

Test Report Serial Number: Test Report Date: Project Number: 45461895 R1.0 16 October 2023 1640

		ilin
--	--	------

Applicant:



President Electronics USA 1007 Collier Center Way Naples, FL, 34110 USA

FCC ID:

2AEOCPC213

Product Model Number / HVIN

George FCC

IC Registration Number

Product Name / PMN

In Accordance With:

# FCC 47 CFR Part 95 Subpart D, Part 15 Subpart B

Licensed Non-Broadcast Station Transmitter (TNB)

Approved By:

**Ben Hewson, President** Celltech Labs Inc. 21-364 Lougheed Rd. Kelowna, BC, V1X 7R8 Canada



Test Lab Certificate: 2470.01





IC Registration 3874A

FCC Registration: CA3874

This report shall not be reproduced in any form without the expressed written consent of Celltech Labs Inc. © 2023 Celltech Labs Inc,



# **Table of Contents**

1.0 REVISION HISTORY	5
2.0 CLIENT AND DUT INFORMATION	6
3.0 SCOPE	
4.0 TEST RESULT SUMMARY	
5.0 NORMATIVE REFERENCES	
6.0 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	
7.0 CONDUCTED POWER	
8.0 MODULATION RESPONSE	
9.0 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH AND EMISSION MASKS	
10 CONDUCTED OUT OF BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
11.0 RADIATED SPURIOUS TX EMISSIONS	77
12.0 RADIATED SPURIOUS RX EMISSIONS	
13.0 FREQUENCY STABILITY	
APPENDIX A – TEST SETUP DRAWINGS AND EQUIPMENT	
APPENDIX B – EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	
APPENDIX C – MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT UNCERTAINTY	
END OF REPORT	

# **Table of Figures**

Figure A.1 – Test Setup Conducted Measurements	
Figure A.2 – Test Setup Audio Modulation Response Measurements	
Figure A.3 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements Below 30MHz	
Figure A.4 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements 30-1000MHz	
Figure A.5 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements 30-1000MHz	
Figure A.6 – Test Setup Frequency Stability Measurements	103



4546171895 R1.0 16 October 2023

# **Table of Plots**

Plat 7.1 Conducted Output Dever Channel 1 AM	10
Plot 7.1 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM	
Plot 7.2 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 7.3 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, AM	
Plot 7.4 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, FM	
Plot 7.5 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, FM	
Plot 7.6 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, FM	
Plot 7.7 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM Lower Side Band	20
Plot 7.8 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Lower Side Band	21
Plot 7.9 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, AM Lower Side Band	22
Plot 7.10 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM Upper Side Band	
Plot 7.11 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Upper Side Band	
Plot 7.12 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Upper Side Band	
Plot 7.13 – Two-Tone Input Signal AM Lower Side Band	
Plot 7.14 – Two-Tone Input Signal AM Upper Side Band	
Plot 8.1 – Audio Frequency and Low Pass Filter Response, AM	
Plot 8.2 – Modulation Limiting Response, AM	
Plot 8.3 – Audio Frequency and Low Pass Filter Response, FM	
Plot 8.4 – Modulation Limiting Response, FM	
Plot 8.5 – Modulation Limiting Response, FM (ANSI C63.26)	
Plot 8.6 – Modulation Limiting Response, AM LSB (ANSI C63.26)	
Plot 8.7 – Modulation Limiting Response, AM USB (ANSI C63.26)	
Plot 9.1 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM	
Plot 9.2 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 9.3 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM	42
Plot 9.4 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, FM	. 43
Plot 9.5 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, FM	44
Plot 9.6 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, FM	45
Plot 9.7 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM, Lower Side Band	47
Plot 9.8 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM, Lower Side Band	48
Plot 9.9 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM, Lower Side Band	
Plot 9.10 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM, Upper Side Band	
Plot 9.11 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM, Upper Side Band	
Plot 9.12 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM, Upper Side Band	
Plot 10.1 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 10.2 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 10.3 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 10.4 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2 <sup>od</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 10.4 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2 <sup></sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM Plot 10.5 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM	
Plot 10.6 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, FM	
Plot 10.7 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, FM	
Plot 10.8 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, FM	
Plot 10.9 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, FM	. 63
Plot 10.10 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, FM	
Plot 10.11 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB	
Plot 10.12 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB	
Plot 10.13 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB	68
Plot 10.14 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, LSB	69
Plot 10.15 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, LSB	
Plot 10.16 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM, USB	
Plot 10.17 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, AM, USB	
Plot 10.18 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM, USB	
Plot 10.19 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, USB	74
Plot 10.20 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, USB	75



Plot 11.1 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, without Accessories, Front	
Plot 11.2 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, without Accessories, Side	
Plot 11.3 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, without Accessories, Horizontal	80
Plot 11.4 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, without Accessories, Vertical	
Plot 11.5 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, with Accessories, Front	
Plot 11.6 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, with Accessories, Side	85
Plot 11.7 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, with Accessories, Horizontal	86
Plot 11.8 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, with Accessories, Vertical	87
Plot 12.1 – Radiated Rx Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, Front	
Plot 12.2 – Radiated Rx Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, Side	
Plot 12.3– Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, Horizontal	
Plot 12.4– Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, Vertical	

### **Table of Tables**

Table 7.1 – Summary of Conducted Power Measurements (RMS)	19
Table 7.2 Summary of Conducted Power Measurements (RMS)	28
Table 7.3 – Compliance to §2.1033(c )(8) – 13.8VDC, AM, FM	28
Statement - Compliance to §95.977	29
Table 9.1 - Summary of Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Mask Results	53
Table 10.1 – Summary of Conducted Out of Band Emissions	76
Table 11.1 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, without Accessories	82
Table 11.2 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, without Accessories, <30MHz	
Table 11.3 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, with Accessories	88
Table 11.4 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, with Accessories < 30MHz	89
Table 12.1 – Summary of Radiated Rx Emissions	95
Table 12.2 – Summary of Radiated Rx Emissions, <30MHz	95
Table 13.1 – Summary of Frequency Stability Results (AM)	97
Table 13.2 – Summary of Frequency Stability Results (FM)	98
Table A.1 – Setup - Conducted Measurements Equipment	99
Table A.2 – Setup - Audio Modulation Equipment	100
Table A.3 – Setup - Radiated Emissions Equipment	
Table A.4 – Setup - Frequency Stability Measurement Equipment	103



# **1.0 REVISION HISTORY**

	Revision History				
Sam	ples Tested By:	Art Voss, P.Eng.		e(s) of Evaluation:	20 September - 4 October, 2023
Repo	ort Prepared By:	Art Voss, P.Eng.	Rep	oort Reviewed By:	Art Voss
Report	Desc	Description of Revision		Revised Revision Date	
Revision			Section	Ву	Nevision Date
0.1		Draft	n/a	Art Voss	13 October 2023
1.0		nitial Release	n/a	Art Voss	16 October 2023



## **2.0 CLIENT AND DUT INFORMATION**

Client Information		
Applicant Name (FCC)	President Electronics USA	
	1007 Collier Center Way	
Applicant Address (FCC)	Naples, FL, 34110	
	USA	
	DUT Information	
Device Identifier(s):	FCC ID: 2AEOCPC213	
Device Type:	Mobile 4W AM / FM , 12W AM SSB CBRS Transceiver	
Device Model(s) / HVIN:	George FCC	
Device Marketing Name / PMN:	George FCC	
Firmware Version ID Number / FVIN:	-	
Host Marketing Name / HMN:	-	
Test Sample Serial No.:	TA Sample No. 1	
Equipment Class (FCC):	Licensed Non-Broadcast Station Transmitter (TNB)	
Transmit Frequency Range:	26.965MHz - 27.405MHz	
Test Channels:	40 Channels	
Manuf. Max. Rated Output Power:	4W (36dBm) DSB, 12W (40.8dBm) SSB	
Manuf. Max. Rated BW/Data Rate:	8kHz DSB, 4kHz SSB	
Antenna Make and Model:	n/a	
Antenna Type and Gain:	0dBi (Typical), 3dBi (Max)	
Modulation:	AM / FM	
Mode:	Simplex	
DUT Power Source:	12VDC	
DUT Dimensions [WxLxH]	185mm x 172mm x56mm	
Deviation(s) from standard/procedure:	None	
Modification of DUT:	None	



## 3.0 SCOPE

### Preface:

This Certification Report was prepared on behalf of:

#### President Electronics USA

,(the 'Applicant"), in accordance with the applicable Federal Communications Commission (FCC) CFR 47 and Innovation, Scientific and Economic Development (ISED) Canada rules parts and regulations (the '*Rules*'). The scope of this investigation was limited to only the equipment, devices and accessories (the '*Equipment*') supplied by the *Applicant*. The tests and measurements performed on this *Equipment* were only those set forth in the applicable *Rules* and/or the Test and Measurement Standards they reference. The *Rules* applied and the Test and Measurement Standards used during this evaluation appear in the Normative References section of this report. The limits set forth in the technical requirements of the applicable *Rules* were applied to the measurement results obtained during this evaluation and ,unless otherwise noted, these limits were used as the Pass/Fail criteria. The Pass/Fail statements made in this report apply to only the tests and measurements performed on only the *Equipment* tested during this evaluation. Where applicable and permissible, information including test and measurement data and/or results from previous evaluations of same or similar equipment, devices and/or accessories may be cited in this report.

#### **Device Description:**

The George FCC is Mobile 4W AM / FM, 12W AM SSB CBRS Transceiver.

#### Application:

This is an application for a New Certification, Single.

#### **Regulatory Requirement:**

As per FCC 47 CFR 2 Subpart I, Equipment Authorization is require for this *Equipment* by means of Certification in accordance with FCC 47 CFR §95 Subpart D, (CBRS), and ANSI C63.26.

#### Scope of Work:

The scope of this investigation is limited only to the evaluation of the George FCC to determine compliance to the *Rules* identified herein.

#### **RF Exposure:**

As per FCC 47 CFR §2.1091, an RF Exposure (MPE) evaluation is required for this *Equipment* and the results of the RF Exposure (MPE) evaluation appear in a separate report.



## 4.0 TEST RESULT SUMMARY

TEST SUMMARY						
Reference	Referenced Standard(s):       FCC CFR Title 47 Parts 2, 95D, 15B					
Section	Description of Test	Procedure Applicable Rule		Test	Result	
Oection	Description of rest	Reference Part(s) FCC		Date		
	Conducted Power (Fundamental)	ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1046			
7.0		ANSI/TIA-603-E		20 Sep 2023	Complies	
7.0	Compliance to §2.1033(c )(8)	ANSI C63.26:2015	§2.1033(c)(8)	20 060 2020	complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.967			
		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1047			
8.0	Modulation Response	ANSI/TIA-603-E		25 - 27 Sep,	Complies	
0.0	Noullation Response	ANSI C63.26:2015	§95.975	2023	complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.977			
		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1049			
	Occupied Bandwidth	ANSI C63.26:2015		27 Sep 2023	Complies	
9.0		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.973			
9.0		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1049			
	Emission Mask	ANSI C63.26:2015		27 Sep 2023	Complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.979			
		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1051			
10.0	Conducted TX Spurious Emissions	ANSI C63.26:2015		28 Sep 2023	Complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.979			
		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1053			
11.0	Radiated TX Spurious Emissions	ANSI C63.26:2015		3 Oct 2023	Complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.979			
12.0	Radiated Receiver Emissions	ANSI C63.26:2015	§15 Subpart B	3 Oct 2023	Complies	
12.0		ANSI C63.4:2014	§15.109(d)	0.0012020	Somplies	
		ANSI/TIA/EIA-382-A	§2.1055			
13.0	Frequency Stability	ANSI C63.26:2015		4 Oct 2023	Complies	
		ANSI C63.4:2014	§95.965			



Test Station Day Log				
Test	Tests			
Station	Performed Section(s)			
EMC	7			
EMC	8			
EMC	8			
EMC	8, 9			
EMC	10			
OATS	11, 12			
тс	13			
	EMC EMC OATS			

EMC - EMC Test Bench

OATS - Open Area Test Site

LISN - LISN Test Area

IMM - Immunity Test Area

SAC - Semi-Anechoic Chamber

TC - Temperature Chamber

ESD - ESD Test Bench

RI - Radiated Immunity Chamber

I attest that the data reported herein is true and accurate within the tolerance of the Measurement Instrument Uncertainty; that all tests and measurements were performed in accordance with accepted practices or procedures; and that all tests and measurements were performed by me or by trained personnel under my direct supervision. The results of this investigation are based solely on the test sample(s) provided by the client which were not adjusted, modified or altered in any manner w hatsoever, except as required to carry out specific tests or measurements. This test report has been completed in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Glubh Vers	ACCESSION OF
Art Voss, P.Eng.	W Q PROVINCE PE
Technical Manager	A. F. VOSS
Celltech Labs Inc.	# 31327
13 October 2023	Res ENGINEER 20290
Date	



# **5.0 NORMATIVE REFERENCES**

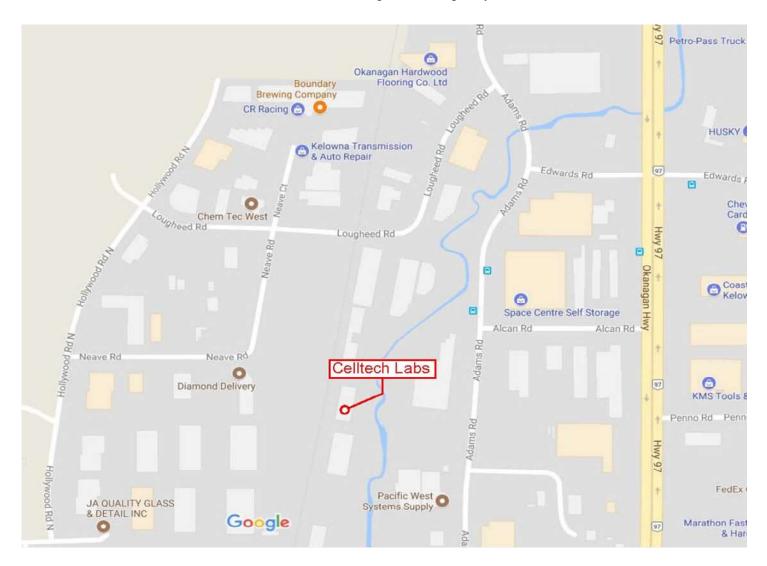
	Normative References
ISO/IEC 17025:2017	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories
ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard of Procedures for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise
	Emissions from Low-Voltage Electric and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz
ANSI C63.26-2015	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in
	Licensed Radio Services
ANSI/TIA-382-A	Minimum Standards - Citizens Band Radio Service Amplitude Modulated (AM) Transceivers
	Operating in the 27 MHz Band
	(Revision of EIA-382)
ANSI/TIA-603-E	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards
	(Revision of TIA-603-D)
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 2:	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 2:	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
Subpart (2.1091):	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: mobile devices.
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 15:	Radio Frequency Devices
Subpart B:	Unintentional Radiators
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 95:	Personal Radio Service
Subpart D:	Citizens Band Radio Service (CBRS)



### 6.0 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

## **Facility and Accreditation:**

The facilities used to evaluate this device outlined in this report are located at 21-364 Lougheed Road, Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada V1X7R8. The radiated emissions site (OATS) conforms to the requirements set forth in ANSI C63.4 and is filed and listed with the FCC under Test Firm Registration Number CA3874 and Industry Canada under Test Site File Number IC 3874A. Celltech is accredited to ISO 17025, through accrediting body A2LA and with certificate 2470.01.





# 7.0 CONDUCTED POWER

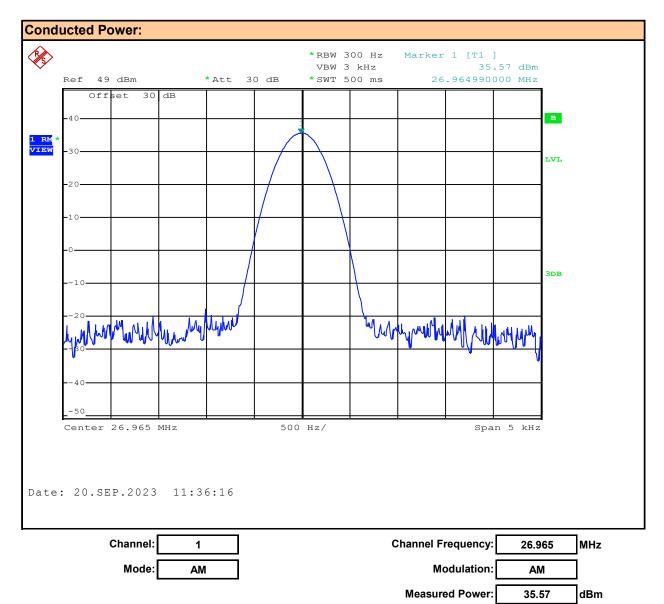
Test Procedure	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1046, §2.1033(c )(8), §95.967
Procedural Reference	EIA/TIA-382-A, TIA-603-E
Limits	
47 CFR §95.967	(a) When transmitting amplitude modulated (AM) voice signals or frequency modulated (FM) voice signals, the mean carrier power must not exceed 4 Watts.
47 CFR 995.907	(b) When transmitting single sideband (SSB) voice signals, the peak envelope power must not exceed 12 Watts
General Procedure	
	19. TRANSMITTER CARRIER POWER OUTPUT
EIA/TIA-382-A	Transmitter Carrier Power Output for this service is the power (rms) available at the output terminals of the transmitter when the output terminals are connected to a standard output load. This measurement shall be performed without modulation, at standard test. conditions.
	2.2.1 Conducted Carrier Output Power Rating
TIA-603-E	The conducted carrier power output rating for a transmitter is the power available at the output terminals of the transmitter when the output terminals are connected to the standard transmitter load.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1
Measurement Procedur	e

<u>AM / FM Operation</u>: DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.

**SSB Operation:** A two-tone modulation signal was connected to the DUT's audio input. DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The modulation signal was increased until there was no further increase in output power. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.

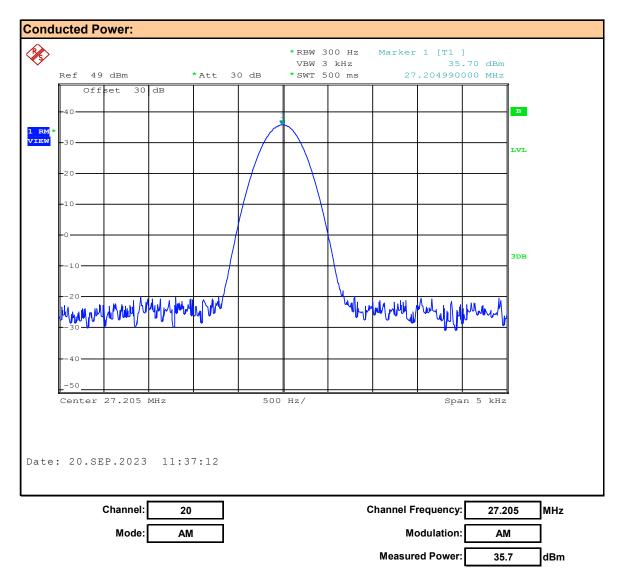


### Plot 7.1 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM



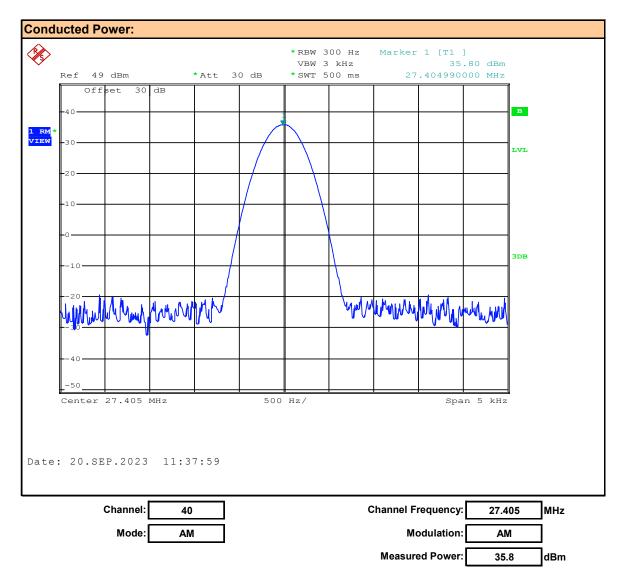


### Plot 7.2 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM



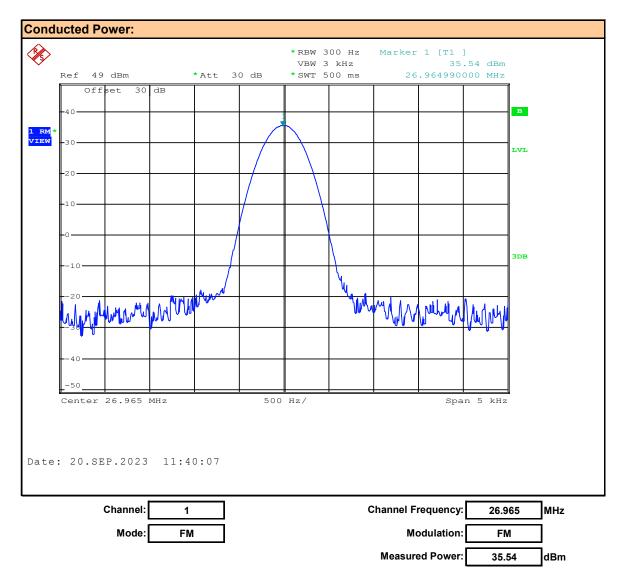


#### Plot 7.3 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, AM



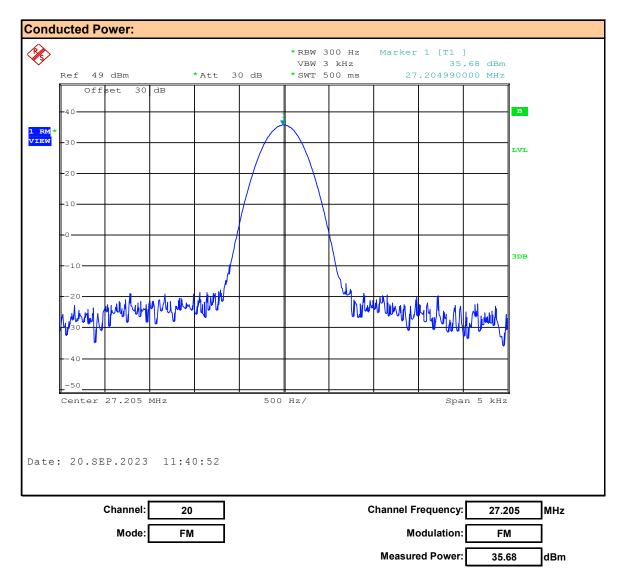


### Plot 7.4 – Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, FM



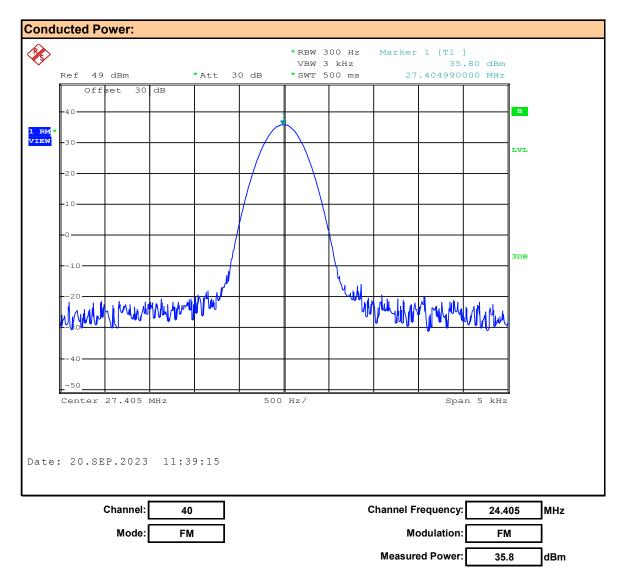


### Plot 7.5 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, FM





### Plot 7.6 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, FM





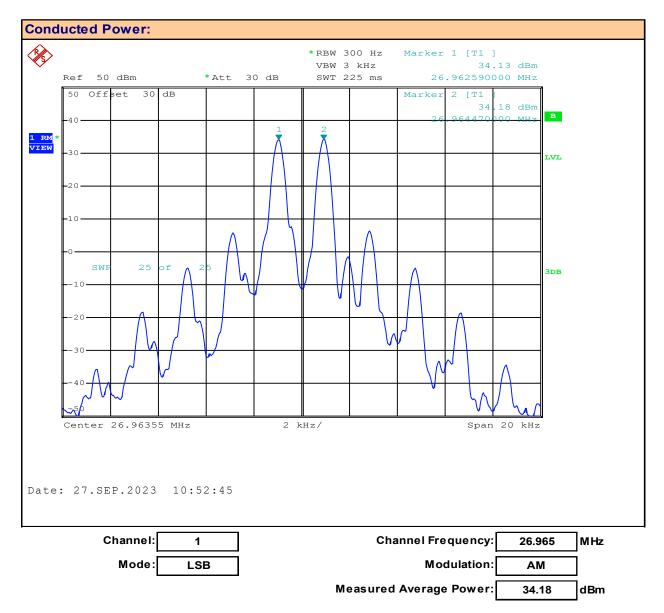
# Table 7.1 – Summary of Conducted Power Measurements (RMS)

Conduct	Conducted Power Measurement Results:									
Channel Number	Channel Frequency	Mode	Modulation	Measured Power [P <sub>Meas</sub> ]	Limit [P <sub>Lim</sub> ]	Margin				
	(MHz)			(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)				
1	26.97	АМ		35.57		0.43				
20	27.21		AM	35.70		0.30				
40	27.41			35.80	36	0.20				
1	26.97			35.54	50	0.46				
20	27.21	FM	FM	FM	FM	FM	FM	35.68		0.32
40	24.41			35.80		0.20				
					Result:	Complies				

Conducted Margin = P<sub>Limit</sub> - P<sub>Meas</sub>

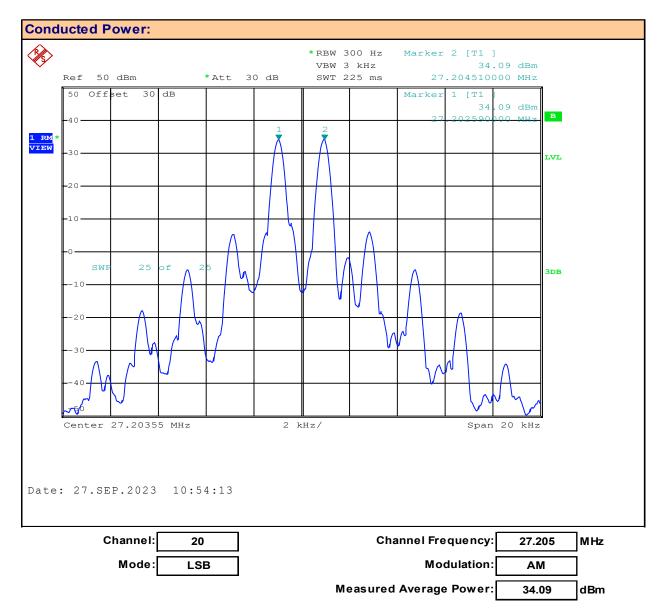


## Plot 7.7 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM Lower Side Band



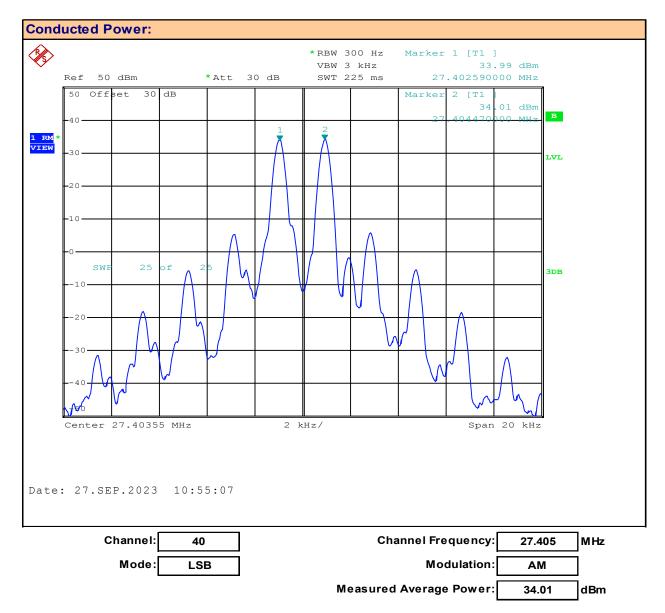


### Plot 7.8 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Lower Side Band



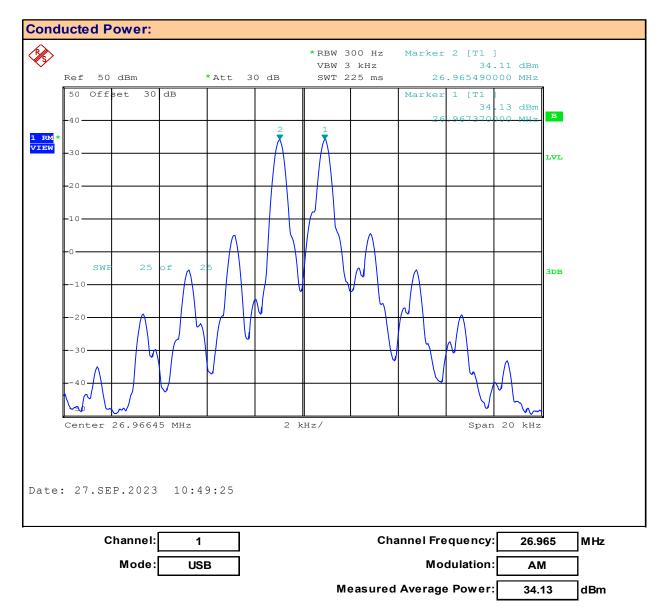


#### Plot 7.9 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 40, AM Lower Side Band



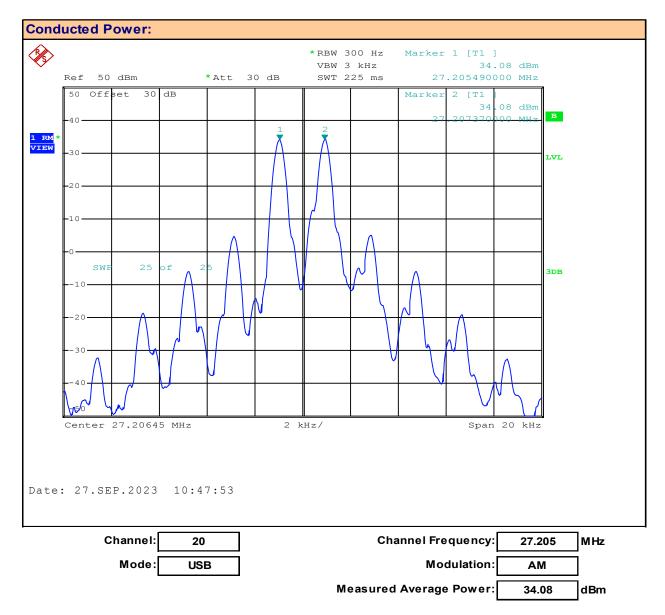


### Plot 7.10 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 1, AM Upper Side Band



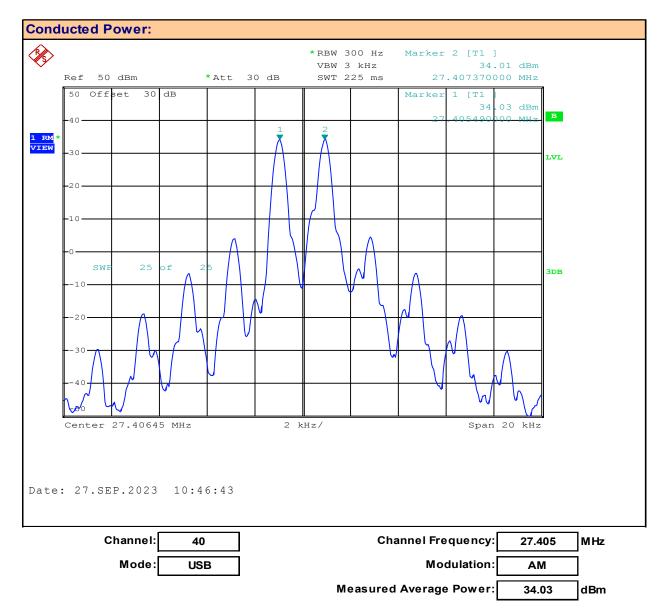


### Plot 7.11 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Upper Side Band



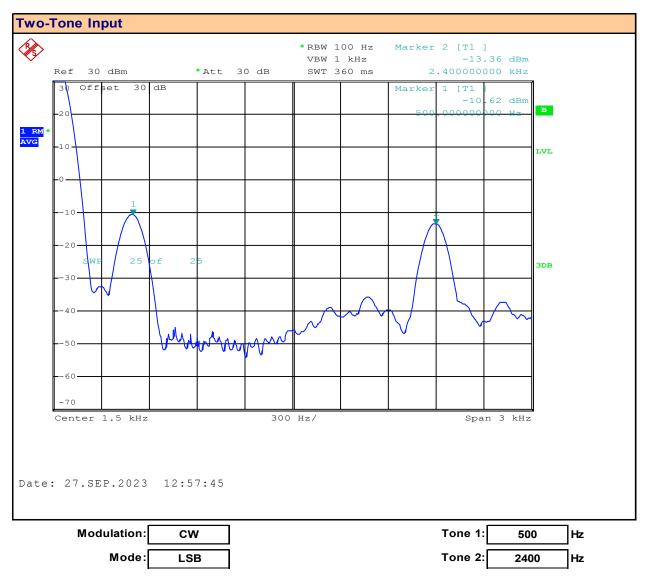


### Plot 7.12 - Conducted Output Power, Channel 20, AM Upper Side Band





### Plot 7.13 – Two-Tone Input Signal AM Lower Side Band



Adjusted to create equal amplitudes of DUT output power on both tones.



### Plot 7.14 – Two-Tone Input Signal AM Upper Side Band



Adjusted to create equal amplitudes of DUT output power on both tones.



### Table 7.2 Summary of Conducted Power Measurements (RMS)

Conduct	ted Power	Measurem	ent Results	:			
Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Modulation	Measured Power [P <sub>Meas</sub> ] (dBm)	Measured PEP [P <sub>PEP</sub> ] (dBm	Limit [P <sub>Lim</sub> ] (dBm)	Margin (dB)
1	26.97	LSB	AM	34.18	37.18	40.8	3.62
20	27.21	LSB	AM	34.09	37.09	40.8	3.71
40	27.41	LSB	AM	34.01	37.01	40.8	3.79
1	26.97	USB	AM	34.13	37.13	40.8	3.67
20	27.21	USB	AM	34.08	37.08	40.8	3.72
40	27.41	USB	AM	34.03	37.03	40.8	3.77
CW	500.00	LSB	2400.00		3.00	40.8	37.80
CW	500.00	USB	2400.00		3.00	40.8	37.80
					F	lesult:	Complies

Measure Peak Envelope Power is Twice the Measured Average Power

Measure Peak Envelope Power P<sub>PEP</sub> =  $P_{Meas}$  + 3dB

Conducted Margin =  $P_{Limit} - P_{PEP}$ 

Table 7.3 – Compliance to §2.1033(c )(8) – 13.8VDC, AM, FM

FCC CFR 47 §2.1033( c )(8): Power to Transmitter: AM						
Measured Receiver Current: IRx = 0.26A						
Measured Total Current:	ITx = 2.42A					
Transmitter Current (ITx - IRx):	IXmitter = 2.16A					
Power to Transmitter:	(13.8VDC)(0.2.16) = 29.8W					
Result:	Complies					

FCC CFR 47 §2.1033( c )(8): Power to Transmitter: FM							
Measured Receiver Current:	IRx = 0.26A						
Measured Total Current:	ITx = 2.41A						
Transmitter Current (ITx - IRx):	IXmitter = 2.11A						
Power to Transmitter:	(13.8VDC)(0.2.41) = 29.7W						
Result:	Complies						

FCC CFR 47 §2.1033( c )(8): Power to Transmitter: AM LSB							
Measured Receiver Current:	IRx = 0.29A						
Measured Total Current:	ITx = 3.05A						
Transmitter Current (ITx - IRx):	IXmitter = 2.76A						
Power to Transmitter:	(13.8VDC)(2.76) = 38.1W						
Result:	Complies						

FCC CFR 47 §2.1033( c )(8): Power to Transmitter: AM USB							
Measured Receiver Current: IRx = 0.29A							
Measured Total Current:	ITx = 3.05A						
Transmitter Current (ITx - IRx):	IXmitter = 2.76A						
Power to Transmitter:	(13.8VDC)(2.76) = 38.1W						
Result:	Complies						



#### Statement - Compliance to §95.977

#### §95.977 CBRS tone transmissions.

In addition to the tones permitted under §95.377, CBRS transmitter types may be designed to transmit brief tones to indicate the beginning or end of a transmission.

This device is capable of transmitting a brief (less than one second) audio tone, "Roger Beep", when the PTT button is released on the microphone indicating end of transmission. This function is user selectable and complies with the requirements of §95.377. See User's Manual.



# **8.0 MODULATION RESPONSE**

Test Conditions	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1047, §95.975
Limits	
47 CFR §2.1047	a) Voice modulated communication equipment. A curve or equivalent data showing the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz shall be submitted.
47 CFR §95.975	<ul> <li>Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the modulation characteristics are in compliance with the rules in this section.</li> <li>(a) When emission type A3E is transmitted with voice modulation, the modulation percentage must be at least 85%, but not more than 100%.</li> <li>(b) When emission type A3E is transmitted by a CBRS transmitter having a transmitter output power of more than 2.5 W, the transmitter must contain a circuit that automatically prevents the modulation percentage from exceeding 100%.</li> </ul>
	(c) When emission type F3E is transmitted the peak frequency deviation shall not exceed $\pm 2$ kHz.
Measurement Proced	lure
TIA 382 25.2	Transmitter Audio Frequency Response
	Operate the transmitter under standard test conditions and monitor the output with a modulation monitor or calibrated test receiver. The audio input signal applied through a suitable impedance matching network, as specified by the manufacturer, shall be adjusted to obtain 50% modulation at the maximum audio frequency response of the transmitter, and this point shall be taken as the 0 dB reference level. Vary the modulating frequency from 100 Hz to 10,000 Hz and record the input levels necessary to maintain a constant 50% modulation.
	Graph the audio level in dB relative to the 0 dB reference level as a function of the modulating frequency. Record any audio frequency where it is impossible to perform the measurement.
TIA-603-E	2.2.6 Audio Frequency Response
	2.2.6.2.1 Constant deviation test method (300 Hz to 3000 Hz)
	<ul> <li>a) Connect the equipment as illustrated.</li> <li>b) Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for ≤50 Hz to ≥15,000 Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.</li> <li>c) Set the DMM to measure rms voltage.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>d) Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.</li> <li>e) Apply a 1000 Hz tone and adjust the audio frequency generator to produce 20% of the rated system deviation.</li> <li>f) Set the test receiver to measure rms deviation and record the deviation reading.</li> </ul>
	g) Record the DMM reading as $V_{REF}$ .
	<ul> <li>h) Set the audio frequency generator to the desired test frequency between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.</li> <li>i) Vary the audio frequency generator output level until the deviation reading that was recorded in step f) is obtained.</li> </ul>
	j) Record the DMM reading as V <sub>FREQ</sub> .
	k) Calculate the audio frequency response at the present frequency as: audio frequency response= 20Log(V <sub>FREQ</sub> /V <sub>REF</sub> )



TIA 382 24.2.2	Transmitter Modulation Limiting
	The transmitter is modulated by a sinusoidal audio signal applied to the microphone input jack. First the audio input frequency is adjusted to deliver 50% modulation at the audio frequency that produces the maximum modulation level. Record the modulation input level (mV) and use this level as 0 dB for plotting modulation limiting. Increment the audio signal level to 40 dB above the reference level. Record the modulation level (%). Repeat the measurements using a 400 Hz and a 2500 Hz sinusoidal audio signal. Record the modulation level (%). Perform for both positive and negative modulation.
TIA-603-E	2.2.3 Transmitter Modulation Limiting
	<ul> <li>a) Connect the equipment as illustrated.</li> <li>b) Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.</li> <li>c) Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for ≤0.25 Hz to</li> <li>≥15,000 Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.</li> <li>d) Apply a 1000 Hz modulating signal to the transmitter from the audio frequency generator, and adjust the level to obtain 60% of full rated system deviation.</li> <li>e) Increase the level from the audio frequency generator by 20 dB in one step (rise time between the 10% and 90% points shall be 0.1 second maximum).</li> <li>f) Measure both the instantaneous and steady-state deviation at and after the time of increasing the audio input level.</li> <li>g) With the level from the audio frequency generator held constant at the level obtained in step e), slowly vary the audio frequency from 300 Hz to 3000 Hz and observe the steady-state deviation. Record the maximum deviation.</li> <li>h) Set the test receiver to measure peak negative deviation and repeat steps d) through g).</li> </ul>

ANSI C63.26	5.3 Modulation Characteristics
	<b>5.3.1 c)</b> Single-sideband and independent-sideband radiotelephone transmitters that employ a device or circuit to limit peak envelope power. A curve showing the peak envelope output power versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied. Radiotelephone transmitters equipped with a device to limit modulation or peak envelope power shall be modulated as follows. For single-sideband and independent-sideband transmitters, the input level of the modulating signal shall be 10 dB greater than that necessary to produce rated peak envelope power.
	<b>5.3.2 c) 2)</b> Single sideband transmitters in A3E or J3E emission modes—when modulated by two tones at frequencies of 400 Hz and 1800 Hz (for 3.0 kHz authorized bandwidth), or 500 Hz and 2100 Hz (for 3.5 kHz authorized bandwidth), or 500 Hz and 2400 Hz (for 4.0 kHz authorized bandwidth), applied simultaneously. The input levels of the tones shall be so adjusted that the two principal frequency components of the RF signal produced are equal in magnitude.
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.2

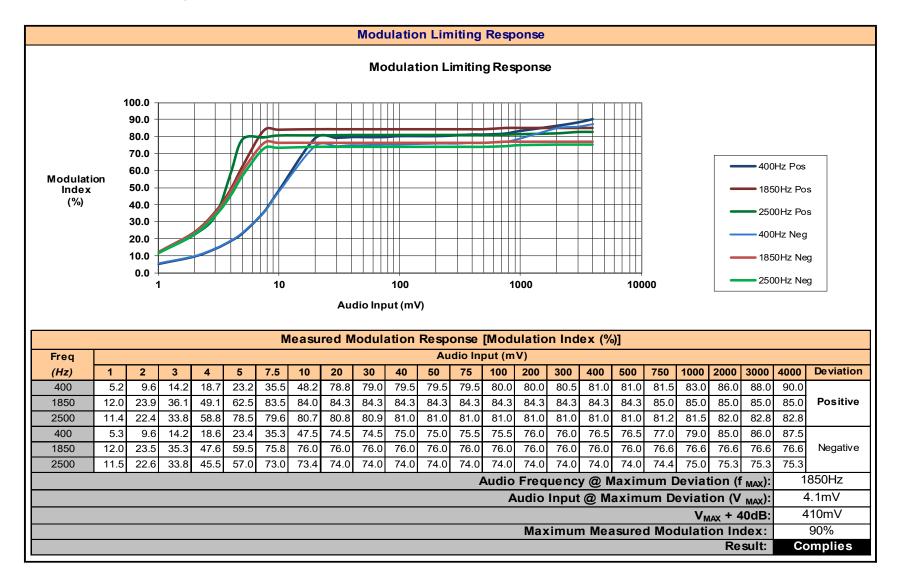


## Plot 8.1 – Audio Frequency and Low Pass Filter Response, AM

			equency and							
	Measured									
A	udio Respons		Audio Frequency Response							
	Audi									
Freq	Respo									
	(@ 50%			5						
(Hz)	(mV)	(dB)*								
100	590.00	-43.161								
300	15.50	-11.551								
500	8.00	-5.806		-5						
700	6.00	-3.307								
900	5.10	-1.896								
1100	4.80	-1.369		-15						
1300 1500	4.40	-0.613 -0.414								
1700	4.30	-0.414								
1700 1850	4.20 <b>4.10</b>									
2000	4.10	<b>0.000</b> -0.209	Normalized	-25		+++++				
2000	4.20	-0.209	Audio							
2200	4.20	-0.209	Response(dB)							
2400	4.20	-0.209								
2800	4.40	-0.809		-35						
3000	4.90	-0.809								
3200	5.60	-2.708								
3400	8.00	-5.806		-45						
3600	15.00	-11.266		-40						
3800	34.00	-18.374								
4000	87.00	-26.535								
4200	650.00	-44.003		-55						
4400	630.00	-43.731								
4600	630.00	-43.731								
4800	624.00	-43.648								
5000	623.00	-43.634		-65 100		1000	10000			
5200	628.00	-43.704		100		1000	10000			
5400	6000.00	-63.307								
6000	6000.00	-63.307			In	put Frequency (H	z)			
7500	6000.00	-63.307								
1000	6000.00	-63.307								
Normali	ze to 1850Hz									
	MI could not be	e achieved a	bove 5400Hz.							
				lio Freau	ency at -6d	B Attenuation:	3300Hz			
					-	esponse (f <sub>MAX</sub> ):				
						sponse (V <sub>MAX</sub> ):				
						Result:	Complies			



#### Plot 8.2 – Modulation Limiting Response, AM



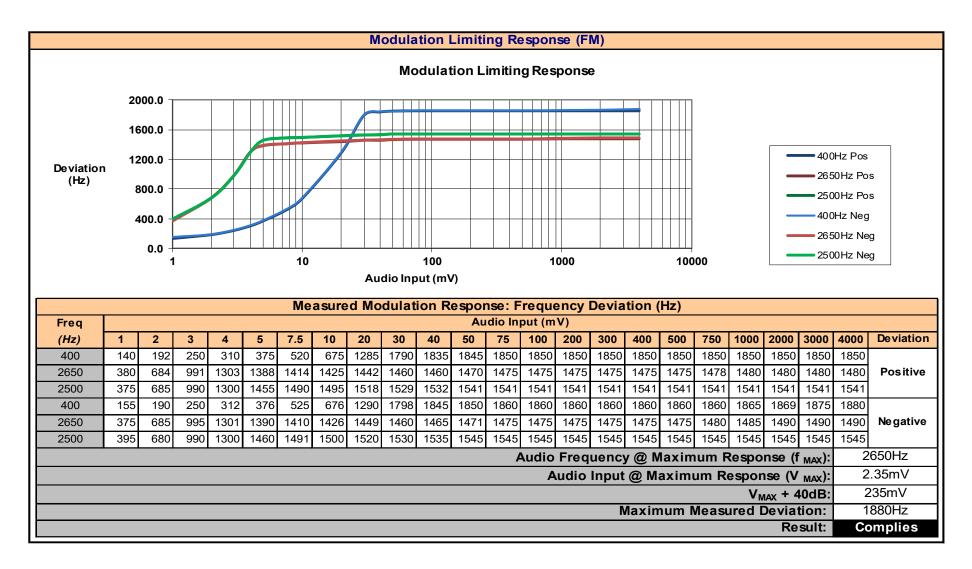


## Plot 8.3 – Audio Frequency and Low Pass Filter Response, FM

Δ	Measured udio Respons	50			Audio Freq	uenc	v Re	sponse	)			
Audio Response												
Freq	Response		5									
	(@ 20% D											
(Hz)	(mV)	(dB)*		-5								
200	609.00	-48.271										
400	12.00	-14.162		-15								
600	8.50	-11.167		-15								
800	6.50	-8.837										
1000	5.20	-6.899		-25								H
1200	4.35	-5.348	Normalized									
1400	3.70	-3.943	Audio Response (dB)	-35 +		+	+++		+		+++	H
1600	3.25	-2.816										
1800	2.90	-1.827		-45							$\parallel$	Ц
2000	2.70	-1.206										
2200	2.50	-0.537		<b>[</b>								
2400	2.40	-0.183		-55								Π
2600	2.35	0.000										
2650	2.35	0.000		-65			+++		+			H
2800	2.35	0.000										
3000	2.50	-0.537		-75								
3200	2.95	-1.975		100			10	000			1	0000
3400	4.25	-5.146				Input	Frea	uency (H	z)			
3600	6000.00	-68.142							-/			
	e to 2650Hz											
ote: 20% I	Deviation (+/-4	00Hz) could r	ot be achieved at									
			Aud	io Freq	uency at -6	dB A	tten	uation:			50Hz	
			Audio Freque			-					50Hz	
			Audio In	put @	Maximum F	Respo	nse	(V MAX):	:	2.3	5mV	
							F	Result:		Con	nplies	

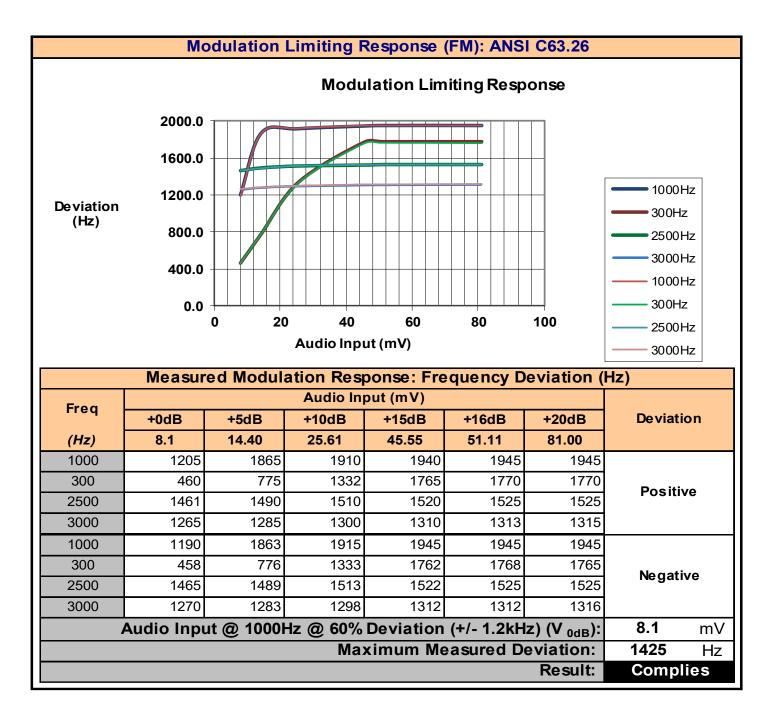


#### Plot 8.4 – Modulation Limiting Response, FM



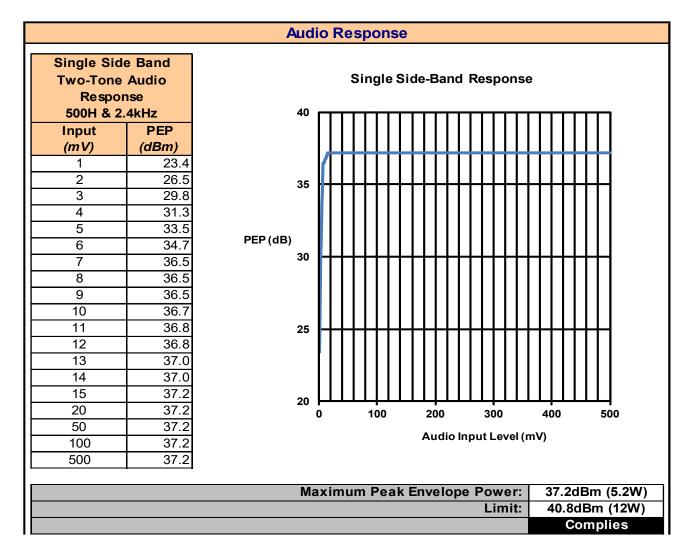


### Plot 8.5 – Modulation Limiting Response, FM (ANSI C63.26)



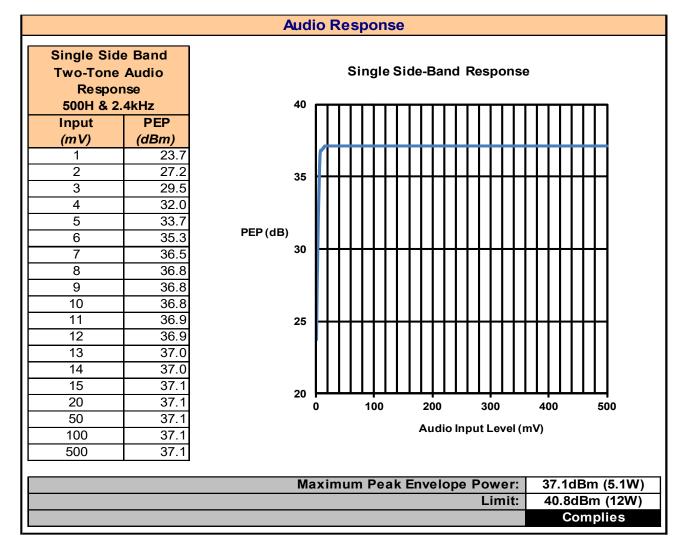


### Plot 8.6 - Modulation Limiting Response, AM LSB (ANSI C63.26)





### Plot 8.7 – Modulation Limiting Response, AM USB (ANSI C63.26)





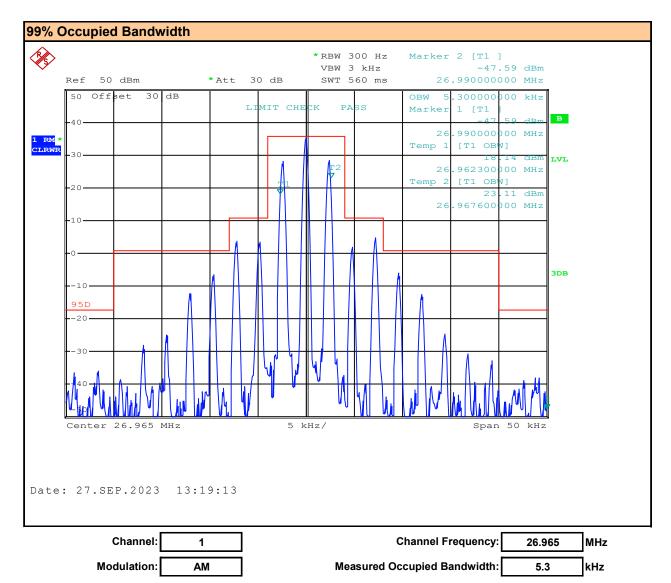
## 9.0 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH AND EMISSION MASKS

Test Conditions							
	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §95.973						
Limits							
47 CFR §95.973	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the occupied bandwidth does exceed the authorized bandwidth for the emission type under test.						
	(a) AM and FM						
	The authorized bandwidth for emission types A3E and F3E is 8 kHz.						
47 CFR §95.979	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed to comply with the applicable unwanted emissions limits in this section.						
	(a) Attenuation requirements						
	The power of unwanted emissions must be attenuated below the transmitter output power Watts (P) as specified in the applicable paragraphs listed in the following table:						
	For A3E and F3E (1), (3), (5), (6)						
	(1) 25 dB (decibels) in the frequency band 4 kHz to 8 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;						
	(3) 35 dB in the frequency band 8 kHz to 20 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;						
	<b>(5)</b> 53 + 10 log (P) dB in any frequency band removed from the channel center frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth.						
	<b>(6)</b> 60 dB in any frequency band centered on a harmonic (i.e., an integer multiple of two or more times) of the carrier frequency.						
Measurement Proced	lure						
TIA 382 23.2	Transmitter Modulation Occupied Bandwidth						
adjusted to deliver 50% signal level is increased	lated by a sinusoidal audio signal applied to the microphone input jack. First, the frequency is modulation at the highest audio response level (minimum applied audio level). Then the audio 16 dB and the audio frequency is readjusted to 2500 Hz The analyzer is adjusted to display dulation sidebands and their respective harmonic products within +/- 50 kHz of the carrier						

 Test Setup
 Appendix A
 Figure A.1

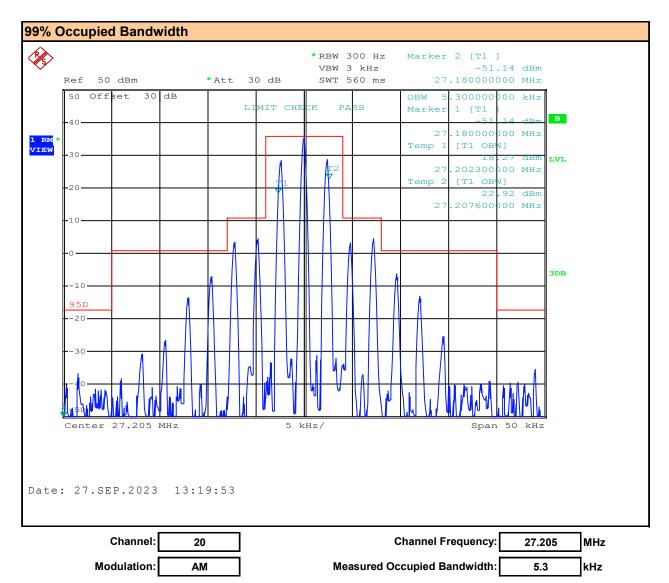


### Plot 9.1 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM



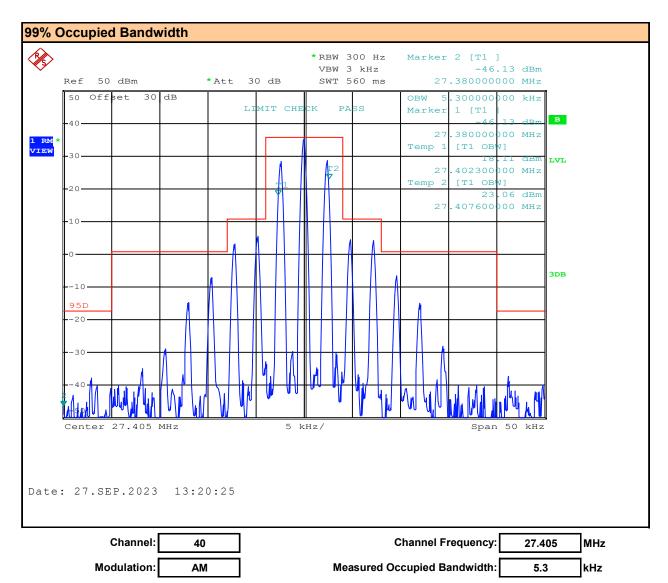


Plot 9.2 - Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM



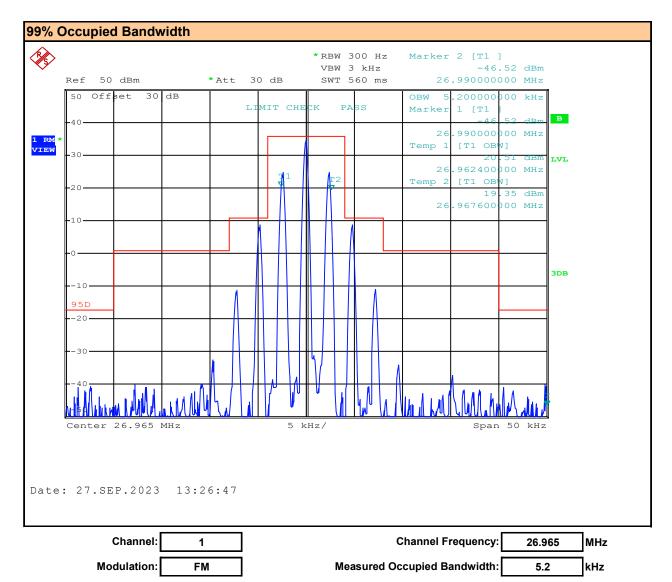


Plot 9.3 - Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM



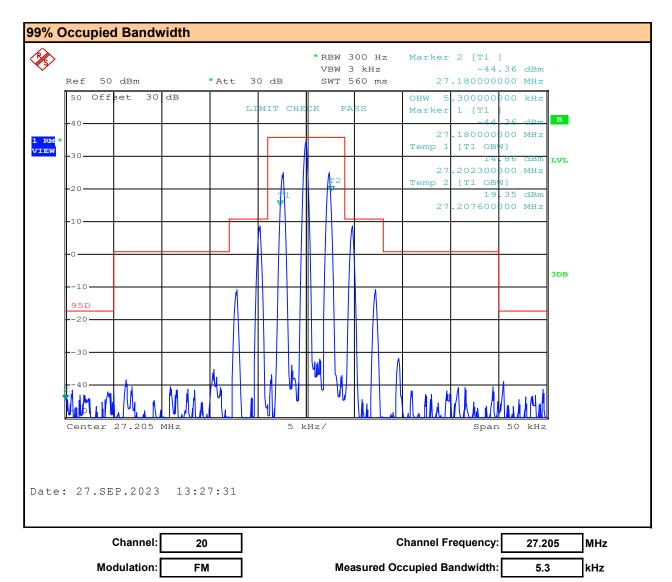


### Plot 9.4 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, FM



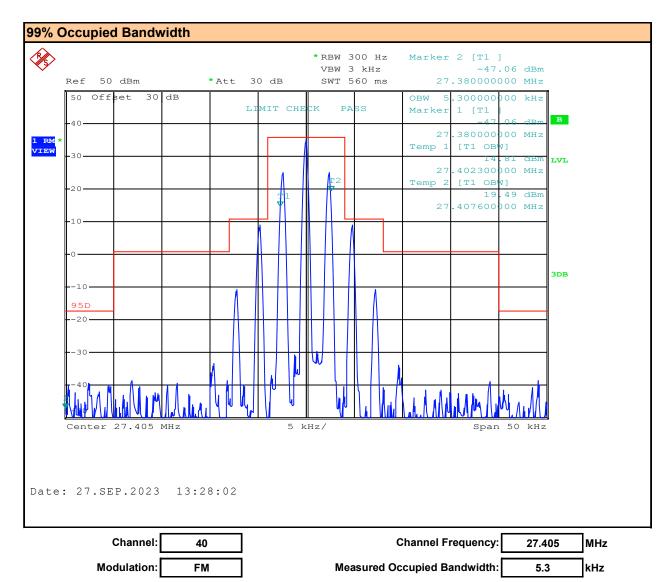


#### Plot 9.5 - Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, FM





#### Plot 9.6 - Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, FM



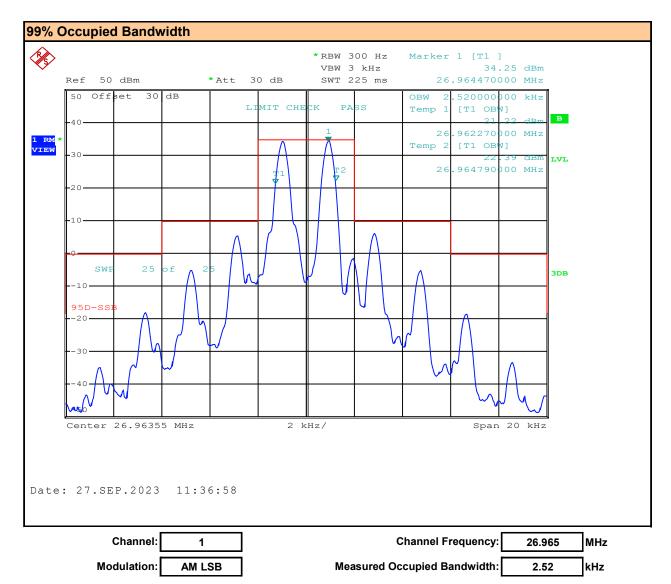


4546171895 R1.0 16 October 2023

Test Conditions	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §95.973
Limits	
47 CFR §95.973	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the occupied bandwidth does not exceed the authorized bandwidth for the emission type under test.
	(b) SSB
	The authorized bandwidth for emission types J3E, R3E, and H3E is 4 kHz.
47 CFR §95.979	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed to comply with the applicable unwanted emissions limits in this section.
	(a) Attenuation requirements
	The power of unwanted emissions must be attenuated below the transmitter output power in Watts (P) as specified in the applicable paragraphs listed in the following table:
	H3E, J3E and R3E (2), (4), (5), (6)
	(2) 25 dB in the frequency band 2 kHz to 6 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;
	(4) 35 dB in the frequency band 6 kHz to 10 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;
	<b>(5)</b> 53 + 10 log (P) dB in any frequency band removed from the channel center frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth.
	(6) 60 dB in any frequency band centered on a harmonic (i.e., an integer multiple of two or more times) of the carrier frequency.
Measurement Proce	dure
Spectrum Analyzer (SA increased until there wa	p-tone modulation signal was connected to the DUT's audio input. DUT was connected to a A) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The modulation signal was as no further increase in output power then increased by 10dB. The output power of the DUT cturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.1

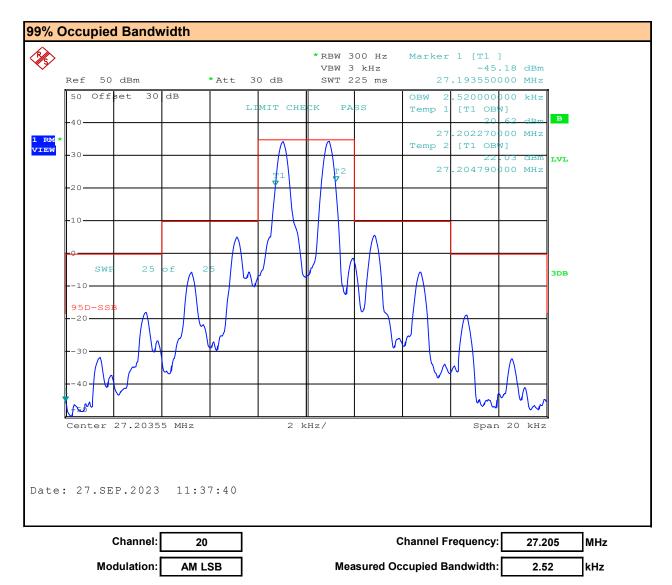


### Plot 9.7 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM, Lower Side Band



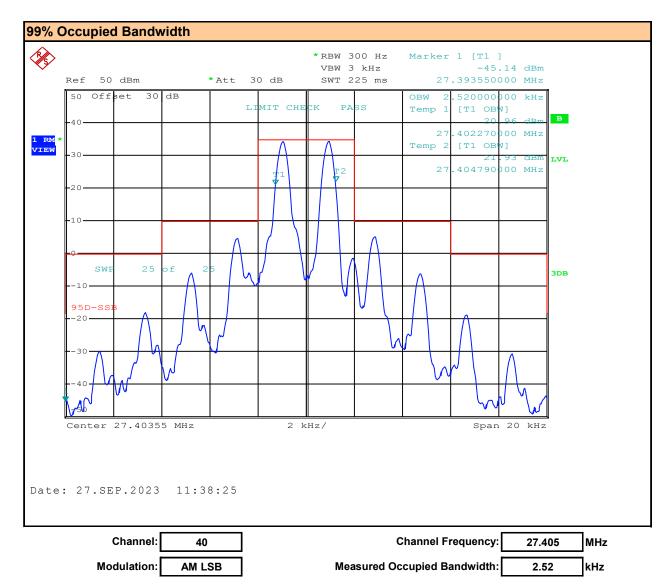


### Plot 9.8 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM, Lower Side Band



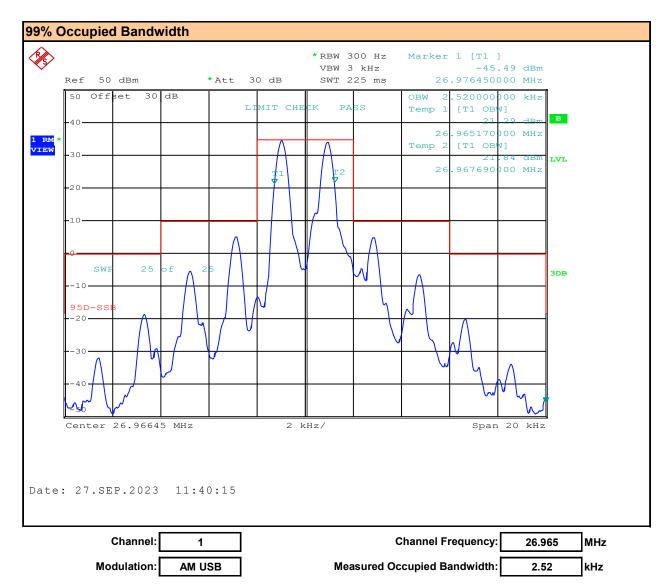


### Plot 9.9 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM, Lower Side Band



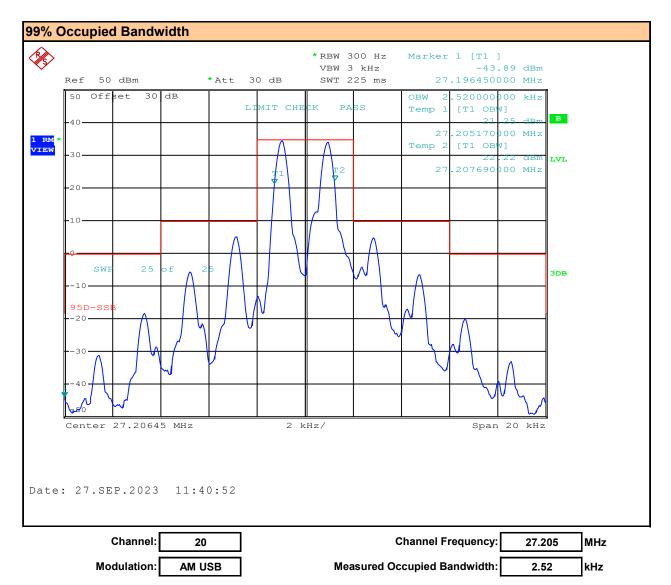


### Plot 9.10 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 1, AM, Upper Side Band



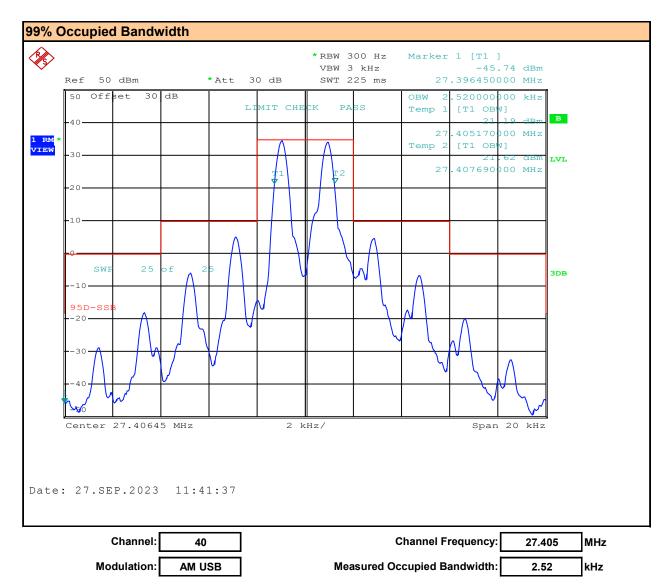


### Plot 9.11 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 20, AM, Upper Side Band





### Plot 9.12 – Occupied Bandwidth, Channel 40, AM, Upper Side Band





### Table 9.1 - Summary of Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Mask Results

99% Occupied Bandwidth / Emissions Mask Results:										
Channel	Channel		Measured			Emissions				
Number	Frequency	Modulation	Iodulation Occupied Limit Bandwidth		Emission Designator	Mask				
	(MHz)		(kHz)	(kHz)	Designator	Results				
1	26.965		5.30	8.00	5K30A3E	PASS				
20	27.205	AM	5.30		5K30A3E	PASS				
40	27.405		5.30		5K30A3E	PASS				
1	26.965		5.20		5K20F3E	PASS				
20	27.205	FM	5.30		5K30F3E	PASS				
40	27.405		5.30		5K30F3E	PASS				
1	26.965		2.52	4.00	2K52J3E	PASS				
20	27.205	AM LSB	2.52		2K52J3E	PASS				
40	27.405		2.52		2K52J3E	PASS				
1	26.965		2.52		2K52J3E	PASS				
20	27.205	AM USB	2.52		2K52J3E	PASS				
40	27.405		2.52		2K52J3E	PASS				
Result: Complies										



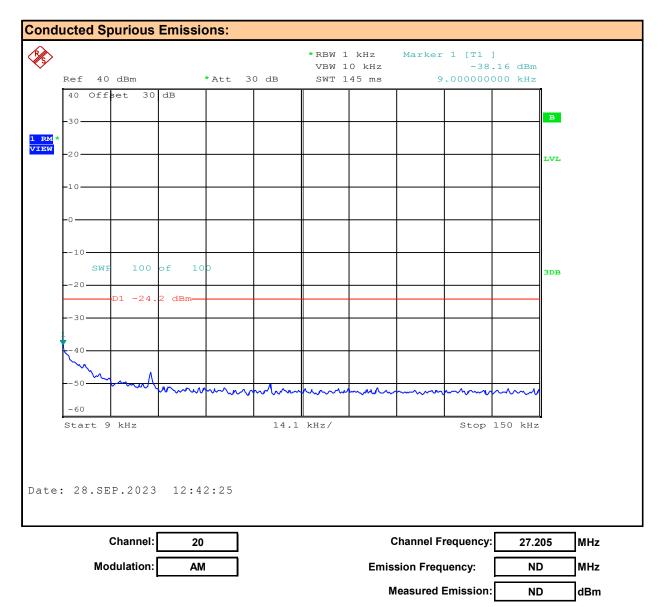
## 10 CONDUCTED OUT OF BAND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Conditions							
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §95.973						
Limits	•						
47 CFR §95.973	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the occupied bandwidth does not exceed the authorized bandwidth for the emission type under test.						
	(a) AM and FM						
	The authorized bandwidth for emission types A3E and F3E is 8 kHz.						
47 CFR §95.979	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed to comply with the applicable unwanted emissions limits in this section.						
	(a) Attenuation requirements						
	The power of unwanted emissions must be attenuated below the transmitter output power Watts (P) as specified in the applicable paragraphs listed in the following table:						
	For A3E and F3E (1), (3), (5), (6)						
	(1) 25 dB (decibels) in the frequency band 4 kHz to 8 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;						
	(3) 35 dB in the frequency band 8 kHz to 20 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;						
	<b>(5)</b> 53 + 10 log (P) dB in any frequency band removed from the channel center frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth.						
	<b>(6)</b> 60 dB in any frequency band centered on a harmonic (i.e., an integer multiple of two or more times) of the carrier frequency.						
Measurement Proced	lure						
TIA 382 23.2	Transmitter Modulation Occupied Bandwidth						
adjusted to deliver 50% signal level is increased	lated by a sinusoidal audio signal applied to the microphone input jack. First, the frequency is modulation at the highest audio response level (minimum applied audio level). Then the audio 16 dB and the audio frequency is readjusted to 2500 Hz The analyzer is adjusted to display dulation sidebands and their respective harmonic products within +/- 50 kHz of the carrier						

 Test Setup
 Appendix A
 Figure A.1

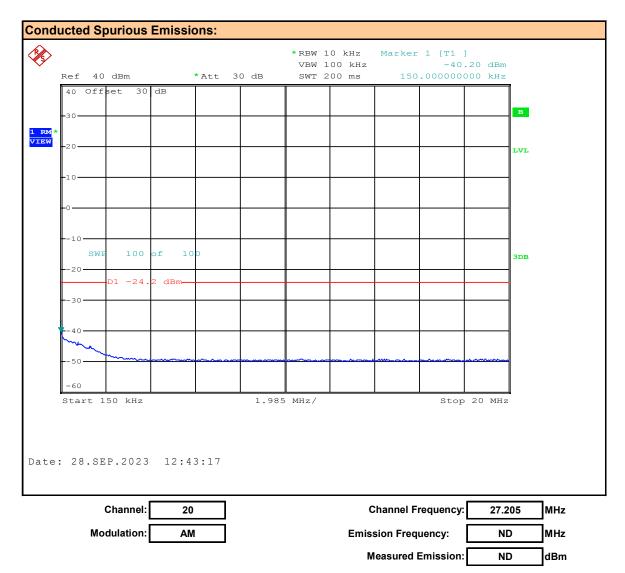


#### Plot 10.1 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM



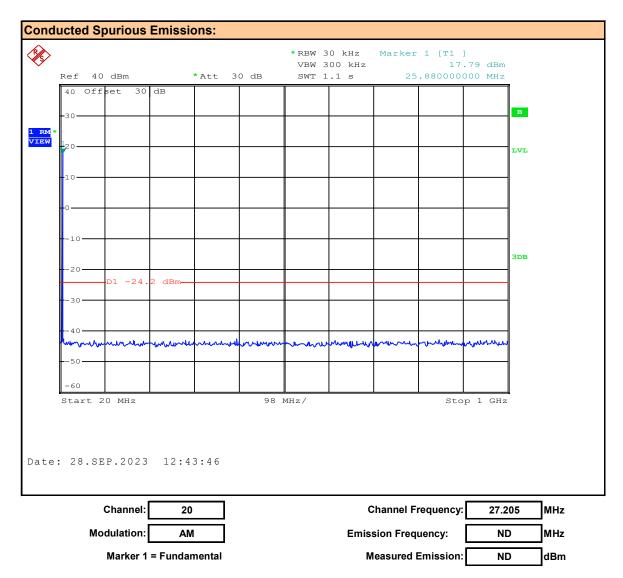


#### Plot 10.2 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz - 20MHz, Channel 20, AM



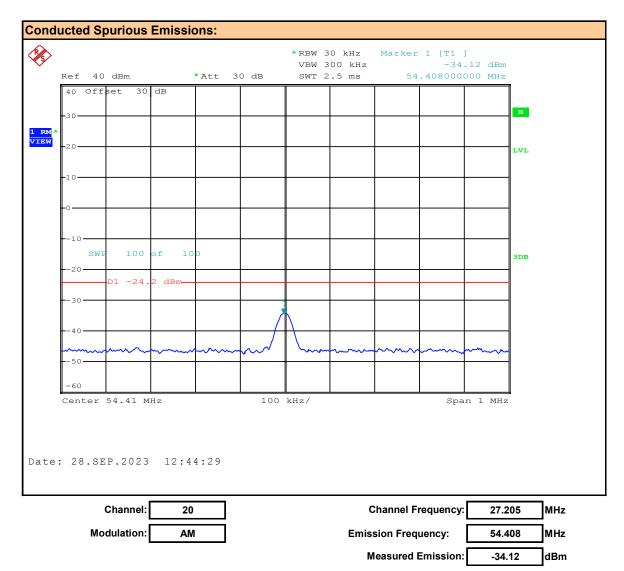


#### Plot 10.3 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 - 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM



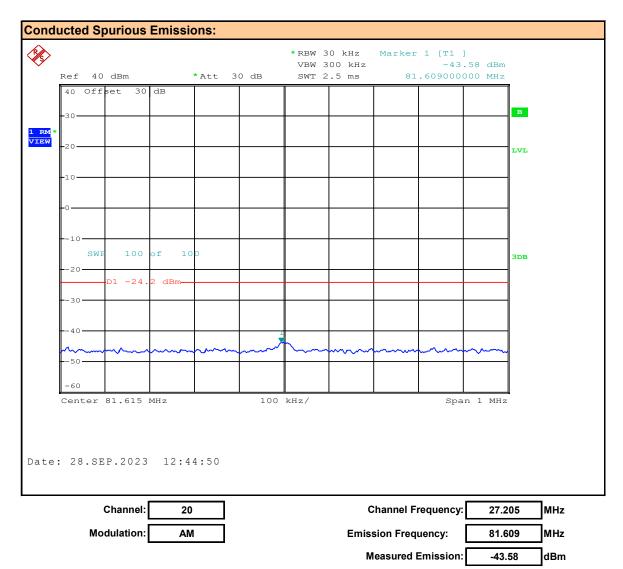


# Plot 10.4 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM



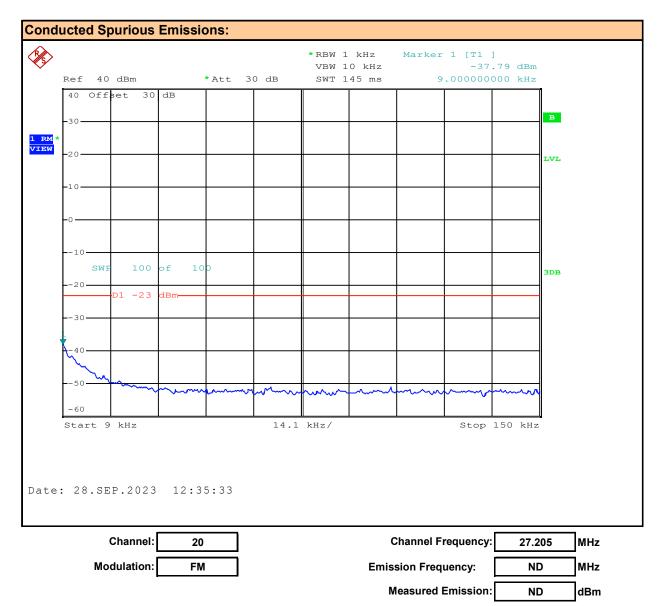


### Plot 10.5 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM



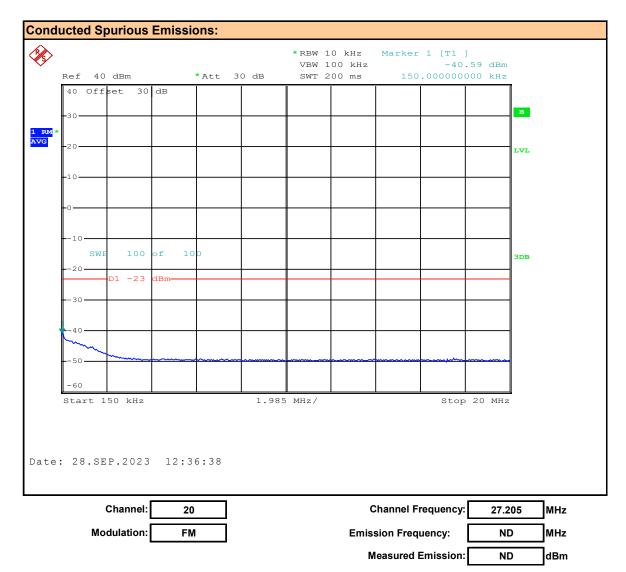


#### Plot 10.6 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, FM





#### Plot 10.7 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, FM



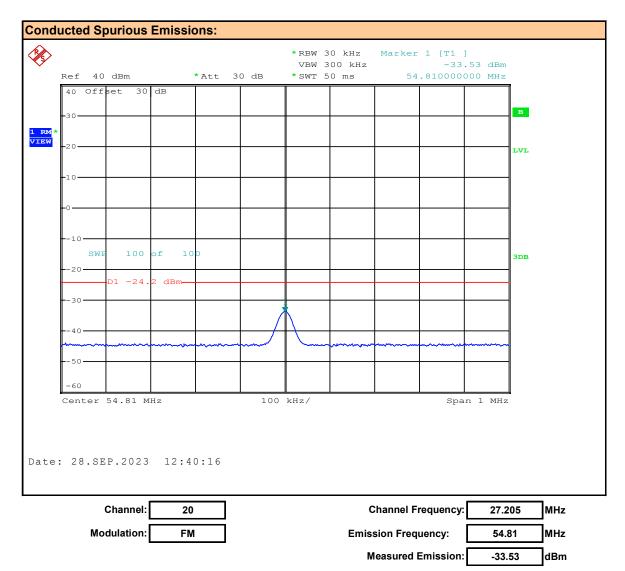


### Plot 10.8 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, FM

Conducted Spurious Emissions:												
<b>\$</b>	Ref 4	0 dBm	* A:	tt 3	0 dB		00 kHz		1 [T1 ] 17. .8800000	84 dBm		
	40 Of	fset 30	dB									
											в	
	-30											
1 RM* VIEW	1											
	20										LVL	
	•10											
	••0											
											3DB	
	-20	D1 -23	dBm									
	· 30											
	-40-				haduden			man day	March 1 mm	m has alway		
				00.000								
	50											
	-60											
	Start	20 MHz	I		98 I	MHz/	•		Stoj	p 1 GHz	l	
Date	: 28.S	EP.2023	12:38:2	23								
		Channel:	20				c	hannel Fi	requency:	27.2	05	MHz
												1
	Modulation: FM					Emission Frequency: ND MHz				MHz		
		Marker 1	= Fundamer	ntal			м	leasured I	Emission:	NC	)	dBm

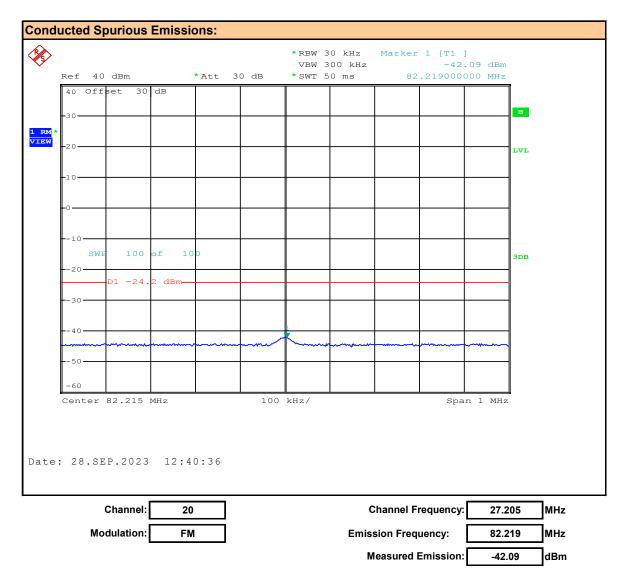


# Plot 10.9 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, FM





### Plot 10.10 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, FM



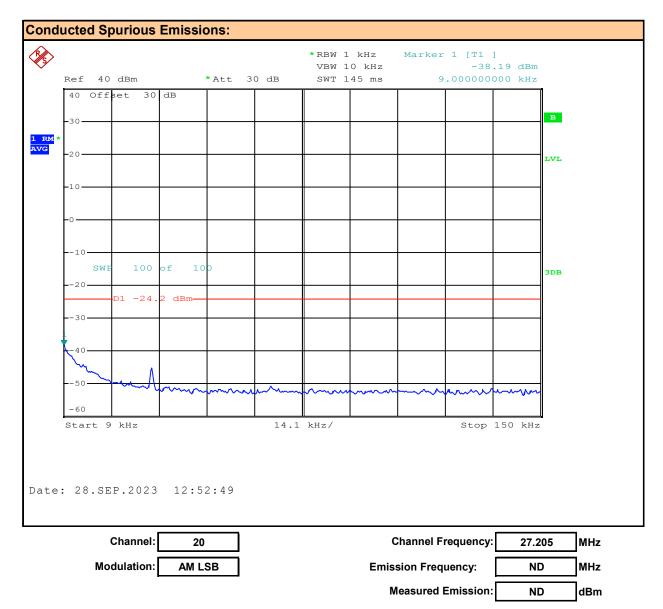


4546171895 R1.0 16 October 2023

Test Conditions	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §95.973
Limits	
47 CFR §95.973	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the occupied bandwidth does not exceed the authorized bandwidth for the emission type under test.
	(b) SSB
	The authorized bandwidth for emission types J3E, R3E, and H3E is 4 kHz.
47 CFR §95.979	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed to comply with the applicable unwanted emissions limits in this section.
	(a) Attenuation requirements
	The power of unwanted emissions must be attenuated below the transmitter output power in Watts (P) as specified in the applicable paragraphs listed in the following table:
	H3E, J3E and R3E (2), (4), (5), (6)
	(2) 25 dB in the frequency band 2 kHz to 6 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;
	(4) 35 dB in the frequency band 6 kHz to 10 kHz removed from the channel center frequency;
	<b>(5)</b> 53 + 10 log (P) dB in any frequency band removed from the channel center frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth.
	(6) 60 dB in any frequency band centered on a harmonic (i.e., an integer multiple of two or more times) of the carrier frequency.
Measurement Proce	dure
Spectrum Analyzer (SA increased until there wa	p-tone modulation signal was connected to the DUT's audio input. DUT was connected to a A) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The modulation signal was as no further increase in output power then increased by 10dB. The output power of the DUT cturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.1

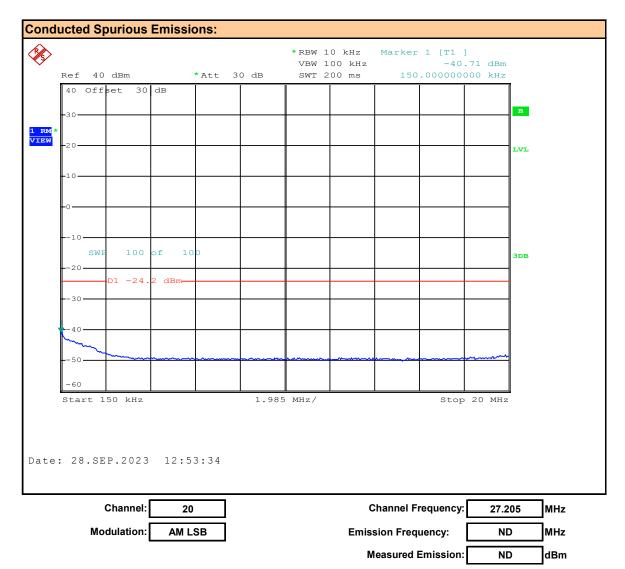


#### Plot 10.11 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB





#### Plot 10.12 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz – 20MHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB



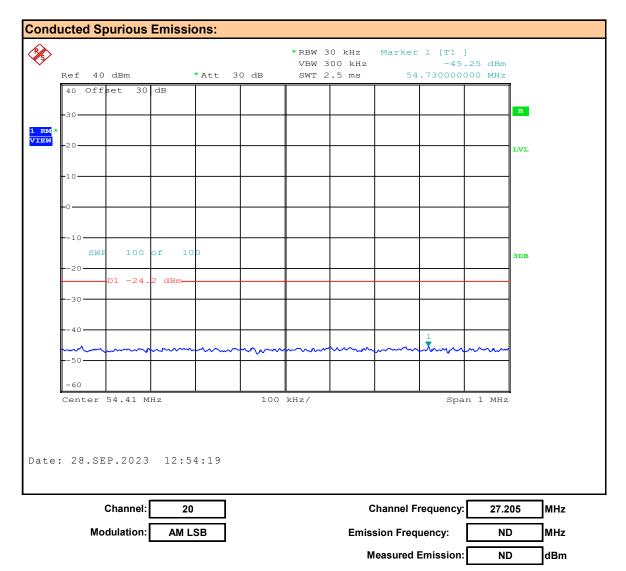


## Plot 10.13 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM, LSB

Conducted Spurious Emissions:												
<b>\$</b>						VBW 3	30 kHz 300 kHz			.84 dBm		
		dBm	15	* Att	30 dB	SWT 1	1 s	25	.8800000	000 MHz	7	
	40 Off	set 30	dB									
	-30										в	
1 RM *												
CLRWR	-20										LVL	
	-10											
	1 70											
	.0											
	-10											
	-10-											
	-20										3DB	
		D1 -24.	2 dBm—									
	-40				_							
	mayna	when	mound	imon	man	mon	mangender	mon	menen	unter		
	50											
	60											
	-60 Start 2	0 MH 7			98	MHz/			Sto	p 1 GHz	Į	
	Start 2	0 19112			20.				510	P I GHZ		
Date	: 28.SE	P.2023	12:5	3:52								
Channel: 20					Channel Frequency:					27.205		MHz
	Modulation: AM LSB						Emis	sion Freq	uencv:	N	)	MHz
	Marker 1 = Fundamental										1	
		Marker 1	= Fundai	mental		Measured Emission: ND dBn						dBm

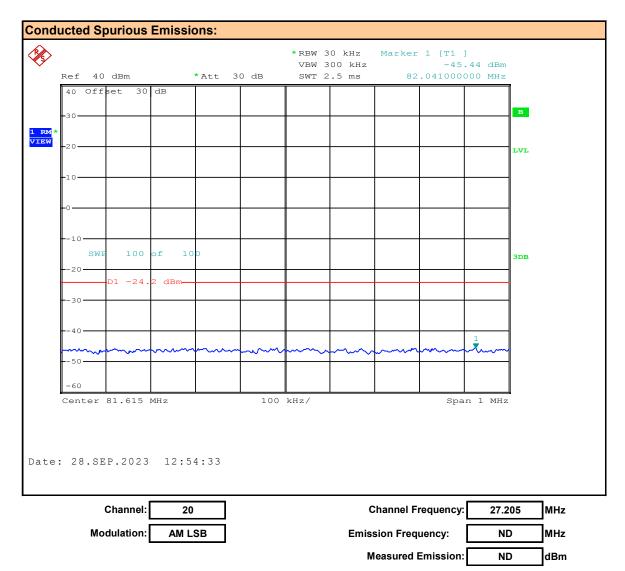


# Plot 10.14 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, LSB



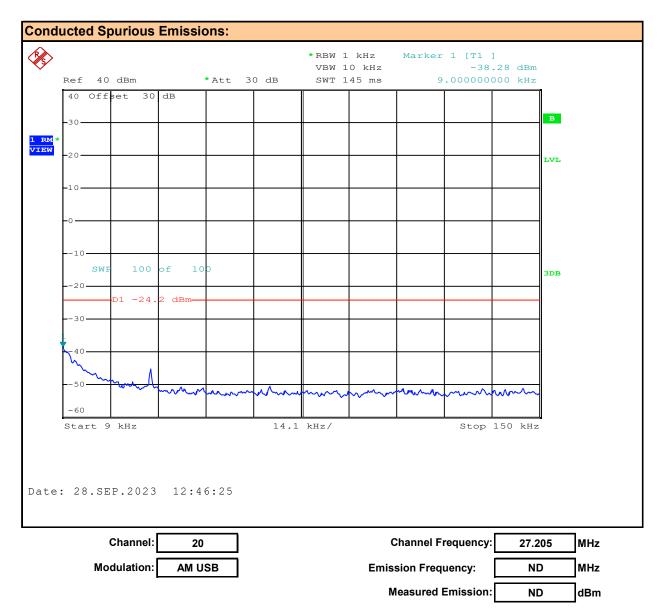


### Plot 10.15 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, LSB



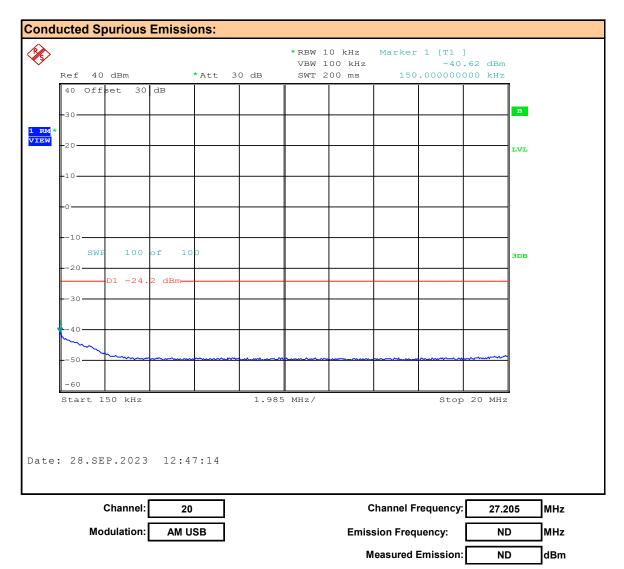


#### Plot 10.16 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 9kHz to 150kHz, Channel 20, AM, USB





#### Plot 10.17 - Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 150kHz - 20MHz, Channel 20, AM, USB



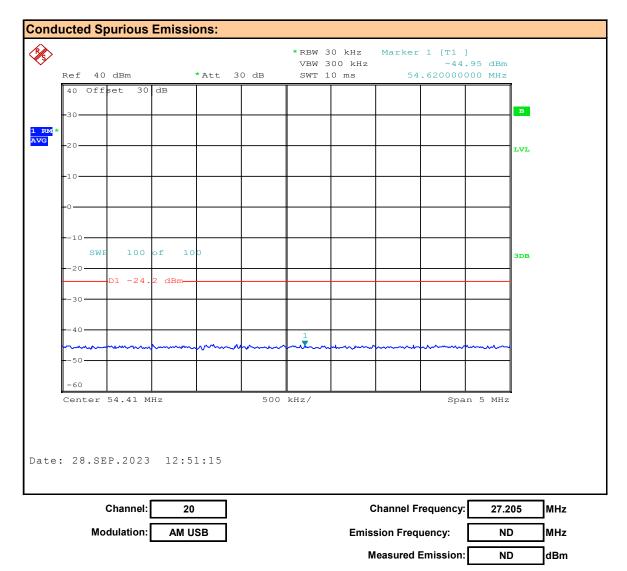


## Plot 10.18 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 20 – 1000MHz, Channel 20, AM, USB

Cond	ucted Spu	rious	Emissi	ons:								
Ø	Ref 40 d	Bm		* Att	30 dB		00 kHz		1 [T1 -28	.92 dBm		
	40 Offse			nee				23			1	
			-									
	-30										в	
1 RM* VIEW												
	20										LVL	
	10											
	10											
	-0											
	10											
											3DB	
	-20											
	D1	L -24.	2 dBm—									
	-30											
	-40	a hai0ta ma					-	m han an ha				
	-50											
	-60											
	Start 20	MHz			98	MHz/			Sto	p 1 GHz		
Date	: 28.SEP	2023	12.4	0.36								
Date:	. 20.3EP	.2023	12:4	0:20								
	Ch	annel:	20				C	Channel F	requency:	27.2	:05	MHz
	Modu	lation:	AM U	SB			Emis	sion Freq	uency:	N	2	MHz
	м	arker 1	= Fundai	mental			N	leasured l	Emission:	N		dBm

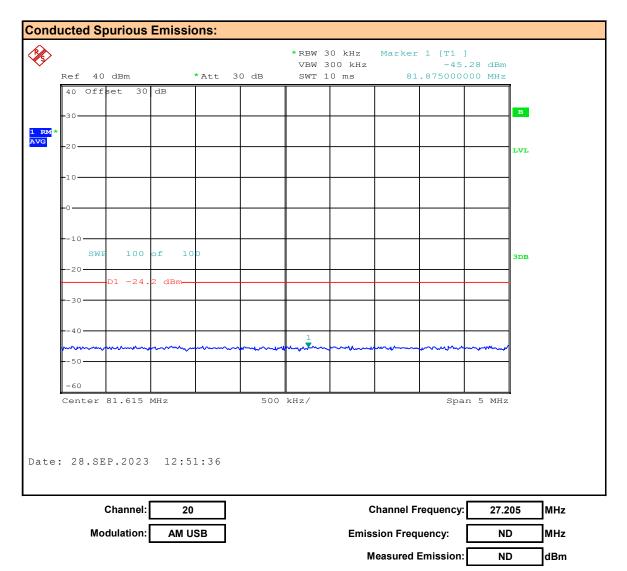


# Plot 10.19 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 2<sup>nd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, USB





## Plot 10.20 – Conducted Out of Band Emissions, 3<sup>rd</sup> Harmonic, Channel 20, AM, USB





#### Table 10.1 – Summary of Conducted Out of Band Emissions

Channel	Frequency	Modulation	Emission Power	Emission Frequency	Fundamental Measurment	Attenuation	Limit	Margin
Number	(MHz)		[P <sub>Em</sub> ] (dBm)	(MHz)	[P <sub>Fund</sub> ] (dBm)	[Atten] (dB)	(dB)	(dB)
		AM	-34.12	54.408	35.80	69.92		9.92
20	27.205	AIVI	-43.58	81.609	35.80	79.38	60	19.38
20	27.205	FM	-33.53	54.810	35.80	69.33	00	9.33
		I IVI	-42.09	82.219	35.80	77.89		17.89
							Cor	nplies

Attenuation [Atten] =  $[P_{Fund}] - [P_{Em}]$ 

Margin = Attenuation - Limit

ND = None Detected

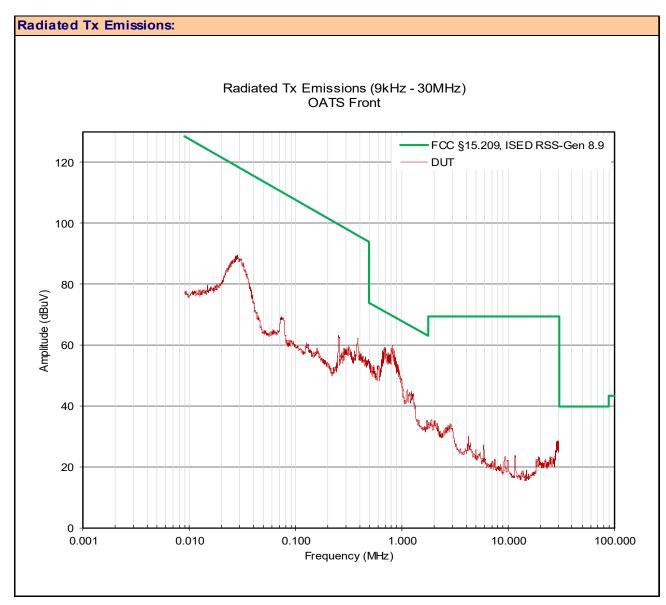


## **11.0 RADIATED SPURIOUS TX EMISSIONS**

	FCC 47 CFR §15.109, ICES-003(6.2)
Normative Reference	ANSI C63.4:2014
Limits	
47 CFR §15.109	(a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values:
	30-88MHz: 40dBuV/m
	88-216MHz: 43.5dBuV/m
	216-960MHz: 46dBuV/m
	> 960MHz: 54dBuV/m
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.3
Measurement Proce	dure
	s per ANSI C63.4:2014. Emissions were scanned between 30MHz and 1000MHz. The turntable was

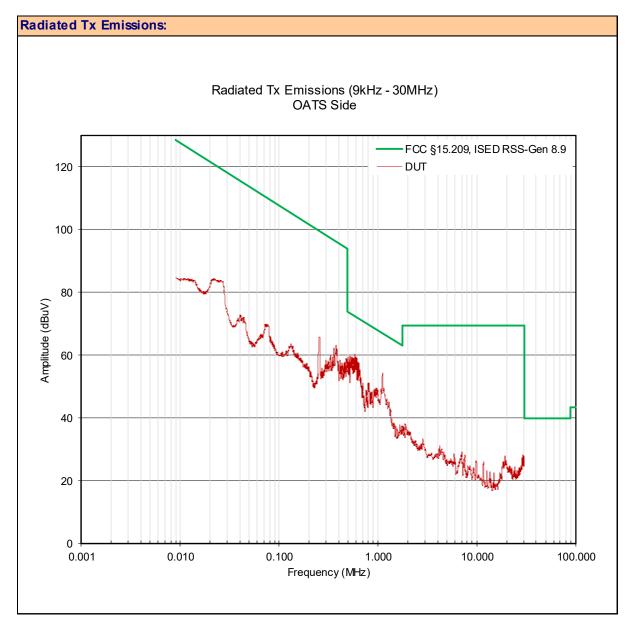


#### Plot 11.1 - Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, without Accessories, Front



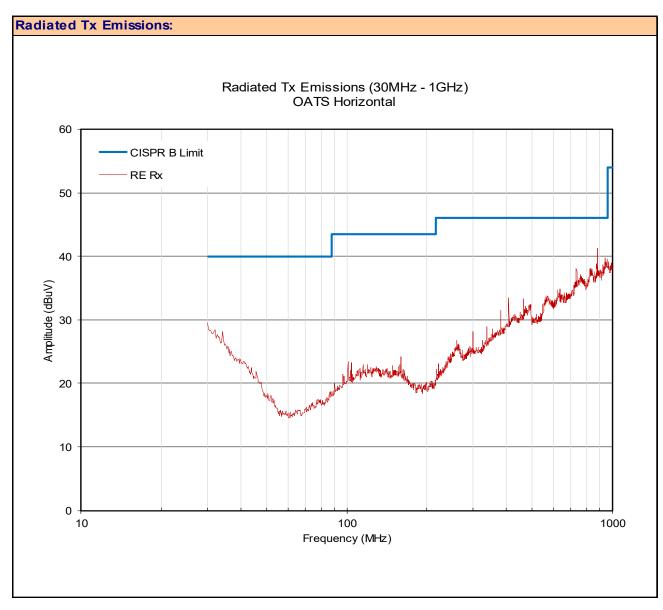


#### Plot 11.2 - Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, without Accessories, Side



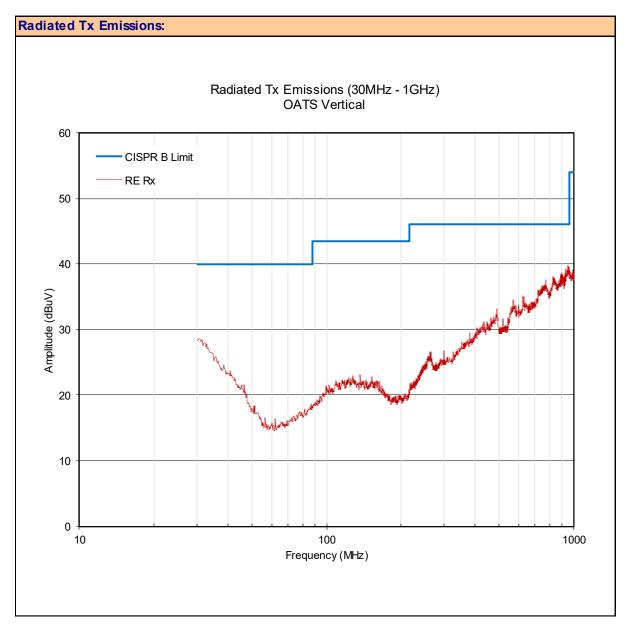


#### Plot 11.3 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, without Accessories, Horizontal





#### Plot 11.4 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, without Accessories, Vertical





#### Table 11.1 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, without Accessories

Measured	Antenna	Emission	Measu		Antenna ACF	Cable	Ampli		Correc			
Frequency			Emiss	Emission		Loss	Gain		Emission		Limit	Margin
Range	Polarization	Frequency	[E <sub>Mea</sub>	s]	[ACF]	[L <sub>c</sub> ]	[G <sub>A</sub>	]	[E <sub>Corr</sub>	,]		
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB	)	(dBuV	/m)	(dBuV)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.703	47.83	AV	10.07	0.44	0.00	(3)	58.3	(2)	70.7	12.3
.009 - 30	Front	0.808	49.32	AV	10.04	0.44	0.00	(3)	59.8	(2)	69.5	9.7
.009 - 30	Front	1.170	33.63	AV	10.32	0.45	0.00	(3)	44.4	(2)	66.2	21.8
.009 - 30	Side	0.591	48.40	AV	10.06	0.44	0.00	(3)	58.9	(2)	72.2	13.3
.009 - 30	Side	0.806	39.32	AV	10.04	0.44	0.00	(3)	49.8	(2)	69.5	19.7
.009 - 30	Side	1.120	42.23	AV	10.33	0.45	0.00	(3)	53.0	(2)	66.6	13.6
30-1000	Horizontal	380.50	9.31	AV	20.40	1.86	0.00	(3)	31.6	(2)	45.0	13.4
30-1000	Horizontal	407.10	9.46	AV	21.50	1.93	0.00	(3)	32.9	(2)	45.0	12.1
30-1000	Horizontal	407.80	10.01	AV	21.50	1.93	0.00	(3)	33.4	(2)	45.0	11.6
30-1000	Horizontal	461.70	8.77	AV	22.50	2.08	0.00	(3)	33.3	(2)	45.0	11.7
30-1000	Horizontal	878.90	8.99	AV	29.30	2.89	0.00	(3)	41.2	(2)	45.0	3.8
30-1000	Vertical	ND	ND	AV	-	-	0.00	(3)	ND	(2)	-	-

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $E_{Corr} = E_{Meas} + ACF^{E} + L_{C} - G_{A}$ Where  $ACF^{E}$  is the Electric Antenna Correction Factor



#### Table 11.2 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, without Accessories, <30MHz

Summary o	Antenna	Emission	Measu	red	Antenna	Cable	Ampli	fier	Correc			
Frequency Range	Polarization	Frequency	Emiss [E <sub>Mea</sub>		ACF [ACF <sup>H</sup> ]	Loss [L <sub>c</sub> ]	Gair [G <sub>A</sub>		Emissi [H <sub>Corr</sub>	-	Limit	Margin
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB/Ωm)	(dB)	(dB	)	(dBuA/	m)	(dBuA/m)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	47.83	AV	-41.43	0.44	0.00	(3)	6.84	(2)	19.2	12.3
.009 - 30	Front	0.7030	49.32	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	8.30	(2)	18.0	9.7
.009 - 30	Front	0.8180	33.63	AV	-41.18	0.45	0.00	(3)	-7.10	(2)	14.7	21.8
.009 - 30	Side	0.5960	48.40	AV	-41.44	0.44	0.00	(3)	7.40	(2)	20.7	13.3
.009 - 30	Side	0.8140	39.32	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	-1.70	(2)	18.0	19.7
.009 - 30	Side	1.1200	42.23	AV	-41.17	0.45	0.00	(3)	1.50	(2)	15.1	13.6

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $H_{Corr}(dBuA/m) = E_{Meas}(dBuV) + ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) + L_{C} - G_{A}$ 

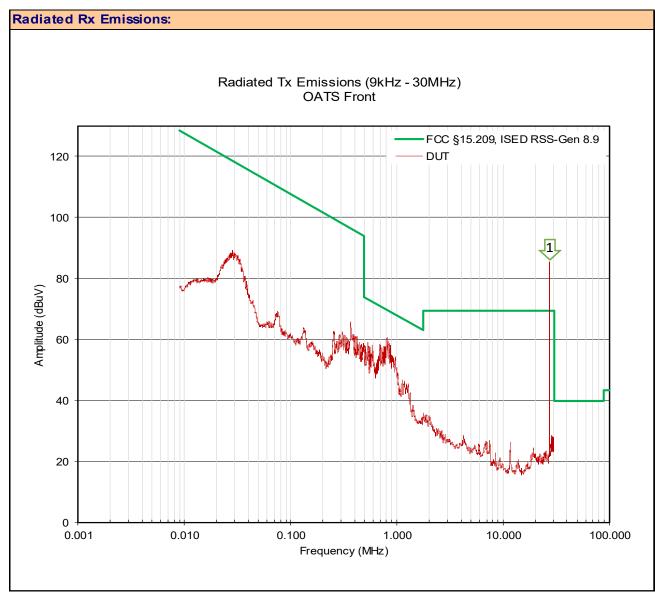
Where ACF<sup>H</sup> is the Magnetic Antenna Correction Factor

 $ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) = ACF^{E}(dB/m) - Z0(dB\Omega)$ 

Where  $Z_0 = 120\pi\Omega = 377\Omega$ ,  $Z_0(dB\Omega) = 20Log(377) = 51.5dB\Omega$ 



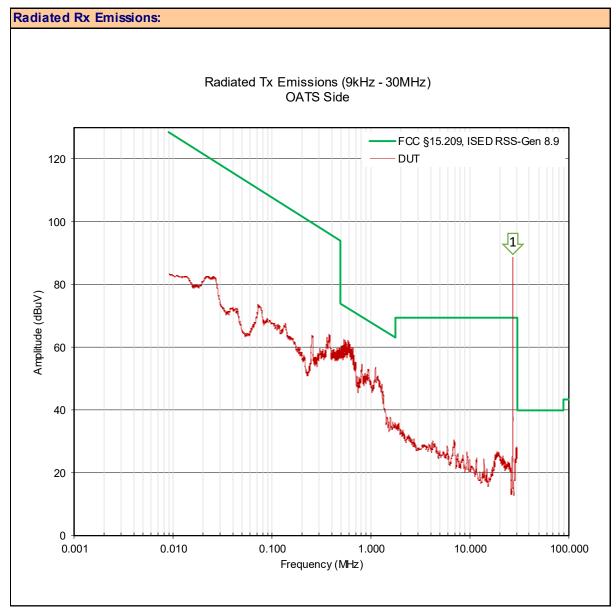
#### Plot 11.5 - Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, with Accessories, Front



Marker 1 = Fundamental



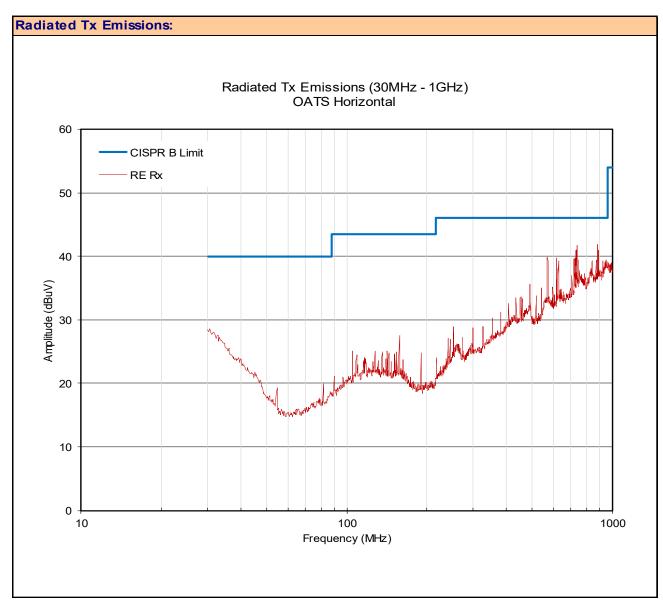
#### Plot 11.6 - Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, with Accessories, Side



Marker 1 = Fundamental

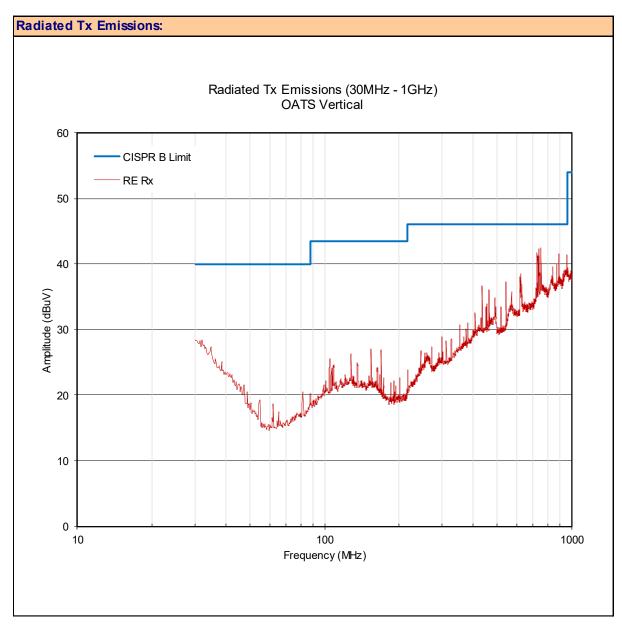


#### Plot 11.7 - Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, with Accessories, Horizontal





#### Plot 11.8 – Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, with Accessories, Vertical





#### Table 11.3 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, with Accessories

Measured	Antenna	Emission	Measu	red	Antenna	Cable	Ampli	fier	Correc	ted		
Frequency	Antenna	LIIISSION	Emiss	ion	ACF	Loss	Gai	n	Emissi	ion	Limit	Margin
Range	Polarization	Frequency	[E <sub>Mea</sub>	s]	[ACF]	[L <sub>c</sub> ]	[G <sub>A</sub>	]	[E <sub>Corr</sub>	.]		
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB	)	(dBuV/	/m)	(dBuV)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.540	47.34	AV	10.02	0.44	0.00	(3)	57.8	(2)	73.0	15.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.700	47.89	AV	10.07	0.44	0.00	(3)	58.4	(2)	70.7	12.3
.009 - 30	Front	0.806	49.22	AV	10.04	0.44	0.00	(3)	59.7	(2)	69.5	9.8
.009 - 30	Front	1.120	35.33	AV	10.33	0.45	0.00	(3)	46.1	(2)	66.6	20.5
.009 - 30	Side	0.541	51.34	AV	10.02	0.44	0.00	(3)	61.8	(2)	72.9	11.1
.009 - 30	Side	0.592	51.29	AV	10.06	0.44	0.00	(3)	61.8	(2)	72.2	10.4
.009 - 30	Side	0.810	43.52	AV	10.04	0.44	0.00	(3)	54.0	(2)	69.4	15.4
.009 - 30	Side	1.110	41.73	AV	10.33	0.45	0.00	(3)	52.5	(2)	66.7	14.2
30-1000	Horizontal	157.98	10.80	AV	15.50	1.20	0.00	(3)	27.5	(2)	43.5	16.0
30-1000	Horizontal	190.11	9.72	AV	13.70	1.31	0.00	(3)	24.7	(2)	43.5	18.8
30-1000	Horizontal	570.20	11.73	AV	25.80	2.34	0.00	(3)	39.9	(2)	45.0	5.1
30-1000	Horizontal	617.80	11.67	AV	25.58	2.44	0.00	(3)	39.7	(2)	45.0	5.3
30-1000	Horizontal	738.20	10.57	AV	28.52	2.67	0.00	(3)	41.8	(2)	45.0	3.2
30-1000	Horizontal	878.90	9.69	AV	29.30	2.9	0.00	(3)	41.9	(2)	45.0	3.1
30-1000	Vertical	105.06	9.01	AV	15.60	1.01	0.00	(3)	25.6	(2)	43.5	17.9
30-1000	Vertical	154.74	10.03	AV	15.83	1.19	0.00	(3)	27.0	(2)	43.5	16.5
30-1000	Vertical	169.86	11.03	AV	14.71	1.24	0.00	(3)	27.0	(2)	43.5	16.5
30-1000	Vertical	434.40	11.84	AV	22.00	2.00	0.00	(3)	35.8	(2)	45.0	9.2
30-1000	Vertical	461.70	11.57	AV	22.50	2.08	0.00	(3)	36.1	(2)	45.0	8.9
30-1000	Vertical	543.60	11.28	AV	23.80	2.3	0.00	(3)	37.4	(2)	45.0	7.6
30-1000	Vertical	622.70	10.03	AV	26.07	2.45	0.00	(3)	38.6	(2)	45.0	6.4
30-1000	Vertical	726.30	10.91	AV	28.20	2.65	0.00	(3)	41.8	(2)	45.0	3.2
30-1000	Vertical	753.60	9.80	AV	28.70	2.70	0.00	(3)	41.2	(2)	45.0	3.8

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $E_{Corr} = E_{Meas} + ACF^{E} + L_{C} - G_{A}$ Where  $ACF^{E}$  is the Electric Antenna Correction Factor



#### Table 11.4 – Summary of Radiated Tx Emissions, with Accessories < 30MHz

Measured Frequency Range	Antenna Polarization	Emission Frequency	Measu Emiss [E <sub>Mea</sub>	ion	Antenna ACF [ACF <sup>H</sup> ]	Cable Loss [L <sub>c</sub> ]	Ampli Gai [G <sub>A</sub>	n	Correc Emissi [H <sub>corr</sub>	on	Limit	Margin
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB/Ωm)	(dB)	(dB	)	(dBuA	m)	(dBuA/m)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	47.34	AV	-41.48	0.44	0.00	(3)	6.30	(2)	21.5	15.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	47.89	AV	-41.43	0.44	0.00	(3)	6.90	(2)	19.2	12.3
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	49.22	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	8.20	(2)	18.0	9.8
.009 - 30	Side	0.5930	35.33	AV	-41.17	0.45	0.00	(3)	-5.40	(2)	15.1	20.5
.009 - 30	Side	0.5930	51.34	AV	-41.48	0.44	0.00	(3)	10.30	(2)	21.4	11.1
.009 - 30	Side	0.5930	51.29	AV	-41.44	0.44	0.00	(3)	10.30	(2)	20.7	10.4
.009 - 30	Side	0.5930	43.52	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	2.50	(2)	17.9	15.4
.009 - 30	Side	0.5930	41.73	AV	-41.17	0.45	0.00	(3)	1.00	(2)	15.2	14.2

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $H_{Corr}(dBuA/m) = E_{Meas}(dBuV) + ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) + L_{C} - G_{A}$ 

Where ACF<sup>H</sup> is the Magnetic Antenna Correction Factor

 $ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) = ACF^{E}(dB/m) - Z0(dB\Omega)$ 

Where  $Z_0 = 120\pi\Omega = 377\Omega$ ,  $Z_0(dB\Omega) = 20Log(377) = 51.5dB\Omega$ 

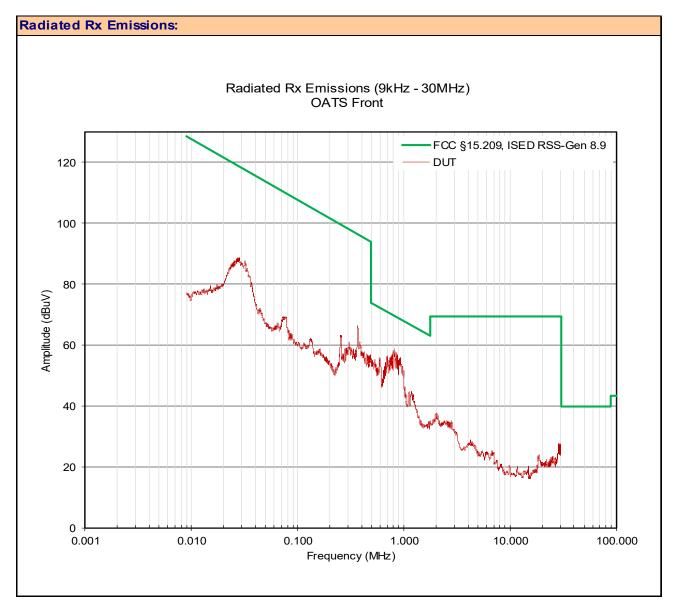


## 12.0 RADIATED SPURIOUS RX EMISSIONS

	FCC 47 CFR §15.109, ICE	S-003(6.2)
Normative Reference	ANSI C63.4:2014	
Limits		
47 CFR §15.109		tal devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional 8 meters shall not exceed the following values:
	30-88MHz: 40dBuV/m	
	88-216MHz: 43.5dBuV/m	
	216-960MHz: 46dBuV/m	
	> 960MHz: 54dBuV/m	
Test Setup	Appendix A F	igure A.3
Measurement Proced	ıre	
		ssions were scanned between 30MHz and 1000MHz. The turntable was to 4m to optimize the measured emissions.

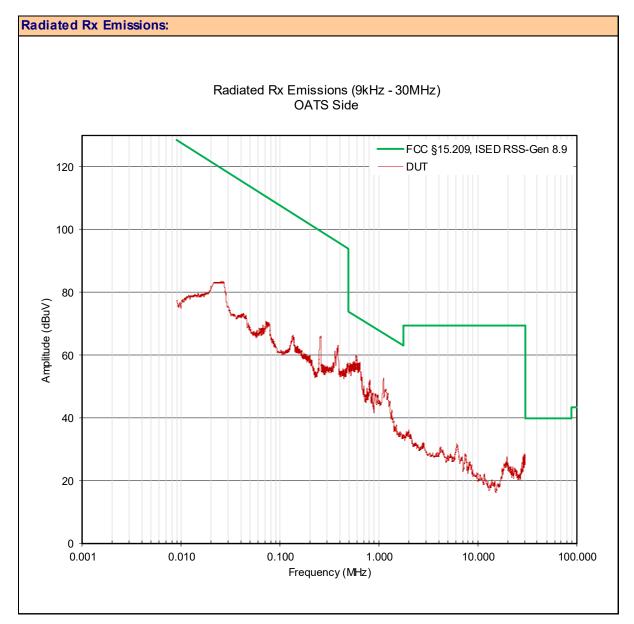


#### Plot 12.1 - Radiated Rx Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, Front



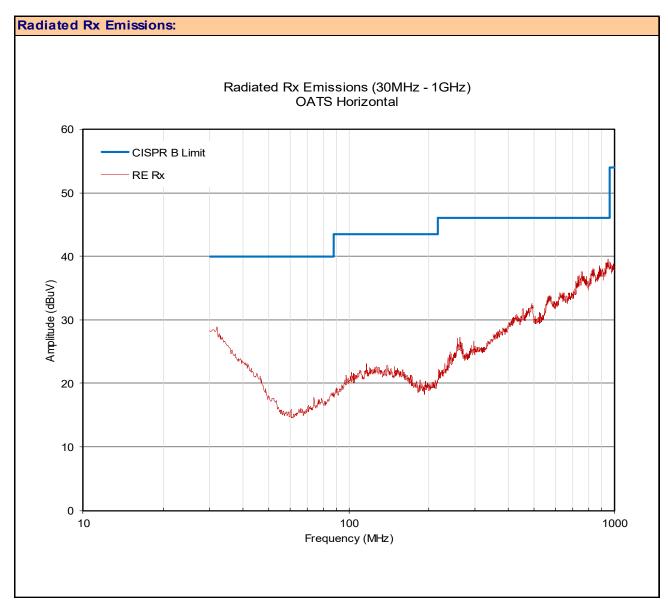


#### Plot 12.2 – Radiated Rx Emissions OATS, 9kHz - 30MHz, Side



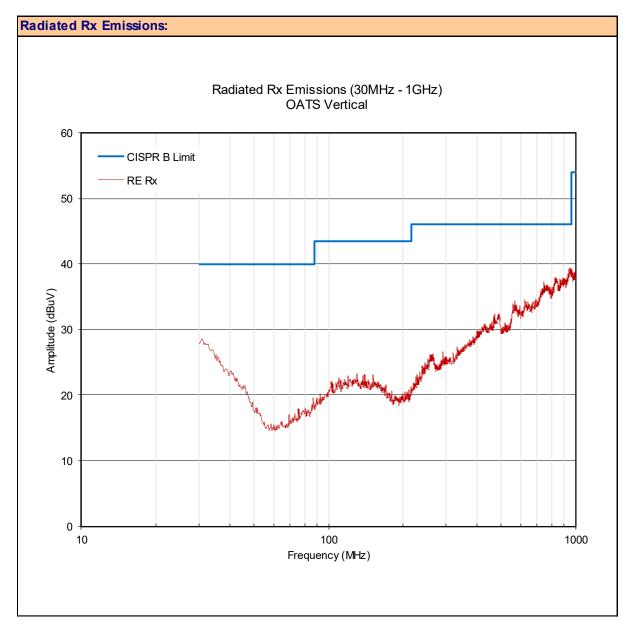


#### Plot 12.3- Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, Horizontal





#### Plot 12.4– Radiated Spurious Emissions OATS, 30 - 1000MHz, Vertical





#### Table 12.1 – Summary of Radiated Rx Emissions

Measured			Measu	red	Antenna	Cable	Ampli	Amplifier		ted		
Frequency	Antenna	Emission	Emiss	ion	ACF	Loss	Gai	n	Emissi	ion	Limit	Margin
Range	Polarization	Frequency	[E <sub>Mea</sub>	s]	[ACF]	[L <sub>c</sub> ]	[G₄	]	[E <sub>Corr</sub>	.]		
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB	5)	(dBuV/	/m)	(dBuV)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	44.39	AV	10.06440	0.4419	0.00	(3)	54.9	(2)	72.1	17.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.7030	44.99	AV	10.06910	0.4427	0.00	(3)	55.5	(2)	70.7	15.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.8180	46.92	AV	10.03820	0.4436	0.00	(3)	57.4	(2)	69.3	11.9
.009 - 30	Side	0.5960	48.19	AV	10.06680	0.4419	0.00	(3)	58.7	(2)	72.1	13.4
.009 - 30	Side	0.8140	40.12	AV	10.03860	0.4436	0.00	(3)	50.6	(2)	69.4	18.8
.009 - 30	Side	1.1200	40.43	AV	10.32640	0.4460	0.00	(3)	51.2	(2)	66.6	15.4
30-1000	Vertical	ND	ND		-	-	0.00	(3)	ND	(2)	-	-
30-1000	Horizontal	ND	ND		-	-	0.00	(3)	ND	(2)	-	-
									Resu	ilts:	Com	olies

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $E_{Corr} = E_{Meas} + ACF^{E} + L_{C} - G_{A}$ Where  $ACF^{E}$  is the Electric Antenna Correction Factor

#### Table 12.2 – Summary of Radiated Rx Emissions, <30MHz

Measured Frequency Range	Antenna Polarization	Emission Frequency	Measu Emiss [E <sub>Mea</sub>	ion	Antenna ACF [ACF <sup>H</sup> ]	Cable Loss [L <sub>c</sub> ]	Ampli Gai [G <sub>A</sub>	n	Correc Emissi [H <sub>Corr</sub>	ion	Limit	Margin
(MHz)		(MHz)	(dBu	V)	(dB/Ωm)	(dB)	(dB	)	(dBuA/	/m)	(dBuA/m)	(dB)
.009 - 30	Front	0.5930	44.39	AV	-41.44	0.44	0.00	(3)	3.40	(2)	20.6	17.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.7030	44.99	AV	-41.43	0.44	0.00	(3)	4.00	(2)	19.2	15.2
.009 - 30	Front	0.8180	46.92	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	5.90	(2)	17.8	11.9
.009 - 30	Side	0.5960	48.19	AV	-41.43	0.44	0.00	(3)	7.20	(2)	20.6	13.4
.009 - 30	Side	0.8140	40.12	AV	-41.46	0.44	0.00	(3)	-0.90	(2)	17.9	18.8
.009 - 30	Side	1.1200	40.43	AV	-41.17	0.45	0.00	(3)	-0.30	(2)	15.1	15.4

ND: No Emissions Detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit

(2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor

(3) External Amplier not used

 $H_{Corr}(dBuA/m) = E_{Meas}(dBuV) + ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) + L_{C} - G_{A}$ 

Where ACF<sup>H</sup> is the Magnetic Antenna Correction Factor

 $ACF^{H}(dB/\Omega m) = ACF^{E}(dB/m) - Z0(dB\Omega)$ 

Where  $Z_0 = 120\pi\Omega = 377\Omega$ ,  $Z_0(dB\Omega) = 20Log(377) = 51.5dB\Omega$ 



## **13.0 FREQUENCY STABILITY**

Test Conditions	
	FCC 47 CFR §2.1055, §95.965, RSS-Gen, ANSI C63.10
Limits	
47 CFR §95.965	Each CBRS transmitter type must be designed such that the transmit carrier frequency (or in the case of SSB transmissions, the reference frequency) remains within 50 parts-per- million of the channel center frequencies specified in §95.963 under all normal operating conditions.
Measurement Proced	ure
47 CFR §2.1055	Frequency Stability
(a) The frequency stabili	ty shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:
(1) From -30° to +50° ce	entigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.
more than 10° centigrad	nents shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not e through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement.
(d) The frequency stabili	ty shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
(1) Vary primary supply equipment.	voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.4



Table 13.1 – Summary of Frequency Stability Results (AM)

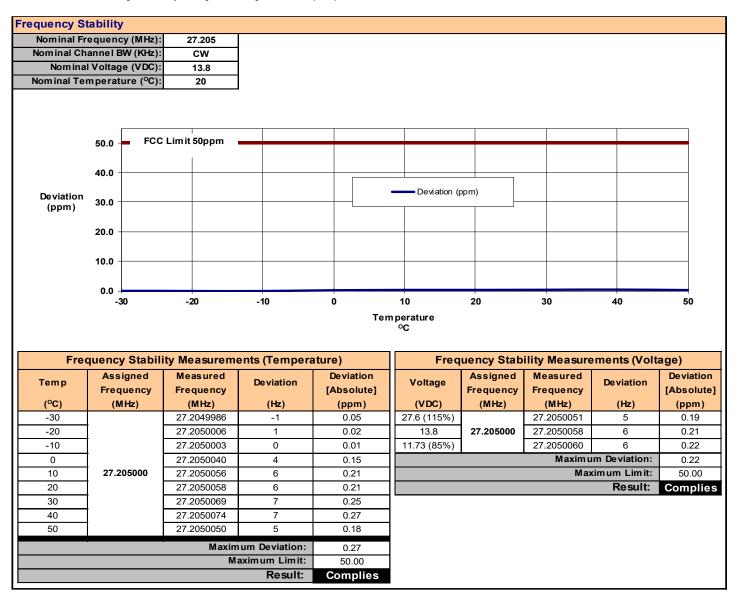
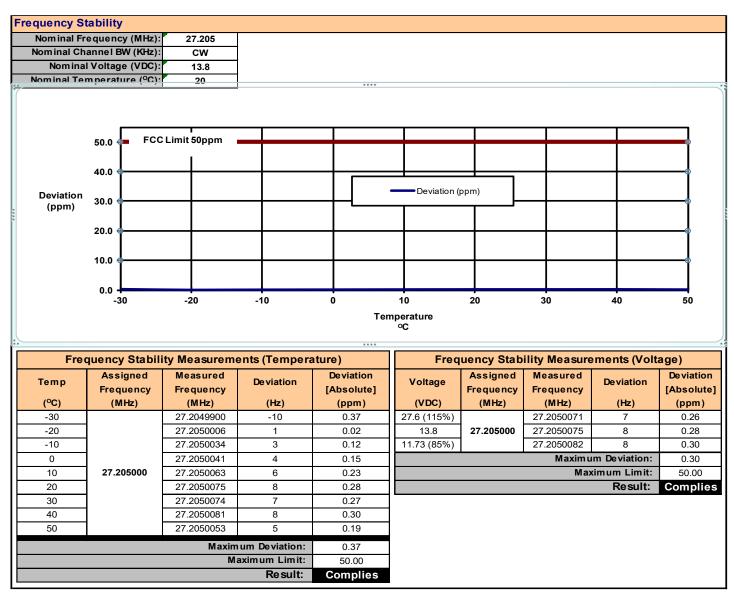




Table 13.2 – Summary of Frequency Stability Results (FM)



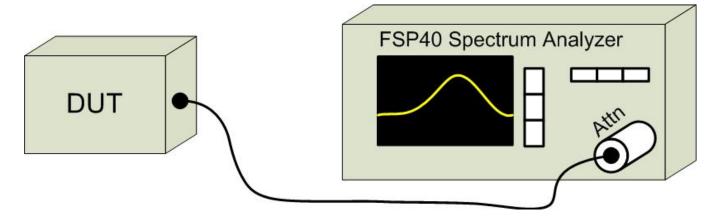


## **APPENDIX A – TEST SETUP DRAWINGS AND EQUIPMENT**

able A.1 – Setup - Conducted Measurements Equipment
---

	Equipment List			
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Description	
00241	R&S	FSU40	Spectrum Analyzer	

#### Figure A.1 – Test Setup Conducted Measurements

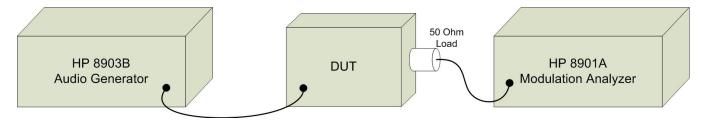




#### Table A.2 – Setup - Audio Modulation Equipment

Equipm	Equipment List				
Asset	Manufacturer	Model	Description		
Number	Manuacturer	Number	Description		
00028	HP	8901A	Modulation Analyzer		
00027	HP	8903B	Audio Analyzer/Generator		

#### Figure A.2 – Test Setup Audio Modulation Response Measurements





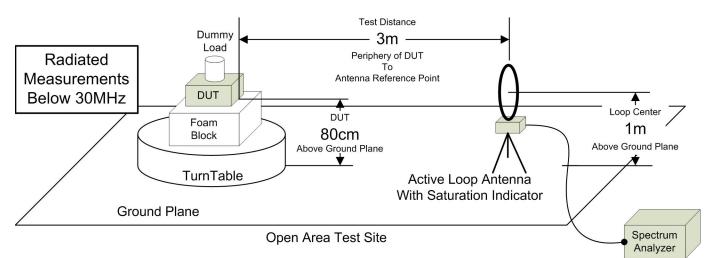
#### Table A.3 – Setup - Radiated Emissions Equipment

Equipm	Equipment List				
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Description		
00051	HP	8566B	Spectrum Analyzer		
00049	HP	85650A	Quasi-peak Adapter		
00047	HP	85685A	RF Preselector		
00072	EMCO	2075	Mini-mast		
00073	B EMCO 2080		EMCO 2080 Turn Table	Turn Table	
00071	EMCO	2090	Multi-Device Controller		
00265	Miteq	JS32-00104000-58-5P	Microwave L/N Amplifier		
00241	R&S	FSU40	Spectrum Analyzer		
00050	Chase	CBL-6111A	Bilog Antenna		
00275	Coaxis	LMR400	25m Cable		
00276	Coaxis	LMR400	4m Cable		
00278	TILE	34G3	TILE Test Software		
00034	ETS	3115	Double Ridged Guide Horn		

CNR: Calibration Not Required

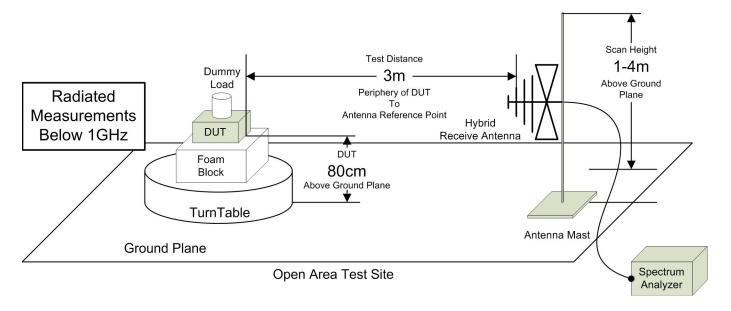
COU: Calibrate On Use

#### Figure A.3 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements Below 30MHz

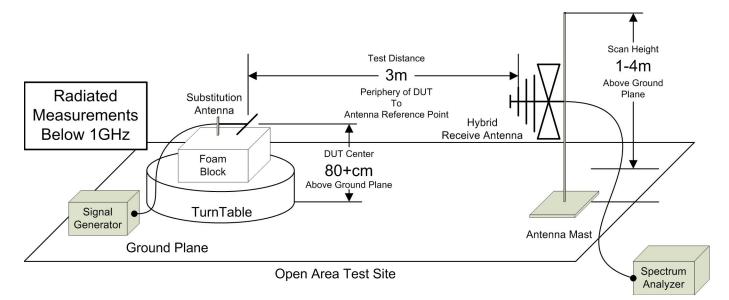




#### Figure A.4 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements 30-1000MHz



#### Figure A.5 – Test Setup Radiated Emissions Measurements 30-1000MHz

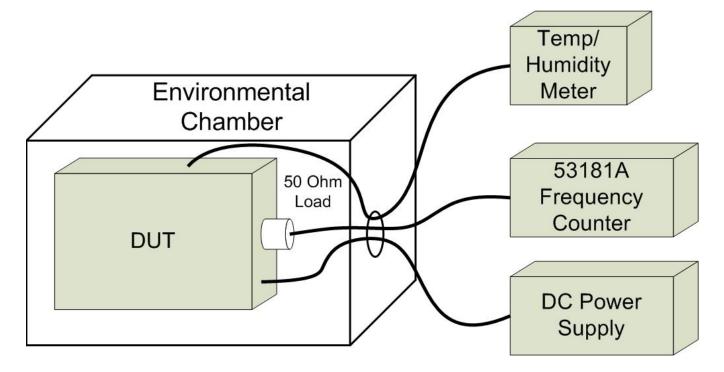




## Table A.4 – Setup - Frequency Stability Measurement Equipment

Equipm	Equipment List				
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Description		
n/a	ESPEC	ECT-2	Environmental Chamber		
00003	HP	53181A	Frequency Counter		
n/a	HP	E3611A	Power Supply		
00234	VWR	61161-378	Temp/Humidity Meter		

#### Figure A.6 – Test Setup Frequency Stability Measurements





# APPENDIX B - EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipm	ent List						
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Description	Last Calibrated	Calibration Interval	Calibration Due
00050	Chase	CBL-6111A	1607	Bilog Antenna	16 Nov 2020	Triennial	16 Nov 2023
00035	ETS	3115	6276	Double Ridged Guide Horn	4 Mar 2022	Triennial	4 Mar 2025
00085	EMCO	6502	9203-2724	Loop Antenna	6 Sep 2022	Triennial	6 Sep 2025
00223	HP	8901A	3749A07154	Modulation Analyzer	10 Dec 2020	Triennial	10 Dec 2023
00224	HP	8903B	3729A18691	Audio Analyzer	11 Dec 2020	Triennial	11 Dec 2023
00241	R&S	FSU40	100500	Spectrum Analyzer	10 Aug 2021	Triennial	10 Aug 2024
00005	HP	8648D	3847A00611	Signal Generator	28 Jun 2023	Triennial	28 Jun 2026
00003	HP	53181A	3736A05175	Frequency Counter	28 Jun 2023	Triennial	28 Jun 2026
00250	Circuit Test	DMR-1800	TE182	Digital Multi-Meter - DVM	26 Jun 2023	Triennial	26 Jun 2026
00071	EMCO	2090	9912-1484	Multi-Device Controller	n/a	n/a	n/a
00072	EMCO	2075	0001-2277	Mini-mast	n/a	n/a	n/a
00073	EMCO	2080	0002-1002	Turn Table	n/a	n/a	n/a
00081	ESPEC	ECT-2	0510154-B	Environmental Chamber	NCR	n/a	CNR
00234	WWR	61161-378	140320430	Temp/Humidity Meter	New	Triennial	New
00263	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263	1m Armoured Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00263B	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263B	1m Armoured Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00275	TMS	LMR400	n/a	25m Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00278	TILE	34G3	n/a	TILE Test Software	NCR	n/a	NCF

NCR: No Calibration Required

COU: Calibrate On Use



## **APPENDIX C – MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT UNCERTAINTY**

	CISPR 16-4 Measurement Uncertainty (ULAB)				
Thi	is uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2				
	Radiated Emissions 30MHz - 200MHz				
	$U_{LAB} = 5.14 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 6.3 dB$				
	Radiated Emissions 200MHz - 1000MHz				
	$U_{LAB} = 5.90 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 6.3 dB$				
	Radiated Emissions 1GHz - 6GHz				
	$U_{LAB} = 4.80 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 5.2 dB$				
	Radiated Emissions 6GHz - 18GHz				
	$U_{LAB} = 5.1 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 5.5 dB$				
	Power Line Conducted Emissions 9kHz to 150kHz				
	$U_{LAB} = 2.96 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 3.8 dB$				
	Power Line Conducted Emissions 150kHz to 30MHz				
	U <sub>LAB</sub> = 3.12dB U <sub>CISPR</sub> = 3.4dB				
	If the calculated uncertainty <b>U</b> <sub>lab</sub> is <b>less</b> than <b>U</b> <sub>CISPR</sub> then:				
1	Compliance is deemed to occur if <b>NO</b> measured disturbance exceeds the disturbance limit				
2	Non-Compliance is deemed to occur if <b>ANY</b> measured disturbance <b>EXCEEDS</b> the disturbance limit				
	If the calculated uncertainty <b>U</b> <sub>lab</sub> is <b>greater</b> than <b>U</b> <sub>CISPR</sub> then:				
3	Compliance is deemed to occur if <b>NO</b> measured disturbance, increased by (U <sub>lab</sub> - U <sub>CISPR</sub> ), exceeds the disturbance limit				
4	Non-Compliance is deemed to occur if <b>ANY</b> measured disturbance, increased by (U <sub>lab</sub> - U <sub>CISPR</sub> ), <b>EXCEEDS</b> the disturbance limit				

Other Measurement Uncertainties ( U <sub>LAB</sub> )		
RF Conducted Emissions 9kHz - 40GHz		
$U_{LAB} = 1.0 dB$ $U_{CISPR} = n/a$		
Frequency/Bandwidth 9kHz - 40GHz		
U <sub>LAB</sub> = 0.1ppm U <sub>CISPR</sub> = n/a		
Temperature		
$U_{LAB} = 1^{O}C  U_{CISPR} = n/a$		

# **END OF REPORT**