

# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED.

No.1, Longgang Road, Buji, Longgang, ShenzhenCity, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

# FCC ID: 2AEN3UNO

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		Mobile Phone
Test Engineer:	Rocky Xiao	pocky xiao
Report Number:		20
Report Date:	2015-09-23	
Reviewed By:	Sula Huang RF Leader	Solo Hugh
Test Laboratory:	No.69 Pulongcun	358891

**Note**: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

	At	testation of Test Results				
	Company Name MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED.					
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone				
	Product Name	UNO				
EUT Information	FCC ID	2AEN3UNO				
mormation	Model Number	UNO				
	Serial Number	150917001				
	Test Date	2015-09-21、2015-09-22				
MO		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)			
000.000	1g Head SAR	0.173				
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.218	-			
DCC 4000	1g Head SAR	0.405	_			
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.165	1.6			
S* 14	1g Head SAR	0.564				
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	0.271				
Ansi / IEEE C95.1 : 2005IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.Ansi / IEEE C95.3 : 2002IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 						
	to determine the spec in close proximity to <b>KDB procedures</b> KDB 447498 D01 Ge KDB 648474 D04 Ha KDB 865664 D01 SA	ific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communica the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 eneral RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. andset SAR v01r02. AR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 F Exposure Reporting v01r01	tion devices us			

**Note:** This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RDG150917001-20	Original Report	2015-09-23	

# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of *MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED*. and their product, Model: UNO, FCC ID: 2AEN3UNO or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

# **Technical Specification**

Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Made	GSM Voice, GPRS Data,
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480 MHz
	GSM 850 : 31.6 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	PCS 1900: 29.3 dBm
	Bluetooth: 5.67 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	113 mm (L) × 47 mm (W) × 13 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

# **REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES**

# FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

# **SAR Limits**

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

# FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

#### CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)					
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)				
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4				
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10				
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0				

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

# FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

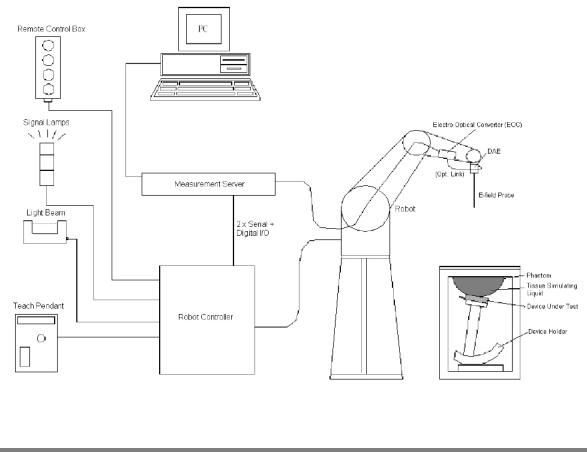
# **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



# **DASY5** System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



#### Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## **DASY5 Measurement Server**

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

### **EX3DV4 E-Field Probes**

Frequency	10 MHz to $> 6$ GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	<ul> <li>± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis)</li> <li>± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)</li> </ul>
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

## **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_ Left hand
- \_ \_ Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of  $100 \times 50 \times 85$  cm (L x W x H) The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of  $100 \times 75 \times 91$  cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.



The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

#### **Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$  mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent \_=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

#### Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

# Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Fissue	Body Tissue		
(MHz)	εr	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

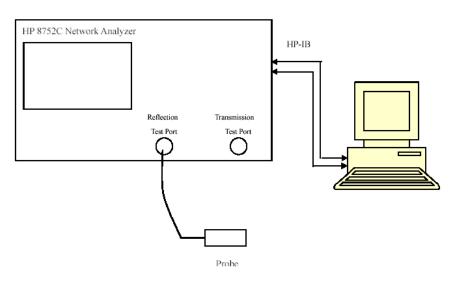
# EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

# **Equipments List & Calibration Information**

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	RX90 D03636		N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	D835V1	453	2015-08-17	2018-08-17
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015-07-14	2018-07-14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	0 1874 N/A		N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ТЅ-835-Н	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ТЅ-835-В	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ТЅ-1900-Н	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ТЅ-1900-В	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015-06-13	2016-06-13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	1015 N/A	
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

# **Liquid Verification**



# Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

# Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	٤ <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	O (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
824 D	Head	42.919	0.877	41.5	0.9	3.42	-2.56	±5
824.2	Body	55.149	0.963	55.2	0.97	-0.09	-0.72	±5
826.4	Head	42.9	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.37	-2.22	±5
820.4	Body	55.127	0.965	55.2	0.97	-0.13	-0.52	±5
836.6	Head	42.886	0.893	41.5	0.9	3.34	-0.78	±5
830.0	Body	55.115	0.976	55.2	0.97	-0.15	0.62	±5
846.6	Head	42.811	0.895	41.5	0.9	3.16	-0.56	±5
840.0	Body	55.03	0.985	55.2	0.97	-0.31	1.55	±5
0.40.0	Head	42.727	0.896	41.5	0.9	2.96	-0.44	±5
848.8	Body	55.009	0.988	55.2	0.97	-0.35	1.86	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-09-21.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
	Туре	ε <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔO (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Head	39.842	1.36	40	1.4	-0.4	-2.86	±5
1830.2	Body	55.292	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.74	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Head	39.871	1.354	40	1.4	-0.32	-3.29	±5
1632.4	Body	55.226	1.477	53.3	1.52	3.61	-2.83	±5
1880	Head	39.739	1.384	40	1.4	-0.65	-1.14	±5
1880	Body	53.731	1.542	53.3	1.52	0.81	1.45	±5
1907.6	Head	39.58	1.414	40	1.4	-1.05	1	±5
1907.0	Body	53.604	1.492	53.3	1.52	0.57	-1.84	±5
1000.9	Head	39.585	1.415	40	1.4	-1.04	1.07	±5
1909.8	Body	53.4	1.492	53.3	1.52	0.19	-1.84	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-09-22.

SAR Evaluation Report

Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head				835 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		
824	42.8802	19.1509	824	55.131	21.0419		
824.5	42.9777	19.1116	824.5	55.1751	20.9434		
825	42.9629	19.1562	825	55.1439	21.0276		
825.5	42.9351	19.1931	825.5	55.2133	20.9524		
826	42.9295	19.1254	826	55.0965	21.019		
826.5	42.8926	19.1535	826.5	55.1352	21.0064		
827	42.895	19.1526	827	55.0209	21.0127		
827.5	42.8877	19.1574	827.5	55.1458	20.9804		
828	42.9589	19.2326	828	55.1314	20.9912		
828.5	42.9383	19.1955	828.5	55.2083	21.0204		
829	42.9355	19.2547	829	55.1112	20.9378		
829.5	42.9036	19.1671	829.5	55.096	20.9258		
830	43.0033	19.2002	830	55.1069	20.9301		
830.5	42.941	19.2094	830.5	55.1083	20.9658		
831	42.9434	19.1675	831	55.0999	20.969		
831.5	42.8832	19.1664	831.5	55.13	20.9621		
832	42.9589	19.2053	832	55.1836	20.9511		
832.5	42.9548	19.2588	832.5	55.0859	20.921		
833	42.9871	19.2016	833	55.12	20.9173		
833.5	42.9344	19.2284	833.5	55.1513	20.9554		
834	42.8938	19.2235	834	55.1422	21.0501		
834.5	42.9013	19.1909	834.5	55.1128	20.9246		
835	42.9644	19.2305	835	55.0928	20.9459		
835.5	42.9581	19.1784	835.5	55.0647	21.0186		
836	42.9509	19.1812	836	55.0969	20.992		
836.5	42.892	19.186	836.5	55.1168	20.9708		
837	42.8595	19.2006	837	55.1095	20.9934		
837.5	42.8979	19.1722	837.5	55.0147	20.9169		
838	42.8898	19.2365	838	55.1036	20.9817		
838.5	42.9143	19.2011	838.5	55.142	21.0249		
839	42.9043	19.1805	839	55.0951	20.9664		
839.5	42.9137	19.126	839.5	55.0733	20.9949		
840	42.9429	19.1123	840	55.0443	21.0048		
840.5	42.8713	19.0742	840.5	55.1571	20.953		
841	42.9233	19.183	841	55.0373	21.0161		
841.5	42.8657	19.1424	841.5	55.0117	20.9551		
842	42.8642	19.0923	842	55.0958	20.9822		
842.5	42.8349	19.1548	842.5	55.0026	20.9503		
843	42.8348	19.0742	843	55.0663	20.966		
843.5	42.8119	19.0645	843.5	55.0099	20.9236		
844	42.7836	19.093	844	55.0703	20.9193		
844.5	42.8343	18.9977	844.5	55.0645	21.0326		
845	42.7851	19.0554	845	55.0994	20.9419		
845.5	42.8044	19.093	845.5	55.0024	20.9138		
846	42.8642	19.0001	846	55.0296	20.9814		
846.5	42.8294	18.987	846.5	55.0313	20.9169		
847	42.7389	19.0847	847	55.0246	20.9712		
847.5	42.7537	18.9684	847.5	55.0647	20.9625		
848	42.8071	19.0144	848	55.0309	20.9906		
848.5	42.7348	19.0098	848.5	54.9884	20.9331		
849	42.7224	18.9531	849	55.0224	20.9371		

## Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body				
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		
1850	39.8288	13.2217	1850	55.2751	14.3962		
1851	39.8931	13.1994	1851	55.3613	14.3628		
1852	39.8797	13.1386	1852	55.2578	14.3624		
1853	39.8572	13.161	1853	55.1787	14.2966		
1854	39.8891	13.1449	1854	55.0399	14.1966		
1855	39.8661	13.1778	1855	55.0422	14.2718		
1856	39.8521	13.1711	1856	54.9326	14.2787		
1857	39.8897	13.2084	1857	54.7685	14.1936		
1858	39.8602	13.1787	1858	54.6163	14.1407		
1859	39.7967	13.1978	1859	54.5778	14.0555		
1860	39.826	13.2097	1860	54.4355	14.174		
1861	39.871	13.2313	1861	54.4961	14.1127		
1862	39.8704	13.2101	1862	54.33	14.0862		
1863	39.8304	13.1704	1863	54.1736	14.1154		
1864	39.8023	13.1677	1864	54.1405	14.1654		
1865	39.8331	13.2319	1865	54.0939	14.1342		
1866	39.8036	13.2085	1866	53.9852	14.1536		
1867	39.7875	13.2249	1867	53.912	14.1692		
1868	39.7965	13.2437	1868	53.8597	14.249		
1869	39.874	13.2999	1869	53.7339	14.1873		
1870	39.8409	13.249	1870	53.665	14.2971		
1871	39.8469	13.1904	1871	53.612	14.2833		
1872	39.7781	13.198	1872	53.6757	14.3536		
1873	39.8059	13.1757	1873	53.6839	14.4522		
1874	39.7024	13.2596	1874	53.6084	14.4215		
1875	39.7761	13.1942	1875	53.6321	14.4796		
1876	39.7675	13.2473	1876	53.6185	14.5552		
1877	39.8212	13.2241	1877	53.6675	14.651		
1878	39.7529	13.2072	1878	53.6348	14.6897		
1879	39.7195	13.234	1879	53.6766	14.638		
1880	39.7388	13.2441	1880	53.7309	14.7518		
1881	39.7162	13.2145	1881	53.7292	14.7623		
1882	39.7575	13.2513	1882	53.7614	14.812		
1883	39.7337	13.278	1883	53.8125	14.7819		
1884	39.747	13.2602	1884	53.8823	14.8166		
1885	39.7002	13.2896	1885	53.9346	14.8121		
1886	39.7038	13.3183	1886	54.1201	14.7683		
1887	39.6438	13.2599	1887	54.1666	14.7581		
1888	39.6568	13.2637	1888	54.2339	14.8056		
1889	39.7063	13.3267	1889	54.2411	14.7044		
1890	39.6735	13.2916	1890	54.2951	14.7423		
1891	39.7105	13.303	1891	54.3085	14.7363		
1892	39.7103	13.306	1892	54.3915	14.7025		
1893	39.6555	13.325	1893	54.3638	14.6805		
1894	39.6759	13.2929	1894	54.3177	14.645		
1895	39.6146	13.2749	1895	54.3114	14.5906		
1896	39.6914	13.3119	1896	54.4313	14.5211		
1897	39.6708	13.2817	1897	54.4061	14.4594		
1898	39.6582	13.3262	1898	54.4406	14.4374		
1899	39.6276	13.2731	1899	54.2535	14.3985		
1900	39.6674	13.3249	1900	54.207	14.3549		

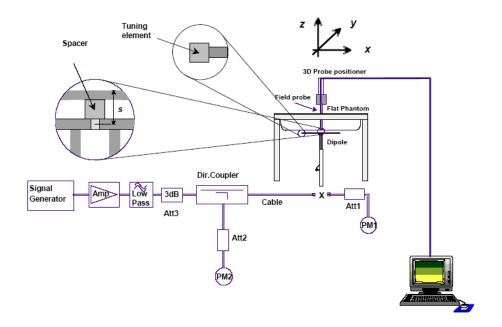
## Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body				
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz) e		e''		
1901	39.6611	13.307	1901	54.1552	14.2594		
1902	39.6228	13.3617	1902	54.0584	14.2343		
1903	39.6369	13.264	1903	53.9568	14.2031		
1904	39.6567	13.3623	1904	53.8816	14.1009		
1905	39.6639	13.3445	1905	53.7928	14.1233		
1906	39.5734	13.3504	1906	53.7285	14.1088		
1907	39.5621	13.3356	1907	53.6394	14.0957		
1908	39.5916	13.3311	1908	53.5809	14.054		
1909	39.5742	13.3539	1909	53.433	14.0246		
1910	39.5876	13.3219	1910	53.3917	14.062		

## System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

## System Verification Setup Block Diagram



#### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015 00 21 025	835	Head	1g	9.24	9.43	-2.01	±10
2015-09-21	833	Body	1g	9.29	9.55	-2.72	±10
2015 00 22	2015-09-22 1900	Head	1g	40.8	40.7	0.25	±10
2013-09-22		Body	1g	40.5	40.8	-0.74	±10

\*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

# SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

#### System Performance 835 MHz Head

#### DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.893 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 42.963;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### DASY5 Configuration:

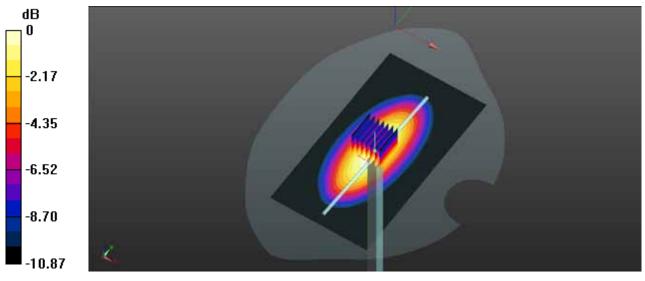
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835 MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

**System Performance 835 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835 MHz Body

#### DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.973 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.114;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

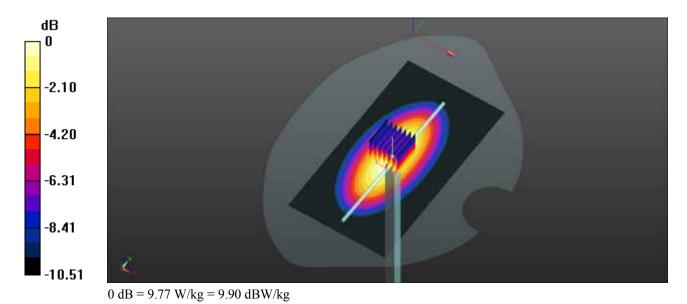
System Performance 835 MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.77 W/kg

**System Performance 835 MHz Body** /**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)**/**Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.77 W/kg



SAR Evaluation Report

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

#### System Performance 1900 MHz Head

#### DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.408 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.686;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

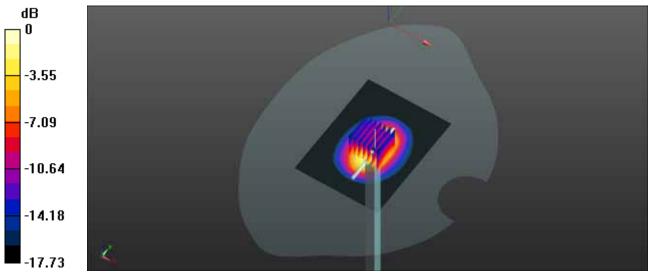
**System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.2 W/kg

System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dBPeak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Body

#### DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.517 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 54.197;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**System Performance 1900 MHz Body** /**Area Scan (61x81x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 49.1 W/kg

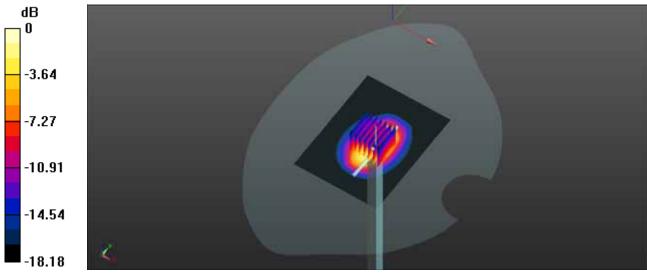
**System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 172.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



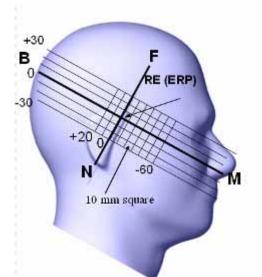
0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

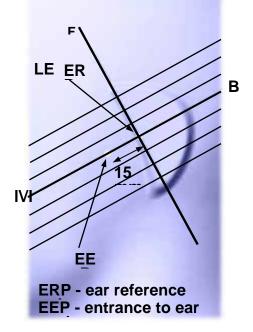
# EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

#### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





### **Cheek/Touch Position**

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

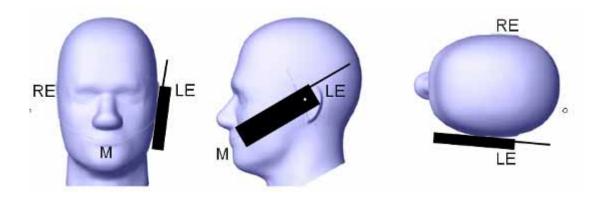
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek /Touch Position**



#### **Ear/Tilt Position**

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

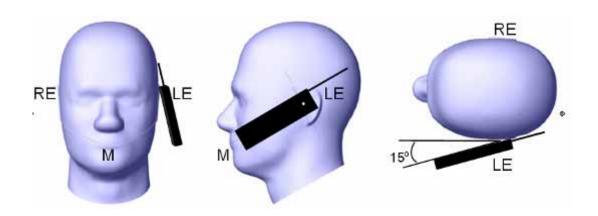
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear / Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

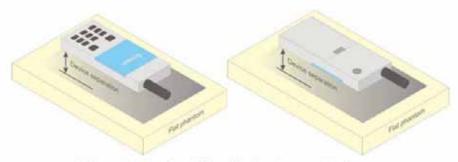


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
  - The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

#### **Test methodology**

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

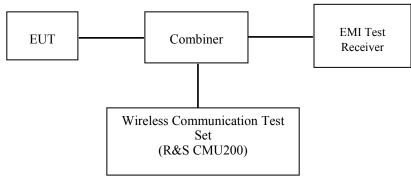
# **CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT**

### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM

#### **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations.

#### GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support  $> \breve{GSM} + only$ MS Signal > 33 dBm for GSM 850 > 30 dBm for PCS 1900 BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCHBCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off PO > 4 dBTCH > choose desired test channel Hopping >Off AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

#### GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection:Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM Main SerUNO > Packet Data

SerUNO selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850

> 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz Mode >BCCH and TCH BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off P0 > 4 dB Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping >Off Main Timeslot >3 Network:Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

# **Maximum Target Output Power**

Max Target Power(dBm)							
	Channel						
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High				
GSM 850	31.7	31.7	31.7				
GPRS 1 TX Slot	31.4	31.4	31.4				
GPRS 2 TX Slot	30.4	30.4	30.4				
GPRS 3 TX Slot	28.4	28.4	28.4				
GPRS 4 TX Slot	26.4	26.4	26.4				
PCS 1900	29.4	29.4	29.4				
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.4	29.4	29.4				
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27.2	27.2	27.2				
GPRS 3 TX Slot	25	25	25				
GPRS 4 TX Slot	23.2	23.2	23.2				
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	5.8	5.8	5.8				

# **Test Results:**

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.6
	190	836.6	31.5
	251	848.8	31.3
	512	1850.2	29.3
PCS 1900	661	1880	29
l l	810	1909.8	28.9

### **GPRS**:

Band	Channel	Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)					
Danu	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots			
	128	824.2	31.32	30.31	28.26	26.31			
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.11	30.01	27.87	26.01			
	251	848.8	31.05	29.76	27.55	25.67			
	512	1850.2	29.28	27.11	24.91	23.05			
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.98	26.62	24.38	22.41			
	810	1909.8	28.91	26.37	24.08	21.91			

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

#### Report No: RDG150917001-20

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

### The time based average power for GPRS

Channel		Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)					
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot         2 slot         3 slots         4 state           22.32         24.31         24.01         22           22.11         24.01         23.62         22           22.05         23.76         23.3         22	4 slots				
	128	824.2	22.32	24.31	24.01	23.31		
GSM 850	190	836.6	22.11	24.01	23.62	23.01		
	251	848.8	22.05	23.76	23.3	22.67		
	512	1850.2	20.28	21.11	20.66	20.05		
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.98	20.62	20.13	19.41		
	810	1909.8	19.91	20.37	19.83	18.91		

#### Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

 For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
 For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

### Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	5.67
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	5.65
	78	2480	5.54
	0	2402	4.99
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	5.07
	78	2480	4.96
	0	2402	5.11
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	5.15
	78	2480	5.02

# SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

### SAR Test Data

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	23-24	22.5-23.5
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	32 %	31 %
ATM Pressure:	1003 mbar	1003 mbar
<b>Record Date:</b>	2015-09-21	2015-09-22

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao

#### GSM 850:

EUT	English	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (	W/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	-0.10	31.6	31.7	1.023	0.169	0.173	1#
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	-0.02	31.5	31.7	1.047	0.159	0.166	/
	848.8	GSM	-0.08	31.3	31.7	1.096	0.152	0.167	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.18	31.5	31.7	1.047	0.096	0.101	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.02	31.5	31.7	1.047	0.134	0.14	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.17	31.5	31.7	1.047	0.081	0.085	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	836.6	GSM	-0.16	31.5	31.7	1.047	0.166	0.174	/
(131111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	-0.09	30.31	30.4	1.021	0.214	0.218	2#
Body-Back (15mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.19	30.01	30.4	1.094	0.193	0.211	/
(101111)	848.8	GPRS	0.03	29.76	30.4	1.159	0.179	0.207	/

#### Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

EUT	<b>E</b>	Test	Power	Max.	Max. Rated	-	1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	-0.08	29.3	29.4	1.023	0.396	0.405	3#
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.06	29	29.4	1.096	0.358	0.392	/
	1909.8	GSM	-0.07	28.9	29.4	1.122	0.347	0.389	3#
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-0.1	29	29.4	1.096	0.25	0.274	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-0.2	29	29.4	1.096	0.317	0.347	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	0.05	29	29.4	1.096	0.204	0.224	/
Right Head Tilt	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	-0.04	29	29.4	1.096	0.118	0.129	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(15mm) Body-Back (15mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-0.11	27.11	27.2	1.021	0.162	0.165	4#
	1880	GPRS	-0.05	26.62	27.2	1.143	0.14	0.16	/
	1909.8	GPRS	0.11	26.37	27.2	1.211	0.131	0.159	/

#### **PCS Band:**

#### Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq 0.8$ W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

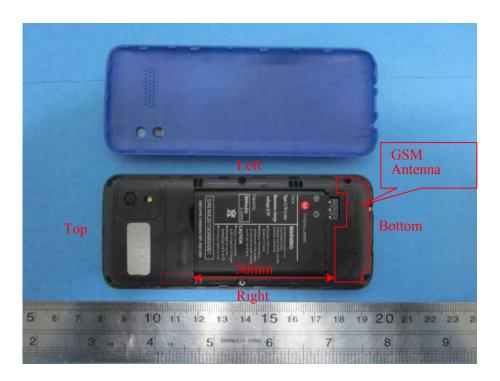
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

# SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION



### **BT and GSM Antennas Location:**

#### Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simul	Antennas Distance (mm)			
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)	
GSM + Bluetooth	$\checkmark$	×	50	

#### Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
Bluetooth	2450	5.8	3.8	0	1.19	3	YES

#### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)	
BT Head	2450	5.8	3.8	0	0.159	
BT Body	2450	5.8	3.8	15	0.053	

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

#### Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	ΣSAR <		
WIOUE(SARI+SAR2)	Position	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
GSM 850+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.173	0.159	0.332	
	Left Head Tilt	0.101	0.159	0.26	
	Right Head Cheek	0.14	0.159	0.299	
	Right Head Tilt	0.085	0.159	0.244	
	Body-back-headset	0.174	0.053	0.227	
	Body-Back	0.218	0.053	0.271	
PCS 1900+BT	Left Head Cheek	0.405	0.159	0.564	
	Left Head Tilt	0.274	0.159	0.433	
	Right Head Cheek	0.347	0.159	0.506	
	Right Head Tilt	0.224	0.159	0.383	
	Body-back-headset	0.129	0.053	0.182	
	Body-Back	0.165	0.053	0.218	

**Conclusion:** 

SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

## SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#: GSM 850 Left Cheek

DUT: UNO; Type: UNO

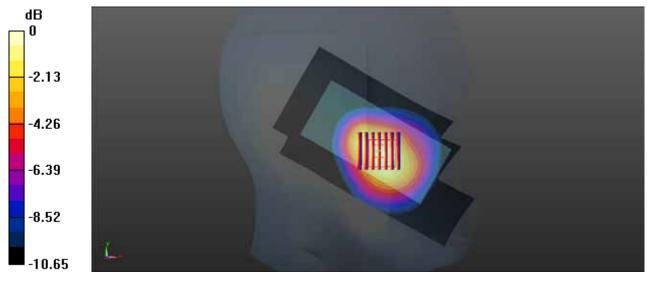
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1: 8 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 0.892 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 42.893;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn539; Calibrated: 2014/10/15
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.191 W/kg

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.286 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.169 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg



0 dB = 0.181 W/kg = -7.42 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 2#: GSM 850 Back

### DUT: UNO; Type: UNO

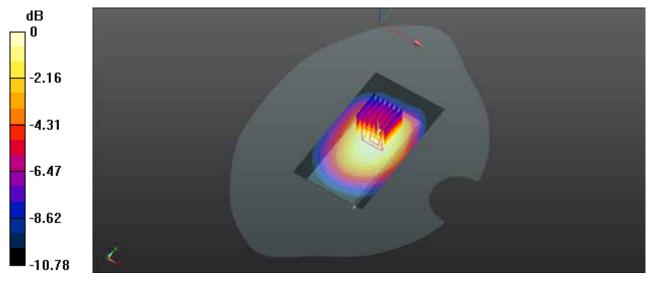
Communication System: Generic GPRS-2 SLOTS; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.977$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 55.126$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn539; Calibrated: 2014/10/15
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body 2/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.227 W/kg

Body 2/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 14.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.287 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.214 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg



0 dB = 0.225 W/kg = -6.48 dBW/kg

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 3#: PCS 1900 Left Cheek

DUT: UNO; Type: UNO

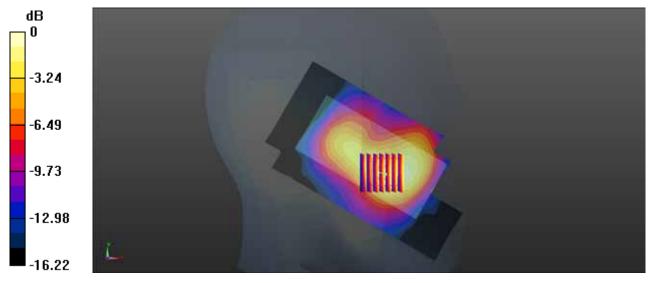
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.387$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.731$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn539; Calibrated: 2014/10/15
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.443 W/kg

Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 5.064 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.651 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.396 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg



0 dB = 0.433 W/kg = -3.64 dBW/kg

#### Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 4#: PCS 1900 Back

### DUT: UNO; Type: UNO

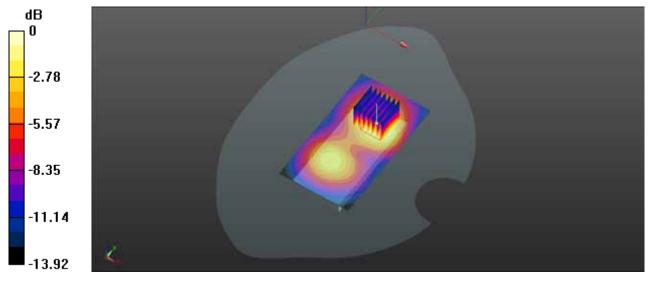
Communication System: Generic GPRS-2 SLOTS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.541 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 53.731;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn539; Calibrated: 2014/10/15
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0\_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

**Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (51x91x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 W/kg

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.678 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.273 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg



0 dB = 0.177 W/kg = -7.52 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report

## APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty	Standard uncertainty
	± %			(* 3)	(	± %, (1 g)	± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	t system				
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

<b></b>							]
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	t system				
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up	-	-		
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

## Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

## **APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

Calibration Laborato Schmid & Partner Engineering AG toughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuri Accredited by the Swiss Accredit The Swiss Accreditation Servis Autiliateral Agreement for the	ich, Switzerland lation Service (SAS) ce is one of the signatories	to the EA	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdien Service suisse d'étalennage Servicie svizzere di taratura Swiss Calibration Service reditation No.: SCS 0108
Client BACL China (	Vitec)	Certificate No:	EX3-7329_Feb15
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:732	29	
Calibration procedure(s)		A CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 dure for dosimetric E-field probes	
The measurements and the unc	ertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docur The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi Calibration Equipment used (Mi	ments the traceability to natio partainties with confidence pr acted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal stendards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a	are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate docur The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Mi Primary Standards	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This celibration certificate docur The measurements and the uno All calibrations have been condi Calibration Equipment used (Mi Primary Standards Power mater E44198	ments the traceability to natio partainties with confidence pro- ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-D1911)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15
This calibration certificate docur The measurements and the unc All calibrations have been condi- Calibration Equipment used (Mi Primary Standards	ments the traceability to natio sertainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
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#### Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx.y.z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization o	or rotation around probe axis
Polarization 8	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

- Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards: a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement
  - Techniques", June 2013
     IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y.z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f < 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NDRMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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# Probe EX3DV4

# SN:7329

Manufactured: Calibrated: December 11, 2014 February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	96.7	97.6	94.2	

#### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	с	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
<sup>9</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
<sup>4</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying tectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>o</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. <sup>7</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>6</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

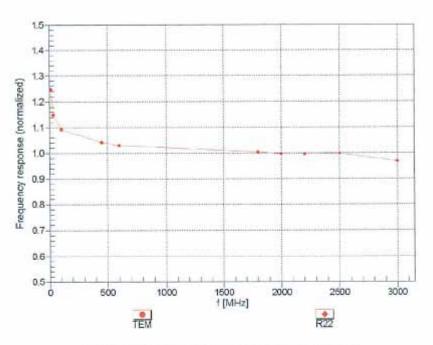
<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity walfdly can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
<sup>a</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters.
<sup>a</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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## Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

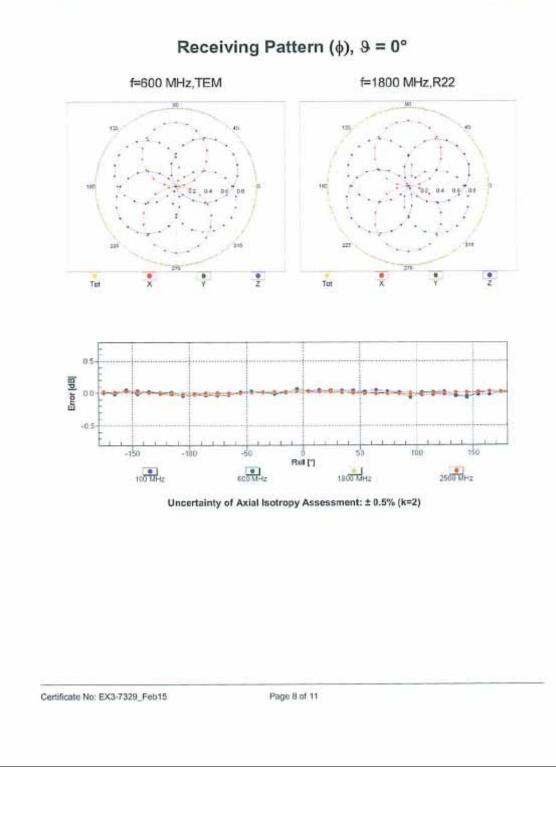


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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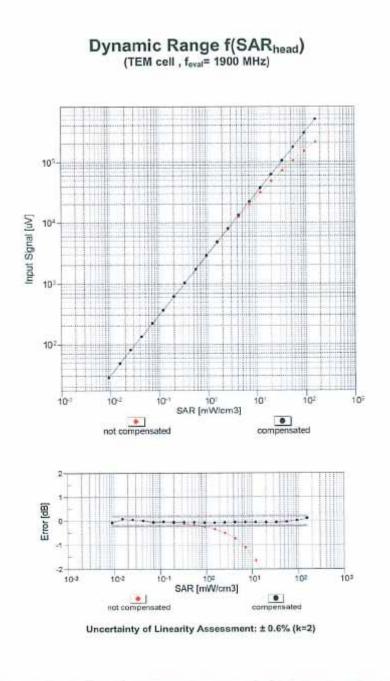


Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Report No: RDG150917001-20

EX3DV4- SN:7329

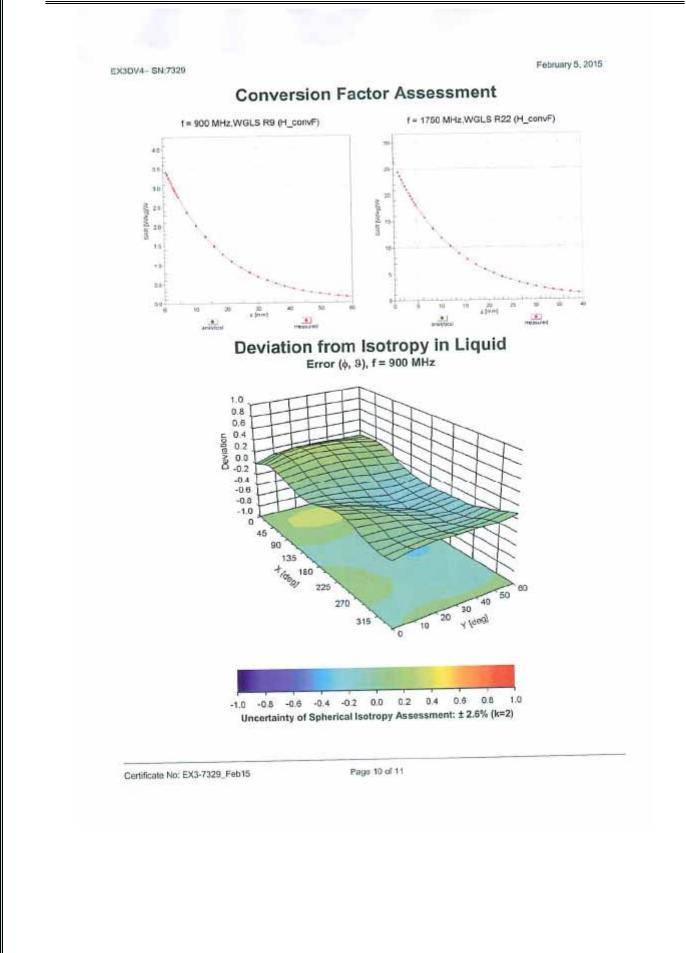
February 5, 2015



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Report No: RDG150917001-20



February 5, 2015

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

#### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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## APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laborato Schmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zuric	ch, Switzerland		Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accredit he Swiss Accreditation Servic fulfilateral Agreement for the r	e is one of the signatoric	es to the EA	Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
lient BACL			No: D835V2-453_Aug15
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	D835V2 - SN: 45	3	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits at	pove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 17, 2015		
The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to nat entainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical t robability are given on the following pages a	and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unco NII calibrations have been condu	rents the traceability to nat entainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical u	and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce MI calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	rents the traceability to nat entainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato	ional standards, which realize the physical t robability are given on the following pages a	and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce Wi calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ents the traceability to nat entainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704	ional standards, which realize the physical s robability are given on the following pages i ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	and are part of the certificate. /C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15
The measurements and the unce Vil calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	tents the traceability to national entainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783	ional standards, which realize the physical to robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	and are part of the certificate. /'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15
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The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A Perference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ents the traceability to nat entainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborato TE critical for calibration) ID # GB37480704 US37292783 MY41092317	ional standards, which realize the physical to robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	and are part of the certificate. /'C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Oct-15 Oct-15 Oct-15
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#### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Suiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

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#### Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω - 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8 Ω - 6.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

#### **General Antenna Parameters and Design**

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 31, 2002

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 17.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 453

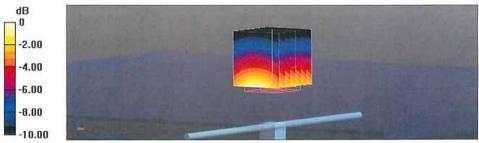
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.93$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 08.07.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

#### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg

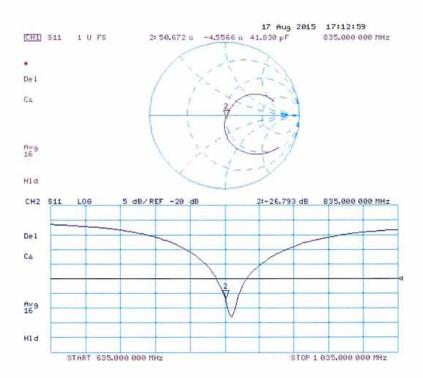


0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-453\_Aug15

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-453\_Aug15

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SAR Evaluation Report

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 17.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 453

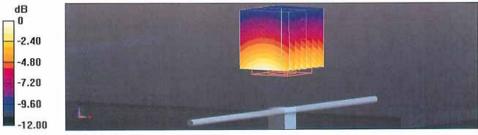
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.02$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 56.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 08.07.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg

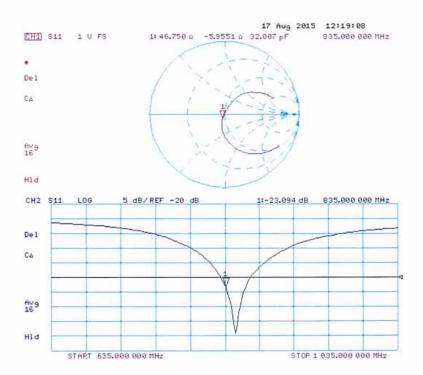


0 dB = 2.89 W/kg = 4.61 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-453\_Aug15

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-453\_Aug15

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Calibration Laborator Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurio	17.6		S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
Accredited by the Swiss Accredit			Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
The Swiss Accreditation Servic Multilateral Agreement for the r			
Client BACL		Certificate I	No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15
CALIBRATION O	CERTIFICATI		
Object	D1900V2 - SN:5	d206	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits at	pove 700 MHz
Calibration date: This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	July 14, 2015 ents the traceability to nat	ional standards, which realize the physical u robability are given on the following pages a	units of measurements (SI). and are part of the certificate.
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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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#### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

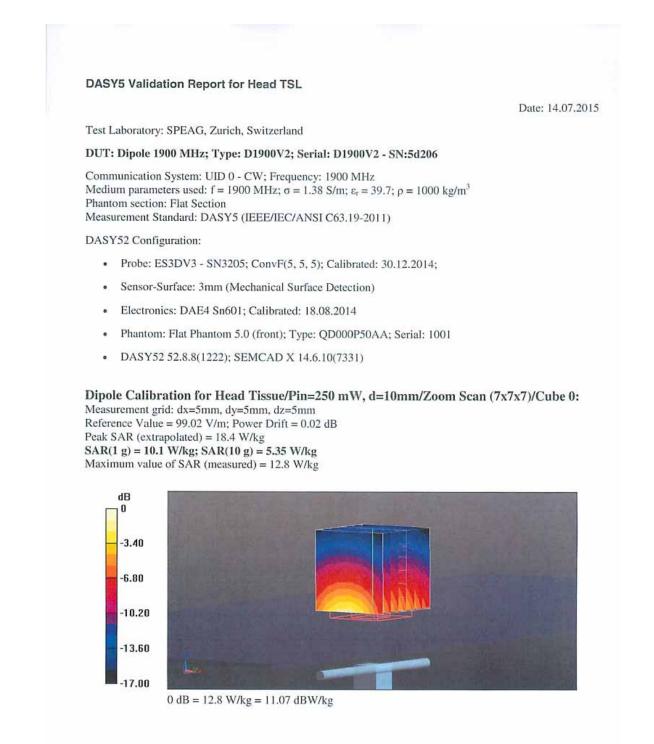
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.7 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.51 W/kg

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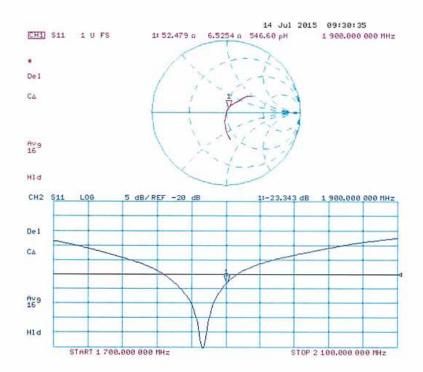
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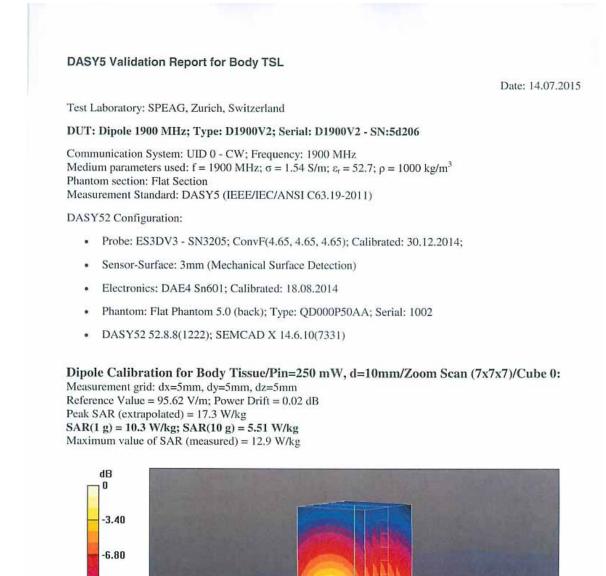
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

-10.20

-13.60

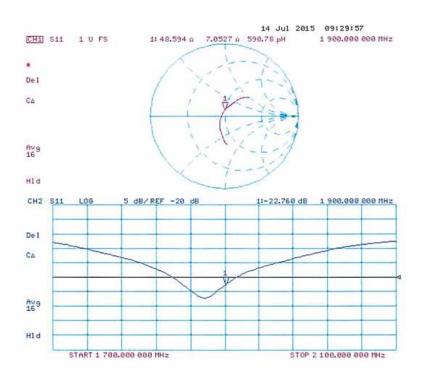
-17.00

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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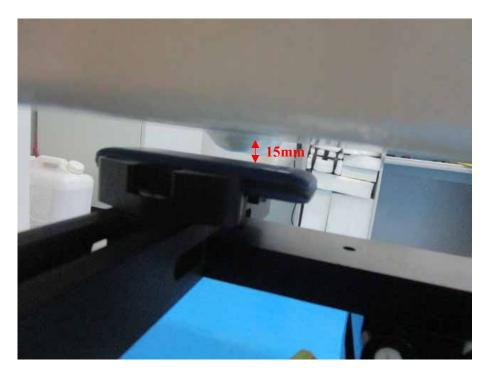
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## **APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

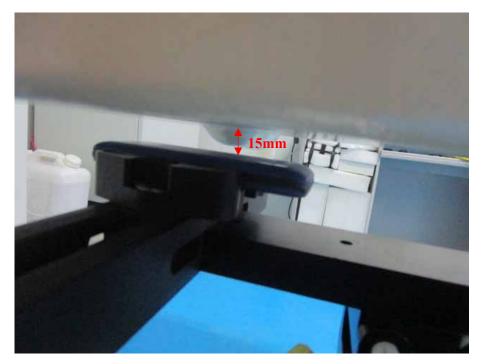
## Liquid depth $\geq$ 15cm



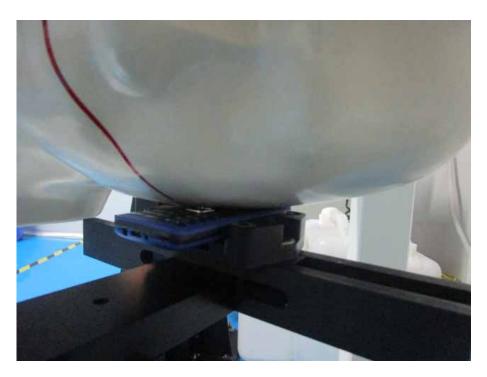
## **Body-worn Back Setup Photo**



## **Body-worn Headset Setup Photo**

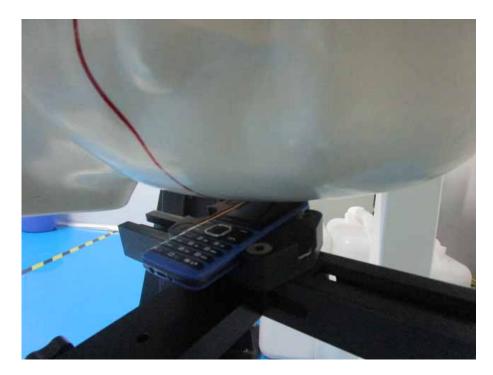


## Left Head Touch Setup Photo

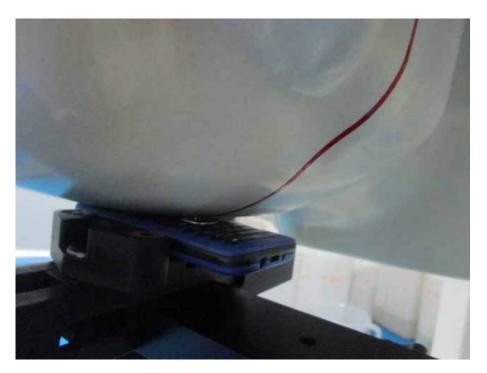


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## Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



## **Right Head Touch Setup Photo**



## **Right Head Tilt Setup Photo**



## **APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS**

**EUT – Front View** 



**EUT – Back View** 



EUT – Side View-1

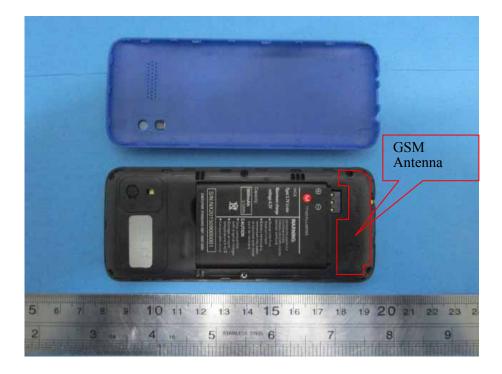


EUT – Side View-2



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EUT – Cover off View



#### \*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*