

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

ZTE TRUNKING TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION

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Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P. R. China

FCC ID:2AEKCPH5X0VHF

Report Type:		Product Type:	
Original report		Two way radio	
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Report Number:		20A	
Report Date:	2015-07-23		
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Reviewed By:	SAR Engineer		
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

Attestation of Test Results							
Company Name EUT Description		ZTE TRUNKING TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION					
		EUT Description		Two way radio			
EU'			FCC ID	2AEKCPH5X0VHF			
Information		Model Number		Tested Model: PH500 VHF Mutiple Model: PH520 VHF			
			Test Date	2015-07-09			
TX Frequency (MHz)	Modulation		Max. S.	AR Level(s) Reported (1g-SAR)	Limit (W/Kg)		
104 1=4	Digital	12.5kHz	Face up: 0. Body-Back	635 W/kg :: 0.961 W/kg	8.0		
136-174	Analog	12.5kHz		ce up: 0.730 W/kg (corrected by Multiplying 50%.) ody-Back: 1.086 W/kg (corrected by Multiplying 50%.)			
			dard for Safe	005 ty Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to R netic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.	adio		
Applicable Standards		ANSI / IEEE C95.3: 2002 IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.					
		IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
		 KDB procedures KDB 447498 D01 v05r02: Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies. KDB 865664 D01v01r03: SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz . KDB 643646D01 v01r01: SAR test Reduction Considerations for Occupational PTT Radios. KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436 for SAR VHF system validation. 					

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ150625007-20A	Original Report	2015-05-23

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of ZTE TRUNKING TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION and their product and their product, FCC ID: 2AEKCPH5X0VHF, Model: PH500 VHFor the EUT (Equipment Under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report. The EUT is a Two way radio.

Note: The series product, model PH500 VHF and PH520 VHF, they are identical schematics and the difference between them are front keyboard and LCD. PH500 VHF was selected for fully testing, which was explained in the attached product similarity declaration letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Occupational/Controlled Exposure	
Antenna Type(s):	External Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Belt Clip	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Modulation Type:	FM/4FSK	
Frequency Band:	136MHz-174MHz	
Conducted RF Power:	37.32 dBm	
EUT Dimensions (L*W*H): 135mm (L)×62mm (W)×37mm (H)		
Power Source:	7.4V Rechargeable Li-ION Battery	
Normal Operation:	Operation: Face Up and Body-worn	

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

Occupational/Controlled environments Spatial Peak limit 8.0W/kg (FCC/IC) & 10 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

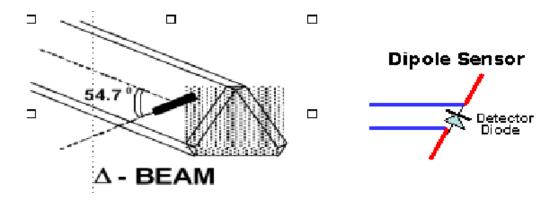
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide		
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V / (V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V / (V/m)^2$		
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg		
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB		
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency		
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm		
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)		
Probe Length	289 mm		
Video Bandwidth	 @ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB 		
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm		
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe		

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS	
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis	
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm	
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C	
Robot Reach	710 mm	
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible	

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

Report No: RSZ150625007-20A

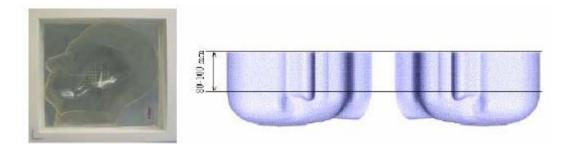


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 30MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Frequency	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
(MHz)	٤r	O (S/m)	٤r	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

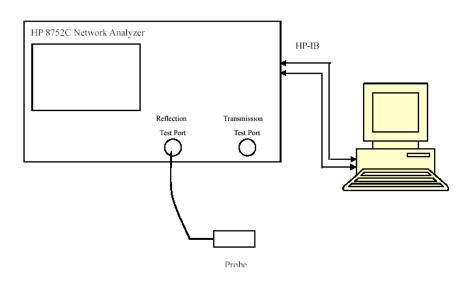
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	E-020	2014-10-14	500-00283
Loop, 150 MHz	CLA150	2014-05-08	4004
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-UM-FLAT	N/A	153-00104
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Head	ALS-TS-150-H	Each Time	250-01302
Simulated Tissue 150 MHz Body	ALS-TS-150-B	Each Time	250-01304
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Attenuator	3dB	2015-05-07	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-02	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-02	2624A00116
Directional couple	DC6180A	2015-06-12	0325849
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-12	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid	Parameter	Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance	
(MHz)	Туре	ε _r	O' (S/m)	٤ _r	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{r}$	$\Delta O'(S/m)$	(%)	
126.025	Head	51.69	0.77	52.30	0.76	-1.166	1.316	±5	
136.025	Body	61.95	0.80	61.90	0.80	0.081	0.000	±5	
142 095	Head	50.94	0.77	52.30	0.76	-2.600	1.316	±5	
143.985	Body	62.93	0.81	61.90	0.80	1.664	1.250	±5	
1.40.075	Head	50.50	0.78	52.30	0.76	-3.442	2.632	±5	
149.875	Body	60.64	0.81	61.90	0.80	-2.036	1.250	±5	
150.065	Head	50.70	0.77	52.30	0.76	-3.059	1.316	±5	
150.065	Body	62.36	0.81	61.90	0.80	0.743	1.250	±5	
1(2,000	Head	50.69	0.79	52.30	0.76	-3.078	3.947	±5	
162.000	Body	60.20	0.81	61.90	0.80	-2.746	1.250	±5	
172 095	Head	51.02	0.79	52.30	0.76	-2.447	3.947	±5	
173.985	Body	61.16	0.83	61.90	0.80	-1.195	3.750	±5	

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-07-09

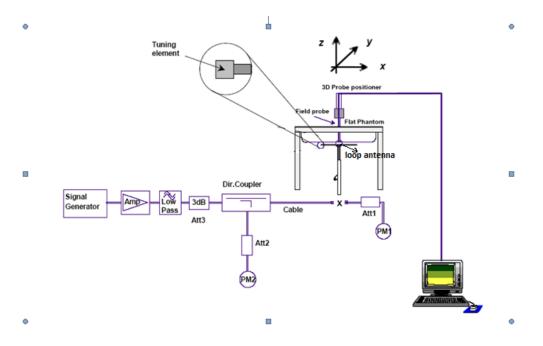
Please refer to the following tables.

	150MHz Head			150MHz Body	
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''	Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
136.0	51.6906	101.2333	136.0	61.9486	105.1664
136.8	51.8097	100.1876	136.8	62.7418	105.4317
137.5	51.8144	100.1302	137.5	62.7531	104.8251
138.3	52.0160	99.2545	138.3	62.5902	104.7419
139.0	51.5128	99.0101	139.0	61.5713	104.1816
139.8	51.2717	98.8848	139.8	62.5242	103.7369
140.6	51.3585	98.1301	140.6	62.2026	102.3287
141.3	51.3078	97.1807	141.3	63.1544	102.1167
142.1	51.1295	97.4871	142.1	62.4503	102.3579
142.8	51.1271	97.0330	142.8	61.0753	101.6832
143.6	50.9363	96.4733	143.6	62.9298	101.2831
144.4	50.9194	96.0607	144.4	62.8644	100.1585
145.1	50.6710	95.6401	145.1	61.5880	100.3755
145.9	50.5448	95.7247	145.9	62.8980	99.7411
146.6	50.5718	95.1138	146.6	62.1827	99.7421
147.4	50.5520	94.6521	147.4	62.6135	98.6151
148.2	50.6771	94.2353	148.2	61.5325	98.6959
148.9	50.4742	93.2639	148.9	60.7618	97.5740
149.7	50.5007	93.3784	149.7	60.6396	97.3091
150.4	50.7026	92.5276	150.4	62.3605	96.9198
151.2	50.5735	92.2860	151.2	62.0511	95.8819
152.0	50.5533	91.5075	152.0	61.6864	95.5902
152.7	50.5589	91.0965	152.7	60.7864	95.9852
153.5	50.5080	91.8542	153.5	62.1720	95.5195
154.2	50.5692	91.5937	154.2	60.8381	94.4981
155.0	50.4302	89.8406	155.0	60.7473	93.7360
155.8	50.3184	89.0607	155.8	62.4340	93.2908
156.5	50.2125	90.3247	156.5	61.3642	94.1435
157.3	49.7665	89.8017	157.3	61.2393	92.2105
158.0	50.3537	88.4982	158.0	60.2131	92.4210
158.8	50.3380	89.5973	158.8	61.5997	91.6086
159.6	50.5020	87.2945	159.6	60.5027	92.4081
160.3	50.4957	87.6244	160.3	61.3941	90.5803
161.1	50.6895	87.6868	161.1	61.4086	91.0608
161.8	50.6863	87.2746	161.8	60.1959	90.2395
162.6	50.6556	86.3619	162.6	61.9005	88.5299
163.4	50.9580	86.9934	163.4	61.6506	90.3221
164.1	50.4881	85.8175	164.1	60.8376	89.5852
164.9	50.6281	85.6357	164.9	62.0662	90.1653
165.6	50.7447	85.3371	165.6	60.6174	89.6513
166.4	50.5925	84.9790	166.4	61.4528	88.5203
167.2	50.3528	84.0547	167.2	59.9410	87.0712
167.9	50.3022	85.1599	167.9	62.6343	87.4715
168.7	50.5473	84.5669	168.7	60.0355	88.1414
169.4	50.7721	84.0858	169.4	60.3473	86.4121
170.2	50.8999	83.1996	170.2	60.9635	86.5617
171.0	50.7433	83.4948	171.0	60.3858	87.4389
171.7	50.9323	83.4433	171.7	60.9373	85.8720
172.5	50.8357	82.8879	172.5	60.2999	86.4213
173.2	51.1683	81.5451	173.2	60.7271	85.2835
174.0	51.0155	81.7854	174.0	61.1643	85.9118

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system verification kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The verification results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and Loop antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
Speag	Loop antenna(150MHz)	CLA150	4004	2014-05-08	2017-05-07

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)						Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-07-09) 150	Head	1g	3.601	3.75	-3.973	±10				
		Body	1g	3.592	3.81	-5.722	±10				

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION DATA

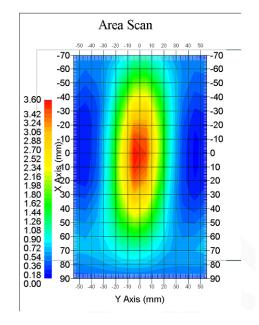
Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 150 MHz Head Liquid

Loop150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N:4004

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 3 min(s)
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: 20.00 °C
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-O20 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Oct-2014 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 3.601 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 2.282 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 3.633 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 5.310 W/kg



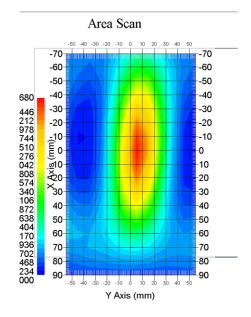
150 MHz System Verification with Head Tissue

System Performance Check 150 MHz Body Liquid

Loop 150 MHz; Type: CLA150; S/N: 4004

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Loop 150 MHz : 4004 : Loop : CAL150 : 150 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 3.162 W/kg : 3.136 W/kg : -0.892
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 250-01304 : 150.00MHz : 09-Jul-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 60.70 F/m : 0.81 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-O20 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Oct-2014 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 3.601 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 2.527 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 3.680 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 5.759 W/kg



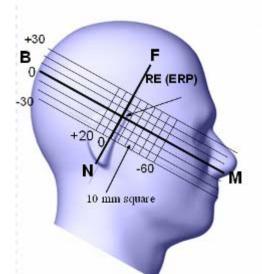
150 MHz System Verification with Body Tissue

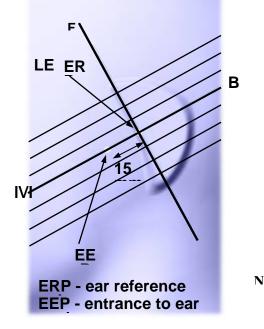
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

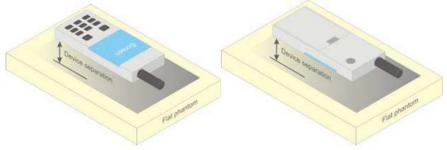


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

For EUT Positioning Procedures

The EUT is a portable device operational at the body and face. The intended operating positions are "at the face" with the EUT at least 2.5cm from the mouth, and "at the body" by means of the offered body worn accessories. Body worn audio and PTT operation is accompished by means of optional remote accessories that are connected to the radio.

Body

The EUT was positioned in normal use configuration against the phantom with the offered body worn acessory with the offered audio accessories as applicable

Head

Not applicable

Face

The EUT was positioned with its' front side separated 2.5cm from the phantom

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

IEEE1528:2013 KDB 447498 D01 v05r02 KDB 865664 D01 v01r03 KDB 643646 D01 v01r01 KDB Inquiry: Tracking Number 316436

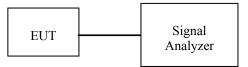
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the Signal Analyzer through sufficient attenuation.



Maximum Output Power among production units

Max. tune-up tolerance power limit for Production Unit (dBm)					
PTT/Mode	Frequency(136-174)MHz				
Digital-12.5K	37.20				
Analog-12.5K	37.40				

Test Results:

Mode	Frequency Spacing (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Output(dBm)	Output Power(W)	Power level
		136.025	37.11	5.140	High
		143.985	37.10	5.129	High
Digital	12.5	149.875	37.12	5.152	High
Digital	12.5	150.065	37.15	5.188	High
		162.000	37.13	5.164	High
		173.985	37.20	5.248	High
		136.025	37.32	5.395	High
	12.5	143.985	37.28	5.346	High
Analag		149.875	37.31	5.383	High
Analog		150.065	37.30	5.370	High
		162.000	37.22	5.272	High
		173.985	37.10	5.129	High

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21 °C
Relative Humidity:	50%
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

* Testing was performed byTerry XiaHou on 2015-07-09

Test Result:

Digital (Modulation 4FSK; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

Fraguanay		Power	Max. Meas.	Max. Rated	1	g SAR Valu	e(W/Kg)	
Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
			Face u	p (2.5cm)				
136.025	136-150MHz	-4.447	37.11	37.20	1.021	0.429	0.438	/
143.985	136-150MHz	2.434	37.10	37.20	1.023	0.479	0.490	/
149.875	136-150MHz	-0.516	37.12	37.20	1.019	0.537	0.547	/
150.065	150-174MHz	-2.353	37.15	37.20	1.012	0.528	0.534	/
162.000	150-174MHz	-3.798	37.13	37.20	1.016	0.601	0.611	/
173.985	150-174MHz	2.032	37.20	37.20	1.000	0.635	0.635	1#
		Boo	dy-Back with	n Belt Clip(0	.0cm)			
136.025	136-150MHz	3.365	37.32	37.40	1.019	0.669	0.681	/
143.985	136-150MHz	-4.273	37.28	37.40	1.028	0.703	0.723	/
149.875	136-150MHz	1.384	37.31	37.40	1.021	0.773	0.789	/
150.065	150-174MHz	-1.439	37.30	37.40	1.023	0.759	0.777	/
162.000	150-174MHz	0.368	37.22	37.40	1.042	0.802	0.836	/
173.985	150-174MHz	-0.672	37.10	37.40	1.072	0.897	0.961	2#

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

Eroquonov	Antenna	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	1 g SAR Value(W/Kg)				
Frequency (MHz)					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	50%	Plot
			Fac	ce up (2.5c	m)				
136.025	136-150MHz	-4.817	37.11	37.20	1.021	1.059	1.081	0.541	/
143.985	136-150MHz	-2.378	37.10	37.20	1.023	1.332	1.363	0.682	/
149.875	136-150MHz	-2.680	37.12	37.20	1.019	1.223	1.246	0.623	/
150.065	150-174MHz	3.880	37.15	37.20	1.012	1.259	1.274	0.637	/
162.000	150-174MHz	-1.363	37.13	37.20	1.016	1.351	1.373	0.686	/
173.985	150-174MHz	0.627	37.20	37.20	1.000	1.459	1.459	0.730	3#
			Body-Back	with Belt (Clip(0.0cm)				
136.025	136-150MHz	-4.176	37.32	37.40	1.019	1.757	1.790	0.895	/
143.985	136-150MHz	-3.200	37.28	37.40	1.028	1.697	1.745	0.872	/
149.875	136-150MHz	-3.526	37.31	37.40	1.021	1.779	1.816	0.908	/
150.065	150-174MHz	-2.147	37.30	37.40	1.023	1.925	1.970	0.985	/
162.000	150-174MHz	4.654	37.22	37.40	1.042	1.897	1.977	0.989	/
173.985	150-174MHz	-0.428	37.10	37.40	1.072	2.027	2.172	1.086	4#

Analog (Modulation FM; Channel Spacing 12.5 kHz):

Note:

- 1. When the 1-g SAR tested using the default battery and default accessories is $\leq 3.5W/Kg$ (corrected by Multiplying 50% for FM mode), testing for other channels are optional.
- 2. For a analog PTT, only simplex communication technology was supported, so the SAR value need to be corrected by Multiplying 50%.
- 3. The frequencies points result in highest SAR value were selected to test.
- 4. Passive body-worn and audio accessories generally do not apply to the head SAR of PTT radios.
- 5. The whole antenna and radiating structures that may contribute to the measured SAR or influence the SAR distribution has been included in the area scan.

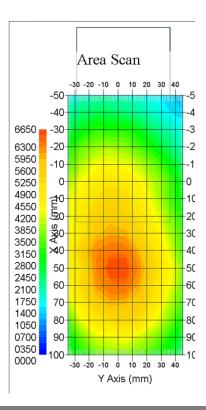
SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Face-Up 2.5cm (Digital 12.5k-173.985MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 4FSK : 2 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.443 W/kg : 0.452 W/kg : 2.032
Tissue Data	
Туре	: Head
Frequency	: 173.985MHz
Epsilon	: 51.02 F/m
Sigma	: 0.79 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 150
Duty Cycle Factor	:2
Conversion Factor	: 6.0
Probe Sensitivity	1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)2$
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 0.635 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 0.423 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.858 W/kg
LUUIII SCAII I CAK SAK	. 0.055 W/Kg

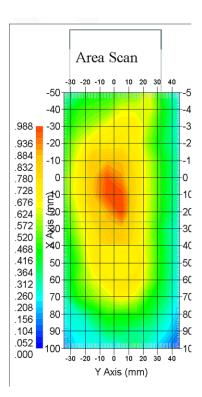
Plot 1#



Body-back 0.0cm (Digital 12.5k-173.985MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: 4FSK : 2 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.893 W/kg : 0.887 W/kg : -0.672
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 173.985 MHz : 60.16 F/m : 0.83 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 2 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.897 W/kg : 0.597 W/kg : 0.970 W/kg : 1.230 W/kg

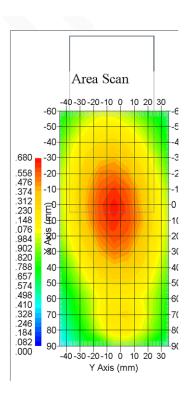
Plot 2#



Face-Up 2.5cm (Analog 12.5k-173.985MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 1.435 W/kg : 1.444 W/kg : 0.627
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head : 173.985MHz : 51.02 F/m : 0.79 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 1.459 W/kg : 0.823 W/kg : 1.663 W/kg : 2.487 W/kg

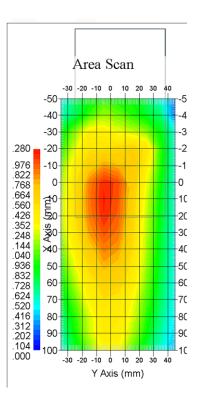




Body-back 0.0cm (Analog 12.5k-173.985MHz)

Measurement Data Modulation mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: FM : 1 : Complete : 15x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 1.635 W/kg : 1.628 W/kg : -0.428
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Body : 173.985 MHz : 60.16 F/m : 0.83 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 150 : 1 : 6.0 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 2.027 W/kg : 1.384 W/kg : 2.209 W/kg : 3.827 W/kg

Plot 4#



APPENDIX A – MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to **IEEE1528:2013**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5	
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1}$	1.5	1.5	
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4	
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0	
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3	
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1	
		Test sar	nple relat	ed				
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0	
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215	
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67	
		Phantor	n and Setu	սթ				
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0	
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0	
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6	
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5	
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5	
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2	
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55	
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10	

According to **IEC62209-2:2010**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %		
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5		
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5		
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7		
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6		
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0		
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5		
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0		
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3		
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2		
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7		
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1		
		Test sai	nple relate	ed		<u>.</u>			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0		
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215		
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67		
		Phanton	n and Setu	пр					
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0		
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0		
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6		
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5		
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5		
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2		
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49		
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98		

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories **Model No.:** E-020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5745

> Calibrated: 14th October 2014 Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

AFBIN

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz

TEM Cell for sensitivity in air

Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue *Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

IEEE Standard 1528:2013

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

EN 62209-1:2006

Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices

- IEC 62209-2:2010
 Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	3844A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015
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Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type: E-Field Probe	E020
Serial Number: 500-00283	
Frequency: As presented	on page 5
Sensor Offset: 1.56	
Sensor Length: 2.5	
Tip Enclosure: Composite*	
Tip Diameter:< 2.9 mm	
Tip Length: 55 mm	
Total Length: 289 mm	

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X:	1.2 µV/(V/m) ²
Channel Y:	$1.2 \mu V/(V/m)^2$
Channel Z:	1.2 µV/(V/m)²
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

Page 4 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversior Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	<mark>5.9</mark>
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	<mark>41.87</mark>	1.06	3.5	±50	<mark>6.0</mark>
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	<mark>5.9</mark>
1450 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1450 B	Body	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 H	Head	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
1640 B	Body	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1750 H	Head	38.23	<mark>1.38</mark>	3.5	±75	<mark>5.4</mark>
1750 B	Body 3 1	52.86	<mark>1.54</mark>	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	Х	X	Х	Х	х
1800 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
<mark>1900 H</mark>	Head	<mark>40.20</mark>	<mark>1.38</mark>	3.5	±75	<mark>4.8</mark>
1900 B	Body	<mark>52.63</mark>	<mark>1.46</mark>	3.5	±75	<mark>4.5</mark>
2000 H	Head	X	X	Х	Х	Х
2000 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
2100 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2100 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
2300 H	Head	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2300 B	Body	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
2450 H	<mark>Head</mark>	<mark>37.26</mark>	<mark>1.84</mark>	<mark>3.5</mark>	±75	<mark>4.9</mark>
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	<mark>4.3</mark>
3000 H	Head	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
3000 B	Body	Х	X	Х	X	X
<mark>3600 H</mark>	Head	37.49	<mark>3.16</mark>	3.5	<mark>±100</mark>	<mark>4.5</mark>
3600 B	Body	<mark>49.94</mark>	<mark>3.86</mark>	3.5	<mark>±100</mark>	<mark>4.0</mark>
5250 H	Head	35.51	<mark>4.78</mark>	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	<mark>5.11</mark>	3.5	<mark>±100</mark>	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	<mark>5.15</mark>	3.5	±100	<mark>2.8</mark>
5600 B	Body	<mark>46.49</mark>	5.72	3.5	±100	<mark>2.2</mark>
5800 H	Head	<mark>45.99</mark>	6.01	3.5	±100	<mark>3.2</mark>
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

Page 5 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M Ω .

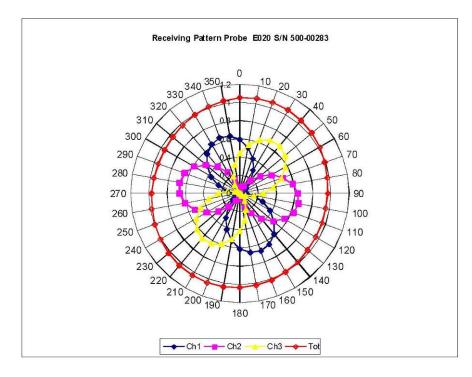
Probe Calibration Uncertainty

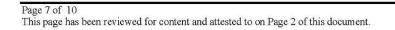
Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	V 3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	V3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	V3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

Page 6 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

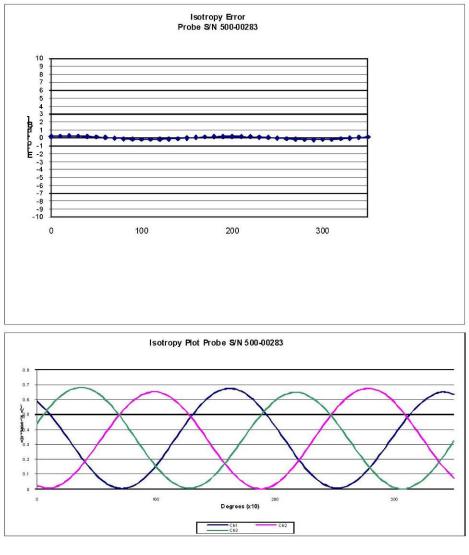
Receiving Pattern Air





Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air



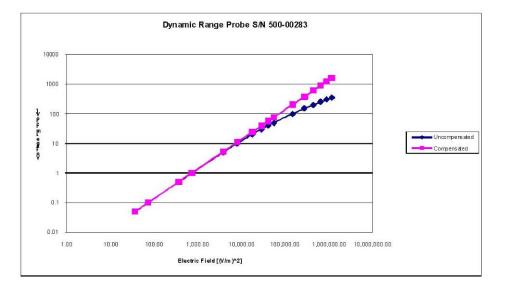
Isotropicity Tissue:

0.10 dB

Page 8 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

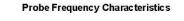
Dynamic Range



Page 9 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Video Bandwidth





Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 1 dB 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

Page 10 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

ANNEX

PROBE ALS-E020 S/N 500-00283 CALIBRATION

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the laboratory:	20 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 55%

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
150 H	Head	50.6	0.78	3.5	±50	6.0
150 B	Body	60.8	0.82	3.5	±50	6.0

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (± %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

APPENDIX C – LOOP CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

	h, Switzerland	SRA.	S Swiss Calibration Service
ccredited by the Swiss Accredita ne Swiss Accreditation Servic	e is one of the signatorie	s to the EA	ion No.: SCS 108
lultilateral Agreement for the r	ecognition of calibration		No: CLA150-4004_May14
CALIBRATION C	CERTIFICATE	anna ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann an	
Dbject	CLA150 - SN: 40	04	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-15.v8 Calibration proce	dure for system validation sou	rces below 700 MHz
Calibration date:	May 08, 2014		
		onal standards, which realize the physical robability are given on the following pages	
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p		and are part of the certificate.
The measurements and the unce Il calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M&	ertainties with confidence p	robability are given on the following pages	and are part of the certificate.
he measurements and the unce Il calibrations have been condu alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter E4419B	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874	robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%.
he measurements and the unce Il calibrations have been condu alibration Equipment used (M& rimary Standards ower meter E4419B ower sensor E4412A	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41498087	robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15
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The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C	TE critical for calibration TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654	robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jan-15 Jul-14
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The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Power meter E44198 Power sensor E4412A Reference 3 dB Attenuator Reference 20 dB Attenuator Fype-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards RF generator HP 8648C Network Analyzer HP 8753E	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 654 ID # US3642U01700	robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 <u>Cal Date (Certificate No.)</u> 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) <u>Check Date (in house)</u> 04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-14 Signature
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence p cted in the closed laborator TE critical for calibration) ID # GB41293874 MY41498087 SN: S5054 (3c) SN: S5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 3877 SN: 654 ID # US3642U01700 US37390585 S4206 Name	robability are given on the following pages ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918) 03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. 217-01921) 06-Jan-14 (No. EX3-3877_Jan14) 18-Jul-13 (No. DAE4-654_Jul13) Check Date (in house) 04-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13) 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13) Function	and are part of the certificate. 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Apr-15 Jan-15 Jul-14 Scheduled Check In house check: Apr-16 In house check: Oct-14

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst S Service suisse d'étalonnage С

- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)". February 2013
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- . Antenna Parameters with TSL: The source is mounted in a touch configuration below the center marking of the flat phantom.
- Return Loss: This parameter is measured with the source positioned under the liquid filled phantom (as described in the measurement condition clause). The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

Page 2 of 8

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
EUT Positioning	Touch Position	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5.0 mm	
Frequency	150 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.3	0.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	49.9 ± 6 %	0.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition		
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.79 W/kg	
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.75 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition		
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 1 W input power	2.51 W/kg	

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	61.9	0.80 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	62.5 ± 6 %	0.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	1 W input power	3.80 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	3.81 W/kg ± 18.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured	condition 1 W input power	2.55 W/kg

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Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.5 Ω - 10.6 jΩ		
Return Loss	- 18.4 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.0 Ω - 14.6 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 16.2 dB	

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG		
Manufactured on	August 23, 2013		

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

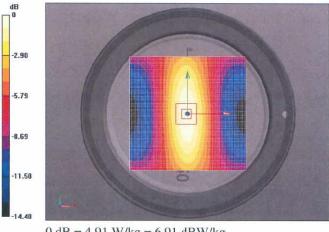
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; $\sigma = 0.76$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 49.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(11.76, 11.76, 11.76); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.91 W/kg

CLA Calibration for HSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 80.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.11 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.51 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.89 W/kg

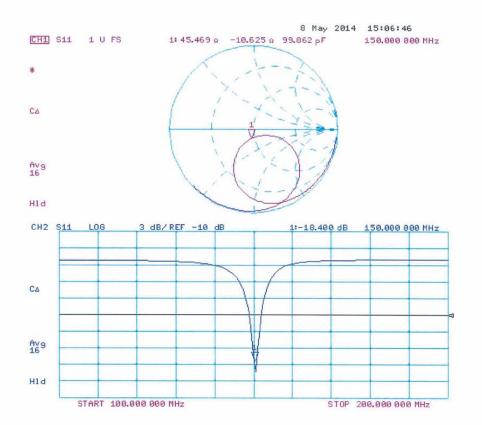


0 dB = 4.91 W/kg = 6.91 dBW/kg

Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.05.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: CLA150; Type: CLA150; Serial: CLA150 - SN: 4004

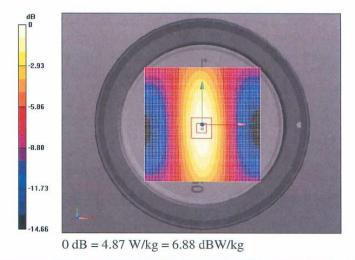
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 150 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 150 MHz; σ = 0.8 S/m; ε_r = 62.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3877; ConvF(11.45, 11.45, 11.45); Calibrated: 06.01.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 18.07.2013
- Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: TP:1003
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.87 W/kg

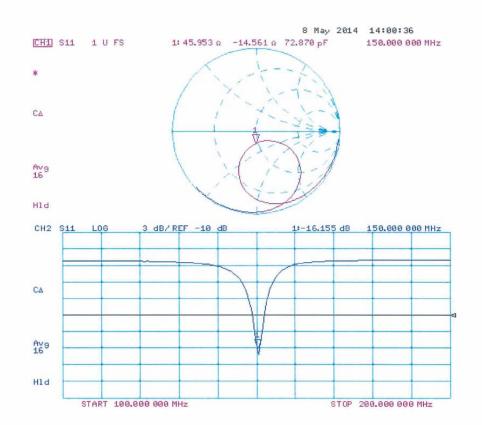
CLA Calibration for MSL-LF Tissue/CLA150, touch configuration, Pin=1W/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 77.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.05 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 3.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.55 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.88 W/kg



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: CLA150-4004_May14

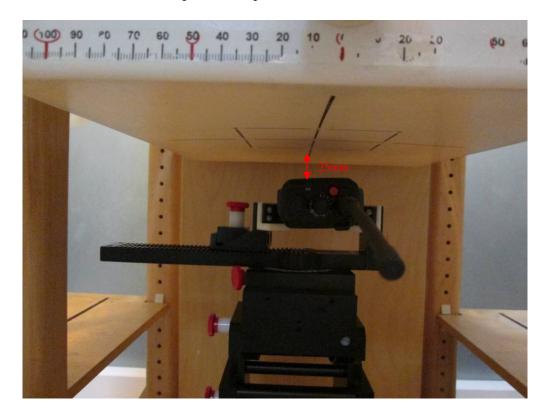
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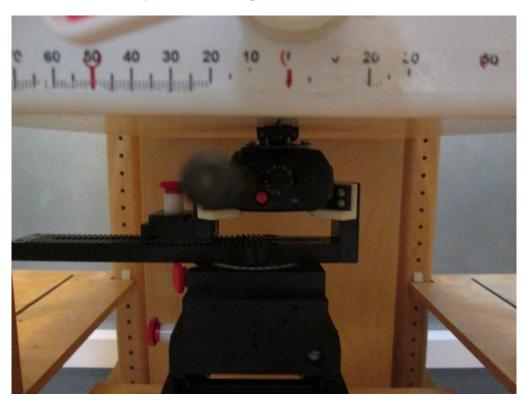
APPENDIX D – EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth \geq 15cm



Face-Up 2.5 cm Separation to Flat Phantom





Body-Back 0.0 cm Separation to Flat Phantom

APPENDIX E – EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



EUT–Left View



EUT-Right View



SAR Evaluation Report





Report No: RSZ150625007-20A

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

SAR Evaluation Report

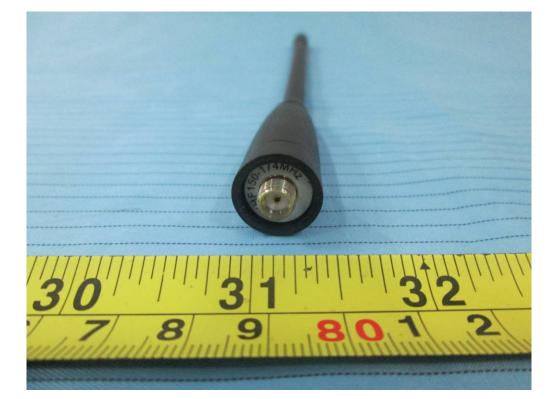
60 of 63



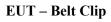
EUT-Antenna1 (136-150)



EUT-Antenna1 (150-174)



Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)





APPENDIX F – INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

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PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

ZTE TRUNKING TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION 4/F, R&D Building 1, ZTE Industrial Park, LiuXian Road, Xili, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P. R. China Tel: 0755-2677463 Fax: 0755-26774670

07/06/2015

Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, ZTE TRUNKING TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, hereby declare that we have a product named as Two way radio (Model no: PH500 VHF) was tested by BACL, meanwhile, for our marketing purpose, we would like to list a series models (PH520 VHF) on reports and certificate, all the models are identical schematics, except for the differences as below,

1, PH500 VHF have no screen 2. PH520 VHF have screen

No other changes are made to them.

We confirm that all information above is true, and we'll be responsible for all the consequences. Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature:

Yanchun Ma Yanchun Ma Manager

******* END OF REPORT *******