Average Output Power		Peak Output Power		
Test Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Data Rate Measurement Results		Measurement Results		Limit
	(1411 12)		(dBm)	(W)	(dBm)	(W)	(W)
	2412		14.89	0.031	16.92	0.049	≤ 30
Mode 2	2437	1 M	15.30	0.034	17.53	0.057	≤ 30
	2462		15.55	0.036	17.83	0.061	≤ 30
	2412	6 M	10.00	0.010	18.50	0.071	≤ 30
Mode 3	2437		14.84	0.030	19.85	0.097	≤ 30
	2462		10.16	0.010	18.45	0.070	≤ 30
	2412		10.02	0.010	18.63	0.073	≤ 30
Mode 4	2437	6.5 M	14.00	0.025	19.74	0.094	≤ 30
	2462		10.05	0.010	18.45	0.070	≤ 30

Note: The relevant measured result has the offset with cable loss already.



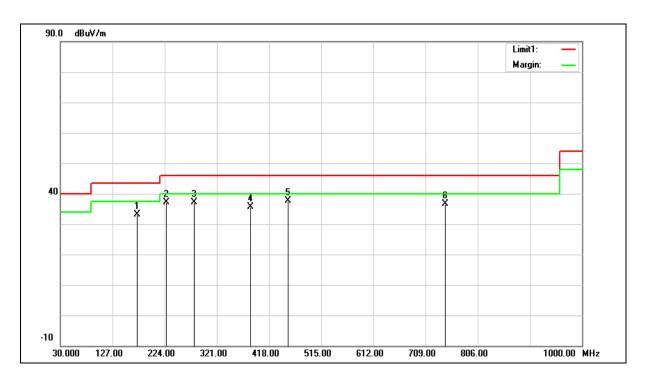


Annex B. Radiated Emission Measurement

Harmonic

Below 1 GHz

Standard: FCC Part 15.247 Test Distance: 3 m Test item: DC 3.65 V Harmonic Power: 2462 MHz Temp.(°C)/Hum.(%RH): 26(°C)/60 %RH Frequency: Mode 2 Mode: Ant.Polar.: Horizontal



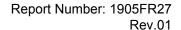
No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct Factor	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	172.5900	39.33	-6.27	33.06	43.50	-10.44	QP
2	226.9100	44.35	-7.33	37.02	46.00	-8.98	QP
3	279.2900	41.84	-4.69	37.15	46.00	-8.85	QP
4	384.0500	38.18	-2.56	35.62	46.00	-10.38	QP
5	453.8900	38.45	-0.91	37.54	46.00	-8.46	QP
6	745.8600	31.78	4.85	36.63	46.00	-9.37	QP

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 33.06 = -6.27 + 39.33.

^{2.}Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) – Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).

^{3.} When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



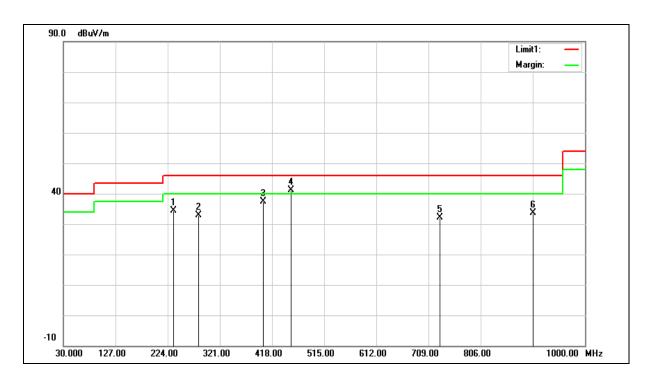


Standard: FCC Part 15.247 Test Distance: 3 m

Test item: Harmonic Power: DC 3.65 V

Frequency: 2462 MHz Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)/Hum.($^{\circ}$ RH): 26($^{\circ}$ C)/60 $^{\circ}$ RH

Mode: Mode 2
Ant.Polar.: Vertical

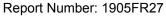


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct Factor	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	234.6700	41.21	-6.86	34.35	46.00	-11.65	QP
2	281.2300	37.63	-4.63	33.00	46.00	-13.00	QP
3	401.5100	39.52	-2.22	37.30	46.00	-8.70	QP
4	453.8900	42.06	-0.91	41.15	46.00	-4.85	QP
5	730.3400	27.87	4.38	32.25	46.00	-13.75	QP
6	903.9700	25.97	7.70	33.67	46.00	-12.33	QP

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 34.35 = -6.86 + 41.21.

- 2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).
- 3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.





Rev.01

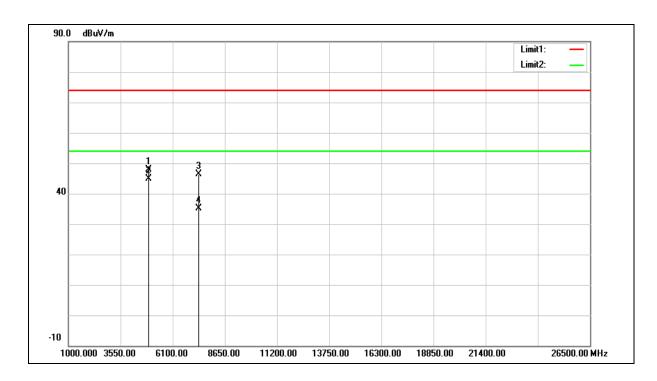
Above 1 GHz

Standard: FCC Part 15.247 Test Distance: 3 m

Test item: Harmonic Power: DC 3.65 V

Frequency: 2462 MHz Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)/Hum.($^{\circ}$ RH): 26($^{\circ}$ C)/60 $^{\circ}$ RH

Mode: Mode 2
Ant.Polar.: Horizontal

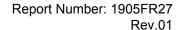


No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct Factor	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	4924.000	42.21	5.77	47.98	74.00	-26.02	peak
2	4924.000	39.20	5.77	44.97	54.00	-9.03	AVG
3	7386.000	34.15	12.33	46.48	74.00	-27.52	peak
4	7386.000	22.88	12.33	35.21	54.00	-18.79	AVG

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 47.98 = 5.77 + 42.21.

- 2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).
- 3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.



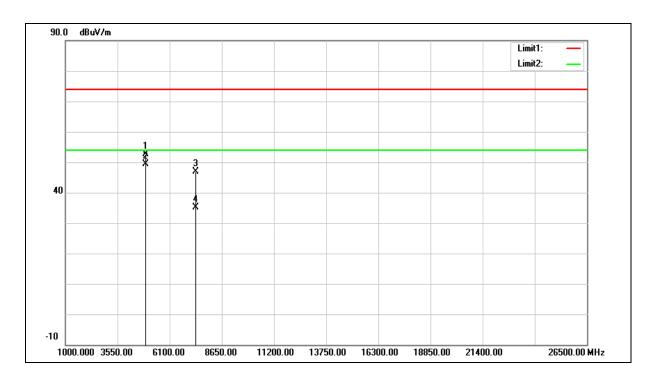


Standard: FCC Part 15.247 Test Distance: 3 m

Test item: Power: DC 3.65 V

Frequency: 2462 MHz Temp.($^{\circ}$ C)/Hum.($^{\circ}$ RH): 26($^{\circ}$ C)/60 $^{\circ}$ RH

Mode: Mode 2
Ant.Polar.: Vertical



No.	Frequency	Reading	Correct Factor	Result	Limit	Margin	Remark
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
1	4924.000	46.91	5.77	52.68	74.00	-21.32	peak
2	4924.000	43.59	5.77	49.36	54.00	-4.64	AVG
3	7386.000	34.60	12.33	46.93	74.00	-27.07	peak
4	7386.000	22.77	12.33	35.10	54.00	-18.90	AVG

Note:1.Result (dBuV/m) = Correct Factor (dB/m) + Reading(dBuV).

Example: 52.68 = 5.77 + 46.91.

- 2.Correction factor (dB/m) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) Pre-Amplifier gain (dB).
- 3. When the peak results are less than average limit, so not need to evaluate the average.