

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

No.1, Longgang Road, Buji, Longgang, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, P.R. China

FCC ID: 2AEN3ASTRO5S

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		Mobile Phone
Test Engineer:	Rocky Xiao	pucky xiao
Report Number:	RDG160613007-	-20
Report Date:	2016-07-04	
$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	Jerry Zhang	Jerry Zhang
Reviewed By:	EMC Manager	
Test Laboratory:	No.69 Pulongcun	858891

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Dongguan).

	At	testation of Test Results				
	Company Name	MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED				
	EUT Description	Mobile Phone				
EUT	FCC ID	2AEN3ASTRO5S				
Information	Tested Model	Astro 5s				
	Serial Number	160613007				
	Test Date	2016-06-16 ,2016-06-17				
MOI	DE	Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/Kg)	Limit(W/Kg)			
CCM 050	1g Head SAR	0.323				
GSM 850	1g Body SAR	0.681				
DGG 1000	1g Head SAR	0.253				
PCS 1900	1g Body SAR	0.792				
	1g Head SAR	0.263				
WCDMA 850	1g Body SAR	0.699	1.6			
	1g Head SAR	0.405				
WCDMA 1900	1g Body SAR	0.699				
	1g Head SAR	0.805	_			
Simultaneous	1g Body SAR	0.992	_			
Hotspot	1g Body SAR	0.992	1			
	Electromagnetic Filed ANSI / IEEE C95.3 IEEE Recommended Electromagnetic Field GHz. FCC 47 CFR part 2 Radiofrequency radia	fety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Rads,3 kHz to 300 GHz. : 2002 Practice for Measurements and Computations of Rads With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,	adio Frequency			
Applicable Standards IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques IEC 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices-Human models, instrumentation, and procedures-Part 2: Procedur to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02 KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01						

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Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	0 RDG160613007-20		2016-07-04

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EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of *MAXWEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED* and their product, Model: Astro 5s, FCC ID: 2AEN3ASTRO5S or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

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Technical Specification

Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class12
	GSM Voice, GPRS Data,
Operation Mode:	WCDMA R99 (Voice + Data), HSUPA Rel 6, HSDPA Rel 6, HSPA+
	Rel 7, DC-HSDPA Rel 8, WLAN ,Bluetooth
	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
	PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX); 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	WCDMA850: 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX)
Frequency Band.	WCDMA1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX)
	WLAN: 2412MHz-2462 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402MHz-2480 MHz
	GSM 850 : 31.95 dBm
	PCS 1900: 28.23 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	WCDMA 850: 22.51 dBm
Conducted KF 1 ower.	WCDMA 1900: 22.37 dBm
	WLAN: 9.72 dBm
	Bluetooth(BDR/EDR): 2.85 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	$14.4 \text{ cm (L)} \times 7.25 \text{ cm (W)} \times 0.9 \text{ cm (H)}$
Power Source:	3.8 VDC Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

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REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

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This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

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SAR Limits

FCC Limit

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	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

CE Limit

	SAR (W/kg)				
	(General Population /	(Occupational /			
EXPOSURE LIMITS	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure			
	Environment)	Environment)			
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10			
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

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FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.69 Pulongcun, Puxinhu Industrial Zone, Tangxia, Dongguan, Guangdong, China

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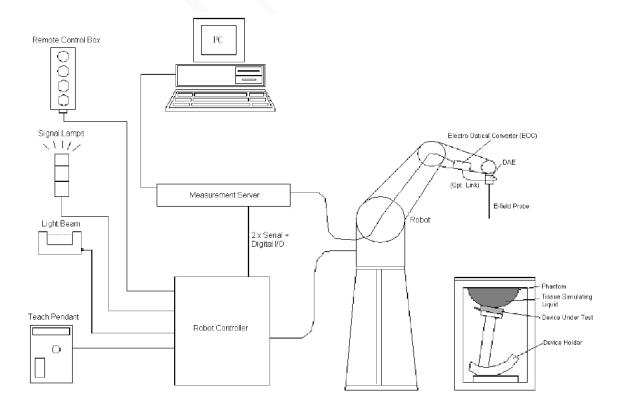
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical



processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

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EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to $6\ mm$). The phantom has three measurement areas:

- _ Left hand
- Right hand
- Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

For easy dislocation these tables have fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.



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Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

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- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS8c robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m^3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10 mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube is 21.5 mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 7 x7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

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Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

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Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency	Head 7	Head Tissue		Tissue
(MHz)	Er	O (S/m)	Er	O (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

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EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

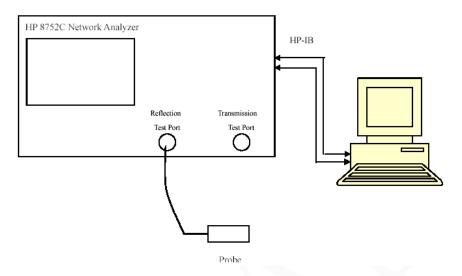
Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Robot	RX90	D03636	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	N/A	N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1459	2015/9/18	2016/9/18
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7329	2016/2/19	2017/2/19
Dipole, 900 MHz	D900V2	1d183	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
Dipole,1900MHz	D1900V2	5d206	2015/7/14	2018/7/14
R&S, universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	109038	2015/7/28	2016/7/27
8960 Series 10 Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266471	2016/1/13	2017/1/13
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	N/A	N/A
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	N/A	N/A
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	TS-835-H	1512083501	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	TS-835-B	1512083502	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	TS-1900-H	1512190001	Each Time	/
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	TS-1900-B	1512190002	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8752C	3140A02356	2016/6/5	2017/6/4
Dielectric probe kit	85070B	US33020324	2016/6/13	2017/6/13
Signal Generator	E4422B	MY41000355	2015/11/23	2016/11/22
Power Meter	EPM-441A	GB37481494	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Meter Sensor	8481A	T-03-EM-127	2015/11/3	2016/11/3
Power Amplifier	5205PE	1015	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	488Z	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	N/A	N/A	N/A

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SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



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Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Y ' ' 1 T	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	Liquid Type	ε _r	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
824.2	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.96	0.878	41.5	0.9	3.52	-2.44	±5
024.2	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.162	0.962	55.2	0.97	-0.07	-0.82	±5
826.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.881	0.881	41.5	0.9	3.33	-2.11	±5
620.4	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.113	0.967	55.2	0.97	-0.16	-0.31	±5
836.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.857	0.892	41.5	0.9	3.27	-0.89	±5
830.0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.076	0.976	55.2	0.97	-0.22	0.62	±5
846.6	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.838	0.896	41.5	0.9	3.22	-0.44	±5
840.0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.026	0.984	55.2	0.97	-0.32	1.44	±5
040 0	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.703	0.895	41.5	0.9	2.9	-0.56	±5
848.8	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	54.999	0.987	55.2	0.97	-0.36	1.75	±5
000	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	42.642	0.874	41.3	0.9	3.25	-2.89	±5
900	Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	55.134	0.963	55.1	0.97	0.06	-0.72	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016-06-16.

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Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)		$\epsilon_{\rm r}$	O' (S/m)	$\epsilon_{ m r}$	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1850.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.846	1.358	40	1.4	-0.39	-3	±5
1630.2	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.286	1.479	53.3	1.52	3.73	-2.7	±5
1852.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.867	1.354	40	1.4	-0.33	-3.29	±5
1032.4	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	55.217	1.477	53.3	1.52	3.6	-2.83	±5
1880	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.755	1.383	40	1.4	-0.61	-1.21	±5
1000	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.72	1.544	53.3	1.52	0.79	1.58	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.654	1.407	40	1.4	-0.86	0.5	±5
1900	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	54.181	1.511	53.3	1.52	1.65	-0.59	±5
1007.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.582	1.409	40	1.4	-1.05	0.64	±5
1907.6	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.585	1.493	53.3	1.52	0.53	-1.78	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	39.617	1.415	40	1.4	-0.96	1.07	±5
1909.8	Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	53.407	1.491	53.3	1.52	0.2	-1.91	±5

^{*}Liquid Verification above was performed on 2016-06-17.

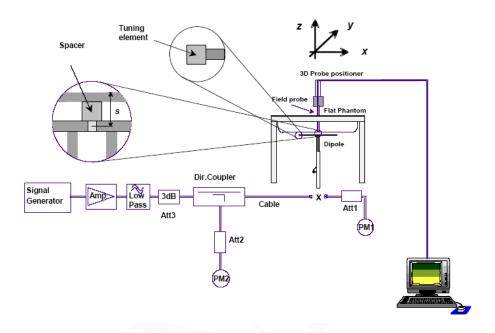
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System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

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System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		ıred SAR V/Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-06-16	900	835MHz Head	1g	10.25	10.6	-3.30	±10
2010-00-10	900	835MHz Body	1g	10.78	10.6	1.70	±10
2016-06-17	1000	1900MHz Head	1g	42.1	40.7	3.44	±10
	1900	1900MHz Body	1g	43.2	40.8	5.88	±10

^{*}All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

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SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 900 MHz Head

DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d183

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.874 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.642$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.37, 9.37, 9.37); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

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• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 900 MHz Head /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

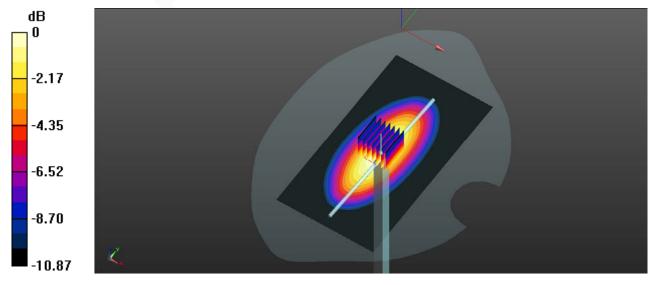
System Performance 900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.43 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.3 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 900 MHz Body

DUT: D900V2; Type: 900 MHz; Serial: 1d183

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 900 MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.134$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 900 MHz Body /Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

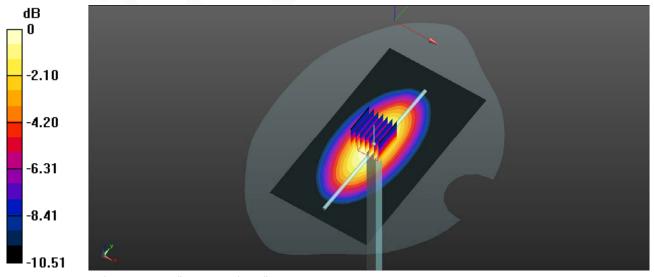
System Performance 900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 112.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.67 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.12 W/kg



0 dB = 15.12 W/kg = 11.8 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Head

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.407 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.654$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 52.9 W/kg

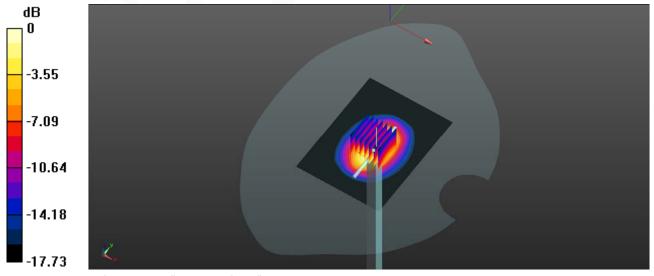
System Performance 1900 MHz Head /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 175.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 52.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 42.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 47.9 W/kg



0 dB = 47.9 W/kg = 16.8 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

System Performance 1900 MHz Body

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d206

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.511 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 54.181$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 51.9 W/kg

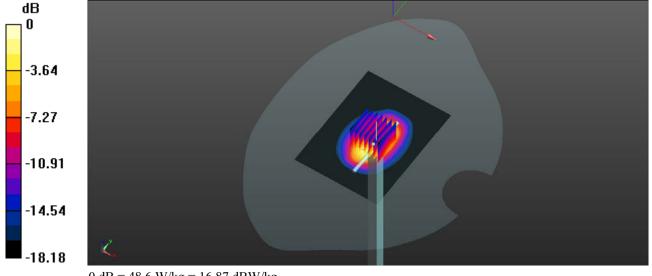
System Performance 1900 MHz Body /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 174.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 77.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 43.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 21.5W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 48.6 W/kg



0 dB = 48.6 W/kg = 16.87 dBW/kg

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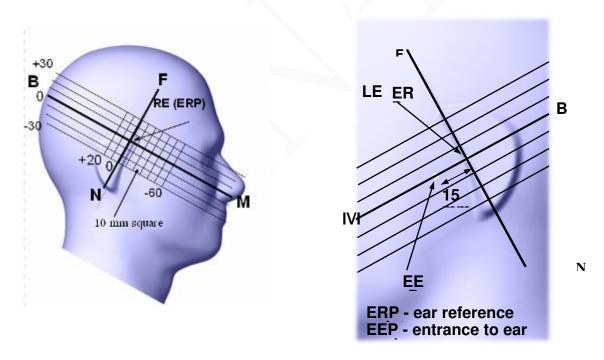
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

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A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



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Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

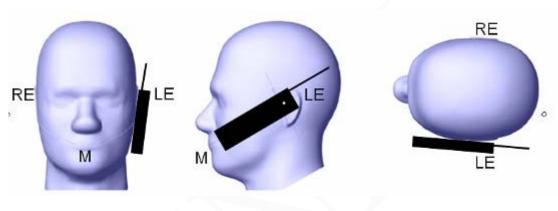
When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

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(or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek / Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

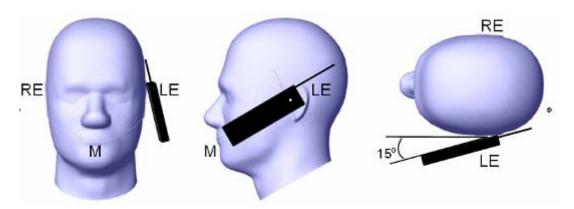
With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

- 1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.
- 2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

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Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

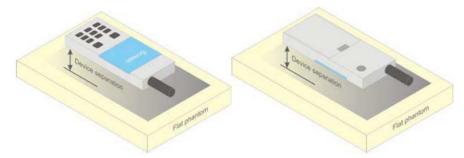


Figure 5 - Test positions for body-worn devices

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SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

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Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01

KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

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CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

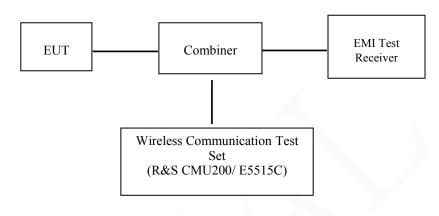
Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.

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GSM/WCDMA

Radio Configuration

The power measurement was configured by the Wireless Communication Test Set CMU200 for all Radio configurations except.

GSM/GPRS

Menu select > GSM Mobile Station > GSM 850/1900 Function:

Press Connection control to choose the different menus

Press RESET > choose all the reset all settings

Connection Press Signal Off to turn off the signal and change settings Network Support > GSM + GPRS or GSM + EGSM

Network Support > USIVI - GLEE

Main Service > Packet Data

Service selection > Test Mode A – Auto Slot Config. off

MS Signal Press Slot Config Bottom on the right twice to select and change the number of

> Slot configuration > Uplink/Gamma

> 33 dBm for GPRS 850 > 30 dBm for GPRS 1900

BS Signal Enter the same channel number for TCH channel (test channel) and BCCH

channel

Frequency Offset > +0 Hz

Mode > BCCH and TCH

BCCH Level > -85 dBm (May need to adjust if link is not stabe)

BCCH Channel > choose desire test channel [Enter the same channel number for TCH channel

(test channel) and BCCH channel]

Off Channel Type >

P0 > 4 dB

Slot Config > Unchanged (if already set under MS signal)

choose desired test channel TCH >

Hopping > Off

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Main Timeslot >

Coding Scheme > CS4 (GPRS) Network

2E9-1 PSR Bit Stream Bit Stream > Enter appropriate offsets for Ext. Att. Output and Ext. Att. Input

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Press Signal on to turn on the signal and change settings Connection

WCDMA Release 99

AF/RF

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification. The EUT has a nominal maximum output power of 24dBm (+1.7/-3.7).

	Loopback Mode	Test Mode 1
WCDMA	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC
General Settings	Power Control Algorithm	Algorithm2
	β_c/β_d	8/15

HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	HSDPA	
	Subset	1	2	3	4	
	Loopback Mode			Test Mode	1	
	Rel99 RMC			12.2kbps RM	1C	
	HSDPA FRC			H-Set1		
WCDMA	Power Control Algorithm			Algorithm2	2	
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$	2/15	12/15	15/15	15/15	
Settings	β_{d}	15/15	15/15	8/15	4/15	
	$\beta_d(SF)$	64				
	β_c/β_d	2/15	12/15	15/8	15/4	
	$eta_{ m hs}$	4/15	24/15	30/15	30/15	
	MPR(dB)	0	0	0.5	0.5	
	DACK			8		
	DNAK	8				
HSDPA	DCQI	8				
Specific	Ack-Nack repetition factor		3			
Settings	CQI Feedback	4ms				
	CQI Repetition Factor			2		
	Ahs=βhs/ βc	_		30/15		

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HSUPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in section 5.2 of the 3GPP TS34.121-1 specification.

	Mode	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA	HSUPA			
	Subset	1	2	3	4	5			
	Loopback Mode Test Mode 1								
	Rel99 RMC	12.2kbps RMC							
	HSDPA FRC	H-Set1							
	HSUPA Test		HS	UPA Loopba	ack				
	Power Control	Algorithm2							
WCDMA	Algorithm					15/15			
General	$\beta_{\rm c}$								
Settings	β_d	15/15	15/15	9/15	15/15	0			
	β_{ec}	209/225	12/15	30/15	2/15	5/15			
	β_c/β_d	11/15	6/15	15/9	2/15	-			
	$eta_{ m hs}$	22/15	12/15	30/15	4/15	5/15			
	CM(dB)	1.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	1.0			
	MPR(dB)	0	2	1	2	0			
	DACK			8					
	DNAK			8					
	DCQI			8					
HSDPA	Ack-Nack			3					
Specific	repetition factor			9					
Settings	CQI Feedback			4ms					
	CQI Repetition			2					
	Factor								
	Ahs= β_{hs}/β_{c}			30/15	1	T			
	DE-DPCCH	6	8	8	5	7			
	DHARQ	0	0	0	0	0			
	AG Index	20	12	15	17	21			
	ETFCI	75	67	92	71	81			
	Associated Max	242.1	174.9	482.8	205.8	308.9			
	UL Data Rate kbps		17		200.0	200.5			
HSUPA Specific Settings	Reference E_FCls	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27		E-TFCI 11 E-TFCI PO4 E-TFCI 92 E-TFCI PO 18	E-TFCI 11 E E-TFCI PO 4 E-TFCI 67 E-TFCI PO 18 E-TFCI 71 E-TFCI PO23 E-TFCI 75 E-TFCI PO26 E-TFCI 81 E-TFCI PO 27				

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HSPA+

Sub- test	β _c (Note3)	β _d	βнs (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β _{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 30/15 β _{ed} 2: 30/15	β _{ed} 3: 24/15 β _{ed} 4: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

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 Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 1:

Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).

DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default. Note 3:

 β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 4:

All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-Note 5: DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH

configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signalled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

DC-HSDPA

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Proces	6
	ses	0
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK

Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.

Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.

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Maximum Target Output Power

	Max Target Power(dBm)							
M 1 (D 1		Channel						
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
GSM 850	32.1	32.1	32.1					
GPRS 1 TX Slot	32	32	32					
GPRS 2 TX Slot	31.1	31.1	31.1					
GPRS 3 TX Slot	29.3	29.3	29.3					
GPRS 4 TX Slot	28.5	28.5	28.5					
EDGE 1 TX Slot	27.6	27.6	27.6					
EDGE 2 TX Slot	26.7	26.7	26.7					
EDGE 3 TX Slot	24.8	24.8	24.8					
EDGE 4 TX Slot	23.8	23.8	23.8					
PCS 1900	28.3	28.3	28.3					
GPRS 1 TX Slot	28.3	28.3	28.3					
GPRS 2 TX Slot	27.4	27.4	27.4					
GPRS 3 TX Slot	25.6	25.6	25.6					
GPRS 4 TX Slot	24.8	24.8	24.8					
EDGE 1 TX Slot	26.2	26.2	26.2					
EDGE 2 TX Slot	25.1	25.1	25.1					
EDGE 3 TX Slot	23.2	23.2	23.2					
EDGE 4 TX Slot	22	22	22					
WCDMA850	22.6	22.6	22.6					
HSDPA	21.5	21.5	21.5					
HSUPA	21.6	21.6	21.6					
DC-HSDPA	21.6	21.6	21.6					
HSPA+	21.5	21.5	21.5					
WCDMA1900	22.5	22.5	22.5					
HSDPA	21.5	21.5	21.5					
HSUPA	21.4	21.4	21.4					
DC-HSDPA	21.4	21.4	21.4					
HSPA+	21.4	21.4	21.4					
WLAN(802.11b)	9.8	9.8	9.8					
WLAN(802.11g)	9.8	9.8	9.8					
WLAN(802.11n HT20)	9.8	9.8	9.8					
WLAN(802.11n HT40)	9.8	9.8	9.8					
Bluetooth BDR/EDR	3	3	3					
Bluetooth LE	-4.1	-4.1	-4.1					

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Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	128	824.2	31.89
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.95
	251	848.8	31.93
	512	1850.2	28.20
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.16
	810	1909.8	28.23

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GPRS:

Dand	Channel	Frequency]	RF Output P	ower (dBm)	
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	31.86	30.95	29.09	28.27
GSM 850	190	836.6	31.92	30.96	29.11	28.42
	251	848.8	31.91	30.98	29.17	28.41
	512	1850.2	28.17	27.16	25.41	24.52
PCS 1900	661	1880	28.18	27.19	25.44	24.59
	810	1909.8	28.21	27.28	25.52	24.71

EGPRS:

Band	Channel	Frequency]	RF Output P	ower (dBm)	
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	27.52	26.62	24.71	23.65
GSM 850	190	836.6	27.51	26.57	24.73	23.61
	251	848.8	27.39	26.46	24.65	23.51
	512	1850.2	25.89	24.66	22.81	21.64
PCS 1900	661	1880	26.08	24.94	23.02	21.85
	810	1909.8	26.04	25.03	23.06	21.91

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

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Band	Channel	Frequency	Time	e based avera	ge Power (dB	sm)
	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	22.86	24.95	24.84	25.27
GSM 850	190	836.6	22.92	24.96	24.86	25.42
	251	848.8	22.91	24.98	24.92	25.41
	512	1850.2	19.17	21.16	21.16	21.52
PCS 1900	661	1880	19.18	21.19	21.19	21.59
	810	1909.8	19.21	21.28	21.27	21.71

The time based average power for EGPRS

Dand	Channel Frequency		Time based average Power (dBm)			
Band	No.	(MHz)	1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
	128	824.2	18.52	20.62	20.46	20.65
GSM 850	190	836.6	18.51	20.57	20.48	20.61
	251	848.8	18.39	20.46	20.4	20.51
	512	1850.2	16.89	18.66	18.56	18.64
PCS 1900	661	1880	17.08	18.94	18.77	18.85
	810	1909.8	17.04	19.03	18.81	18.91

Note:

- 1.Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
- 2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
- 3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).
- 4.According to KDB941225D01-SAR for EGPRS mode are not required when the source-based time-averaged output power for data mode is lower than that in the normal GPRS mode

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Results (12.2kbps RMC)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	4132	826.4	22.51
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	22.37
	4233	846.6	22.26
	9262	1852.4	22.09
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	22.37
	9538	1907.6	21.9

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Results (HSDPA)

Dand	Charact Na	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)			
Band	Channel No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4
WCDMA	4132	826.4	21.43	21.44	21.38	21.42
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.24	21.25	21.27	21.22
830	4233	846.6	21.27	21.31	21.29	21.33
****	9262	1852.4	21.14	21.16	21.17	21.13
WCDMA 1900	9400	1880	21.39	21.33	21.37	21.35
1700	9538	1907.6	20.92	20.93	20.95	20.94

Results (HSUPA)

D d	Channel	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	No.	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	Subset 5
	4132	826.4	21.48	21.5	21.49	21.47	21.43
WCDMA 850	4183	836.6	21.23	21.25	21.3	21.24	21.22
	4233	846.6	21.27	21.28	21.24	21.25	21.22
	9262	1852.4	21.02	21.05	21.13	21.05	21.08
WCDMA1900	9400	1880	21.33	21.21	21.31	21.28	21.25
	9538	1907.6	20.96	20.98	20.97	20.87	20.85

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D d	Frequency	RF Output Power (dBm)				
Band	(MHz)	Subset 1	Subset 2	Subset 3	Subset 4	
	826.4	21.46	21.35	21.36	21.39	
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.28	21.19	21.24	21.21	
	846.6	21.26	21.27	21.26	21.28	
	1852.4	21.07	21.09	21.02	21.08	
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.24	21.28	21.33	21.27	
	1907.6	20.86	20.88	20.76	20.79	

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Results (HSPA+)

		CIV VIIIIA
Band	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	826.4	21.42
WCDMA Band 5	836.6	21.25
	846.6	21.31
	1852.4	21.11
WCDMA Band 2	1880	21.32
	1907.6	20.89

Note:

1. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1. 2. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+/ DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.

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WLAN

Mode	Channel	Channel frequency	RF Output Power
1/1040	No.	(MHz)	(dBm)
	1	2412	9.26
802.11b	6	2437	9.70
	11	2462	9.05
	1	2412	9.72
802.11g	6	2437	9.01
	11	2462	9.26
00011	1	2412	9.69
802.11n HT20	6	2437	9.14
11120	11	2462	9.51
002.11	3	2422	9.04
802.11n HT40	6	2437	9.27
11140	9	2452	9.62

Bluetooth

	_		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OF THE
Mode	Channel No.	Channel frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)
	0	2402	2.85
BDR(GFSK)	39	2441	2.66
, , , ,	78	2480	2.51
	0	2402	2.36
EDR(4-DQPSK)	39	2441	2.12
2211(1.2 (21.512)	78	2480	1.96
	0	2402	2.48
EDR(8-DPSK)	39	2441	2.24
	78	2480	2.08
	0	2402	-4.23
BLE	19	2441	-4.57
	39	2480	-5.06

Note:

The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, MCS0 for 802.11n HT20 and 802.11n HT40.

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SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

The EUT is capable of function as a WLAN to cellular mobile hotspot. Additional SAR test was performed according to KDB941225 D06. Test was performed with a separation of 1cm between the EUT and the flat phantom. The EUT was positioned for SAR tests with the front and back surfaces facing the edge. Each transmit band was utilized for SAR testing. The tested mode has been selected within each band that exhibits the highest time average output power.

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SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.6-23.8 °C	22.2-23.7 ℃
Relative Humidity:	29 %	28 %
ATM Pressure:	1001 mbar	1000 mbar
Test Date:	2016-06-16	2016-06-17

Testing was performed by Rocky Xiao

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GSM 850:

DUC	E	T4	Power	Max.	Max.	:	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	-0.17	31.95	32.1	1.035	0.264	0.273	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	0.09	31.95	32.1	1.035	0.174	0.18	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GSM	0.07	31.89	32.1	1.05	0.298	0.313	/
Right Head Cheek	836.6	GSM	0.11	31.95	32.1	1.035	0.312	0.323	1#
	848.8	GSM	0.07	31.93	32.1	1.04	0.297	0.309	/
	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	GSM	0.01	31.95	32.1	1.035	0.199	0.206	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	824.2	GSM	1	/	1	1	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	836.6	GSM	0.19	31.95	32.1	1.035	0.583	0.603	/
(1011111)	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	0.14	28.27	28.5	1.054	0.633	0.667	/
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.07	28.42	28.5	1.019	0.668	0.681	2#
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	0.01	28.41	28.5	1.021	0.645	0.659	
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	-0.02	28.42	28.5	1.019	0.141	0.144	/
(Tollill)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.1	28.42	28.5	1.019	0.228	0.232	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	824.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	GPRS	0.04	28.42	28.5	1.019	0.333	0.332	/
(1011111)	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

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PCS 1900:

ELIT	Engarana	Тс~4	Power	Max.	Max.	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Drift (dB)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Rated Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1850.2	GSM	0.08	28.2	28.3	1.023	0.237	0.242	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.05	28.16	28.3	1.033	0.239	0.247	/
	1909.8	GSM	0.12	28.23	28.3	1.016	0.249	0.253	3#
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	GSM	-0.02	28.16	28.3	1.033	0.158	0.163	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	GSM	0.06	28.16	28.3	1.033	0.204	0.211	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	GSM	0.02	28.16	28.3	1.033	0.136	0.14	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	1850.2	GSM	1	/	1	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (10mm)	1880	GSM	0.2	28.16	28.3	1.033	0.591	0.611	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	0.07	24.52	24.8	1.067	0.716	0.764	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880	GPRS	0.15	24.59	24.8	1.05	0.724	0.76	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	-0.05	24.71	24.8	1.021	0.776	0.792	4#
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880	GPRS	-0.05	24.59	24.8	1.05	0.163	0.171	/
(Tollin)	1909.8	GPRS	1	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880	GPRS	0.17	24.59	24.8	1.05	0.186	0.195	/
(1011111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880	GPRS	-0.11	24.59	24.8	1.05	0.338	0.365	/
(10/11111)	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
- 4. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 5. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

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WCDMA 850:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	lg SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	-0.07	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.192	0.202	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	-0.14	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.12	0.126	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	0.07	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.258	0.263	5#
Right Head Cheek	836.6	RMC	0.02	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.238	0.251	/
	846.6	RMC	0.2	22.26	22.6	1.081	0.236	0.255	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	836.6	RMC	0.06	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.147	0.155	/
	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	1	/	/
	826.4	RMC	-0.04	22.51	22.6	1.021	0.685	0.699	6#
Body-Back (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.02	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.634	0.668	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	0.04	22.26	22.6	1.081	0.629	0.68	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	836.6	RMC	0.05	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.141	0.149	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	1	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.1	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.198	0.209	/
(Tollill)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	826.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	836.6	RMC	-0.17	22.37	22.6	1.054	0.303	0.31	/
(1011111)	846.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+/ DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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WCDMA 1900:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated		1g SAR (V	V/Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Drift (dB)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
	1852.4	RMC	0.19	22.09	22.5	1.099	0.353	0.388	/
Left Head Cheek	1880	RMC	0.1	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.393	0.405	7#
	1907.6	RMC	0.08	21.9	22.5	1.148	0.344	0.395	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Left Head Tilt	1880	RMC	0.04	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.255	0.263	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1880	RMC	0.04	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.332	0.342	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	1	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1880	RMC	0.05	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.221	0.228	/
	1907.6	RMC	/	/	1	/	1	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	0.13	22.09	22.5	1.099	0.616	0.677	/
Body-Back (10mm)	1880	RMC	-0.03	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.679	0.699	8#
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	0.18	21.9	22.5	1.148	0.581	0.667	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Left (10mm)	1880	RMC	-0.13	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.225	0.232	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Right (10mm)	1880	RMC	0.12	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.324	0.321	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1852.4	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Bottom (10mm)	1880	RMC	-0.01	22.37	22.5	1.03	0.157	0.162	/
(1011111)	1907.6	RMC	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same antenna while testing SAR.
- 3. The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model.
- 4. KDB 941225 D01-Body SAR is not required for HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+/ DC-HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ½ dB higher than measured 12.2kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2kbps RMC is < 75% of SAR limit.
- 5. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

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SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results

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- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg.
- When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

The Highest Measured SAR Configuration in Each Frequency Band

Head

			Meas. SA	Largest to		
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio	
/	/	1	1	/	/	

Body

			Meas. SA	R (W/kg)	Largest to
Frequency Band	Freq.(MHz)	EUT Position	Original	Repeated	Smallest SAR Ratio
/	1	/	/	/	/

Note:

Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20.

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SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION



BT&WLAN and GSM&WCDMA Antennas Location:

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simul	taneous Transmit Capa	bilities	A dama Didama (ma)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	Antennas Distance (mm)
GSM + WCDMA	×	×	0
GSM + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	98
GSM + WLAN	$\sqrt{}$	√	98
WCDMA + Bluetooth	$\sqrt{}$	×	98
WCDMA + WLAN	V	√	98

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Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
WLAN	WLAN	2462	9.8	9.55	0	3.0	3
Bluetooth	Bluetooth	2480	3	2	0	0.6	3

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NOTE:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]

 $[\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Pavg (dBm)	Pavg (mW)	Distance (mm)	Estimated 1-g (W/kg)
WLAN Head	2462	9.8	9.55	0	0.4
WLAN Body	2462	9.8	9.55	10	0.2
BT Head	2480	3	2	0	0.084
BT Body	2480	3	2	10	0.042

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance , mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}]$

W/kg for test separation distances ≤50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

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Simultaneous and Hotspot SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	SAR(W/kg)	ΣSAR < 1.6W/kg
		SAR1	SAR2	
	Left Head Cheek	0.273	0.084	0.357
	Left Head Tilt	0.18	0.084	0.264
GSM 850+Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.323	0.084	0.407
	Right Head Tilt	0.206	0.084	0.29
	Body-Back-Headset	0.603	0.042	0.645
	Body-Back	0.681	0.042	0.723
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth	Body- Left	0.144	0.042	0.186
OFKS 630 + Diuctouii	Body- Right	0.232	0.042	0.274
	Body-Bottom	0.332	0.042	0.374
	Left Head Cheek	0.253	0.084	0.337
	Left Head Tilt	0.163	0.084	0.247
PCS1900 +Bluetooth	Right Head Cheek	0.211	0.084	0.295
	Right Head Tilt	0.14	0.084	0.224
	Body-Back-Headset	0.611	0.042	0.653
	Body-Back	0.792	0.042	0.834
CDDC 1000 Dlustooth	Body- Left	0.171	0.042	0.213
GPRS 1900 + Bluetooth	Body- Right	0.195	0.042	0.237
	Body-Bottom	0.365	0.042	0.407
	Left Head Cheek	0.202	0.084	0.286
	Left Head Tilt	0.126	0.084	0.21
	Right Head Cheek	0.263	0.084	0.347
WCDMA 950 Dluete eth	Right Head Tilt	0.155	0.084	0.239
WCDMA 850+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.699	0.042	0.741
	Body- Left	0.149	0.042	0.191
	Body- Right	0.209	0.042	0.251
	Body-Bottom	0.31	0.042	0.352
	Left Head Cheek	0.405	0.084	0.489
	Left Head Tilt	0.263	0.084	0.347
	Right Head Cheek	0.342	0.084	0.426
WCDMA 1000 Dlurata ett	Right Head Tilt	0.228	0.084	0.312
WCDMA 1900+Bluetooth	Body-Back	0.699	0.042	0.741
	Body- Left	0.162	0.042	0.204
	Body- Right	0.232	0.042	0.274
	Body-Bottom	0.321	0.042	0.363

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Mode(SAR1+SAR2)	Position	Reported S	SAR(W/kg)	ΣSAR <
		SAR1	SAR2	1.6W/kg
	Left Head Cheek	0.273	0.4	0.673
	Left Head Tilt	0.18	0.4	0.58
GSM 850+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.323	0.4	0.723
	Right Head Tilt	0.206	0.4	0.606
	Body-Back-Headset	0.603	0.2	0.803
	Body-Back	0.681	0.2	0.881
GPRS 850 + WLAN	Body- Left	0.144	0.2	0.344
(Hotspot)	Body- Right	0.232	0.2	0.432
	Body- Bottom	0.332	0.2	0.532
	Left Head Cheek	0.253	0.4	0.653
	Left Head Tilt	0.163	0.4	0.563
PCS1900 + WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.211	0.4	0.611
	Right Head Tilt	0.14	0.4	0.54
	Body-Back-Headset	0.611	0.2	0.811
	Body-Back	0.792	0.2	0.992
GPRS 1900 + WLAN	Body- Left	0.171	0.2	0.371
(Hotspot)	Body- Right	0.195	0.2	0.395
	Body- Bottom	0.365	0.2	0.565
	Left Head Cheek	0.202	0.4	0.602
WCDMA 050 - WI AN	Left Head Tilt	0.126	0.4	0.526
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.263	0.4	0.663
	Right Head Tilt	0.155	0.4	0.555
#	Body-Back	0.699	0.2	0.899
WCDMA 850+ WLAN	Body- Left	0.149	0.2	0.349
(Hotspot)	Body- Right	0.209	0.2	0.409
	Body- Bottom	0.31	0.2	0.51
	Left Head Cheek	0.405	0.4	0.805
WCDMA 1000 : WI AND	Left Head Tilt	0.263	0.4	0.663
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Right Head Cheek	0.342	0.4	0.742
	Right Head Tilt	0.228	0.4	0.628
	Body-Back	0.699	0.2	0.899
WCDMA 1900+ WLAN	Body- Left	0.162	0.2	0.362
(Hotspot)	Body- Right	0.232	0.2	0.432
	Body- Bottom	0.321	0.2	0.521

- 1. Hotspot mode SAR is only required for the edges within 25mm from the transmitting antenna located.
 2. Hotspot mode is not feasible during voice calls.

Conclusion:

 Σ SAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 1#:: GSM 850 Right Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.892$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.857$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.37, 9.37, 9.37); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/GSM 850 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.333 W/kg

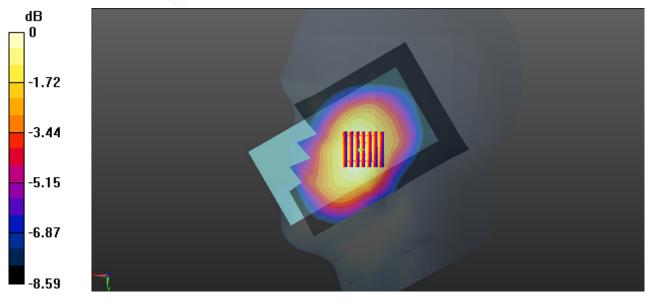
Head/GSM 850 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.306 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.399 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 W/kg



0 dB = 0.328 W/kg = -4.84 dBW/kg

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Test Plot 2#:: GSM 850 Back Middle Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 836.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.976$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.076$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/GSM 850 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.853 W/kg

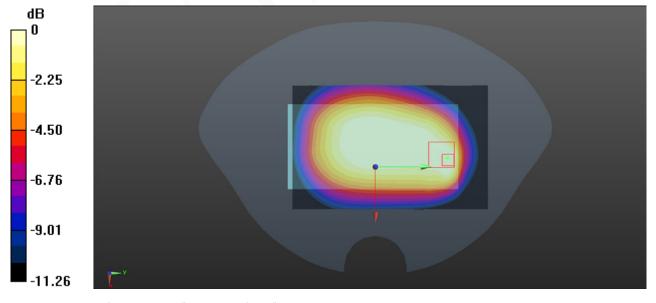
Body/GSM 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.668 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 W/kg



0 dB = 0.727 W/kg = -1.38 dBW/kg

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Test Plot 3#:: PCS 1900 Left Cheek High Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.415$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek 2/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.289 W/kg

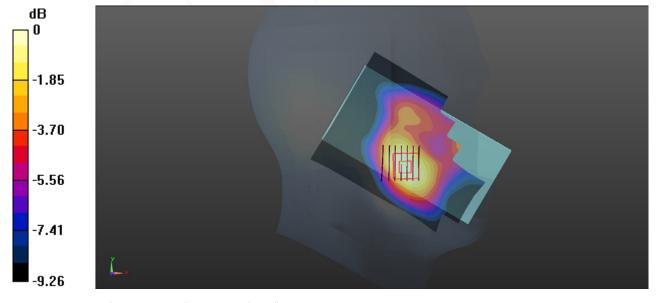
Head/PCS 1900 Left Cheek 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.907 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.383 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.249 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 W/kg



0 dB = 0.267 W/kg = -5.73 dBW/kg

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Test Plot 4#:: PCS 1900 Back High Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Generic GPRS-4 slots ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.407$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/PCS 1900 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.884 W/kg

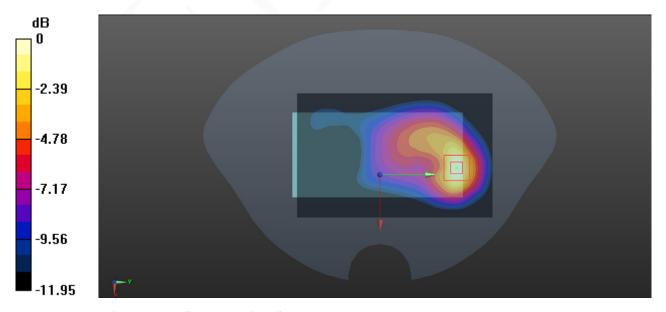
Body/PCS 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.34 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.871 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.776 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.878 W/kg



0 dB = 0.878 W/kg = -0.57 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 5#:: WCDMA 850 Right Cheek Low Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.881 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 42.881$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.37, 9.37, 9.37); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.276 W/kg

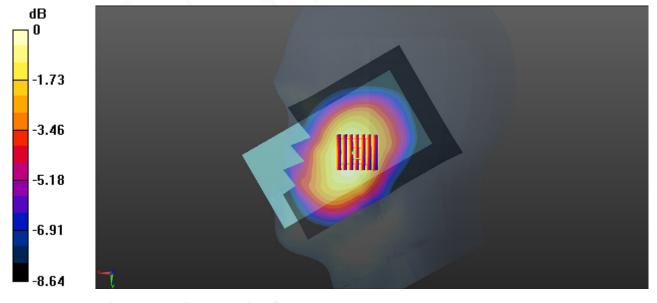
Head/WCDMA 850 Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.559 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 W/kg



0 dB = 0.272 W/kg = -5.65 dBW/kg

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Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Labs Corp.(Dongguan)

Test Plot 6#:: WCDMA 850 Back Low Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Band V; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.967 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 55.113$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(9.42, 9.42, 9.42); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.735 W/kg

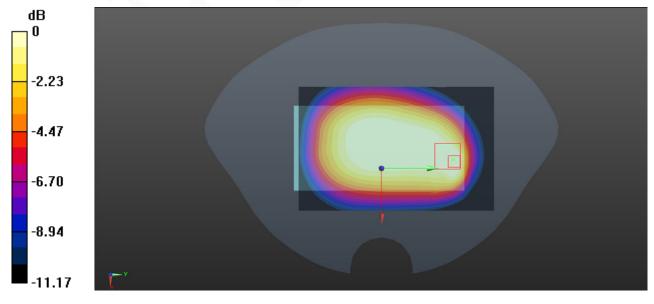
Body/WCDMA 850 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.726 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.352 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.727 W/kg



0 dB = 0.727 W/kg = -1.38 dBW/kg

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Test Plot 7#:: WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek Middle Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.383 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.755$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

• Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.448 W/kg

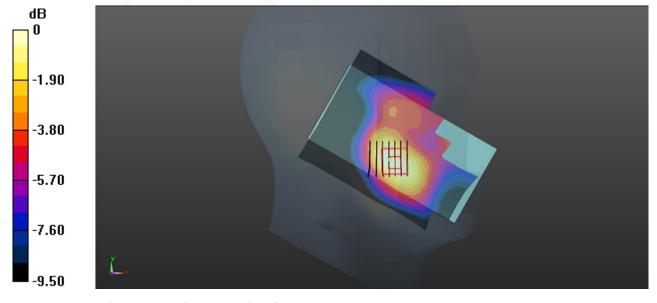
Head/WCDMA 1900 Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.756 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 W/kg



0 dB = 0.421 W/kg = -3.76 dBW/kg

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Test Plot 8#:: WCDMA 1900 Back Middle Channel

DUT: mobile phone; Type: Astro 5s;

Communication System: BAND II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.544$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.72$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

• Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7329; ConvF(7.52, 7.52, 7.52); Calibrated: 2016/2/19;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn1459; Calibrated: 2015/9/18

Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0 20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874

Report No: RDG160613007-20

• Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.718 W/kg

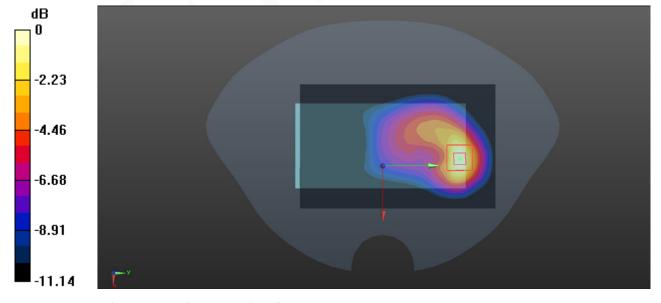
Body/WCDMA 1900 Back/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.721 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.679 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 W/kg



0 dB = 0.704 W/kg = -1.52 dBW/kg

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APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
		Measuremer	nt system				
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	e related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom an	d set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

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Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEC62209-2 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	√3	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	√3	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	√3	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

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APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

 $Liquid\ depth \geq 15cm$



Body-worn Back Setup Photo



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Body-worn Left Setup Photo



Body-worn Right Setup Photo

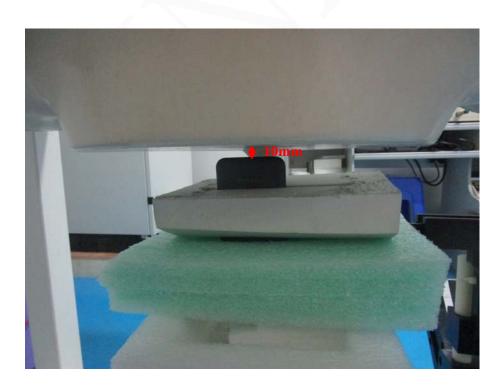


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Body-worn Headset Setup Photo

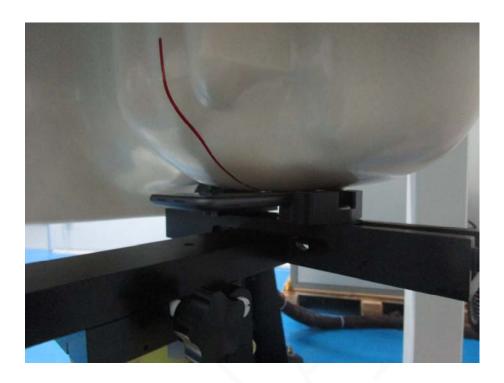


Body-worn Bottom Setup Photo

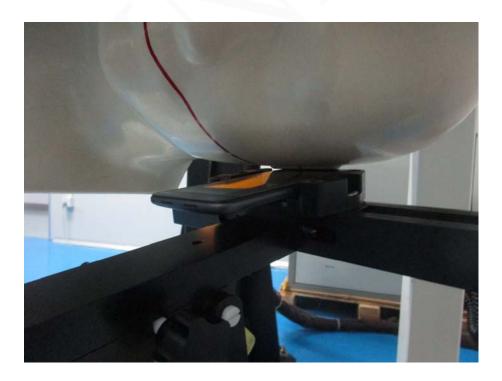


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Left Head Touch Setup Photo

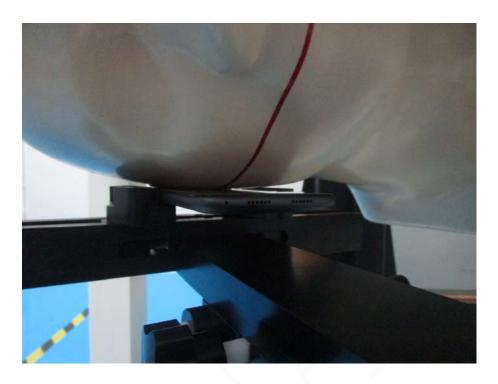


Left Head Tilt Setup Photo

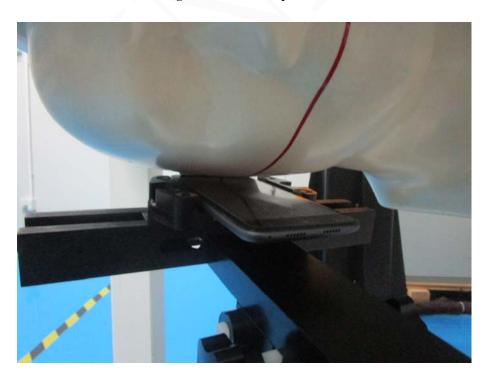


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Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



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APPENDIX C CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

***** END OF REPORT *****

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