



# SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

# MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED.

No.1, Longgang Road, Buji, Longgang, Shenzhen, China

# FCC ID: 2AEN3NITRO55R

Report Type:		Product Type:	
Original Report		Mobile Phone	
Report Number:	RDG181205001-	20A	
Report Date:	2018-12-21		
	Rocky Xiao	Pocky	xiao
Reviewed By:	RF Engineer		4
Prepared By:	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn		

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EUT   To     Information   Ser     MODE   1g H     GSM 850   1g H     1g B   1g H     PCS 1900   1g H     1g B   1g H	Description ested Model FCC ID rial Number Test Date Head SAR Body SAR Head SAR Body SAR Head SAR Body SAR	Mobile Phone   Nitro 55R   2AEN3NITRO55R   18120500120   2018-12-13 ~ 2018-12-18   Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)   0.28   0.83   0.17   0.66   0.27	Limit (W/kg)		
EUT InformationSerSerSerMODEIg HGSM 850Ig HIg BIg HPCS 1900Ig HIg BIg HWCDMA Band 2Ig HIg H	FCC ID rial Number Test Date Head SAR Body SAR Head SAR Body SAR Body SAR	2AEN3NITRO55R 18120500120 2018-12-13 ~ 2018-12-18 <b>Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)</b> 0.28 0.83 0.17 0.66	Limit (W/kg)		
Information Ser MODE GSM 850 1g H 1g B 1g B 1g B 1g B 1g B 1g B 1g B 1g B	rial Number Test Date Jead SAR Body SAR Jead SAR Body SAR Jead SAR	18120500120   2018-12-13 ~ 2018-12-18   Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)   0.28   0.83   0.17   0.66	Limit (W/kg)		
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MODE     GSM 850   1g H     1g B   1g H     PCS 1900   1g H     1g B   1g H     WCDMA Band 2   1g H     1g B   1g H	Test Date lead SAR ody SAR lead SAR ody SAR lead SAR	2018-12-13 ~ 2018-12-18 Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg) 0.28 0.83 0.17 0.66	Limit (W/kg)		
GSM 850   lg H     Ig B   lg H     PCS 1900   lg H     Ig B   lg H     WCDMA Band 2   lg H     Ig B   lg H     Ig B   lg H	Iead SAR Body SAR Iead SAR Body SAR Iead SAR	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)     0.28   0.83     0.17   0.66	Limit (W/kg)		
GSM 850 lg B lg H lg B lg B lg B WCDMA Band 2 lg B lg B	Body SAR Iead SAR Body SAR Iead SAR	0.28 0.83 0.17 0.66			
GSM 850 lg B lg H lg B lg B lg B WCDMA Band 2 lg B lg B	Body SAR Iead SAR Body SAR Iead SAR	0.17 0.66	-		
PCS 1900   1g H     1g B   1g H     WCDMA Band 2   1g H     1g B   1g H     1g B   1g H	lead SAR Body SAR Iead SAR	0.66	-		
WCDMA Band 2	Body SAR Iead SAR		_		
WCDMA Band 2	Iead SAR	0.27			
lg B	Body SAR		_		
WCDMA Dend 4 1gH	-	0.68			
	lead SAR	0.13			
WCDMA Band 4	Body SAR	0.60	1.6		
lg F	lead SAR	0.28			
WCDMA Band 5	DMA Band 5 1g Body SAR 0.47				
lg H	Iead SAR	0.68			
WLAN 2.4G	Body SAR	0.28			
1g H	lead SAR	0.87			
Simultaneous 1g B	Body SAR	1.11			
1g B	Body SAR	<b>1.11</b> (Hotspot)			
	7 CFR part 2. requency radia	1093 tion exposure evaluation: portable devices			
<b>IEEE1528:2013</b> IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
ApplicableHumanStandardsto deter					
KDB 44 KDB 64 KDB 80 KDB 80 KDB 94 KDB 94	KDB proceduresKDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02				
<b>Note:</b> This wireless device has b for General Population/Uncontrol	een shown to olled Exposure	be capable of compliance for localized specific absorb limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDI	has been tested in		
		report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.	Procedures.		

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# **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
1.0	RDG181205001-20A	Original Report	2018-12-21	

# **EUT DESCRIPTION**

This report has been prepared on behalf of *MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED*. and their product *Mobile Phone*, Model: *Nitro 55R*, FCC ID: *2AEN3NITRO55R* or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

\*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 18120500120 (Assigned by BACL, Dongguan). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-12-06.

#### **Technical Specification**

Device Type:	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
DTM Type:	Class B	
Multi-slot Class:	: GPRS(Class 12)	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
	GSM Voice, GPRS Data,	
<b>Operation Mode :</b>	WCDMA( R99 (Voice+Data), HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA)	
	WLAN, Bluetooth	
Frequency Band:	GSM 850: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 2: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 4: 1710-1755 MHz(TX) ; 2110-2155 MHz(RX) WCDMA Band 5: 824-849 MHz(TX); 869-894 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412 -2462 MHz Bluetooth : 2402 MHz-2480 MHz	
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 31.60 dBm PCS 1900: 29.39 dBm WCDMA Band 2: 23.12 dBm WCDMA Band 4: 22.41 dBm WCDMA Band 5: 23.16 dBm WLAN: 14.12 dBm Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 3.91 dBm	
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn	

## **REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES**

### FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

#### CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

## **SAR Limits**

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

### **CE Limit**

	SAR (W/kg)		
	(General Population /	(Occupational /	
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure	
	Environment)	Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

# FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industry Area, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 897218, the FCC Designation No. : CN1220.

The lab has been recognized by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to test to Canadian radio equipment requirements, the CAB identifier : CN0022.

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at:

SAR Lab 1	SAR Lab 2
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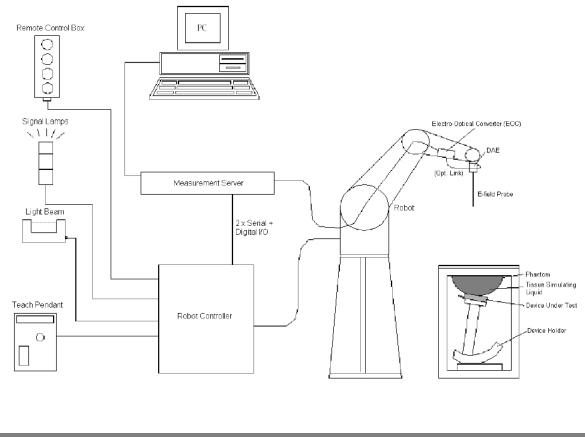
# **DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM**

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



### **DASY5** System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



#### Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

#### **DASY5** Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

#### **Data Acquisition Electronics**

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

### EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to $> 6$ GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm$ 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm$ 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

## Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7329 Calibrated: 2018/9/30

Calibration Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	То	Х	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	10.01	10.01	10.01
750 Body	650	850	10.23	10.23	10.23
900 Head	850	1000	9.66	9.66	9.66
900 Body	850	1000	9.79	9.79	9.79
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.35	8.35	8.35
1750 Body	1650	1850	8.05	8.05	8.05
1900 Head	1850	2000	8.1	8.1	8.1
1900 Body	1850	2000	7.7	7.7	7.7
2450 Head	2350	2550	7.62	7.62	7.62
2450 Body	2350	2550	7.47	7.47	7.47
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.38	7.38	7.38
2600 Body	2550	2700	7.12	7.12	7.12
5200 Head	5090	5250	5.52	5.52	5.52
5200 Body	5090	5250	4.92	4.92	4.92
5300 Head	5250	5410	5.28	5.28	5.28
5300 Body	5250	5410	4.79	4.79	4.79
5600 Head	5490	5700	4.71	4.71	4.71
5600 Body	5490	5700	4.14	4.14	4.14
5800 Head	5700	5910	4.68	4.68	4.68
5800 Body	5700	5910	4.37	4.37	4.37

#### **SAM Twin Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- \_Left Head
- \_ Right Head
- \_ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the robots have the size of  $100 \times 50 \times 85$  cm (L x W x H). For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the



standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

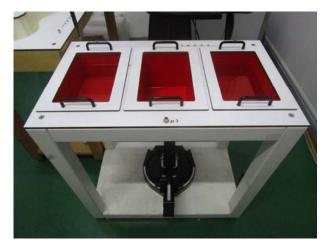
#### **Triple Flat Phantom**

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with  $2mm(\pm 0.2 \text{ mm})$  shell thickness. The phantom shell is compatible with SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (sugar and oil based). Use of other liquids may render the phantom warranty void (see note or consult SPEAG support).

The phantom table have the size of  $100 \times 75 \times 91$  cm (L x W x H).

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)



A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

#### Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robot. The robot offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

#### Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

#### Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

#### **Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

# Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
(MHz)	εr	O' (S/m)	εr	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

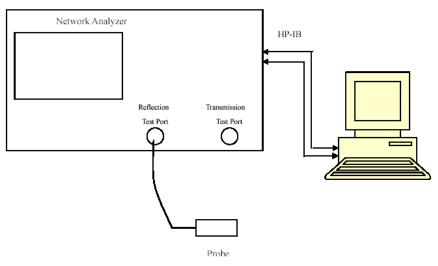
# EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

# Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1567	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2018/9/28	2019/9/28
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2018/9/30	2019/9/29
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	BJPCTC0152	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1412	NCR	NCR
Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	QD 000 P51 CA	1130	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 750 MHz	D750V3	1167	2016/11/8	2019/11/7
Dipole, 1750 MHz	D1750V2	1141	2018/6/25	2021/6/24
Dipole, 1900 MHz	D1900V2	543	2016/10/25	2019/10/24
Dipole,2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2018/6/26	2021/6/25
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	ТЅ-750-Н	1710075001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	ТЅ-750-В	1710075002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	ТЅ-1750-Н	1709175001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	TS-1750-B	1709175002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ТЅ-1900-Н	1709190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	1709190002	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	ТЅ-2450-Н	1709245001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	ТЅ-2450-В	1709245002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2018/8/3	2019/8/3
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
ESG Series Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2018/12/10	2019/12/10
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2018/8/13	2019/8/13
Power Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Wireless communication tester	E5515C	MY48367501	2018/12/10	2019/12/10
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	110 822	2018/12/10	2019/12/10
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	1201.0002K50	2018/8/3	2019/8/3
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	110479	2018/12/10	2019/12/10

# SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## **Liquid Verification**



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

### Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Tuna	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		De (%		Tolerance	
(MHz)	Liquid Type	8r	0' (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)	
750	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.502	0.855	41.94	0.89	1.34	-3.93	±5	
824.2	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.345	0.864	41.56	0.9	1.89	-4	±5	
826.4	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.309	0.871	41.54	0.9	1.85	-3.22	±5	
836.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.111	0.875	41.5	0.9	1.47	-2.78	±5	
846.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.026	0.883	41.5	0.91	1.27	-2.97	±5	
848.8	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Head	42.001	0.891	41.5	0.91	1.21	-2.09	±5	

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/13.

Frequency	ency Liquid Type		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		lta 6)	Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ <sub>r</sub>	Ο΄ (S/m) ε <sub>r</sub>		0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
750	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	57.446	0.94	55.53	0.96	3.45	-2.08	±5
824.2	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	57.289	0.946	55.24	0.97	3.71	-2.47	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	57.171	0.953	55.23	0.97	3.51	-1.75	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	56.978	0.96	55.2	0.97	3.22	-1.03	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	56.897	0.97	55.16	0.98	3.15	-1.02	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 750 MHz Body	56.892	0.976	55.16	0.99	3.14	-1.41	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/18.

#### Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

#### Report No.: RDG181205001-20A

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤ <sub>r</sub>	Ø	٤ <sub>r</sub>	Ø	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔO	(%)
		σŗ	(S/m)	σŗ	(S/m)	Δor	(S/m)	
1712.4	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	41.325	1.316	40.14	1.35	2.95	-2.52	±5
1732.6	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	41.235	1.345	40.11	1.36	2.8	-1.1	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	41.119	1.354	40.08	1.37	2.59	-1.17	±5
1752.6	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head	41.088	1.36	40.07	1.37	2.54	-0.73	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/17.

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	8 <sub>r</sub>	0' (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
1712.4	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	53.01	1.497	53.53	1.46	-0.97	2.53	±5
1732.6	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	52.852	1.526	53.48	1.48	-1.17	3.11	±5
1750	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	52.647	1.539	53.43	1.49	-1.47	3.29	±5
1752.6	Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Body	52.616	1.55	53.42	1.49	-1.51	4.03	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/17.

Frequency	ncy Liquid Type		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		elta ⁄6)	Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	£ <sub>r</sub>	0 (S/m)	8r	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.729	1.342	40	1.4	1.82	-4.14	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.668	1.346	40	1.4	1.67	-3.86	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.37	1.364	40	1.4	0.92	-2.57	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.324	1.394	40	1.4	0.81	-0.43	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.282	1.398	40	1.4	0.7	-0.14	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	40.285	1.409	40	1.4	0.71	0.64	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/13.

Frequency Liquid Type		Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	$\epsilon_{\rm r} = \frac{O}{(S/m)}$		8r	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.563	1.459	53.3	1.52	2.37	-4.01	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.536	1.468	53.3	1.52	2.32	-3.42	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.172	1.489	53.3	1.52	1.64	-2.04	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.101	1.514	53.3	1.52	1.5	-0.39	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.086	1.515	53.3	1.52	1.47	-0.33	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.062	1.523	53.3	1.52	1.43	0.2	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/18.

Frequency	Liquid Tuno	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0 (S/m)	٤ <sub>r</sub>	0' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	(%)
2412	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	40.284	1.74	39.27	1.77	2.58	-1.69	±5
2437	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	40.083	1.769	39.22	1.79	2.2	-1.17	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	39.526	1.793	39.2	1.8	0.83	-0.39	±5
2462	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head	39.015	1.816	39.18	1.81	-0.42	0.33	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/17.

Frequency	Liquid Tune	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	6	Ø		Ő	10	ΔĊ	(%)
		ε <sub>r</sub>	(S/m)	8 <sub>r</sub>	(S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{\rm r}$	(S/m)	
2412	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.415	1.905	52.75	1.91	3.16	-0.26	±5
2437	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.219	1.942	52.72	1.94	2.84	0.1	±5
2450	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.159	1.953	52.7	1.95	2.77	0.15	±5
2462	Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Body	54.085	1.977	52.68	1.97	2.67	0.36	±5

\*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2018/12/17.

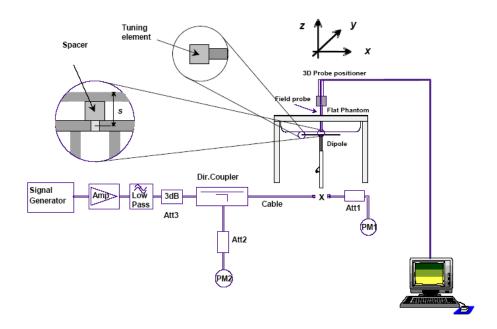
### System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a)  $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 300 MHz  $\leq f \leq 1 \text{ 000 MHz}$ ;
- b)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 1 000 MHz  $\leq f \leq 3$  000 MHz;
- c)  $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$  for 3 000 MHz < f  $\leq 6$  000 MHz.

#### System Verification Setup Block Diagram



#### System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	S	asured SAR V/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2018/12/13	750 MHz	Head	100	1g	0.854	8.54	8.23	3.77	±10
2018/12/18	750 MHz	Body	100	1g	0.872	8.72	8.58	1.63	±10
2018/12/17	1750 MHz	Head	100	1g	3.86	38.6	36.8	4.89	±10
2018/12/17	1750 MHz	Body	100	1g	3.82	38.2	37.5	1.87	±10
2018/12/13	1900 MHz	Head	100	1g	4.16	41.6	40.3	3.23	±10
2018/12/18	1900 MHz	Body	100	1g	4.23	42.3	41.1	2.92	±10
2018/12/17	2450 MHz	Head	100	1g	5.29	52.9	53.3	-0.75	±10
2018/12/17	2450 MHz	Body	100	1g	5.16	51.6	49.5	4.24	±10

\*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

#### SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

#### System Performance 750 MHz Head

DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1167

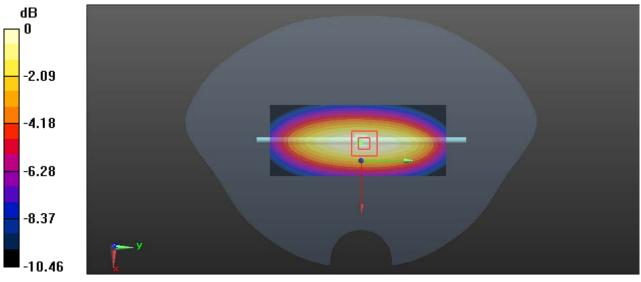
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.855$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 42.502$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772;Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (41x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 31.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.31 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.854 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.561 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



0 dB = 1.15 W/kg = 0.61 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 750 MHz Body

#### DUT: D750V3; Type: 750 MHz; Serial: 1167

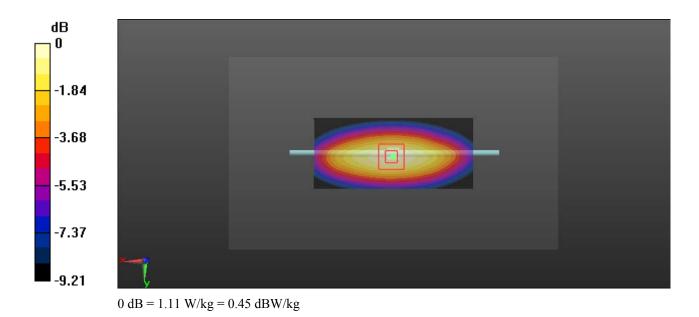
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz;  $\sigma = 0.94$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 57.446$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(10.23, 10.23, 10.23); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772;Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 30.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.872 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.581 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



#### System Performance 1750 MHz Head

#### DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.354$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 41.119$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

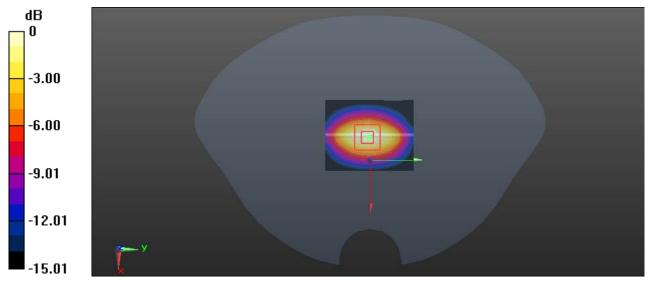
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.29 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.76 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.93 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.10 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.84 W/kg



0 dB = 5.84 W/kg = 7.66 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 1750 MHz Body

#### DUT: D1750V2; Type: 1750 MHz; Serial: 1141

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.539$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.647$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

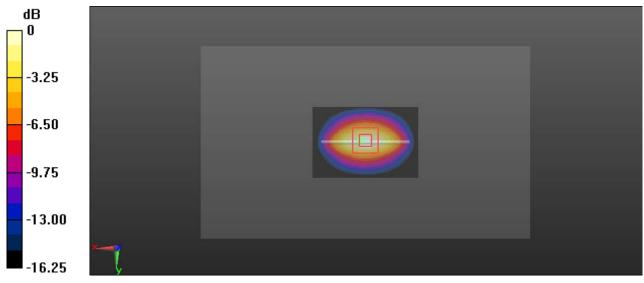
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(8.05, 8.05, 8.05); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (61x41x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.70 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.54 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.54 W/kg



 $<sup>0 \</sup>text{ dB} = 5.54 \text{ W/kg} = 7.44 \text{ dBW/kg}$ 

#### System Performance 1900 MHz Head

#### DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 543

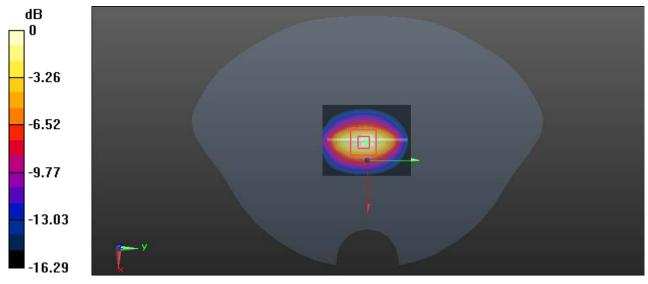
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.394 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 40.324;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772;Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.64 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 56.48 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.55 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.30 W/kg



0 dB = 6.30 W/kg = 7.99 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 1900 MHz Body

#### DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 543

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.514$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.101$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Left Section

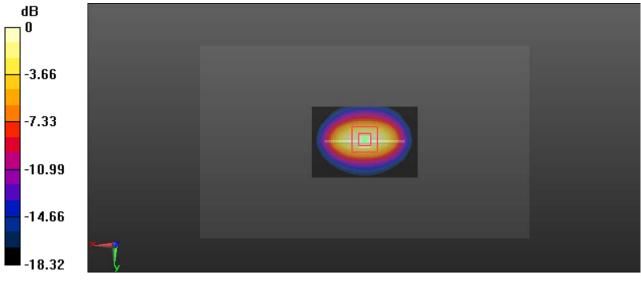
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772;Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.75 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.83 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 4.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.60 W/kg



0 dB = 6.60 W/kg = 8.20 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 2450MHz Head

#### DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

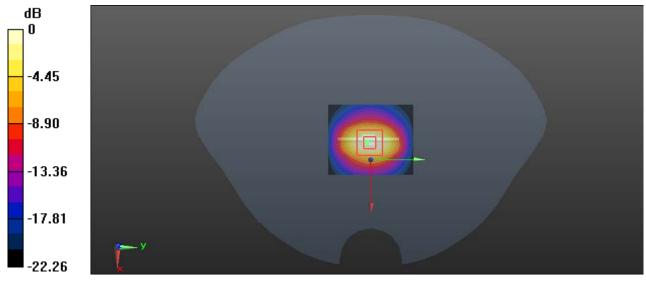
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.793$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.526$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section

#### D ASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: Twin SAM V5.0; Serial: 1412
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.52 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 55.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.79 W/kg



0 dB = 8.79 W/kg = 9.44 dBW/kg

#### System Performance 2450MHz Body

#### DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

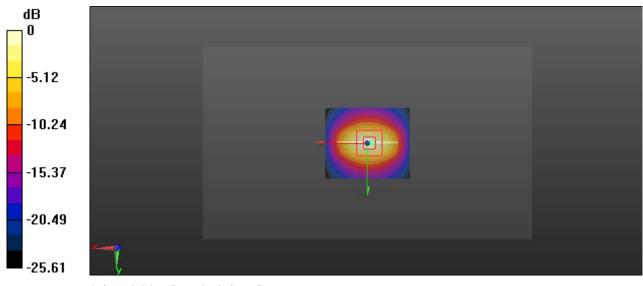
Communication System:CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.953$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 54.159$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Center Section

D ASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2018/9/30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2018/9/28
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1130
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Area Scan (61x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.97 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.91 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.5 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 5.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.96 W/kg



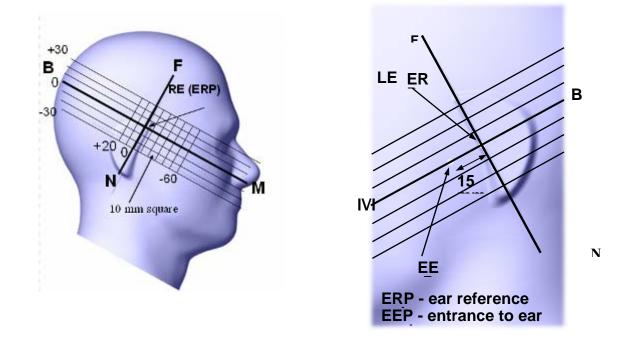
0 dB = 8.96 W/kg = 9.52 dBW/kg

# EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

#### Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



#### **Cheek/Touch Position**

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

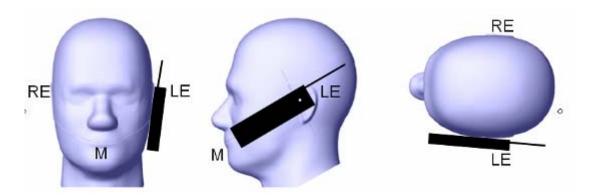
This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

#### **Cheek /Touch Position**



### **Ear/Tilt Position**

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

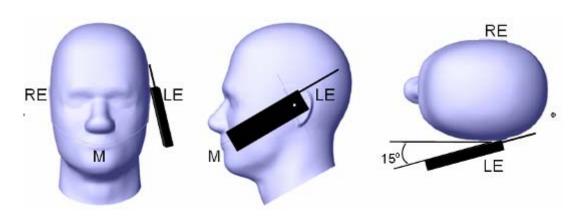
2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

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#### Ear / Tilt 15° Position



#### Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

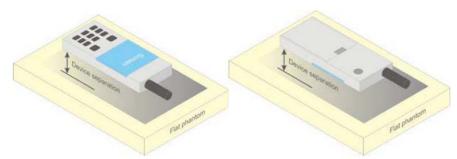


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

#### **Test Distance for SAR Evaluation**

In this case the EUT(Equipment Under Test) is set 10mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 10mm.

#### **SAR Evaluation Procedure**

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points  $(10 \times 10 \times 10)$  were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

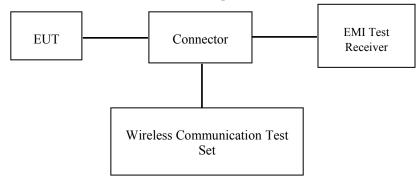
# CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

### **Provision Applicable**

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

### **Test Procedure**

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through Connector.



#### **GSM/WCDMA**

#### **Radio Configuration**

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set.

#### GSM/GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Press Connection control to choose the different menus Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSMMain Service > Packet Data Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma > 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900 > 27 dBm for EGPRS 850 > 26 dBm for EGPRS 1900 BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz Mode > BCCH and TCH BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe) BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel] Channel Type > Off P0 > 4 dBSlot Config >Unchanged (if already set under MS signal) TCH > choose desired test channel Hopping > Off Main Timeslot > 3Network Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) and MCS5 (EGPRS) Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream AF/RF Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

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Connection Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

#### WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	8/15

#### HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4			
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	1			
	Rel99 RMC		1	12.2kbps RM	1C			
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1				
	Power Control			Algorithm2				
WCDMA	Algorithm			Aigoritiini2				
General	β <sub>c</sub>	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15			
Settings	$\beta_d$	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15			
	$\beta_d(SF)$			64				
	$\beta_c/\beta_d$	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4			
	$\beta_{hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15			
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5			
	DACK			8				
	DNAK			8				
HSDPA	DCQI			8				
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition			3				
Settings	factor	3						
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms						
	CQI Repetition Factor	2						
	Ahs=βhs/ βc			30/15				

### HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA		
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5		
	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1						
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC						
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1						
	HSUPA Test							
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm	Power Control						
General	β <sub>c</sub>	11/15 6/15 15/15 2/15 15/1						
Settings	$\beta_{c}$	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0		
Settings	$\beta_{ec}$	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15		
	$\beta_{c}/\beta_{d}$	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	5/15		
	$\beta_{\rm c}/\beta_{\rm d}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15		
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0		
	MPR(dB)	0	2	2.0	2	0		
	DACK	U	2	8	2	U		
	DACK							
		8						
	DCQI Ack-Nack	8						
HSDPA Specific	repetition factor		3					
Specific Settings	CQI Feedback	4ma						
Settings	CQI Repetition	4ms						
	Factor	2						
	Ahs= $\beta_{hs}/\beta_{c}$							
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7		
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0		
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21		
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81		
	Associated Max							
	UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9		
		E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI E-TFCI 11			CI 11 E			
HSUPA		E-TFCI PO 4		11	E-TFCI PO 4			
Specific		E-TFCI 67		E-TFCI		CI 67		
Settings		E-TFCI PO 18		PO4	E-TFCI PO 18			
0		E-TFCI 71		E-TFCI	E-TFCI 71			
	Reference E FCls	E-TFCI PO23		92	E-TFCI PO23			
		E-TFCI 75		E-TFCI	E-TFCI 75			
		E-TFC	E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81		E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81			
		E-TFC	I PO 27		E-TFCI PO 27			

### HSPA+

Sub- test	β <sub>c</sub> (Note3)	βd	β <sub>нs</sub> (Note1)	$\beta_{ec}$	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β <sub>ed</sub> (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 1: 30/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 2: 30/15	β <sub>ed</sub> 3: 24/15 β <sub>ed</sub> 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105
Note 2 Note 3 Note 4	Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}$ , $\Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI}$ = 30/15 with $\beta_{hs}$ = 30/15 * $\beta_c$ . Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0). Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the $\beta_c$ is set to 1 and $\beta_d$ = 0 by default. Note 4: $\beta_{ed}$ can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E- DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.										

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

### DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

	Parameter	Unit	Value		
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60		
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1		
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6		
		ses			
Informati	on Bit Payload ( $N_{I\!N\!F}$ )	Bits	120		
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1		
Binary Cl	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960		
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200		
Number (	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200		
Coding F		0.15			
Number (	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1		
Modulatio			QPSK		
Note 1:	Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA				
	mode and both cells shall transmit with identical				
	parameters as listed in the table.				
Note 2:					
	retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and				
	constellation version 0 shall be used.				

# Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)							
Mada/Darad	Channel						
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High				
GSM 850	31.7	31.7	31.7				
GPRS 1 TX Slot	31.7	31.7	31.7				
GPRS 2 TX Slot	30.1	30.1	30.1				
GPRS 3 TX Slot	28.9	28.9	28.9				
GPRS 4 TX Slot	27.2	27.2	27.2				
PCS 1900	29.4	29.4	29.4				
GPRS 1 TX Slot	29.4	29.4	29.4				
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27.8	27.8	27.8				
GPRS 3 TX Slot	26.7	26.7	26.7				
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.9	24.9	24.9				
WCDMA Band 2	23.2	23.2	23.2				
HSDPA	21.4	21.4	21.4				
HSUPA	21.7	21.7	21.7				
DC-HSDPA	21.2	21.2	21.2				
HSPA+	20.9	20.9	20.9				
WCDMA Band 4	22.5	22.5	22.5				
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5				
HSUPA	22.2	22.2	22.2				
DC-HSDPA	21.1	21.1	21.1				
HSPA+	20.8	20.8	20.8				
WCDMA Band 5	23.3	23.3	23.3				
HSDPA	22.5	22.5	22.5				
HSUPA	22	22	22				
DC-HSDPA	21.1	21.1	21.1				
HSPA+	20.4	20.4	20.4				
WLAN(802.11b)	14.5	14.5	14.5				
WLAN(802.11g)	12	12	12				
WLAN(802.11n HT20)	11	11	11				
Bluetooth(BDR/EDR)	4	4	4				

# **Test Results:**

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	31.08
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.19
	251	848.8	31.35
	512	1850.2	29.32
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.33
	810	1909.8	29.34

### **GPRS**:

Dand	Band Channel		Band Channel		end Channel Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)			
Danu	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots				
	128	824.2	31.57	29.93	28.46	27.08				
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.42	29.96	28.76	26.98				
	251	848.8	31.60	29.83	28.55	27.02				
	512	1850.2	29.35	27.17	26.45	24.03				
PCS 1900	661	1880	29.39	27.40	26.53	24.50				
	810	1909.8	29.27	27.70	26.61	24.78				

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based	l average power	for GPRS
----------------	-----------------	----------

Band Channel	Frequency	Time based average Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	22.57	23.93	24.21	24.08
GSM 850	190	836.6	22.42	23.96	24.51	23.98
	251	848.8	22.6	23.83	24.3	24.02
	512	1850.2	20.35	21.17	22.2	21.03
PCS 1900	661	1880	20.39	21.4	22.28	21.5
	810	1909.8	20.27	21.7	22.36	21.78

### Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2 .For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3 .For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

### WCDMA:

### Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1852.4	23.12
WCDMA Band 2	1880	22.72
	1907.6	22.81
	1712.4	22.21
WCDMA Band 4	1732.6	22.27
	1752.6	22.41
	826.4	22.90
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	23.16
	846.6	22.94

## **Results (HSDPA)**

Band	Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)				
Бапи	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4		
	1852.4	21.31	21.24	20.95	20.46		
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.02	20.92	20.71	20.55		
	1907.6	20.93	21.24	21.08	20.53		
	1712.4	21.56	21.01	20.86	20.39		
WCDMA Band 4	1732.6	20.24	21.33	20.71	20.24		
	1752.6	22.35	21.01	21.11	20.53		
	826.4	20.84	22.39	21.14	20.93		
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.81	22.41	20.87	21.09		
	846.6	21.34	22.29	20.84	20.94		

# **Results (HSUPA)**

Band	Frequency		RF Oı	itput Power	(dBm)	
Danu	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
	1852.4	21.63	21.21	21.08	20.88	20.36
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.11	21.34	21.00	20.71	20.43
	1907.6	20.81	21.35	21.05	21.05	20.33
	1712.4	21.32	21.35	20.98	20.60	20.41
WCDMA Band 4	1732.6	20.22	21.28	20.82	20.71	20.67
	1752.6	22.07	21.07	21.02	20.50	20.45
	826.4	20.71	21.35	20.88	21.02	20.49
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.90	21.41	21.06	21.01	20.39
	846.6	21.23	20.97	20.77	20.60	20.39

# **Results (DC-HSDPA)**

Dand	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	
	1852.4	21.10	20.75	20.57	20.36	
WCDMA Band 2	1880	20.94	20.71	20.32	20.14	
	1907.6	21.09	20.57	20.45	20.28	
	1712.4	20.89	20.53	20.53	20.59	
WCDMA Band 4	1732.6	20.52	20.35	20.20	20.42	
	1752.6	20.99	20.39	20.30	20.53	
	826.4	20.98	20.65	20.41	20.41	
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	20.77	20.89	20.72	20.56	
	846.6	20.85	20.58	20.39	20.44	

# **Results (HSPA+)**

Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	1852.4	20.77
WCDMA Band 2	1880	20.79
	1907.6	20.81
	1712.4	20.67
WCDMA Band 4	1732.6	20.61
	1752.6	20.46
WCDMA Band 5	826.4	20.14
	836.6	20.23
	846.6	20.26

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#### Note:

- 1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
- 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

## WLAN 2.4G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	RF Output Power(dBm)
	2412		13.78
802.11b	2437	1Mbps	14.12
	2462		13.72
	2412		11.15
802.11g	2437	6Mbps	11.23
	2462		10.88
	2412		10.86
802.11n HT20	2437	MCS0	10.45
	2462		10.23

### **Bluetooth:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	2402	3.26
BDR(GFSK)	2441	3.17
	2480	2.32
	2402	3.52
EDR( $\pi$ /4-DQPSK)	2441	3.42
	2480	2.60
	2402	3.91
EDR(8DPSK)	2441	3.85
	2480	2.98

# Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

#### **Antennas Location:**



#### Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)							
Antenna Back Left Right Top Bott							
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA)	< 5	< 5	13	136	< 5		
WLAN/BT Antenna	< 5	< 5	58	< 5	129		

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2462	14.5	28.18	0	8.9	3	NO
Bluetooth	2480	4	2.51	0	0.8	3	YES

#### NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[( max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW )/( min. test separation distance, mm)] ·

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.

2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

### **Standalone SAR estimation:**

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)	
BT Head	2480	4	2.51	0	0.11	
BT Body	2480	4	2.51	10	0.06	

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance,mm)]  $\cdot$  $[\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$ W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

### SAR test exclusion for the EUT edge considerations Result

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)								
Mode	Back	Left	Right	Тор	Bottom			
BT	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*	Exclusion*			
WLAN	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required	Exclusion			
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA)	Required	Required	Required	Exclusion	Required			

Note:

**Required:** The distance to Edge is less than 25mm, testing is required. **Exclusion\*:** SAR test exclusion evaluation has been done above. **Exclusion:** The distance to Edge is more than 25 mm, testing is not required.

# SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

# SAR Test Data

# **Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	20.4-21.6°C	20.3-21.2 °C	21.6-22.3°C
Relative Humidity:	48 %	53 %	51 %
ATM Pressure:	99.7 kPa	99.5 kPa	99.7 kPa
Test Date:	2018/12/13	2018/12/17	2018/12/18

Testing was performed by Gaochao Gong, Sam Liang, William Ye.

### GSM 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g	SAR (W/	′kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	31.08	31.7	1.153	0.232	0.267	0.28	1#
Head Left Cheek	836.6	GSM	31.19	31.7	1.125	0.202	0.227	0.23	2#
	848.8	GSM	31.35	31.7	1.084	0.174	0.188	0.19	3#
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	836.6	GSM	31.19	31.7	1.125	0.089	0.100	0.10	4#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	836.6	GSM	31.19	31.7	1.125	0.166	0.187	0.19	5#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	836.6	GSM	31.19	31.7	1.125	0.081	0.091	0.09	6#
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	836.6	GSM	31.19	31.7	1.125	0.410	0.461	0.47	7#
(ronni)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	28.46	28.9	1.107	0.730	0.808	0.83	8#
Body Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.76	28.9	1.033	0.598	0.618	0.63	9#
(Tomm)	848.8	GPRS	28.55	28.9	1.084	0.468	0.507	0.52	10#
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.76	28.9	1.033	0.365	0.377	0.38	11#
(Tomm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.76	28.9	1.033	0.432	0.446	0.45	12#
(romm)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	28.76	28.9	1.033	0.122	0.126	0.13	13#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

#### Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

6. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction  $\Delta$ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

### GSM 1900:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g	SAR (W/	'kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	29.32	29.4	1.019	0.159	0.162	0.17	14#
Head Left Cheek	1880	GSM	29.33	29.4	1.016	0.104	0.106	0.11	15#
	1909.8	GSM	29.34	29.4	1.014	0.102	0.103	0.10	16#
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1880	GSM	29.33	29.4	1.016	0.068	0.069	0.07	17#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1880	GSM	29.33	29.4	1.016	0.089	0.090	0.09	18#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1880	GSM	29.33	29.4	1.016	0.073	0.074	0.08	19#
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Worn Back (10mm)	1880	GSM	29.33	29.4	1.016	0.294	0.299	0.30	20#
(101111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.53	26.7	1.040	0.429	0.446	0.45	21#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.53	26.7	1.040	0.248	0.258	0.26	22#
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.53	26.7	1.040	0.142	0.148	0.15	23#
(10,111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	26.45	26.7	1.059	0.444	0.470	0.48	24#
Body Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	26.53	26.7	1.040	0.483	0.502	0.51	25#
(101111)	1909.8	GPRS	26.61	26.7	1.021	0.642	0.655	0.66	26#

#### Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.

2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case.

6. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction  $\Delta$ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

## WCDMA Band 2:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g	SAR (W/	kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.257	0.262	0.27	27#
Head Left Cheek	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.187	0.209	0.21	28#
	1907.6	RMC	22.81	23.2	1.094	0.165	0.181	0.18	29#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.093	0.104	0.11	30#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.110	0.123	0.12	31#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.095	0.106	0.11	32#
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	23.12	23.2	1.019	0.655	0.667	0.68	33#
Body Back (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.574	0.641	0.65	34#
(101111)	1907.6	RMC	22.81	23.2	1.094	0.578	0.632	0.64	35#
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.280	0.313	0.32	36#
(101111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.172	0.192	0.20	37#
(101111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	22.72	23.2	1.117	0.553	0.618	0.63	38#
(101111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

## WCDMA Band 4:

EUT	Engguaray	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	-	1g	SAR (W/	'kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.086	0.091	0.09	39#
	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.071	0.075	0.08	40#
	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	22.21	22.5	1.069	0.120	0.128	0.13	41#
Head Right Cheek	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.110	0.116	0.12	42#
	1752.6	RMC	22.41	22.5	1.021	0.113	0.115	0.12	43#
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.108	0.114	0.12	44#
	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Back (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.427	0.450	0.45	45#
(romin)	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.261	0.275	0.28	46#
(romin)	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.143	0.151	0.15	47#
(ronni)	1752.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1712.4	RMC	22.21	22.5	1.069	0.516	0.552	0.55	48#
Body Bottom (10mm)	1732.6	RMC	22.27	22.5	1.054	0.499	0.526	0.53	49#
(romm)	1752.6	RMC	22.41	22.5	1.021	0.591	0.603	0.60	50#

### WCDMA Band 5:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g	SAR (W/	kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	22.9	23.3	1.096	0.210	0.230	0.24	51#
Head Left Cheek	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.177	0.183	0.19	52#
	846.6	RMC	22.94	23.3	1.086	0.250	0.272	0.28	53#
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.084	0.087	0.09	54#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Cheek	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.176	0.182	0.19	55#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.085	0.088	0.09	56#
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	22.9	23.3	1.096	0.409	0.448	0.46	57#
Body Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.325	0.336	0.34	58#
(romin)	846.6	RMC	22.94	23.3	1.086	0.426	0.463	0.47	59#
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.136	0.140	0.14	60#
(romin)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.188	0.194	0.20	61#
(romm)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	23.16	23.3	1.033	0.076	0.079	0.08	62#
(101111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is  $\leq$  0.8W/kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

6. According to IEC 62209-2:2010, If the correction  $\triangle$ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

EUT	Frequence		Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g	SAR (W/	/kg)	
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Corrected SAR	Plot
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Cheek	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.300	0.327	0.33	63#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Left Tilt	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.311	0.339	0.34	64#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	13.78	14.5	1.18	0.529	0.624	0.63	65#
Head Right Cheek	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.594	0.648	0.65	66#
	2462	802.11b	13.72	14.5	1.197	0.570	0.682	0.68	67#
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Head Right Tilt	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.395	0.431	0.44	68#
	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	13.78	14.5	1.18	0.182	0.215	0.22	69#
Body Back (10mm)	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.176	0.192	0.19	70#
(101111)	2462	802.11b	13.72	14.5	1.197	0.231	0.277	0.28	71#
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Left (10mm)	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.053	0.058	0.06	72#
(101111)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (10mm)	2437	802.11b	14.12	14.5	1.091	0.119	0.130	0.13	73#
(101111)	2462	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

### WLAN 2.4G:

#### Note:

1. When the SAR value is less than half of the limit, testing for other channels are optional.

2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

3.KDB 248227 D01-SAR measurement is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM(801.11g/n20) when the highest reported SAR for DSSS(802.11b) is  $\leq$  1.2 W/kg, and the output power for DSSS is not less than that for OFDM.

4. According to IEC 62209-2:2010 ,If the correction  $\Delta$ SAR has a positive sign, the measured SAR results shall not be corrected.

**Corrected SAR Evaluation** 

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#### Annex F (normative)

#### SAR correction for deviations of complex permittivity from targets

#### F.2 SAR correction formula

From [13] and [14], a linear relationship was found between the percent change in SAR (denoted  $\Delta SAR$ ) and the percent change in the permittivity and conductivity from the target values in Table 1 (denoted  $\Delta \varepsilon_r$  and  $\Delta \sigma$ , respectively). This linear relationship agrees with the results of Kuster and Balzano [48] and Bit-Babik et al. [2]. The relationship is given by:

$$\Delta SAR = c_{\epsilon} \Delta \varepsilon_{r} + c_{\sigma} \Delta \sigma \qquad (F.1)$$

where

$c_{\varepsilon} = \partial (\Delta SAR) / \partial (\varDelta \varepsilon)$	is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to permittivity where SAR is normalized to output power;
$c_{\sigma} = \partial (\Delta SAR) / \partial (\Delta \sigma)$	is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to conductivity, where SAR is normalized to output power.

The values of  $c_{\epsilon}$  and  $c_{\sigma}$  have a simple relationship with frequency that can be described using polynomial equations. For the 1 g averaged SAR  $c_{\epsilon}$  and  $c_{\sigma}$  are given by

$$c_{\varepsilon} = -7,854 \times 10^{-4} f^{3} + 9,402 \times 10^{-3} f^{2} - 2,742 \times 10^{-2} f - 0,2026$$
 (F.2)

$$c_{\sigma} = 9,804 \times 10^{-3} f^{3} - 8,661 \times 10^{-2} f^{2} + 2,981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0,782 9$$
 (F.3)

where

f is the frequency in GHz.

For the 10 g averaged SAR, the variables  $c_{\epsilon}$  and  $c_{\sigma}$  are given by:

$$c_{\varepsilon} = 3,456 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 3,531 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 7,675 \times 10^{-2} f - 0,186 0$$
 (F.4)

$$c_{\rm cr} = 4,479 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 1,586 \times 10^{-2} f^2 - 0,197 \ 2f + 0,771 \ 7$$
 (F.5)

# **Corrected SAR Evaluation Table**

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Cε	∆٤r	Сб	Δδ	∆SAR (%)
750	1g Head	-0.218	1.34	0.761	-3.93	-3.28
824.2	1g Head	-0.219	1.89	0.754	-4	-3.43
826.4	1g Head	-0.219	1.85	0.754	-3.22	-2.83
836.6	1g Head	-0.219	1.47	0.753	-2.78	-2.42
846.6	1g Head	-0.220	1.27	0.752	-2.97	-2.51
848.8	1g Head	-0.220	1.21	0.752	-2.09	-1.84
750	1g Body	-0.218	3.45	0.761	-2.08	-2.34
824.2	1g Body	-0.219	3.71	0.754	-2.47	-2.68
826.4	1g Body	-0.219	3.51	0.754	-1.75	-2.09
836.6	1g Body	-0.219	3.22	0.753	-1.03	-1.48
846.6	1g Body	-0.220	3.15	0.752	-1.02	-1.46
848.8	1g Body	-0.220	3.14	0.752	-1.41	-1.75
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Cε	∆٤r	Сδ	Δδ	∆SAR (%)
1712.4	1g Head	-0.226	2.95	0.629	-2.52	-2.25
1732.6	1g Head	-0.226	2.8	0.626	-1.1	-1.32
1750	1g Head	-0.226	2.59	0.622	-1.17	-1.31
1752.6	1g Head	-0.226	2.54	0.622	-0.73	-1.03
1712.4	1g Body	-0.226	-0.97	0.629	2.53	1.81
1732.6	1g Body	-0.226	-1.17	0.626	3.11	2.21
1750	1g Body	-0.226	-1.47	0.622	3.29	2.38
1752.6	1g Body	-0.226	-1.51	0.622	4.03	2.85
( <u> </u>			1			r
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Cε	∆٤r	Сб	Δδ	△SAR (%)
1850.2	1g Head	-0.226	1.82	0.604	-4.14	-2.91
1852.4	1g Head	-0.226	1.67	0.603	-3.86	-2.71
1880	1g Head	-0.226	0.92	0.598	-2.57	-1.74
1900	1g Head	-0.226	0.81	0.594	-0.43	-0.44
1907.6	1g Head	-0.226	0.7	0.593	-0.14	-0.24
1909.8	1g Head	-0.226	0.71	0.592	0.64	0.22
1850.2	1g Body	-0.226	2.37	0.604	-4.01	-2.96
1852.4	1g Body	-0.226	2.32	0.603	-3.42	-2.59
1880	1g Body	-0.226	1.64	0.598	-2.04	-1.59
1900	1g Body	-0.226	1.5	0.594	-0.39	-0.57
1907.6	1g Body	-0.226	1.47	0.593	-0.33	-0.53
1909.8	1g Body	-0.226	1.43	0.592	0.2	-0.20

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Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Cε	∆٤r	Сб	Δδ	<b>∆SAR</b> (%)
2412	1g Head	-0.225	2.58	0.489	-1.69	-1.41
2437	1g Head	-0.225	2.2	0.483	-1.17	-1.06
2450	1g Head	-0.225	0.83	0.480	-0.39	-0.37
2462	1g Head	-0.225	-0.42	0.478	0.33	0.25
2412	1g Body	-0.225	3.16	0.489	-0.26	-0.84
2437	1g Body	-0.225	2.84	0.483	0.1	-0.59
2450	1g Body	-0.225	2.77	0.480	0.15	-0.55
2462	1g Body	-0.225	2.67	0.478	0.36	-0.43

 $\Delta SAR = c_{\epsilon} \Delta \varepsilon_{r} + c_{\sigma} \Delta \sigma$ 

$$c_{\varepsilon} = -7,854 \times 10^{-4} f^{3} + 9,402 \times 10^{-3} f^{2} - 2,742 \times 10^{-2} f - 0,2026$$
 (F.2)

$$c_{\sigma} = 9,804 \times 10^{-3} f^3 - 8,661 \times 10^{-2} f^2 + 2,981 \times 10^{-2} f + 0,782 9$$
 (F.3)

where

f is the frequency in GHz.

Corrected SAR = Measured SAR \*  $((100 + (\Delta SAR x - 1))/100)$ 

# SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq$  0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

Note: The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

### The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

### Head

SAR probe calibration point	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SA	Largest to	
	Band			Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Body

SAR probe	Frequency	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Meas. SAI	Largest to Smallest	
calibration point	Band		EUTFOSILIOII	Original	Repeated	SAR Ratio
750MHz (650~850MHz)	GSM 850	824.2	Body Back	0.730	0.715	1.02

Note:

- 1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.
- 2. The measured SAR results **do not** have to be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance to determine if repeated measurements are required.
- 3. SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the **SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium** used for the device measurements..

# SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

## Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities							
<b>Transmitter Combination</b>	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?					
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA) + Bluetooth	$\checkmark$	×					
WWAN(GSM/WCDMA) + WLAN	$\checkmark$						

### Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	Reported SAR(W/kg)		
Mouc(SARI + SAR2)	I USITION	SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg	
	Head Left Cheek	0.28	0.11	0.39	
	Head Left Tilt	0.10	0.11	0.21	
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.19	0.11	0.30	
USIM 850+Dittetootti	Head Right Tilt	0.09	0.11	0.20	
	Body Worn Back	0.47	0.06	0.53	
	Body Back	0.83	0.06	0.89	
	Head Left Cheek	0.17	0.11	0.28	
	Head Left Tilt	0.07	0.11	0.18	
DCC1000   Divoto oth	Head Right Cheek	0.09	0.11	0.20	
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Head Right Tilt	0.08	0.11	0.19	
	Body Worn Back	0.30	0.06	0.36	
	Body Back	0.45	0.06	0.51	
	Head Left Cheek	0.27	0.11	0.38	
	Head Left Tilt	0.11	0.11	0.22	
WCDMA Band 2+Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.12	0.11	0.23	
2 Bluetooth	Head Right Tilt	0.11	0.11	0.22	
	Body Back	0.68	0.06	0.74	
	Head Left Cheek	0.09	0.11	0.20	
	Head Left Tilt	0.08	0.11	0.19	
WCDMA Band 4+Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.13	0.11	0.24	
+ Directoon	Head Right Tilt	0.12	0.11	0.23	
	Body Back	0.45	0.06	0.51	
	Head Left Cheek	0.28	0.11	0.39	
	Head Left Tilt	0.09	0.11	0.20	
WCDMA Band 5+Bluetooth	Head Right Cheek	0.19	0.11	0.30	
5 · Diuctootii	Head Right Tilt	0.09	0.11	0.20	
	Body Back	0.47	0.06	0.53	

## Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan)

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported	Reported SAR(W/kg)			
		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg		
	Head Left Cheek	0.28	0.33	0.61		
	Head Left Tilt	0.10	0.34	0.44		
GSM 850+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.19	0.68	0.87		
	Head Right Tilt	0.09	0.44	0.53		
	Body Worn Back	0.47	0.28	0.75		
	Body Back	0.83	0.28	1.11		
GPRS 850 + WLAN	Body Left	0.38	0.06	0.44		
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.45	N/A	N/A		
	Body Bottom	0.13	N/A	N/A		
	Head Left Cheek	0.17	0.33	0.50		
	Head Left Tilt	0.07	0.34	0.41		
PCS1900 + WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.09	0.68	0.77		
	Head Right Tilt	0.08	0.44	0.52		
	Body Worn Back	0.30	0.28	0.58		
	Body Back	0.45	0.28	0.73		
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body Left	0.26	0.06	0.32		
	Body Right	0.15	N/A	N/A		
	Body Bottom	0.66	N/A	N/A		
	Head Left Cheek	0.27	0.33	0.60		
	Head Left Tilt	0.11	0.34	0.45		
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.12	0.68	0.80		
	Head Right Tilt	0.11	0.44	0.55		
	Body Back	0.68	0.28	0.96		
WCDMA Band 2+ WLAN	Body Left	0.32	0.06	0.38		
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.20	N/A	N/A		
	Body Bottom	0.63	N/A	N/A		
	Head Left Cheek	0.09	0.33	0.42		
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN	Head Left Tilt	0.08	0.34	0.42		
WCDIVIA Daliu 4+ WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.13	0.68	0.81		
	Head Right Tilt	0.12	0.44	0.56		
	Body Back	0.45	0.28	0.73		
WCDMA Band 4+ WLAN	Body Left	0.28	0.06	0.34		
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.15	N/A	N/A		
	Body Bottom	0.60	N/A	N/A		
	Head Left Cheek	0.28	0.33	0.61		
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Head Left Tilt	0.09	0.34	0.43		
WUDIVIA Daliu 57 WLAN	Head Right Cheek	0.19	0.68	0.87		
	Head Right Tilt	0.09	0.44	0.53		
	Body Back	0.47	0.28	0.75		
WCDMA Band 5+ WLAN	Body Left	0.14	0.06	0.20		
(Hotspot)	Body Right	0.20	N/A	N/A		
	Body Bottom	0.08	N/A	N/A		

#### Note:

1. Hotspot mode SAR is measured for all edges and surfaces of the device with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge; for the data modes, wireless technologies and frequency bands supporting hotspot mode.

2. Hotspot Mode is not feasible during voice calls.

### **Conclusion:**

Sum of SAR:  $\Sigma$ SAR  $\leq$  1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is not required.

# **SAR Plots**

Please Refer to the Attachment.

# APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

### Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremen	it system				
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)		
		Measuremer	nt system						
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6		
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0		
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3		
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0		
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9		
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2		
		Test sample	e related						
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3		
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8		
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6		
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9		
		Phantom an	d set-up						
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3		
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	Ν	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9		
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1		
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2		
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7		
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0		
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1		
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2		

# Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

# **APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS**

Please Refer to the Attachment.

# **APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES**

Please Refer to the Attachment.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*