

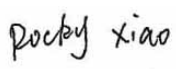

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

No.1, Longgang Road, Buji, Longgang, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

FCC ID: 2AEN3NITRO5

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Mobile Phone
Test Engineer: Rocky Xiao	
Report Number: RDG150603001-20	
Report Date: 2015-06-18	
Reviewed By: Sula Huang RF Leader	
Test Laboratory:	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-769-86858888 Fax: +86-769-86858891 www.baclcorp.com.cn

Attestation of Test Results			
EUT Information	Company Name	MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone	
	FCC ID	2AEN3NITRO5	
	Model Number:	Nitro 5	
	Serial Number:	201505000456	
	Test Date	2015-06-16	
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)
GSM 850	1g Head SAR	0.947	1.6
	1g Body SAR	0.426	
PCS 1900	1g Head SAR	1.138	
	1g Body SAR	0.326	
WCDMA 850	1g Head SAR	0.867	
	1g Body SAR	0.38	
WCDMA 1900	1g Head SAR	1.203	
	1g Body SAR	0.50	
Simultaneous	1g Head SAR	1.583	
	1g Body SAR	0.76	
Applicable Standards	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005 IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields,3 kHz to 300 GHz.		
	ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to Such Fields,100 kHz—300 GHz.		
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices		
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
	IEC 62209-2: 2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02. KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02		
<p>Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.</p> <p>The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</p>			

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FEMVA

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RDG150603001-20	Original Report	2015-06-18

FEMVA

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED and their product is a mobile phone which was named Nitro 5 by applicant, Model: Nitro 5, FCC ID: 2AEN3NITRO5 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Mobile phone
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Portable
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS/EGPRS Data, WCDMA R99 (Voice+Data),HSUPA Rel 6,HSDPA Rel 7 WLAN Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) WLAN: 2412MHz-2462MHz Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 31.57dBm PCS 1900: 28.38 dBm WCDMA 850: 21.99 dBm WCDMA 1900: 21.28 dBm WLAN: 9.34dBm Bluetooth: 9.55dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	145mm (L) × 72 mm (W) × 10 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

FEMVA

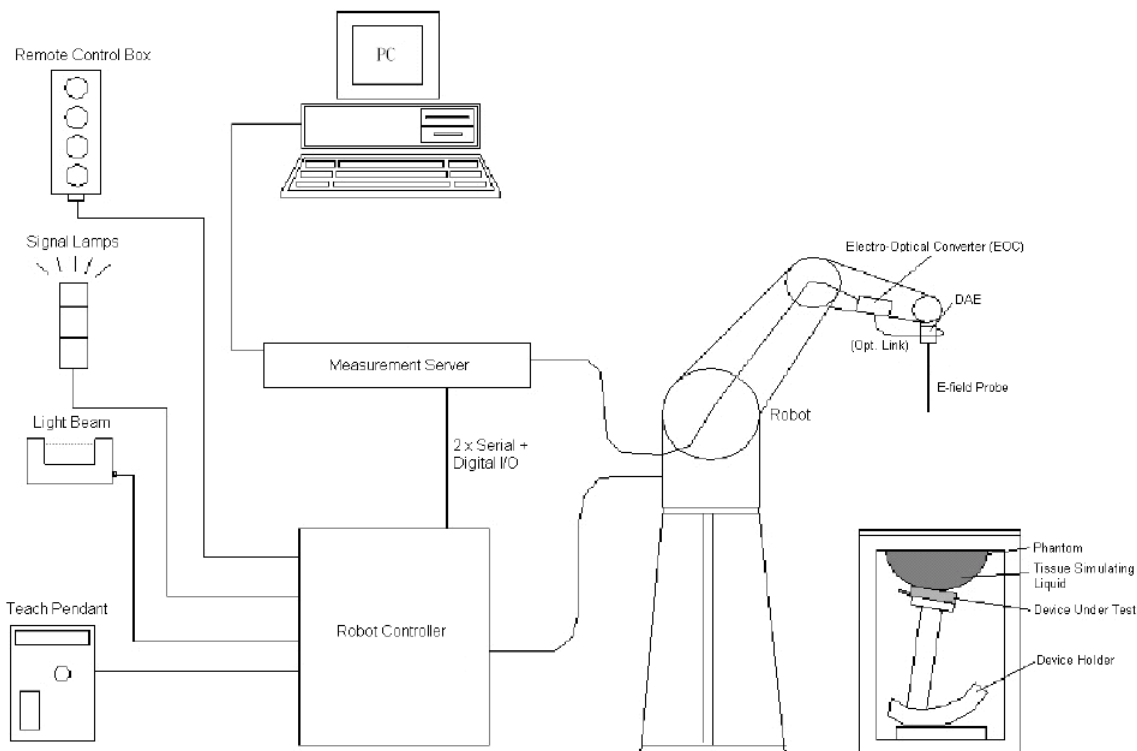
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- _ Right hand
- _ Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L xWx H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L xWx H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during o_-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible.

Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of $\pm 20\%$. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon_r=3$ and loss tangent $\tan \delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm³ in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

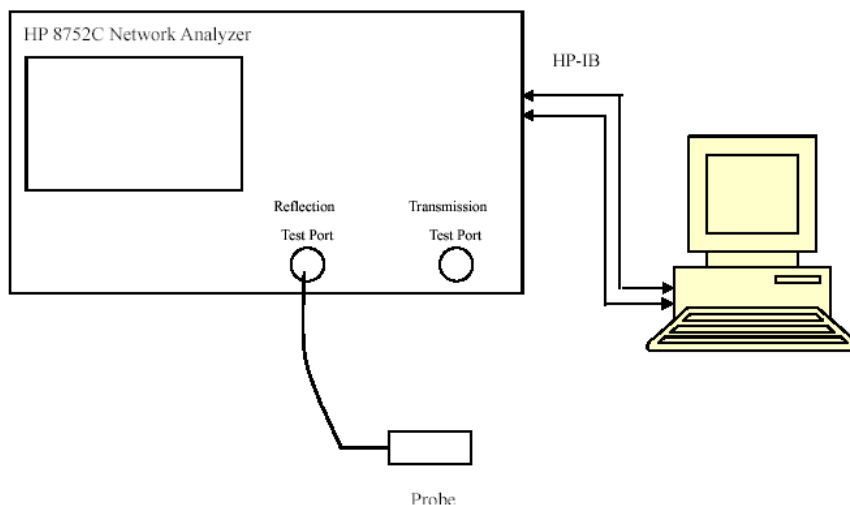
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015-01-26	2016-01-26
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2015-02-05	2016-02-05
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-08
Dipole,1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2013-10-09	2016-10-09
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105047	2014-11-20	2015-11-20
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2015-01-13	2016-01-13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	201504	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	201505	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	201506	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	201507	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2015-06-03	2016-06-03
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2014-10-27	2015-10-27
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2014-11-03	2015-11-03
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta\epsilon_r$	$\Delta\sigma$ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	42.92	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.42	-2.22	±5
	Body	55.16	0.96	55.2	0.97	-0.07	-1.03	±5
826.4	Head	42.88	0.88	41.5	0.9	3.33	-2.22	±5
	Body	55.12	0.97	55.2	0.97	-0.14	0	±5
836.6	Head	42.87	0.89	41.5	0.9	3.3	-1.11	±5
	Body	55.09	0.98	55.2	0.97	-0.2	1.03	±5
846.6	Head	42.83	0.9	41.5	0.9	3.2	0	±5
	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	±5
848.8	Head	42.73	0.9	41.5	0.9	2.96	0	±5
	Body	55.01	0.99	55.2	0.97	-0.34	2.06	±5
1850.2	Head	39.85	1.36	40	1.4	-0.37	-2.86	±5
	Body	55.3	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.75	-2.63	±5
1852.4	Head	39.84	1.35	40	1.4	-0.4	-3.57	±5
	Body	55.22	1.48	53.3	1.52	3.6	-2.63	±5
1880	Head	39.74	1.38	40	1.4	-0.65	-1.43	±5
	Body	53.76	1.54	53.3	1.52	0.86	1.32	±5
1907.6	Head	39.57	1.41	40	1.4	-1.08	0.71	±5
	Body	53.6	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.56	-1.97	±5
1909.8	Head	39.6	1.41	40	1.4	-1	0.71	±5
	Body	53.37	1.49	53.3	1.52	0.13	-1.97	±5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-06-16.

Please refer to the following tables.

835 MHz Head			835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824	42.8892	19.1454	824	55.1513	21.0523
824.5	42.9586	19.11	824.5	55.1653	20.9355
825	42.9386	19.1505	825	55.1683	21.0271
825.5	42.9216	19.1865	825.5	55.1845	20.9836
826	42.8942	19.1448	826	55.1197	21.0558
826.5	42.8712	19.1584	826.5	55.1185	21.0234
827	42.8995	19.1568	827	55.0157	20.9915
827.5	42.9058	19.1738	827.5	55.1459	20.9695
828	42.9626	19.1997	828	55.1399	21.0005
828.5	42.9359	19.2021	828.5	55.1829	21.0042
829	42.9499	19.2605	829	55.1024	20.93
829.5	42.9279	19.1702	829.5	55.0987	20.9372
830	43.0235	19.1981	830	55.0885	20.9458
830.5	42.946	19.2105	830.5	55.12	20.959
831	42.9341	19.1869	831	55.094	20.95
831.5	42.88	19.157	831.5	55.161	20.9718
832	42.9686	19.2119	832	55.1789	20.9599
832.5	42.933	19.2419	832.5	55.1193	20.9399
833	42.953	19.1849	833	55.1145	20.9323
833.5	42.9129	19.2452	833.5	55.1101	20.9827
834	42.905	19.1955	834	55.1449	21.0335
834.5	42.8913	19.1788	834.5	55.0905	20.9334
835	42.9828	19.2467	835	55.0981	20.9397
835.5	42.9421	19.1378	835.5	55.0984	21.0064
836	42.9513	19.1442	836	55.1239	20.9938
836.5	42.8746	19.1629	836.5	55.1016	20.9962
837	42.8365	19.1769	837	55.0655	20.9844
837.5	42.8565	19.2083	837.5	55.0199	20.9037
838	42.8872	19.2177	838	55.1027	20.9753
838.5	42.9128	19.1758	838.5	55.1383	21.0043
839	42.9104	19.1974	839	55.0773	20.9628
839.5	42.9032	19.169	839.5	55.1139	21.0116
840	42.9283	19.116	840	55.025	21.0319
840.5	42.8705	19.0888	840.5	55.1838	20.9645
841	42.9225	19.1691	841	55.0579	20.9894
841.5	42.8662	19.1463	841.5	55.038	20.9619
842	42.8911	19.0989	842	55.0826	20.9841
842.5	42.7937	19.1374	842.5	54.9889	20.9855
843	42.8216	19.0871	843	55.0662	20.9631
843.5	42.8182	19.0845	843.5	55.0006	20.9563
844	42.7881	19.0736	844	55.0953	20.9004
844.5	42.8639	19.0311	844.5	55.0701	21.0366
845	42.7589	19.0679	845	55.1174	20.957
845.5	42.8022	19.0903	845.5	55.0469	20.9227
846	42.8788	19.0155	846	55.0522	20.9901
846.5	42.8524	19.0159	846.5	55.0118	20.9395
847	42.7367	19.0849	847	55.0102	20.9901
847.5	42.7407	18.9913	847.5	55.073	20.9601
848	42.8046	19.0278	848	55.0132	21.0117
848.5	42.7352	18.9908	848.5	54.976	20.8944
849	42.7215	18.978	849	55.0349	20.9357

1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850	39.8427	13.2041	1850	55.2792	14.3571
1851	39.8749	13.2113	1851	55.3766	14.3196
1852	39.8413	13.14	1852	55.2637	14.3647
1853	39.8398	13.1482	1853	55.1644	14.2802
1854	39.8785	13.1907	1854	55.0768	14.192
1855	39.8742	13.2205	1855	55.0749	14.2704
1856	39.8432	13.2005	1856	54.9042	14.255
1857	39.8866	13.1986	1857	54.726	14.1976
1858	39.8556	13.2079	1858	54.634	14.1319
1859	39.8101	13.1974	1859	54.5892	14.0611
1860	39.8171	13.2396	1860	54.4681	14.192
1861	39.8496	13.2358	1861	54.5075	14.1193
1862	39.9005	13.199	1862	54.357	14.088
1863	39.8059	13.1554	1863	54.2196	14.1421
1864	39.8102	13.1711	1864	54.1539	14.1666
1865	39.8701	13.1965	1865	54.1053	14.1527
1866	39.7782	13.2011	1866	53.9736	14.1549
1867	39.7985	13.1981	1867	53.9105	14.1378
1868	39.7773	13.2338	1868	53.829	14.2279
1869	39.8535	13.311	1869	53.7125	14.2089
1870	39.8444	13.2639	1870	53.7021	14.2714
1871	39.8263	13.2184	1871	53.6106	14.2974
1872	39.8179	13.1912	1872	53.6896	14.3605
1873	39.7921	13.1772	1873	53.6672	14.4516
1874	39.7296	13.2619	1874	53.6056	14.423
1875	39.7655	13.1966	1875	53.6231	14.4887
1876	39.7221	13.2582	1876	53.6337	14.549
1877	39.8146	13.2286	1877	53.6565	14.609
1878	39.7448	13.2215	1878	53.6077	14.6655
1879	39.7311	13.2587	1879	53.6774	14.6361
1880	39.7369	13.2327	1880	53.76	14.7565
1881	39.7229	13.2502	1881	53.7366	14.7759
1882	39.7479	13.2533	1882	53.7513	14.7786
1883	39.7178	13.2513	1883	53.8025	14.8119
1884	39.7376	13.2577	1884	53.8937	14.8211
1885	39.7255	13.3152	1885	53.9501	14.8333
1886	39.7118	13.2852	1886	54.1054	14.7726
1887	39.6689	13.2871	1887	54.1878	14.7894
1888	39.6859	13.2431	1888	54.233	14.8035
1889	39.6586	13.323	1889	54.2568	14.712
1890	39.6959	13.3089	1890	54.2555	14.746
1891	39.6759	13.2927	1891	54.3239	14.7427
1892	39.6797	13.2902	1892	54.3649	14.7432
1893	39.6408	13.3126	1893	54.3646	14.6615
1894	39.6974	13.2915	1894	54.3026	14.671
1895	39.6153	13.2911	1895	54.3296	14.5913
1896	39.675	13.3191	1896	54.4509	14.4851
1897	39.6385	13.313	1897	54.4238	14.4604
1898	39.6385	13.3182	1898	54.4259	14.438
1899	39.6406	13.2593	1899	54.2786	14.4012
1900	39.6831	13.3698	1900	54.1822	14.3379

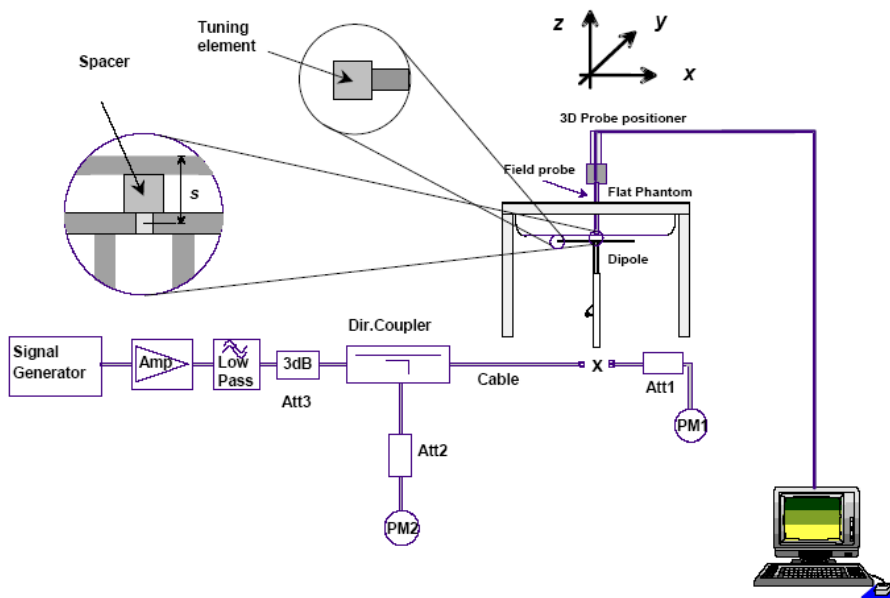
1900 MHz Head			1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1901	39.6553	13.2879	1901	54.1222	14.289
1902	39.5842	13.3564	1902	54.066	14.253
1903	39.6239	13.2647	1903	53.9637	14.1948
1904	39.6443	13.3374	1904	53.8564	14.1442
1905	39.6443	13.3318	1905	53.7856	14.1619
1906	39.5901	13.3499	1906	53.7193	14.0983
1907	39.5565	13.3188	1907	53.6589	14.1301
1908	39.5864	13.3356	1908	53.5549	14.0306
1909	39.6003	13.3597	1909	53.455	14.0194
1910	39.5946	13.2839	1910	53.344	14.0611

FINAL

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015/6/16	835	Head	1g	9.83	9.773	0.58	± 10
		Body	1g	9.39	9.736	-3.55	± 10
	1900	Head	1g	38	39.481	-3.75	± 10
		Body	1g	41.2	39.715	3.74	± 10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

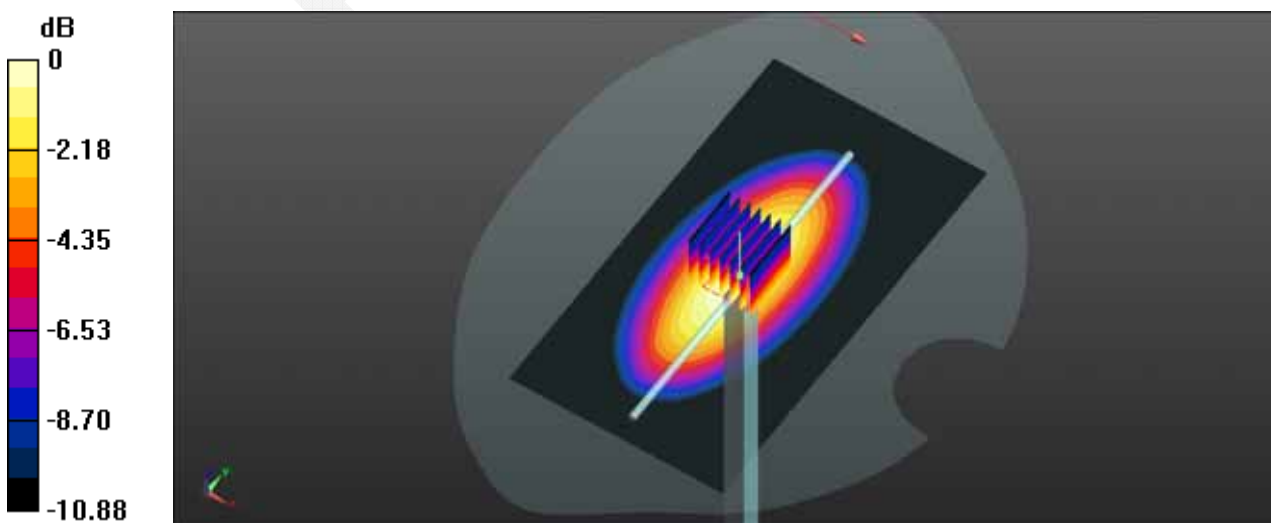
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.894 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.983$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.4 W/kg

System Performance 835MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 107.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.29 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



0 dB = 10.7 W/kg = 10.29 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 835MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-835-S-2; Type: 835 MHz; Serial: 180-00558

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.098$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 835MHz /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 9.60 W/kg

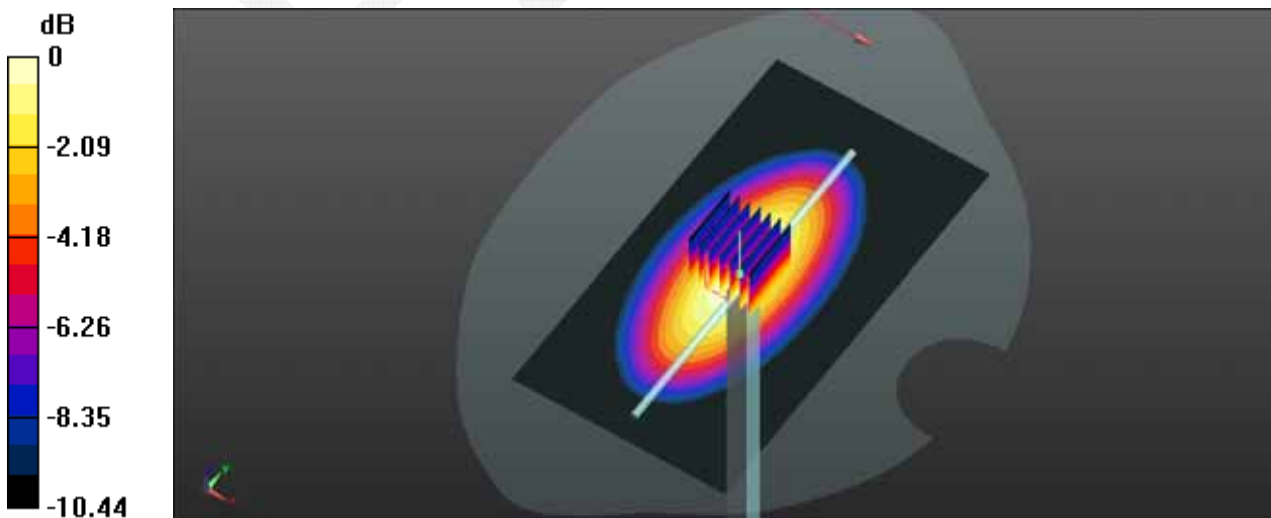
System Performance 835MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 97.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.83 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.88 W/kg



0 dB = 9.88 W/kg = 9.95 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Head

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.413 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.683$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 44.9 W/kg

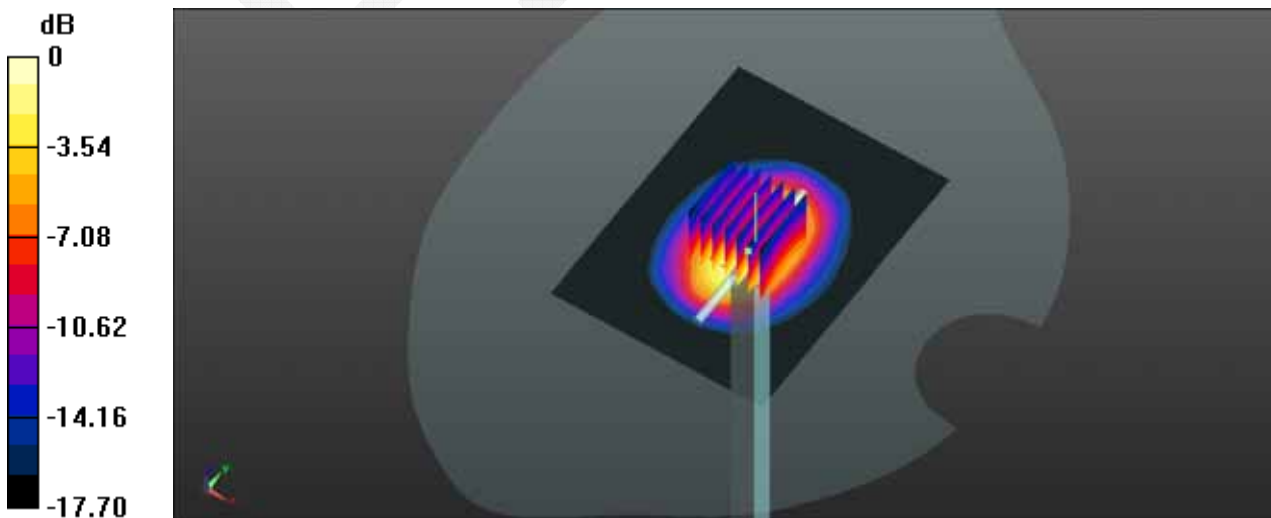
System Performance 1900MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 168.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 71.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 19.7 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 42.6 W/kg



$0 \text{ dB} = 42.6 \text{ W/kg} = 16.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900MHz Body

DUT: ALS-D-1900-S-2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 210-00710

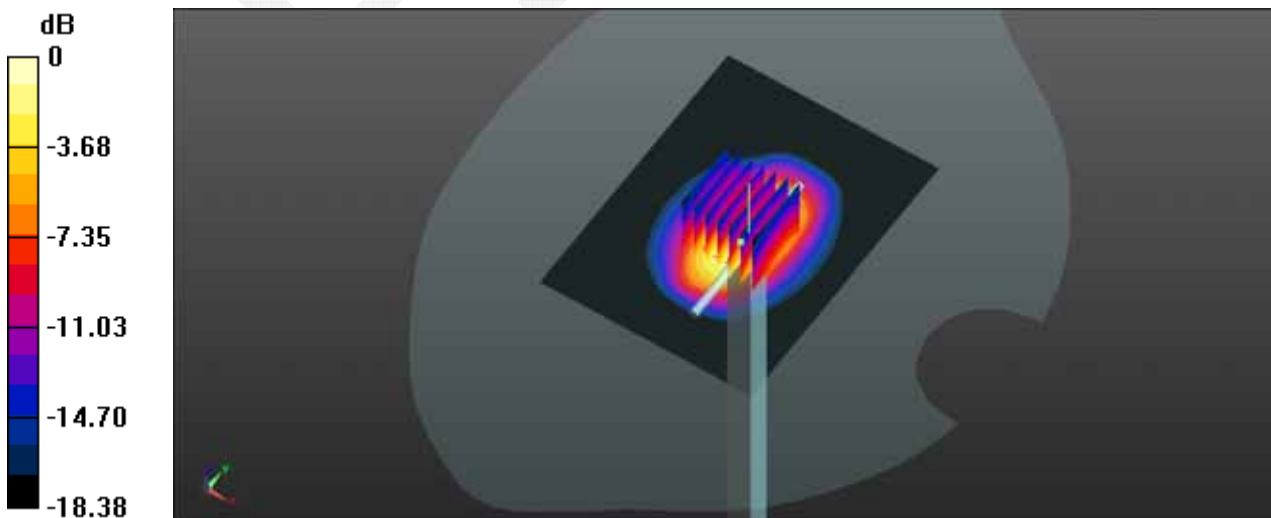
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.515 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.189$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900MHz /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 48.6 W/kg

System Performance 1900MHz /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 171.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 78.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 41.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 20.8 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 47.0 W/kg



0 dB = 47.0 W/kg = 16.72 dBW/kg

Cheek/Touch Position

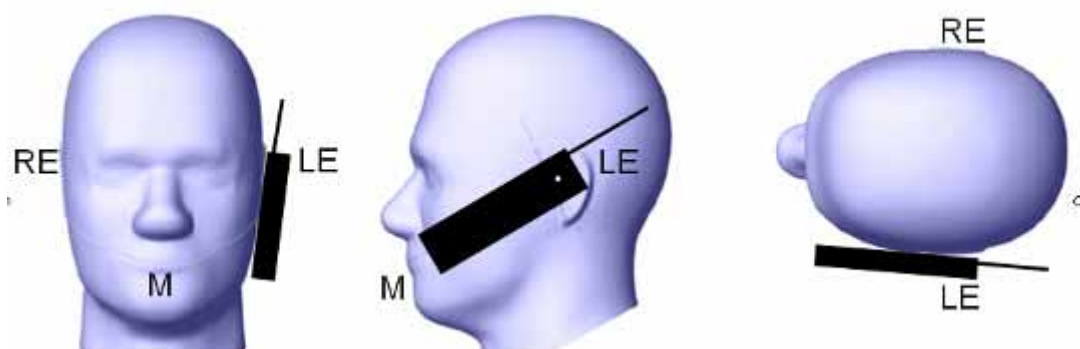
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

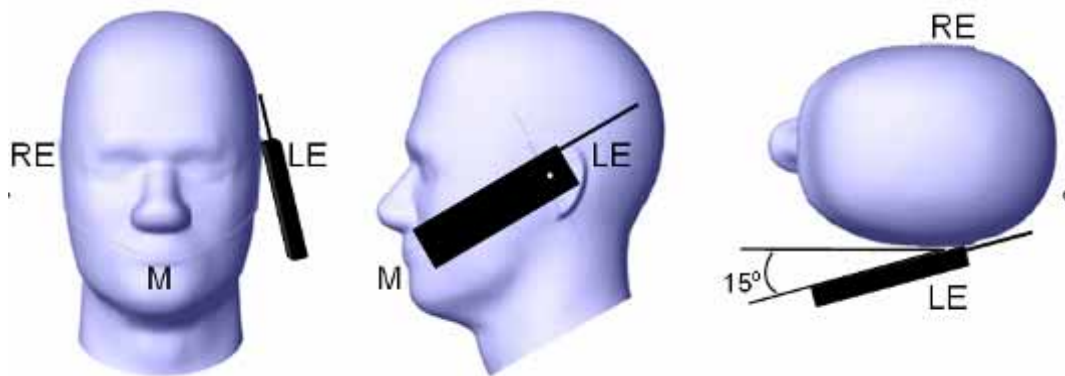
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

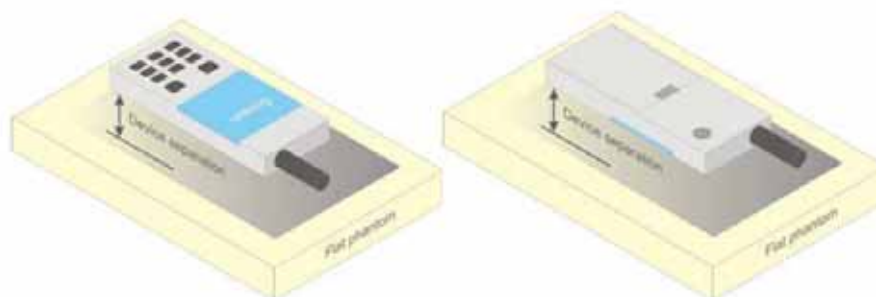


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02

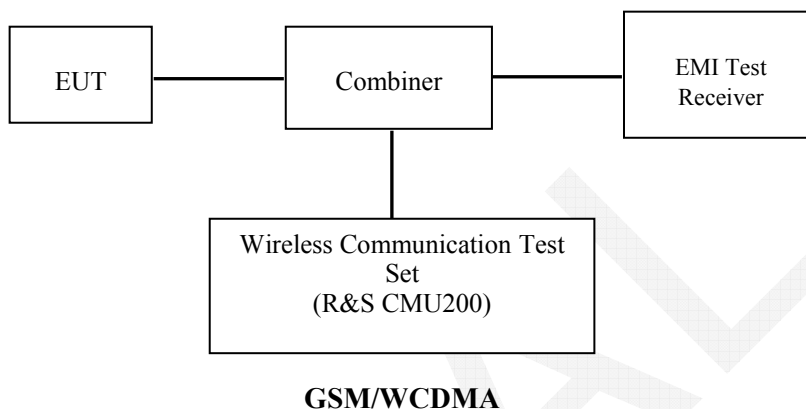
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200.

GSM

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings

Network Support > GSM + only

MS Signal

> 33 dBm for GSM 850

> 30 dBm for GSM 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel

Frequency Offset > + 0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)

BCCH Channel > choose desired test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off

P0 > 4 dB

TCH > choose desired test channel

Hopping > Off

AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

GPRS

Function: Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900
 Press Connection control to choose the different menus
 Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings
 Connection: Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings
 Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM
 Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off
 MS Signal: Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of time slots and power setting
 > Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma
 > 33 dBm for GPRS 850
 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal: Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel
 Frequency Offset >+ 0 Hz
 Mode >BCCH and TCH
 BCCH Level >-85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stable)
 BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH channel]

Channel Type > Off
 P0 > 4 dB
 Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)
 TCH > choose desired test channel
 Hopping >Off
 Main Timeslot >3
 Network: Coding Scheme >CS4 (GPRS)
 Bit Stream >2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream
 AF/RF: Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input
 Connection: Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings

WCDMA Release 99

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c / β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4
WCDMA General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1			
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC			
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1			
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2			
	β_c	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15
	β_d (SF)	64			
	β_c / β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4
	β_{hs}	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8			
	DNAK	8			
	DCQI	8			
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3			
	CQI Feedback	4ms			
	CQI Repetition Factor	2			
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15			

HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5
WCDM A General Settings	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1				
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC				
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1				
	HSUPA Test	HSUPA Loopback				
	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2				
	β_c	11/15	6/15	15/15	2/15	15/15
	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15
	β_c / β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-
	β_{hs}	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0
MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0	
HSDPA Specific Settings	DACK	8				
	DNAK	8				
	DCQI	8				
	Ack-Nack repetition factor	3				
	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor	2				
	$A_{hs} = \beta_{hs} / \beta_c$	30/15				
HSUPA Specific Settings	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81
	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9
	Reference E_FCI	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27	E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		

HSPA+

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 30/15 β_{ed2} : 30/15	β_{ed3} : 24/15 β_{ed4} : 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and $\beta_d = 0$ by default.

Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{BF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
<p>Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.</p> <p>Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.</p>		

Maximum Target Output Power

Mode/Band	Max Target Power (dBm)		
	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 850	31.7	31.7	31.7
GPRS 1 TX Slot	31.7	31.7	31.7
GPRS 2 TX Slot	29.6	29.6	29.6
GPRS 3 TX Slot	27.9	27.9	27.9
GPRS 4 TX Slot	25.9	25.9	25.9
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.2	26.2	26.2
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.7	25.7	25.7
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24.3	24.3	24.3
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22	22	22
GSM 1900	28.5	28.5	28.5
GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.5	28.5	28.5
GPRS 2 TX Slot	26.3	26.3	26.3
GPRS 3 TX Slot	24.8	24.8	24.8
GPRS 4 TX Slot	22.8	22.8	22.8
EDGE 1 TX Slot	25.2	25.2	25.2
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25	25	25
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.5	23.5	23.5
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22.8	22.8	22.8
WCDMA850	22	22	22
HSDPA	21.6	21.6	21.6
HSUPA	21.3	21.3	21.3
DC-HSDPA	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSPA+	21	21	21
WCDMA1900	21.4	21.4	21.4
HSDPA	21.4	21.4	21.4
HSUPA	21.2	21.2	21.2
DC-HSDPA	21.2	21.2	21.2
HSPA+	21	21	21
WLAN	9.5	9.5	9.5
Bluetooth	9.6	9.6	9.6

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.49
	190	836.6	31.57
	251	848.8	31.53
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.22
	661	1880	28.27
	810	1909.8	28.39

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	31.48	29.36	27.56	25.64
	190	836.6	31.55	29.48	27.72	25.82
	251	848.8	31.5	29.51	27.78	25.84
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	28.25	25.9	24.35	22.37
	661	1880	28.3	26.04	24.53	22.52
	810	1909.8	28.38	26.17	24.71	22.74

EGPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	25.81	25.44	24.15	21.95
	190	836.6	26.05	25.59	24.21	21.83
	251	848.8	26	25.62	24.12	21.57
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	23.62	23.41	21.78	19.5
	661	1880	24.17	23.97	22.37	20.36
	810	1909.8	25.11	24.87	23.44	22.74

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	22.48	23.36	23.31	22.64
	190	836.6	22.55	23.48	23.47	22.82
	251	848.8	22.5	23.51	23.53	22.84
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	19.25	19.9	20.1	19.37
	661	1880	19.3	20.04	20.28	19.52
	810	1909.8	19.38	20.17	20.46	19.74

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	16.81	19.44	19.9	18.95
	190	836.6	17.05	19.59	19.96	18.83
	251	848.8	17	19.62	19.87	18.57
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	14.62	17.41	17.53	16.5
	661	1880	15.17	17.97	18.12	17.36
	810	1909.8	16.11	18.87	19.19	19.74

Note:

1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
4. According to KDB941225D06-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode

**WCDMA:
Results (12.2kbps RMC)**

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.89
	4183	836.6	21.72
	4233	846.6	21.99
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.28
	9400	1880	21.28
	9538	1907.6	21.24

Results (HSDPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.05	21.04	21.03	21.02
	4183	836.6	21.5	21.48	21.49	21.51
	4233	846.6	21.14	21.15	21.14	21.12
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	20.95	21.04	21.18	21.06
	9400	1880	20.48	20.59	20.78	20.56
	9538	1907.6	20.96	21.07	21.25	21.01

Results (HSUPA)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	21.05	21.04	21.03	21.02	20.76
	4183	836.6	21.5	21.48	21.49	21.51	21.1
	4233	846.6	21.14	21.15	21.14	21.12	20.75
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	21.02	21.01	21.05	21.02	21.03
	9400	1880	20.63	20.67	20.59	20.77	20.73
	9538	1907.6	20.54	20.8	20.94	20.72	20.88

Results (DC-HSDPA):

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.96	20.93	20.88	20.91
	4183	836.6	21.43	21.37	21.35	21.48
	4233	846.6	21.17	21.12	21.11	21.16
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	20.88	21.13	21.11	21.15
	9400	1880	20.53	20.51	20.73	20.50
	9538	1907.6	20.87	21.11	21.16	20.69

Results (HSPA+)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
WCDMA 850	4132	826.4	20.58
	4183	836.6	20.85
	4233	846.6	20.73
WCDMA 1900	9262	1852.4	20.87
	9400	1880	20.45
	9538	1907.6	20.83

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.
2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
BDR(GFSK)	0	2402	6.12
	39	2441	7.44
	78	2480	7.57
EDR(4-DQPSK)	0	2402	8.03
	39	2441	9.03
	78	2480	8.99
EDR-8DPSK	0	2402	8.61
	39	2441	9.55
	78	2480	9.46

WLAN

Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
802.11b	1	2412	9.21
	6	2437	9.34
	11	2462	8.45
802.11g	1	2412	9.03
	6	2437	9.11
	11	2462	9.21
802.11n HT20	1	2412	9.03
	6	2437	9.11
	11	2462	9.22
802.11n HT40	3	2422	9.08
	6	2437	9.18
	9	2452	9.10

Note:

1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n HT20, 13.5Mbps for 802.11n HT40.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.5-24
Relative Humidity:	35 %
ATM Pressure:	1003 mbar

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao on 2015-06-16

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	1.714	31.49	31.7	1.05	0.864	0.907	/
	836.6	GSM	0.231	31.57	31.7	1.03	0.919	0.947	1#
	848.8	GSM	1.36	31.53	31.7	1.04	0.909	0.945	/
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.578	31.57	31.7	1.03	0.703	0.724	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	-0.12	31.49	31.7	1.05	0.865	0.908	/
	836.6	GSM	0.304	31.57	31.7	1.03	0.882	0.908	/
	848.8	GSM	0.581	31.53	31.7	1.04	0.867	0.902	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-3.809	31.57	31.7	1.03	0.694	0.715	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	1.734	31.57	31.7	1.03	0.369	0.38	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	1.17	27.56	27.9	1.081	0.385	0.416	/
	836.6	GPRS	-3.601	27.72	27.9	1.042	0.399	0.416	/
	848.8	GPRS	-0.917	27.78	27.9	1.028	0.414	0.426	2#
Body-Left (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	0.199	27.78	27.9	1.028	0.082	0.084	/
Body-Right (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	0.602	27.78	27.9	1.028	0.124	0.127	/
Body-Top (10mm)	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	-0.137	27.78	27.9	1.028	0.136	0.14	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8W/Kg$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	2.283	28.22	28.5	1.067	1.060	1.131	/
	1880	GSM	-0.203	28.27	28.5	1.054	1.080	1.139	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.231	28.39	28.5	1.026	1.110	1.138	3#
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	1.806	28.22	28.5	1.067	0.826	0.881	/
	1880	GSM	-1.043	28.27	28.5	1.054	0.833	0.878	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.174	28.39	28.5	1.026	0.874	0.897	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	1.044	28.22	28.5	1.067	0.994	1.061	/
	1880	GSM	-0.481	28.27	28.5	1.054	1.017	1.072	/
	1909.8	GSM	1.966	28.39	28.5	1.026	1.062	1.09	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	-2.809	28.22	28.5	1.067	0.751	0.801	/
	1880	GSM	3.713	28.27	28.5	1.054	0.763	0.804	/
	1909.8	GSM	2.727	28.39	28.5	1.026	0.795	0.816	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GSM	-3.084	28.39	28.5	1.026	0.287	0.294	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	-2.779	24.35	24.8	1.109	0.288	0.319	/
	1880.0	GPRS	-1.717	24.53	24.8	1.064	0.302	0.321	/
	1909.8	GPRS	0.693	24.71	24.8	1.021	0.319	0.326	4#
Body-Left (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	3.671	24.71	24.8	1.021	0.061	0.062	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	-3.427	24.71	24.8	1.021	0.097	0.099	/
Body-Top (10mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1909.8	GPRS	-0.152	24.71	24.8	1.021	0.123	0.126	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is $\leq 0.8W/Kg$, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 3DL+2UL is the worst case.

WCDMA 850 Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	826.4	WCDMA	-3.348	21.89	22	1.026	0.836	0.858	/
	836.6	WCDMA	3.145	21.72	22	1.067	0.803	0.857	/
	846.6	WCDMA	-0.459	21.99	22	1.002	0.865	0.867	5#
Left Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	1.932	21.99	22	1.002	0.633	0.634	/
Right Head Cheek	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	3.519	21.99	22	1.002	0.788	0.79	/
Right Head Tilt	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	-0.408	21.99	22	1.002	0.601	0.602	/
Body-Back (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	1.773	21.89	22	1.026	0.352	0.361	/
	836.6	WCDMA	-3.095	21.72	22	1.067	0.336	0.359	/
	846.6	WCDMA	-0.391	21.99	22	1.002	0.379	0.38	6#
Body-Left (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	2.711	21.99	22	1.002	0.047	0.047	/
Body-Right (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	-3.015	21.99	22	1.002	0.059	0.059	/
Body- Top (10mm)	826.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	846.6	WCDMA	1.849	21.99	22	1.002	0.093	0.093	/

WCDMA 1900 Band:

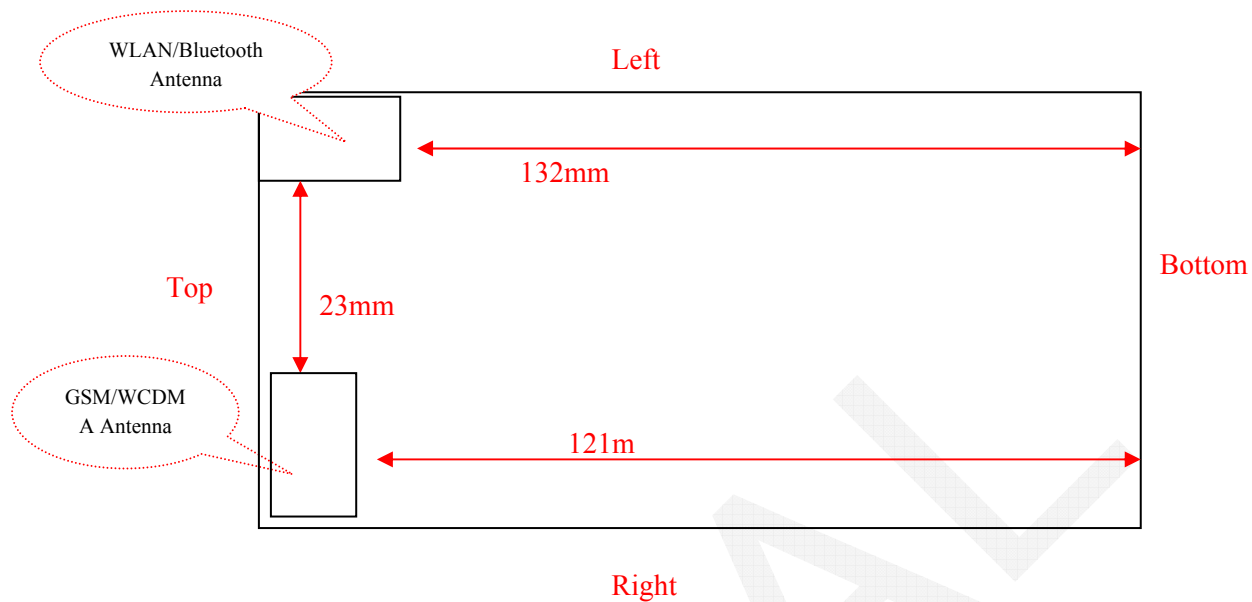
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1852.4	WCDMA	-2.675	21.28	21.4	1.028	1.120	1.151	/
	1880	WCDMA	2.094	21.28	21.4	1.028	1.170	1.203	7#
	1907.6	WCDMA	-2.078	21.24	21.4	1.038	1.130	1.172	/
Left Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	1.03	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.952	0.979	/
	1880	WCDMA	-2.153	21.28	21.4	1.028	1.016	1.044	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	-3.554	21.24	21.4	1.038	0.913	0.948	/
Right Head Cheek	1852.4	WCDMA	3.024	21.28	21.4	1.028	1.080	1.110	/
	1880	WCDMA	0.571	21.28	21.4	1.028	1.120	1.151	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	2.842	21.24	21.4	1.038	1.060	1.100	/
Right Head Tilt	1852.4	WCDMA	2.724	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.865	0.889	/
	1880	WCDMA	1.792	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.911	0.937	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	-0.055	21.24	21.4	1.038	0.882	0.916	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	-3.566	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.46	0.473	/
	1880	WCDMA	4.232	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.486	0.5	8#
	1907.6	WCDMA	3.31	21.24	21.4	1.038	0.457	0.474	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-2.289	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.079	0.081	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	-0.73	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.092	0.095	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body- Top (10mm)	1852.4	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880	WCDMA	2.225	21.28	21.4	1.028	0.103	0.106	/
	1907.6	WCDMA	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is $< 75\%$ of SAR limit.
5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT&WLAN and GSM&3G Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	√	×	23
GSM + WLAN	√	√	23
WCDMA+ Bluetooth	√	×	23
WCDMA + WLAN	√	√	23

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	2462	9.5	8.91	0	2.8	3	YES
Bluetooth	2480	9.6	9.12	0	2.87	3	YES

NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR, where}$$

1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2462	9.5	8.91	0	0.37
WLAN Body	2462	9.5	8.91	10	0.186
BT Head	2480	9.6	9.12	0	0.38
BT Body	2480	9.6	9.12	10	0.19

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}]$$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
 where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.947	0.38	1.327
	Left Head Tilt	0.724	0.38	1.104
	Right Head Cheek	0.908	0.38	1.288
	Right Head Tilt	0.715	0.38	1.095
	Body-Back-Headset	0.38	0.38	0.76
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.426	0.19	0.616
	Body-Right	0.084	0.19	0.274
	Body-Left	0.127	0.19	0.317
	Body-Top	0.14	0.19	0.33
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	1.138	0.38	1.518
	Left Head Tilt	0.897	0.38	1.277
	Right Head Cheek	1.09	0.38	1.47
	Right Head Tilt	0.816	0.38	1.196
	Body-Back-Headset	0.294	0.38	0.674
GPRS 1900 + Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.326	0.19	0.516
	Body-Right	0.062	0.19	0.252
	Body-Left	0.099	0.19	0.289
	Body-Top	0.126	0.19	0.316
WCDMA 850+Bluetooth	Left Head Cheek	0.867	0.38	1.247
	Left Head Tilt	0.634	0.38	1.014
	Right Head Cheek	0.79	0.38	1.17
	Right Head Tilt	0.602	0.38	0.982
	Body-Back	0.38	0.19	0.57
	Body-Right	0.047	0.19	0.237
	Body-Left	0.059	0.19	0.249
WCDMA 1900+Bluetooth	Body-Top	0.093	0.19	0.283
	Left Head Cheek	1.203	0.38	1.583
	Left Head Tilt	1.044	0.38	1.424
	Right Head Cheek	1.15	0.38	1.53
	Right Head Tilt	0.937	0.38	1.317
	Body-Back	0.5	0.19	0.69
	Body-Right	0.081	0.19	0.271
	Body-Left	0.095	0.19	0.285
Body-Top	0.106	0.19	0.296	

Mode (SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		Σ SAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
GSM 850+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.947	0.37	1.317
	Left Head Tilt	0.724	0.37	1.094
	Right Head Cheek	0.908	0.37	1.278
	Right Head Tilt	0.715	0.37	1.085
	Body-Back-Headset	0.38	0.37	0.75
GPRS 850 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.426	0.186	0.612
	Body-Right	0.084	0.186	0.27
	Body-Left	0.127	0.186	0.313
	Body-Top	0.14	0.186	0.326
PCS1900 + WLAN	Left Head Cheek	1.138	0.37	1.508
	Left Head Tilt	0.897	0.37	1.267
	Right Head Cheek	1.09	0.37	1.46
	Right Head Tilt	0.816	0.37	1.186
	Body-Back-Headset	0.294	0.37	0.664
GPRS 1900 + WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.326	0.186	0.512
	Body-Right	0.062	0.186	0.248
	Body-Left	0.099	0.186	0.285
	Body-Top	0.126	0.186	0.312
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	0.867	0.37	1.237
	Left Head Tilt	0.634	0.37	1.004
	Right Head Cheek	0.79	0.37	1.16
	Right Head Tilt	0.602	0.37	0.972
WCDMA 850+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.38	0.186	0.566
	Body-Right	0.047	0.186	0.233
	Body-Left	0.059	0.186	0.245
	Body-Top	0.093	0.186	0.279
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Left Head Cheek	1.203	0.37	1.573
	Left Head Tilt	1.044	0.37	1.414
	Right Head Cheek	1.15	0.37	1.52
	Right Head Tilt	0.937	0.37	1.307
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN (Hotspot)	Body-Back	0.5	0.186	0.686
	Body-Right	0.081	0.186	0.267
	Body-Left	0.095	0.186	0.281
	Body-Top	0.106	0.186	0.292

Note: Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.

Conclusion:

SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:GSM 850 Left-Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.892 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.875$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

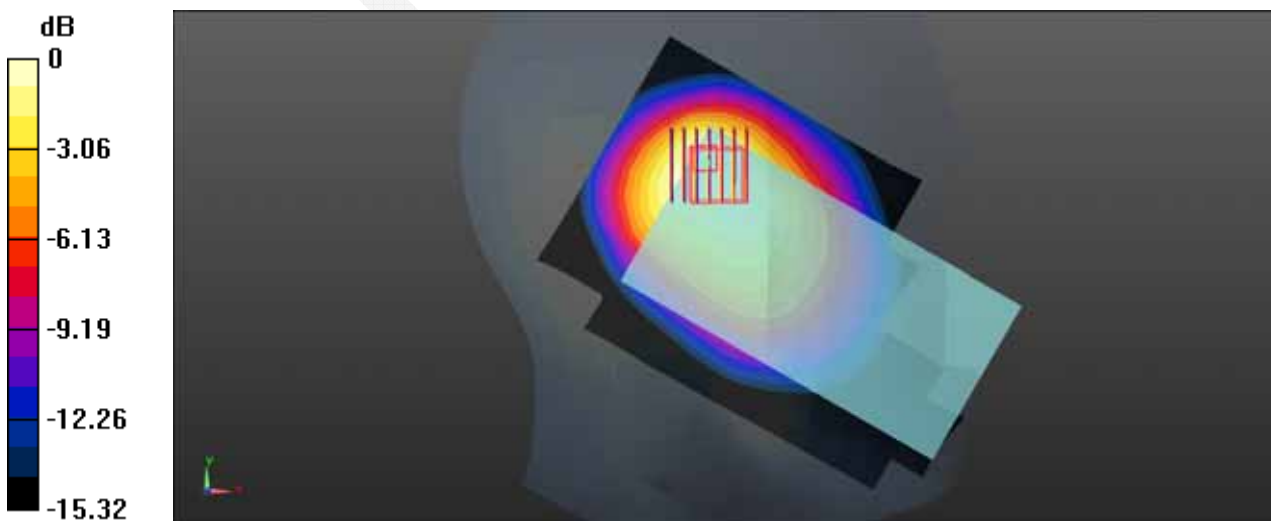
Head/GSM 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 27.61 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.919 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.575 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



0 dB = 1.00 W/kg = 0.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 2#:GSM 850 Back High Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

Communication System: Generic GPRS-3 SLOT; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.66

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.989 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.035$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

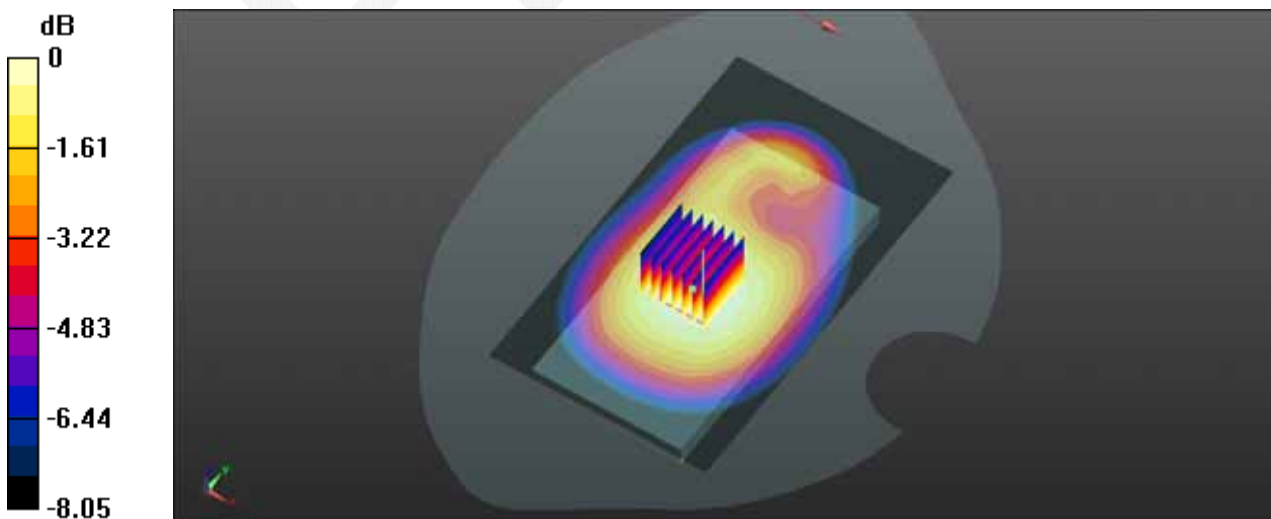
Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.414 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg



0 dB = 0.433 W/kg = -3.64 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 3#:GSM 1900Left Cheek High Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.411 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.595$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.38 W/kg

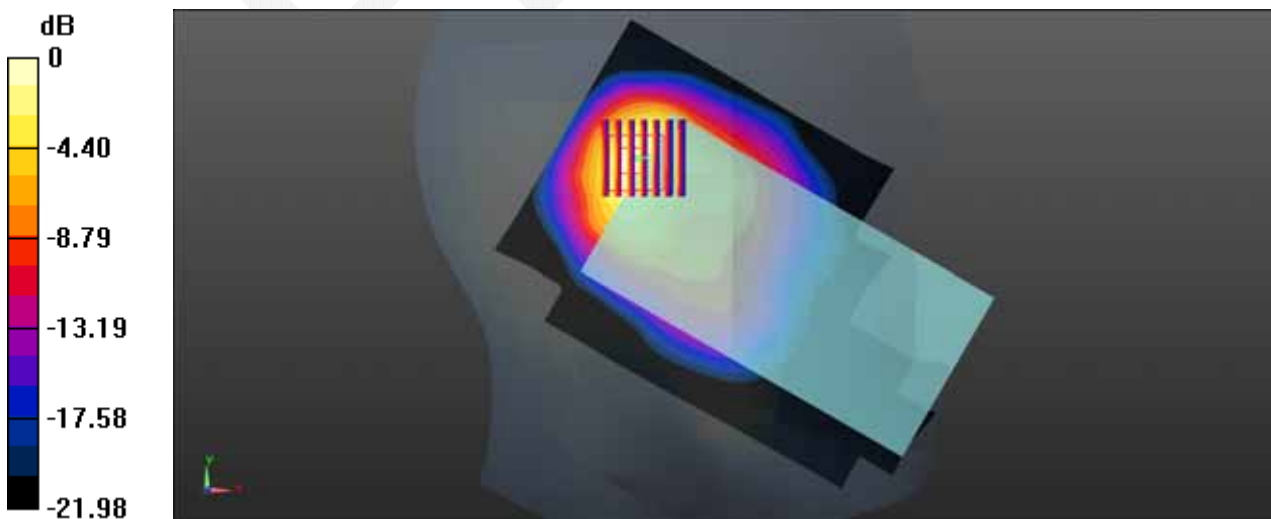
Head/PCS 1900-Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 4#:PCS 1900 Back High Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

Communication System: Generic GPRS-3 SLOT; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.66

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.494 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.368$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.339 W/kg

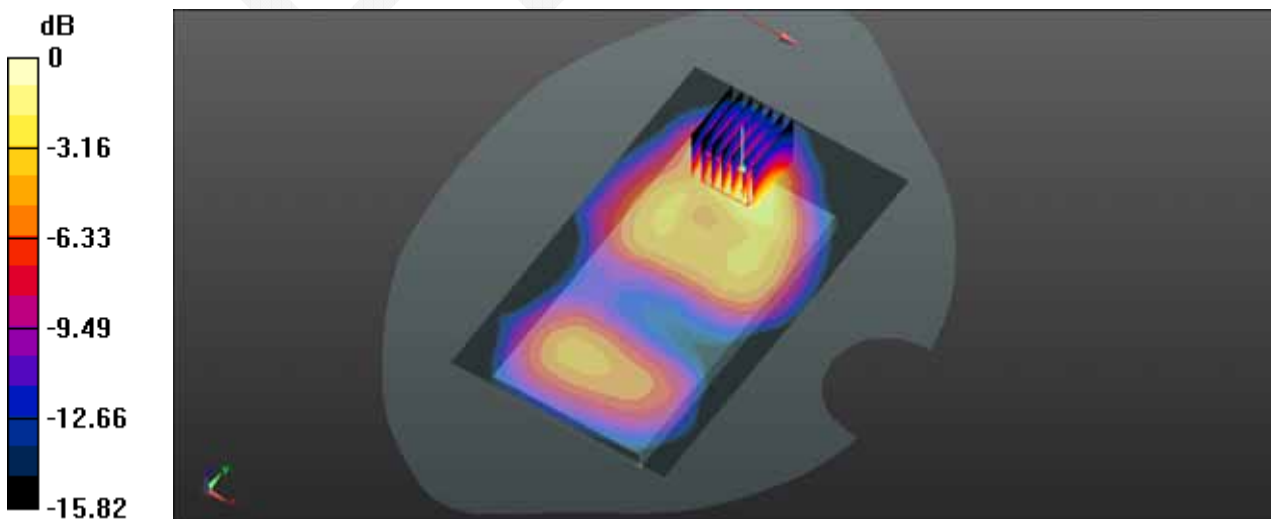
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.703 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.319 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.355 W/kg



0 dB = 0.355 W/kg = -4.50 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 5#:WCDMA 850 Left-Cheek High Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

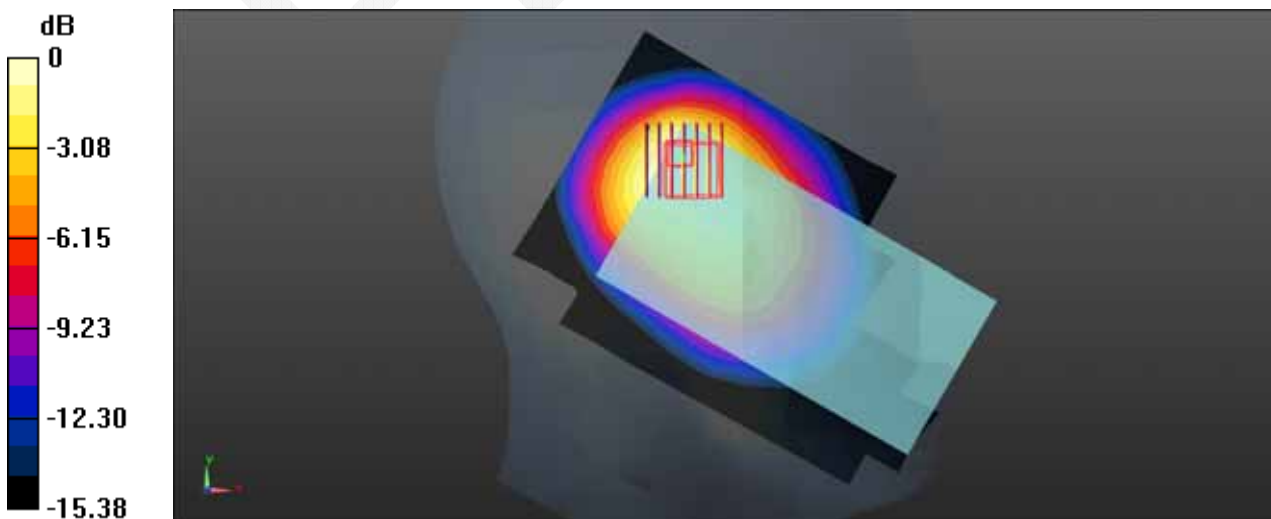
Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.895 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.852$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.52, 9.52, 9.52); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.943 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 26.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.865 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.931 W/kg



0 dB = 0.931 W/kg = -0.31 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 6#:WCDMA 850 Back High Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

Communication System: BAND V; Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.986 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.012$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.17, 9.17, 9.17); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.397 W/kg

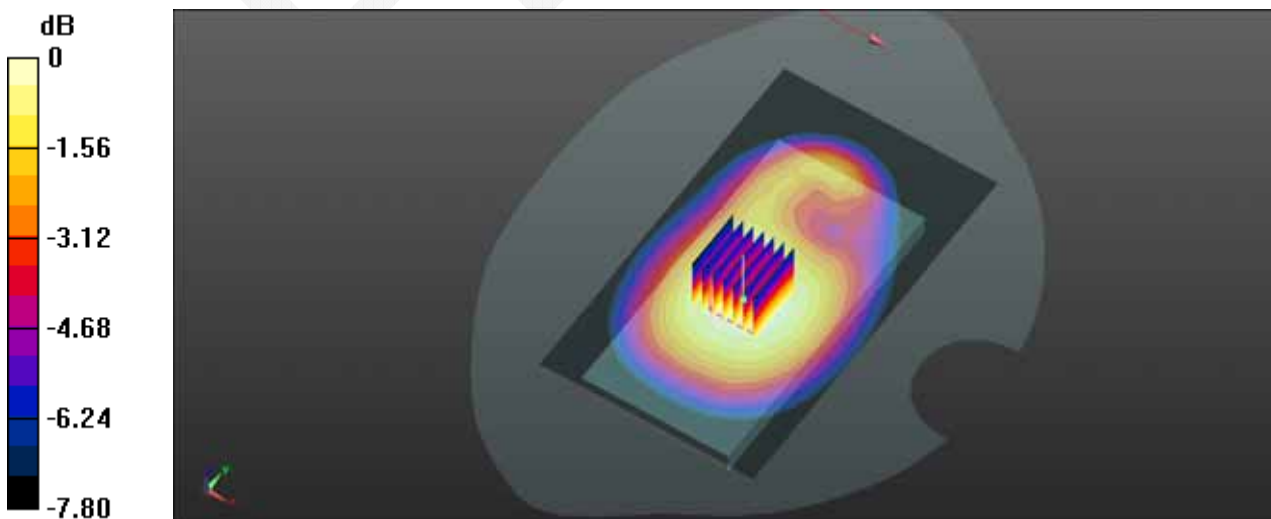
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.475 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 W/kg



0 dB = 0.396 W/kg = -4.02 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 7#:WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

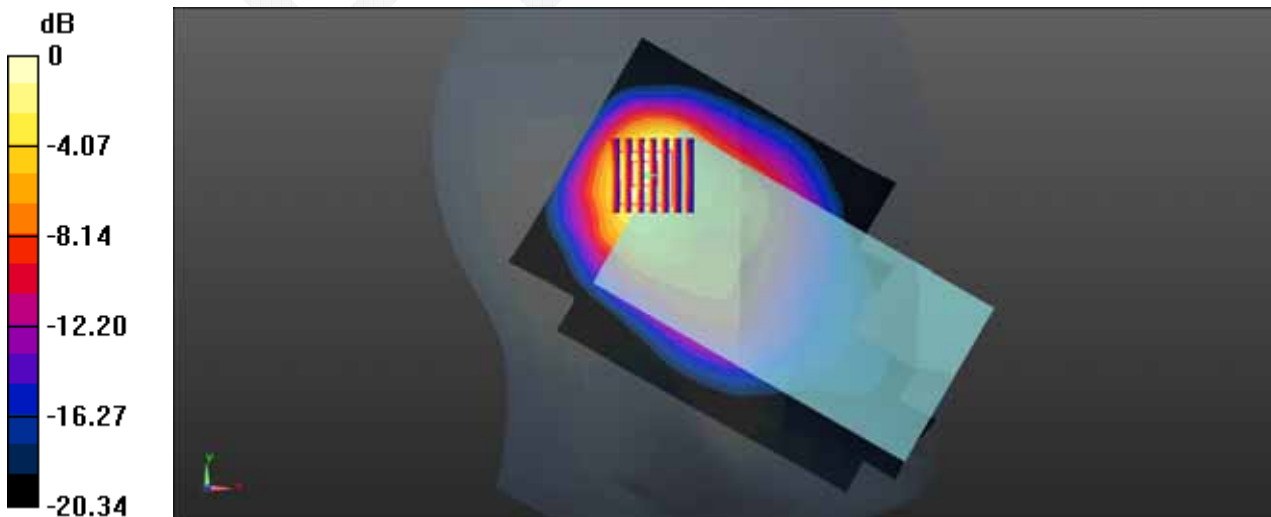
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.384 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.737$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.56 W/kg

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 23.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.85 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.652 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



0 dB = 1.53 W/kg = 1.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 8#:WCDMA 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: Nitro 5; Type: Nitro 5

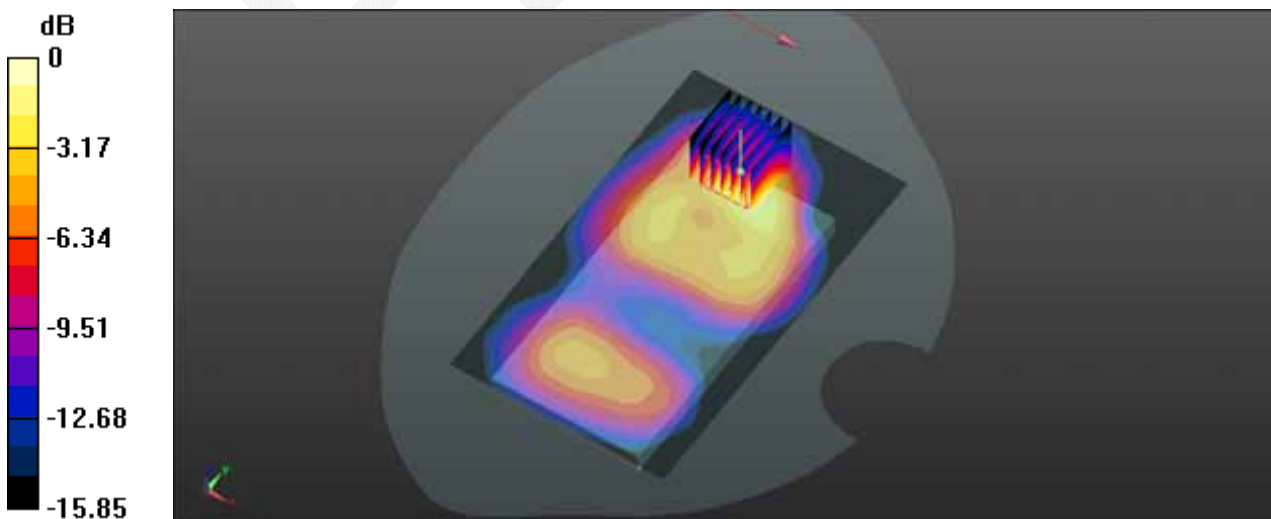
Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.543$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.738$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2015/2/5;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/1/26
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.520 W/kg

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 9.130 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.851 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.486 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.536 W/kg



0 dB = 0.536 W/kg = -2.71 dBW/kg

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambientconditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Disisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **BACL China (Vitec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-7329_Feb15**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **EX3DV4 - SN:7329**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 5, 2015**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 9, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., θ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- **PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- **A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C, D** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- **ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to **NDRM_{x,y,z} * ConvF** whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the **NORM_x** (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Probe EX3DV4

SN:7329

Manufactured: December 11, 2014
Calibrated: February 5, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.48	0.43	0.46	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	96.7	97.6	94.2	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^C (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		147.0	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		150.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^C Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^g	Depth ^g (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	41.5	0.97	9.52	9.52	9.52	0.40	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.68	0.61	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.06	7.06	7.06	0.33	0.84	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^g Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
900	55.0	1.05	9.17	9.17	9.17	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.70	0.64	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.56	7.56	7.56	0.56	0.70	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.78	0.59	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

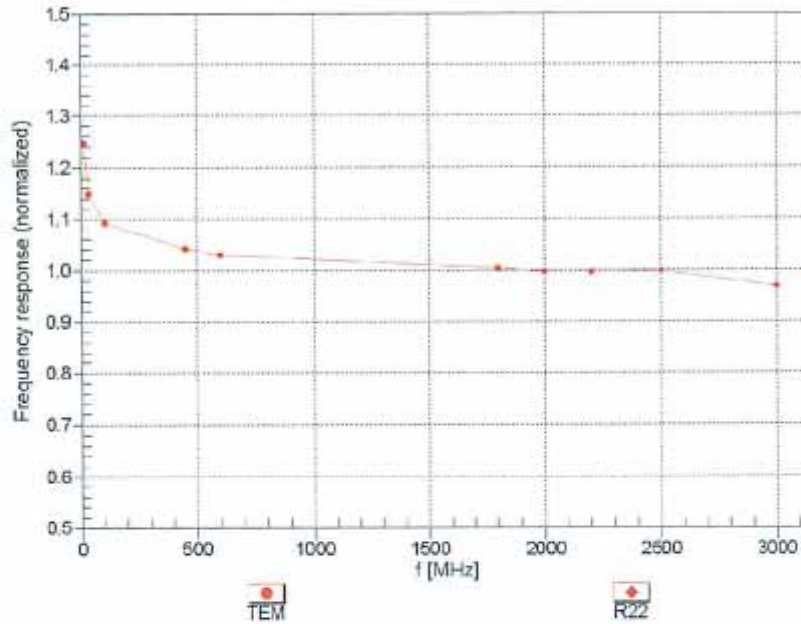
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

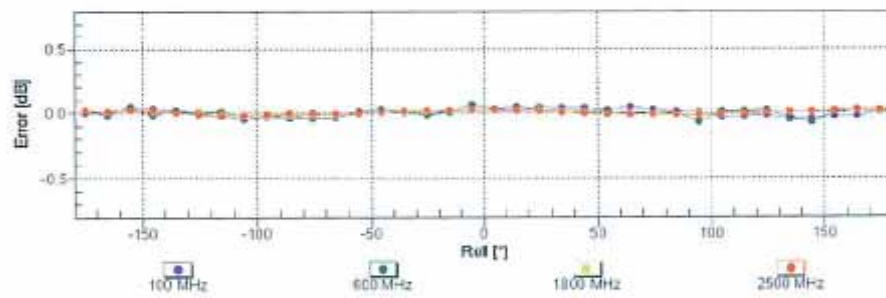
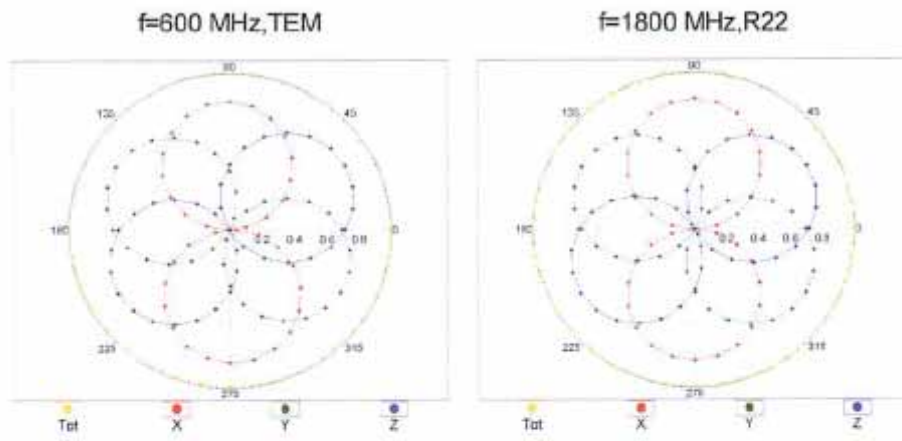


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

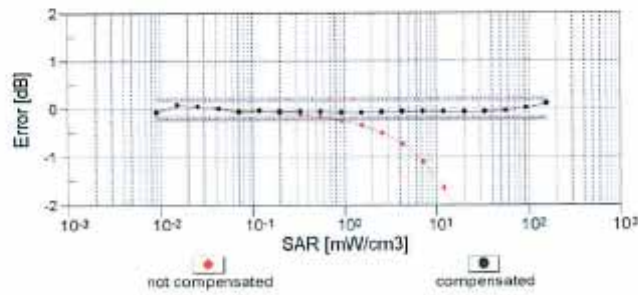
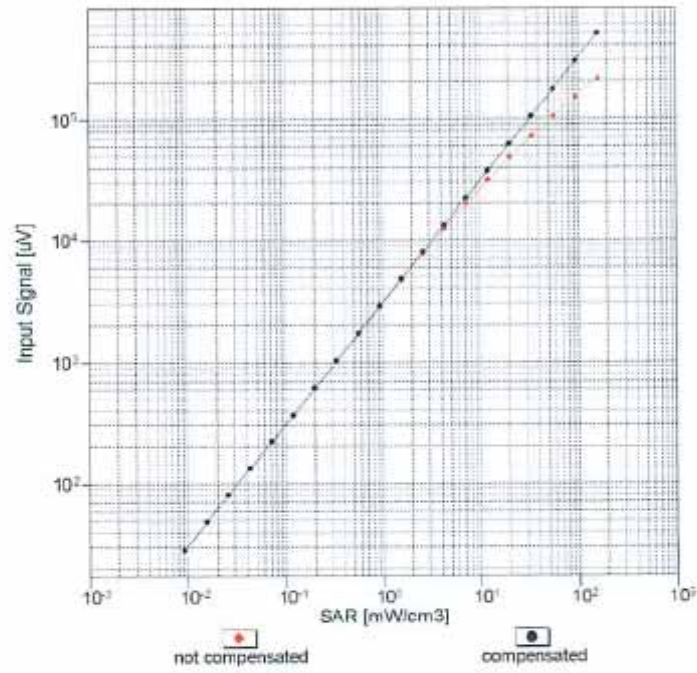


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Dynamic Range $f(SAR_{head})$ (TEM cell, $f_{eval} = 1900$ MHz)

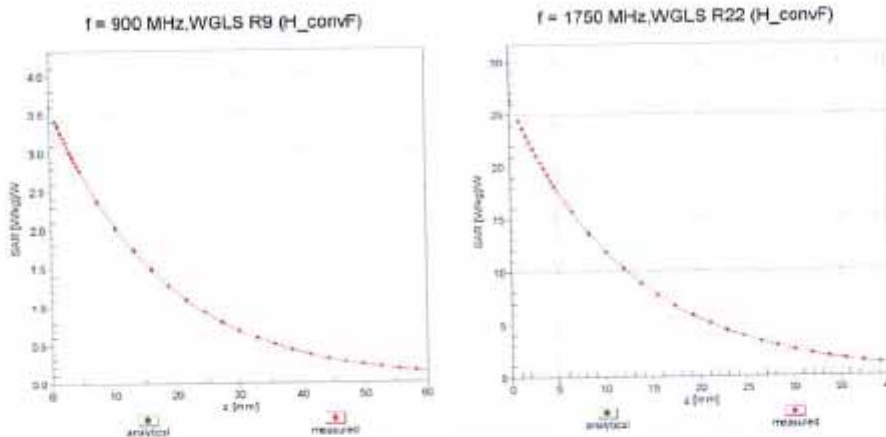


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

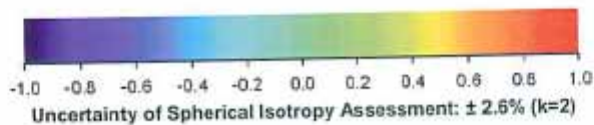
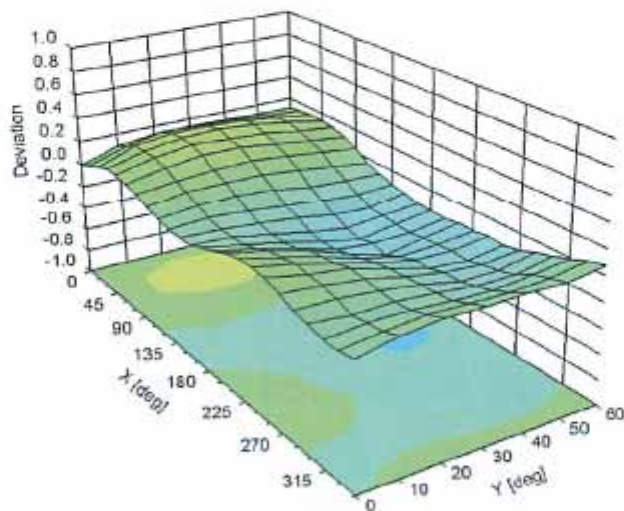
EX3DV4-SN:7329

February 5, 2015

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, θ), f = 900 MHz



EX3DV4- SN:7329

February 5, 2015

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7329

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	24.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599
Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the
NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized
procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014
Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:



Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613)435-8306

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Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager



Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

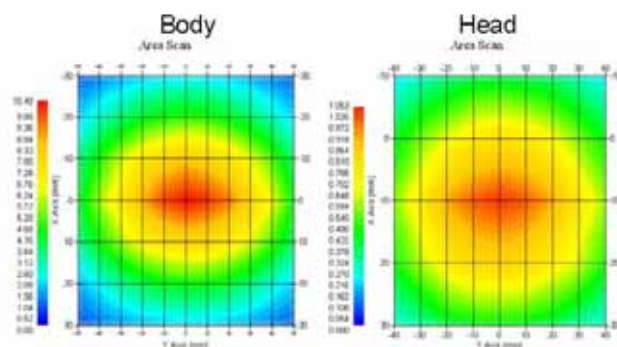
Length: 162.2 mm
 Height: 89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001 Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω \square

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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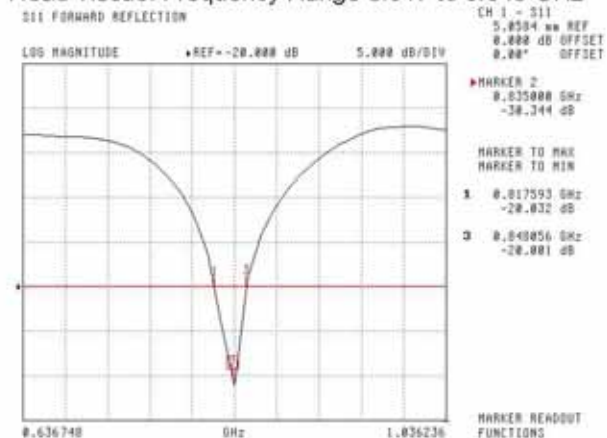
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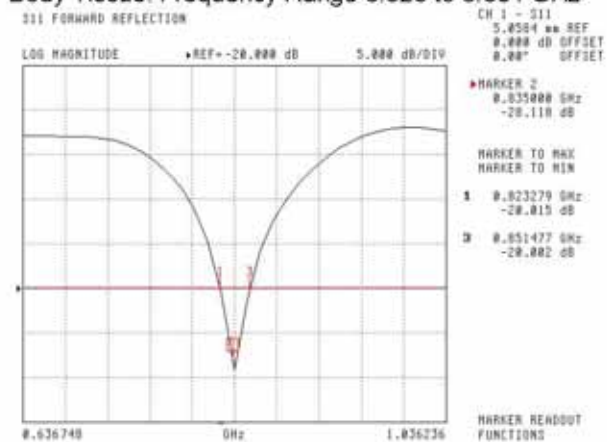
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



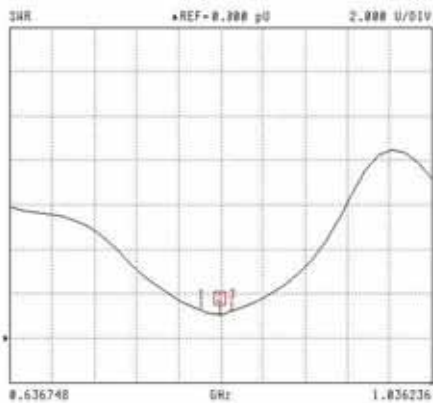
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**SWR
Head**

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION



CH 1 - S11
5.8504 uV REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
0.835000 GHz
1.056 U

MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN

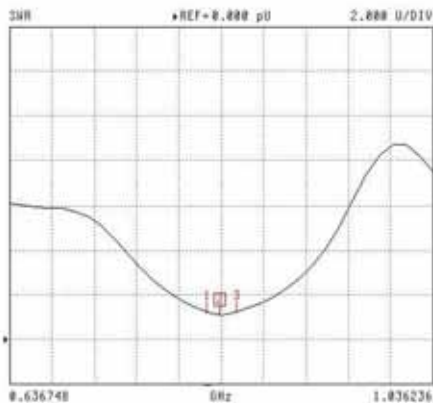
1 0.817593 GHz
1.251 U

3 0.848956 GHz
1.235 U

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

Body

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION



CH 1 - S11
5.8504 uV REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
0.850000 GHz
1.009 U

MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN

1 0.823279 GHz
1.226 U

3 0.851477 GHz
1.234 U

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

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7

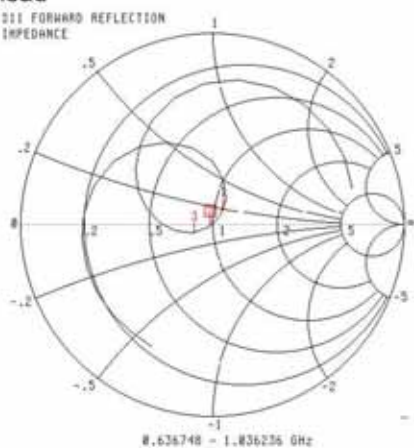
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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION
IMPEDANCE



CH 1 - S11
5.0584 mV REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
0.835000 GHz
49.001 Ω
-1.317 jΩ

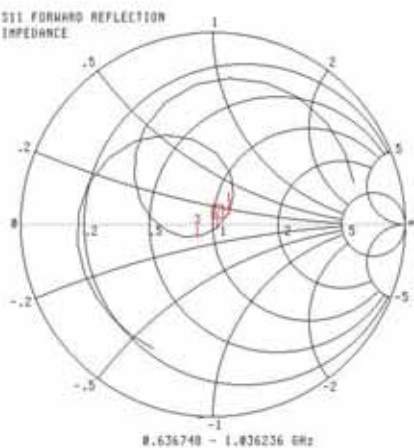
MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN

1 0.817593 GHz
55.620 Ω
10.003 jΩ
3 0.840856 GHz
41.274 Ω
-3.071 jΩ

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

Body

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION
IMPEDANCE



CH 1 - S11
5.0584 mV REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
0.835000 GHz
53.117 Ω
-1.624 jΩ

MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN

1 0.823279 GHz
59.000 Ω
6.263 jΩ
3 0.851477 GHz
42.410 Ω
-5.501 jΩ

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

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Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

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NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601
Project Number: BAC-dipole -cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014
Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: 
Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Division of APREL Lab.
Kanata, ONTARIO TEL: (613) 435-8300
CANADA K2K 3J1 FAX: (613) 435-8306

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Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.



Art Brennan, Quality Manager



Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

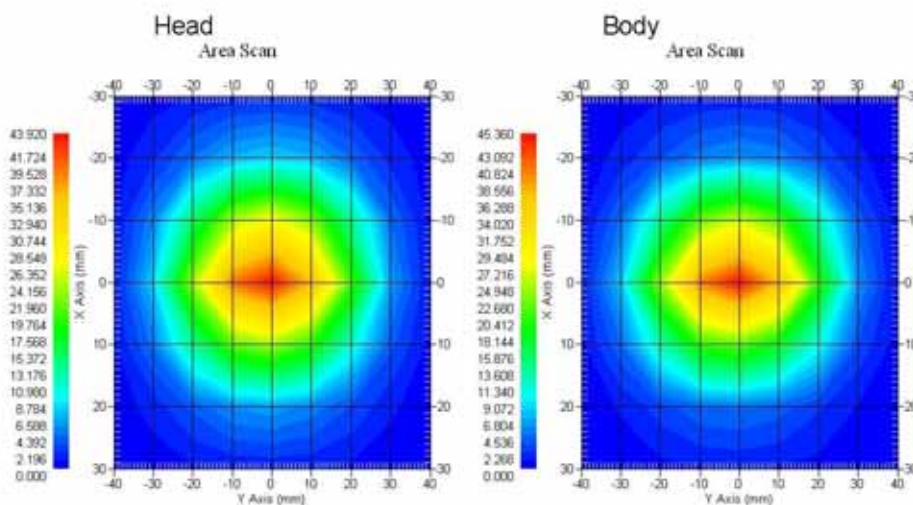
Length: 67.1 mm
Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



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NCL Calibration Laboratories

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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 “Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures”
- Part 2: “Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)”
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C

Temperature of the Tissue: 20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ϵ_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

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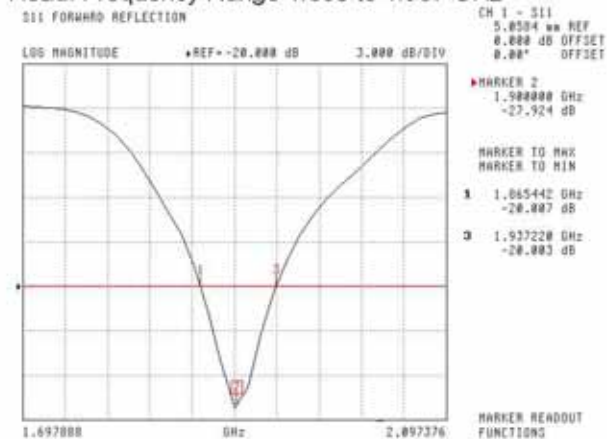
NCL Calibration Laboratories

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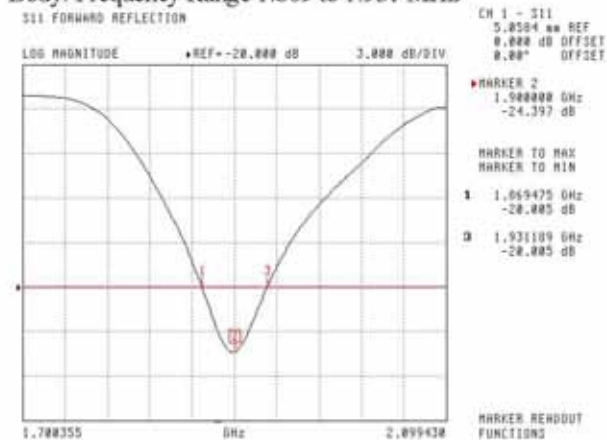
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head: Frequency Range 1.865 to 1.937 GHz



Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz



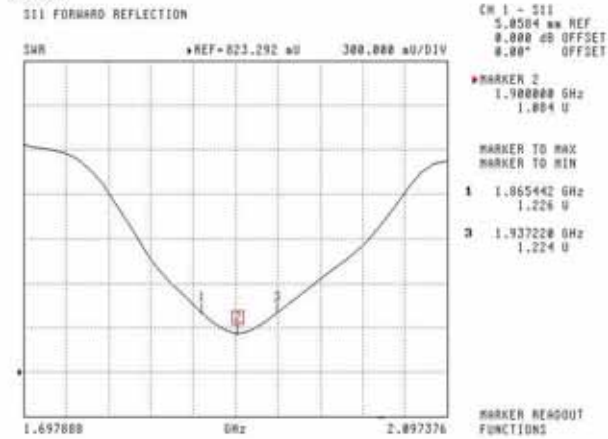
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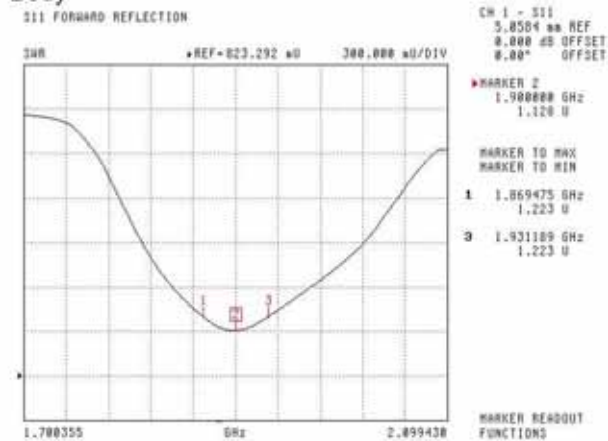
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SWR

Head



Body



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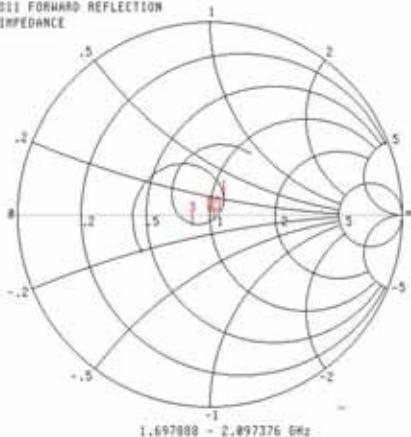
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Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION
IMPEDANCE



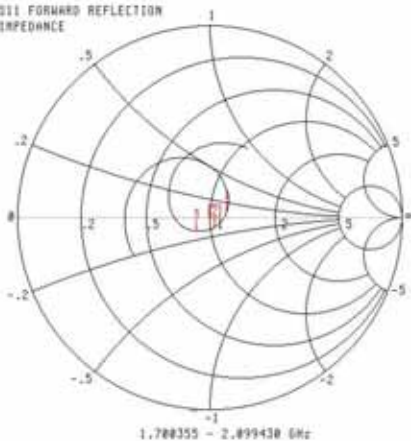
CH 1 - S11
5.0504 MHz REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
1.920000 GHz
52.247 Ω
-3.183 jΩ
MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN
1 1.865442 GHz
57.627 Ω
3 1.937228 GHz
41.868 Ω
-4.273 jΩ

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

Body

S11 FORWARD REFLECTION
IMPEDANCE



CH 1 - S11
5.0504 MHz REF
0.000 dB OFFSET
0.00° OFFSET

MARKER 2
1.920000 GHz
52.618 Ω
-5.535 jΩ
MARKER TO MAX
MARKER TO MIN
1 1.869475 GHz
68.273 Ω
3 1.931109 GHz
43.257 Ω
-6.479 jΩ

MARKER READOUT
FUNCTIONS

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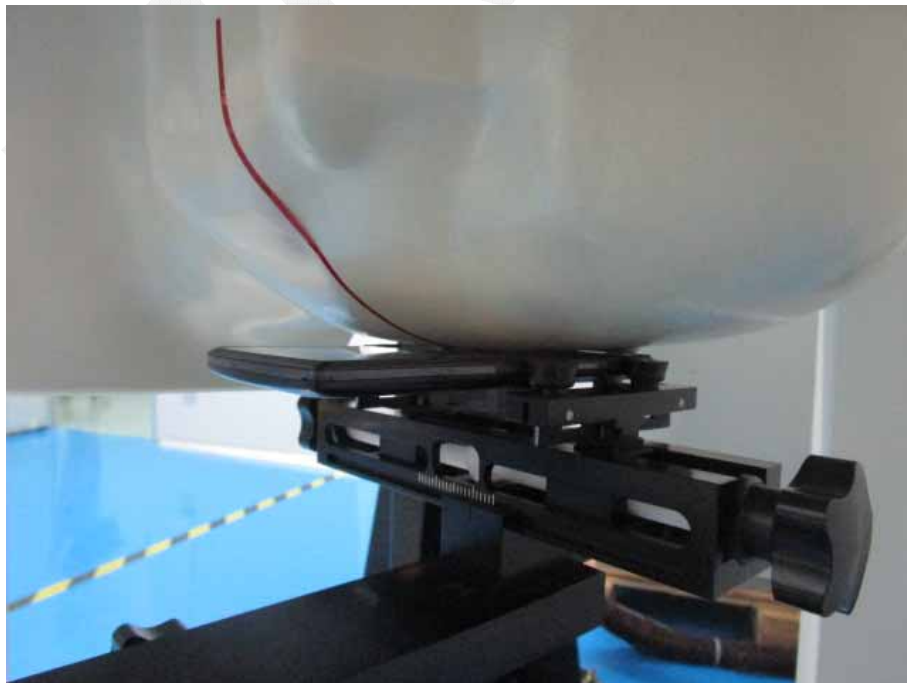
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APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

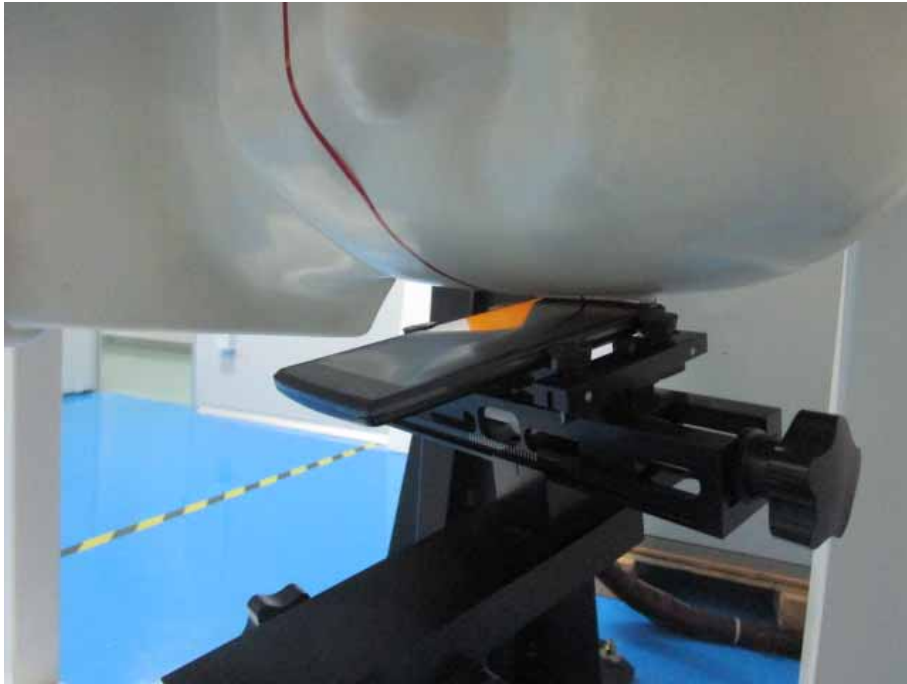
Liquid depth $\geq 15\text{cm}$



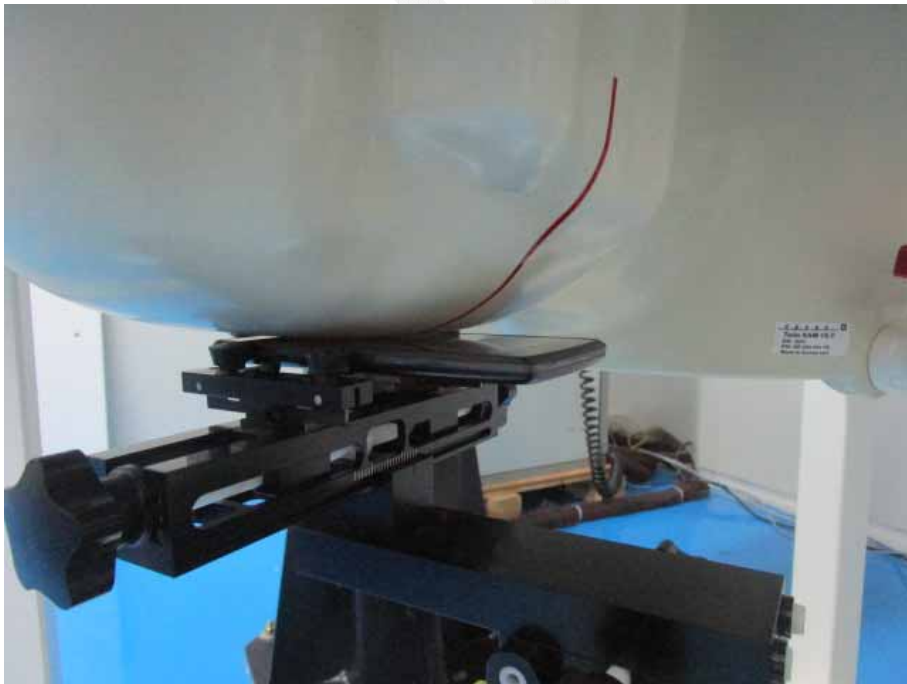
Left Head Cheek



Left Head Tilt



Right Head Check



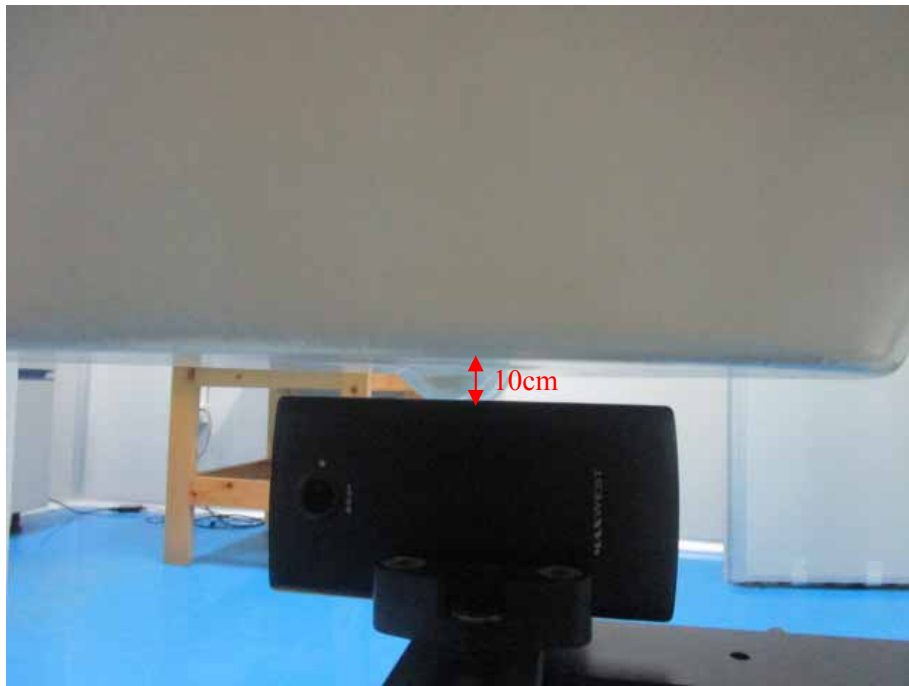
Right Head Tilt



Body -Worn-Back (10mm)



Body -Worn-Left (10mm)



Body -Worn-Right (10mm)



Body -Worn-Top(10mm)



FEM

APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT –Left Side View



EUT – Right Side View



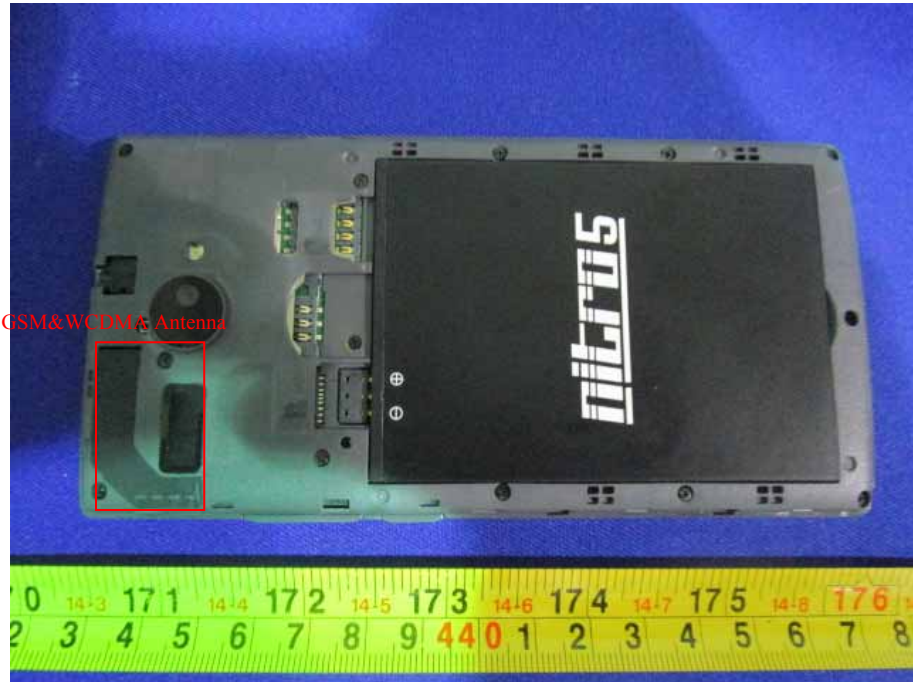
EUT –Top View



EUT – Bottom View



EUT – Uncover View



******* END OF REPORT *******