

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

No.1,Longgang Road,Buji,Longgang,ShenzhenCity,Guangdong Province, P.R. China

FCC ID: 2AEN3NITROX5

Report Type: Original Report		Product Type: Mobile Phone		
Test Engineer:	Rocky Xiao	pocky xiao		
Report Number:	RDG150915002	-20		
Report Date:	2015-09-23			
Reviewed By:	Sula Huang RF Leader	Solo Hu	cof-	
Test Laboratory:	Bay Area Compl No.69 Pulongcur	858891	guan)	

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

	At	testation of Test Results	
	Company Name	MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone	
	Product Name	Nitro X5	
EUT	FCC ID	2AEN3NITROX5	
Information	Model Number	Nitro X5	
	Serial Number	150915002	
	Test Date	2015-09-21,2015-09-22	
MO		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg
	1g Head SAR	0.189	
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.999	7
200 1000	1g Head SAR	0.361	7
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.786	\neg
	1g Head SAR	0.207	\neg
WCDMA 850	1g Body SAR	0.579	1.6
	1g Head SAR	0.42	
WCDMA 1900	1g Body SAR	0.577	
	1g Head SAR	0.776	_
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	1.177	
Hotspot	1g Body SAR	1.177	_
Applicable Standards	Electromagnetic Filed ANSI / IEEE C95.3 IEEE Recommended Electromagnetic Field GHz. FCC 47 CFR part 2 . Radiofrequency radia IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Absorption Rate (SAI Measurement Technic IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to ra communication device	 : 2002 Practice for Measurements and Computations of R ls With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields 1093 tion exposure evaluation: portable devices Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average R) in the Human Head from Wireless Communicat 	adio Frequency ,100 kHz—300 2 Specific ions Devices: unted wireless s-Part 2: Procedur
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 Ge KDB 648474 D04 Ha KDB 865664 D01 SA KDB 865664 D02 RI	AR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 F Exposure Reporting v01r01 F SAR Procedures v03	GHz)

Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	5
EUT DESCRIPTION	6
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	6
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES	7
SAR LIMITS	8
FACILITIES	9
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	10
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	16
- Equipments List & Calibration Information	
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	17
LIQUID VERIFICATION	
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY TEST POSITIONS FOR DEVICE OPERATING NEXT TO A PERSON'S EAR	
CHEEK/TOUCH POSITION	
EAR/TILT POSITION	27
TEST POSITIONS FOR BODY-WORN AND OTHER CONFIGURATIONS SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	
TEST METHODOLOGY	
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	
PROVISION APPLICABLE	
TEST PROCEDURE	
RADIO CONFIGURATION Maximum Target Output Power	
TEST RESULTS:	
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	
SAR TEST DATA	41
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	
SAR PLOTS (SUMMARY OF THE HIGHEST SAR VALUES)	
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	58
APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	60
APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	71
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	
BODY-WORN BACK SETUP PHOTO	
BODY-WORN LEFT SETUP PHOTO	
BODY-WORN RIGHT SETUP PHOTO BODY-WORN HEADSET SETUP PHOTO	
BODY-WORN BOTTOM SETUP PHOTO	
LEFT HEAD TOUCH SETUP PHOTO	
Left Head Tilt Setup Photo Right Head Touch Setup Photo	
RIGHT HEAD TILT SETUP PHOTO	
APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS	91
EUT – Front View	
EUT –BACK VIEW	91

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Report No: RDG150915002-20

EUT – SIDE VIEW-1	92
EUT – SIDE VIEW-2	
EUT – SIDE VIEW-3	93
EUT – SIDE VIEW-4	93
EUT – COVER OFF VIEW	94

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RDG150915002-20	Original Report	2015-09-23	

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED* and their product, Model: Nitro X5, FCC ID: 2AEN3NITROX5 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	Headset
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
	GSM Voice, GPRS/EDGE Data,
	WCDMA R99 (Voice + Data), HSUPA Rel 6, HSDPA Rel 7,
Operation Mode :	DC-HSDPA Rel 8, HSPA+ Rel 6
	WLAN
	Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN: 2412MHz-2462 MHz
	Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480 MHz
	GSM 850 : 33.16 dBm
	PCS 1900: 28.31 dBm
	WCDMA 850: 22.27 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA 1900: 22.81 dBm
	WLAN: 9.23 dBm
	Bluetooth: 5.56 dBm
	BLE:-2.15 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	143.2 mm (L) \times 72.2 mm (W) \times 9 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)		
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4		
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10		
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0		

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

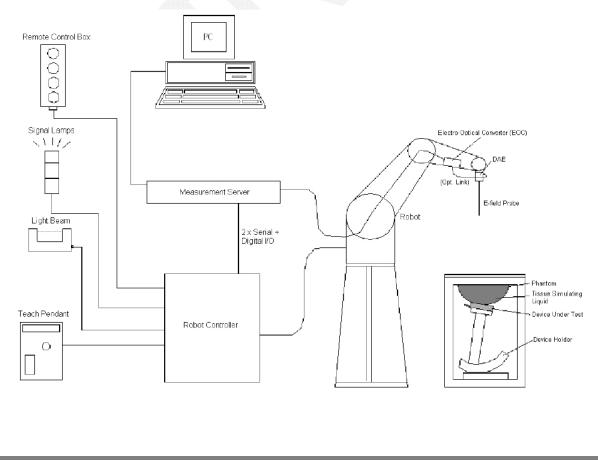
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifer with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	 ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	$10 \ \mu W/g \text{ to} > 100 \ mW/g$ Linearity: $\pm 0.2 \ dB$ (noise: typically < $1 \ \mu W/g$)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ _ Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of $100 \times 50 \times 85$ cm (L x W x H) The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of $100 \times 75 \times 91$ cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.



For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity "=3 and loss tangent _=0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head	Tissue	Body	7 Tissue
(MHz)	εr	O (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

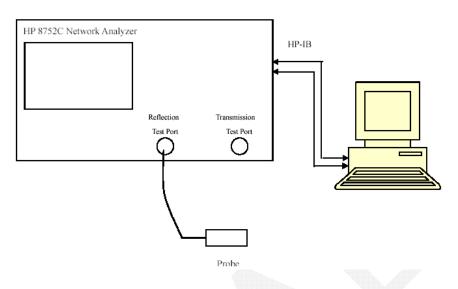
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015/1/26	2016/1/26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015/2/5	2016/2/5
Dipole, 835MHz	D835V1	453	2015/8/17	2018/8/17
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014/11/20	2015/11/20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	I IS-835-H 701504		Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ТЅ-835-В	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ТЅ-1900-Н	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ТЅ-1900-В	0-B 201507 Each Time		/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015/6/3	2016/6/3
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2015/6/13	2016/6/13
Signal Generator	gnal Generator E4422B MY41000355		2014/10/27	2015/10/27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014/11/3	2015/11/3
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014/11/3	2015/11/3
Power Amplifier	nplifier 5205PE 1015		N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency Liquid Type	-	Liquid P	arameter	Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
	Туре	٤ _r	O' (S/m)	٤ _r	O (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔO (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Head	42.919	0.877	41.5	0.9	3.42	-2.56	±5
824.2	Body	55.149	0.963	55.2	0.97	-0.09	-0.72	±5
826.4	Head	42.9	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.37	-2.22	±5
820.4	Body	55.127	0.965	55.2	0.97	-0.13	-0.52	±5
926.6	Head	42.886	0.893	41.5	0.9	3.34	-0.78	±5
836.6	Body	55.115	0.976	55.2	0.97	-0.15	0.62	±5
846.6	Head	42.811	0.895	41.5	0.9	3.16	-0.56	±5
840.0	Body	55.03	0.985	55.2	0.97	-0.31	1.55	±5
010 0	Head	42.727	0.896	41.5	0.9	2.96	-0.44	±5
848.8	Body	55.009	0.988	55.2	0.97	-0.35	1.86	±5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-09-21.

Frequency	Liquit		uid Parameter Target Value				Tolerance	
1 roquency	Туре	ε _r	O' (S/m)	٤ _r	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{\rm r}$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Head	39.842	1.36	40	1.4	-0.4	-2.86	±5
1830.2	Body	55.292	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.74	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Head	39.871	1.354	40	1.4	-0.32	-3.29	±5
1832.4	Body	55.226	1.477	53.3	1.52	3.61	-2.83	±5
1880	Head	39.739	1.384	40	1.4	-0.65	-1.14	±5
1880	Body	53.731	1.542	53.3	1.52	0.81	1.45	±5
1907.6	Head	39.58	1.414	40	1.4	-1.05	1	±5
1907.0	Body	53.604	1.492	53.3	1.52	0.57	-1.84	±5
1909.8	Head	39.585	1.415	40	1.4	-1.04	1.07	±5
1909.8	Body	53.4	1.492	53.3	1.52	0.19	-1.84	±5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2015-09-22.

SAR Evaluation Report

Please refer to the following tables.

	835 MHz Head	l		835 MHz Body	
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.8802	19.1509	824	55.131	21.0419
824.5	42.9777	19.1116	824.5	55.1751	20.9434
825	42.9629	19.1562	825	55.1439	21.0276
825.5	42.9351	19.1931	825.5	55.2133	20.9524
826	42.9295	19.1254	826	55.0965	21.019
826.5	42.8926	19.1535	826.5	55.1352	21.0064
827	42.895	19.1526	827	55.0209	21.0127
827.5	42.8877	19.1574	827.5	55.1458	20.9804
828	42.9589	19.2326	828	55.1314	20.9912
828.5	42.9383	19.1955	828.5	55.2083	21.0204
829	42.9355	19.2547	829	55.1112	20.9378
829.5	42.9036	19.1671	829.5	55.096	20.9258
830	43.0033	19.2002	830	55.1069	20.9301
830.5	42.941	19.2094	830.5	55.1083	20.9658
831	42.9434	19.1675	831	55.0999	20.969
831.5	42.8832	19.1664	831.5	55.13	20.9621
832	42.9589	19.2053	832	55.1836	20.9511
832.5	42.9548	19.2588	832.5	55.0859	20.921
833	42.9871	19.2016	833	55.12	20.9173
833.5	42.9344	19.2284	833.5	55.1513	20.9554
834	42.8938	19.2235	834	55.1422	21.0501
834.5	42.9013	19.1909	834.5	55.1128	20.9246
835	42.9644	19.2305	835	55.0928	20.9459
835.5	42.9581	19.1784	835.5	55.0647	21.0186
836	42.9509	19.1812	836	55.0969	20.992
836.5	42.892	19.186	836.5	55.1168	20.9708
837	42.8595	19.2006	837	55.1095	20.9934
837.5	42.8979	19.1722	837.5	55.0147	20.9169
838	42.8898	19.2365	838	55.1036	20.9817
838.5	42.9143	19.2011	838.5	55.142	21.0249
839	42.9043	19.1805	839	55.0951	20.9664
839.5	42.9137	19.126	839.5	55.0733	20.9949
840	42.9429	19.1123	840	55.0443	21.0048
840.5	42.8713	19.0742	840.5	55.1571	20.953
841	42.9233	19.183	841	55.0373	21.0161
841.5	42.8657	19.1424	841.5	55.0117	20.9551
842	42.8642	19.0923	842	55.0958	20.9822
842.5	42.8349	19.1548	842.5	55.0026	20.9503
843	42.8348	19.0742	843	55.0663	20.966
843.5	42.8119	19.0645	843.5	55.0099	20.9236
844	42.7836	19.093	844	55.0703	20.9193
844.5	42.8343	18.9977	844.5	55.0645	21.0326
845	42.7851	19.0554	845	55.0994	20.9419
845.5	42.8044	19.093	845.5	55.0024	20.9138
846	42.8642	19.0001	846	55.0296	20.9814
846.5	42.8294	18.987	846.5	55.0313	20.9169
847	42.7389	19.0847	847	55.0246	20.9712
847.5	42.7537	18.9684	847.5	55.0647	20.9625
848	42.8071	19.0144	848	55.0309	20.9906
848.5	42.7348	19.0098	848.5	54.9884	20.9331
849	42.7224	18.9531	849	55.0224	20.9371

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

1	900 MHz Head	I	1	1900 MHz Body	,
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850	39.8288	13.2217	1850	55.2751	14.3962
1851	39.8931	13.1994	1851	55.3613	14.3628
1852	39.8797	13.1386	1852	55.2578	14.3624
1853	39.8572	13.161	1853	55.1787	14.2966
1854	39.8891	13.1449	1854	55.0399	14.1966
1855	39.8661	13.1778	1855	55.0422	14.2718
1856	39.8521	13.1711	1856	54.9326	14.2787
1857	39.8897	13.2084	1857	54.7685	14.1936
1858	39.8602	13.1787	1858	54.6163	14.1407
1859	39.7967	13.1978	1859	54.5778	14.0555
1860	39.826	13.2097	1860	54.4355	14.174
1861	39.871	13.2313	1861	54.4961	14.1127
1862	39.8704	13.2101	1862	54.33	14.0862
1863	39.8304	13.1704	1863	54.1736	14.1154
1864	39.8023	13.1677	1864	54.1405	14.1654
1865	39.8331	13.2319	1865	54.0939	14.1342
1866	39.8036	13.2085	1866	53.9852	14.1536
1867	39.7875	13.2249	1867	53.912	14.1692
1868	39.7965	13.2437	1868	53.8597	14.249
1869	39.874	13.2999	1869	53.7339	14.1873
1870	39.8409	13.249	1870	53.665	14.2971
1871	39.8469	13.1904	1871	53.612	14.2833
1872	39.7781	13.198	1872	53.6757	14.3536
1873	39.8059	13.1757	1873	53.6839	14.4522
1874	39.7024	13.2596	1874	53.6084	14.4215
1875	39.7761	13.1942	1875	53.6321	14.4796
1876	39.7675	13.2473	1876	53.6185	14.5552
1877	39.8212	13.2241	1877	53.6675	14.651
1878	39.7529	13.2072	1878	53.6348	14.6897
1879	39.7195	13.234	1879	53.6766	14.638
1880	39.7388	13.2441	1880	53.7309	14.7518
1881	39.7162	13.2145	1881	53.7292	14.7623
1882	39.7575	13.2513	1882	53.7614	14.812
1883	39.7337	13.278	1883	53.8125	14.7819
1884	39.747	13.2602	1884	53.8823	14.8166
1885	39.7002	13.2896	1885	53.9346	14.8121
1886	39.7038	13.3183	1886	54.1201	14.7683
1887	39.6438	13.2599	1887	54.1666	14.7581
1888	39.6568	13.2637	1888	54.2339	14.8056
1889	39.7063	13.3267	1889	54.2411	14.7044
1890	39.6735	13.2916	1890	54.2951	14.7423
1891	39.7105	13.303	1891	54.3085	14.7363
1892	39.7103	13.306	1892	54.3915	14.7025
1893	39.6555	13.325	1893	54.3638	14.6805
1894	39.6759	13.2929	1894	54.3177	14.645
1895	39.6146	13.2749	1895	54.3114	14.5906
1896	39.6914	13.3119	1896	54.4313	14.5211
1897	39.6708	13.2817	1897	54.4061	14.4594
1898	39.6582	13.3262	1898	54.4406	14.4374
1899	39.6276	13.2731	1899	54.2535	14.3985
1900	39.6674	13.3249	1900	54.207	14.3549

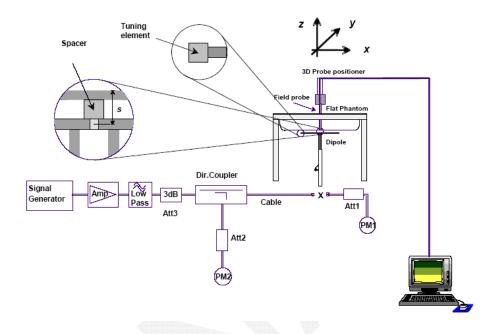
Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

	1900 MHz Head	1	1900 MHz Body			
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	
1901	39.6611	13.307	1901	54.1552	14.2594	
1902	39.6228	13.3617	1902	54.0584	14.2343	
1903	39.6369	13.264	1903	53.9568	14.2031	
1904	39.6567	13.3623	1904	53.8816	14.1009	
1905	39.6639	13.3445	1905	53.7928	14.1233	
1906	39.5734	13.3504	1906	53.7285	14.1088	
1907	39.5621	13.3356	1907	53.6394	14.0957	
1908	39.5916	13.3311	1908	53.5809	14.054	
1909	39.5742	13.3539	1909	53.433	14.0246	
1910	39.5876	13.3219	1910	53.3917	14.062	

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)				Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-09-21	835	Head	1g	9.24	9.43	-2.01	±10		
2013-09-21	833	Body	1g	9.29	9.55	-2.72	±10		
2015-09-22	1900	Head	1g	40.8	40.7	0.25	±10		
2013-09-22	1900	Body	1g	40.5	40.8	-0.74	±10		

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835 MHz Head

DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.893$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.963$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

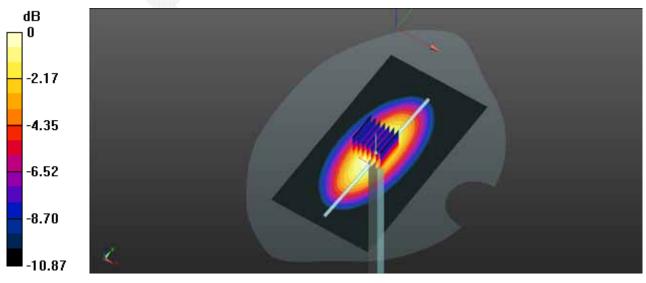
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835 MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.1 W/kg

System Performance 835 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 107.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 W/kg



0 dB = 11.3 W/kg = 10.53 dBW/kg

SAR Evaluation Report

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835 MHz Body

DUT: D835V1; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 453

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.973$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.114$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835 MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.77 W/kg

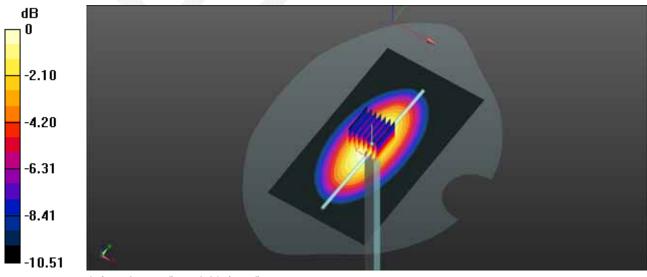
System Performance 835 MHz Body /**Zoom Scan (7x7x7)**/**Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 108.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.77 W/kg



0 dB = 9.77 W/kg = 9.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.408 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.686; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.2 W/kg

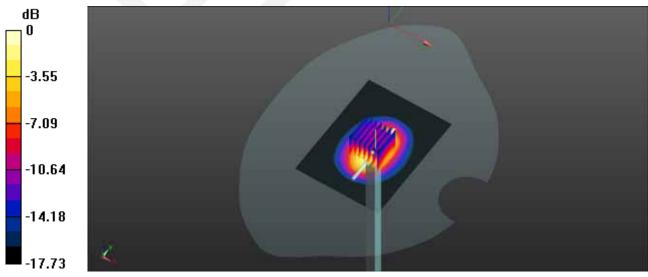
System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.517 S/m; ϵ_r = 54.197; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 49.1 W/kg

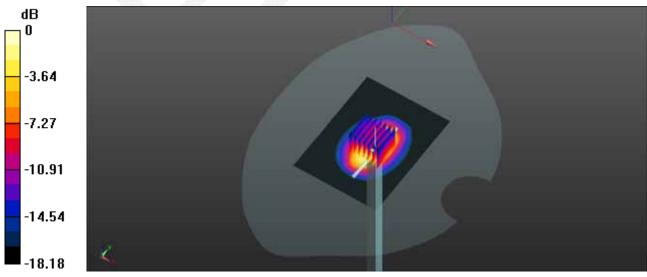
System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 172.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 40.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 45.8 W/kg



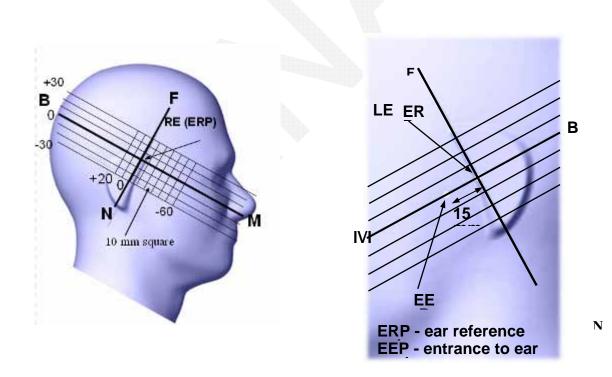
0 dB = 45.8 W/kg = 16.61 dBW/kg

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

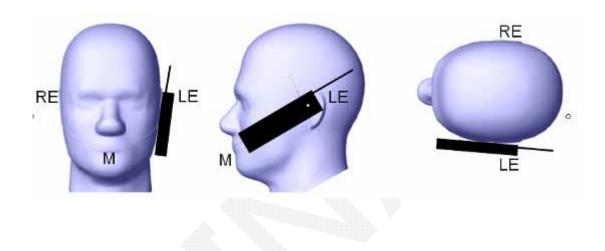
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

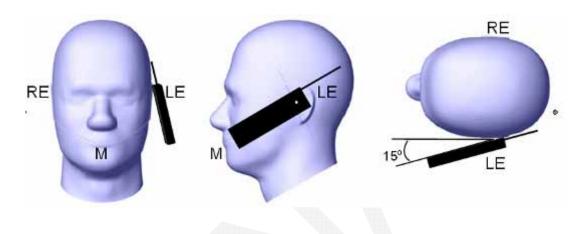
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

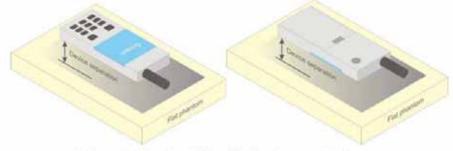
Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.





SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

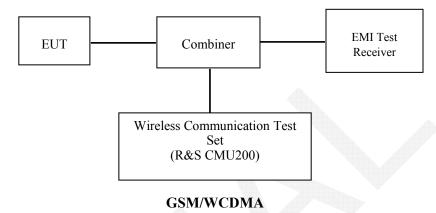
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except the HSPA+/DC-HSDPA configured by E5515C.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support $> \breve{GSM} + only$ MS Signal > 33 dBm for GSM 850 > 30 dBm for PCS 1900 BS Signal:Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCHBCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel >choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off PO > 4 dBTCH > choose desired test channel Hopping >Off AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection:Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal:Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting

- > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
- > 33 dBm for GPRS 850
- > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz Mode >BCCH and TCH BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off P0 > 4 dB Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping >Off Main Timeslot >3 Network:Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	c / βd	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	
	Subset	1	2	3	4	
	Loopback Mode					
	Rel99 RMC		-	12.2kbps RM	1C	
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2	
WCDMA General	с	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
Settings	d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
Settings	d (SF)	64				
	c/ d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
	hs	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5	
	DACK			8		
	DNAK			8		
HSDPA	DCQI			8		
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor			3		
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms		
				2		
	CQI Repetition Factor					
	Ahs= hs/ c			30/15		

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode 1	•	•			
	Rel99 RMC	Rel99 RMC 12.2kbps RMC							
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback							
WCDM	Power Control			Algorithm2					
WCDM	Algorithm			e					
A General	с	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15			
Settings	d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
Settings	ec	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	c/ d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	hs	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
	DNAK			8					
	DCQI			8					
HSDPA	Ack-Nack repetition			3					
Specific	factor								
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms							
	CQI Repetition	2							
	Factor	Ţ.							
	Ahs= hs/ c	30/15							
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max UL	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
	Data Rate kbps	272.1	174.7	402.0	205.0	500.7			
		E-TFC	111 E	E-TFCI	E-TFC	CI 11 E			
		E-TFC		11		TI PO 4			
HSUPA		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 67			
Specific		E-TFCI	I PO 18	PO4	E-TFC	I PO 18			
Settings		E-TF		E-TFCI		CI 71			
	Reference E_FCls	E-TFC		92		I PO23			
		E-TF		E-TFCI	E-TF	CI 75			
		E-TFC		PO 18	E-TFC	I PO26			
		E-TF				CI 81			
		E-TFCI	PO 27		E-TFC	I PO 27			

HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	βd	β _{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 1 Note 2 Note 3 Note 4 Note 5	: CM = : DPD : β _{ed} c : All th DPD	= 3.5 a CH is an not e sub CH ca	and the MF not config t be set dir tests requ tegory 7.	PR is bas ured, the ectly; it is uire the U E-DCH T	with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15$ ed on the relative refore the β_c is so set by Absolute E to transmit 2SI TI is set to 2ms ⁻¹ allocated. The UI	e CM difference, et to 1 and β _d = Grant Value. F2+2SF4 16QAI TTI and E-DCH t	0 by defau M EDCH a table index	lt. nd they a : = 2. To s	pply for l support th	nese E-D(

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

	Parameter	Unit	Value		
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60		
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTľs	1		
Number (of HARQ Processes	Proces	6		
		ses	0		
Information	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120		
Number (Code Blocks	Blocks	1		
Binary Cl	nannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960		
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200		
Number of	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200		
Coding R	late		0.15		
Number (of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1		
Modulatio			QPSK		
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA		
	mode and both cells shall transmit with identical				
parameters as listed in the table.					
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.					
	retransmission is not allowed. The		cy and		
	constellation version 0 shall be use	ed.			

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Maximum Target Output Power

	Max Target Power(dBm)					
		Channel				
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High			
GSM 850	33.3	33.3	33.3			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32.8	32.8	32.8			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.1	31.1	31.1			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29.9	29.9	29.9			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	29.4	29.4	29.4			
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.3	26.3	26.3			
EDGE 2 TX Slot	24.9	24.9	24.9			
EDGE 3 TX Slot	22.8	22.8	22.8			
EDGE 4 TX Slot	21.3	21.3	21.3			
PCS 1900	28.4	28.4	28.4			
GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.2	28.2	28.2			
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27.3	27.3	27.3			
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.2	26.2	26.2			
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.2	24.2	24.2			
EDGE 1 TX Slot	25	25	25			
EDGE 2 TX Slot	23.7	23.7	23.7			
EDGE 3 TX Slot	22.3	22.3	22.3			
EDGE 4 TX Slot	20.7	20.7	20.7			
WCDMA850	22.4	22.4	22.4			
HSDPA	21.7	21.7	21.7			
HSUPA	21.6	21.6	21.6			
DC-HSDPA	21	21	21			
HSPA+	21	21	21			
WCDMA1900	22.9	22.9	22.9			
HSDPA	22.2	22.2	22.2			
HSUPA	22.3	22.3	22.3			
DC-HSDPA	21.7	21.7	21.7			
HSPA+	21.7	21.7	21.7			
WLAN	9.3	9.3	9.3			
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	5.7	5.7	5.7			
Bluetooth LE	-2.1	-2.1	-2.1			

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	33.15
GSM 850	190	836.6	32.92
	251	848.8	33.16
	512	1850.2	27.95
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.25
	810	1909.8	28.31

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.67	30.99	29.81	28.77
	190	836.6	32.52	30.94	29.73	28.88
	251	848.8	32.68	31.01	29.82	29.27
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	27.83	26.85	25.63	23.7
	661	1880	28.14	27.15	26.06	23.86
	810	1909.8	28.09	27.12	25.79	24.13

EGPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
GSM 850	128	824.2	26.2	24.65	22.52	21.24	
	190	836.6	26.09	24.58	22.66	21.04	
	251	848.8	26.12	24.84	22.6	21.11	
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	24.87	23.44	22.23	20.55	
	661	1880	24.91	23.56	22.04	20.42	
	810	1909.8	24.89	23.54	22.14	20.6	

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Band Channe No.	Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)						
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots			
	128	824.2	23.67	24.99	25.56	25.77			
GSM 850	190	836.6	23.52	24.94	25.48	25.88			
	251	848.8	23.68	25.01	25.57	26.27			
	512	1850.2	18.83	20.85	21.38	20.7			
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.14	21.15	21.81	20.86			
	810	1909.8	19.09	21.12	21.54	21.13			

The time based average power for GPRS

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)						
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots			
	128	824.2	17.2	18.65	18.27	18.24			
GSM 850	190	836.6	17.09	18.58	18.41	18.04			
	251	848.8	17.12	18.84	18.35	18.11			
	512	1850.2	15.87	17.44	17.98	17.55			
PCS 1900	661	1880	15.91	17.56	17.79	17.42			
	810	1909.8	15.89	17.54	17.89	17.6			

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.

2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).

3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

4. According to KDB941225D06-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode

WCDMA: Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)		
	4132	826.4	22.27		
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.67		
	4233	846.6	22.16		
	9262	1852.4	22.36		
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	22.67		
	9538	1907.6	22.81		

Results (HSDPA)

Dand	Channel Ne	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
	4132	826.4	21.36	21.57	21.24	21.47		
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	20.66	20.79	20.49	20.46		
830	4233	846.6	21.3	21.36	21.45	21.33		
	9262	1852.4	21.56	21.5	21.58	21.56		
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	21.87	22	22	22.02		
1900	9538	1907.6	21.99	22.03	22.07	22.11		

Results (HSUPA)

	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)							
Band	No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5			
	4132	826.4	21.3	21.53	21.27	21.33	21.32			
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	20.62	20.43	20.55	20.55	20.78			
	4233	846.6	21.24	21.32	21.36	21.18	21.39			
	9262	1852.4	21.62	21.67	21.66	21.53	21.51			
WCDMA1900	9400	1880	21.95	21.86	21.87	21.93	21.98			
	9538	1907.6	22.02	22.13	22.07	22.15	22.15			

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Band		Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)					
	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
WCDMA	4132	826.4	20.82	20.79	20.77	20.78		
WCDMA	4183	836.6	20.14	20.18	20.2	20.22		
850	4233	846.6	20.7	20.83	20.9	20.84		
WCDMA	9262	1852.4	21.05	21.09	21.02	21.1		
	9400	1880	21.41	21.31	21.4	21.48		
1900	9538	1907.6	21.53	21.51	21.47	21.56		

Results (DC-HSDPA):

Results (HSPA+)

Band			RF Output Power (dBm)
	4132	826.4	20.78
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	20.24
	4233	846.6	20.87
	9262	1852.4	21
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	21.41
	9538	1907.6	21.58

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1. 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	5.09
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	5.44
	78	2480	5.56
	0	2402	4.46
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	4.84
	78	2480	4.84
	0	2402	5.32
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	5.21
	78	2480	5.32
	0	2402	-2.38
Bluetooth LE	19	2440	-2.15
	39	2480	-2.15

WLAN

Mode	Channel	Channel frequency	RF Output Power
	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	1	2412	9.15
802.11b	6	2437	8.79
	11	2462	9.08
	1	2412	9.04
802.11g	6	2437	8.60
	11	2462	8.99
000 11	1	2412	8.90
802.11n HT20	6	2437	8.48
11120	11	2462	8.90
202 11	3	2422	9.00
802.11n HT40	6	2437	8.78
11140	9	2452	9.23

Note:

The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.5-23	22-23.5
Relative Humidity:	32-33 %	30 %
ATM Pressure:	1003 mbar	1007 mbar
Test Date:	2015-09-15	2015-09-17

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao

GSM 850:

ELT	F	Test	Power	Max.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.05	32.92	33.3	1.091	0.142	0.155	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.14	32.92	33.3	1.091	0.099	0.108	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	0.17	33.15	33.3	1.035	0.177	0.183	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.18	32.92	33.3	1.091	0.167	0.182	/
	848.8	GSM	0.11	33.16	33.3	1.033	0.183	0.189	1#
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	1	1	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	-0.09	32.92	33.3	1.091	0.113	0.123	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/		/	1	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	1		/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	836.6	GSM	0.09	32.92	33.3	1.091	0.704	0.768	/
(101111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	0.17	28.77	29.4	1.156	0.836	0.966	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.19	28.88	29.4	1.127	0.868	0.978	/
(101111)	848.8	GPRS	-0.20	29.27	29.4	1.03	0.97	0.999	2#
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.07	28.88	29.4	1.127	0.255	0.287	/
(101111)	848.8	GPRS		/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.19	28.88	29.4	1.127	0.206	0.232	/
(101111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.18	28.88	29.4	1.127	0.392	0.485	/
(101111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

PCS Band:

EUT	F	Test	Power	Max.	Max.	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	-0.1	28.25	28.4	1.035	0.296	0.306	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	0.19	28.25	28.4	1.035	0.196	0.203	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	0.18	27.95	28.4	1.109	0.316	0.35	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.01	28.25	28.4	1.035	0.338	0.35	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.18	28.31	28.4	1.021	0.354	0.361	3#
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	1	1	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-0.06	28.25	28.4	1.035	0.214	0.221	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/		/	1	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	1		/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1880	GSM	0.14	28.25	28.4	1.035	0.629	0.651	/
(101111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.15	25.63	26.2	1.14	0.67	0.764	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	-0.16	26.06	26.2	1.033	0.761	0.786	4#
(101111)	1909.8	GPRS	0.02	25.79	26.2	1.099	0.696	0.765	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	0.09	26.06	26.2	1.033	0.112	0.116	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS		/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	0.14	26.06	26.2	1.033	0.0431	0.045	/
(101111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	-0.13	26.06	26.2	1.033	0.363	0.355	/
(101111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	-	1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	-0.14	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.161	0.166	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	-0.18	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.099	0.102	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.03	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.201	0.207	5#
Right Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	0.16	21.67	22.4	1.183	0.173	0.205	/
	846.6	RMC	0.03	22.16	22.4	1.057	0.193	0.204	/
	826.4	RMC	0	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.112	0.115	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	/	1	/	/	1	/	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/		/	1	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.02	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.562	0.579	6#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.11	21.67	22.4	1.183	0.469	0.555	/
(Tomm)	846.6	RMC	0.12	22.16	22.4	1.057	0.542	0.573	/
	826.4	RMC	-0.19	22.27	22.4	1.127	0.192	0.216	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(Tomm)	846.6	RMC	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.19	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.085	0.088	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC		/	/	/	/	/	/
(Tomm)	846.6	RMC		/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	-0.01	22.27	22.4	1.030	0.279	0.287	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
(101111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.

3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model. 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

WCDMA 1900 Band:

EUT	Engagonar	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1907.6	RMC	-0.09	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.33	0.337	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/		/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	RMC	/	/	/		/	/	/
	1907.6	RMC	-0.19	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.213	0.217	/
	1852.4	RMC	0.05	22.36	22.9	1.132	0.365	0.413	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	RMC	0.09	22.67	22.9	1.054	0.389	0.410	/
	1907.6	RMC	-0.09	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.411	0.420	7#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/		1	1	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	RMC	/	1	/		1	/	/
	1907.6	RMC	0.16	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.248	0.253	/
	1852.4	RMC	0.06	22.36	22.9	1.132	0.498	0.564	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	0.03	22.67	22.9	1.054	0.541	0.570	/
(Tomm)	1907.6	RMC	-0.02	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.565	0.577	8#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	1		/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	/	/	1		/	/	/
(Tomm)	1907.6	RMC	0.15	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.112	0.114	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	1	/		/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880	RMC		/	/		/	/	/
(Tomm)	1907.6	RMC	0.03	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.0431	0.044	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/		/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880	RMC	/	/	/		/	/	/
(101111)	1907.6	RMC	0.2	22.81	22.9	1.021	0.282	0.288	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.

3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a

communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model. 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¹/₄ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION



BT&WLAN and GSM&WCDMA Antennas Location:

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simult	aneous Transmit Capa	abilities	Antonnos Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	\checkmark	×	82
GSM + WLAN	\checkmark		82
WCDMA + Bluetooth	\checkmark	×	82
WCDMA + WLAN			82

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2462	9.3	8.51	0	2.67	3	YES
Bluetooth	2480	5.7	3.72	0	1.17	3	YES

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2462	9.3	8.51	0	0.356
WLAN Body	2462	9.3	8.51	10	0.178
BT Head	2480	5.7	3.72	0	0.156
BT Body	2480	5.7	3.72	10	0.078

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$]

W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S		ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
	Left Head Cheek	0.155	0.156	0.311
	Left Head Tilt	0.108	0.156	0.264
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.189	0.156	0.345
	Right Head Tilt	0.123	0.156	0.279
	Body-Back-Headset	0.768	0.078	0.846
	Body-Back	0.999	0.078	1.077
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth	Body-Right	0.287	0.078	0.365
OFKS 850 + Diuetooui	Body-Left	0.232	0.078	0.31
	Body-Bottom	0.485	0.078	0.563
	Left Head Cheek	0.306	0.156	0.462
	Left Head Tilt	0.203	0.156	0.359
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.361	0.156	0.517
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Right Head Tilt	0.221	0.156	0.377
	Body-Back-Headset	0.651	0.078	0.729
	Body-Back	0.355	0.078	0.433
CDDC 1000 + Divete eth	Body-Right	0.116	0.078	0.194
GPRS 1900 + Bluetooth	Body-Left	0.045	0.078	0.123
	Body-Bottom	0.786	0.078	0.864
	Left Head Cheek	0.166	0.156	0.322
	Left Head Tilt	0.102	0.156	0.258
	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.156	0.363
	Right Head Tilt	0.115	0.156	0.271
WCDMA 850+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.579	0.078	0.657
	Body-Right	0.216	0.078	0.294
	Body-Left	0.088	0.078	0.166
	Body-Bottom	0.287	0.078	0.365
	Left Head Cheek	0.337	0.156	0.493
	Left Head Tilt	0.217	0.156	0.373
	Right Head Cheek	0.42	0.156	0.576
WCDMA 1000 Dlasta - 41	Right Head Tilt	0.253	0.156	0.409
WCDMA 1900+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.288	0.078	0.366
	Body-Right	0.114	0.078	0.192
	Body-Left	0.044	0.078	0.122
	Body-Bottom	0.577	0.078	0.655

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	SAR(W/kg)	Σ SAR <
		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.155	0.356	0.511
	Left Head Tilt	0.108	0.356	0.464
	Right Head Cheek	0.189	0.356	0.545
GSM 850+ WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.123	0.356	0.479
	Body-Back-Headset	0.768	0.178	0.946
	Body-Right	0.287	0.178	0.465
	Body-Bottom	0.485	0.178	0.663
GPRS 850 + WLAN	Body-Back	0.999	0.178	1.177
(Hotspot)	Body-Left	0.232	0.178	0.41
	Left Head Cheek	0.306	0.356	0.662
	Left Head Tilt	0.203	0.356	0.559
	Right Head Cheek	0.361	0.356	0.717
PCS1900 + WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.221	0.356	0.577
	Body-Back-Headset	0.651	0.178	0.829
	Body-Right	0.116	0.178	0.294
	Body-Bottom	0.786	0.178	0.964
GPRS 1900 + WLAN	Body-Back	0.355	0.178	0.533
(Hotspot)	Body-Left	0.045	0.178	0.223
	Left Head Cheek	0.166	0.356	0.522
	Left Head Tilt	0.102	0.356	0.458
WODMA 050 WILAN	Right Head Cheek	0.207	0.356	0.563
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.115	0.356	0.471
	Body-Right	0.216	0.178	0.394
	Body-Bottom	0.287	0.178	0.465
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Body-Back	0.579	0.178	0.757
(Hotspot)	Body-Left	0.088	0.178	0.266
	Left Head Cheek	0.337	0.356	0.693
	Left Head Tilt	0.217	0.356	0.573
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.42	0.356	0.776
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Right Head Tilt	0.253	0.356	0.609
	Body-Right	0.114	0.178	0.292
	Body-Bottom	0.577	0.178	0.755
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Body-Back	0.288	0.178	0.466
(Hotspot)	Body-Left	0.044	0.178	0.222

Note:

Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:

SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#: GSM 850 Left Cheek High Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

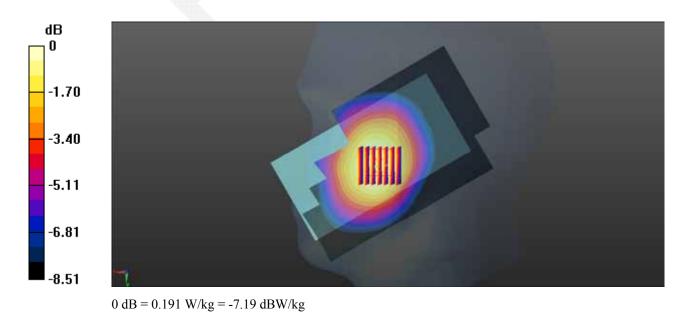
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency:848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.896$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.727$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.194 W/kg

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.410 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.232 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg



Test Plot 2#: GSM 850 Body-Back High Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

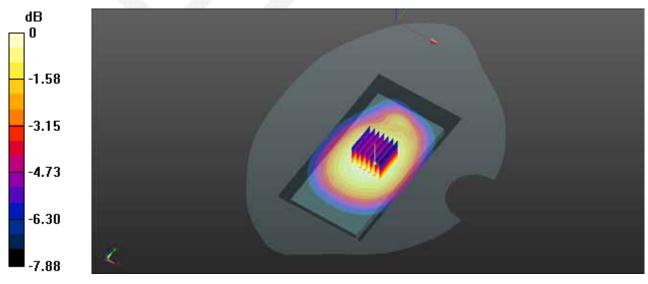
Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 SLOTS; Frequency:848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.009$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.970 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.748 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

Test Plot 3#: PCS 1900 Right Cheek High Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

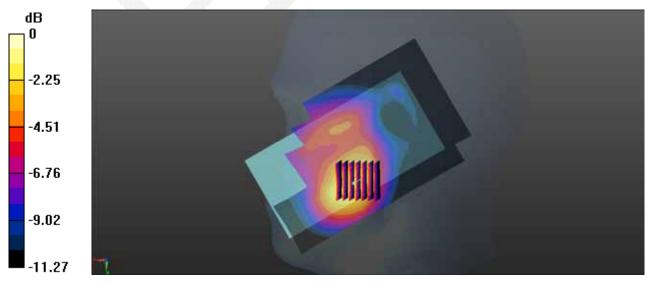
Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.415$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.585$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS 1900 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.387 W/kg

Head/PCS 1900 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.202 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.582 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.354 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg



0 dB = 0.387 W/kg = -4.12 dBW/kg

Test Plot 4#: PCS1900 Bottom Middle Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

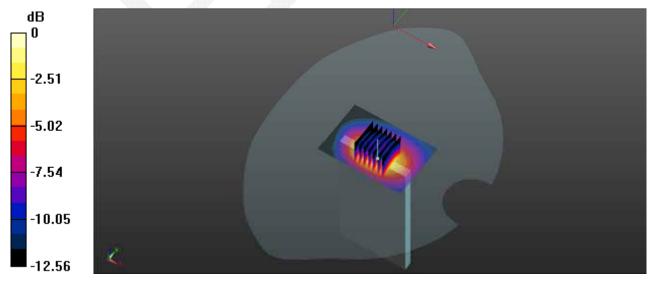
Communication System: Generic GPRS-3 SLOTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.67 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.542$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.731$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS1900 Bottom/Area Scan (61x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.807 W/kg

Body/PCS1900 Bottom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 19.01 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.761 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.856 W/kg



0 dB = 0.856 W/kg = -0.68 dBW/kg

Test Plot 5#: WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Low Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

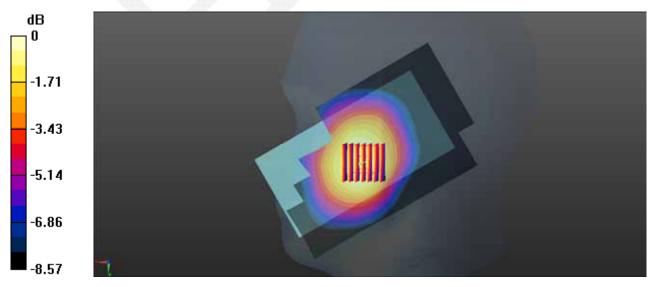
Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.215 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 4.599 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.257 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.201 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.210 W/kg



0 dB = 0.210 W/kg = -6.78 dBW/kg

Test Plot 6#: WCDMA 850 Back Low Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.965$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.127$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.585 W/kg

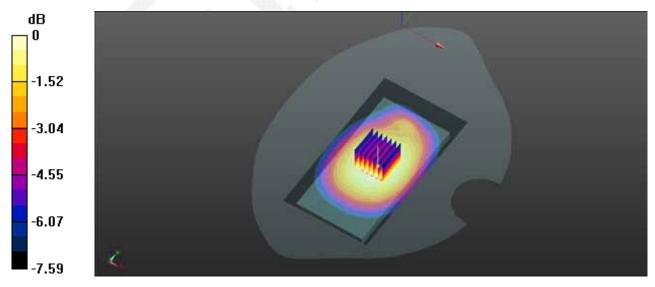
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.562 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.434 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



0 dB = 0.586 W/kg = -2.32 dBW/kg

Test Plot 7#: WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek High Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

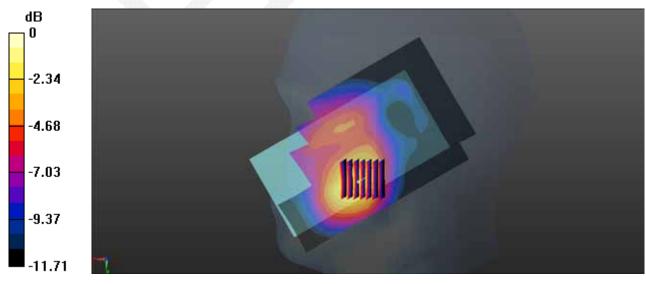
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.414$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.58$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.434 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.872 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.672 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.411 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.243 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 W/kg



0 dB = 0.452 W/kg = -3.45 dBW/kg

Test Plot 8#: WCDMA 1900 Bottom High Channel

DUT: Nitro X5; Type: Nitro X5

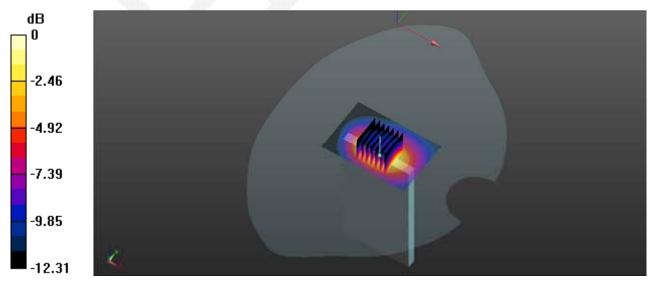
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; $\sigma = 1.492$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Bottom/Area Scan (61x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.586 W/kg

Body/WCDMA 1900 Bottom/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.979 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.565 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 W/kg



0 dB = 0.636 W/kg = -1.97 dBW/kg

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	it system				
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up	÷	-		
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

				1	1					
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)			
Measurement system										
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6			
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7			
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0			
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7			
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3			
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0			
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6			
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5			
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9			
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2			
		Test sample	e related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3			
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8			
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6			
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9			
		Phantom an	d set-up	-	-					
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3			
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9			
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1			
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2			
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7			
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0			
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1			
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2			

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG teughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zur Accredited by the Swiss Accredit The Swiss Accreditation Servi Multilateral Agreement for the	tation Service (SAS) ce is one of the signatories	to the EA	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdien Service suisse d'étalennage Servizie svizzere di taratura Swiss Calibration Service reditation No.: SCS 0108
Client BACL China (Vitec)	Certificate No:	EX3-7329_Feb15
CALIBRATION	CERTIFICATE		
Object	EX3DV4 - SN:732	29	
Calibration procedure(s)		A CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 dure for dosimetric E-field probes	
Calibration date:	February 5, 2015		
The measurements and the un	ments the baceability to natio certainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory	nal stendards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M	ments the traceability to natio certainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal stendards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards	ments the traceability to natio certainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal stendards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M	ments the traceability to natio certainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration)	nal standards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C (Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-D1911)	are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198	ments the traceability to natio certainties with confidence pr ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874	nal stendards, which realize the physical units obability are given on the following pages and y facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C a Cal Date (Certificate No.)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A	Ments the traceability to natio certainties with confidence pro- ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087	cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator	ATE critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator	Ments the baceability to natio certainties with confidence pro- ucted in the closed laboratory &TE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5277 (20x)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator	ATE critical for calibration) (D) (GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5277 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b)	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5027 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013, Dec14) 14-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660, Jan15)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 9 dB Attenuator Reference 9 DB Attenuator Reference Probe ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S50577 (20x) SN: S513 SN: 660 ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB Attenuator Reference Probe ES30V2 DAE4	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5027 (20x) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 660	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013, Dec14) 14-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660, Jan15)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB	ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01706 US37390585	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0191) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920) 30-Dec-14 (No. 217-01920)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 30 dB	ATE critical for calibration) ID GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5129 (30b) SN: 3013 SN: 660 ID US3642U01700	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-0193) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01930) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14) 14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-98 (in house check Apr-13)	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-15
The measurements and the unit All calibrations have been cond Calibration Equipment used (M Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E44198 Power sensor E44198 Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Reference Proce ES3DV2 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.) Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01913) 13-Obe-14 (No. 217-01913) 13-Obe-14 (No. 217-01913) 14-Apr-15 (No. DAE4-650, Jan 15) Check Date (in house) 4-Aug-98 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Apr-14) Function	are part of the certificate. and humidity < 70%: Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Dec-15 Jan-16 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-15

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

C

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization o	or rotation around probe axis
Polarization 8	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

- Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards: a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement
 - Techniques", June 2013
 IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y.z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f < 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NDRMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 2 of 11

February 5, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: Calibrated: December 11, 2014 February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 3 of 11

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ⁸	96.7	97.6	94.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
^I Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying extangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 4 of 11

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^o (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. ⁷ At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ⁶ Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 5 of 11

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

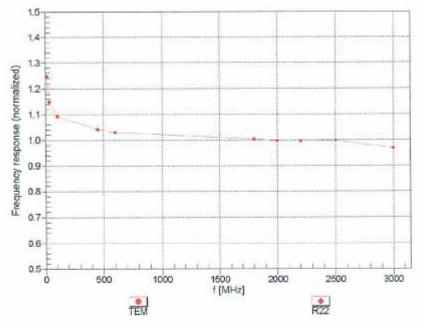
^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity walfdly can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
^a At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and o) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters.
^a Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 6 of 11

February 5, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

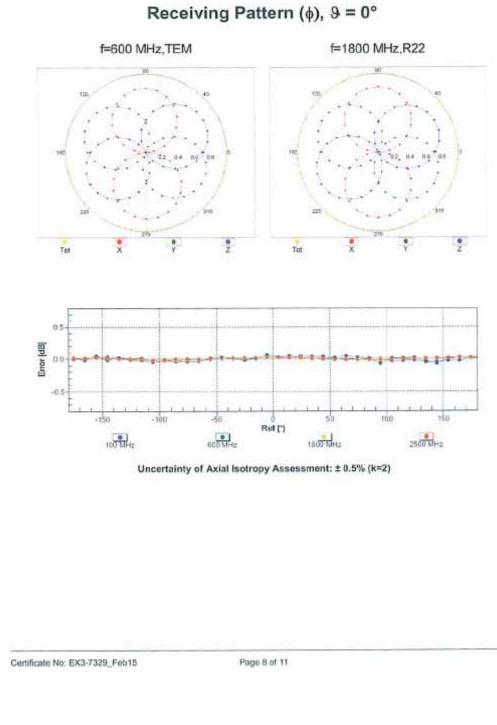


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 7 of 11

February 5, 2015

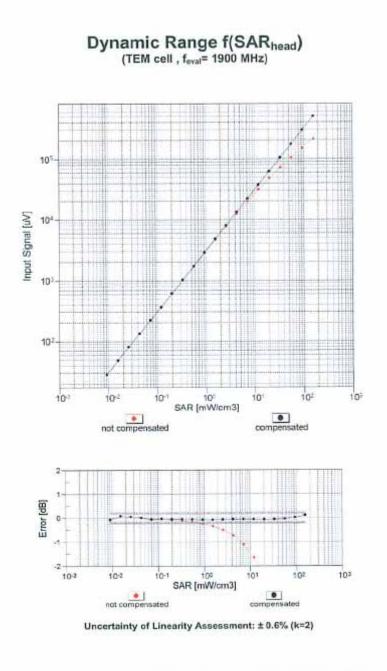


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Report No: RDG150915002-20

EX3DV4- SN:7329

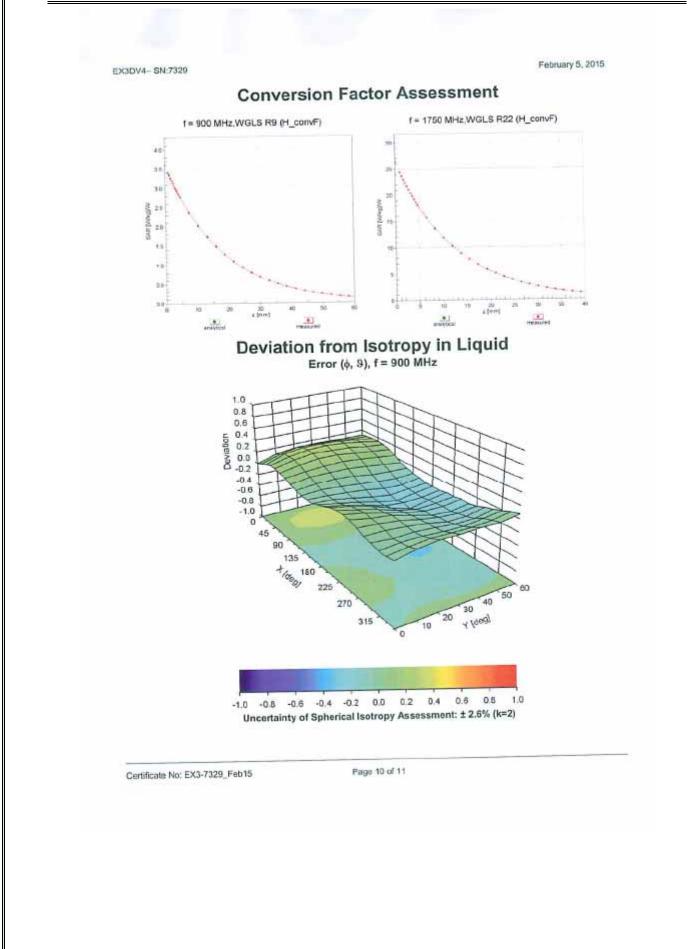
February 5, 2015



Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 9 of 11

Report No: RDG150915002-20



February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (*)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7329_Feb15

Page 11 of 11

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Calibration Laboratory of Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Schmid & Partner Service suisse d'étalonnage С AC-MR Engineering AG Servizio svizzero di taratura Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland S Swiss Calibration Service Accreditation No.: SCS 0108 Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Client BACL Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15 CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D835V2 - SN: 453 Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz Calibration date: August 17, 2015 This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)/C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID # Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) Oct-15 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020) Oct-15 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021) Oct-15 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131) Mar-16 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) Mar-16 Reference Probe ES3DV3 SN: 3205 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14) Dec-15 DAE4 SN: 654 08-Jul-15 (No. DAE4-654_Jul15) Jul-16 Secondary Standards ID # Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check RF generator R&S SMT-06 100005 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) In house check: Oct-16 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 S4206 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) In house check: Oct-15 Signature Name Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician 1 Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: August 18, 2015 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15 Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.43 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.55 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.27 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 3 of 8

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.7 Ω - 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8 Ω - 6.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 31, 2002

Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 17.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 453

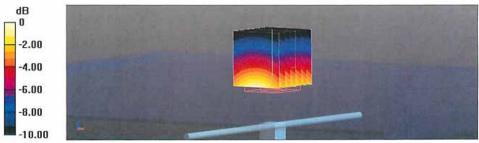
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 08.07.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 58.20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.65 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.41 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.84 W/kg

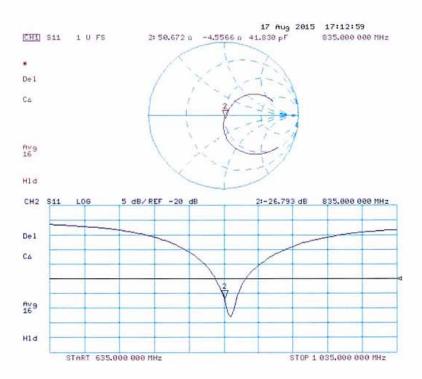


0 dB = 2.84 W/kg = 4.53 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 5 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 6 of 8

SAR Evaluation Report

Date: 17.08.2015

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 453

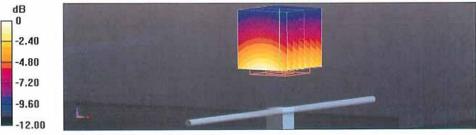
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- · Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 08.07.2015
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg

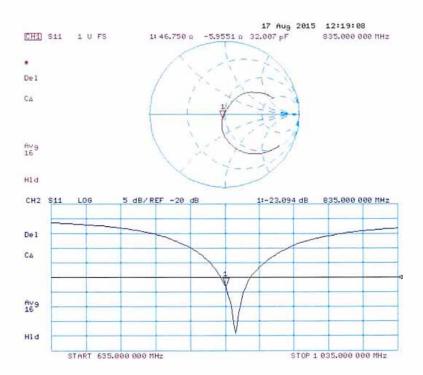


0 dB = 2.89 W/kg = 4.61 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 7 of 8

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-453_Aug15

Page 8 of 8

Calibration Laboratory Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, s Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is Multilateral Agreement for the reco			S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage
The Swiss Accreditation Service is		The Laboration and sesting	C Servizio svizzero di taratura S Swiss Calibration Service
	one of the signatorie		Accreditation No.: SCS 0108
Client BACL		Certificate	No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15
CALIBRATION CE	RTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN:5	d206	
	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits a	bove 700 MHz
Calibration date:	July 14, 2015		
All calibrations have been conducted		ry facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3	3)°C and humidity < 70%.
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
, perturbing of combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3205	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134) 30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Mar-16 Dec-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3		18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 601		
Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4			
Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06		Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206 Name	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14) Function	In house check: Oct-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator R&S SMT-06 Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ID # 100005 US37390585 S4206	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-16 In house check: Oct-15

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura S swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
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Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

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 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
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 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- · SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

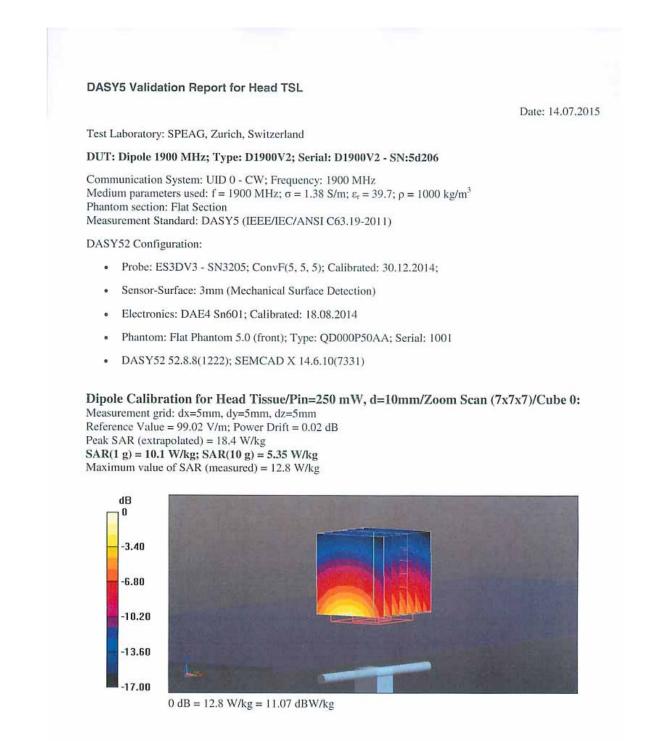
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.7 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.51 W/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 3 of 8



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 5 of 8

CH2 511

Del Ca

Av9

HId

LOG

START 1 700.000 000 MHz

 Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

 Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

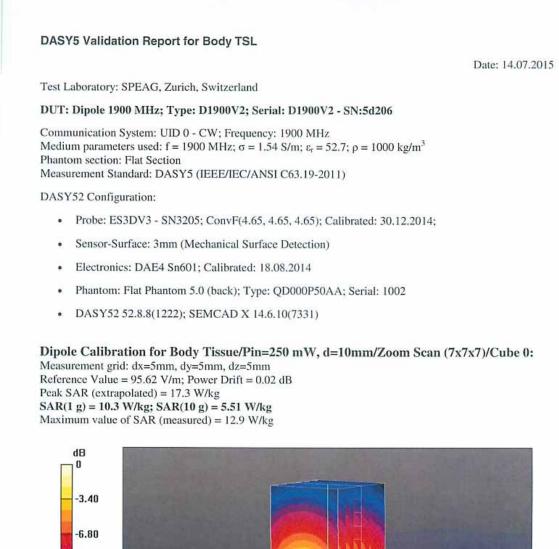
5 dB/REF -20 dB

1:-23.343 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 6 of 8



-10.20 -13.60 -17.00

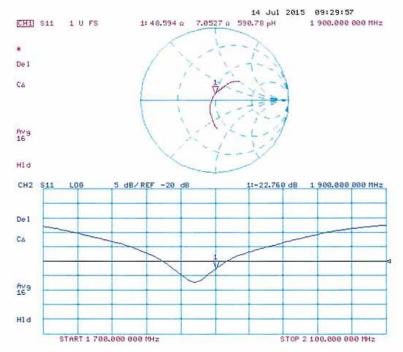
0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 7 of 8



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d206_Jul15

Page 8 of 8

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth \geq 15cm



Body-worn Back Setup Photo



SAR Evaluation Report

Body-worn Left Setup Photo



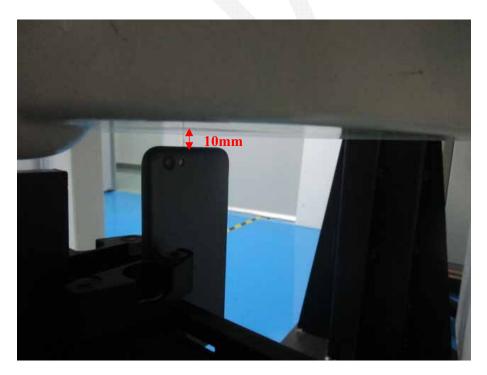
Body-worn Right Setup Photo



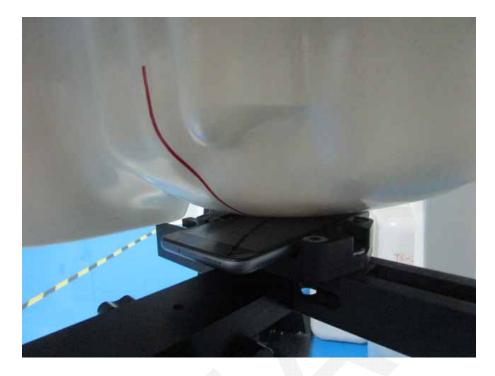
Body-worn Headset Setup Photo



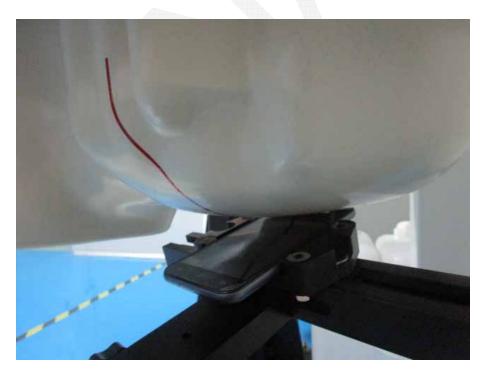
Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo



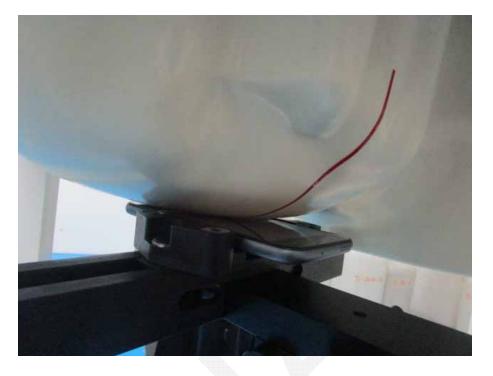
Left Head Touch Setup Photo



Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

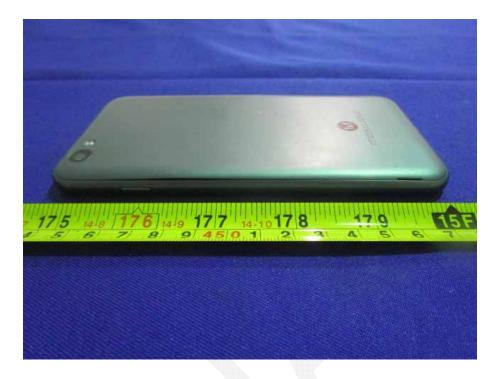
EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT – Side View-1



EUT – Side View-2



EUT – Side View-3



EUT – Side View-4



EUT – Cover off View



***** END OF REPORT *****