

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# COLOMBIANA DE COMERCIO S.A.

Car. 43E No 8-71, Medellin Colombia

FCC ID: 2AEPIKLICK4

Report Type: Product Type:

Original Report 3

**3G MOBILE PHONE** 

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Sola Huart

**Test Engineer:** Terry XiaHou

**Report Number:** RSZ150505003-20

**Report Date:** 2015-08-15

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**Reviewed By:** SAR Engineer

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KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02 Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

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in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RSZ150505003-20	Original Report	2015-08-15	

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# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of COLOMBIANA DE COMERCIO S.A. and their product, FCC ID: 2AEPIKLICK4, Model: K4-01 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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### \*Note:

The device is capable of personal hotspot mode. Wi-Fi Hotspot mode permits the device to share its cellular data connection with other 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi enabled devices (channels 1 - 13).

## **Technical Specification**

Product Type	3G MOBILE PHONE	
<b>Exposure Category:</b>	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Multi-slot Class:	Class12	
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data, WCDMA, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth	
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)	
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)	
Frequency Band:	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)	
	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 2412MHz-2472MHz	
	WLAN(802.11n40): 2422MHz-2462MHz	
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480MHz	
	GSM 850: 33.27dBm	
	PCS 1900: 30.14dBm	
	WCDMA 850: 22.64dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA 1900: 22.67dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	WLAN(802.11b/g/n20): 9.72dBm	
	WLAN(802.11n40): 9.20dBm	
	Bluetooth3.0: 6.29dBm	
	BLE: -1.44dBm	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	138 mm (L) × 68 mm (W) × 9 mm (H)	
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn	

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### REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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### **SAR Limits**

### FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

### CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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# **FACILITIES**

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

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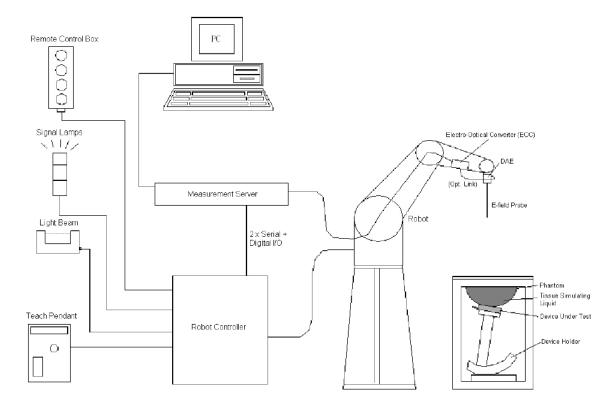
# **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



## **DASY5 System Description**

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplication, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital
  communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC
  signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 profesional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

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The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

#### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \mu W/g$ to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm)  Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)  Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- Left hand
- \_ Right hand
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L xWx H). The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table. For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o\_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

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#### **Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent \_=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

#### Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

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#### **Area Scans**

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

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Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

### **Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)**

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

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# **EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION**

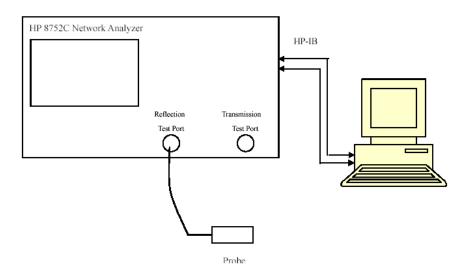
# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquistion Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2015-01-13	2016-01-13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015-06-13	2016-06-13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# **Liquid Verification Results**

Frequency	Liquid	=		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
1 ,	Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O (S/m)	$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O'(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ (S/m)	(%)
924.2	Head	41.10	0.90	41.50	0.90	-0.964	0.000	±5
824.2	Body	53.87	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.409	-2.062	±5
926.4	Head	41.05	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.084	1.111	±5
826.4	Body	53.78	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.572	-2.062	±5
836.6	Head	41.05	0.92	41.50	0.90	-1.084	2.222	±5
830.0	Body	53.87	0.96	55.20	0.97	-2.409	-1.031	±5
846.6	Head	41.01	0.91	41.50	0.90	-1.181	1.111	±5
840.0	Body	53.80	0.97	55.20	0.97	-2.536	0.000	±5
848.8	Head	41.09	0.92	41.50	0.90	-0.988	2.222	±5
040.0	Body	53.79	0.98	55.20	0.97	-2.554	1.031	±5
1850.2	Head	39.72	1.37	40.00	1.40	-0.700	-2.143	±5
1830.2	Body	51.94	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.552	-1.974	±5
1852.4	Head	39.66	1.38	40.00	1.40	-0.850	-1.429	±5
1832.4	Body	51.77	1.49	53.30	1.52	-2.871	-1.974	±5
1880.0	Head	39.67	1.40	40.00	1.40	-0.825	0.000	±5
1880.0	Body	51.88	1.51	53.30	1.52	-2.664	-0.658	±5
1907.6	Head	39.72	1.42	40.00	1.40	-0.700	1.429	±5
1907.0	Body	51.78	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.852	1.316	±5
1909.8	Head	39.56	1.41	40.00	1.40	-1.100	0.714	±5
1909.8	Body	51.97	1.54	53.30	1.52	-2.495	1.316	±5

<sup>\*</sup>Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-08-11.

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Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	
824.0	41.1004	19.7490	824.0	53.8732	20.6853	
824.5	41.0603	19.7175	824.5	53.8423	20.6784	
825.0	41.0659	19.6807	825.0	53.8437	20.6477	
825.5	41.0847	19.7324	825.5	53.8424	20.6767	
826.0	41.0134	19.7389	826.0	53.8712	20.6340	
826.5	41.0502	19.6981	826.5	53.7808	20.6268	
827.0	41.0375	19.6970	827.0	53.8050	20.6904	
827.5	41.0154	19.6634	827.5	53.7898	20.6411	
828.0	41.0965	19.7486	828.0	53.7743	20.6524	
828.5	41.0196	19.7378	828.5	53.8501	20.6969	
829.0	41.0747	19.7102	829.0	53.7957	20.7008	
829.5	41.0460	19.7175	829.5	53.7787	20.6650	
830.0	41.0056	19.7417	830.0	53.7967	20.6193	
830.5	41.0213	19.6989	830.5	53.7964	20.6375	
831.0	41.0320	19.7371	831.0	53.8373	20.6170	
831.5	41.0682	19.6779	831.5	53.8620	20.6393	
832.0	41.0011	19.6701	832.0	53.7644	20.6143	
832.5	41.0494	19.7531	832.5	53.8308	20.6774	
833.0	41.0317	19.7148	833.0	53.8247	20.6746	
833.5	41.0543	19.7428	833.5	53.8210	20.6526	
834.0	40.9997	19.6823	834.0	53.8548	20.6545	
834.5	41.0043	19.6907	834.5	53.8150	20.6525	
835.0	41.0132	19.6813	835.0	53.8002	20.6182	
835.5	41.0549	19.7314	835.5	53.8679	20.6320	
836.0	41.0101	19.7602	836.0	53.7872	20.6977	
836.5	41.0319	19.7404	836.5	53.7699	20.6894	
837.0	41.1063	19.7286	837.0	53.8604	20.6563	
837.5	41.0609	19.6930	837.5	53.8243	20.6749	
838.0	41.0976	19.6763	838.0	53.8718	20.6841	
838.5	41.0049	19.7542	838.5	53.7837	20.6632	
839.0	40.9986	19.7351	839.0	53.8200	20.6997	
839.5	41.0548	19.6765	839.5	53.7859	20.6666	
840.0	41.0063	19.3750	840.0	53.7813	20.6796	
840.5	41.0745	19.4079	840.5	53.8396	20.6316	
841.0	40.9966	19.4332	841.0	53.8726	20.6260	
841.5	41.0968	19.4246	841.5	53.8597	20.7089	
842.0	41.0419	19.4000	842.0	53.7718	20.7045	
842.5	41.1070	19.4206	842.5	53.8157	20.6288	
843.0	41.0624	19.3776	843.0	53.7883	20.6347	
843.5	41.0088	19.3679	843.5	53.8000	20.6359	
844.0	41.0896	19.3841	844.0	53.8366	20.6229	
844.5	41.1020	19.4010	844.5	53.8334	20.6372	
845.0 845.5	41.0360	19.3980	845.0	53.7682	20.6898	
845.5 846.0	41.0428 41.0069	19.4209 19.4618	845.5	53.8524	20.6201 20.6967	
846.0	41.0069	19.4280	846.0 846.5	53.8548 53.7972		
840.3	41.0086		847.0	53.7972	20.6790 20.6532	
847.0	41.0139	19.3977 19.4710	847.5	53.8299	20.7033	
847.3	41.0849	19.4/10	848.0	53.8293	20.7033	
848.5	41.1008	19.4129	848.5	53.7832	20.6993	
849.0	41.0006	19.4442	849.0	53.7894	20.7083	
04Y.U	41.0912	19.4399	649.U	JJ./894	20.7083	

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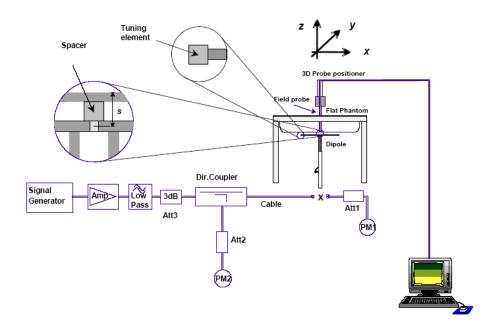
1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e''		
1850.0	39.7164	13.3263	1850.0	51.9419	14.4857	
1851.2	39.5929	13.4089	1851.2	52.0180	14.5278	
1852.4	39.6554	13.3701	1852.4	51.7715	14.4285	
1853.6	39.5848	13.3861	1853.6	51.8756	14.4414	
1854.8	39.5865	13.3729	1854.8	51.8471	14.5206	
1856.0	39.6981	13.2693	1856.0	51.9998	14.5277	
1857.2	39.5442	13.3465	1857.2	51.9926	14.4274	
1858.4	39.7356	13.3683	1858.4	51.8666	14.5449	
1859.6	39.7406	13.3576	1859.6	52.0698	14.5740	
1860.8	39.6374	13.3742	1860.8	51.9506	14.5128	
1862.0	39.6283	13.4277	1862.0	51.9862	14.4438	
1863.2	39.6053	13.4355	1863.2	51.9959	14.5697	
1864.4	39.6291	13.3675	1864.4	51.7685	14.4744	
1865.6	39.6498	13.3211	1865.6	51.7563	14.4149	
1866.8	39.6243	13.2391	1866.8	51.9066	14.4231	
1868.0	39.6937	13.4022	1868.0	51.9104	14.4120	
1869.2	39.5823	13.2475	1869.2	51.8401	14.4272	
1870.4	39.6863	13.3659	1870.4	51.8051	14.4700	
1871.6	39.6978	13.2599	1871.6	51.7677	14.5699	
1872.8	39.6446	13.3734	1872.8	51.8991	14.4586	
1874.0	39.6886	13.2971	1874.0	51.8349	14.4507	
1875.2	39.6135	13.2650	1875.2	51.9490	14.5530	
1876.4	39.6395	13.3736	1876.4	51.8858	14.5623	
1877.6	39.6185	13.4274	1877.6	52.0114	14.4868	
1878.8	39.6102	13.3032	1878.8	51.7884	14.5791	
1880.0	39.6663	13.3591	1880.0	51.8787	14.4593	
1881.2	39.6467	13.3003	1881.2	51.8640	14.5370	
1882.4	39.6445	13.4325	1882.4	52.0211	14.5660	
1883.6	39.6108	13.3351	1883.6	51.9111	14.5724	
1884.8	39.7349	13.4077	1884.8	51.9477	14.4846	
1886.0	39.6961	13.2972	1886.0	51.9685	14.5294	
1887.2	39.7248	13.3474	1887.2	51.9166	14.5188	
1888.4	39.5718	13.3535	1888.4	51.8769	14.5529	
1889.6	39.5472	13.2443	1889.6	51.7588	14.4496	
1890.8	39.5441	13.2806	1890.8	51.9112	14.4844	
1892.0	39.6436	13.4210	1892.0	51.8242	14.5089	
1893.2	39.6777	13.2926	1893.2	51.7405	14.4607	
1894.4	39.5779	13.3050	1894.4	51.9622	14.4198	
1895.6	39.5569	13.3541	1895.6	52.0270	14.4141	
1896.8	39.6046	13.3491	1896.8	51.7758	14.5732	
1898.0	39.6319	13.4000	1898.0	51.9784	14.5271	
1899.2	39.6741	13.3280	1899.2	52.0872	14.5769	
1900.4	39.7240	13.4194	1900.4	51.7585	14.5609	
1901.6	39.6605	13.2670	1901.6	51.9700	14.4696	
1902.8	39.7361	13.2452	1902.8	51.9273	14.5489	
1904.0	39.6483	13.3955	1904.0	51.9312	14.5517	
1905.2	39.6648	13.4197	1905.2	51.9635	14.4433	
1906.4	39.7395	13.3812	1906.4	51.9270	14.4912	
1907.6	39.7237	13.3974	1907.6	51.7815	14.5303	
1908.8	39.5520	13.3085	1908.8	51.8165	14.4794	
1910.0	39.5586	13.2983	1910.0	51.9703	14.5403	

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## **System Accuracy Verification**

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

### **System Verification Setup Block Diagram**



### **System Accuracy Check Results**

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
	925	Head	1g	9.66	9.773	-1.156	±10
2015-08-11	Body	1g	10.1	9.736	3.739	±10	
1900	Head	1g	38.8	39.481	-1.725	±10	
	1900	Body	1g	41.3	39.715	3.991	±10

<sup>\*</sup>All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.914$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.013$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

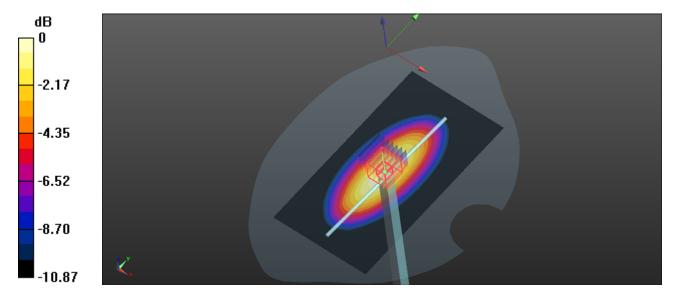
**System Performance 835MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



0 dB = 10.2 W/kg = 10.09 dBW/kg

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#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### **System Performance 835MHz Body**

### DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.957$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.800$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 835MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.7 W/kg

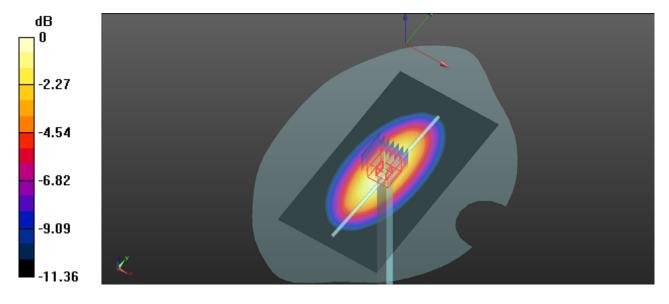
System Performance 835MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg



0 dB = 11.5 W/kg = 10.61 dBW/kg

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### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

#### System Performance 1900MHz Head

#### DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.416 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.702$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 44.6 W/kg

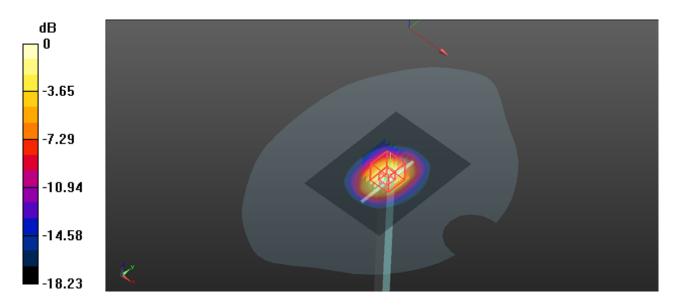
**System Performance 1900MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 176.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 73.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 43.5 W/kg



0 dB = 43.5 W/kg = 16.38 dBW/kg

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### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

### System Performance 1900MHz Body

#### DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.539 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.810$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900MHz Body** /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 46.7 W/kg

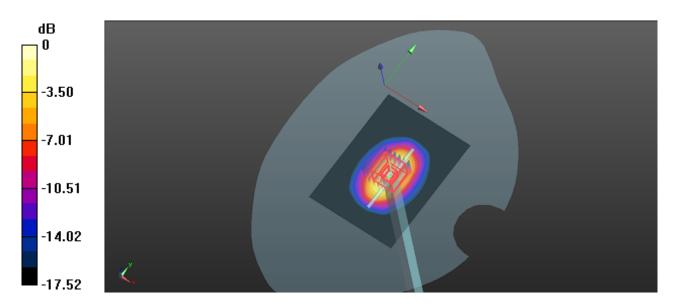
**System Performance 1900MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 171.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 41.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.7 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

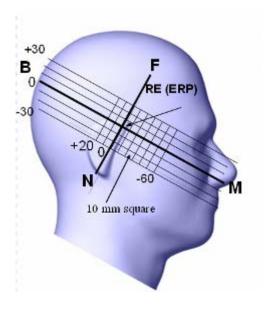
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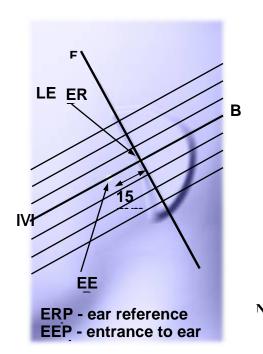
#### EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

#### **Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear**

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

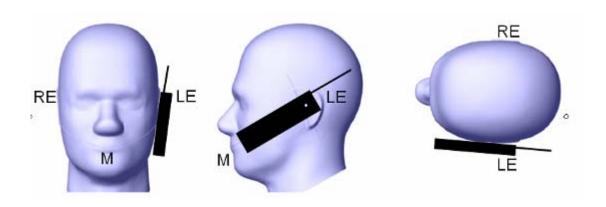
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- o (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek / Touch Position**



### **Ear/Tilt Position**

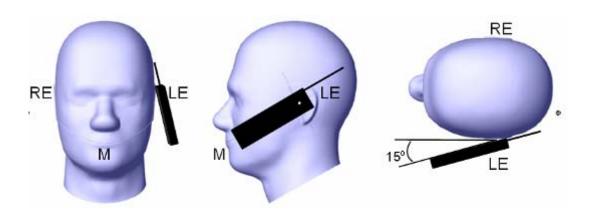
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

#### Ear /Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

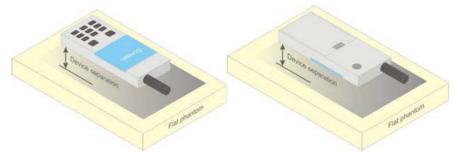


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

#### **Test methodology**

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02

KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

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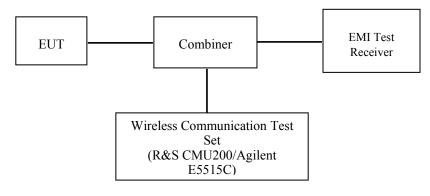
### CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

#### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

#### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



**GSM/WCDMA** 

### **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

### **GSM**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support  $> \tilde{G}SM + only$ 

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

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#### **GPRS**

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

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> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz

Mode >BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping >Off

Main Timeslot >3

Network: Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS)

Bit Stream > 2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

#### **WCDMA Release 99**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	βc/βd	8/15

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### **HSDPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	IC
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1	
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2
General	βс	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
Settings	$\beta$ d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	βd (SF)	64			
	βc/βd	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	eta hs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
	DACK			8	
	DNAK			8	
HSDPA	DCQI			8	
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3	
Settings	factor				
bettings	CQI Feedback			4ms	
	CQI Repetition Factor			2	
	Ahs= $\beta$ hs/ $\beta$ c			30/15	

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## **HSUPA**

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopb	ack			
	Power Control			Algorithm2				
WCDMA	Algorithm							
General	$\beta$ c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15		
Settings	$\beta$ d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
	$\beta$ ec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	β c / β d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-		
	$\beta$ hs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0		
	DAČK			8				
	DNAK	8						
	DCQI	8						
HSDPA	Ack-Nack repetition	3						
Specific	factor							
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms						
	CQI Repetition	2						
	Factor							
	Ahs= $\beta$ hs / $\beta$ c	30/15						
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
	Data Rate kbps	272.1	1/4./	702.0	203.6	300.7		
HSUPA		E-TFC	I 11 E		E-TFC	CI 11 E		
Specific		E-TFC	I PO 4	E-TFCI		I PO 4		
Settings		E-TF		11		CI 67		
Settings		E-TFC1		E-TFCI		I PO 18		
	Reference E FCls	E-TF		PO4	E-TF			
	Reference E_1 els	E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO23		
		E-TF		92		CI 75		
		E-TFC		E-TFCI		I PO26		
		E-TF		PO 18		CI 81		
		E-TFC	PO 27		E-IFC	I PO 27		

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# **Maximum Output Power among production units**

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)						
Mada/Dand	Channel					
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High			
GSM 850	33.30	33.30	33.30			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	33.30	33.30	33.30			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	32.50	32.50	32.50			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	30.70	30.70	30.70			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.90	29.90	29.90			
GSM 1900	30.20	30.20	30.20			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	30.20	30.20	30.20			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	29.30	29.30	29.30			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.50	27.50	27.50			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.70	26.70	26.70			
WCDMA850	22.70	22.70	22.70			
HSDPA	21.80	21.80	21.80			
HSUPA	21.80	21.80	21.80			
WCDMA1900	22.70	22.70	22.70			
HSDPA	21.90	21.90	21.90			
HSUPA	22.00	22.00	22.00			
WLAN	9.80	9.80	9.80			
Bluetooth3.0	6.30	6.30	6.30			
BLE	-1.40	-1.40	-1.40			

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#### **Test Results:**

### **GSM**:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time Based Average Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	32.30
GSM 850	190	836.6	33.27
	251	848.8	33.27
	512	1850.2	30.12
PCS 1900	661	1880	30.14
	810	1909.8	29.88

#### **GPRS**:

Donal	D Channel		RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	33.29	32.41	30.65	29.85	
GSM 850	190	836.6	33.27	32.36	30.58	29.75	
	251	848.8	33.29	32.40	30.64	29.76	
	512	1850.2	30.14	29.23	27.42	26.62	
PCS 1900	661	1880	30.00	29.07	27.28	26.49	
	810	1909.8	29.88	28.94	27.16	26.35	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GPRS

Channel		Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots	
	128	824.2	24.29	26.41	26.40	26.85	
GSM 850	190	836.6	24.27	26.36	26.33	26.75	
	251	848.8	24.29	26.40	26.39	26.76	
	512	1850.2	21.14	23.23	23.17	23.62	
PCS 1900	661	1880	21.00	23.07	23.03	23.49	
	810	1909.8	20.88	22.94	22.91	23.35	

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz
- band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

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# WCDMA:

### Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	4132	826.4	22.64
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.92
	4233	846.6	22.02
	9262	1852.4	22.52
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	22.57
	9538	1907.6	22.67

### **Results (HSDPA)**

Dand Channel No.		Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
	4132	826.4	21.69	21.52	21.67	21.71
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.03	21.19	21.22	20.20
050	4233	846.6	21.24	21.27	21.12	21.35
	9262	1852.4	21.48	21.52	21.46	21.59
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	21.57	21.47	21.41	21.81
	9538	1907.6	21.70	20.21	20.63	21.20

### **Results (HSUPA)**

Dand	Channel No	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
w.cn.t.	4132	826.4	21.61	21.58	21.42	21.72	21.68
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.10	21.23	21.24	21.23	21.17
050	4233	846.6	21.26	21.29	21.11	21.37	21.22
WGD) (1	9262	1852.4	21.73	21.91	21.16	21.92	21.89
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	21.62	21.77	21.29	21.91	21.89
	9538	1907.6	21.50	21.17	21.41	21.69	21.53

### Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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## Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	5.94
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	6.25
	78	2480	6.29
	0	2402	5.55
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	6.07
	78	2480	5.76
	0	2402	5.78
EDR-8DPSK	39	2441	5.59
	78	2480	5.35
	0	2402	-1.55
BLE	19	2440	-1.44
	39	2480	-1.62

### WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
802.11b	1	2412	9.34		
	7	2442	9.13		
	13	2472	9.46		
802.11g	1	2412	9.68		
	7	2442	9.35		
	13	2472	9.66		
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.71		
	7	2442	9.65		
	13	2472	9.72		
802.11n HT40	1	2422	9.14		
	5	2437	9.06		
	9	2462	9.20		

### Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

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# SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

Report No: RSZ150505003-20

#### **SAR Test Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	22.5~24 °C
Relative Humidity:	35 %
ATM Pressure:	1003 mbar

Testing was performed by Terry XiaHou on 2015-08-11.

#### **GSM 850:**

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	-3.609	32.30	33.30	1.259	0.147	0.185	/
	836.6	GSM	3.992	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.188	0.189	1#
	848.8	GSM	-0.400	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.181	0.182	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.756	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.095	0.096	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.316	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.184	0.185	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.755	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.093	0.094	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	1.521	33.27	33.30	1.007	0.406	0.409	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

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#### **PCS Band:**

EUT	Emaguanav	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	]	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	-0.455	30.12	30.20	1.019	0.386	0.393	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-2.949	30.14	30.20	1.014	0.394	0.399	3#
	1909.8	GSM	1.198	29.88	30.20	1.076	0.352	0.379	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	0.837	30.14	30.20	1.014	0.192	0.195	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	4.069	30.14	30.20	1.014	0.389	0.394	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-1.011	30.14	30.20	1.014	0.187	0.190	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.254	30.14	30.20	1.014	0.425	0.431	/
(10mm)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Note:

- Note:

   When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

   When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

### WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	WCDMA	1.391	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.088	0.089	5#
Left Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	2.336	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.045	0.046	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA	-2.475	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.086	0.087	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	-0.031	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.042	0.043	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

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#### WCDMA 1900 Band:

EUT	Fraguency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	-	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	-0.688	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.726	0.731	7#
	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	0.162	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.343	0.345	/
	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	-3.870	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.718	0.723	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	1.546	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.340	0.342	/

### Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

### **Mobile Hot-Spot Test Result**

The DUT is capable of functioning as a Wi-Fi to Cellular Mobile hotspot. Additional SAR testing was performed according to KDB 941225 D06. Testing was performed with a separation of 1cm between the DUT and the flat phantom. The DUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the phantom, and also with the edges facing the phantom in which the transmitting antenna is <2.5 cm from the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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### Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 850)

EUT	Егодиопоч	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power Power		Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	824.2	GPRS	-1.145	29.85	29.90	1.012	0.847	0.857	2#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.924	29.75	29.90	1.035	0.804	0.832	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	-2.036	29.76	29.90	1.033	0.809	0.836	/
- 1 - 0	824.2	GPRS	3.880	29.85	29.90	1.012	0.441	0.446	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D: 1.	824.2	GPRS	1.855	29.85	29.90	1.012	0.235	0.238	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
_	824.2	GPRS	-1.879	29.85	29.90	1.012	0.353	0.357	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
   The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
   The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum type up tale range limit according to the power applied to the
- results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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### Hot spot-GPRS (Frequency Band: 1900)

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1850.2	GPRS	-1.825	26.62	26.70	1.019	0.894	0.911	4#
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	-2.537	26.49	26.70	1.050	0.843	0.885	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	1.280	26.35	26.70	1.084	0.816	0.884	/
D 1 I 0	1850.2	GPRS	0.184	26.62	26.70	1.019	0.259	0.264	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D'1.	1850.2	GPRS	-0.273	26.62	26.70	1.019	0.183	0.186	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.003	26.62	26.70	1.019	0.468	0.477	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### Note:

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The EUT is a Capability Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services.
   The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.
   The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
   When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum type up tale range limit according to the power applied to the
- results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tole rance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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### **Hot Spot-WCDMA850**

EUT	Егодиолог		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		lg SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	826.4	WCDMA850	-3.617	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.269	0.273	6#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	WCDMA850	1.419	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.153	0.155	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D: 1.	826.4	WCDMA850	1.211	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.091	0.092	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
D 1 D	826.4	WCDMA850	-3.634	22.64	22.70	1.014	0.138	0.140	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	846.6	WCDMA850	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### **Hot Spot-WCDMA 1900**

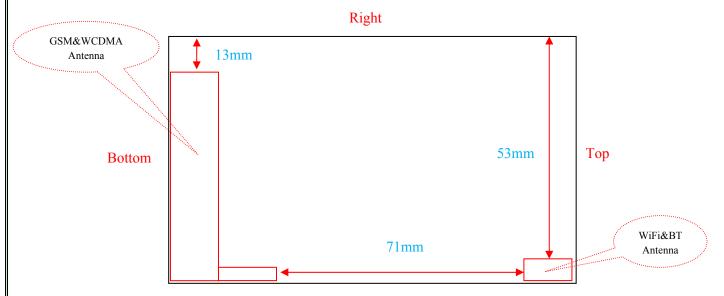
EUT	Fraguency		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
D 1 D 1	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Tollilli)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	-4.501	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.441	0.444	8#
D 1 I 0	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Tollilli)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	3.295	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.178	0.179	/
D 1 D'1.	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	-3.992	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.125	0.126	/
	1852.4	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880.0	WCDMA1900	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(1011111)	1907.6	WCDMA1900	0.984	22.67	22.70	1.007	0.264	0.266	/

- When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
   The default test configuration is to measure SA R with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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### SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

### BT&WLAN and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Left

### **Simultaneous Transmission:**

Description of Simultane	A		
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	71
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	71
WCDMA+Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	71
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	71

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#### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2450	9.80	9.550	0	3.0	3.0	YES
WLAN	2450	9.80	9.550	10	1.5	3.0	YES
Bluetooth	2450	6.30	4.27	0	1.3	3.0	YES
Bluetooth	2450	6.30	4.27	10	0.7	3.0	YES

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#### Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\sqrt{f(GHz)} \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2450	9.80	9.55	0	0.399
WLAN Body	2450	9.80	9.55	10	0.199
BT Head	2450	6.30	4.27	0	0.178
BT Body	2450	6.30	4.27	10	0.089

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $[\sqrt{f} (GHz)/x]$ 

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

Where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

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### Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

### **GSM** with BT:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR V/kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
(S/HCI+S/HC2)		SAR1	SAR2	1.0W/Kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.189	0.178	0.367
	Left Head Tilt	0.096	0.178	0.274
GSM 850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.185	0.178	0.363
	Right Head Tilt	0.094	0.178	0.272
	Body-Back-Headset	0.409	0.089	0.498
	Left Head Cheek	0.399	0.178	0.577
	Left Head Tilt	0.195	0.178	0.373
PCS1900 +BT	Right Head Cheek	0.394	0.178	0.572
	Right Head Tilt	0.190	0.178	0.368
	Body-Back-Headset	0.431	0.089	0.520

### WCDMA with BT:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR //kg)	$\Sigma$ SAR < 1.6W/kg
(SAKI+SAK2)		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.0 W/Kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.089	0.178	0.267
WCDMA	Left Head Tilt	0.046	0.178	0.224
850+BT	Right Head Cheek	0.087	0.178	0.265
	Right Head Tilt	0.043	0.178	0.221
	Left Head Cheek	0.731	0.178	0.909
WCDMA1900 +BT	Left Head Tilt	0.345	0.178	0.523
	Right Head Cheek	0.723	0.178	0.901
	Right Head Tilt	0.342	0.178	0.520

### **GSM with WLAN:**

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		rted SAR V/kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
(5/111/15/1112)		SAR1	SAR2	1.0 W/Kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.189	0.399	0.606
CCM 050	Left Head Tilt	0.096	0.399	0.513
GSM 850+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.185	0.399	0.602
VV E2 II V	Right Head Tilt	0.094	0.399	0.511
	Body-Back-Headset	0.409	0.199	0.618
	Left Head Cheek	0.399	0.399	0.816
DCG1000 +	Left Head Tilt	0.195	0.399	0.612
PCS1900 + WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.394	0.399	0.811
,, <u>D</u> , 11,	Right Head Tilt	0.190	0.399	0.607
	Body-Back-Headset	0.431	0.199	0.640

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#### WCDMA with WLAN:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position		ted SAR <sup>7</sup> /kg)	$\sum SAR$ < 1.6W/kg	
(SARI+SAR2)		SAR1	SAR2	< 1.0 W/Kg	
	Left Head Cheek	0.089	0.399	0.488	
WCDMA 850+	Left Head Tilt	0.046	0.399	0.445	
WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.087	0.399	0.486	
	Right Head Tilt	0.043	0.399	0.442	
	Left Head Cheek	0.731	0.399	1.130	
WCDMA1900	Left Head Tilt	0.345	0.399	0.744	
+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.723	0.399	1.122	
	Right Head Tilt	0.342	0.399	0.741	

**Note:** Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:  $\Sigma$  SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

Eva	Evaluations for Simultaneous SAR, BT+GSM/3G						
Test Position	Body-Back	Body-Left	Body-Right	Body-Bottom	Body-Top		
Mode	(1.0cm)	(1.0cm) Stand	(1.0cm) Alone 1-g SAR	(1.0cm) (W/Kg)	(1.0cm)		
GPRS 850	0.857	0.446	0.238	0.357	/		
GPRS 1900	0.911	0.264	0.186	0.477	/		
WCDMA850	0.273	0.155	0.092	0.140	/		
WCDMA 1900	0.444	0.179	0.126	0.266	/		
BT	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089	0.089		
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/K	(g)			
GPRS850 + BT	0.946	0.535	0.327	0.446	/		
GPRS1900+ BT	1.000	0.353	0.275	0.566	/		
WCDMA850 + BT	0.362	0.244	0.181	0.229	/		
WCDMA1900 + BT	0.533	0.268	0.215	0.355	/		

### **Hotspot:**

Evaluation	Evaluations for Simultaneous SAR, Mobile Hot Spot Positions							
Test Position	Body-Back (1.0cm)	Body-Left (1.0cm)	Body-Right (1.0cm)	Body-Bottom (1.0cm)	Body-Top (1.0cm)			
Mode		Stand	Alone 1-g SAR	(W/Kg)				
GPRS 850	0.857	0.446	0.238	0.357	/			
GPRS 1900	0.911	0.264	0.186	0.477	/			
WCDMA850	0.273	0.155	0.092	0.140	/			
WCDMA 1900	0.444	0.179	0.126	0.266	/			
WLAN	0.199	0.199	/	/	0.199			
			$\sum 1$ -g SAR(W/K	(g)				
GPRS850 + WLAN	1.056	0.645	/	/	/			
GPRS1900+ WLAN	1.110	0.463	/	/	/			
WCDMA850 + WLAN	0.472	0.354	/	/	/			
WCDMA1900 + WLAN	0.643	0.378	/	/	/			

### Note:

If the sum of the 1g SAR measured for the simultaneously transmitting antennas is less than the SAR limit, SAR measurement for simultaneous transmission is not required.

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### **SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)**

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp. (Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#: GSM 850-Left Head Check Middle Channel

**DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;** 

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Left Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

HEAD/GSM900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.200 W/kg

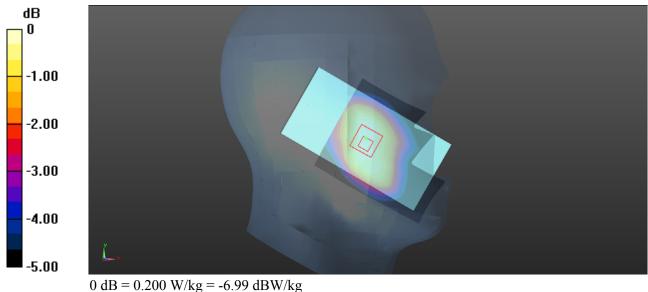
HEAD/GSM900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.292 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.131 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 W/kg



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#### Test Plot 2#: GSM 850 Back Low Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-4 SLOTS (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.917 W/kg

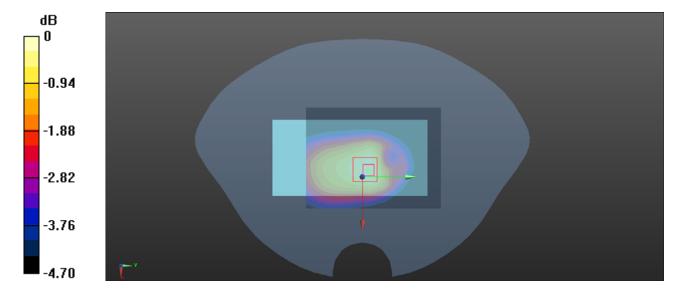
Body/PCS 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.327 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.847 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.582 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.874 W/kg



0 dB = 0.917 W/kg = -0.38 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 3#: GSM 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.40$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.67$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 W/kg

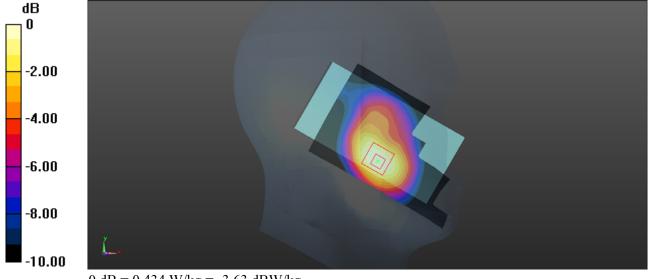
Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.654 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.394 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg



0 dB = 0.434 W/kg = -3.63 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 4#: PCS 1900 Back Low Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GPRS-4 SLOT (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2

Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.94$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

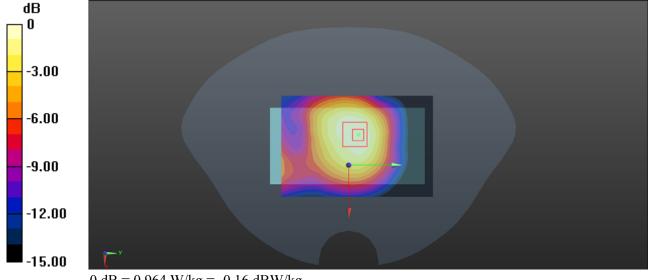
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.433 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.894 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.547 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.925 W/kg



0 dB = 0.964 W/kg = -0.16 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 5#: WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek Low Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, BAND V (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.05$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.104 W/kg

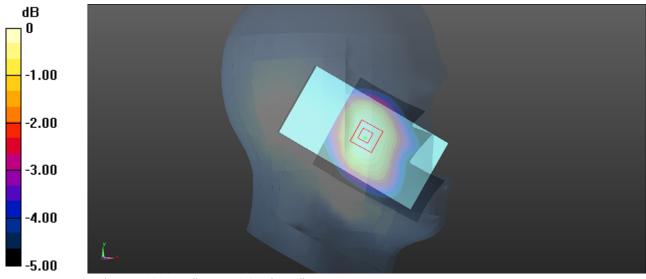
Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.348 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.088 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0933 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0933 W/kg = -10.30 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 6#: WCDMA 850 Back Low Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, BAND V (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.95$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.78$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

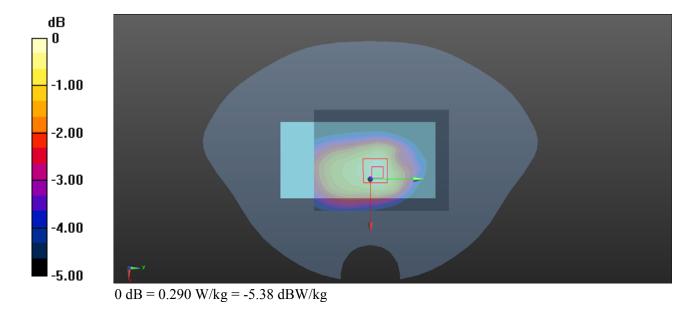
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.411 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.269 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg



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### Test Plot 7#: WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek High Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, BAND II (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.42$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.72$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Left Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.780 W/kg

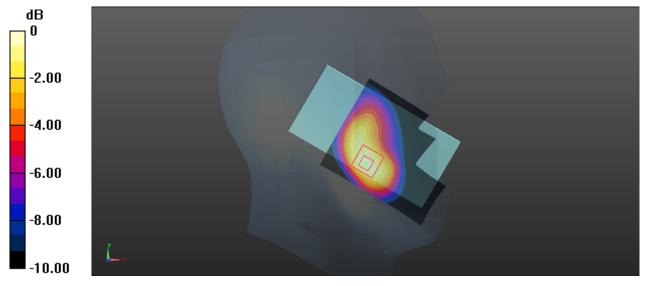
Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.128 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.726 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.415 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.821 W/kg



0 dB = 0.821 W/kg = -0.86 dBW/kg

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### Test Plot 8#: WCDMA 1900 Back High Channel

### **DUT: 3G MOBILE PHONE; Type: K4-01;**

Communication System: UID 0, BAND II (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.54$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 51.78$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.455 W/kg

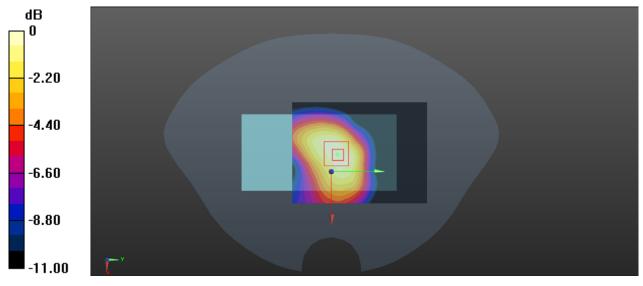
Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value =16.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.725 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.482 W/kg



0 dB = 0.482 W/kg = -3.17 dBW/kg

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### APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom ar	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

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### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
	•	Measureme	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
	•	Test sample	related	l .	I.	•	
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

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### APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client BACL China (Vitec)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: February 5, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID.	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-650_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

Calibrated by:

Claudio Leubler

Claudio Leubler

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: February 9, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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#### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR; PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NDRMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

Report No: RSZ150505003-20

February 5, 2015 EX3DV4 - SN:7329

# Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014 February 5, 2015 Calibrated:

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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February 5, 2015 EX3DV4-SN:7329

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	96.7	97.6	94.2	

#### **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name	Т	Α	В	С	D	VR	Unc
		1	dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	(k=2)
0	CW	×	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4-SN:7329

February 5, 2015

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

\*\*At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

\*\*AlphaDepth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:7329

### DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>6</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the CenvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for CenvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

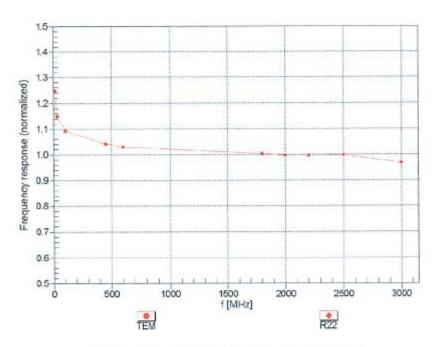
Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4- SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



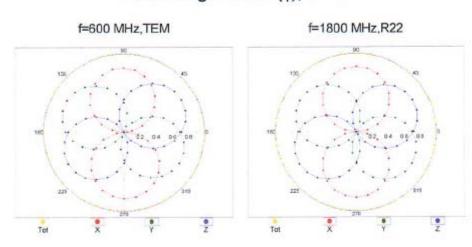
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

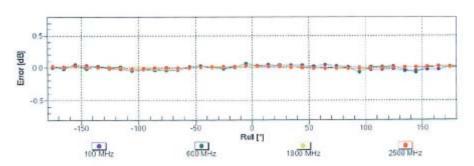
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# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

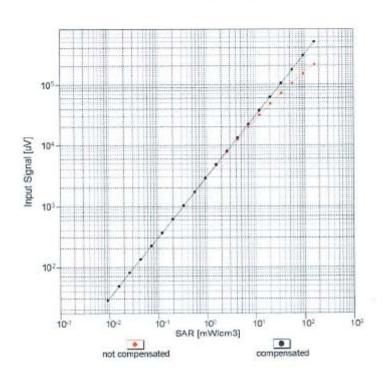
Certificate No: EX3-7329\_Feb15

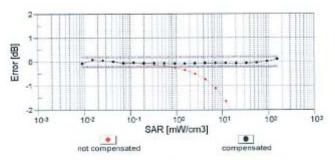
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### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)





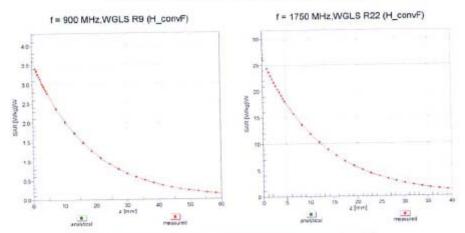
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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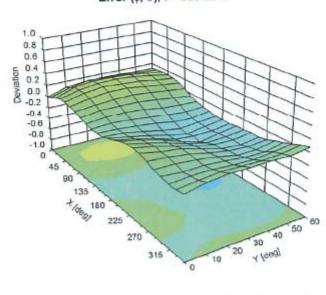
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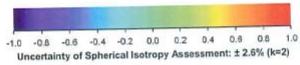


# Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (\phi, 9), f = 900 MHz





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EX3DV4— SN:7329 February 5, 2015

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1,4 mm

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### APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

### **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

### CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency: 835 MHz Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8<sup>th</sup> October 2014 Released on: 8<sup>th</sup> October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

uite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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Division of APREL Laboratories.

### **Conditions**

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ 

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

### **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11 C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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### **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

### **Mechanical Dimensions**

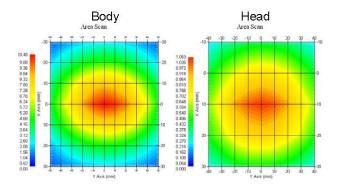
**Length:** 162.2 mm **Height:** 89.4 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

### **System Validation Results**

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \,^{0.5^{\circ}\text{C}}$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{+/-} \,^{0.5^{\circ}\text{C}}$ 

#### **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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### **Dipole Calibration Results**

### **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	

### **Electrical Verification**

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

### **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, o [S/m]	
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94	
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01	

5

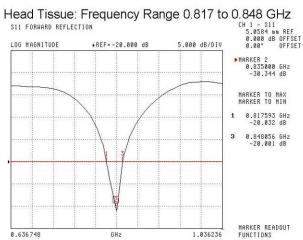
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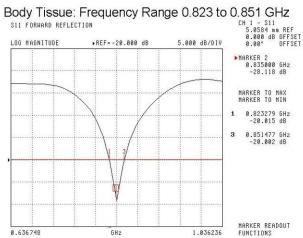
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

### **S11 Parameter Return Loss**





6

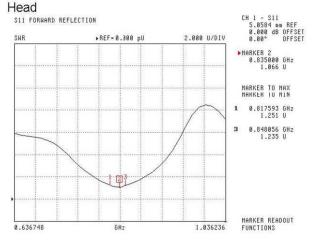
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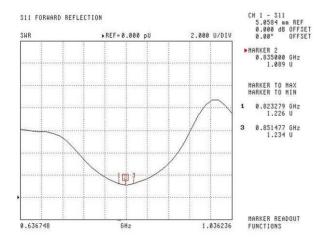
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## **SWR**





## Body

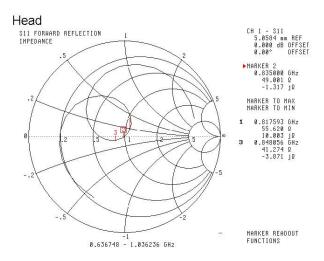


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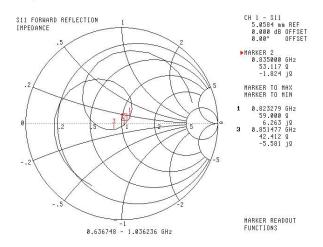
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## **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**



## Body



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## **Test Equipment**

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

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## **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES**

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

## CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

VCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES
uite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Division of APREL Lab.

iite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

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## **Conditions**

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:  $22 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ Temperature of the Tissue:  $21 \degree C +/- 0.5 \degree C$ 

#### Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

## **Primary Measurement Standards**

 Instrument
 Serial Number
 Cal due date

 Tektronix USB Power Meter
 11C940
 May 14, 2015

 Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C
 002106
 Feb. 20, 2015

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## **Calibration Results Summary**

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

#### **Mechanical Dimensions**

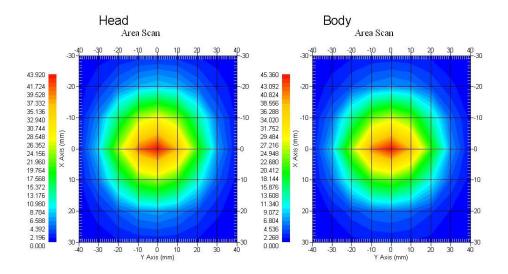
**Length:** 67.1 mm **Height:** 38.9 mm

**Electrical Specification** 

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

## **System Validation Results**

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



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#### Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

#### References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

#### Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

## **Dipole Calibration uncertainty**

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical1%Positioning Error1.22%Electrical1.7%Tissue2.2%Dipole Validation2.2%

TOTAL 8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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## **Dipole Calibration Results**

## **Mechanical Verification**

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

## **Electrical Validation**

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

## **Tissue Validation**

	Dielectric constant, ε <sub>r</sub>	Conductivity, $\sigma$ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

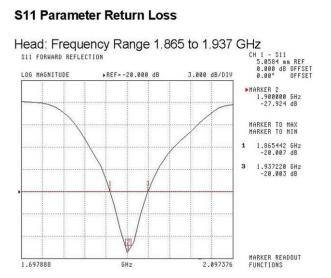
5

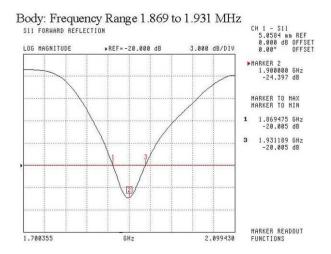
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.





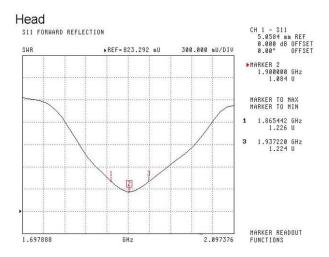
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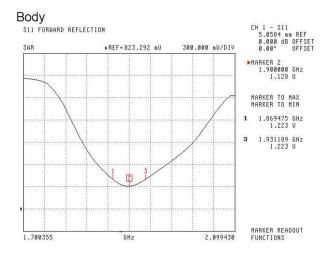
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## **SWR**



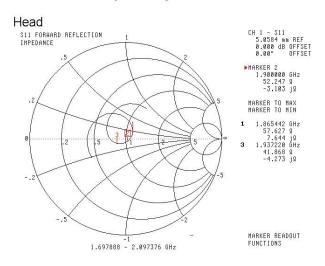


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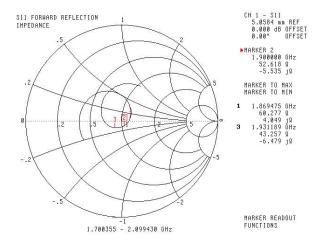
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## **Smith Chart Dipole Impedance**



## Body



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## **Test Equipment**

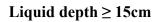
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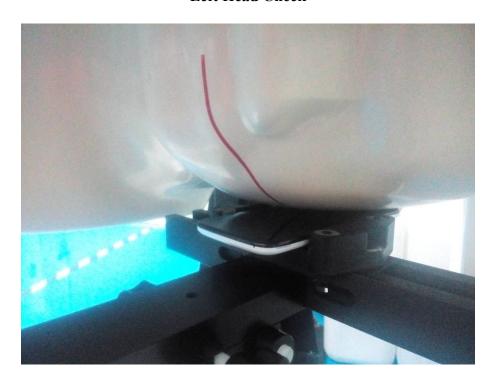
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# APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS



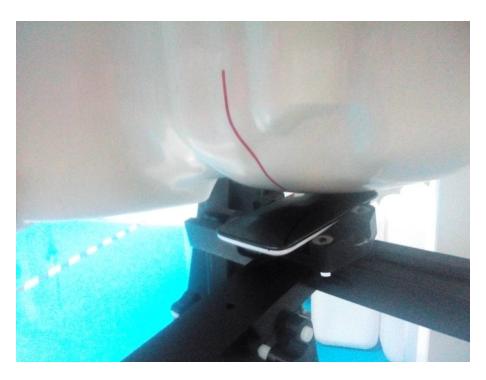


**Left Head Cheek** 

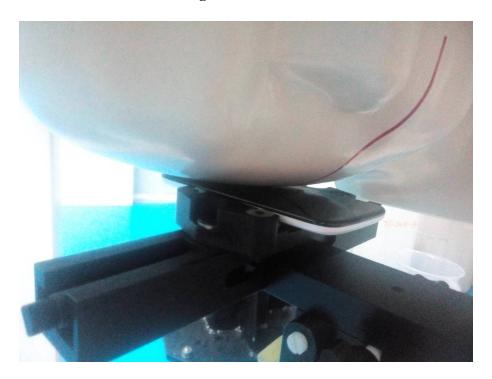


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# **Left Head Tilt**

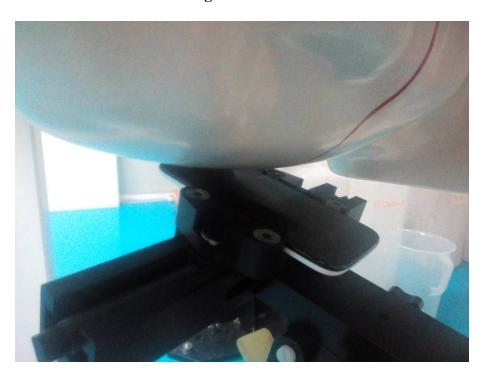


**Right Head Cheek** 



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# **Right Head Tilt**



Body -Worn-Back (10mm)

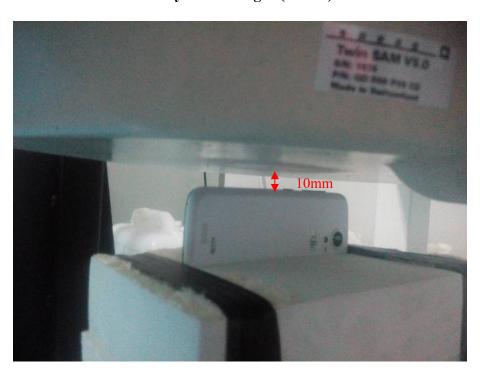


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Body -Worn-Left (10mm)



Body -Worn-Right (10mm)



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# **APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS**

**EUT – Front View** 



**EUT – Back View** 



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## **EUT –Left Side View**



**EUT – Right Side View** 



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**EUT – Top View** 



**EUT – Bottom View** 



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# **EUT – Uncover View**



\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*

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