SAR Test Report

Report No.: AGC00653161203FH01

FCC ID	:	2AEM6TT-987
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	Tablet
BRAND NAME	:	TIGERS
MODEL NAME	:	TT-987
CLIENT	:	MOVEON TECHNOLOGY (HK) CO., LTD.
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Jan. 07,2017
STANDARD(S)	:	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.0

*A*ttestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Report Revise Record

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Jan. 07,2017	Valid	Original Report

Test Report Certification

Applicant Name	MOVEON TECHNOLOGY (HK) CO., LTD.
Applicant Address	Room 3201, Building A, World Trading Plaza Block, Futian Rd., Futian Distric, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer Name	MOVEON TECHNOLOGY LIMITED
Manufacturer Address	World Trade Plaza-A Block #3201-3202 Fuhong Road, Futian
Product Designation	Tablet
Brand Name	TIGERS
Model Name	TT-987
Different Description	N/A
EUT Voltage	DC3.7V by battery
Applicable Standard	IEEE Std. 1528:2013 FCC 47CFR § 2.1093 IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005
Test Date	Dec.26,2016 to Jan.04,2017
Performed Location	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
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Report Template	AGCRT-US-2.5G/SAR (2016-01-01)

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1. SUMMARY OF MAXIMUM SAR VALUE

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for EUT are as follows:

Frequency Band	Highest Reported 1g-SAR(W/Kg)	SAR Test Limit (W/Kg)
	Body-worn	
GSM 850	0.782	1.6
PCS 1900	1.122	
WIFI 2.4G	0.252	
Simultaneous Reported SAR	1.351	
SAR Test Result	PASS	

This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/Kg) specified in IEEE Std. 1528:2013; FCC 47CFR § 2.1093; IEEE/ANSI C95.1:2005 and the following specific FCC Test Procedures:

- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04
- KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01
- KDB 248227 D01 802 11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. EUT Description

General Information	
Product Designation	Tablet
Test Model	TT-987
Hardware Version	H5LX0409099A
Software Version	ALPS.KK1.MP7.V1.44
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
GSM and GPRS	
Support Band	☒GSM 850 ☒PCS 1900 ☒GSM 900 ☒DCS 1800
GPRS Type	Class B
GPRS Class	Class12(1Tx+4Rx, 2Tx+3Rx, 3Tx+2Rx, 4Tx+1Rx)
TX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 820-850MHz;; PCS 1900: 1850-1910MHz;
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850 : 869~894MHz; PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS
Antenna Gain	3.28dBi
Max. Average Power	GSM850: 31.94dBm ;PCS1900: 28.94dBm
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version	☐V2.0 ☐V2.1 ☐V2.1+EDR ☒V3.0 ☐V3.0+HS ☒V4.0 ☐V4.1
Operation Frequency	2402~2480MHz
Type of modulation	☒GFSK ☒Π/4-DQPSK ☒8-DPSK
Peak Power	2.883dBm
Antenna Gain	3.28dBi
WIFI	
WIFI Specification	☐802.11a ☒802.11b ☒802.11g ☒802.11n(20) ☒802.11n(40)
Operation Frequency	2412~2462MHz
Avg. Burst Power	11b:13.38dBm,11g:10.97dBm,11n(20):10.89dBm,11n(40):9.76dBm
Antenna Gain	3.28dBi

EUT Description(Continue)

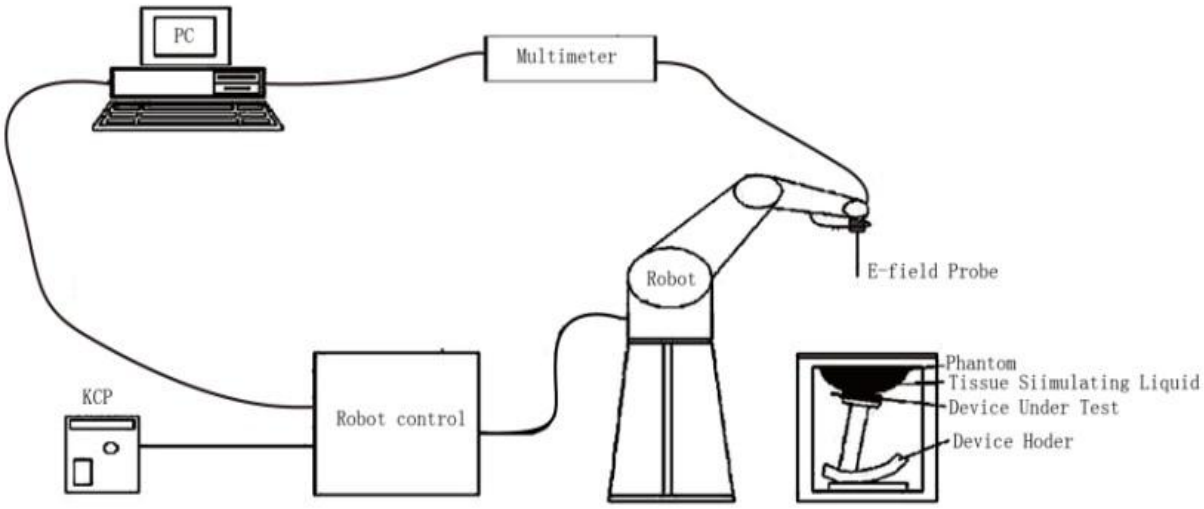
Accessories	
Battery	Brand name: N/A Model No. : 357090 Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7 V & 4800mAh
Adapter	Brand name: TIGERS Model No. : TT-987 Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 500mA Output: DC 5V, 2A
Earphone	Brand name: N/A Model No. : N/A

Note:1.CMU200 can measure the average power and Peak power at the same time
2.The sample used for testing is end product.

Product	Type
	☒ Production unit ☐ Identical Prototype

3. SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

3.1. The SATIMO system used for performing compliance tests consists of following items



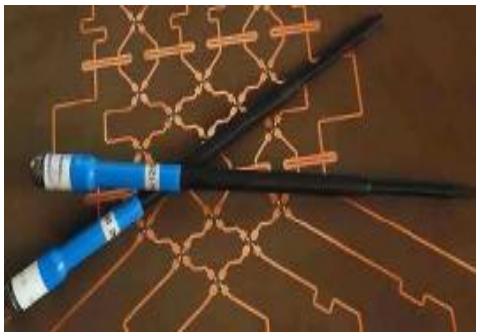
The COMOSAR system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- The PC. It controls most of the bench devices and stores measurement data.A computer running WinXP and the Opensar software.
- The E-Field probe. The probe is a 3-axis system made of 3 distinct dipoles. Each dipole returns a voltage in function of the ambient electric field.
- The Keithley multimeter measures each probe dipole voltages.
- The SAM phantom simulates a human head. The measurement of the electric field is made inside the phantom.
- The liquids simulate the dielectric properties of the human head tissues.
- The network emulator controls the mobile phone under test.
- The validation dipoles are used to measure a reference SAR. They are used to periodically check the bench to make sure that there is no drift of the system characteristics over time.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

3.2. COMOSAR E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SATIMO. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. SATIMO conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528 and relevant KDB files.) The calibration data are in Appendix D.

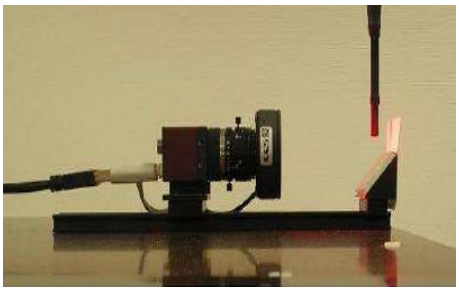
Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	SSE5	
Manufacture	MVG	
Frequency	0.7GHz-3GHz Linearity:±0.05dB(700MHz-3GHz)	
Dynamic Range	0.01W/Kg-100W/Kg Linearity:±0.05dB	
Dimensions	Overall length:330mm Length of individual dipoles:4.5mm Maximum external diameter:8mm Probe Tip external diameter:5mm Distance between dipoles/ probe extremity:2.7mm	
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 3 GHz with precision of better 30%.	

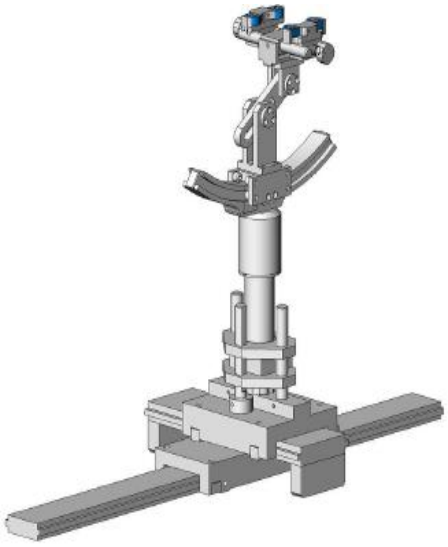
3.3. Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the KUKA robot from SATIMO SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from SATIMO is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application: □ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm) □ High reliability (industrial design) □ Jerk-free straight movements □ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields) □ 6-axis controller	

3.4. Video Positioning System

The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts.The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.	

3.5. Device Holder

The COMOSAR device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The COMOSAR device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity εr =3 and loss tangent δ = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.	

3.6. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas: □ Left head □ Right head □ Flat phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

ELLI39 Phantom

The Flat phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm+/- 0.2 mm shell thickness. It has only one measurement area for Flat phantom	

4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

4.1. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and occupational/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element(dv) of given mass density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}W}{\mathrm{d}m}\right) = \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t}\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}W}{\rho \mathrm{d}V}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/Kg)
SAR can be obtained using either of the following equations:

$$\mathrm{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

$$\mathrm{SAR} = c_h \left.\frac{\mathrm{d}T}{\mathrm{d}t}\right|_{t=0}$$

Where

SAR	is the specific absorption rate in watts per kilogram;
E	is the r.m.s. value of the electric field strength in the tissue in volts per meter;
σ	is the conductivity of the tissue in siemens per metre;
ρ	is the density of the tissue in kilograms per cubic metre;
c_h	is the heat capacity of the tissue in joules per kilogram and Kelvin;
$\frac{\mathrm{dT}}{\mathrm{dt}} \mid \mathrm{t} = 0$	is the initial time derivative of temperature in the tissue in kelvins per second

4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.7mm This distance cannot be smaller than the distance os sensor calibration points to probe tip as `defined in the probe properties,

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in SATIMO software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in db) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2db range is required in IEEE Standard 1528, whereby 3db is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan) If one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximum are detected, the number of Zoom Scan has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scan are used to assess the peak spatial SAR value within a cubic average volume containing 1g abd 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points(refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1g and 10g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB865664 d01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Step 4: Power Drift Measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the same settings. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

4.3. RF Exposure Conditions

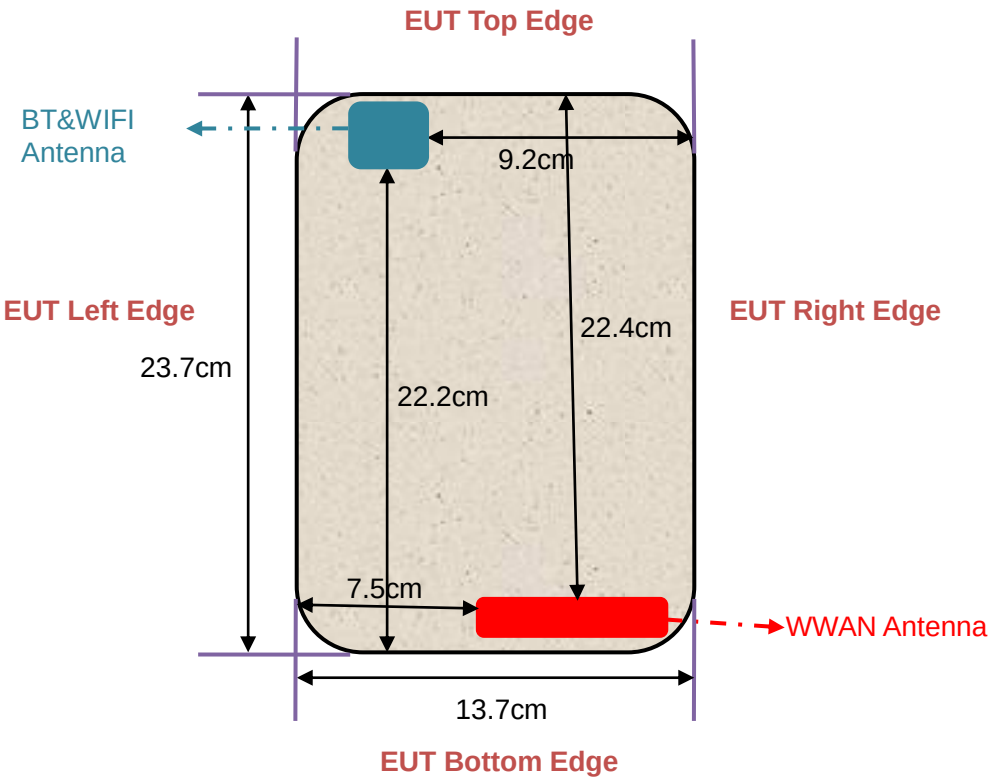
Test Configuration and setting:

The EUT is a model of GSM Portable Mobile Station (MS). It supports GSM/GPRS, BT, WIFI, and support hot spot mode.

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator were established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna is larger than 50cm, and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30db smaller than the output power of EUT.

For WLAN testing, the EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool through engineering command.

Antenna Location: (front view)



For WWAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note
Body			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Hotspot			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Edge 1 (Top)	224	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 2 (Right)	5	Yes	
Edge 3 (Bottom)	3	Yes	
Edge 4 (Left)	75	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR

For WLAN mode:

Test Configurations	Antenna to edges/surface	SAR required	Note
Body			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Hotspot			
Back	<25mm	Yes	
Front	<25mm	Yes	
Edge 1 (Top)	2	Yes	
Edge 2 (Right)	92	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 3 (Bottom)	222	No	SAR is not required for the distance between the antenna and the edge is >25mm as per KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot SAR
Edge 4 (Left)	23	Yes	

5. TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUID

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15cm. For head SAR testing the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15cm.The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in 4.2

5.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

Ingredient (% Weight) / Frequency (MHz)	Water	Nacl	Sugar	HEC	Bactericide	DGBE	1,2 Propanediol	Triton X-100
835 Body	54.00	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	15	0.0	30
1900 Body	70	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9	0.0	20
2450 Body	70	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	9	0.0	20

5.2. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in IEEE 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in IEEE 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	head		body	
	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	**55.2**	**0.97**
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	1.01	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	**53.3**	**1.52**
2450	39.2	1.80	**52.7**	**1.95**
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73

(εr = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

5.3. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using SATIMO Dielectric Probe Kit and R&S Network Analyzer ZVL6.

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 835MHz					
	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [oC]	Test time
		εr 55.20(52.44-57-96)	δ[s/m]0.97(0.9215-1.0185)		
Body	824.2	56.66	0.93	21.0	Dec. 26,2016
	835	55.75	0.95		
	836.6	55.16	0.97		
	848.8	54.47	0.98		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 1900MHz					
	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [oC]	Test time
		εr53.30(50.635-55.965)	δ[s/m]1.52(1.444-1.596)		
Body	1850.2	55.34	1.46	21.2	Dec. 28,2016
	1880	54.69	1.49		
	1900	54.33	1.51		
	1909.8	53.63	1.55		

Tissue Stimulant Measurement for 2450MHz					
	Fr. (MHz)	Dielectric Parameters (±5%)		Tissue Temp [^{o}C]	Test time
		εr52.7(50.065-55.335)	δ[s/m]1.95(1.8525-2.0475)		
Body	2412	54.35	1.88	21.3	Jan.04,2017
	2437	53.79	1.92		
	2450	52.56	1.95		
	2462	51.82	1.98		

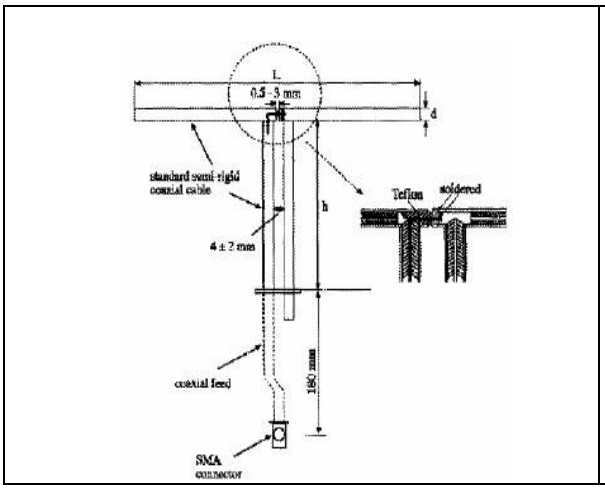
6. SAR SYSTEM CHECK PROCEDURE

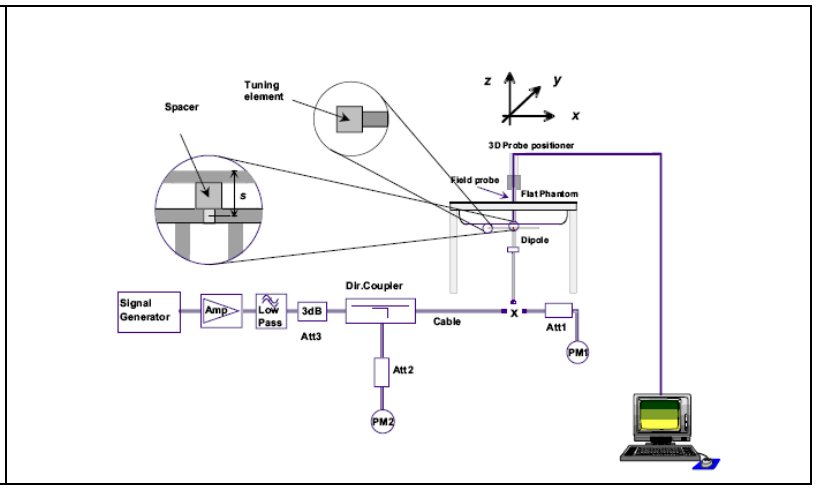
6.1. SAR System Check Procedures

SAR system check is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are remeasured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

Each SATIMO system is equipped with one or more system check kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software, enable the user to conduct the system check and system validation. System kit includes a dipole, and dipole device holder.

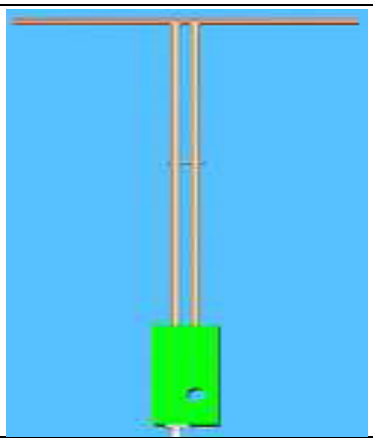
The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It's performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurement in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system check setup is shown as below.





6.2. SAR System Check

6.2.1. Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of IEEE. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical
Specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68	39.5	3.6
2450MHz	51.5	30.4	3.6

6.2.2. System Check Result

System Performance Check at 835 MHz &1900MHz & 2450MHz for Body								
Validation Kit: SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383&SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389& SN 29/15DIP 2G450-393								
Frequency [MHz]	Target Value(W/Kg)		Reference Result (± 10%)		Tested Value(W/Kg)		Tissue Temp. [°C]	Test time
	1g	10g	1g	10g	1g	10g		
835	9.85	6.45	8.865-10.835	5.805-7.095	10.022	6.562	21.0	Dec. 26,2016
1900	39.38	20.86	35.442-43.318	18.774-22.946	40.884	20.371	21.2	Dec. 28,2016
2450	49.92	23.16	44.928-54.912	20.844-25.476	51.866	20.884	21.3	Jan.04,2017

7. EUT TEST POSITION

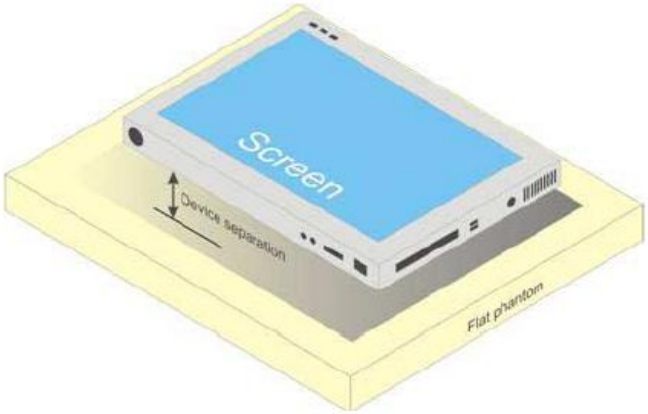
The EUT is tested in **Body back, Body front and 4 edges.**

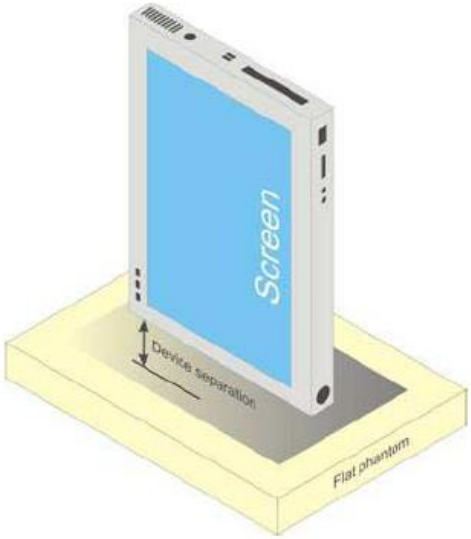
7.1.Body Position

(1) To position the EUT parallel to the phantom surface.

(2) To adjust the EUT parallel to the flat phantom.

(3) To adjust the distance between the EUT surface and the flat phantom to **0mm.**





8. SAR EXPOSURE LIMITS

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005 “Uncontrolled Environments” limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as “Uncontrolled Environment” which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment Limit (W/kg)
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60
Spatial Average SAR (Whole body)	0.08
Spatial Peak SAR (Limbs)	4.0

9. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Equipment description	Manufacturer/ Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	MVG	SN 14/16 EP307	07/05/2016	07/04/2017
TISSUE Probe	SATIMO	SN 23/16 OCPG 75	07/05/2016	07/04/2017
Phantom	SATIMO	SN_4511_SAM90	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid	SATIMO	-	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Comm Tester	Agilent-8960	GB46310822	03/11/2016	03/10/2017
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	03/10/2016	03/09/2017
Dipole	SATIMO SID835	SN29/15 DIP 0G835-383	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID1900	SN 29/15 DIP 1G900-389	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Dipole	SATIMO SID2450	SN29/15 DIP 2G450-393	07/05/2016	07/04/2019
Signal Generator	Agilent-E4438C	US41461365	02/29/2016	02/28/2017
Vector Analyzer	Agilent / E4440A	US40420298	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVL6	SN100132	03/01/2016	02/28/2017
Attenuator	Warison /WATT-6SR1211	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	Mini-circuits / VAT-10+	N/A	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	EM30180	SN060552	03/04/2016	03/03/2017
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C5571-10	SN99463	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Directional Couple	Werlatone/ C6026-10	SN99482	07/02/2016	07/01/2017
Power Sensor	NRP-Z21	1137.6000.02	10/10/2016	10/09/2017
Power Sensor	NRP-Z23	US38261498	03/01/2016	02/28/2017
Power Viewer	R&S	V2.3.1.0	N/A	N/A

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation, AGC Lab has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:
1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
4. Impedance is within 5Ω of calibrated measurement.

10. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

SATIMO Uncertainty-SN 14/16 EP307 Measurement uncertainty for DUT averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.(Head)									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Probe Modulation	E2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.36	0.35	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.69	0.69	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflection	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe Positioning	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Post-processing	E.5	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test sample Related									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.60	3.60	∞
Device Holder	E.4.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.90	2.90	∞
Measurement SAR Drift	E.2.9	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	E.6.5	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid Conductivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.90	3.55	M
Liquid Permittivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid Conductivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	2.25	2.05	∞
Liquid Permittivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.66	0.75	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.20	9.919	∞
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				20.40	19.838	

SATIMO Uncertainty-SN 14/16 EP307 System validation uncertainty for Dipole averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.(Head)									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	5.831	N	1	1	1	5.83	5.83	∞
Probe Modulation	E.2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.44	1.44	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	1.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.69	0.69	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.40	0.40	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflection	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	E.6.1	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe Positioning	E.6.2	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Post-processing	E.6.3	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System validation source（dipole）									
Deviation of exp. dipole	E6.4	5	R	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Dipole Axis to Liquid Dist.	8,E.6.6	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
Input power & SAR drift	8,6.6.4	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid Conductivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.90	3.55	M
Liquid Permittivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid Conductivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	2.25	2.05	∞
Liquid Permittivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.66	0.75	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.34	10.069	∞
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				20.69	20.137	

SATIMO Uncertainty-SN 14/16 EP307 System Check uncertainty for Dipole averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.(Head)									
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Modulation response	E.2.5	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
System detection limits	E.2.4	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
RF Ambient Reflection	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe Positioner	E.6.1	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe Positioning	E.6.2	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Post-processing	E.6.3	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.00	0.00	∞
Field source									
Deviation of exp. dipole	E6.4	5	R	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	∞
Dipole Axis to Liquid Dist.	8,E.6.6	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
Input power & SAR drift	8,6.6.4	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Phantom and set-up									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E.3.2	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.90	1.60	∞
Liquid Conductivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.78	0.71	3.90	3.55	M
Liquid Permittivity(Meas.)	E.3.3	5	N	1	0.23	0.26	1.15	1.30	M
Liquid Conductivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	2.25	2.05	∞
Liquid Permittivity-temperature uncertainty	E.3.4	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.66	0.75	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				7.076	6.667	∞
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			k				14.152	13.334	

11. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENT

GSM BAND

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1>				
GSM 850	824.2	**31.94**	-9	22.94
	836.6	31.81	-9	22.81
	848.8	31.52	-9	22.52
GPRS 850 （1 Slot）	824.2	31.41	-9	22.41
	836.6	31.32	-9	22.32
	848.8	31.09	-9	22.09
GPRS 850 （2 Slot）	824.2	28.92	-6	**22.92**
	836.6	28.81	-6	22.81
	848.8	28.02	-6	22.02
GPRS 850 （3 Slot）	824.2	26.81	-4.26	22.55
	836.6	26.64	-4.26	22.38
	848.8	26.98	-4.26	22.72
GPRS 850 （4 Slot）	824.2	25.74	-3	22.74
	836.6	25.71	-3	22.71
	848.8	25.53	-3	22.53
Maximum Power <2>				
GSM 850	824.2	31.48	-9	22.48
	836.6	31.52	-9	22.52
	848.8	31.44	-9	22.44
GPRS 850 （1 Slot）	824.2	31.39	-9	22.39
	836.6	31.35	-9	22.35
	848.8	31.33	-9	22.33
GPRS 850 （2 Slot）	824.2	28.80	-6	**22.80**
	836.6	28.79	-6	22.79
	848.8	28.63	-6	22.63
GPRS 850 （3 Slot）	824.2	26.53	-4.26	22.27
	836.6	26.49	-4.26	22.23
	848.8	26.43	-4.26	22.17
GPRS 850 （4 Slot）	824.2	25.59	-3	22.59
	836.6	25.56	-3	22.56
	848.8	25.41	-3	22.41

GSM BAND CONTINUE

Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)	Duty cycle Factor(dBm)	Frame Power(dBm)
Maximum Power <1>				
PCS1900	1850.2	28.48	-9	19.48
	1880	28.85	-9	19.85
	1909.8	**28.94**	-9	19.94
GPRS1900 （1 Slot）	1850.2	28.12	-9	19.12
	1880	28.21	-9	19.21
	1909.8	28.23	-9	19.23
GPRS1900 （2 Slot）	1850.2	25.67	-6	19.67
	1880	25.39	-6	19.39
	1909.8	25.45	-6	19.45
GPRS1900 （3 Slot）	1850.2	23.62	-4.26	19.36
	1880	23.86	-4.26	19.6
	1909.8	23.19	-4.26	18.93
GPRS1900 （4 Slot）	1850.2	22.75	-3	19.75
	1880	22.64	-3	19.64
	1909.8	22.81	-3	**19.81**
Maximum Power <2>				
PCS1900	1850.2	28.32	-9	19.32
	1880	28.31	-9	19.31
	1909.8	28.44	-9	19.44
GPRS1900 （1 Slot）	1850.2	28.03	-9	19.03
	1880	28.15	-9	19.15
	1909.8	28.19	-9	19.19
GPRS1900 （2 Slot）	1850.2	25.43	-6	19.43
	1880	25.39	-6	19.39
	1909.8	25.37	-6	19.37
GPRS1900 （3 Slot）	1850.2	23.53	-4.26	19.27
	1880	23.49	-4.26	19.23
	1909.8	23.41	-4.26	19.15
GPRS1900 （4 Slot）	1850.2	22.61	-3	19.61
	1880	22.62	-3	19.62
	1909.8	22.71	-3	**19.71**

Note 1:
The Frame Power (Source-based time-averaged Power) is scaled the maximum burst average power based on time slots. The calculated methods are show as following:
Frame Power = Max burst power (1 Up Slot) – 9 dB
Frame Power = Max burst power (2 Up Slot) – 6 dB
Frame Power = Max burst power (3 Up Slot) – 4.26 dB
Frame Power = Max burst power (4 Up Slot) – 3 dB
Note 2:
SAR is not required for GPRS (1 Slot) Mode because its output power is less than of Voice Mode

WIFI

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Avg. Burst Power(dBm)
802.11b	1	01	2412	**13.38**
		06	2437	13.27
		11	2462	13.11
802.11g	6	01	2412	**10.97**
		06	2437	10.81
		11	2462	10.67
802.11n(20)	6.5	01	2412	**10.89**
		06	2437	10.75
		11	2462	10.34
802.11n(40)	13.5	03	2422	9.67
		06	2437	9.54
		09	2452	**9.76**

Bluetooth_V3.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak.Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	2.455
	39	2441	**2.883**
	78	2480	2.743
π /4-DQPSK	0	2402	2.225
	39	2441	2.308
	78	2480	2.043
8-DPSK	0	2402	2.506
	39	2441	2.699
	78	2480	2.520

Bluetooth_V4.0

Modulation	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)
GFSK	0	2402	-4.000
	19	2440	-4.465
	39	2480	-4.983

12. TEST RESULTS

12.1. SAR Test Results Summary

12.1.1. Test position and configuration

Body-worn SAR was performed with the device 0mm from the phantom, and 4 Edges SAR was performed with the device 0mm from the phantom.

12.1.2. Operation Mode

1. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 ,for each exposure position, if the highest 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01 v01r04,for each frequency band, if the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, testing for repeated SAR measurement is required , that the highest measured SAR is only to be tested. When the SAR results are near the limit, the following procedures are required for each device to verify these types of SAR measurement related variation concerns by repeating the highest measured SAR configuration in each frequency band.
   (1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg, repeat that measurement once.
   (2) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is >1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥1.45 W/Kg.
   (3) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first and second repeated measurement is ≥1.5 W/Kg and ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second measurement is ≥ 1.20.
3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call mode is selected to be test.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03,when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤1.2W/Kg, SAR testing with a headset connected is not required.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02,for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2W/kg.
6. Per KDB 941225 D06 V02r01, When the same wireless mode transmission configurations for voice and data are required for SAR measurements, the more conservative configuration with a smaller separation distance should be tested for the overlapping SAR configurations.
7. Maximum Scaling SAR in order to calculate the Maximum SAR values to test under the standard Peak Power, Calculation method is as follows:
   Maximum Scaling SAR =tested SAR (Max.) ×[maximum turn-up power (mw)/ maximum measurement output power(mw)]
8. Proximity sensor, just for avoiding the wrong operation in the phone screen when call, and has no influence on output power or SAR result.

12.1.3. Test Result

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 55.4					
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: GSM850 with GMSK modulation									
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)**	**Meas. output Power (dBm)**	**Scaled SAR (W/Kg)**	**Limit (W/kg)**
SIM 1 Card									
Body back	voice	190	836.6	-0.36	0.603	32	31.81	**0.630**	1.6
Body front	voice	190	836.6	1.05	0.139	32	31.81	0.145	1.6
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	190	836.6	-0.59	0.766	28.9	28.81	**0.782**	1.6
Body front	GPRS-2 slot	190	836.6	0.32	0.247	28.9	28.81	0.252	1.6
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-2 slot	190	836.6	-0.08	0.580	28.9	28.81	0.592	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-2 slot	190	836.6	0.96	0.481	28.9	28.81	0.491	1.6
SIM 2 Card									
Body back	GPRS-2 slot	190	836.6	-1.06	0.761	28.9	28.79	0.781	1.6

Note:
· When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
·The test separation for body back and body front is 0mm of all above table.
·The test separation for 4 Edges is 0mm of all above table.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15				Relative Humidity (%): 50.3					
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode: PCS1900 with GMSK modulation									
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)**	**Meas. output Power (dBm)**	**Scaled SAR (W/Kg)**	**Limit (W/kg)**
SIM 1 Card									
Body back	voice	661	1880.0	-0.85	0.374	29	28.85	0.387	1.6
Body front	voice	661	1880.0	0.63	0.570	29	28.85	**0.590**	1.6
Body back	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880.0	-0.74	0.737	22.9	22.64	0.782	1.6
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	512	1850.2	0.63	0.995	22.9	22.75	1.030	
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880	0.96	1.057	22.9	22.64	**1.122**	1.6
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	810	1909.8	-0.44	0.902	22.9	22.81	0.921	
Edge 2(Right)	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880.0	0.32	0.615	22.9	22.64	0.653	1.6
Edge 3(Bottom)	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880.0	0.69	0.426	22.9	22.64	0.452	1.6
SIM 2 Card									
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880.0	-1.53	0.990	22.9	22.62	1.056	1.6

Note:
・When the 1-g Reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. Refer to KDB 447498.
・The test separation for body back and body front is 0mm of all above table.
・The test separation for 4 Edges is 0mm of all above table.

SAR MEASUREMENT									
Depth of Liquid (cm):>15			Relative Humidity (%): 54.8						
Product: Tablet									
Test Mode:802.11b									
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)**	**Meas. output Power (dBm)**	**Scaled SAR (W/Kg)**	**Limit (W/kg)**
Body back	DTS	6	2437	-0.59	0.239	13.5	13.27	**0.252**	1.6
Body front	DTS	6	2437	1.63	0.217	13.5	13.27	0.229	1.6
Edge 1 (Top)	DTS	6	2437	-0.28	0.074	13.5	13.27	0.078	1.6
Edge 4(Left)	DTS	6	2437	-0.11	0.025	13.5	13.27	0.026	1.6

Note:
・According to KDB248227, SAR is not required for 802.11n HT20/HT40 channels when the maximum average output power is less than 1/4 dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11a/b channels.
・All of above “DTS” means data transmitters.
・The test separation for body back and body front is 0mm of all above table.
・The test separation for 4 Edges is 0mm of all above table.

Repeated SAR										
Product: Tablet										
Test Mode: PCS1900 with GMSK modulation										
Position	**Mode**	**Ch.**	**Fr. (MHz)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Once SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Twice SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Power Drift (<±5%)**	**Third SAR (1g) (W/kg)**	**Limit (W/kg)**
Body front	GPRS-4 slot	661	1880.0	-0.52	0.916	-	-	-	-	1.6

Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation:

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

NO	Simultaneous state	Portable Handset	
		Body-worn	Hotspot
1	GSM(voice)+WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	-
2	GSM(voice)+Bluetooth(data)	Yes	-
3	GSM (Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	
4	GSM (Data) + WLAN 2.4GHz (data)	Yes	Yes

NOTE:

1. WLAN and BT share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. Simultaneous with every transmitter must be the same test position.
3. KDB 447498 D01, BT SAR is excluded as below table.
4. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.1, Standalone SAR test exclusion is as follow:
   For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:
   [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] • [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR[30], where
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation[31]
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
   - The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds in step b) below

   The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
5. If the test separation distance is <5mm, 5mm is used for excluded SAR calculation.
6. According to KDB 447498 D01 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is as follow:
   (1) Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna.
   (2) Any transmitters and antennas should be considered when calculating simultaneous mode.
   (3) For mobile phone and PC, it's the sum of all transmitters and antennas at the same mode with same position in each applicable exposure condition
   (4)When the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.2 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to det
   (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;
   where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

7. When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio. The simultaneous transmitting antennas in each operating mode and exposure condition combination must be considered one pair at a time to determine the SAR to peak location separation ratio to qualify for test exclusion. The ratio is determined by (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5/Ri, rounded to two decimal digits, and must be ≤ 0.04 for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR		Max Power including Tune-up Tolerance		Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
		dBm	mW		
BT	Body	3	1.995	0	0.083

Sum of the SAR for GSM 850 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		GSM 850	WI-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.630	0.252		0.882	No
		0.630		0.083	0.713	No
	Front	0.145	0.229		0.374	No
		0.145		0.083	0.228	No
Hotspot	Rear	0.782	0.252		**1.034**	No
	Front	0.252	0.229		0.481	No
	Rear	0.782		0.083	0.865	No
	Front	0.252		0.083	0.335	No

Note:

·According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

·SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

Sum of the SAR for GSM 1900 &Wi-Fi & BT:

RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Simultaneous Transmission Scenario			Σ1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR (Yes/No)
		PCS 1900	WI-Fi DTS Band	Bluetooth		
Body-worn	Rear	0.387	0.252		0.639	No
		0.387		0.083	0.470	No
	Front	0.590	0.229		0.819	No
		0.590		0.083	0.673	No
Hotspot	Rear	0.782	0.252		1.034	No
	Front	1.122	0.229		**1.351**	No
	Rear	0.782		0.083	0.865	No
	Front	1.122		0.083	1.205	No

Note:

·According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance, when the simultaneous transmission SAR is less than1.6 W/Kg, SPLSR assessment is not required.

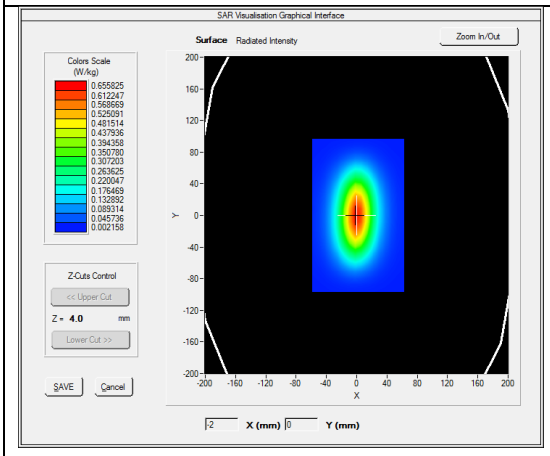
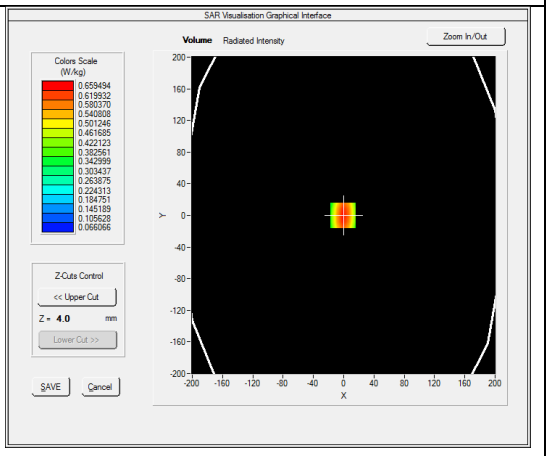
·SPLSR mean is “The SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio “

APPENDIX A. SAR SYSTEM CHECK DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 26,2016**
System Check Body 835 MHz
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type: SID 835
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.89
Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ=0.95 mho/m; εr =55.75; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):22.0, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

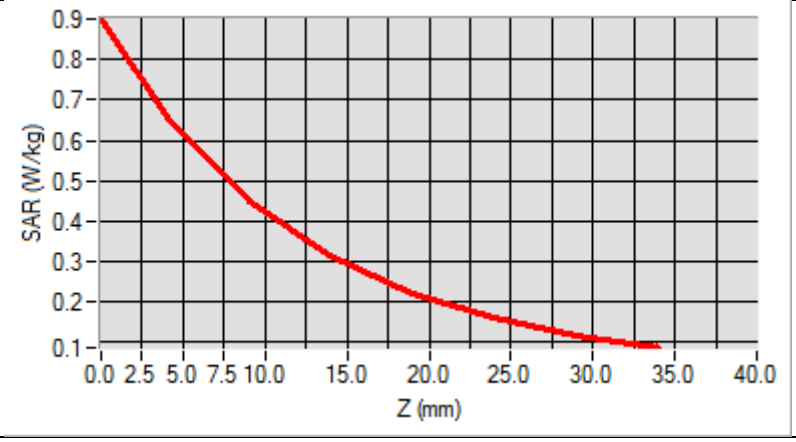
Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 835MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

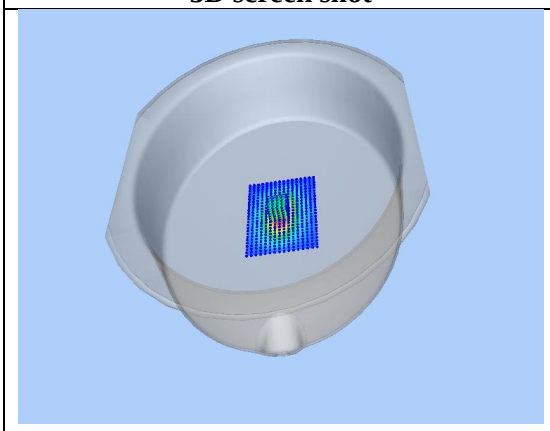
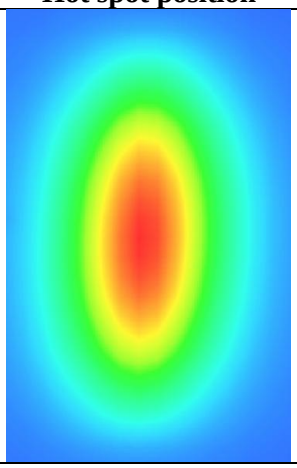
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.414047
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.632330

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.9007	0.6595	0.4489	0.3136	0.2213	0.1598	0.1166

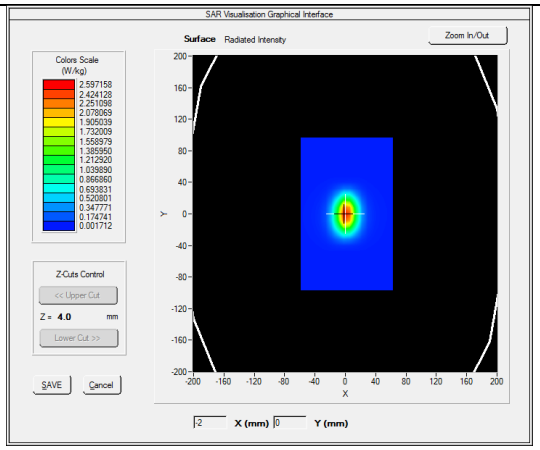
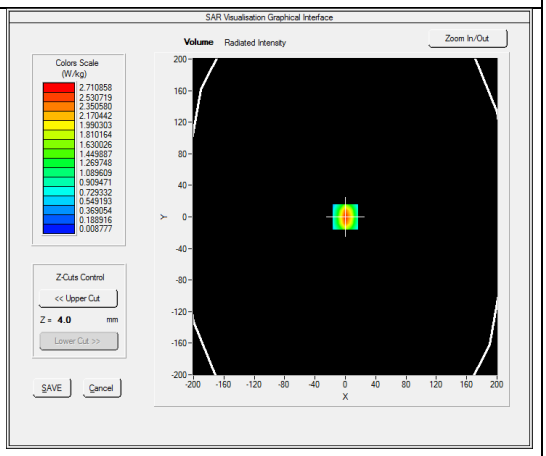


3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 28,2016**
System Check Body 1900MHz
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: SID 1900
Communication System: CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:1:1; Conv.F=5.34
Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ=1.51 mho/m; εr =54.33; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):22.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

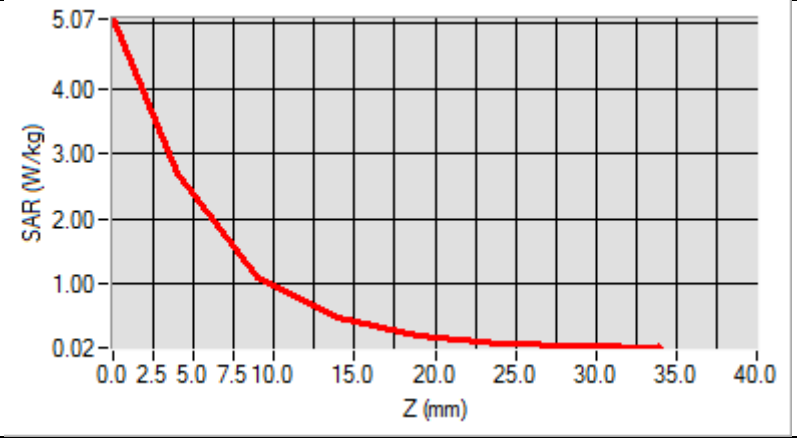
Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 1900MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm

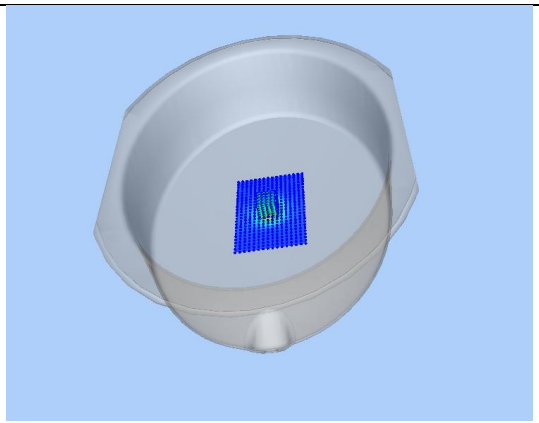
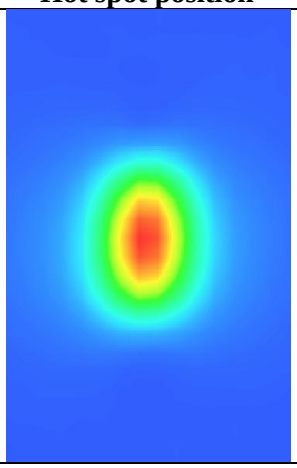
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00
SAR Peak: 5.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.285331
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.579585

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	5.0703	2.7109	1.1012	0.4708	0.2038	0.0905	0.0411

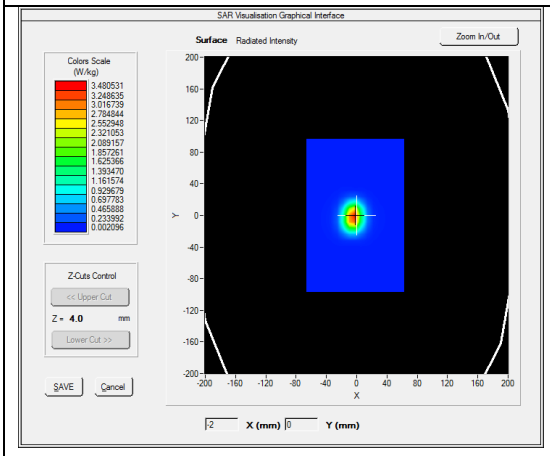
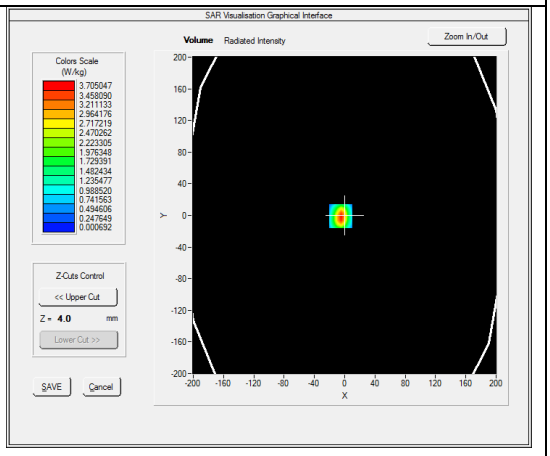


3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Jan.04,2017**
System Check Body 2450 MHz
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type: SID 2450
Communication System CW; Communication System Band: D2450 (2450.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.19
Frequency: 2450 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ=1.95 mho/m; εr =52.56; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=18dBm
Ambient temperature (℃):22.1, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

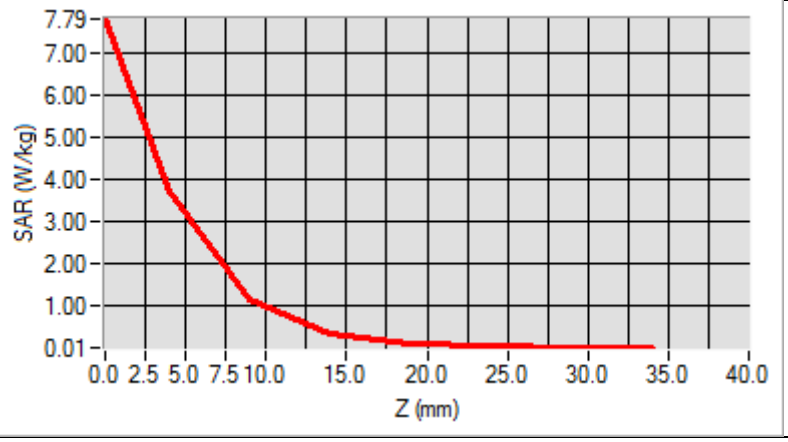
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/System Check 2450MHz Body/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm

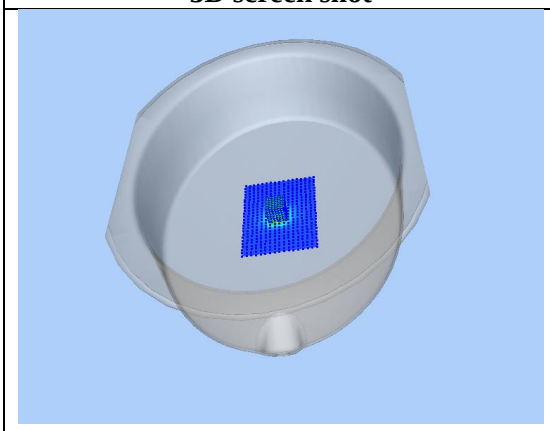
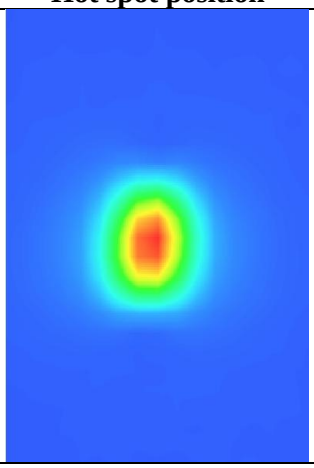
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-1.00
SAR Peak: 7.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.317720
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.272518

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	7.7887	3.7050	1.1298	0.3588	0.1188	0.0408	0.0154



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

APPENDIX B. SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 26,2016**
GSM 850 Mid- Body- Back (MS)<SIM 1>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

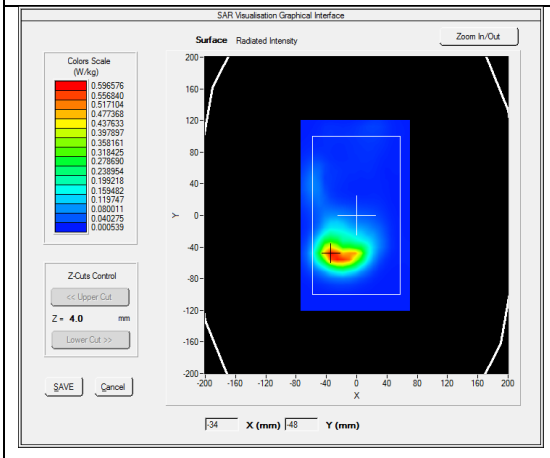
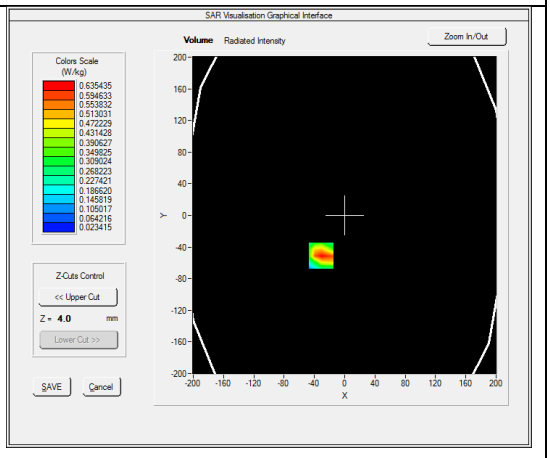
Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.89; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ= 0.97 mho/m; εr = 55.16; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.0, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:

- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GSM 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

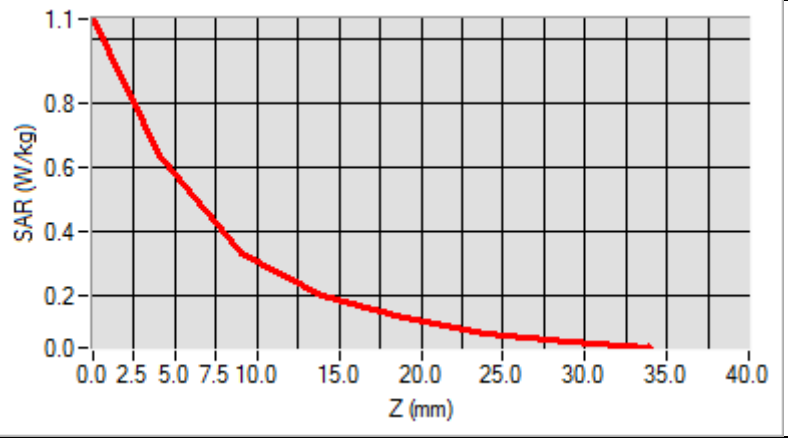
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

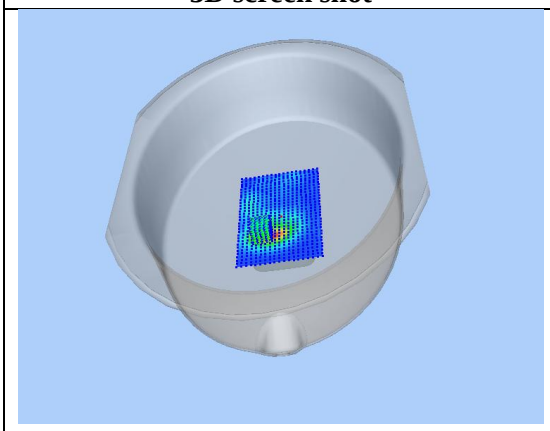
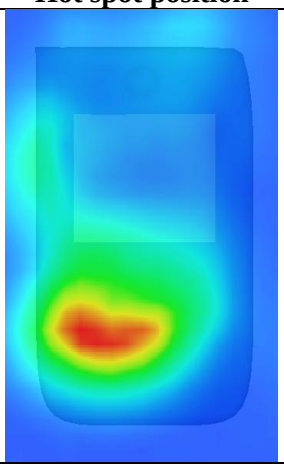
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=-31.00, Y=-51.00
SAR Peak: 1.08 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.309956
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.603393

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0608	0.6354	0.3327	0.1992	0.1304	0.0810	0.0576



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

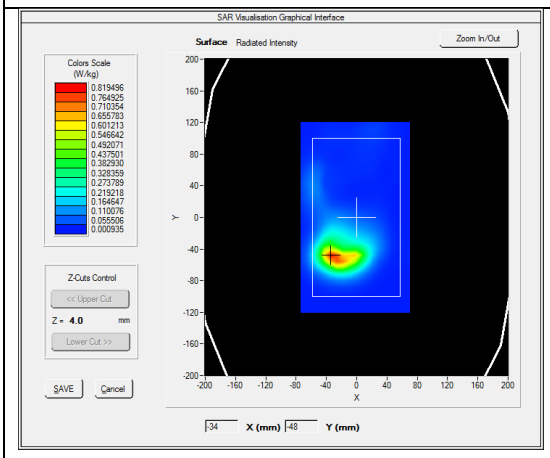
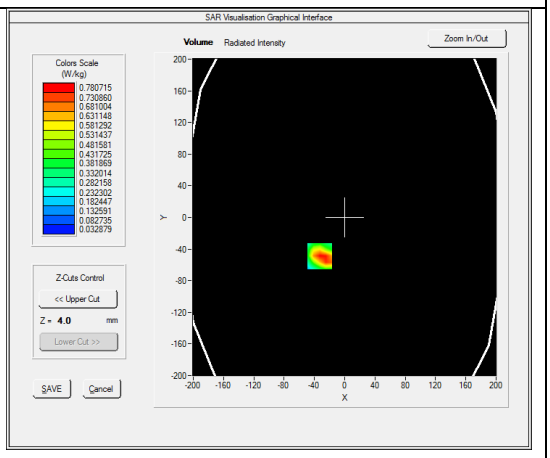
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 26,2016**
GPRS 850 Mid- Body- Back (2up) <SIM 1>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: GPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.89;
Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ= 0.97 mho/m; εr = 55.16; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.0, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

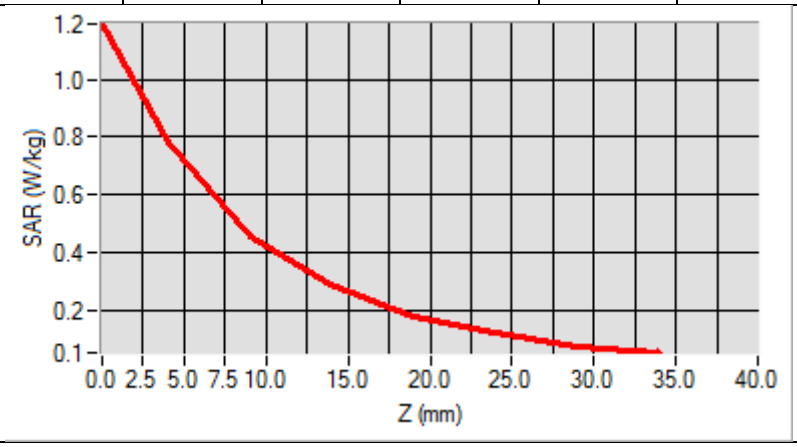
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

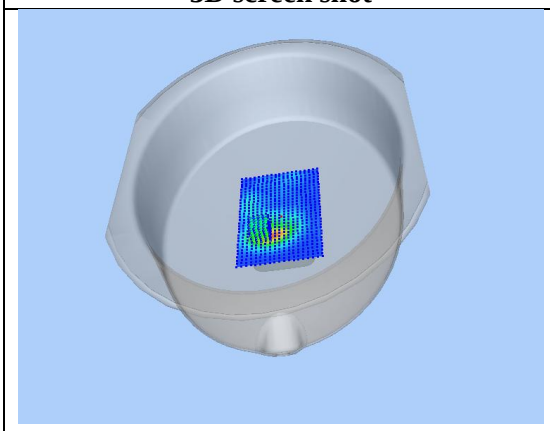
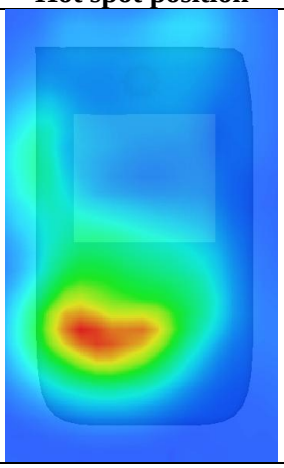
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-49.00
SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.419230
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.766095

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1918	0.7807	0.4581	0.2888	0.1791	0.1210	0.0772



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

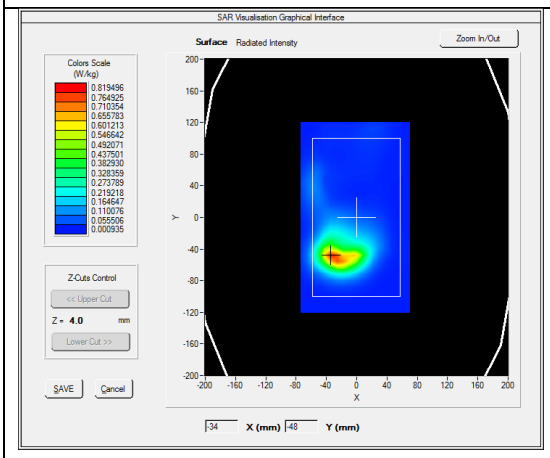
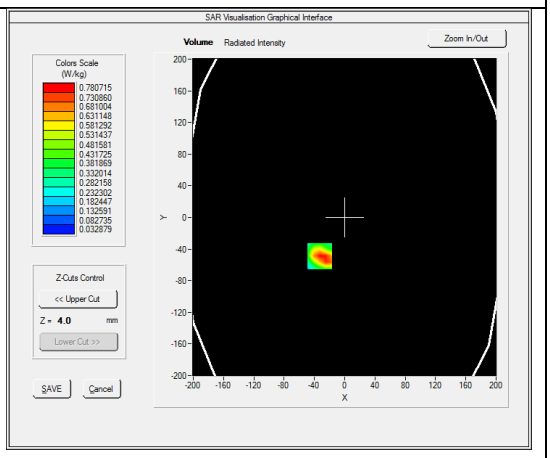
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 26,2016**
GPRS 850 Mid- Body- Back (2up)- <SIM 2>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: GPRS-2 Slot; Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2; Conv.F=5.89; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ= 0.97 mho/m; εr = 55.16; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.0, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.0

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GPRS 850 Mid-Body-Back/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

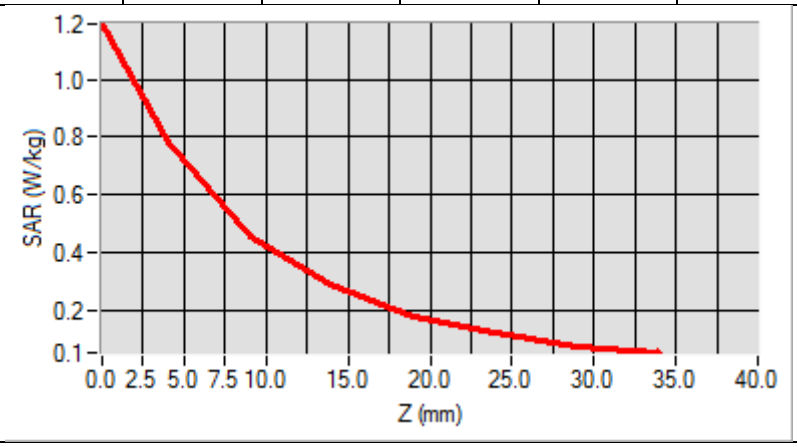
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	GSM 850
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 4.0)

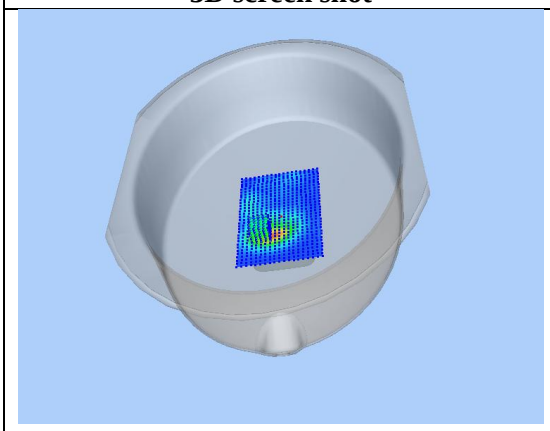
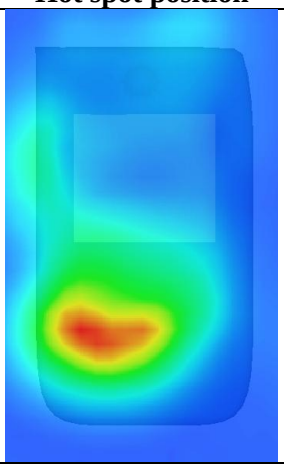
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

Maximum location: X=-33.00, Y=-49.00
SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.412075
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.761109

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1912	0.7801	0.4578	0.2882	0.1789	0.1208	0.0771



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

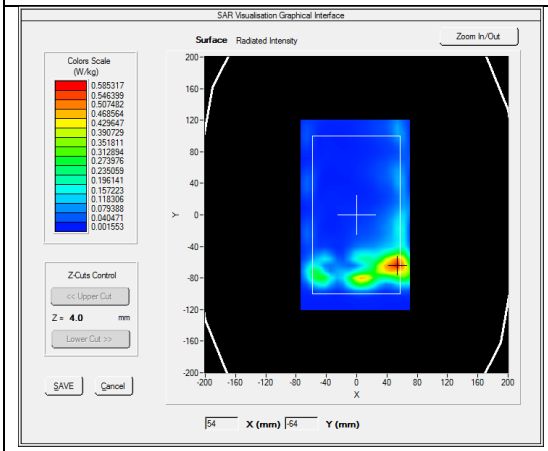
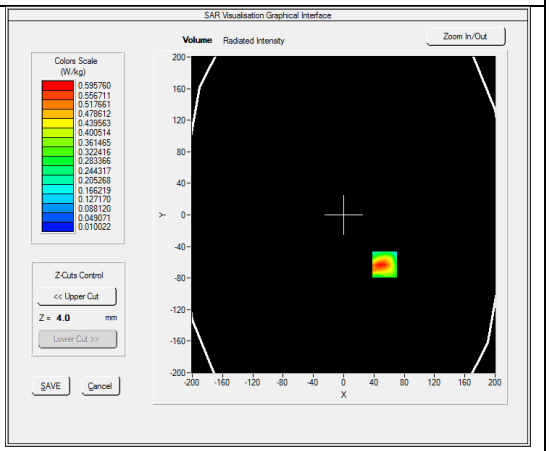
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 28,2016**
PCS 1900 Mid-Body -Front (MS) <SIM 1>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Conv.F=5.34;
Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ= 1.49 mho/m; εr =54.69; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/PCS1900 Mid-Body- Front /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

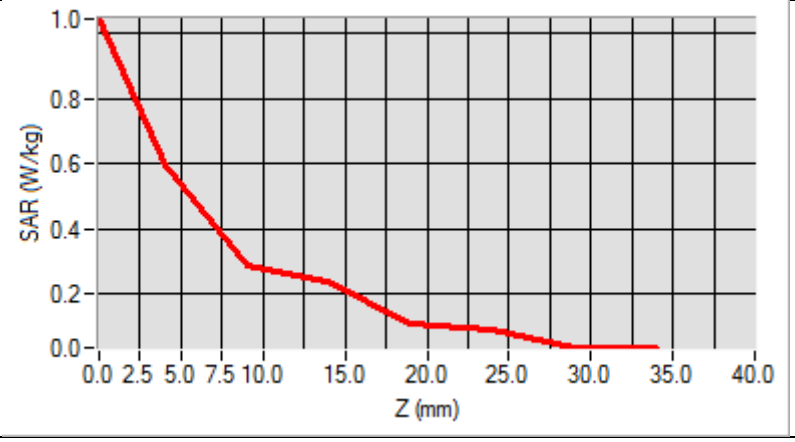
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

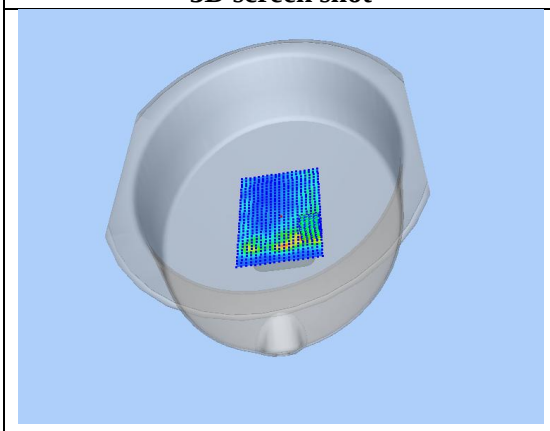
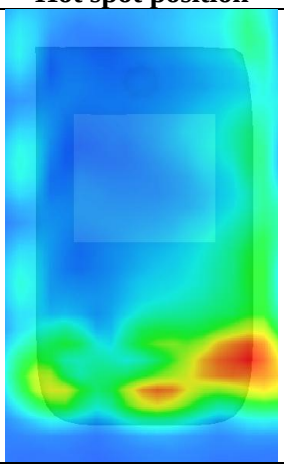
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

Maximum location: X=54.00, Y=-63.00
SAR Peak: 0.89 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.325645
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.569689

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.0420	0.5958	0.2886	0.2369	0.1096	0.0905	0.0374



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

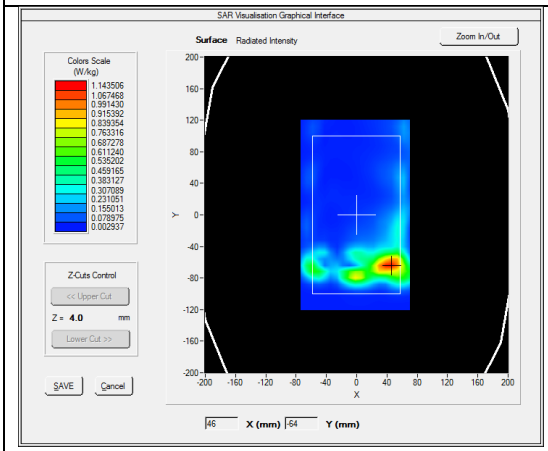
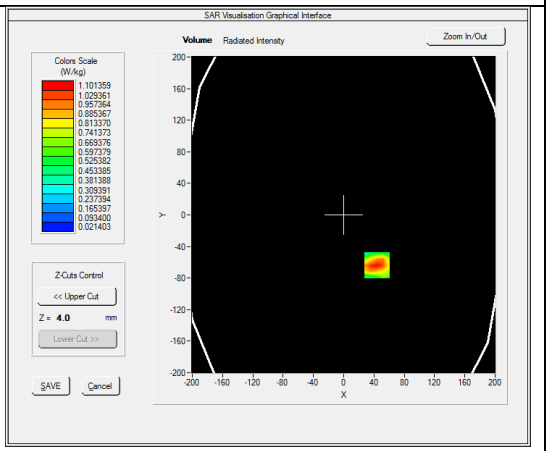
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 28,2016**
GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Front (4up) <SIM 1>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: GPRS-4Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ= 1.49 mho/m; εr =54.69; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

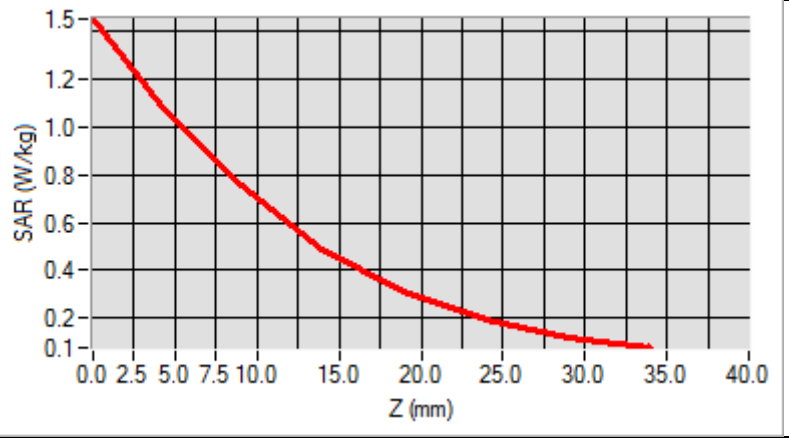
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

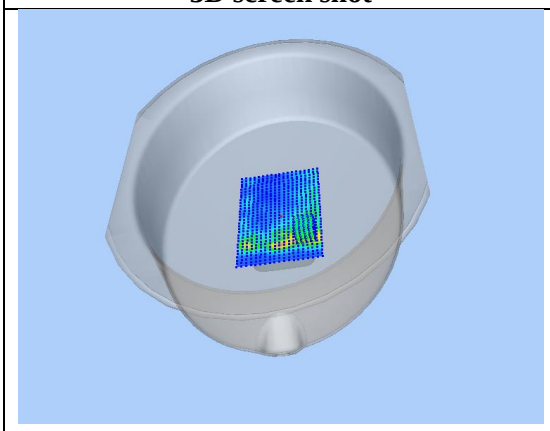
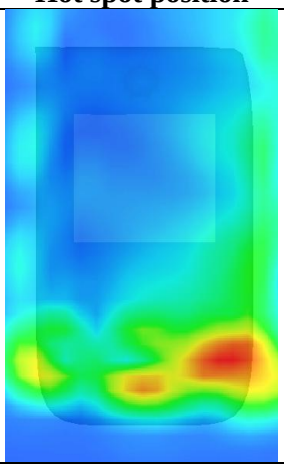
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

Maximum location: X=44.00, Y=-64.00
SAR Peak: 1.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.624452
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.056835

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.4539	1.1014	0.7553	0.4856	0.3123	0.1969	0.1203



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

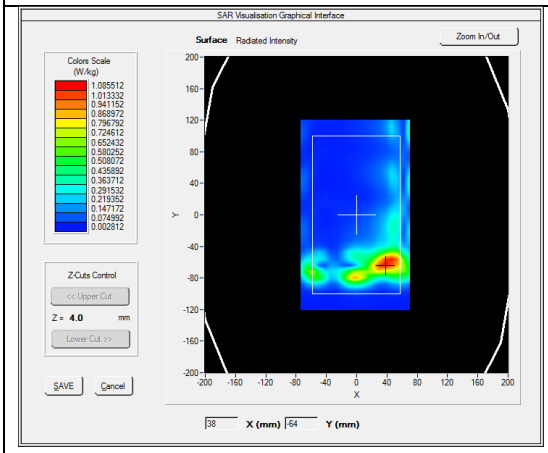
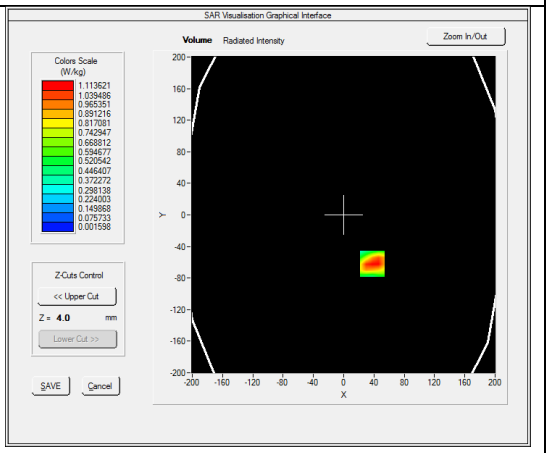
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 28,2016**
GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Front (4up)- <SIM 2>
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: GPRS-4Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ= 1.49 mho/m; εr =54.69; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

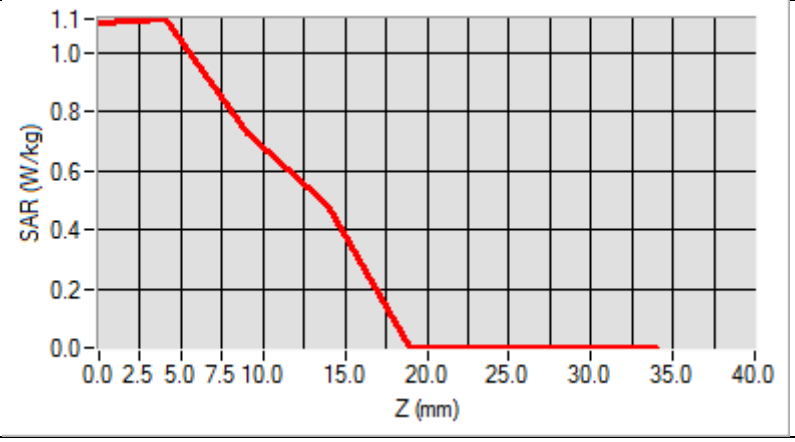
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

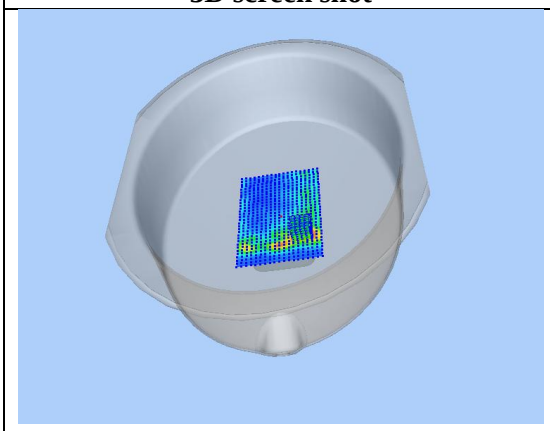
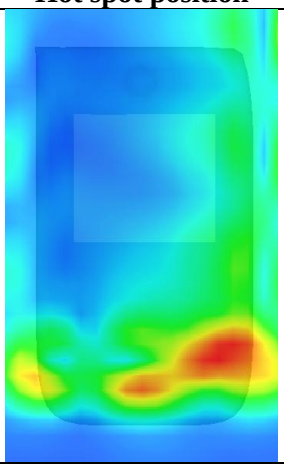
SURFACE SAR	**VOLUME SAR**
	

Maximum location: X=38.00, Y=-62.00
SAR Peak: 1.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.578167
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.989543

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.1008	1.1136	0.7269	0.4823	0.0019	0.0022	0.0023



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

Repeated

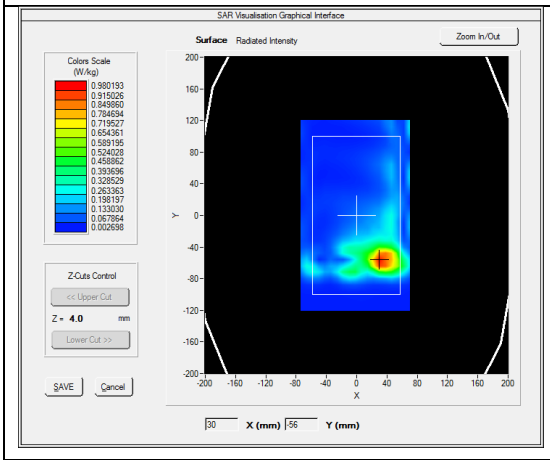
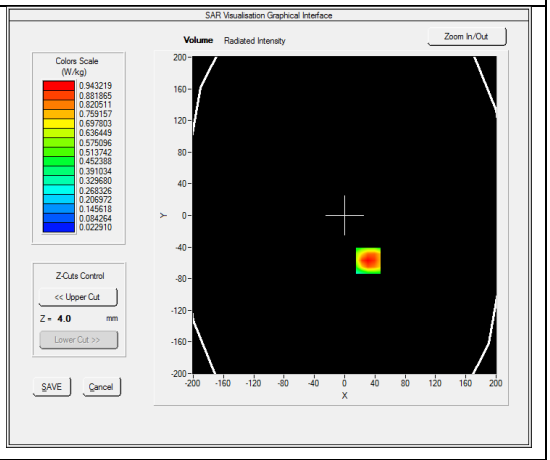
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Dec. 28,2016**
GPRS 1900 Mid-Body-Front (4up)
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: GPRS-4Slot; Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty Cycle: 1:2.1; Conv.F=5.34; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ= 1.49 mho/m; εr =54.69; ρ= 1000 kg/m³ ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃): 22.3, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.2

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid-Body-Front/Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,dy=8mm, dz=5mm;

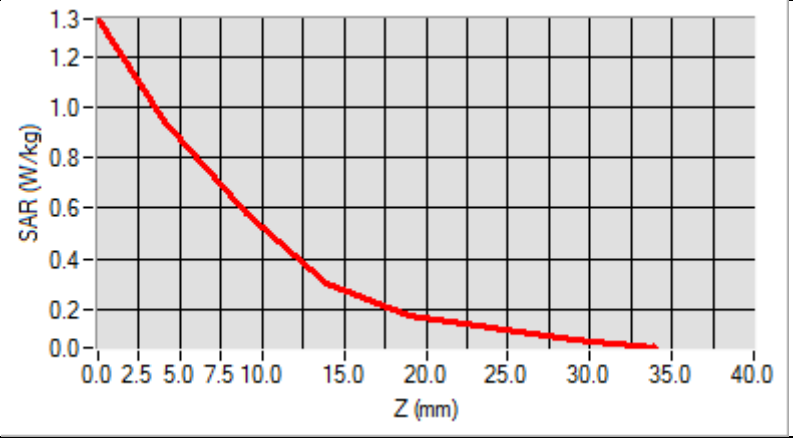
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Front
Band	PCS 1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 2.0)

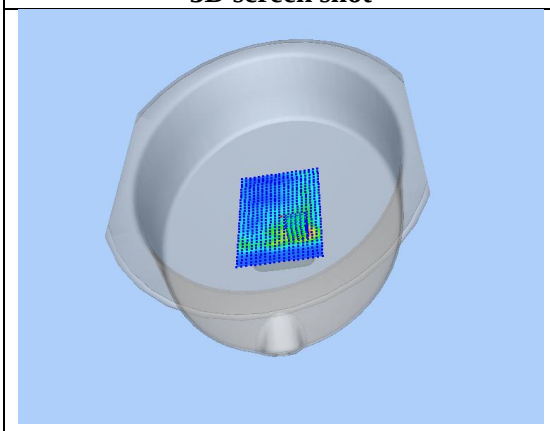
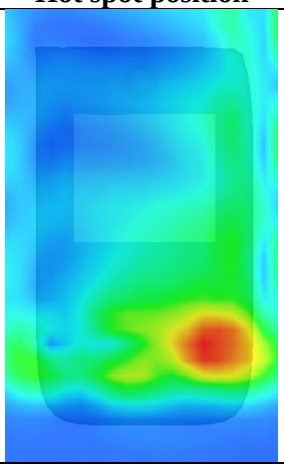
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=31.00, Y=-57.00
SAR Peak: 1.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.515297
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.915962

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.3464	0.9432	0.5782	0.3058	0.1784	0.1288	0.0800



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

WIFI MODE

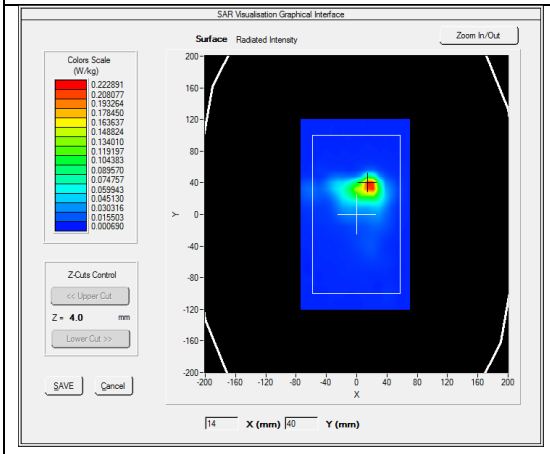
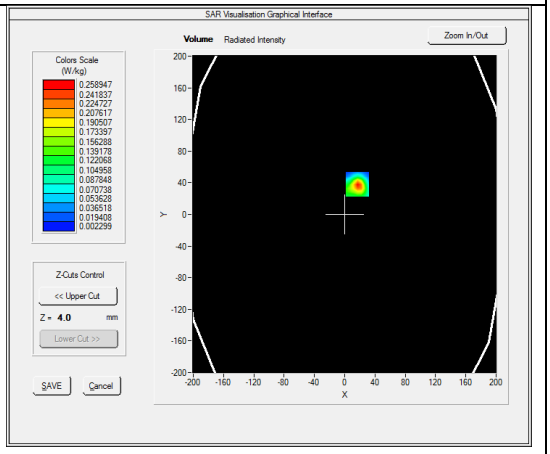
Test Laboratory: AGC Lab **Date: Jan.04,2017**
802.11b Mid-Body-Worn- Back (DTS)
DUT: Tablet; Type: TT-987

Communication System: Wi-Fi; Communication System Band: 802.11b; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Conv.F=5.19;
Frequency: 2437 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ =1.92 mho/m; εr =53.79; ρ= 1000 kg/m^3 ;
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient temperature (℃):22.1, Liquid temperature (℃): 21.3

SATIMO Configuration:
- Probe: SSE5; Calibrated: 07/05/2016 Serial No.: SN 14/16 EP307
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Phantom: SAM twin phantom
- Measurement SW: OpenSAR V4_02_35

Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Area Scan: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm
Configuration/802.11b Mid- Body- Back /Zoom Scan: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,dy=5mm, dz=5mm;

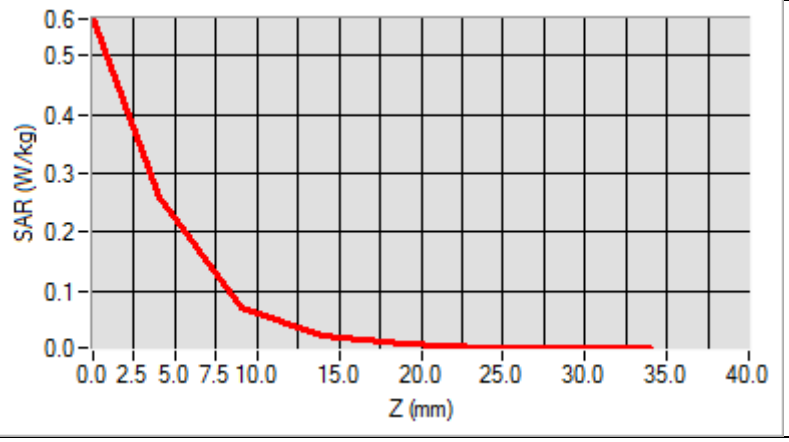
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
ZoomScan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body Back
Band	2450MHz
Channels	Middle
Signal	Crest factor: 1.0

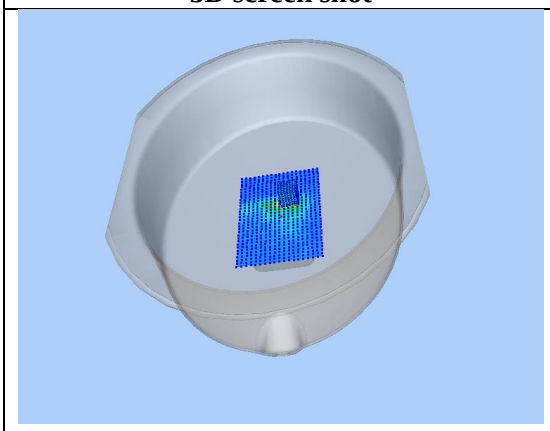
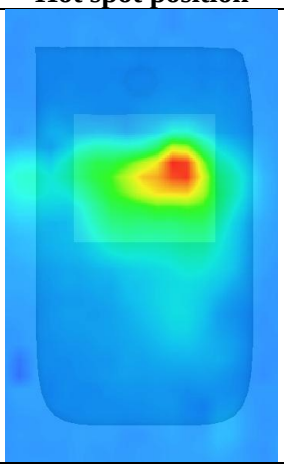
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

Maximum location: X=17.00, Y=38.00
SAR Peak: 0.55 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.087198
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.239471

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.5621	0.2589	0.0722	0.0222	0.0080	0.0044	0.0029



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

APPENDIX C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS &EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Refer to Attached files.

APPENDIX D. CALIBRATION DATA

Refer to Attached files.