

**ISSUED BY** Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



**FOR** 

# 12" Bluetooth Ceiling Light

**ISSUED TO** Luminex International Co., Ltd.

5F, NO. 30, Yee Shien Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan



Tested by: 7 Date Approved by Liao Jianming (Technical Diector) Date Aug 8.2016 EUT Type:

Report No.: BL-SZ1660254-601

12" Bluetooth Ceiling Light

Model Name: C6060

Brand Name:

**Patriot Lighting** 

Test Standard: FCC ID:

47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

2AENY5842

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Jul. 20, 2016 ~ Jul. 27, 2016

Date of Issue: Aug. 08, 2016

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## **Revision History**

Version Rev. 01 Issue Date Aug. 08, 2016 Revisions Content
Initial Issue

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# 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

## 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
A alaka a a	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

## 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Addroop	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test
	site are 11524A-1.
Accreditation	The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications
	Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The
Certificate	recognition numbers of test site are 832625.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
Description	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	518055

# 1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% - 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa

#### 1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.5.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without



prior written approval from the laboratory.



# **2 PRODUCT INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Luminex International Co., Ltd
Address	5F, NO. 30, Yee Shien Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan

# 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Luminex International Co., Ltd
Address	5F, NO. 30, Yee Shien Rd., Taipei City, Taiwan

# 2.3 Factory Information

	Factory	YAFERTECH CORP .
	A alabas a	523400 Niu Yang Industrial Area, Liao Bu, Dong Guan, Guang Dong,
	Address	China.

# 2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	12" Bluetooth Ceiling Light
Model Name	C6060
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model	N/A
name differentiation	IV/A
Hardware Version	V1.3
Software Version	V1.2.2
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A
Network and Wireless	Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE)
connectivity	Didelootif 4.0 Low Effergy (DLE)



# 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

N/A

## 2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	FHSS
Modulation Type	GFSK
Transfer Rate	1 Mbps
Eroguanov Panga	The frequency range used is 2402 MHz – 2480 MHz;
Frequency Range	The frequency block is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.
Number of channel	40 (at intervals of 2 MHz)
Tested Channel	0 (2402 MHz), 19 (2440 MHz), 39 (2480 MHz).
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	0 dBi
	The equipment is 12" Bluetooth Ceiling Light, it contains Bluetooth
About the Product	module operating at 2.4 GHz ISM band. Only the Bluetooth 4.0 Low
	Energy (BLE) was tested in this report.

# 2.7 Additional Instructions

**EUT Software Settings:** 

	Special software is used.
Mode	The software provided by client to enable the EUT under
Mode	transmission condition continuously at specific channel frequencies
	individually.

Power level setup in software					
Test Software Version	By switching the button of the equipment to switch the channel				
Test Software version	frequency				
Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz) Soft Set				
	CH0	2402	TX LEVEL is built-in set		
GFSK	CH19	2440	parameters and cannot be		
	CH39	2480	changed and selected.		



# **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

## 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title	
	47 CFR Part 15,		
1 Subpart C Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services		Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services	
	(10-1-15 Edition)		
2	KDB Publication	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on	
2	558074 D01v03r03	Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247	
3	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices	

## 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Channel (BLE)	Test Result	Verdict	Remark
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	N/A		Pass	Note1
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.1	Pass	
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.2	Pass	
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.3	Pass	
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.247(d)	Low/ High	ANNEX A.4	Pass	
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.5	Pass	
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.6	Pass	
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209 15.247(d)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.7	Pass	
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	Low/Middle/High	ANNEX A.8	Pass	

Note 1: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.



# **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

## **4.1 Test Environments**

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%		
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa -102 kPa		
	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C	
Temperature	LT (Low Temperature)	-10°C	
	HT (High Temperature)	+60°C	
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.8 V	

# **4.2 Test Equipment List**

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Vector Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMBV100A	177746	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	260592	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Switch Unit with OSP-B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2015.10.15	2016.10.14
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2016.07.05	2017.07.04
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091	-	1
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189	-	-
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2016.07.13	2017.07.12
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2015.08.07	2016.08.06
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2015.07.22	2017.07.21
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2015.02.28	2017.02.27
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		



#### 4.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

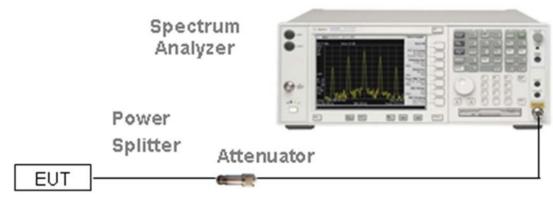
The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±4%
RF output power, conducted	±1.4 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±2.5 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.8 dB
All emissions, radiated	±5.4 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±4%

## 4.4 Description of Test Setup

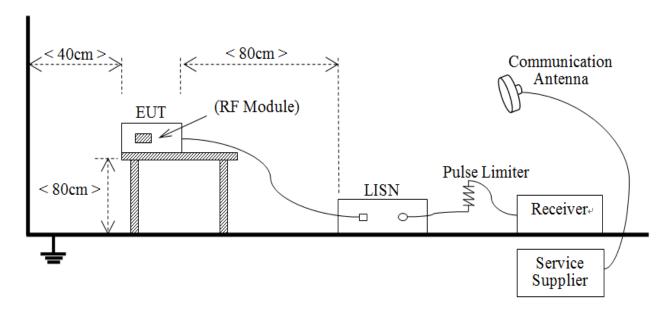
## 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



(Diagram 1)

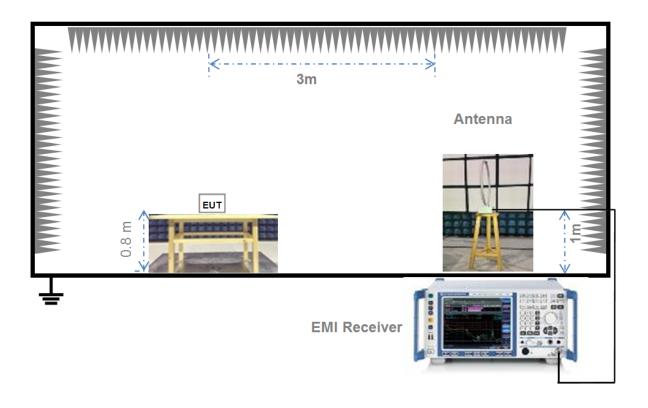


## 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

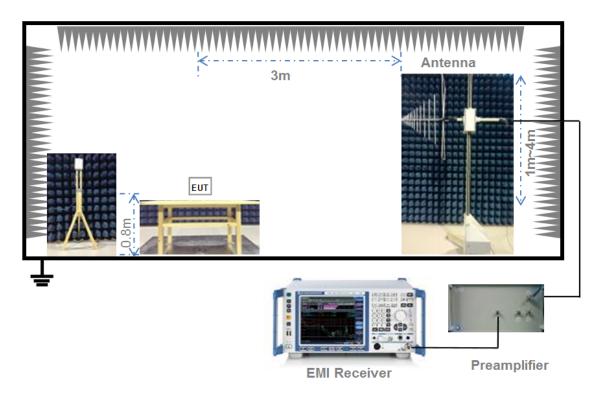
## 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

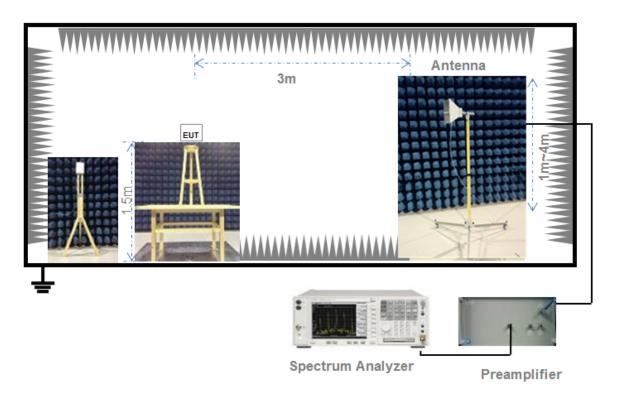


## 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

## 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



## 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

#### 5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (6)

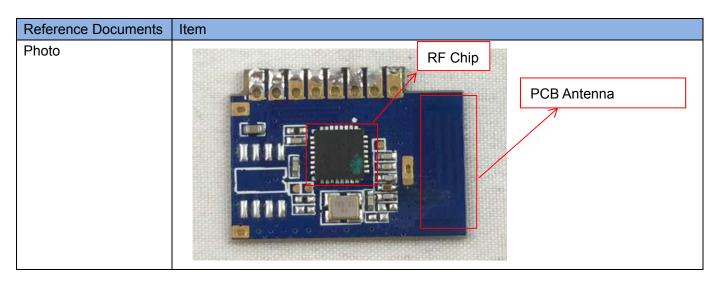
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

#### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	An embedded-in antenna design is used.



#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 5.2 Output Power

#### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

RSS-247, 5.4 (4)

For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. Except as provided in Section 5.4(5), the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W.

#### 5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 ((Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.2.3 Test Procedure

#### Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

#### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.



The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)

#### 5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



## 5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

#### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-247, 5.1 (1); RSS-GEN, 6.6

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

#### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1(Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

#### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



## **Emission level measurement**

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

#### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



## 5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

#### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

#### This Method apply to the equipment is using FHSS.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

RBW ≥ 1% of the span

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak /AV

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

E [dBμV/m] =UR + AT + AFactor [dB]; AT =LCable loss [dB] - Gpreamp [dB]

AT: Total correction Factor except Antenna

**UR:** Receiver Reading

**Gpreamp: Preamplifier Gain** 

AFactor: Antenna Factor at 3m

#### This Method apply to the equipment is using wide band modulations other than FHSS.

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.



Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW ≥  $3 \times RBW$ .

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



#### 5.6 Conducted Emission

#### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50 \, \mu H/50 \Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Fraguency range (MIII)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)		
Frequency range (MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 - 5	56	46	
0.50 - 30	60	50	

#### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 (Diagram 2) for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

#### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



## 5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- 1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54 dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74 dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1, 4.4.3, 4.4.4, 4.4.5 (Diagram 1, 3, 4, 5) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak



Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

## 5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



## 5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

#### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

#### 1.1.1 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 112 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for  $f \ge 1$  GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

#### 5.8.2 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



## 5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

#### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (2)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.4(4), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 (Diagram 1) for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

#### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to:  $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ .

Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

#### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



## **ANNEX A TEST RESULT**

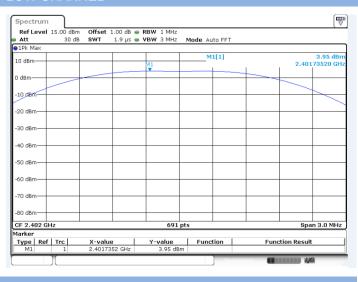
# A.1 Output Power

#### Peak Power Test Data

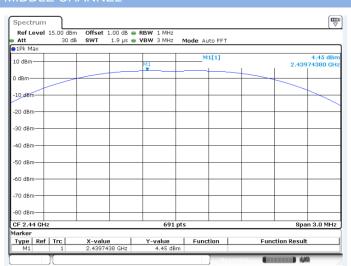
Channal		Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Vordiat	
	Channel	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict	
	Low	3.95	2.48			Pass	
	Middle	4.45	2.79	30	1000	Pass	
	High	4.46	2.79			Pass	

#### Peak Power Test Plots

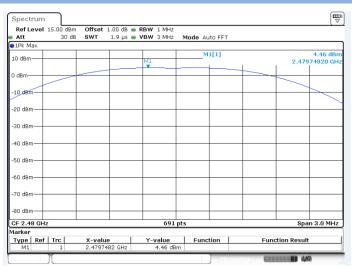
#### LOW CHANNEL



#### MIDDLE CHANNEL



# HIGH CHANNEL



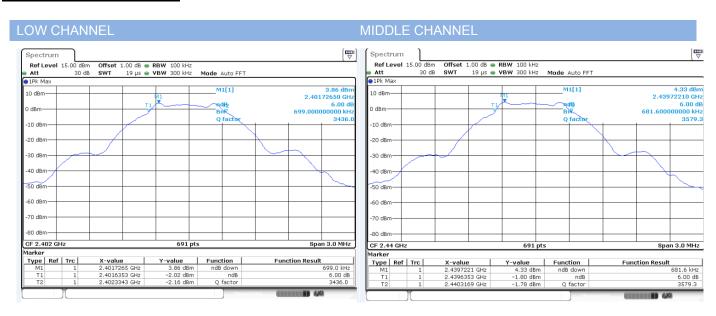


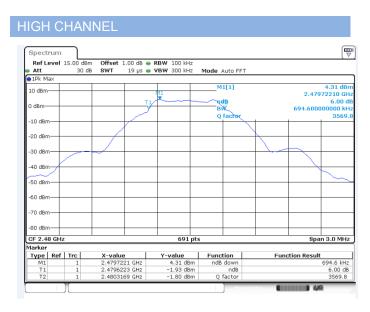
# A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

#### **Test Data**

Channel	6 dB Bandwidth (kHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	6 dB Bandwidth Limits (kHz)
Low Channel	699.000	1050.651	≥500
Middle Channel	681.600	1024.602	≥500
High Channel	694.600	1020.260	≥500

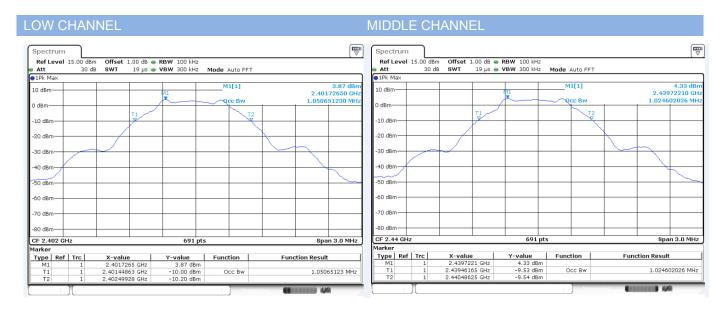
#### Test plots (6 dB Bandwidth)

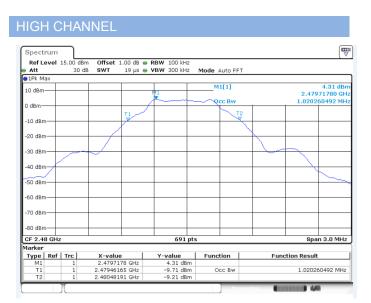






#### Test plots (99% Bandwidth)





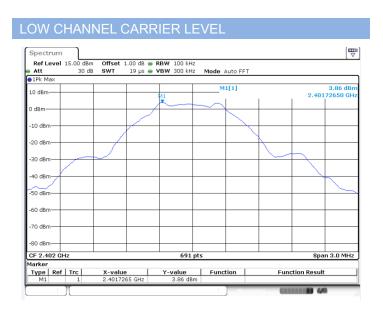


# **A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions**

#### **Test Data**

Channel	Measured Max. Out of	Limit	V	
	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-45.70	3.86	-16.14	Pass
Middle Channel	-46.10	4.27	-15.73	Pass
High Channel	-44.55	4.30	-15.70	Pass

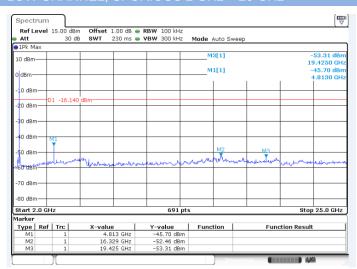
#### **Test Plots**



#### LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

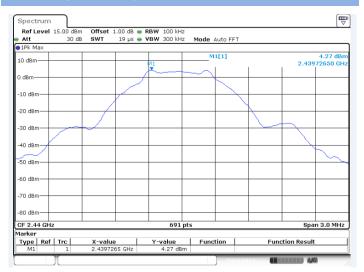
## Ref Level 15.00 dBm Att 30 dB 1Pk Max 20 dBm -30 dBm 40 dBm 450 dBm-60.d8m -70 dBm--80 dBm-Start 30.0 MHz 691 pts Stop 3.0 GHz X-value 2.452 GHz 2.3531 GHz 62.2 MHz Type | Ref | Trc | Function **Function Result**

#### LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



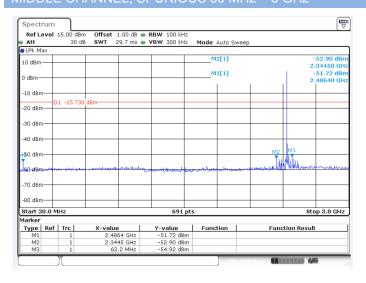


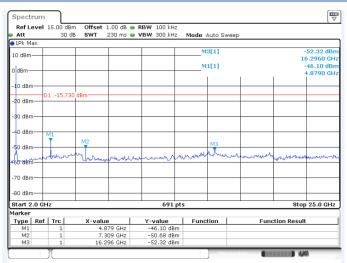
#### MIDDLE CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



#### MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

## MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





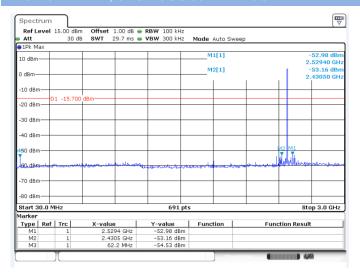
#### HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL

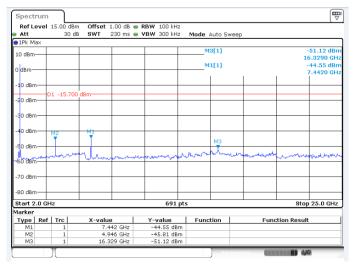




#### HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3GHz

#### HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz







# A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

	Measured Max. Band	Limit	(dBm)	
Channel	Edge Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low Channel	-43.62	3.86	-16.14	Pass
High Channel	-46.75	4.30	-15.70	Pass

#### **Test Plots**

#### LOW CHANNEL, Carrier level





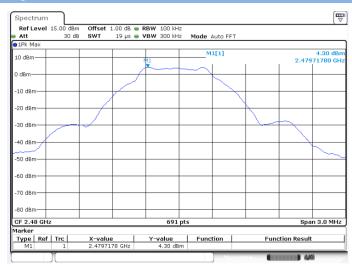
#### Offset 1.00 dB • RBW 100 kHz SWT 19 µs • VBW 300 kHz Ref Level 15.00 dBm 30 dB 10 dBr 0 dBm -20 dBr -50 dBn M2 L -80 dBr CF 2.4 GH 691 pts Span 10.0 MHz | Marker | Type | Ref | Trc | M1 | 1 | M2 | 1 | X-value 2.4 GHz 2.399378 GHz Function **Function Result**

#### LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge





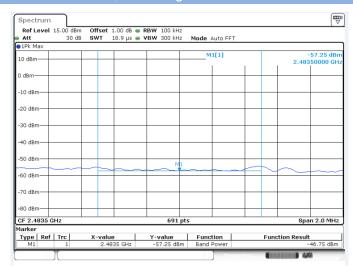
#### High CHANNEL, Carrier level



#### HIGH CHANNEL, Reference level

#### Ref Level 15.00 dBm Att 30 dB Mode Auto FFT -57.48 dBm 2.4844550 GHz -57.17 dBm 2.4835000 GHz M3[1] 10 dBm-M1[1] 0 dBm -10 dBm -20 dBm -50 dBm -60 dBm -70 dBm -80 dBm CF 2.4835 GHz Marker Type Ref Trc Span 10.0 MHz 691 pts X-value 2.4835 GHz 2.48397 GHz 2.484455 GHz Y-value -57.17 dBm -54.65 dBm -57.48 dBm Function Function Result

#### HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge



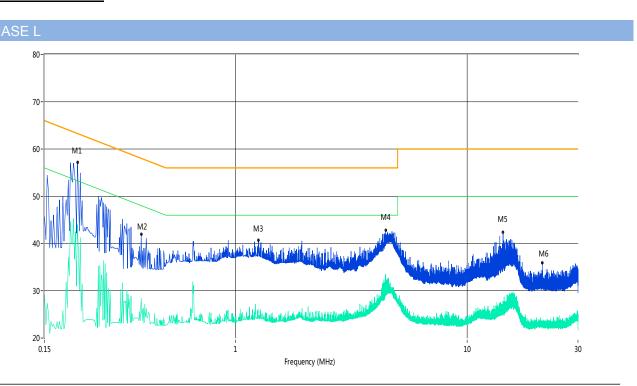


## **A.5 Conducted Emissions**

Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

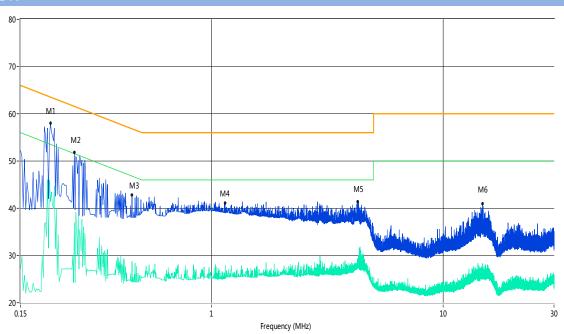
#### Test Data and Test Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.21	57.2	13.00	64.3	7.10	Peak	L Line	Pass
1**	0.21	44.0	13.00	54.3	10.30	AV	L Line	Pass
2	0.39	42.0	13.00	59.1	17.10	Peak	L Line	Pass
2**	0.39	28.4	13.00	49.1	20.70	AV	L Line	Pass
3	1.26	40.7	13.00	56.0	15.30	Peak	L Line	Pass
3**	1.26	24.3	13.00	46.0	21.70	AV	L Line	Pass
4	4.44	42.8	13.00	56.0	13.20	Peak	L Line	Pass
4**	4.44	31.5	13.00	46.0	14.50	AV	L Line	Pass
5	14.25	42.3	13.00	60.0	17.70	Peak	L Line	Pass
5**	14.25	26.6	13.00	50.0	23.40	AV	L Line	Pass
6	21.05	36.0	13.00	60.0	24.00	Peak	L Line	Pass
6**	21.05	22.9	13.00	50.0	27.10	AV	L Line	Pass



## PHASE N



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dB)			
1	0.20	58.0	13.00	64.5	6.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
1**	0.20	41.4	13.00	54.5	13.10	AV	N Line	Pass
2	0.26	51.9	13.00	63.0	11.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
2**	0.26	36.9	13.00	53.0	16.10	AV	N Line	Pass
3	0.45	42.8	13.00	57.3	14.50	Peak	N Line	Pass
3**	0.45	28.7	13.00	47.3	18.60	AV	N Line	Pass
4	1.14	41.1	13.00	56.0	14.90	Peak	N Line	Pass
4**	1.14	25.2	13.00	46.0	20.80	AV	N Line	Pass
5	4.26	41.4	13.00	56.0	14.60	Peak	N Line	Pass
5**	4.26	29.3	13.00	46.0	16.70	AV	N Line	Pass
6	14.76	40.9	13.00	60.0	19.10	Peak	N Line	Pass
6**	14.76	28.3	13.00	50.0	21.70	AV	N Line	Pass



## A.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

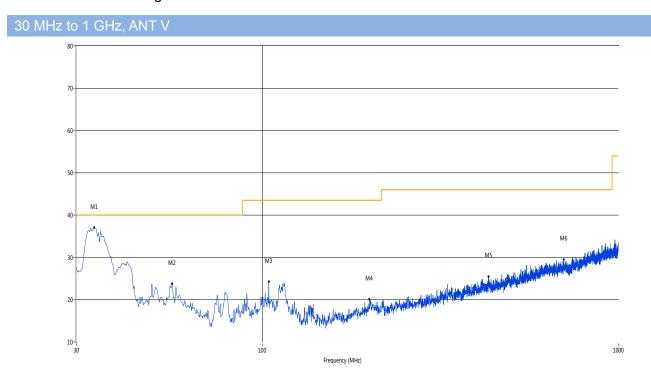
Test data for BLE

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

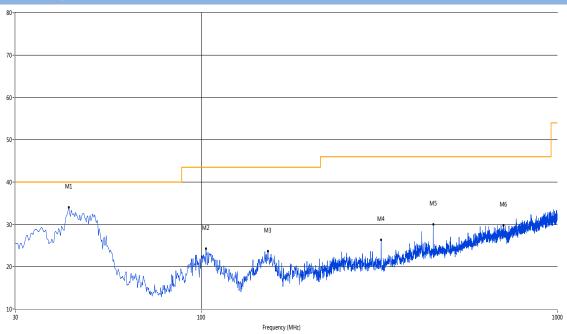
Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode.



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	33.64	36.95	-21.68	40.0	3.05	Peak	216.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	55.70	23.79	-19.19	40.0	16.21	Peak	55.50	100	Vertical	Pass
3	104.19	24.22	-20.30	43.5	19.28	Peak	85.90	100	Vertical	Pass
4	199.71	20.09	-20.23	43.5	23.41	Peak	202.10	100	Vertical	Pass
5	431.48	25.53	-14.65	46.0	20.47	Peak	3.80	100	Vertical	Pass
6	703.01	29.49	-8.97	46.0	16.51	Peak	354.50	100	Vertical	Pass



## 30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(o)	(cm)		
1	42.36	34.01	-18.99	40.0	5.99	Peak	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	102.97	24.23	-20.16	43.5	19.27	Peak	48.90	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	153.89	23.65	-23.34	43.5	19.85	Peak	54.10	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	319.96	26.35	-17.04	46.0	19.65	Peak	54.10	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	447.97	29.98	-14.54	46.0	16.02	Peak	-0.70	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	705.92	29.78	-8.82	46.0	16.22	Peak	359.80	100	Horizontal	Pass



#### GFSK Low Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz. ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2334.84	46.70	-0.62	74	27.31	Peak	16	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2402.18	90.03	-0.27	74	-16.03	Peak	276.2	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4804.59	52.37	13.74	74	21.63	Peak	53.6	150	Vertical	Pass
4	9919.72	44.39	14.28	74	29.61	Peak	204.8	150	Vertical	Pass
5	16088.19	45.16	9.07	74	28.84	Peak	141.1	150	Vertical	Pass
6	23951.75	44.42	11.80	74	29.58	Peak	47	150	Vertical	Pass

#### GFSK Low Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz. ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2123.95	47.89	-1.06	74	26.11	Peak	110.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2402.16	98.36	-0.27	74	-24.36	Peak	262.8	150	Horizontal	N/A
3**	4804.55	50.26	13.74	54.0	3.74	AV	10.50	103.10	Horizontal	Pass
3	4804.55	59.31	13.74	74.0	14.69	Peak	10.50	103.10	Horizontal	Pass
4	7156.82	47.11	16.96	74	26.89	Peak	288.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	16150.58	46.06	9.07	74	27.94	Peak	51.6	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	21086.52	46.11	9.29	74	27.89	Peak	85.3	150	Horizontal	Pass

## GFSK Middle Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2232.87	46.74	-0.29	74	27.26	Peak	129.2	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2440.16	87.72	-0.39	74	-13.72	Peak	288.5	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4879.56	51.81	13.61	74	22.19	Peak	146.2	150	Vertical	Pass
4	11143.93	42.26	20.09	74	31.74	Peak	341.5	150	Vertical	Pass
5	15849.00	42.32	12.58	74	31.68	Peak	122	150	Vertical	Pass
6	19569.05	45.49	9.91	74	28.51	Peak	160.9	150	Vertical	Pass

## GFSK Middle Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2121.24	48.37	-1.10	74	25.63	Peak	36	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.22	99.22	-0.41	74	-25.22	Peak	0.7	150	Horizontal	N/A
3**	4879.48	52.57	13.61	54.0	1.43	AV	163.00	117.30	Horizontal	Pass
3	4879.48	59.68	13.61	74.0	14.32	Peak	163.00	117.30	Horizontal	Pass
4	8953.83	45.29	14.81	74	28.71	Peak	70.1	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15495.42	45.02	9.95	74	28.98	Peak	69	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	19069.88	46.98	8.90	74	27.02	Peak	5.9	150	Horizontal	Pass



# GFSK High Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT V

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2351.96	46.22	-0.76	74	27.78	Peak	238.3	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2480.64	87.09	-0.62	74	-13.09	Peak	69.1	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4959.98	53.49	14.19	74	20.51	Peak	245.8	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7246.67	44.42	17.01	74	29.58	Peak	341.9	150	Vertical	Pass
5	12637.69	45.80	9.18	74	28.20	Peak	163.6	150	Vertical	Pass
6	18875.21	49.03	9.97	74	24.97	Peak	255.7	150	Vertical	Pass

## GFSK High Channel 1 GHz to 25 GHz, ANT H

No.	Frequency	Results	Factor (dB)	Limit	Margin	Detector	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)		(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(0)	(cm)		
1	2229.84	47.96	-0.39	74	26.04	Peak	55.8	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2480.21	96.84	-0.61	74	-22.84	Peak	16.3	150	Horizontal	N/A
3**	4959.51	52.58	14.22	54.0	1.42	AV	162.20	158.20	Horizontal	Pass
3	4959.51	59.74	14.22	74.0	14.26	Peak	162.20	158.20	Horizontal	Pass
4	8381.03	43.81	18.25	74	30.19	Peak	307.5	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	15245.84	46.20	9.76	74	27.80	Peak	221.9	150	Horizontal	Pass



## A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

#### Test Data

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

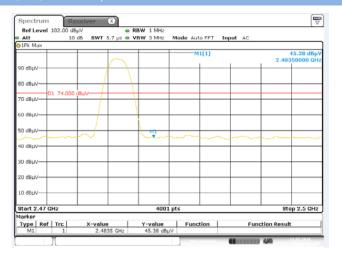
Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Test Mode	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit Line (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark	Verdict
GFSK	Low	2390	45.05	74	28.95	PEAK	Pass
Gran	Low	2390		54		AVERAGE	Pass
GFSK	HIGH	2483.5	45.38	74	28.62	PEAK	Pass
GFSK	пісп	2483.5		54		AVERAGE	Pass

#### LOW CHANNEL. PEAK

# 

#### HIGH CHANNEL. PEAK



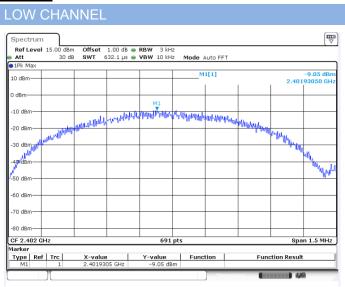


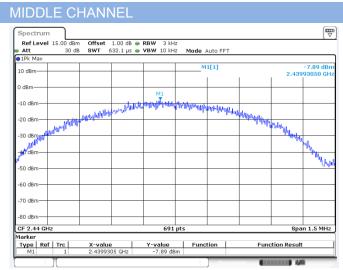
# A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

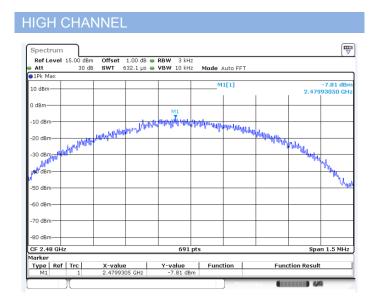
#### Test Data

Channel	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Verdict
Low Channel	-9.05	8	Pass
Middle Channel	-7.89	8	Pass
High Channel	-7.81	8	Pass

#### Test plots









## ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1660254-AR.PDF".

## ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1660254-AW.PDF".

## ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-SZ1660254-AI.PDF".

--END OF REPORT--