

RF-EXPOSURE REPORT			
	FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093		
RF-Expo	sure evaluation of portable equipment		
Report Reference No	G0M-2303-1995-TFC093PE-V03		
Testing Laboratory	Eurofins Product Service GmbH		
Address	Storkower Str. 38c 15526 Reichenwalde Germany		
Accreditation	A2LA Accredited Testing Laboratory, Certificate No.: 1983.01 FCC Test Firm Designation Number: DE0008 ISED Testing Laboratory site: 3470A		
Applicant	Bodycap		
Address	3 Rue du Docteur Laennc 14200 Hérouville saint clair France		
Test Specification	According to FCC rules		
Standard	FCC 47 CFR 2.1093		
Non-Standard Test Method	None		
Equipment under Test (EUT):			
Product Description	Core Body temperature monitoring equipement		
Model(s)	eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M		
Additional Model(s)	eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P		
Brand Name(s)	None		
Hardware Version(s)	V5		
Software Version(s)	V1.1.0.1 (eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M) V1.0.5.2 (eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P)		
FCC-ID	2AENH016 (eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M) 2AENH017 (eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P)		
Test Result	PASSED		

Possible test case verdicts:			
required by standard but not tested		N/T	
not required by standard		N/R	
test object does meet the requirement		P(PASS)	
test object does not meet the requirement		F(FAIL)	
Testing:		-	
Test Lab Temperature		20 °C - 30 °C	
Test Lab Humidity		25 % - 55 %	
Date of performance		2024-05-27	
Date of receipt of test item		2024-03-21	
Report:			
Compiled by	Stephan Liebich	I	
Tested by (+ signature) (Responsible for Test)	Stephan Liebich		Aluts
Approved by (+ signature) (Test Lab Engineer)	Radwan Jaafar		Refaufu
Date of Issue	2024-09-24		
Total number of pages	14		
General Remarks:	1		
The test results presented in this report The results contained in this report ref the responsibility of the manufacturer requirements detailed within this report This report shall not be reproduced, exce	lect the results fo to ensure that all rt.	or this particul production m	lar model and serial number. It is lodels meet the intent of the
Additional Comments:			
None			



## **VERSION HISTORY**

Version History			
Version	Issue Date	Remarks	Revised By
01	2024-06-27	Initial Release	
02	2024-08-28	Replaced document: G0M-2303-1995-TFC093PE-V01   Replaced by: G0M-2303-1995-TFC093PE-V02   Reason: St. Liebich   • Change of reference documents   • Change of Power Limit [mW] from "23" to "1"	
03	2024-09-24	Replaced document: G0M-2303-1995-TFC093PE-V02 Replaced by: G0M-2303-1995-TFC093PE-V03 Reason: • Change of duty cycle and re-calculation	St. Liebich



# ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

	Acronyms		
Acronym	Description		
EIRP	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power		
ERP	Effective Radiated Power		
EUT	Equipment Under Test		
LPE	Low Power Exclusion		



# **REPORT INDEX**

1	Equipment (Test Item) Under Test	6
1.1	Reference Documents	
1.2	Standalone radiation sources	
1.3	Concurrent Sources	8
2	Result Summary	9
3	RF-Exposure classification	10
4	RF-Exposure limits and exclusion thresholds	11
4.1	SAR limits	11
4.2	SAR standalone test exclusion threshold	
4.3	SAR concurrent test exclusion threshold	12
5	RF-Exposure Evaluation	13
6	Single Source Evaluation Results - FCC	14



# 1 Equipment (Test Item) Under Test

Description	Core Body temperature monitoring equipement		
Model	eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M		
Additional Model(s)	eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P		
Brand Name(s)	None		
Comple Identification	EUT #	Sample-ID	Serial Number
Sample Identification	EUT 1 See ref-documents See ref-documents		
Hardware Version(s)	V5		
Software Version(s)	V1.1.0.1 (eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M) V1.0.5.2 (eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P)		
FCC ID	2AENH016 (eCelsius Medical Pill P024-M) 2AENH017 (eCelsius Performance Pill P023-P)		
Equipment type	End Product		
Environment	General public		
Use case	Body worn		



## **1.1 Reference Documents**

Document Type	Document No.	Issued by	Date
RADIO REPORT	G0M-2303-1995- TFC231PT-P023-V02	Eurofins Product Service GmbH	2024-08-28
RADIO REPORT	G0M-2303-1995- TFC231PT-P024-V02	Eurofins Product Service GmbH	2024-08-28



## 1.2 Standalone radiation sources

Standalone radiation sources					
Mode	Operating Frequency [MHz]	Maximum conducted power [dBm]	Maximum radiated power [dBm EIRP]	Maximum duty cycle [%]	Antenna distance to body [mm]
SRD 433 MHz	433.22	-2.329	-2.329*	100	0.0
3KD 433 MITZ	434.62	-2.329	-2.329*	100	0.0
Comment: Maximum power according to standard FCC 47 CFR Part 15C for devices periodic operation in the 40.66 - 40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz band.					

## 1.3 Concurrent Sources

No concurrent radiation sources



# 2 Result Summary

Standalone sources - FCC KDB 447498				
Product Standard ReferenceReference MethodModeVerdict				
KDB 447498	SAR Test Exclusion	KDB 447498 4.3.1	SRD 433 MHz	PASS
Comment: SAR test exclusion power threshold acc. to FCC KDB 447498 D01 is max. 0.5 ≤ 3.0 1g SAR				



# 3 RF-Exposure classification

RF-Exposure Categories		
Fixed	A fixed device is defined as a device physically secured at one fixed location and cannot be easily re-located.	
Mobile	A mobile device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimeters is normally maintained between the transmitter's radiating structure(s) and the body of the user or nearby persons.	
Portable	A portable device is defined as a transmitting device designed to be used so that the radiating structure(s) of the device is/are within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.	

RF-Exposure Categories		
Occupational / Controlled	Limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.	
General population / Uncontrolled	Exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure.	

## 4 **RF-Exposure limits and exclusion thresholds**

## 4.1 SAR limits

SAR Limits			
Туре	Occupational SAR values [W / kg]	General population SAR values [W / kg]	
Whole-body SAR averaging mass = entire body	0.4	0.08	
Partial-body Localized Head, Neck and Trunk SAR averaging mass = 1g	8.0	1.6	
Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles Localized Limbs SAR averaging mass = 10g	20.0	4	

## 4.2 SAR standalone test exclusion threshold

#### SAR test exclusion power acc. to FCC KDB 447498 D01 – Standalone operation

Unless specifically required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures, standalone 1-g head or body and 10-g extremity SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions, by measurement or numerical simulation, is not required when the corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below, is satisfied. These test exclusion conditions are based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power of the RF channel requiring evaluation, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions.

The minimum test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance from the antenna and radiating structures or outer surface of the device, according to the host form factor, exposure conditions and platform requirements, to any part of the body or extremity of a user or bystander

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

a) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm

$$\frac{max. \ power \ of \ channel \ [mW]}{min. \ test \ separation \ distance \ [mm]} \cdot \sqrt{f[GHz]} \leq \begin{cases} 3.0 & 1g \ SAR \\ 7.5 & 10g \ SAR \end{cases}$$

- b) For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances > 50 mm
  - 1) For 100 to 1500 MHz

{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step  $a + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot \frac{f(MHz)}{150}$ }, mW

2) for > 1500 MHz and  $\leq$  6 GHz

{*Power allowed at numeric threshold for* 50 mm in step  $a + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{mm}) \cdot 10$ }, mW

- c) for frequencies below 100 MHz:
  - 1) test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm:

the power threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step b) is multiplied by

$$\left(1 + \log\left(\frac{100}{f(MHz)}\right)\right)$$

2) test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm:

the power threshold determined by the equation in c) 1) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by  $\frac{1}{2}$ 



## 4.3 SAR concurrent test exclusion threshold

#### SAR test exclusion acc. to FCC KDB 447498 D01 – Concurrent operation

When the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

For the test exclusion to apply, the maximum output power, duty factor, and other applicable parameters used in the standalone SAR tests, must be the same or more conservative than those required for simultaneous transmission.

When an antenna qualifies for the standalone SAR test exclusion and also transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR value must be estimated according to the following to determine the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion criteria:

1)  $\frac{\text{max.power of channel,including tune-up tolerance,mW}}{\text{min.test separation distance,mm}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{x}$ , for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ 

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR

2) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distance is > 50 mm



## 5 **RF-Exposure Evaluation**

#### Evaluation procedure acc. to FCC KDB 447498

#### Standalone operational modes

- 1) For each standalone operational mode the associated frequencies, radiated output power values, duty cycles and antenna separation distances to the human body are specified
- 2) From the radiated power and the duty cycle the source-based time averaged radiated output power is calculated
- 3) The transmission frequency, average power and separation distance is used to determine the SAR test exclusion power threshold value acc. to FCC KDB 447498 D01
- 4) If the time averaged output power of the transmission mode is lower than the SAR test exclusion power threshold value, the mode clarifies for SAR test exclusion and no further SAR evaluation is needed

#### Concurrent operational modes

- 1) For each operational mode that participates in the concurrent operational mode, the estimated SAR is calculated from the source-based time average conducted output power and the separation distance to the human body for each transmission frequency of the operation mode
- 2) The maximum estimated SAR value for each operational is determined
- 3) The sum of SAR values of the maximum estimated SAR values for each operational mode is calculated
- 4) If the sum of SAR values is below the corresponding SAR limit, the concurrent operational mode clarifies for SAR test exclusion and no further evaluation is needed.



6

**Single Source Evaluation Results - FCC** 

#### **Results – Standalone Operational Modes** Average Power Frequency Power Duty Distance Verdict Mode Power Limit [MHz] [mW] Cycle [mm] [mW] [mW] 433.22 0.58 1.00 0.0 PASS 0.58 1 SRD 433 MHz 434.62 0.58 1.00 0.58 0.0 PASS 1 Comment: --

=== End of test report ===