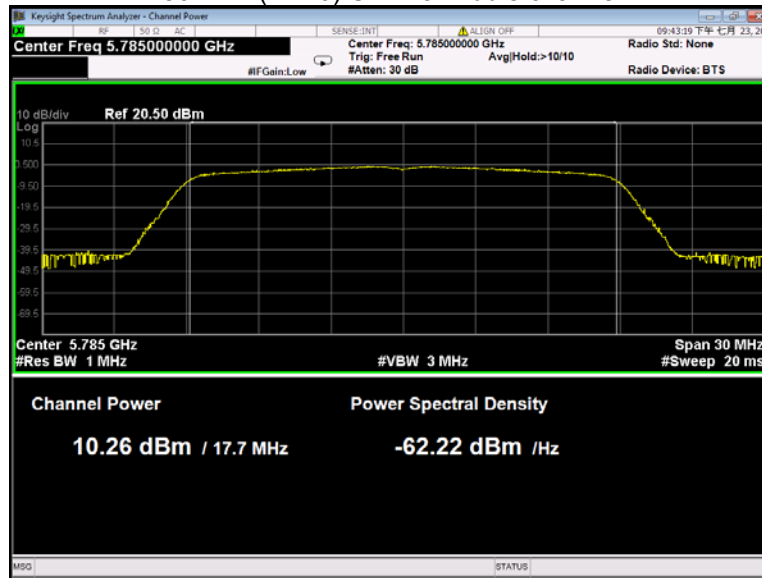
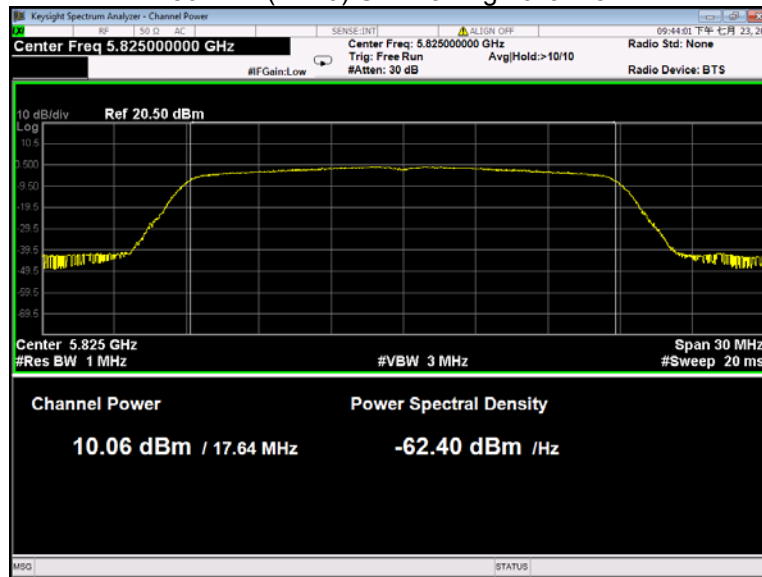


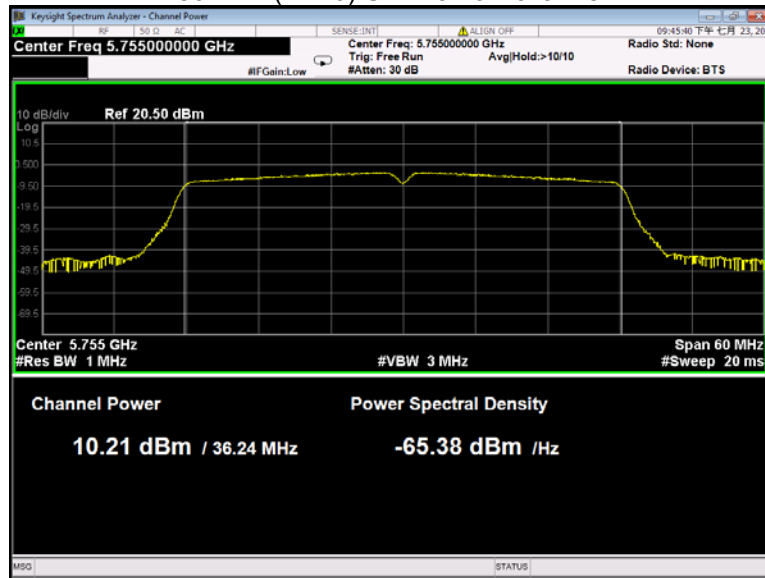
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



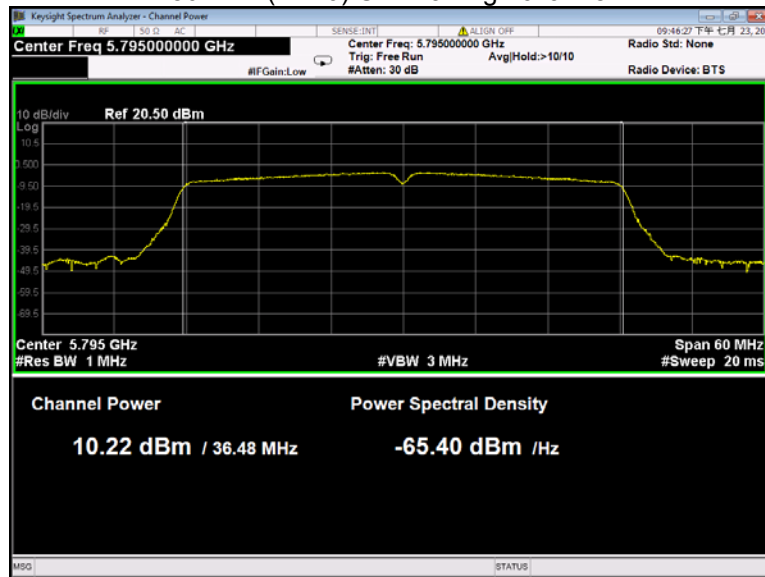
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



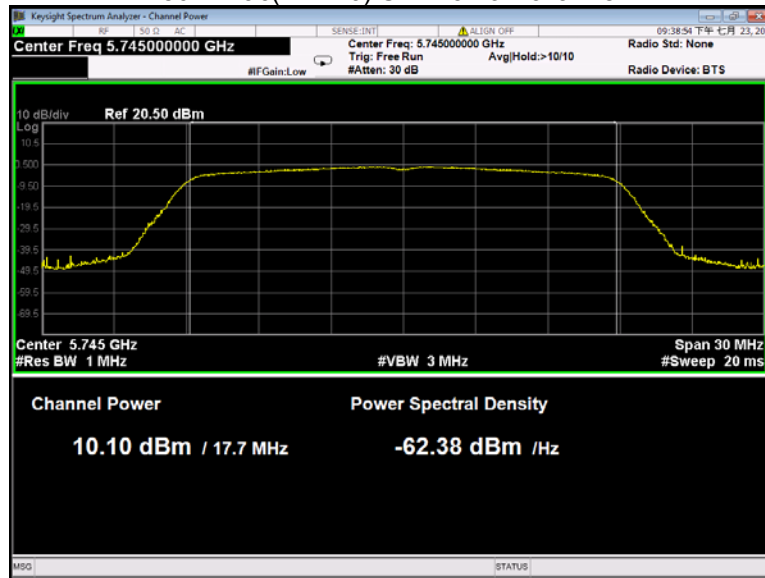
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



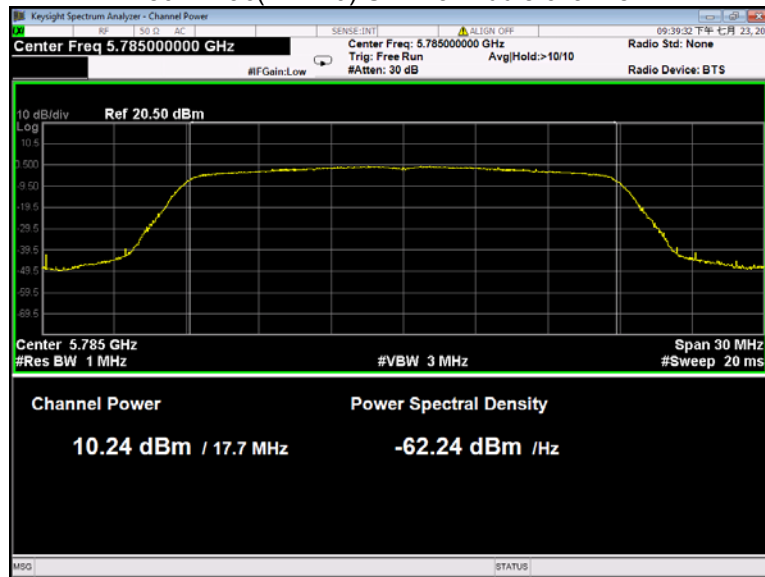
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



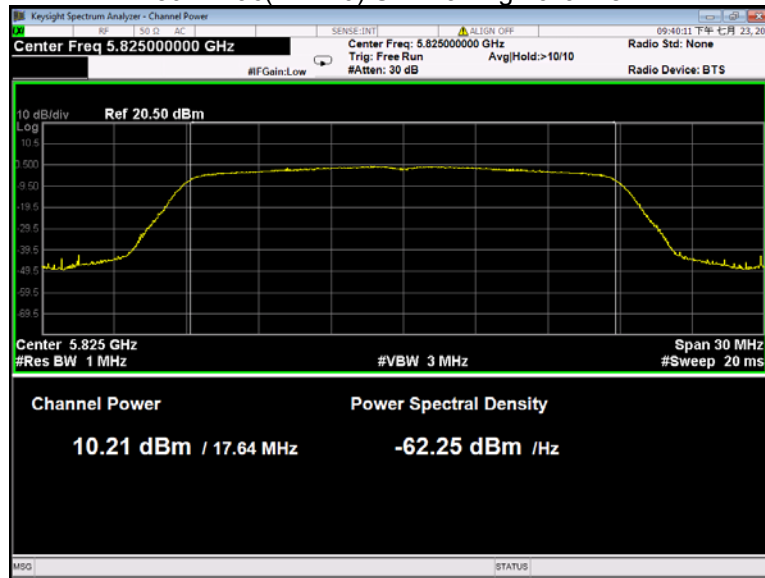
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 Low channel



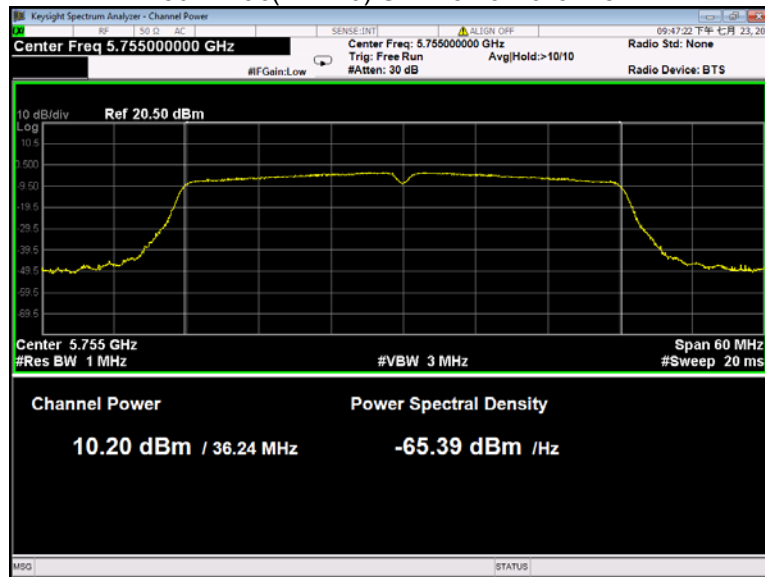
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



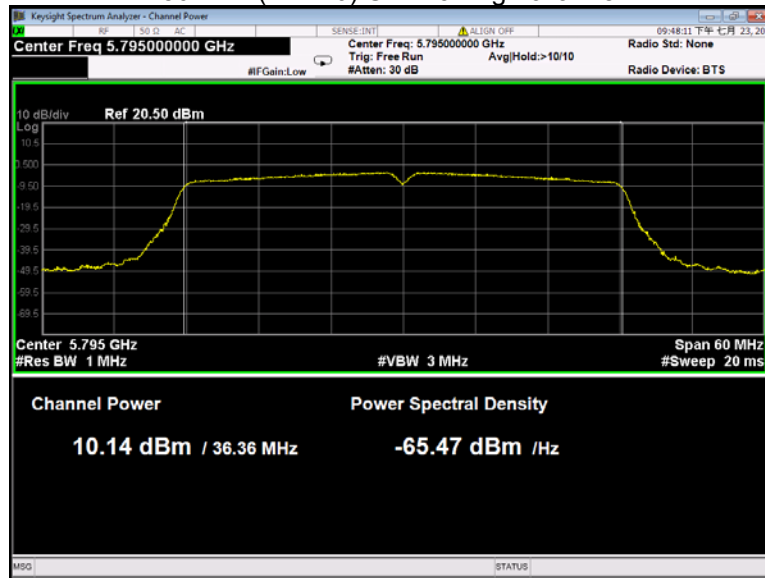
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 High channel



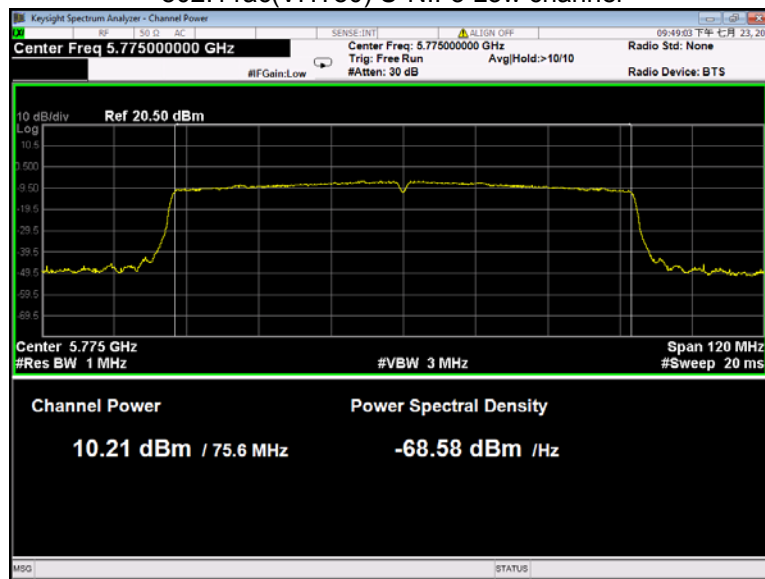
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



802.11n(VHT40) U-NII-3 High channel



802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-3 Low channel



14 Power Spectral density

Test Requirement:	FCC 47CFR Part 15 Section 15.407(a)
Test Method:	KDB 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01
Test Limit:	≤11dBm/MHz for Operation in the U-NII-1(5150MHz-5250MHz,5250-5350MHz and 5470-5725MHz)of device; ≤30dBm/500kHz for Operation in the U-NII-3(5725MHz-5850MHz)of device
Test Result:	PASS

14.1 Test Procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
U-NII-1
RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥3* RBW Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
U-NII-3
RBW = 510KHz, VBW ≥3* RBW Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section
Submit this plot.

14.2 Test Result

Band	Operation mode	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
U-NII-1	802.11a	5.344	4.477	4.198
	802.11n(HT20)	4.426	4.214	4.323
	802.11n(HT40)	1.642	/	1.823
	802.11ac(VHT20)	4.454	4.315	4.131
	802.11ac(VHT40)	1.511	/	1.453
	802.11ac(VHT80)	-0.627	/	/
	Limit	≤11.00dBm/MHz		

Band	Operation mode	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
U-NII-2A	802.11a	4.792	4.628	4.636
	802.11n(HT20)	4.548	4.469	4.572
	802.11n(HT40)	1.520	/	1.438
	802.11ac(VHT20)	4.415	4.532	4.704
	802.11ac(VHT40)	1.355	/	1.358
	802.11ac(VHT80)	-0.931	/	/
	Limit	≤11.00dBm/MHz		

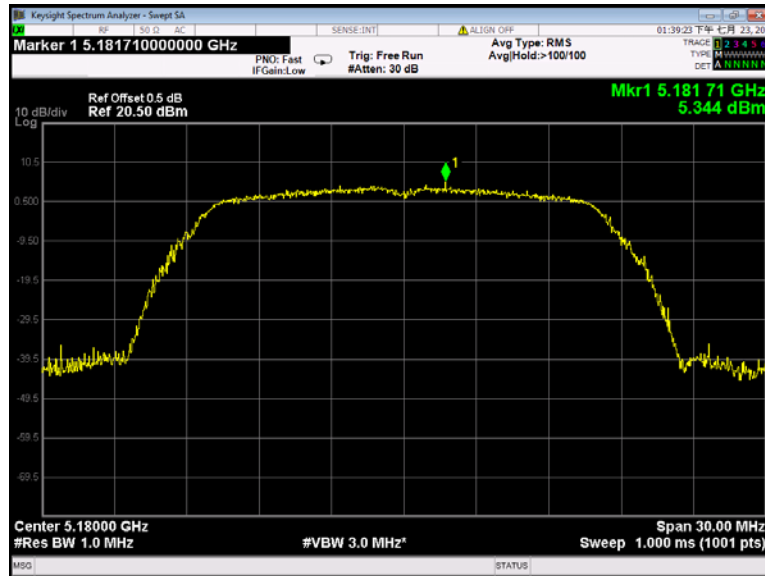
Band	Operation mode	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
U-NII-2C	802.11a	4.347	4.502	4.412
	802.11n(HT20)	4.630	4.296	4.585
	802.11n(HT40)	1.339	1.514	1.829
	802.11ac(VHT20)	4.592	4.056	4.468
	802.11ac(VHT40)	1.289	1.508	1.730
	802.11ac(VHT80)	-0.904	-0.659	/
	Limit	≤11.00dBm/MHz		

Band	Operation mode	Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)		
		Low	Middle	High
U-NII-3	802.11a	2.370	2.752	2.679
	802.11n(HT20)	2.289	2.512	2.459
	802.11n(HT40)	0.148	/	-0.509
	802.11ac(VHT20)	2.588	2.684	2.208
	802.11ac(VHT40)	-0.612	/	-0.628
	802.11ac(VHT80)	-3.228	/	/
	Limit	≤30.00dBm/500kHz		

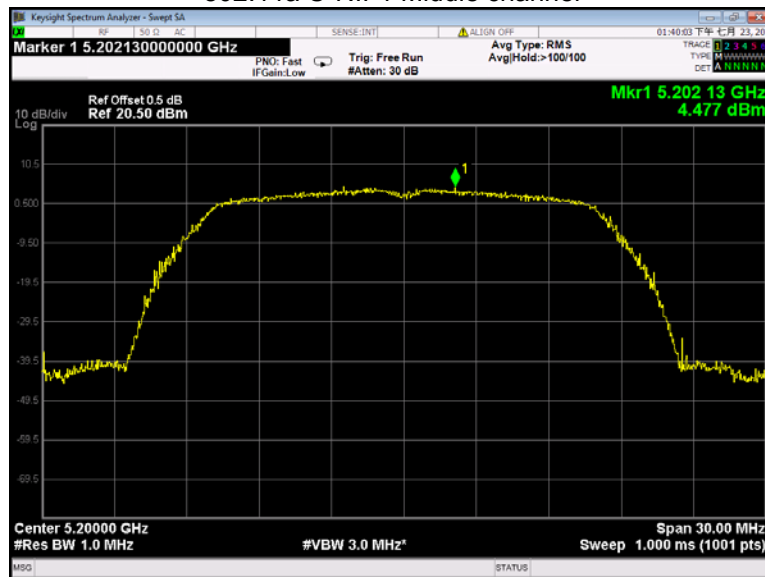
* All transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other, Directional gain = G_{ANT} which is less than 6dBi. So the limit does not be reduced.

Test result plots shown as follows:

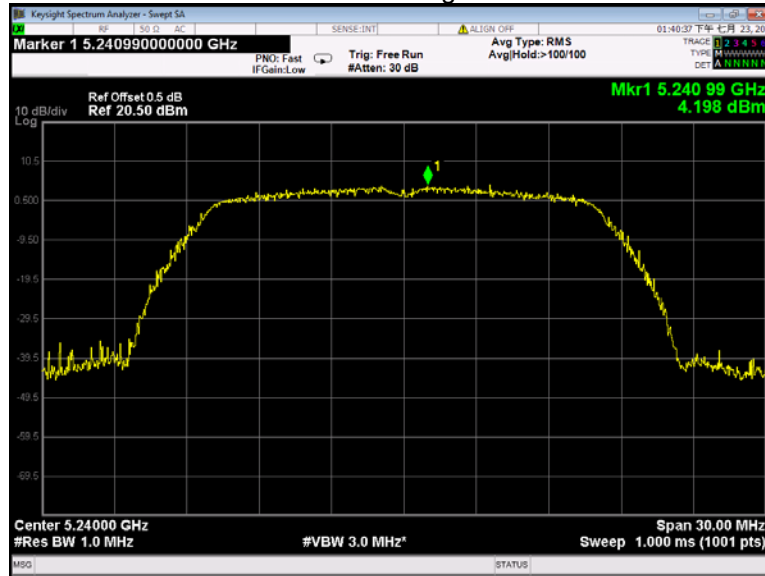
802.11a U-NII-1 Low channel



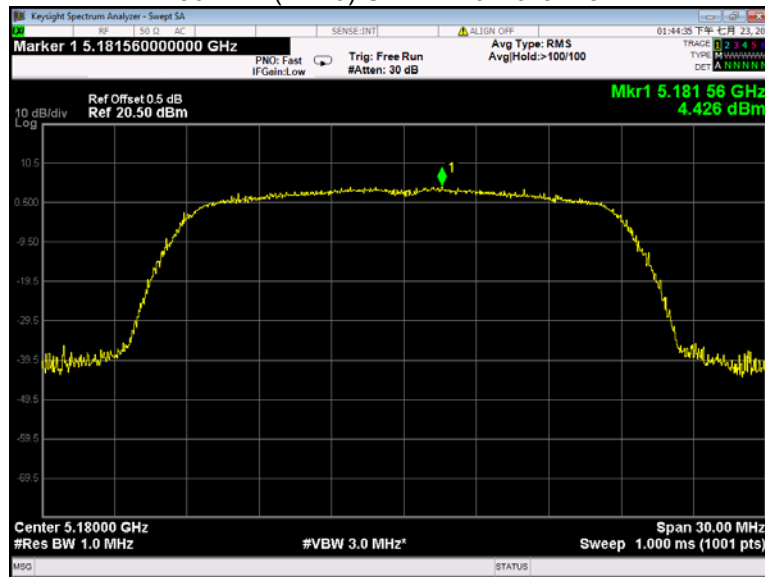
802.11a U-NII-1 Middle channel



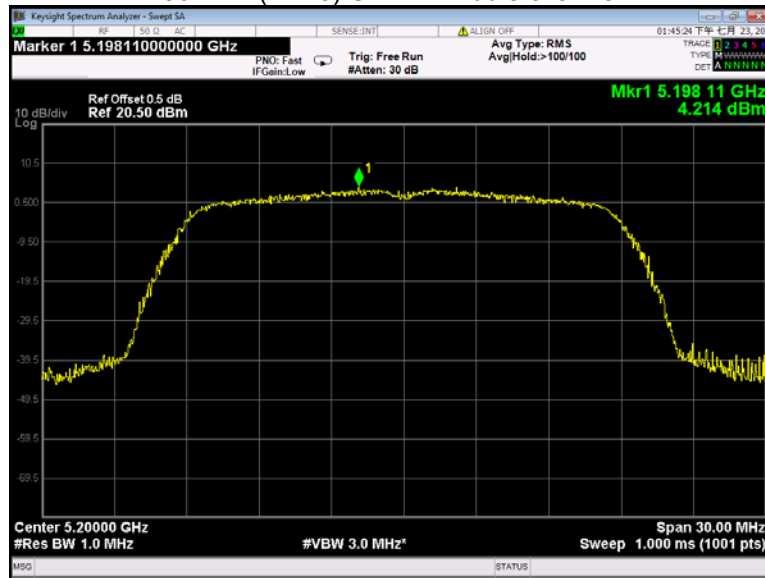
802.11a U-NII-1 High channel



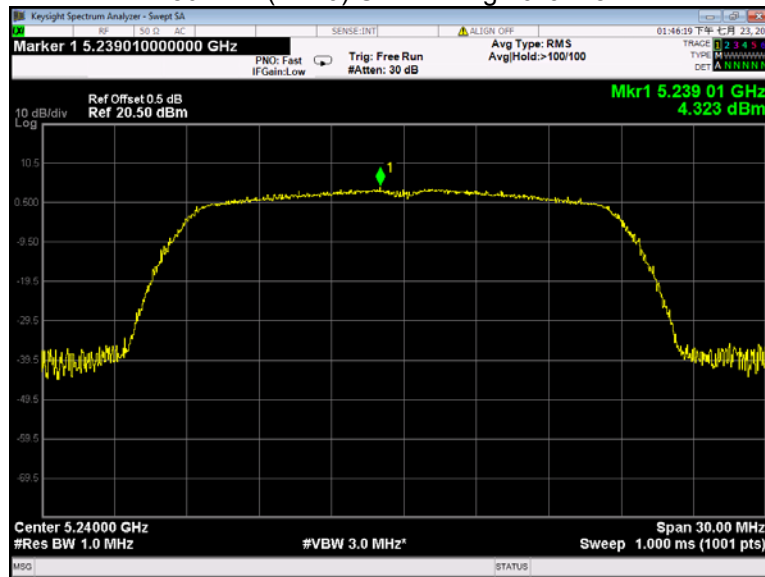
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



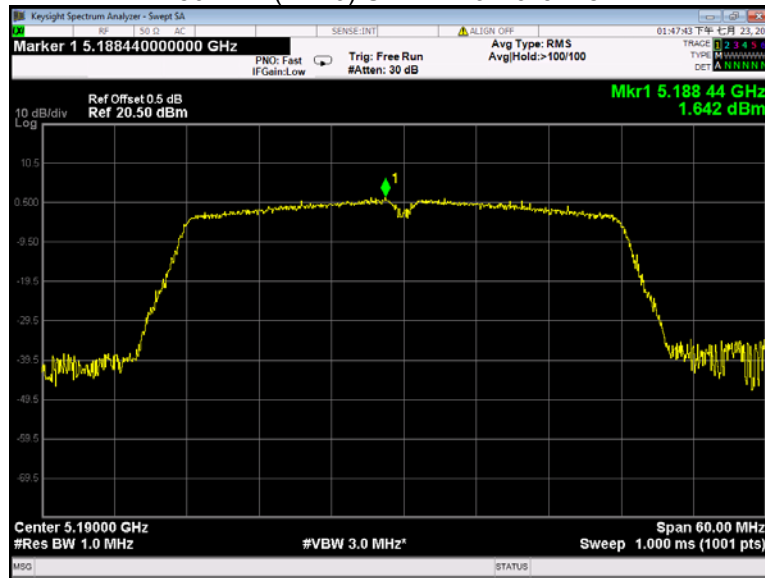
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



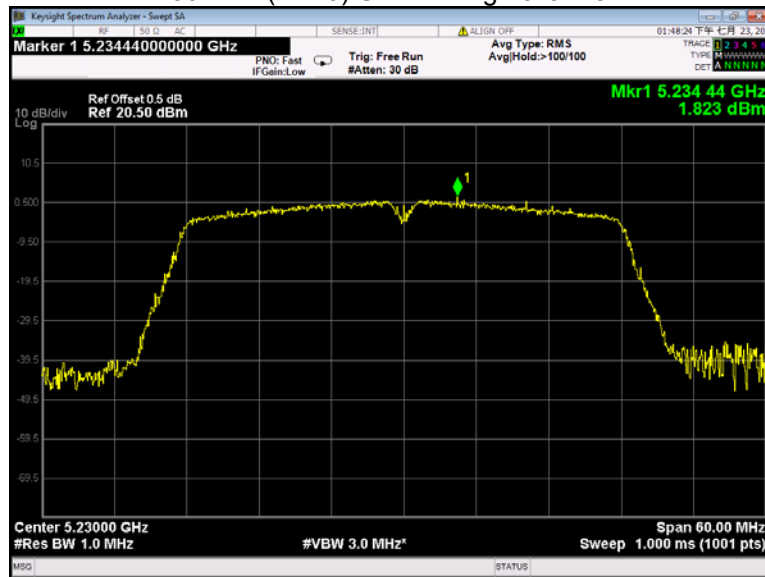
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 High channel



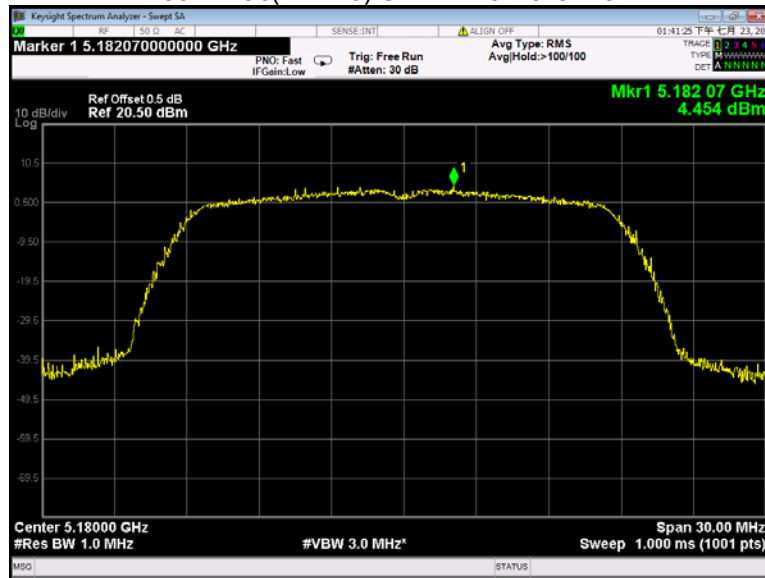
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 Low channel



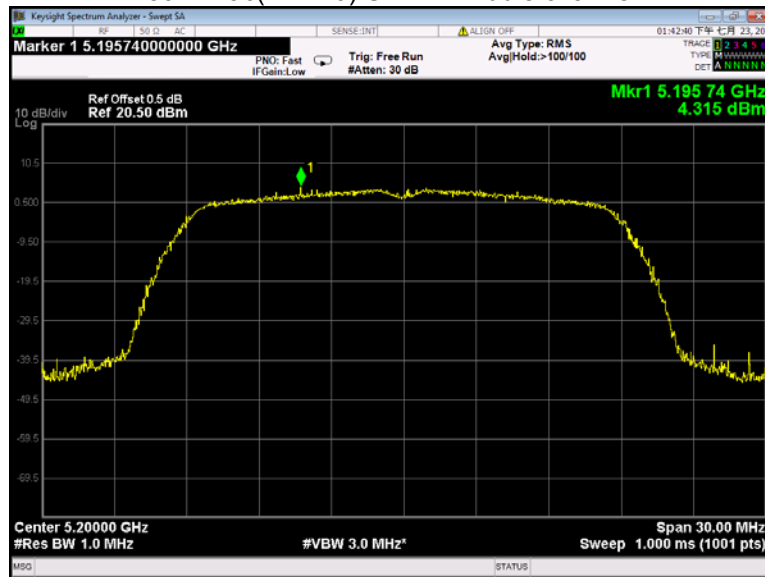
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 High channel



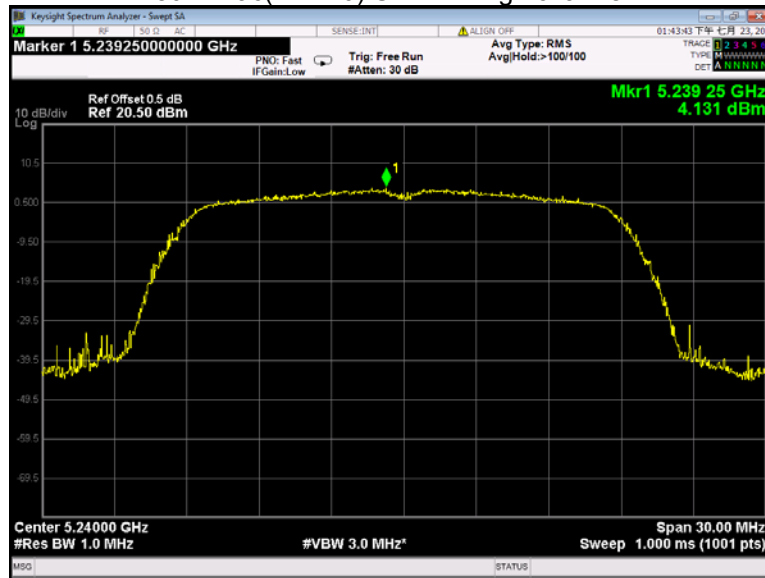
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



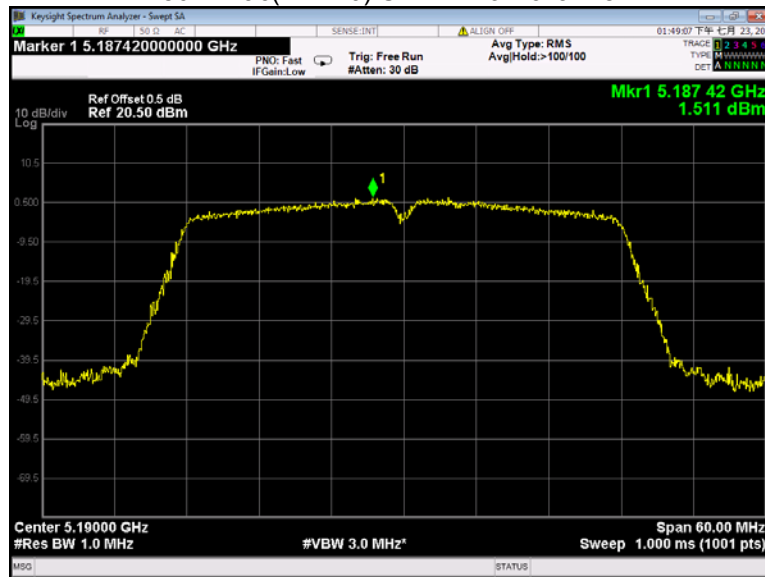
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



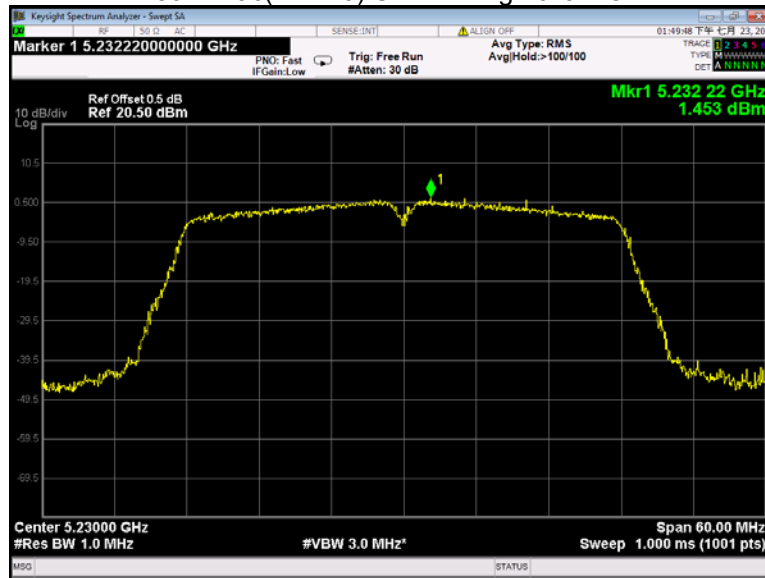
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-1 High channel



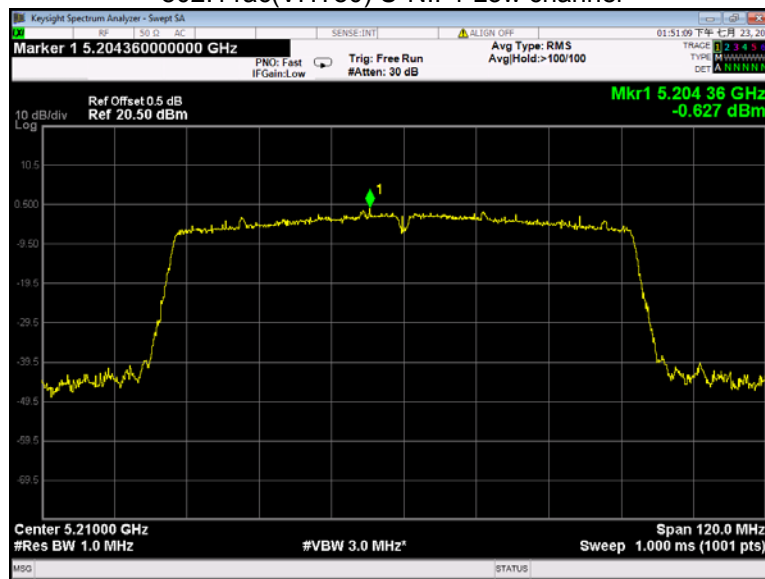
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-1 Low channel



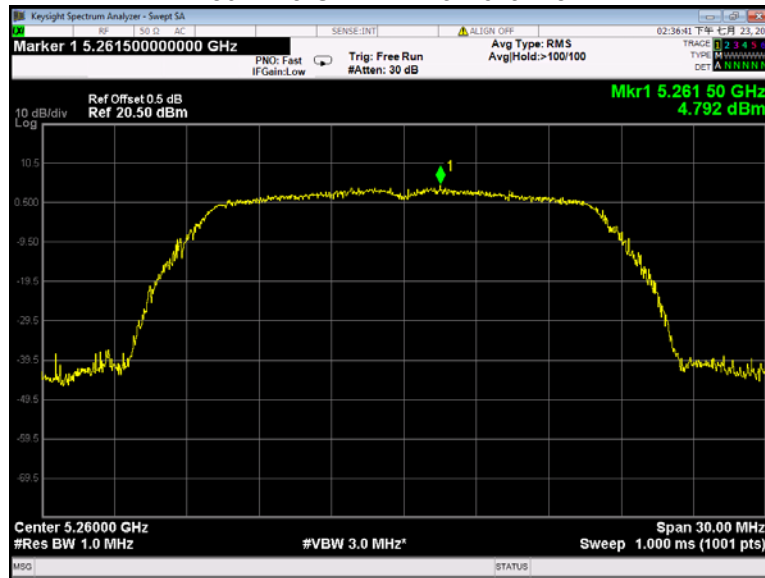
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-1 High channel



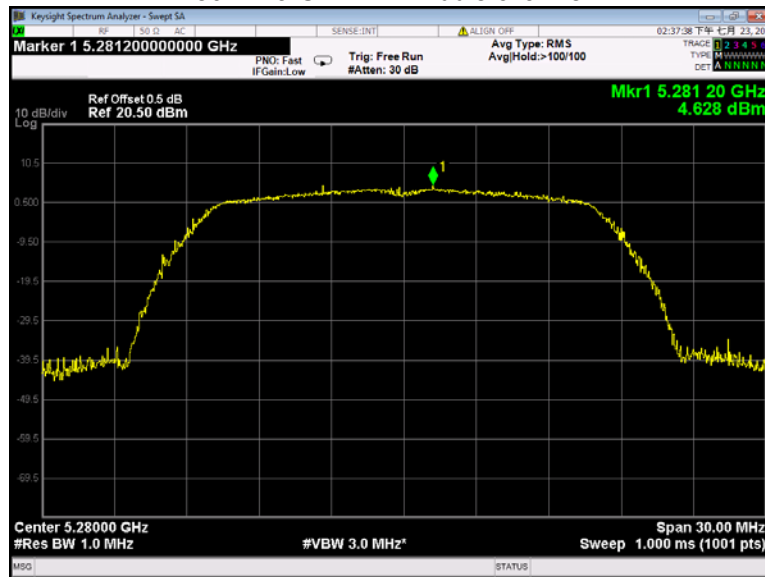
802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-1 Low channel



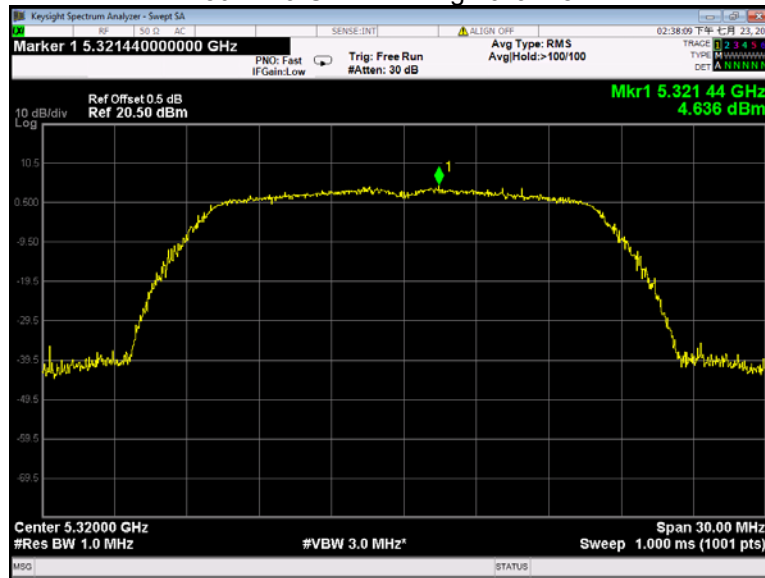
802.11a U-NII-2A Low channel



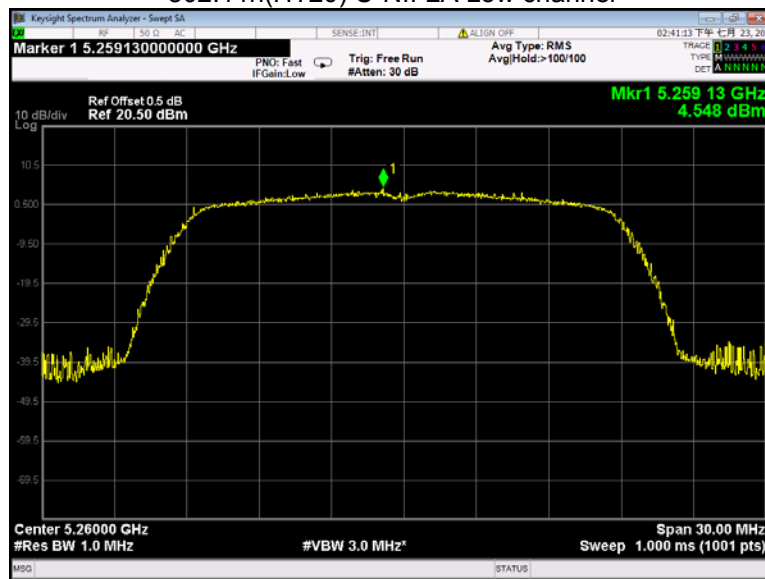
802.11a U-NII-2A Middle channel



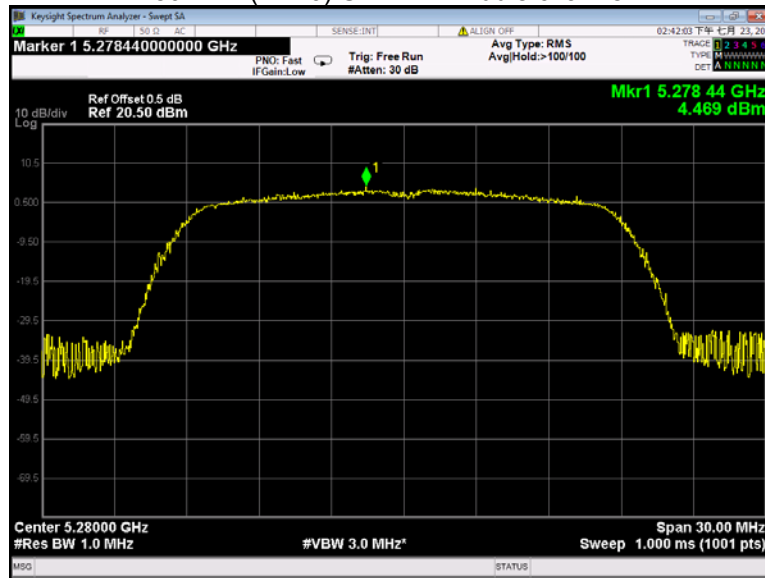
802.11a U-NII-2A High channel



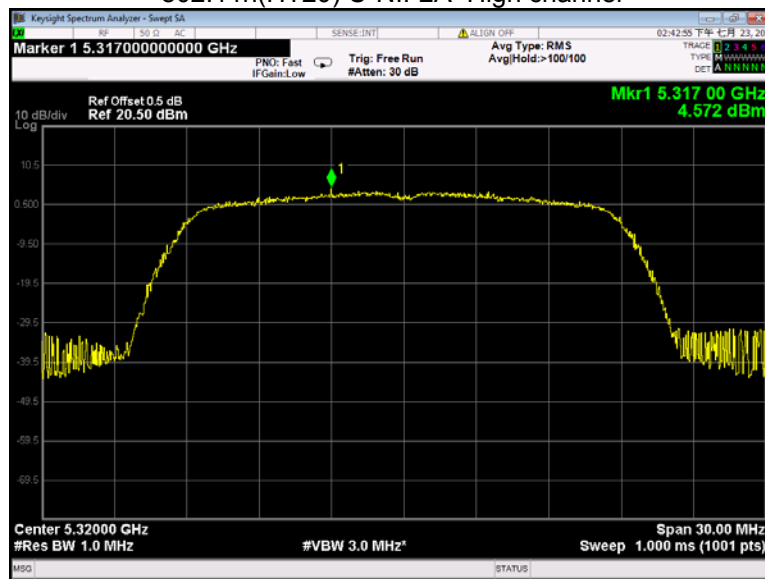
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2A Low channel



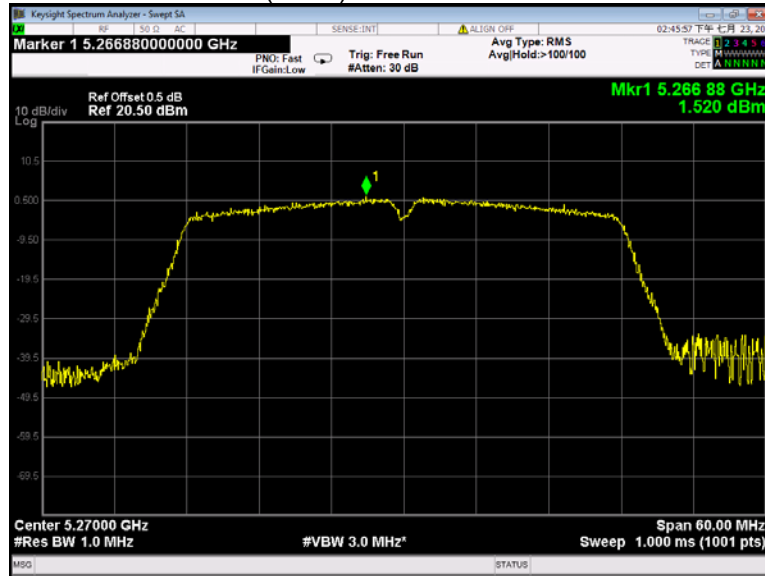
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2A Middle channel



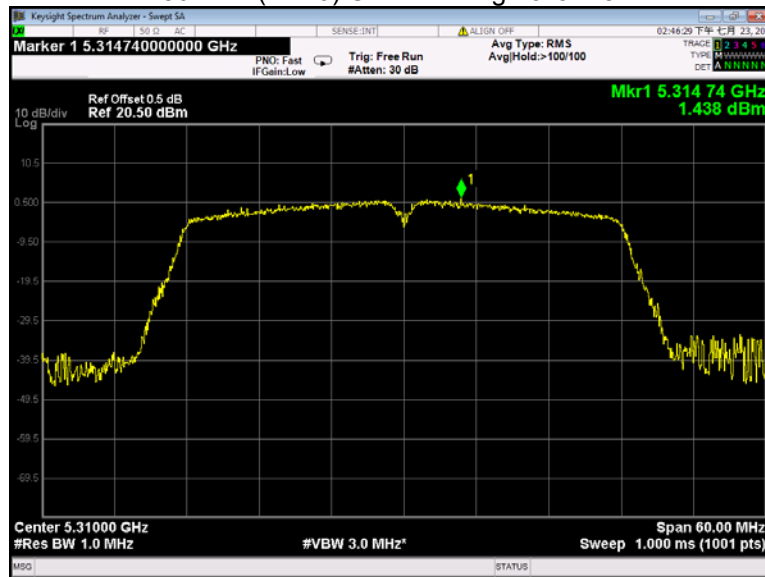
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2A High channel



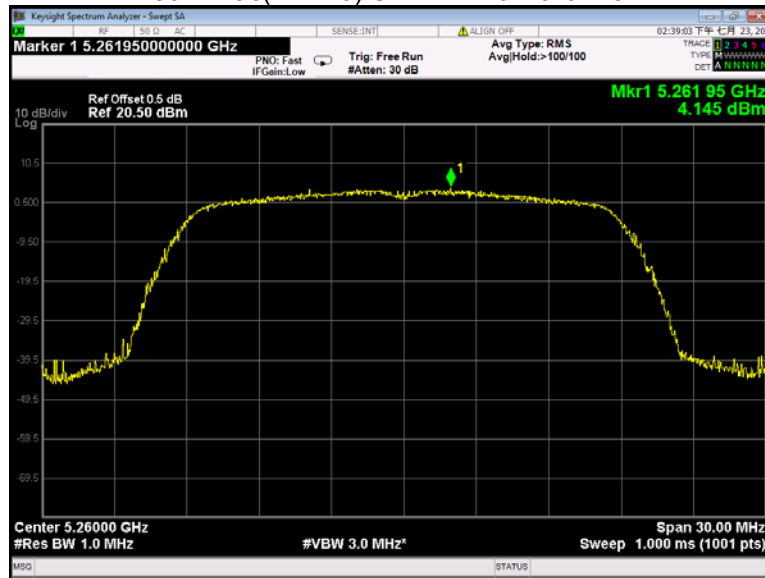
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-2A Low channel



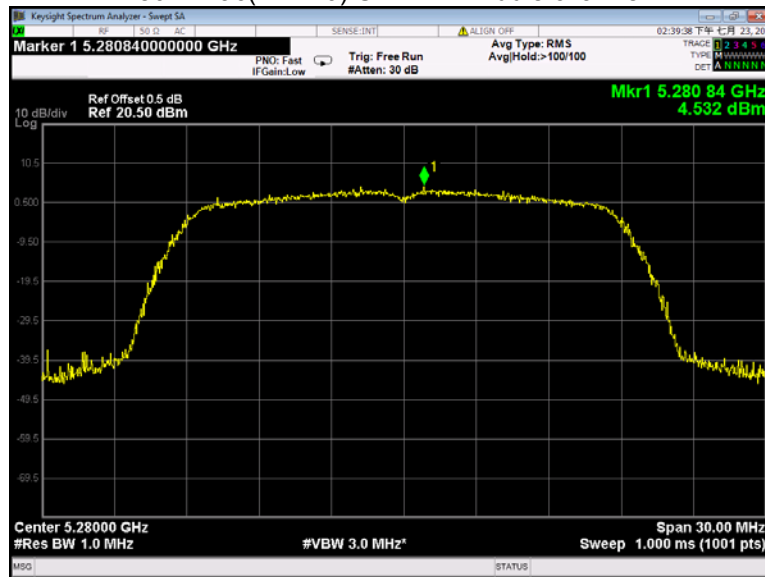
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-2A High channel



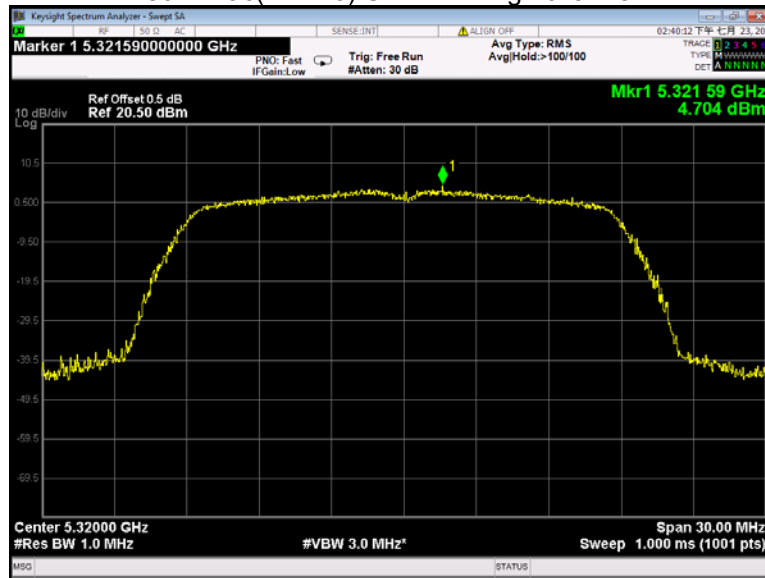
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-2A Low channel



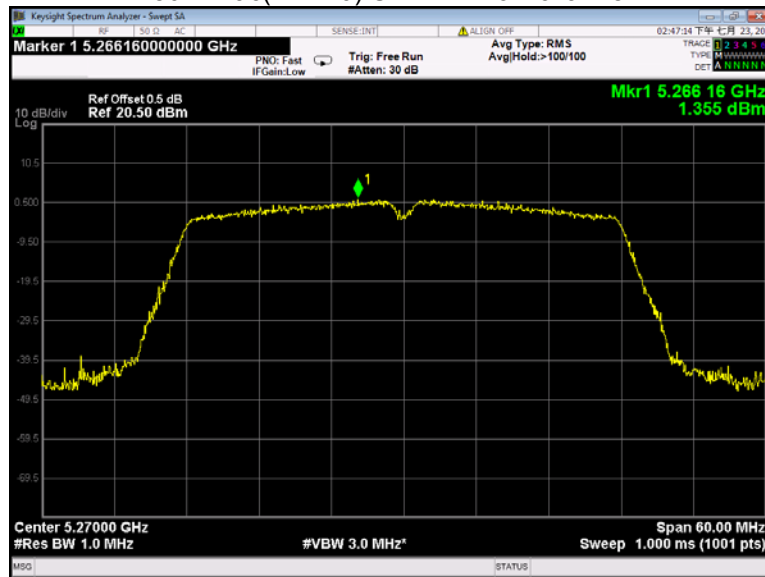
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-2A Middle channel



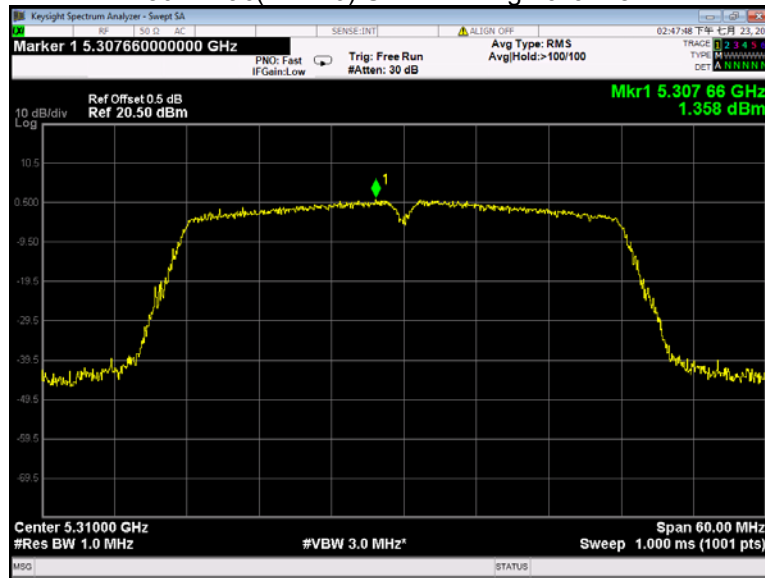
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-2A High channel



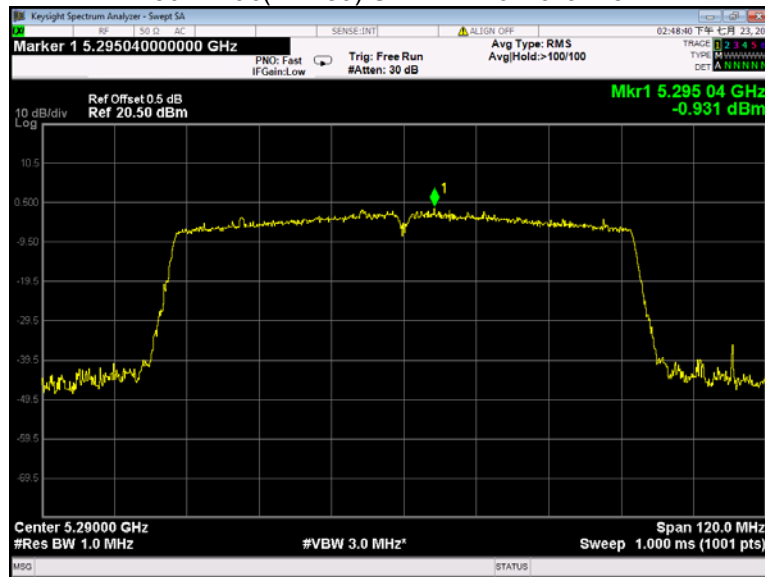
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-2A Low channel



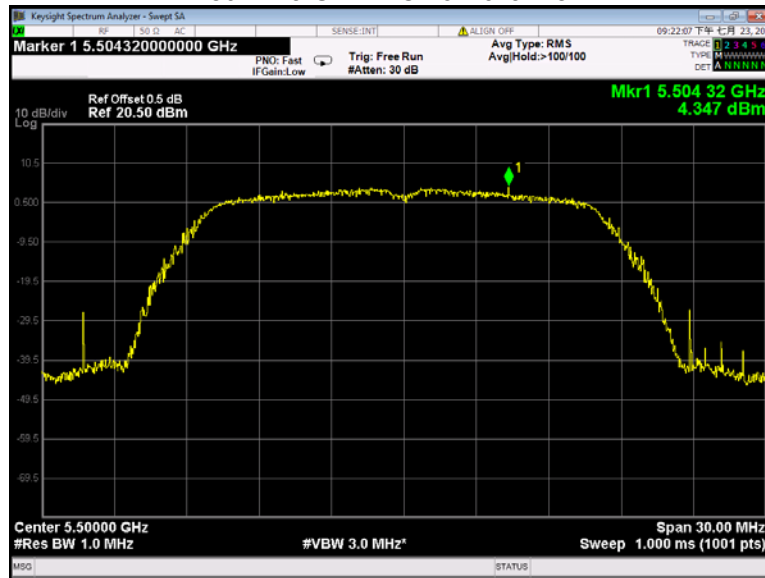
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-2A High channel



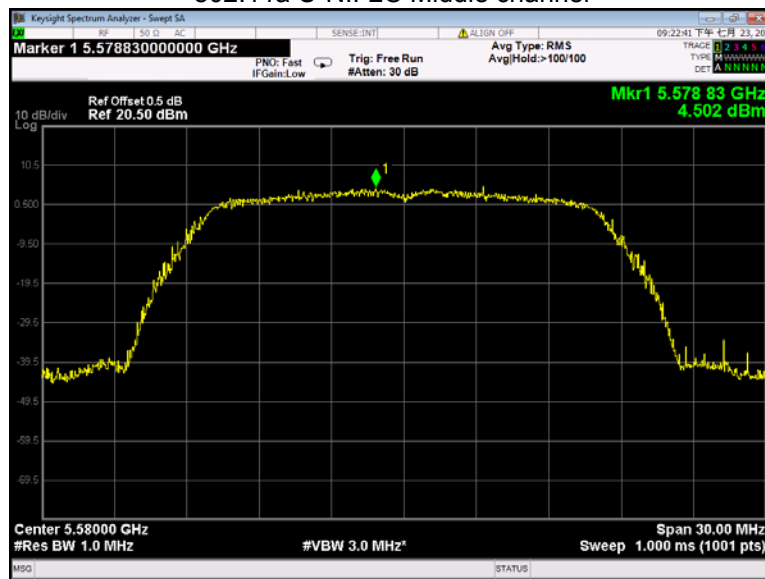
802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-2A Low channel



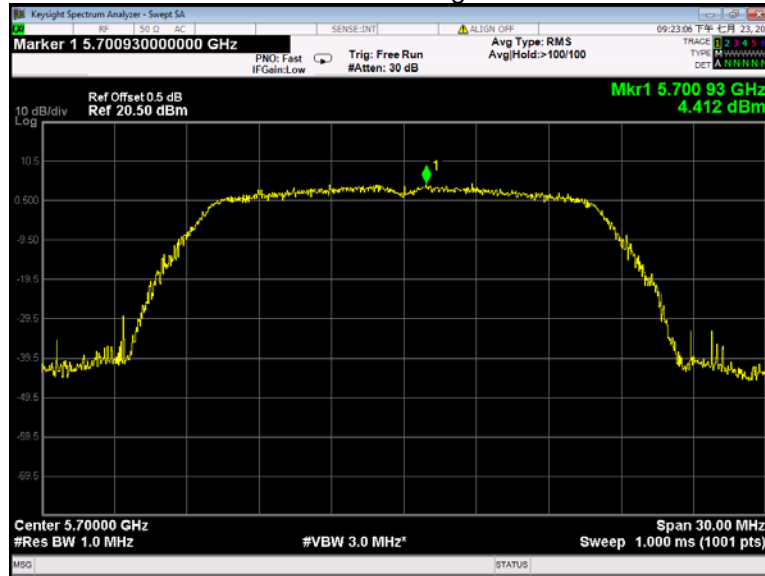
802.11a U-NII-2C Low channel



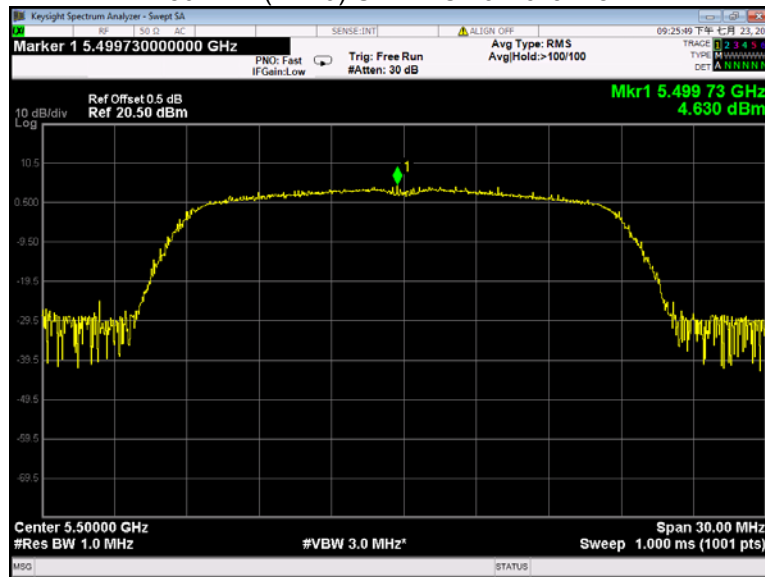
802.11a U-NII-2C Middle channel



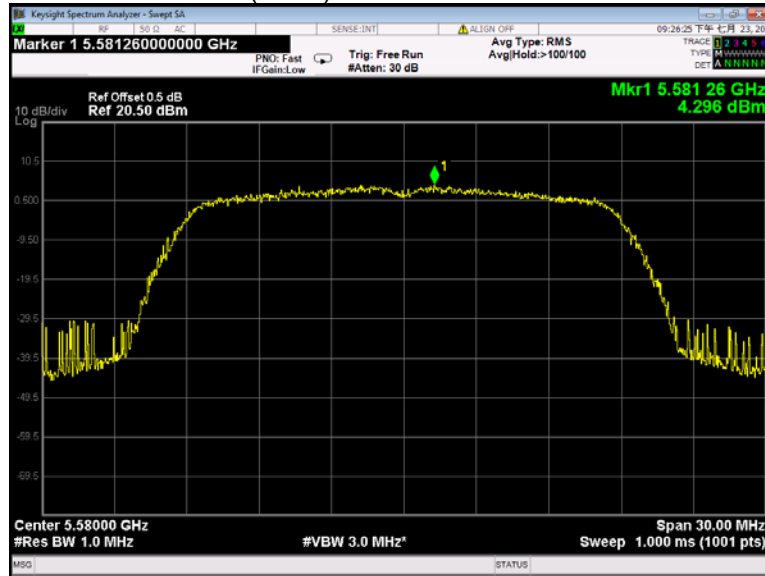
802.11a U-NII-2C High channel



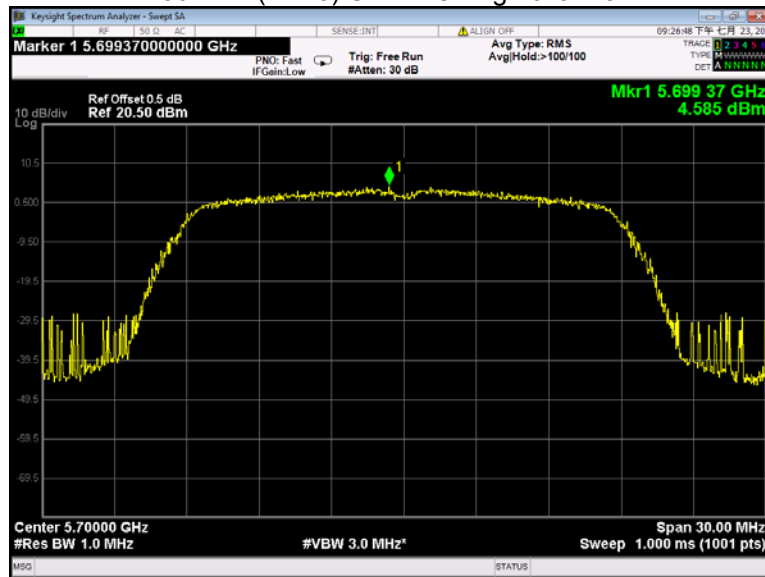
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2C Low channel



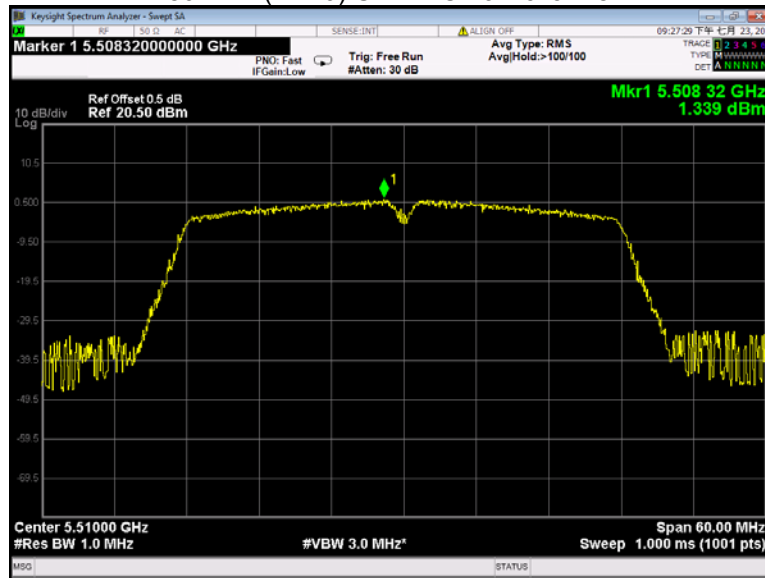
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2C Middle channel



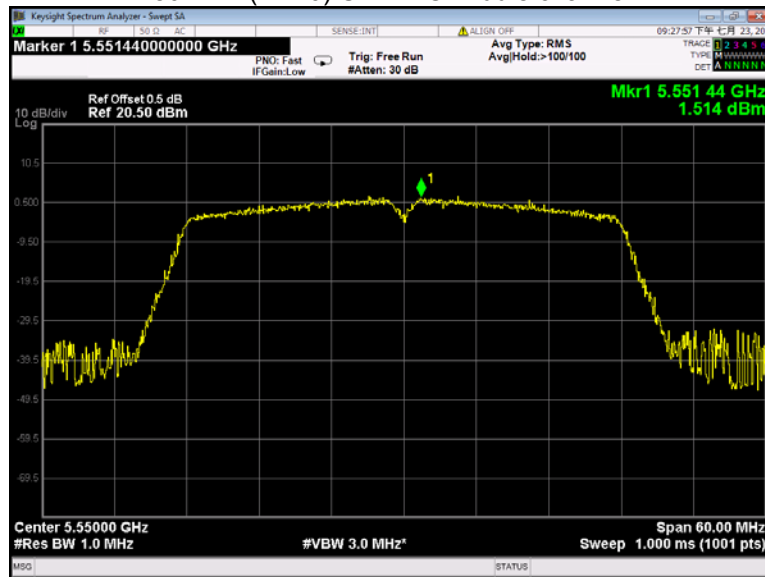
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-2C High channel



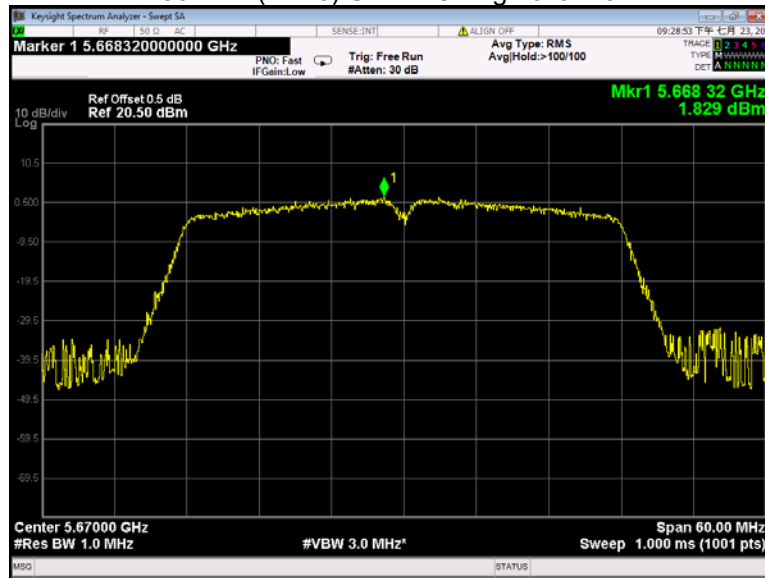
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-2C Low channel



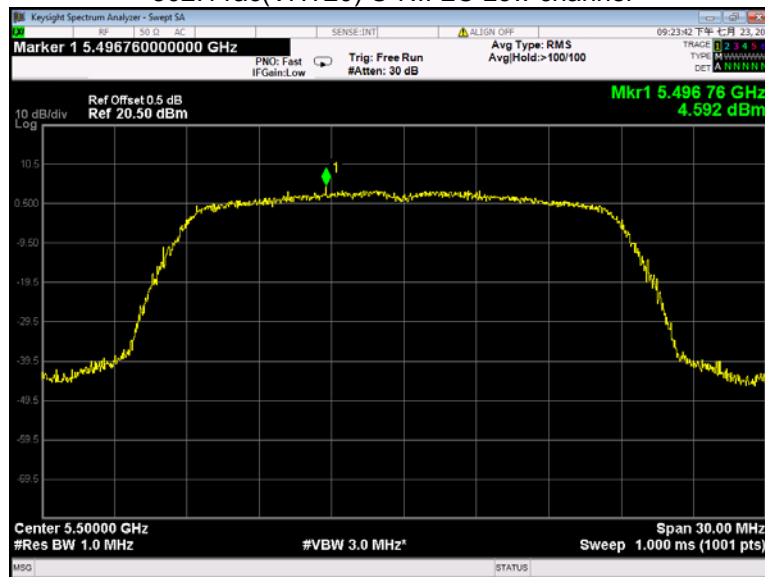
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-2C Middle channel



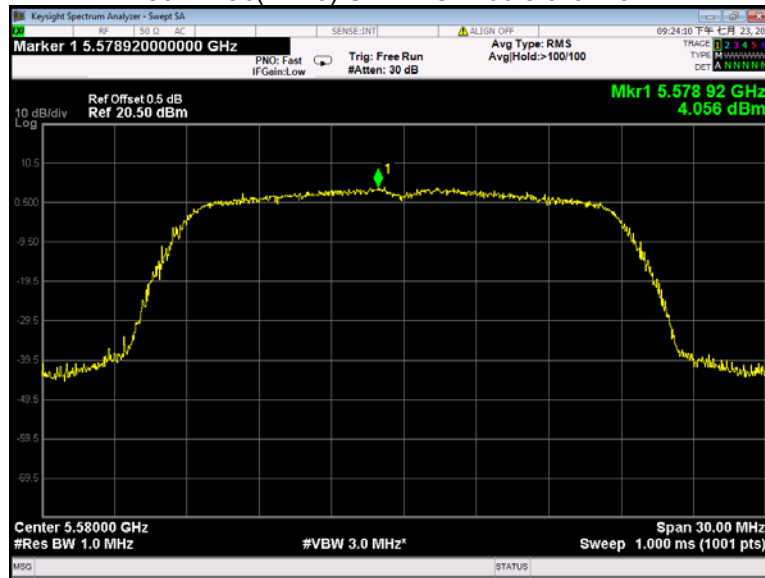
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-2C High channel



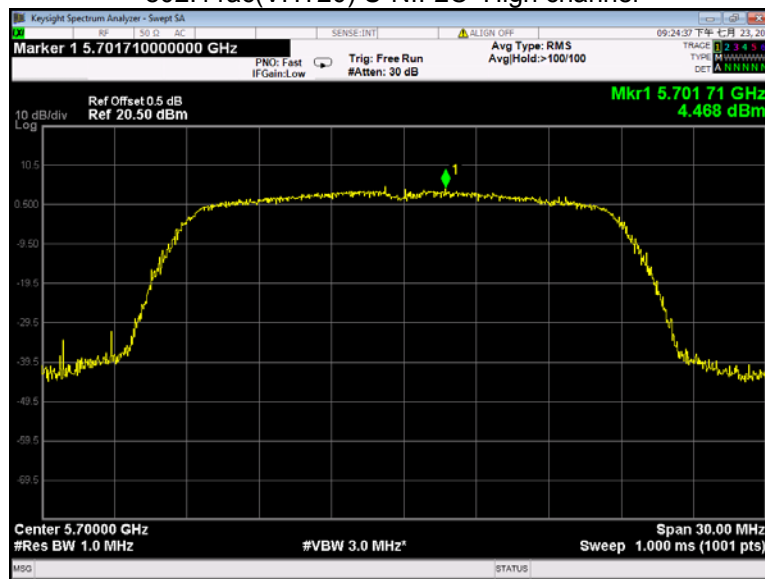
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-2C Low channel



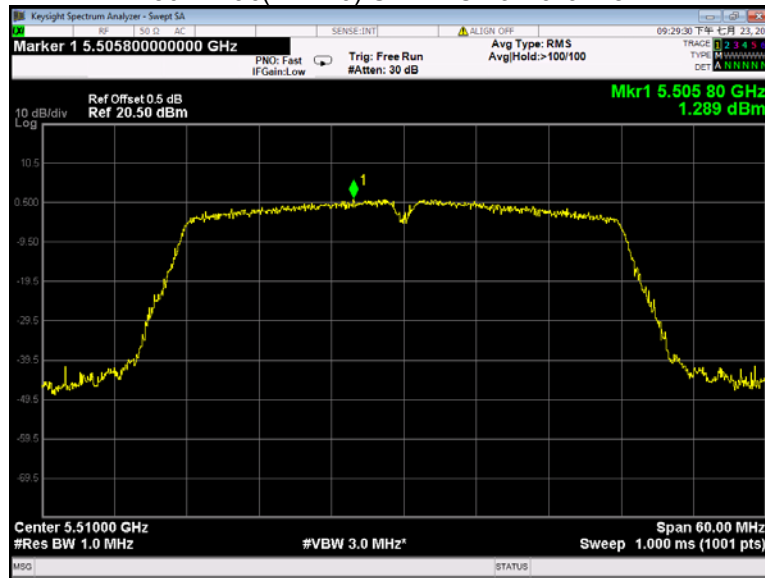
802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-2C Middle channel



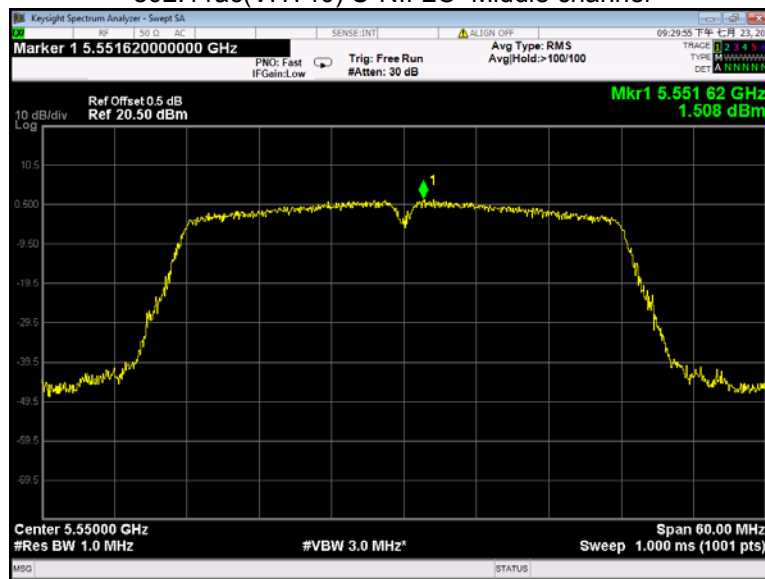
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-2C High channel



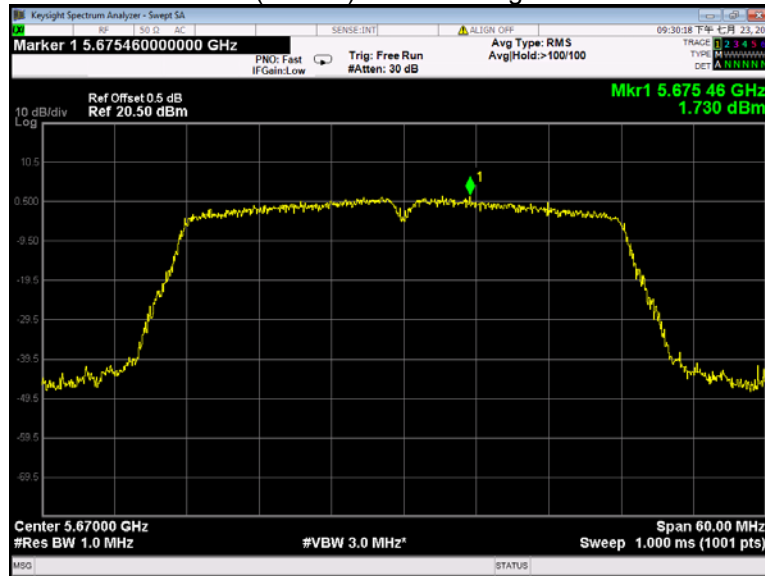
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-2C Low channel



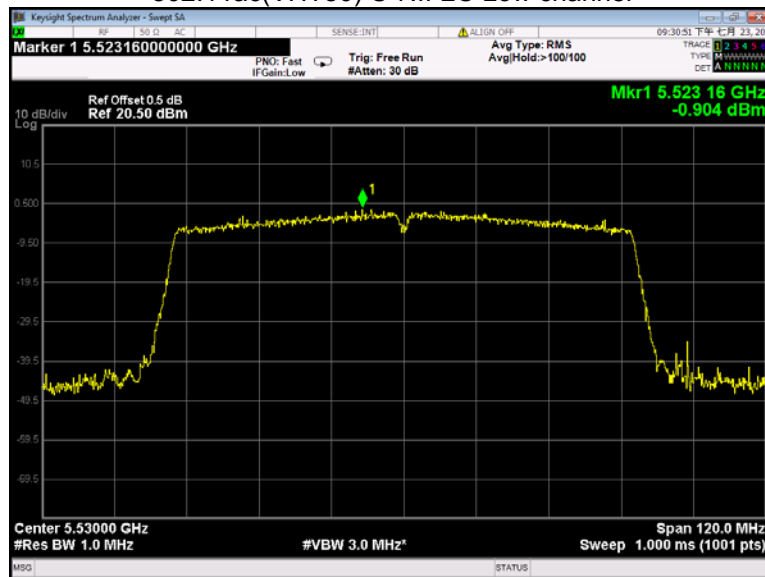
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-2C Middle channel



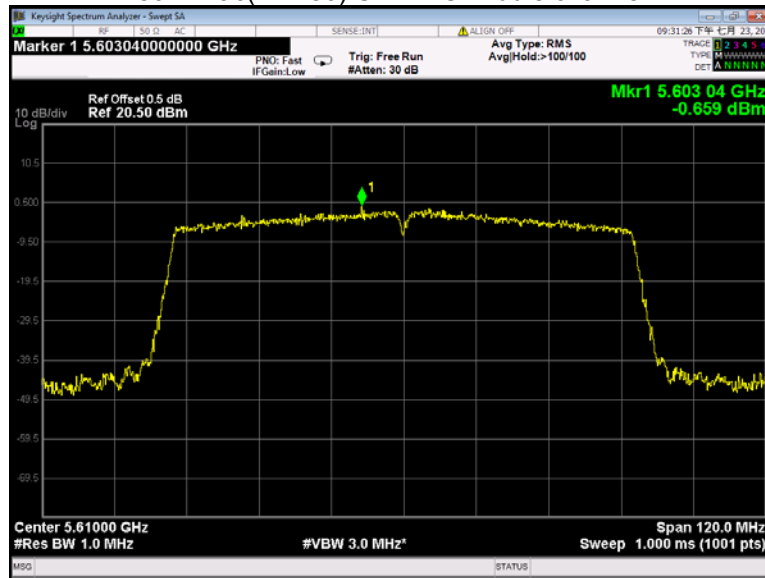
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-2C High channel



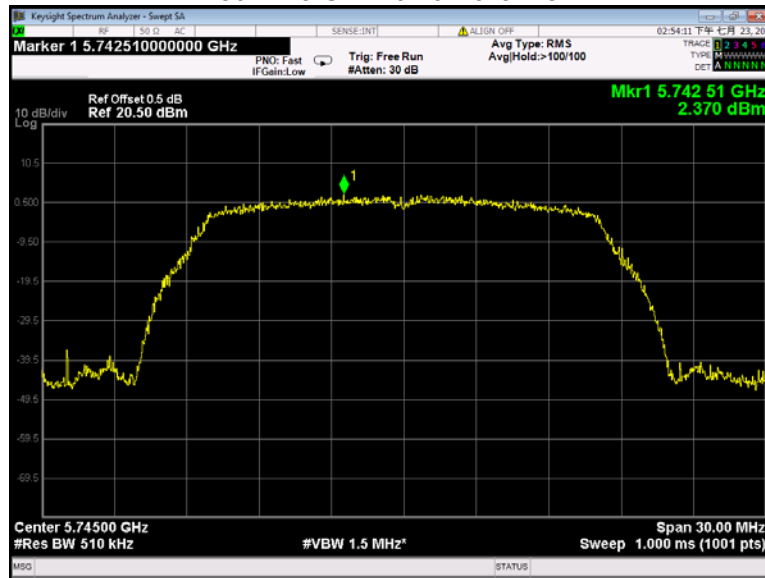
802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-2C Low channel



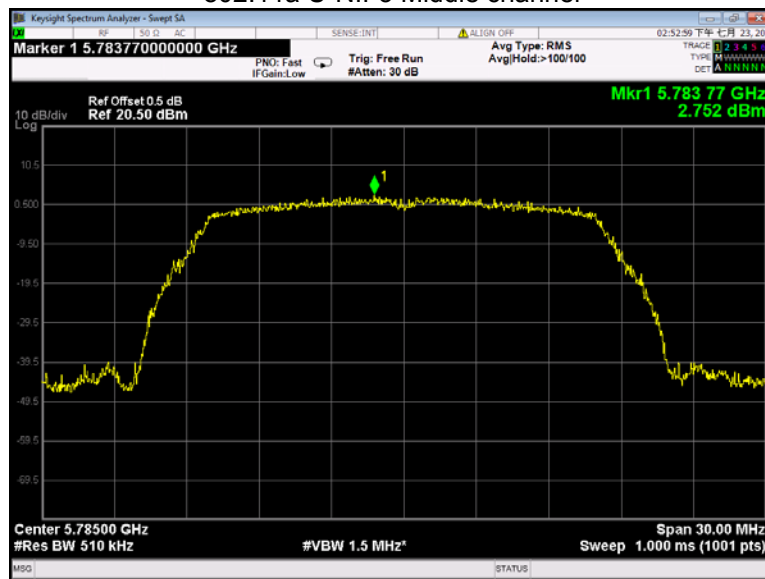
802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-2C Middle channel



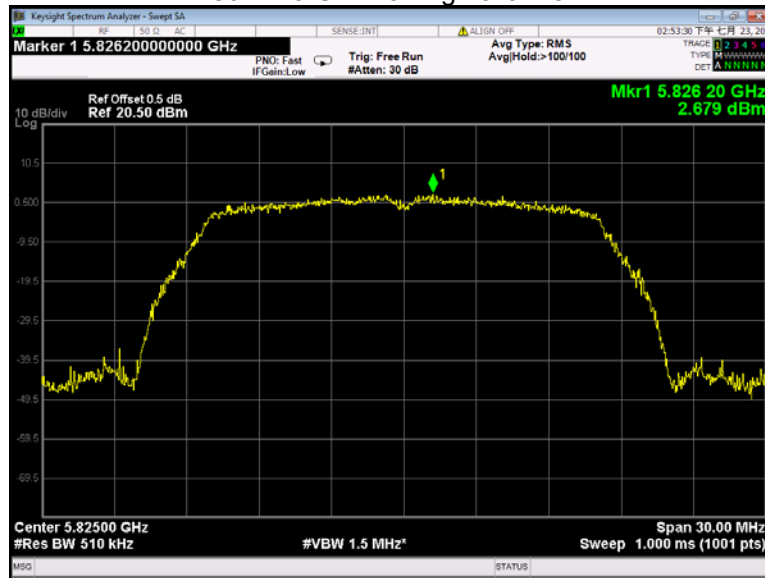
802.11a U-NII-3 Low channel



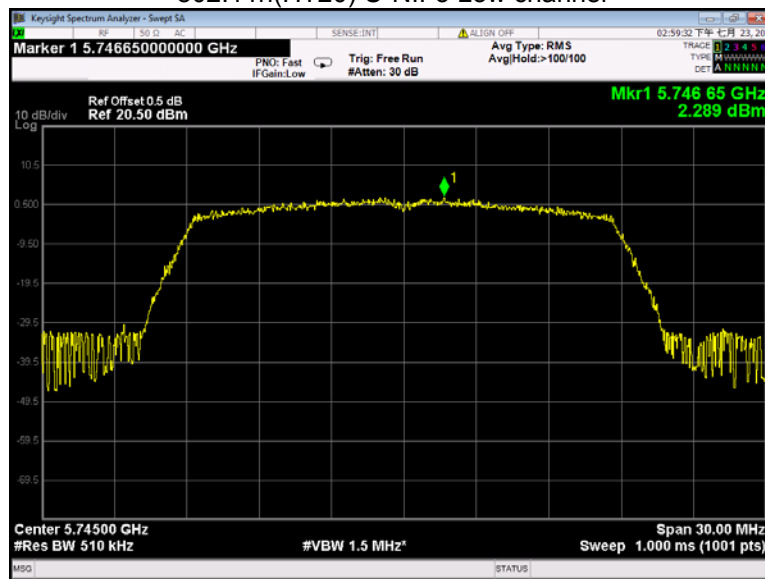
802.11a U-NII-3 Middle channel



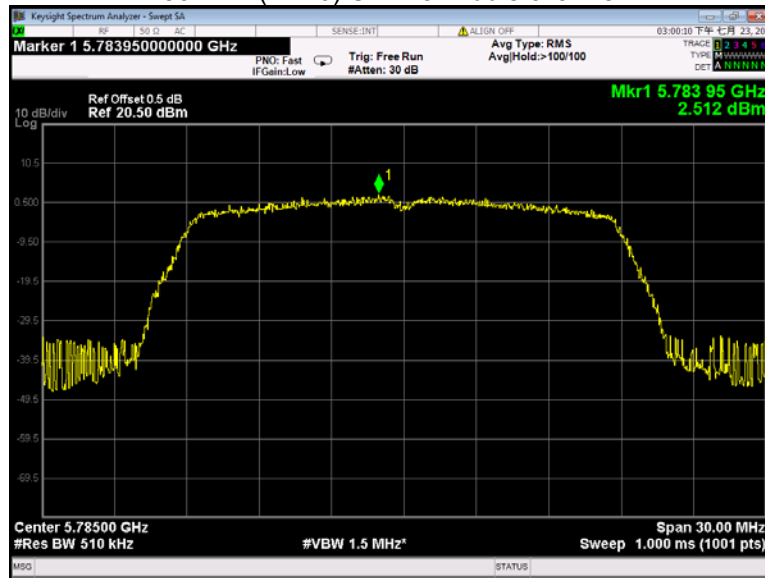
802.11a U-NII-3 High channel



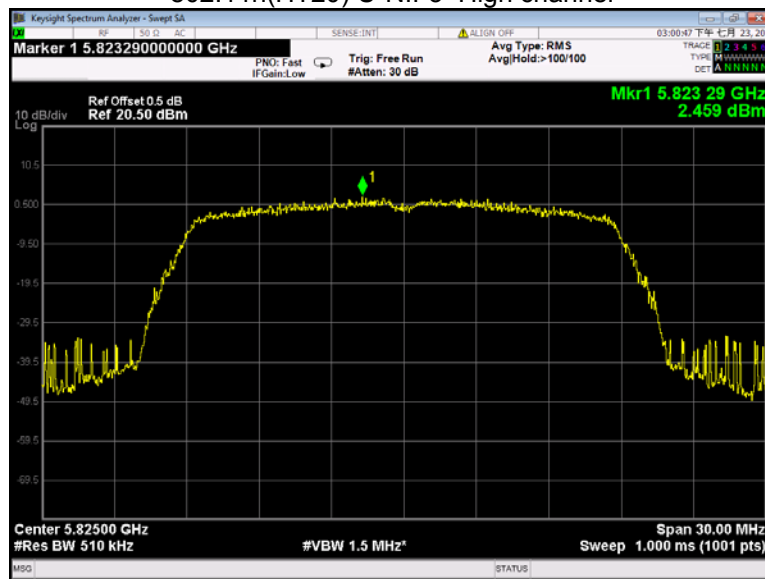
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Low channel



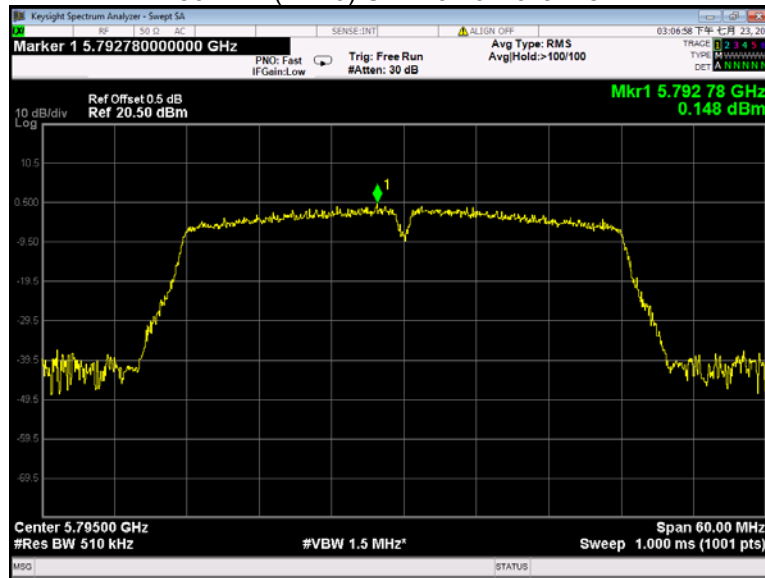
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



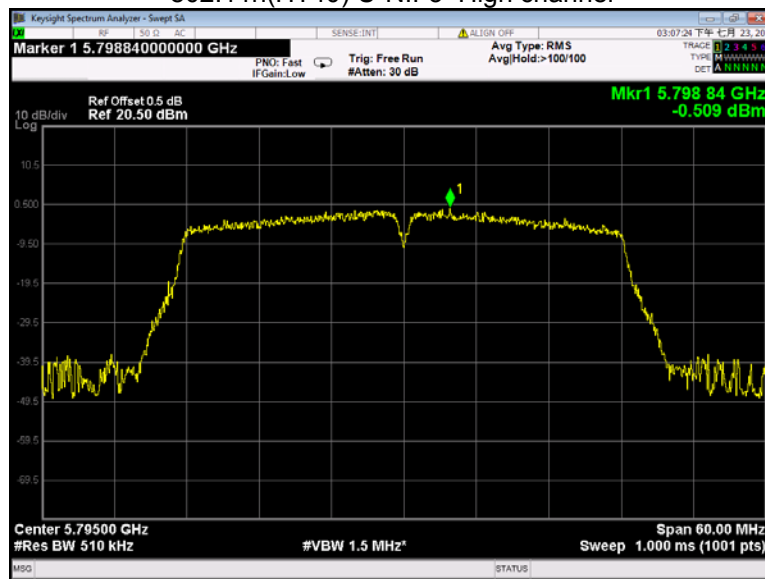
802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



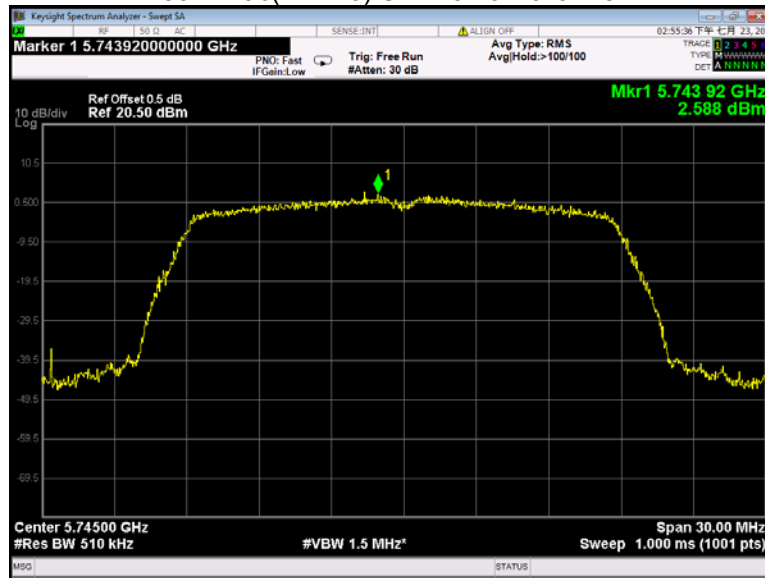
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



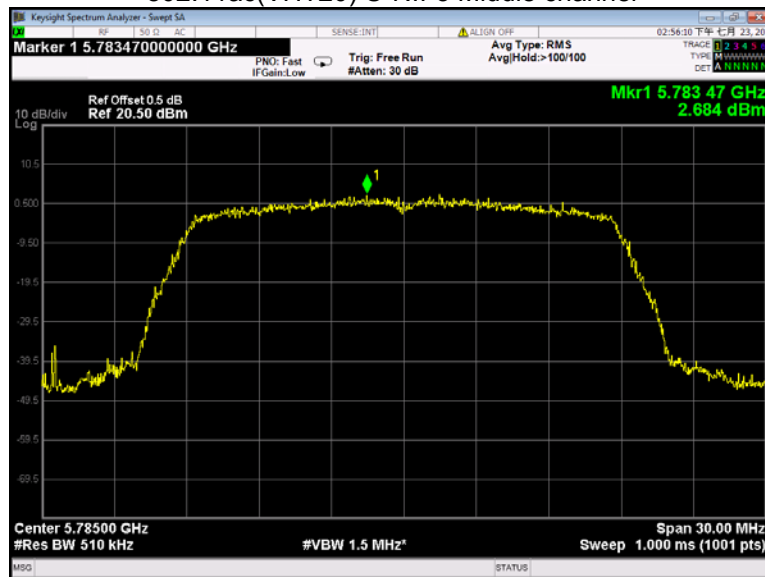
802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



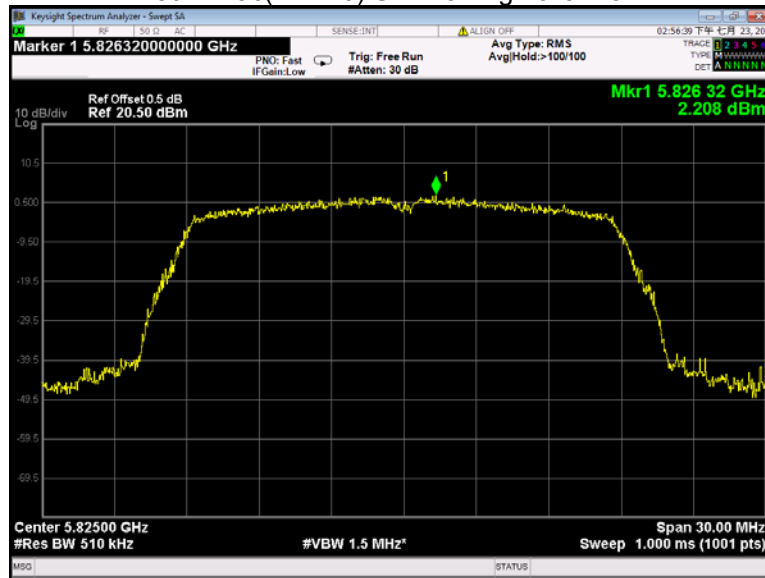
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 Low channel



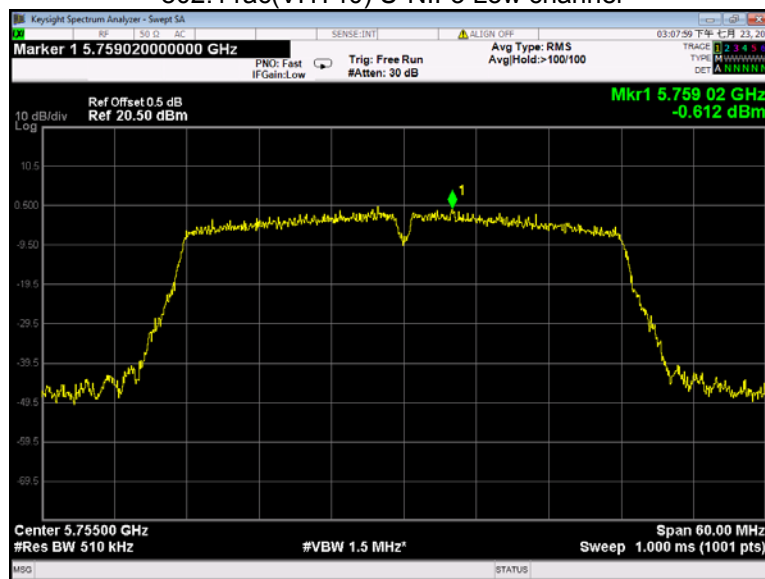
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



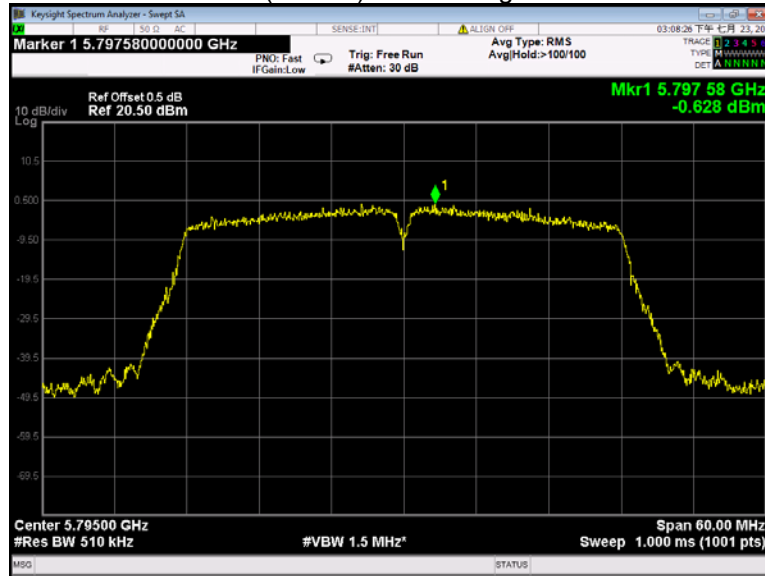
802.11ac(VHT20) U-NII-3 High channel



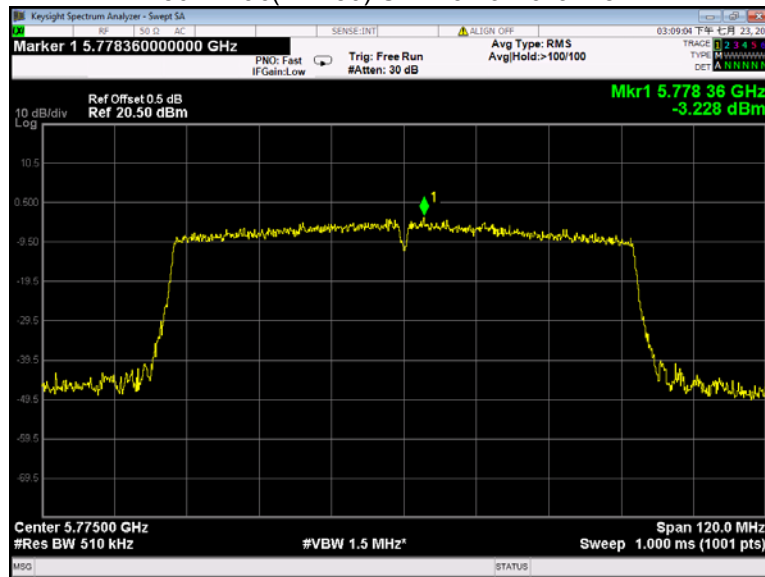
802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



802.11ac(VHT40) U-NII-3 High channel



802.11ac(VHT80) U-NII-3 Low channel



15 Frequency Stability

Test Requirement:	FCC 47CFR Part 15 Section 15.407(g)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Test Limit:	Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual or 20ppm.
Test Result:	PASS

15.1 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.
EUT have transmitted absence of unmodulation signal and fixed channelise. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings. f_c is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is $(f_c - f) / f_c \times 106 \text{ ppm}$ and the limit is less than $\pm 20 \text{ ppm}$ The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value.
2. Extreme temperature rule is $-15^\circ\text{C} \sim 45^\circ\text{C}$.

15.2 Test Result

U-NII-1 Test Frequency:5180MHz				
Temperature (°C)	Power Supply (VAC)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
50	120	/	/	/
45		1804	0.3483	20
30		1799	0.3473	20
20		1800	0.3475	20
10		1801	0.3477	20
0		1801	0.3477	20
-10		1799	0.3473	20
-15		1800	0.3475	20
-30		/	/	/
20		108	1802	0.3479
20	132	1795	0.3465	20

U-NII-2A Test Frequency:5260MHz				
Temperature (°C)	Power Supply (VAC)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
50	120	/	/	/
45		1792	0.3407	20
30		1802	0.3426	20
20		1800	0.3422	20
10		1798	0.3418	20
0		1807	0.3435	20
-10		1808	0.3437	20
-15		1806	0.3433	20
-30		/	/	/
20		108	1798	0.3418
20	132	1792	0.3407	20

U-NII-2C Test Frequency:5500MHz				
Temperature (°C)	Power Supply (VAC)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
50	120	/	/	/
45		1797	0.3267	20
30		1798	0.3269	20
20		1800	0.3273	20
10		1793	0.3260	20
0		1799	0.3271	20
-10		1794	0.3262	20
-15		1806	0.3284	20
-30		/	/	/
20		108	1804	0.3280
20	132	1799	0.3271	20

U-NII-3 Test Frequency:5785MHz				
Temperature (°C)	Power Supply (VAC)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
50	120	/	/	/
45		1807	0.3124	20
30		1795	0.3103	20
20		1800	0.3111	20
10		1793	0.3099	20
0		1800	0.3111	20
-10		1797	0.3106	20
-15		1806	0.3122	20
-30		/	/	/
20		108	1803	0.3117
20	132	1807	0.3124	20

16 Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

This device uses of two antennas that uses a specified coupling to the intentional radiator. Antenna connectors complied with the requirement.

17 RF Exposure

Remark: refer to MPE test report: WTD23D03064335W009.

18 Photographs of test setup and EUT.

Note: Please refer to appendix: Appendix-BLACK C PRO-Photos.

====End of Report====