



TE	EST REPORT
Report Reference No	TRE17090043 R/C: 89309
FCC ID:	2AEPIELEMENTQ
Applicant's name:	COLOMBIANA DE COMERCIO S.A.
Address	Car.43E NO 8-71 Medellin,Colombia
Manufacturer	AMER international co., limited
Address	23th Floor, Century Square , No. 3018 Shennan Road, Futian District , Shenzhen Guangdong, PRC
Test item description:	ELEMENT
Trade Mark	Kalley
Model/Type reference	Element Q
Listed Model(s)	
Standard: :	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 IEEE 1528: 2013 ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999
Date of receipt of test sample	Sept. 08, 2017
Date of testing	Sept. 09, 2017- Sept. 25, 2017
Date of issue	Sept. 27, 2017
Result	PASS
Compiled by ( position+printedname+signature):	File administrators: Xiaodong Zhao
Supervised by ( position+printedname+signature):	Test Engineer: Xiaodong Zhao
Approved by ( position+printedname+signature):	Manager: Hans Hu
Testing Laboratory Name: :	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd
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The test report merely correspond to the test sample.

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# 1. Test Standards and Report version

## 1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 1999</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

<u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

<u>KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02:</u> RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

<u>KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06:</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02:</u> SAR Measurement Proceduresfor802.11 a/b/g Transmitters <u>KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03:</u> SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01: SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01: SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

## 1.2. Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
00	Sept. 27, 2017	Original

# 2. <u>Summary</u>

# 2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	COLOMBIANA DE COMERCIO S.A.
Address:	Car.43E NO 8-71 Medellin,Colombia
Manufacturer:	AMER international co., limited
Address:	23th Floor,Century Square,No. 3018 Shennan Road,Futian District,Shenzhen Guangdong,PRC

## 2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT:	ELEMENT							
Trade Mark:	Kalley							
Model No.:	Element Q							
Listed Model(s):	-	-						
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From exc	hange battery						
Device Category:	Portable							
Product stage:	Production unit							
RF Exposure Environment:	General Populatior	n / Uncontrolled						
IMEI:	867400020316612	2						
Device Class:	В							
Hardware version:	TC65B V2.0							
Software version:	Kalley_ELEMENT_	_Q_SW05_2017092	9					
Maximum SAR Value								
Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm	1						
	Body: 10mi	m						
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Test location:	PCE	DTS/DSS	Simultaneous TX				
	Head:	0.215 W/Kg	0.186 W/Kg	0.402 W/Kg				
	Body:	0.830 W/Kg	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
	Hotspot:	0.830 W/Kg	0.111 W/Kg					
		0.000 Ming	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
GSM		0.000 W/Ng	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
GSM Support Network:	GSM, GPRS, EGP	Ŭ	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
	GSM, GPRS, EGP GSM850, PCS190	PRS	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
Support Network:		2RS 0	U.TTT W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
Support Network: Support Band:	GSM850, PCS190 GSM/GPRS/EGPR GSM850: 824.20M	PRS 0 RS: GMSK	U.TTT W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
Support Network: Support Band: Modulation:	GSM850, PCS190 GSM/GPRS/EGPR GSM850: 824.20M PCS1900: 1850.20 GSM850: 869.20M	PRS 0 RS: GMSK IHz-848.80MHz 0MHz-1909.80MHz	U.TTT W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
Support Network: Support Band: Modulation: Transmit Frequency:	GSM850, PCS190 GSM/GPRS/EGPR GSM850: 824.20M PCS1900: 1850.20 GSM850: 869.20M	PRS 0 RS: GMSK 1Hz-848.80MHz 0MHz-1909.80MHz 1Hz-893.80MHz	U.TTT W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				
Support Network: Support Band: Modulation: Transmit Frequency: Receive Frequency:	GSM850, PCS190 GSM/GPRS/EGPR GSM850: 824.20M PCS1900: 1850.20 GSM850: 869.20M PCS1900: 1930.20	PRS 0 RS: GMSK 1Hz-848.80MHz 0MHz-1909.80MHz 1Hz-893.80MHz	0.111 W/Kg	0.941 W/Kg				

WCDMA	
Operation Band:	FDD Band II and FDD Band V
Power Class:	Power Class 3
Modilation Type:	QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/HSUPA/HSDPA
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
WIFI	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20)
Modulation:	DSSS for 802.11b
	OFDM for 802.11g/802.11n(HT20)
Operation frequency:	2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel number:	11
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT4.0+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	PIFA Antenna
Remark:	

Remark:

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power. The Test EUT support two SIM card(SIM1,SIM2),so all the tests are performed at each SIM card (SIM1,SIM2) mode, the datum recorded is the worst case for all the mode at SIM1 Card mode.

## 3. Test Environment

## 3.1. Test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

## 3.2. Test Facility

#### CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

#### A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### FCC-Registration No.: 762235

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

#### IC-Registration No.:5377B

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No.: 5377B

#### ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

# 4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calib	ration
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2017/08/15	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3842	2017/08/15	1
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d153	2016/07/16	3
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d101	2015/07/23	3
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2015/09/01	3
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2016/10/25	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2016/10/25	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441621	2016/10/25	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2016/10/24	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2016/10/22	1
Signal Generator	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	258525	2016/10/22	1
Power Divider	ARRA	A3200-2	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	50783	No	ote
Attenuator 1	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 2	PE	PE7005-10	N/A	Note	
Attenuator 3	PE	PE7005-3	N/A	No	ote
Power Amplifier	AR	5S1G4M2	0328798	No	ote

Note:

1. The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.

2. Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justificatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.

# 5. Measurement Uncertainty

			Measu	rement Ur	ncerta	ainty				
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measureme		1			1	1	1	I	1	
1	Probe calibration	В	6.0%	N	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	00
2	Axial isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	80
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	8
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	00
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	√3	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	~~
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	8
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	80
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	8
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	8
Test Sample										
15	Test sample positioning	А	1.86%	Ν	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
16	Device holder uncertainty	А	1.70%	Ν	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
17	Drift of output power	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	80
Phantom an		1					1		•	
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	00
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	~
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	00
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	×
Combined s	tandard uncertainty	<i>u<sub>c</sub></i> = 1	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	9.79%	9.67%	00
Expand (confidenc)	led uncertainty e interval of 95 %)	u,	$u_c = 2u_c$	R	K=2	/	/	19.57%	19.34%	00

System Check Uncertainty										
No.	Error Description	Туре	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurem 1	ent System Probe calibration	В	6.0%	Ν	1	1	1	6.0%	6.0%	∞
	Axial									
2	isotropy	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	~
3	Hemispherical isotropy	В	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	~
4	Boundary Effects	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~
5	Probe Linearity	В	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	~
6	Detection limit	В	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	~~
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
8	RF ambient conditions- reflection	В	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	8
9	Response time	В	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	00
10	Integration time	В	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	00
11	RF ambient	В	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	8
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	В	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	~
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	В	2.90%	R	√3	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	ø
14	Max.SAR evalation	В	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	~
System va	lidation source-dipole		1	Γ	T	ľ	Π	1	I	
15	Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	A	1.58%	Ν	1	1	1	1.58%	1.58%	8
16	Dipole axis to liquid distance	А	1.35%	Ν	1	1	1	1.35%	1.35%	~
17	Input power and SAR drift	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Phantom a					1	1				
18	Phantom uncertainty	В	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	А	0.50%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	×
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	А	0.16%	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	8
	standard uncertainty	<i>u<sub>c</sub></i> = 1	$\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2$	/	/	/	/	8.80%	8.79%	8
Expan (confiden	nded uncertainty ce interval of 95 %)	u,	$_{c} = 2u_{c}$	R	K=2	/	/	17.59%	17.58%	~

# 6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

## 6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, ADconversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

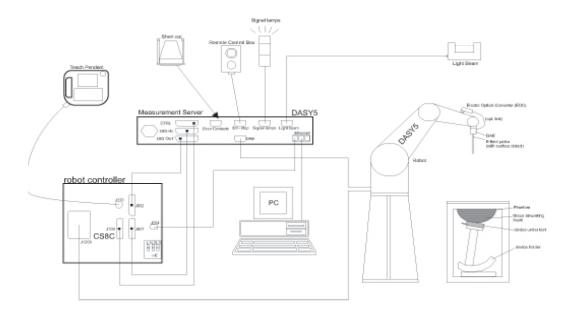
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



## 6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

## • Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

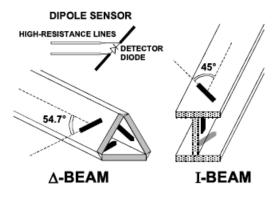
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip diameter: 2.5mm (Body: 12mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



## • Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



## 6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm).

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

## 6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

# 7. SAR Test Procedure

## 7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max.  $\pm 5$  %.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above  $\pm 0.1$ mm). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within  $\pm 30^{\circ}$ .)

#### Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

#### Zoom Scan

After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.

## **Spatial Peak Detection**

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- maximum search
- extrapolation
- boundary correction
- peak search for averaged SAR

During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space.

They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

Table 1: Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04					
			$\leq$ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance fro (geometric center of pr		measurement point rs) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \operatorname{mm} \pm 0.5 \operatorname{mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$		
			$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 15 \text{ mm}$ 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 12 \text{ mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \ \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \ \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \ \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device wit at least one measurement point on the test device.			
Maximum zoom scan s	Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2 \text{ GHz:} \leq 8 \text{ mm}$ 2 - 3 GHz: $\leq 5 \text{ mm}^*$	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		$\leq$ 5 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \text{ GHz:} \leq 4 \text{ mm} \\ 4-5 \text{ GHz:} \leq 3 \text{ mm} \\ 5-6 \text{ GHz:} \leq 2 \text{ mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq$ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	m(n-1) mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Table 1. Area and Zeem	Coop Docolutions nor	ECC KDD Dubligation	OCECCA DOAVOA
Table 1: Area and Zoom	Scan Resolutions per	FUL AND PUDICATION	000004 UUIVU4
			000001 001101

n depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see I 1528-2013 for details.

\* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is  $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$ ,  $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$ ,  $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$  and  $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$  zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

## 7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

### Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors),s together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [W/kg], [mW/cm<sup>2</sup>], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### **Data Evaluation**

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

 $V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$ 

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel ( i = x, y, z )

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes : 
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

H – fieldprobes :  $H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$ 

	J
Vi:	compensated signal of channel ( i = x, y, z )
Normi:	sensor sensitivity of channel ( i = x, y, z ),
	[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF:	sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij:	sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f:	carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei:	electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi:	magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR: local specific absorption rate in W/kg
- Etot: total field strength in V/m
- σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

# 8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

## 8.1. Head Position

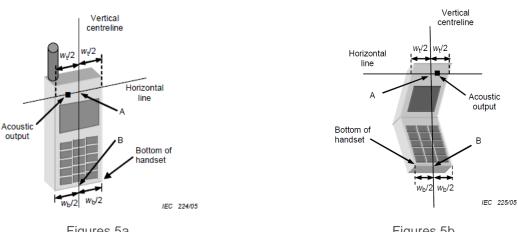
The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width Wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width W<sub>b</sub> of the bottom of the handset (point B).

The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not

necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets, handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

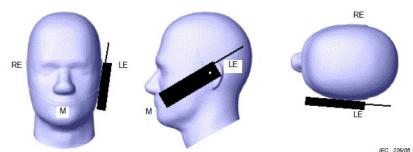


Figures 5a



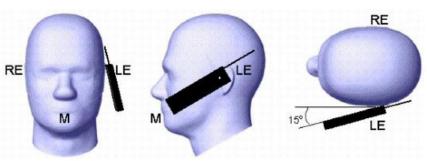
- W<sub>t</sub> Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic
- Wb Width of the bottom of the handset
- А Midpoint of the widthwt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- В Midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset

**Cheek position** 



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

**Tilt position** 

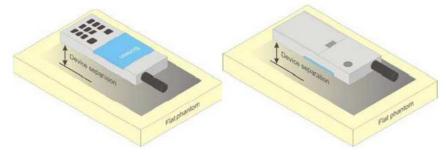


Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

## 8.2. Body Position

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics.

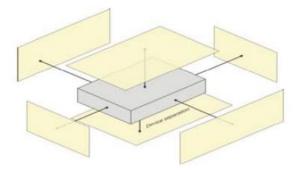
Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps or without requiring additional body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance  $\leq$  10 mm to support compliance



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

## 8.3. Hotspot Mode Exposure conditions

The hotspot mode and body-worn accessory SAR test configurations may overlap for handsets. When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations. This typically applies to the back and front surfaces of a handset when SAR is required for both hotspot mode and body-worn accessory exposure conditions. Depending on the form factor and dimensions of a device, the test separation distance used for hotspot mode SAR measurement is either **10 mm** or that used in the body-worn accessory configuration, whichever is less for devices with dimension > 9 cm x 5 cm. For smaller devices with dimensions  $\leq$  9 cm x 5 cm because of a greater potential for next to body use a test separation of  $\leq$  5 mm must be used.



Picture 5 Test positions for Hotspot Mode

# 9. System Check

## **Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
				For He	ad			·
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800,1900,2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40
2450	55	0	0	0	0	45	1.8	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
				For Bo	dy			
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800.1900.2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms				
Target Frequency	He	ad		Body
(MHz)	٤r	σ(s/m)	٤r	σ(s/m)
750	41.94	0.89	55.5	0.96
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
2600	39.0	1.96	52.5	2.16

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid					
Frequency	Description	DielectricPa	Temp		
(MHz)	Description	٤r	σ(s/m)	°C	
0.2 <i>E</i>	Recommended result ±5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.90 0.86 to 0.95	/	
835	Measurement value 2017-09-19	41.62	0.92	21	
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	40.0 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	/	
	Measurement value 2017-09-21	40.05	1.42	21	
	Recommended result ±5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	/	
2450	Measurement value 2017-09-25	39.11	1.79	21	

## Check Result:

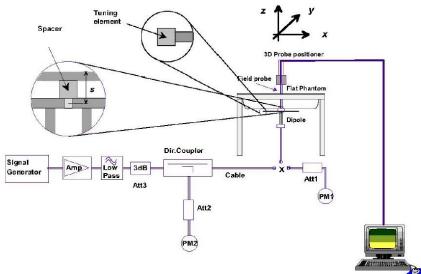
Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid					
Frequency	Description	DielectricPa	Temp		
(MHz)	Description	٤r	σ(s/m)	°C	
835	Recommended result ±5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	/	
835	Measurement value 2017-09-20	55.15	0.96	21	
4000	Recommended result ±5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	/	
1900	Measurement value 2017-09-22	53.12	1.53	21	
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	/	
2430	Measurement value 2017-09-25	52.52	1.94	21	

## 9.1. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system  $(\pm 10\%)$ .

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

## **Check Result:**

		Head				
Frequency	Description	SAR(V	SAR(W/kg)			
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	°C		
025	Recommended result ±10% window	2.30 2.07 - 2.53	1.50 1.35 - 1.65	/		
835	Measurement value 2017-09-19	2.34	1.52	21		
	Recommended result ±10% window	10.10 9.09 – 11.11	5.34 4.81 - 5.87	/		
1900	Measurement value 2017-09-21	9.72	5.16	21		
0.450	Recommended result ±10% window	13.10 11.79 - 14.41	6.17 5.55 - 6.79	/		
2450	Measurement value 2017-09-25	12.40	5.80	21		

	Body					
Frequency	Description	SAR(V	V/kg)	Temp		
(MHz)	Description	1g	10g	°C		
925	Recommended result ±10% window	2.43 2.19 - 2.67	1.61 1.45 - 1.77	/		
835	Measurement value 2017-09-20	2.47	1.59	21		
1000	Recommended result ±10% window	10.20 9.18 – 11.22	5.47 4.92 - 6.02	/		
1900	Measurement value 2017-09-22	10.3	5.34	21		
2450	Recommended result ±10% window	13.10 11.79 -14.41	6.11 5.50 -6.72	/		
2450	Measurement value 2017-09-25	12.5	5.76	21		

## System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

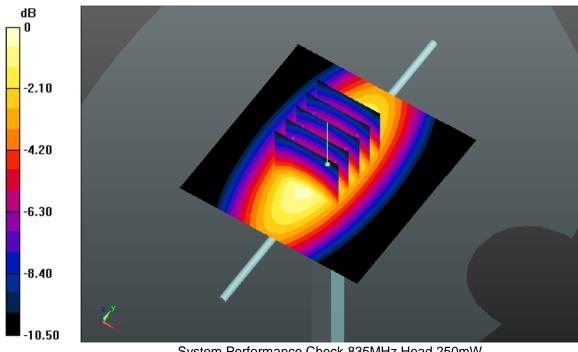
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d153 Date:2017-09-19 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.92 S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 41.62;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.834 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 49.865 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.286 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg



Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.825 W/kg

System Performance Check 835MHz Head 250mW

### System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

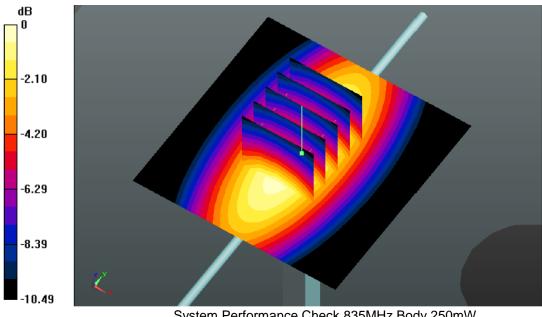
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d153 Date:2017-09-20 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.15;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### **DASY5** Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017; •Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; •Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.888 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 50.236 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.339 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.871 W/kg



System Performance Check 835MHz Body 250mW

## System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d101 Date:2017-09-21 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.42S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 40.05;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

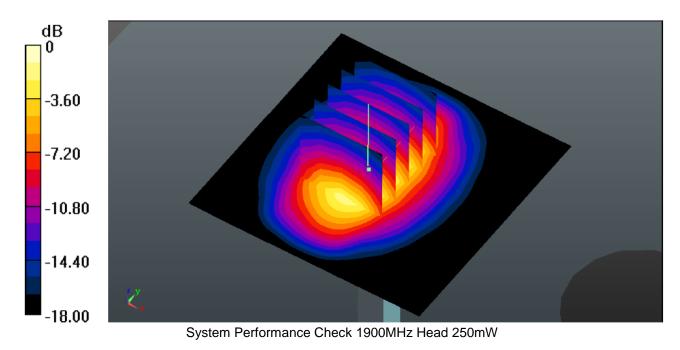
Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.61 W/kg

**Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 94.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.34 W/kg

## SAR(1 g) = 9.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.44 W/kg



## System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d101 Date:2017-09-22 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.53S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 53.12;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.187 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 87.679 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.027 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg

 dB
 0

 -3.65
 -7.31

 -10.96
 -14.62

 -18.27
 System Performance Check 1900MHz Body250mW

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.09 W/kg

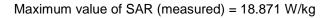
## System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

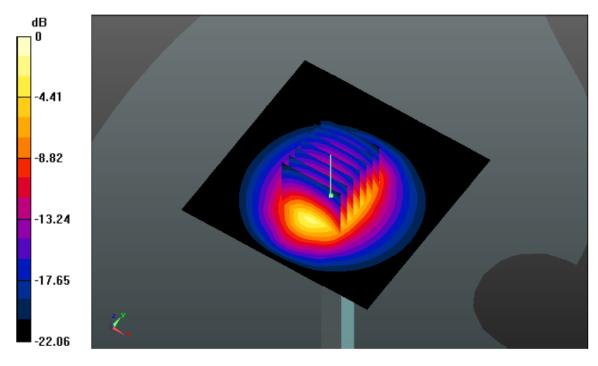
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884 Date:2017-09-25 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.79S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 39.11;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 15/08/2017; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017 Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.313 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 84.314 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.703 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.8 W/kg





System Performance Check 2450MHz Head250mW

## System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

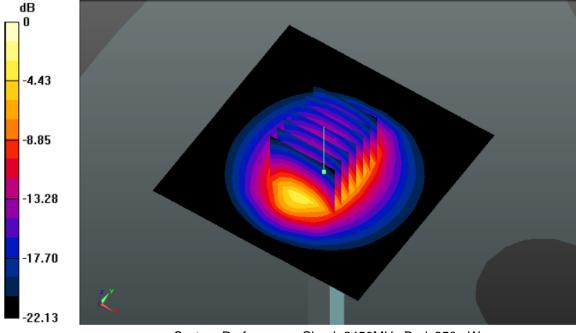
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884 Date:2017-09-25 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.94S/m;  $\epsilon$ r = 52.52;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m3 Phantom section: Flat Section

## DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 15/08/2017; Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017 Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM; Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1):Measurement grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.266 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 84.170 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.174 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.27W/kg



System Performance Check 2450MHz Body250mW

# 10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	Limit (W/kg)				
Type Exposure	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment			
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## 11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

## GSM Conducted Power

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Bodyworn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.
- 3. Per KDB941225 D01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the sourcebased time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.

			cted Power	(dBm)	<b>D</b>	Avera	ager Power (	dBm)
Mode: GSM850		CH128	CH190	CH251	Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251
			836.6MHz	848.8MHz	1 401013	824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
G	SM	33.38	33.38	33.34	-9.03	24.35	24.35	24.31
	1TXslot	33.35	33.37	33.32	-9.03	24.32	24.34	24.29
GPRS	2TXslots	30.77	30.82	30.65	-6.02	24.75	24.80	24.63
(GMSK)	3TXslots	29.00	29.10	28.96	-4.26	24.74	24.84	24.70
	4TXslots	27.81	27.92	27.77	-3.01	24.80	24.91	24.76
		Condu	Conducted Power (dBm)			Averager Power (dBm)		
Mode: F	PCS1900	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	1 dotoro	1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
G	SM	27.65	27.54	27.76	-9.03	18.62	18.51	18.73
	1TXslot	27.63	27.53	27.75	-9.03	18.60	18.50	18.72
GPRS	2TXslots	25.49	25.43	25.63	-6.02	19.47	19.41	19.61
(GMSK)	3TXslots	24.02	24.01	24.15	-4.26	19.76	19.75	19.89
	4TXslots	23.03	23.03	23.12	-3.01	20.02	20.02	20.11

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB 2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB 3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB 4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

## WCDMA Conducted Power

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode to determine SAR test exclusion

A summary of thest setting are illustrated belowe:

## HSDPA Setup Configureation:

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta$ c and  $\beta$ d) and parameters were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - ii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
  - v. Select HSDPA uplink parameters
  - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI=8
  - vii. Set Ack-Nack repetition Factor to 3
  - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (K) to 4ms
  - ix. Set CQI repetition factor to 2
  - x. Power ctrl mode= all up bits

d)

#### The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

#### Table C.10.1.4: $\beta$ values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βc	βa	βd (SF)	β₀/βd	βHS (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
	1000		J. IAA, AACK	and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/$	$p_{hs} = 0$	$p_c$ , and	4 (300) = 241
	with B - 2	1/15 * R					
Note 3:	DPCCH the	/β <sub>d</sub> =12/15, β MPR is based	on the relation	For all other con tive CM difference			H and HS-
Note 3: Note 4:	CM = 1 for β DPCCH the support HSE For subtest 2	$\beta_{d} = 12/15$ , $\beta_{d}$ MPR is based OPA in release 2 the $\beta_{0}/\beta_{d}$ rat	on the related on the related on the related of and later	tive CM difference	e. This is appl	icable for only l ment period (TF	H and HS- JEs that F1, TF0) is

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### **HSUPA Setup Configureation:**

- a) The EUT was connected to base station RS CMU200 referred to the setup configuration
- b) The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements
- c) A call was established between EUT and base station with following setting:
  - i. Call configs = 5.2b, 5.9b, 5.10b, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
  - ii. Set Gain Factors ( $\beta$ c and  $\beta$ d) and parameters (AG index) were set according to each specific subtest in the following table, C11.1.3, Quoted from the TS 34.121
  - iii. Set Cell Power=-86dBm
  - iv. Set channel type= 12.2Kbps + HSPA mode
  - v. Set UE Target power
  - vi. Set Ctrl mode=Alternating bits
  - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal the target E-TFCI of 75 for Sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d) The transmitter maximum output power waw recorded.

Table C.11.1.3:	β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH
-----------------	--

Sub- test	βα	βd	βd (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	β <sub>ec</sub>	β <sub>ed</sub> (Note 5) (Note 6)	β <sub>ed</sub> (SF)	β <sub>ed</sub> (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 47/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1 Note 2	: CM =		B <sub>d</sub> =12/1	15, β <sub>hs</sub> /β <sub>c</sub>	=24/15. F	For all ot	$^* ~ eta_c$ . her combinatio CM difference		DPDCH, [	OPCCH,	HS- DPC	CH, E-E	PDCH
Note 3	For su	btest 1 t	he β₀/β	d ratio of	11/15 for	the TFC	during the maxe TFC (TF1, 1	easure					by
	setun	g une algi					ж н <del>с</del> (н т,						
Note 4	: Forsu	btest 5 t	he β₀/β	d ratio of	15/15 for	the TFC	during the maximum of	easure	ement peri	od (TF1,	TF0) is	achieved	by
	: For su setting : In cas	btest 5 tig	he β∂/β alled g ng by l	d ratio of lain facto JE using	15/15 for rs for the	the TFC	during the m	easure TF1) to	ement peri p $\beta_c = 14/1$	iod (TF1, I5 and β	TF0) is = 15/15	achieved	by

#### **Setup Configuration**

#### **General Note:**

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for Head / Hotsport / Body-worn Exposure is measured using a 12.2Kbps RMC with TPC bit ocnfigured to all 1s
- Per KDB 941225 D01 RMC12.2Kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and Tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA/HSUPA is ≤ 1/4dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio fo specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC 12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

			CDMA Band	V	WCDMA Band II				
Mode		Cond	ucted Power	(dBm)	Cond	Conducted Power (dBm)			
		CH4132	CH4183	CH4233	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538		
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6		
AMR 1	2.2K	22.86	23.17	23.06	22.58	22.82	22.73		
RMC 1	12.2K	22.89	23.20	23.07	22.60	22.85	22.74		
	Subtest-1	21.02	21.30	21.20	20.76	20.98	20.90		
HSDPA	Subtest-2	20.85	21.13	21.03	20.59	20.81	20.73		
HSDPA	Subtest-3	20.85	21.14	21.02	20.59	20.82	20.72		
	Subtest-4	20.57	20.85	20.75	20.32	20.54	20.46		
	Subtest-1	20.46	20.74	20.64	20.21	20.42	20.34		
	Subtest-2	20.30	20.57	20.48	20.05	20.26	20.18		
HSUPA	Subtest-3	20.21	20.48	20.39	19.96	20.17	20.09		
	Subtest-4	20.15	20.42	20.33	19.90	20.11	20.03		
	Subtest-5	20.10	20.37	20.27	19.85	20.06	19.98		

#### WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average putput powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

WIFI							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Data rate		
	01	2412	19.21	16.39	1 Mbps		
802.11b	06	2437	19.65	16.77	1 Mbps		
	11	2462	19.66	16.76	1 Mbps		
	01	2412	18.11	14.19	6 Mbps		
802.11g	06	2437	18.71	14.62	6 Mbps		
	11	2462	18.95	14.82	6 Mbps		
	01	2412	16.27	12.41	6.5 Mbps		
802.11n(HT20)	06	2437	16.70	12.71	6.5 Mbps		
	11	2462	16.89	12.86	6.5 Mbps		

Note: The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

## Bluetooth Conducted Power

Bluetooth							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)				
	0	2402	4.94				
GFSK	39	2441	6.37				
	78	2480	5.43				
	0	2402	3.94				
π/4QPSK	39	2441	5.08				
	78	2480	4.18				
	0	2402	4.48				
8DPSK	39	2441	5.84				
	78	2480	4.83				

# 12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

GSM						
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)					
Mode	GSM850	PCS1900				
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.50	28.00				
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.50	28.00				
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	31.00	26.00				
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.50	24.50				
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	28.00	23.50				

WCDMA							
Mode	Maximum T	une-up (dBm)					
Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II					
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.50	23.00					
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.50	23.00					
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.50	21.00					
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.50	21.00					
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.50	21.00					
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.50	21.00					
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.00	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.00	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.00	20.50					
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.00	20.50					

	WLAN							
Mode	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Peak Power	Maximum Tune-up (dBm) Burst Average Power						
802.11b	20.00	17.00						
802.11g	19.00	15.00						
802.11n(HT20)	16.00	13.00						

Bluetooth							
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up (dBm)				
	0	2402	6.50				
GFSK	39	2441	6.50				
	78	2480	6.50				
	0	2402	6.50				
π/4QPSK	39	2441	6.50				
	78	2480	6.50				
	0	2402	6.50				
8DPSK	39	2441	6.50				
	78	2480	6.50				

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm are determined by:

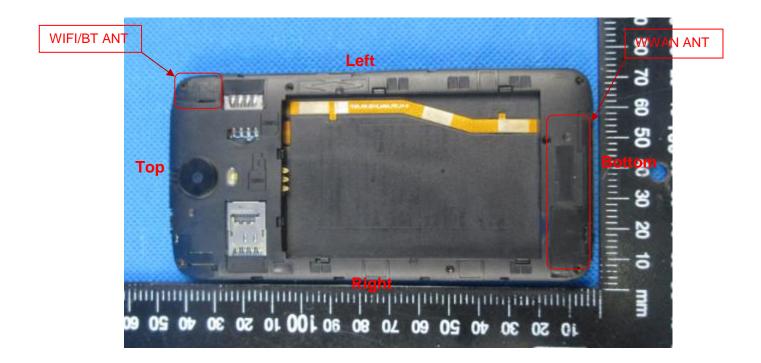
[(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \*  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

Туре	Tune up power			on Threshold · (mW)	SAR Exclusion	
	dBm	mW	Head	Body	Head	Body
WiFi	17.00	50.12	9.6	19.2	No	No
Bluetooth	6.50	4.47	9.6	19.2	Yes	Yes

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is <5mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

The test exclusion thereshold is  $\leq$  3, SAR testing is not required.

# 13. Antenna Location



Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode							
Antenna	Antenna Back Front Top side Bottom side Right side Left side						
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
WIFI / BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

## 14. SAR Measurement Results

## Head SAR

					GSM850	)				
	Teet	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Teet
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.12	0.211	0.215	H1
		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	0.13	0.161	0.165	-
GPRS		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
,	Right- Cheek	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	0.05	0.196	0.199	-
	Chook	251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.07	0.148	0.151	-
		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900	)				
	Test	Fre	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-0.14	0.078	0.087	H2
	Chiech	810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-0.10	0.063	0.070	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
,	Right- Cheek	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.07	0.075	0.084	-
	Chiech	810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.09	0.059	0.066	-
		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

				WC	DMA Ba	nd V				
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.05	0.178	0.191	H3
	Chicon	4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.04	0.146	0.157	-
RMC 12.2K		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
bps		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.07	0.170	0.182	-
	Chicon	4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	0.02	0.136	0.146	-
		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-

				wo	DMA Ba	nd II				
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	0.17	0.206	0.213	H4
	Chicon	9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	0.10	0.166	0.171	-
RMC 12.2K		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
bps		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Right- Cheek	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.23	0.199	0.206	-
	Chook	9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.09	0.156	0.162	-
		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

					WLAN					
	Test	Free	quency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
		01	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Left- Cheek	06	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	0.14	0.110	0.116	H5
	Chicon	11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		01	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	06	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	-0.19	0.093	0.098	-
802.11 b		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
1Mbps		01	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
•	Right- Cheek	06	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	-0.08	0.106	0.112	-
	Chicola	11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		01	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	06	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	0.10	0.089	0.094	-
		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for head is "LeftCheek", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

- 2. When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
  - a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
  - b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg,the 802.11g/n is not required.

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR												
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled reported SAR						
wode	Test Fosition	СН	MHz	Actual duty lactor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	(1g)(W/kg)						
	Left-Cheek	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.116	0.121						
802.11b	Left-Tilt	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.098	0.103						
1Mbps	Right-Cheek	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.112	0.117						
	Right-Tilt	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.094	0.098						

Note:

1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 95.72% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

## Body SAR

					<b>GSM850</b>					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Devee	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Front	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	0.05	0.453	0.462	-
GPRS		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
,	Back	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.11	0.687	0.700	B1
		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

					PCS1900					
	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Devuer	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.09	0.211	0.235	-
GPRS		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
(4Tx slot)		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
,	Back	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-0.12	0.323	0.360	B2
		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-

				WCD	MA Band	V k				
Mode	Test Position	Freq CH	uency MHz	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	0.02	0.253	0.271	-
RMC		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Back	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.05	0.356	0.381	B3
		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-

				WCD	MA Bano	li b				
	<b>+</b> ,	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	ſ	Measured	Report	<b>-</b>
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Front	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.05	0.550	0.569	-
RMC		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
12.2Kbps		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	0.06	0.735	0.805	-
	Back	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.12	0.802	0.830	B4
		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	0.11	0.779	0.827	-

					WLAN					
	Teet	Freq	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dowor	Measured	Report	Teat
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		1	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	-0.27	0.069	0.073	-
802.11b		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
1Mbps		1	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Back	6	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	0.18	0.101	0.107	B5
		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

Note:

 According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR												
Mode	Test Position	Fre	quency	Actual duty factor	maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled						
woue	Test Position	CH MHz		Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)						
802.11b	Front	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.073	0.076						
1Mbps	Back	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.107	0.111						

Note:

1. According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 95.72% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

## Hotspot SAR

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode							
Antenna	Back	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side	
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
WIFI / BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are >9cm\*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

	GSM850									
	Test	Frequ	uency	Conducted	Tune up	Tune	Devicer	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
	Front	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	0.05	0.453	0.462	-
		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		128	824.2	27.81	28.00	1.05	-	-	-	-
GPRS	Back	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.11	0.687	0.700	B1
(4Tx slot)		251	848.8	27.77	28.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
,	Left	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	0.06	0.492	0.501	-
	Right	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.04	0.219	0.223	-
	Тор	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	190	836.6	27.92	28.00	1.02	-0.15	0.468	0.477	-

					PCS190	0				
Mode	Test	Freq	uency	Conducted Power	Tune up limit	Tune up	Power	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Test
Widde	Position	СН	MHz	(dBm)	(dBm)	scaling factor	Drift(dB)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	Plot
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Front	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.09	0.211	0.235	-
		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
		512	1850.2	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
GPRS	Back	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-0.12	0.323	0.360	B2
(4Tx slot)		810	1909.8	23.12	23.50	1.09	-	-	-	-
	Left	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.05	0.228	0.253	-
	Right	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	0.03	0.107	0.119	-
	Тор	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	661	1880.0	23.03	23.50	1.11	-0.12	0.222	0.248	-

### Report No: TRE17090043

				WC	DMA Bar	d V				
	Test	Frequ	uency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	D	Measured	Report	-
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Front	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	0.02	0.253	0.271	-
		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
		4132	826.4	22.89	23.50	1.15	-	-	-	-
RMC	Back	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.05	0.356	0.381	B3
12.2Kbps		4233	846.6	23.07	23.50	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Left	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-0.07	0.242	0.259	-
	Right	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	0.05	0.133	0.142	-
	Тор	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	4183	836.6	23.20	23.50	1.07	0.02	0.234	0.251	-

				WCI	DMA Ban	d II				
	Test	Frequency		Conducted	Tune	Tune	Dawar	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Test Plot
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	-	-	-	-
	Front	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.05	0.550	0.569	-
		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		9262	1852.4	22.60	23.00	1.10	0.06	0.735	0.805	-
RMC	Back	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.12	0.802	0.830	B4
12.2Kbps		9538	1907.6	22.74	23.00	1.06	0.11	0.779	0.827	-
	Left	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	0.09	0.528	0.546	-
	Right	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.15	0.299	0.310	-
	Тор	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-	-	-	-
	Bottom	9400	1880.0	22.85	23.00	1.03	-0.06	0.486	0.503	-

					WLAN					
	Test	Freq	luency	Conducted	Tune	Tune	Power	Measured	Report	Test
Mode	Position	СН	MHz	Power (dBm)	up limit (dBm)	up scaling factor	Drift(dB)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot
		1	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
	Front	6	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	-0.27	0.069	0.073	-
		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
		1	2412	16.39	17.00	1.15	-	-	-	-
802.11b	Back	6	2437	16.77	17.00	1.06	0.18	0.101	0.107	B5
1Mbps		11	2462	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
	Left	6	2437	16.76	17.00	1.06	0.13	0.084	0.089	-
	Right	6	2437	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-
	Тор	6	2437	16.76	17.00	1.06	-0.06	0.067	0.070	-
	Bottom	6	2437	16.76	17.00	1.06	-	-	-	-

Note:

1. According to the above table, the initial test position for body is "Back", and its reported SAR is≤ 0.4W/kg. Thus further SAR measurement is not required for the other (remaining) test positions. Because the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposureconfiguration is ≤ 0.8W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposureconfiguration.

 When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

a) When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.

b) When the highest *reported* SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. the 802.11g/n is not required

	WLAN- Scaled Reported SAR									
Mode	Test Position	Fre	equency		maximum	Reported SAR	Scaled			
wode	Test Position	СН	MHz	Actual duty factor	duty factor	(1g)(W/kg)	reported SAR (1g)(W/kg)			
	Front	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.073	0.076			
802.11b	Back	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.107	0.111			
1Mbps	Right	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.089	0.093			
	Тор	6	2437	95.72%	100%	0.070	0.074			

Note:

 According to the KDB248227 D01, The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. A maximum transmission duty factor of 95.72% is achievable for WLAN in this project.

## SAR Test Data Plots

```
Test mode: GSM850-GPRS 4TS Test Position: Left Head Cheek Test Plot: H1
```

Date:2017-09-19

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.89 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.478;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

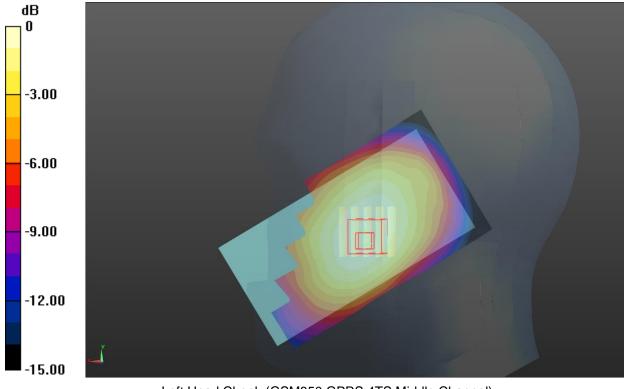
•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- •Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017
- •Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.238 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.738 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.244 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.211 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 4	6 of 61	Issued:	2017-09-27
Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H2

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

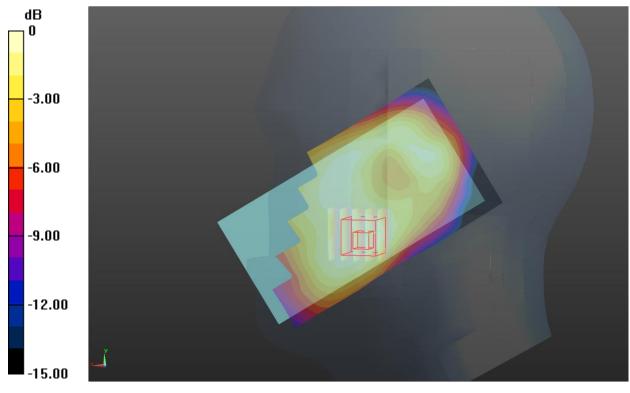
#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0914 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.877 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.078 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0879 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (PCS1900 Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 4	7 of 61	Issued:	2017-09-2	27
Test mode:	WCDMA Band V	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H3	

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.89 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 41.478;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.15, 9.15, 9.15); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

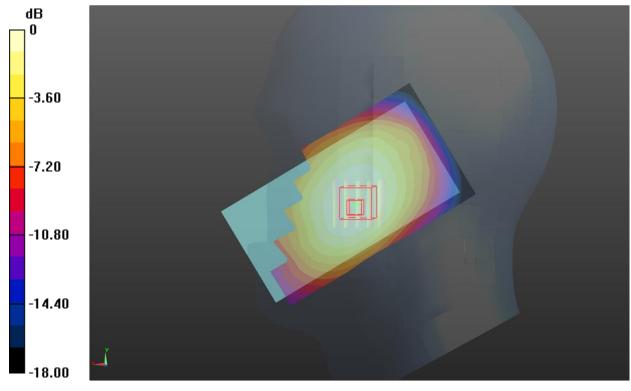
•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.195 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.196 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 4	8 of 61	Issued:	2017-09-27	
Test mode:	WCDMA Band II	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H4	

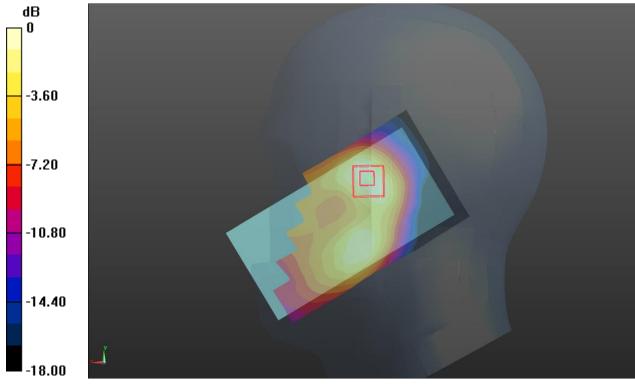
Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.45 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.74;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.58, 7.58, 7.58); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017
Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.585 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.344 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.206 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.261 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 4	9 of 61	Issued:	2017-09-	27
Test mode:	WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Left Head Cheek	Test Plot:	H5	

Communication System: wifi; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.889 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.997;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(6.92, 6.92, 6.92); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

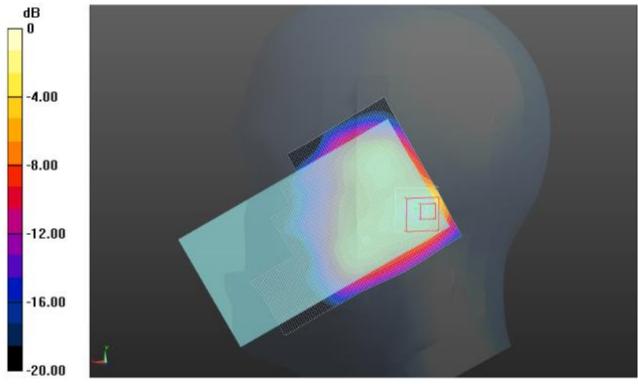
•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.233 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.638 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.382 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (WLAN middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 5	0 of 61	Issued: 20	17-09-27
Test mode:	GSM850 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Body- worn Rear Side	Test Plot:	B1

```
Date:2017-09-20
```

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.858;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY 5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

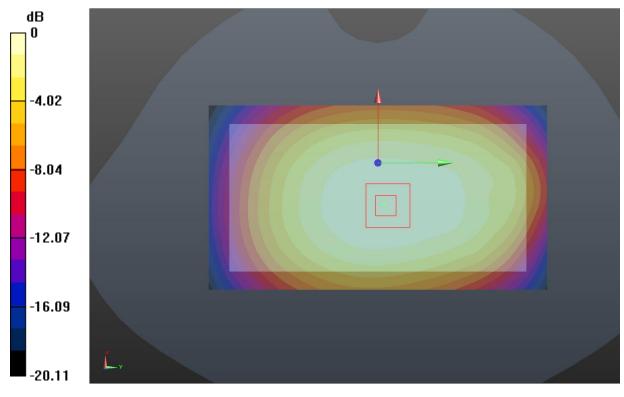
•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.761 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.265 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.687 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.755 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 5	51 of 61	Issued: 20	17-09-27
Test mode:	PCS1900 GPRS 4TS	Test Position:	Body- worn Rear Side	Test Plot:	B2

```
Date:2017-09-22
```

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

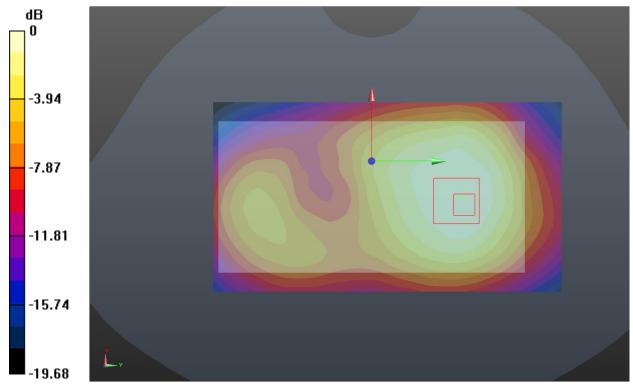
•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.804 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.323 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 5	Page: 52 of 61		17-09-27
Test mode:	WCDMA Band V	Test Position	Body- worn Rear Side	Test Plot	R3

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.6 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.96 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.858;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(9.02, 9.02, 9.02); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

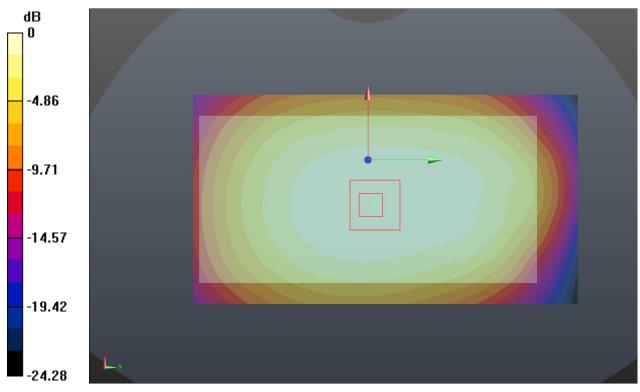
•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.386 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.932 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.392 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (WCDMA Band V Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 5	Page: 53 of 61		17-09-27
Test mode:	WCDMA Band II	Test Position:	Body- worn Rear Side	Test Plot:	B4

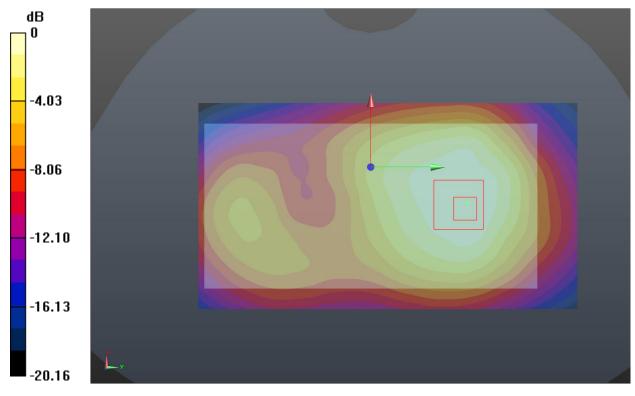
Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.57 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 51.14;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.32, 7.32, 7.32); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017
Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.977 W/kg Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 15.970 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.175 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.802 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.520 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.929 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (WCDMA Band II Middle Channel)

Report No:	TRE17090043	Page: 54 of 61		Issued: 2017-09-27	
Test mode:	WLAN 802.11b	Test Position:	Body- worn Rear Side	Test Plot:	B5

Communication System: wifi; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 2437 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.02 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 50.719;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

•Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3842; ConvF(7.01, 7.01, 7.01); Calibrated: 15/08/2017;

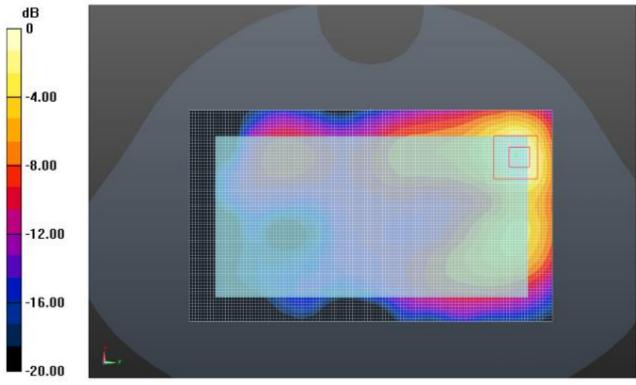
•Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

•Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 15/08/2017

•Phantom: SAM 2; Type: SAM;

•Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.198 W/kg Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.184 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.293 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.101 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 W/kg



Body- worn Rear side (WLAN 802.11b Middle Channel)

## 15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
3	WCDMA(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
4	WCDMA(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
5	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
6	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	
7	WCDMA (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	NA	
8	WCDMA (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

General note:

1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.

2. EUT will choose either GSM or WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.

3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position

4. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below

a) [(max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] \* [√f(GHz)/x]W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50mm; whetn x=7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x=18.75 for 10-g SAR.

b) When the minimum separation distance is <5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion

c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is >50mm.

Bluetooth Exposure position		Head	Body worn
Max power Test separation		0mm	10mm
6.50 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.186 W/kg	0.093 W/kg

## Maximum reported SAR value for Head

	WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS						
10/10/01	N Band	Exposure	Max SAI	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR		
VVVA		Position	WWAN PCS	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)		
		Left Cheek	0.215	0.121	0.336		
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.165	0.103	0.267		
	GSIMODU	Right Cheek	0.199	0.117	0.316		
GSM		Right Tilted	0.151	0.098	0.249		
GSIVI		Left Cheek	0.087	0.121	0.208		
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.070	0.103	0.173		
		Right Cheek	0.084	0.117	0.200		
		Right Tilted	0.066	0.098	0.163		
		Left Cheek	0.191	0.121	0.312		
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.157	0.103	0.260		
	Dallu V	Right Cheek	0.182	0.117	0.299		
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.146	0.098	0.244		
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.213	0.121	0.334		
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.171	0.103	0.274		
		Right Cheek	0.206	0.117	0.322		
		Right Tilted	0.162	0.098	0.260		

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth						
WWAN Band		Exposure	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR	
VVVA	N Danu	Position	WWAN PCS	Bluetooth	(W/kg)	
		Left Cheek	0.215	0.186	0.402	
	GSM850	Left Tilted	0.165	0.186	0.351	
	GSIMODU	Right Cheek	0.199	0.186	0.386	
GSM		Right Tilted	0.151	0.186	0.337	
GOIN		Left Cheek	0.087	0.186	0.273	
	PCS1900	Left Tilted	0.070	0.186	0.256	
		Right Cheek	0.084	0.186	0.270	
		Right Tilted	0.066	0.186	0.252	
		Left Cheek	0.191	0.186	0.377	
	Band V	Left Tilted	0.157	0.186	0.343	
	Dallu V	Right Cheek	0.182	0.186	0.368	
WCDMA		Right Tilted	0.146	0.186	0.332	
VVCDIVIA		Left Cheek	0.213	0.186	0.400	
	Band II	Left Tilted	0.171	0.186	0.358	
	Dariu II	Right Cheek	0.206	0.186	0.392	
		Right Tilted	0.162	0.186	0.348	

## Maximum reported SAR value for Body

WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS					
		Exposure	Max SAF	R (W/kg)	Summed SAR
VVVA	N Band	Position	WWAN PCS	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.462	0.076	0.538
GSM		Back	0.700	0.111	0.812
GSIM	PCS1900	Front	0.235	0.076	0.311
		Back	0.360	0.111	0.471
	Bond \/	Front	0.271	0.076	0.347
WCDMA	Band V	Back	0.381	0.111	0.493
	Band II	Front	0.569	0.076	0.645
		Back	0.830	0.111	0.941

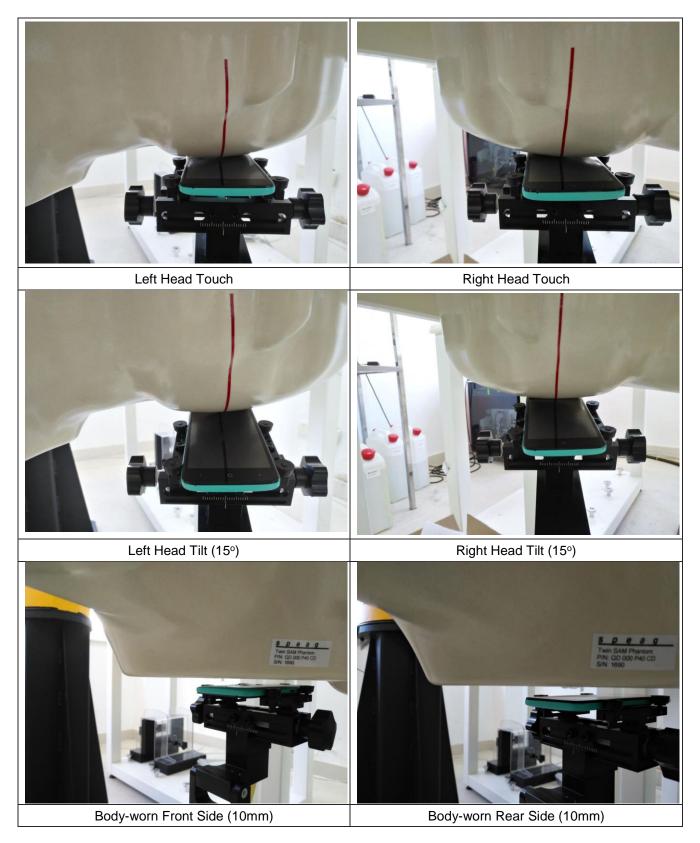
WWAN PCE + Bluetooth					
10/10/0			Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCS	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.462	0.093	0.555
	G310000	Back	0.700	0.093	0.794
GSM	PCS1900	Front	0.235	0.093	0.328
		Back	0.360	0.093	0.453
	Pand \/	Front	0.271	0.093	0.365
WCDMA	Band V	Back	0.381	0.093	0.474
		Front	0.569	0.093	0.662
	Band II	Back	0.830	0.093	0.923

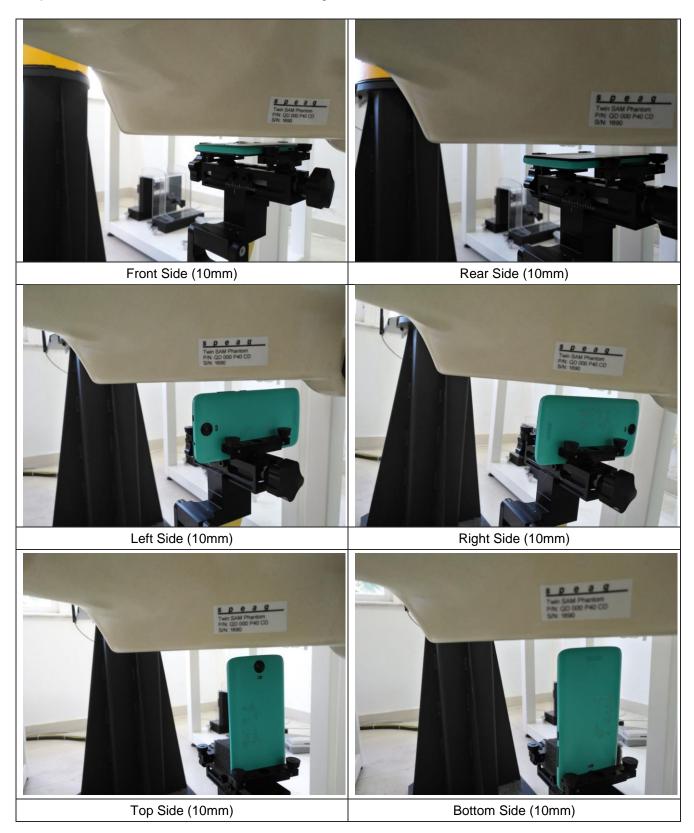
## Maximum reported SAR value for Hotspot mode

	WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS				
	N Dond	Exposure	Max S	AR (W/kg)	Summed SAR
VVVA	N Band	Position	WWAN PCS	WLAN DTS	(W/kg)
		Front	0.462	0.076	0.538
		Back	0.700	0.111	0.812
	GSM850	Left side	0.501	0.093	0.594
	6310000	Right side	0.223	-	0.223
		Top side	-	0.074	0.074
GSM		Bottom side	0.477	-	0.477
GSIM		Front	0.235	0.076	0.311
	PCS1900	Back	0.360	0.111	0.471
		Left side	0.253	0.093	0.347
		Right side	0.119	-	0.119
		Top side	-	0.074	0.074
		Bottom side	0.248	-	0.248
		Front	0.271	0.076	0.347
		Back	0.381	0.111	0.493
	Band V	Left side	0.259	0.093	0.353
	Danu V	Right side	0.142	-	0.142
		Top side	-	0.074	0.074
WCDMA		Bottom side	0.251	-	0.251
VVCDIVIA		Front	0.569	0.076	0.645
		Back	0.830	0.111	0.941
	Band II	Left side	0.546	0.093	0.639
	Danu II	Right side	0.310	-	0.310
		Top side	-	0.074	0.074
		Bottom side	0.503	-	0.503

## 16. TestSetup Photos

Liquid depth in the head phantom (835MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (835MHz)
215578/B12315 6.7 8 9 (2011 2 3 4 5 6	MIIII 6 7 8 961 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Liquid depth in the head phantom (1900MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (1900MHz)
Liquid depth in the head phantom (2450MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)





## 17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1709004201

-----End of Report-----

## 1.1. Probe Calibration Certificate

Tel: +86-10-6230463	n Road, Haidian Distric 3-2218 Fax: +86	-10-62304633-2209	CNAS LO
E-mail: cttl@chinatt	.com <u>Http://w</u>	ww.chinattl.cn Certificate No: Z17-	97110
CALIBRATION CE			
Object	EX3DV4	- SN:3842	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF 744 0		
	FF-Z11-0 Calibratio	104-01 on Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes	
Calibration date:	August 1	5 2017	
Calibration date.	August 1	5, 2017	
pages and are part of the ce All calibrations have been	rtificate.	ne uncertainties with confidence probability a ne closed laboratory facility: environment	temperature(22±3)°C an
pages and are part of the ce All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for	e closed laboratory facility: environment	
pages and are part of the ce All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # (	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibratio
pages and are part of the ce All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # ( 101919	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)	Scheduled Calibratio
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # ( 101919 101547	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857)	Scheduled Calibratio Jun-18 Jun-18
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All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # ( 101919 101547 101548	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Scheduled Calibratio Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # ( 101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL,No.J16X01547)	Scheduled Calibratio Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Mar-18
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # ( 101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548)	Scheduled Calibratio Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17
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All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # 0 101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7433 SN 549 ID #	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548) 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17 ) Dec -17
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # 0 101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7433 SN 549 ID #	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(SPEAG, No.EX3-7433_Sep16) 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858) 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X0285)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17 Dec -17 Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jan -18
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGeneratorMG3700A Network Analyzer E5071C	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # (101919) 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7433 SN 7433 SN 549 ID # 6201052605	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548) 26-Sep-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16) 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17 ) Dec -17 Scheduled Calibration Jun-18
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGeneratorMG3700A	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # (101919) 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7433 SN 549 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(SPEAG, No.EX3-7433_Sep16) 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16 Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858) 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X0285)	Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17 Dec -17 Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jan -18
All calibrations have been humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment used Primary Standards Power Meter NRP2 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference10dBAttenuator Reference20dBAttenuator Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGeneratorMG3700A Network Analyzer E5071C	rtificate. conducted in th (M&TE critical for ID # 0 101919 101547 101548 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7433 SN 7433 SN 549 ID # 6201052605 MY46110673 Name	e closed laboratory facility: environment calibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05857) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01547) 13-Mar-16(CTTL, No.J16X01548) 26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16) 13-Dec-16(SPEAG, No.DAE4-549_Dec16) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 27-Jun-17 (CTTL, No.J17X05858) 13-Jan-17 (CTTL, No.J17X0285) Function	Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jun-18 Jun-18 Mar-18 Mar-18 Sep-17 Dec -17 Scheduled Calibration Jun-18 Jan -18

Certificate No: Z17-97110

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#### **Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i
	θ=0 is normal to probe axis
O A	information used in DACV evotem to align probe concer V to the robot coordinate system

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010

d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ=0 (f≤900MHz in TEM-cell; f>1800MHz: waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z\* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This
  linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the
  frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax, y, z; Bx, y, z; Cx, y, z; VRx, y, z:A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f≤800MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f >800MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z\* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from±50MHz to±100MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat
  phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the
  probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe EX3DV4

## SN: 3842

Calibrated: August 15, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3842

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.34	0.53	0.42	±10.0%
DCP(mV) <sup>B</sup>	102.3	102.6	101.2	

## **Modulation Calibration Parameters**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0 CW		X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.4	±2.1%
	1971 - 1971	Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		176.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		153.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 5 and Page 6).

 <sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 <sup>E</sup> Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3842

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
900	41.5	0.97	9.15	9.15	9.15	0.16	1.37	±12.1%
1750	40.1	1.37	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.23	1.09	±12.1%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.58	7.58	7.58	0.20	1.19	±12.1%
2450	39.2	1.80	6.92	6.92	6.92	0.32	1.16	±12.1%
2600	39.0	1.96	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.40	0.93	±12.1%

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm$  110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than  $\pm$  1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below  $\pm$  2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN: 3842

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

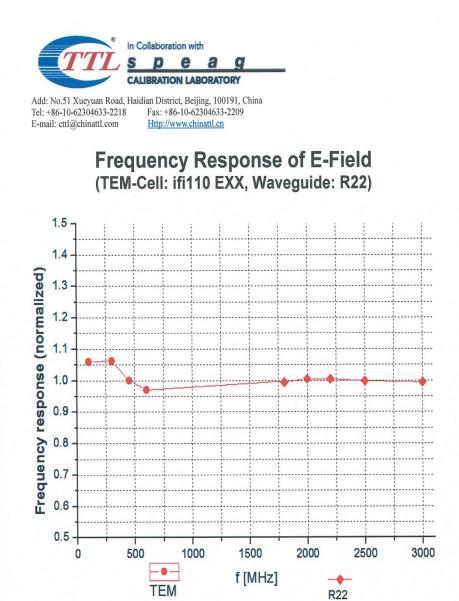
f [MHz] <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.31	9.31	9.31	0.30	0.90	±12.1%
900	55.0	1.05	9.02	9.02	9.02	0.24	1.15	±12.1%
1750	53.4	1.49	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.23	1.12	±12.1%
1900	53.3	1.52	7.32	7.32	7.32	0.22	1.21	±12.1%
2450	52.7	1.95	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.42	1.04	±12.1%
2600	52.5	2.16	6.97	6.97	6.97	0.42	1.01	±12.1%

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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