



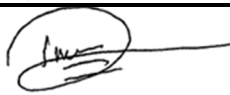

FCC PART 15, SUBPART C
ISED C RSS-247, ISSUE 2, FEBRUARY 2017
TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

Tesla, Inc.

3500 Deer Creek Road, Palo Alto, CA 94304, USA

FCC ID: 2AEIM-1733130
IC: 20098-1733130

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Automotive Part
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Report Number: R2109306-247	
Report Issue Date: 2021-11-12	
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the device described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report **must not** be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA*, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk “*”

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	General Description.....	5
1.1	Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)	5
1.2	Mechanical Description of EUT	5
1.3	Objective.....	5
1.4	Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)	5
1.5	Test Methodology	5
1.6	Measurement Uncertainty	6
1.7	Test Facility Registrations	6
1.8	Test Facility Accreditations	7
2	System Test Configuration.....	9
2.1	Justification	9
2.2	EUT Exercise Software.....	9
2.3	Duty Cycle Correction Factor	9
2.4	Equipment Modifications.....	10
2.5	Local Support Equipment	10
2.6	Support Equipment	10
2.7	Interface Ports and Cabling.....	10
3	Summary of Test Results	11
4	FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements	12
4.1	Applicable Standards	12
4.2	Antenna Description	12
5	FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure.....	13
5.1	Applicable Standards	13
5.2	MPE Prediction.....	14
5.3	MPE Results	14
5.4	RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC	14
6	FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 - Spurious Radiated Emissions.....	15
6.1	Applicable Standards	15
6.2	Test Setup	16
6.3	Test Procedure	17
6.4	Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation.....	17
6.5	Test Setup Block Diagram	18
6.6	Test Equipment List and Details.....	20
6.7	Test Environmental Conditions	20
6.8	Summary of Test Results.....	21
6.9	Radiated Emissions Test Results	21
7	FCC §15.247(a) (2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2, RSS-Gen §6.7 - Emission Bandwidth.....	24
7.1	Applicable Standards	24
7.2	Measurement Procedure.....	24
7.3	Test Equipment List and Details.....	24
7.4	Test Environmental Conditions	24
7.5	Test Results.....	24
8	FCC §15.247(b) (3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 - Maximum Output Power	29
8.1	Applicable Standards	29
8.2	Measurement Procedure.....	29
8.3	Test Equipment List and Details.....	29
8.4	Test Environmental Conditions	29
8.5	Test Results.....	30
9	FCC §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) - Peak Power Spectral Density.....	32
9.1	Applicable Standards	32

9.2	Measurement Procedure.....	32
9.3	Test Equipment List and Details.....	32
9.4	Test Environmental Conditions	32
9.5	Test Results.....	32
10	FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges.....	35
10.1	Applicable Standards	35
10.2	Measurement Procedure.....	35
10.3	Test Equipment List and Details.....	35
10.4	Test Environmental Conditions	35
10.5	Test Results.....	36
11	FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	37
11.1	Applicable Standards	37
11.2	Test Procedure	37
11.3	Test Equipment List and Details.....	37
11.4	Test Environmental Conditions	37
11.5	Test Results.....	38
12	Annex A (Normative) - Test Setup Photographs	41
13	Annex B (Normative) - EUT External Photographs.....	42
14	Annex C (Normative) - EUT Internal Photographs	43
15	Annex D (Normative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate.....	44

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R2109306-247	Original Report	2021-10-28
1	R2109306-247	Updated 17065 Reviewer's comments	2021-11-12

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test report was prepared on behalf of *Tesla, Inc.* and their product model: 1733130, FCC ID: 2AEIM-1733130; IC: 20098-1733130 or the “EUT” as referred to in this report. It is an automotive part (Fascia Endpoint) with BLE radio, Ultra Wide-band (UWB) radio and UHF receiver.

1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

1733130 measures approximately 12.7 cm (Length), 6.35 cm (Width), and 1.91 cm (Height).

The data gathered are from production samples provided by Tesla, Inc.:

Radiated sample serial number: ED321272000008

Conducted sample serial number: ED321272000019.

1.3 Objective

This report was prepared on behalf of *Tesla, Inc.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subpart C of the Federal Communication Commission’s rules and ISEDC RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017.

The objective was to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 and ISEDC RSS-247 for Antenna Requirement, RF Exposure, AC Line Conducted Emissions, Emission Bandwidth, Radiated & Conducted Spurious Emissions, 100 kHz Band Edges, Maximum Output Power, and Peak Power Spectrum Density

1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

N/A

1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Parameter	Measurement uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5 %
RF output power, conducted	±0.57 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.48dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±1.57dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.0 dB
AC power line Conducted Emission	±2.0 dB
Temperature	±2 ° C
Humidity	±5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	±1.0 %
Time	±2 %
Duty Cycle	±3 %

1.7 Test Facility Registrations

BACLs test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently recognized by the Federal Communications Commission as Accredited with NIST Designation Number US1129.

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform Radiated and Conducted Emissions tests are currently registered with Industry Canada under Registration Numbers: 3062A-1, 3062A-2, and 3062A-3.

BACL is a Chinese Taipei Bureau of Standards Metrology and Inspection (BSMI) validated Conformity Assessment Body (CAB), under Appendix B, Phase I Procedures of the APEC Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA). BACL's BSMI Lab Code Number is: SL2-IN-E-1002R

BACL's test facilities that are used to perform AC Line Conducted Emissions, Telecommunications Line Conducted Emissions, Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz, and Radiated Emissions from 1 GHz to 6 GHz are currently recognized as Accredited in accordance with the Voluntary Control Council for Interference [VCCI] Article 15 procedures under Registration Number A-0027.

1.8 Test Facility Accreditations

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

A- An independent, 3rd-Party, Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 by A2LA (Test Laboratory Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.01), in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunications. Unless noted by an Asterisk (*) in the Compliance Matrix (See Section 3 of this Test Report), BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes all of the Test Method Standards and/or the Product Family Standards detailed in this Test Report.

BACL's ISO/IEC 17025:2005 Scope of Accreditation includes a comprehensive suite of EMC Emissions, EMC Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and wireline Telecommunications test methods applicable to a wide range of product categories. These product categories include Central Office Telecommunications Equipment [including NEBS - Network Equipment Building Systems], Unlicensed and Licensed Wireless and RF devices, Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Scientific and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Industrial and Scientific Instruments and Laboratory Apparatus; Cable Distribution Systems, and Energy Efficient Lighting.

B- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.02) to certify

- For the USA (Federal Communications Commission):
 - 1- All Unlicensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes A1, A2, A3, and A4;
 - 2- All Licensed radio frequency devices within FCC Scopes B1, B2, B3, and B4;
 - 3- All Telephone Terminal Equipment within FCC Scope C.
- For the Canada (Industry Canada):
 - 1 All Scope 1-Licence-Exempt Radio Frequency Devices;
 - 2 All Scope 2-Licensed Personal Mobile Radio Services;
 - 3 All Scope 3-Licensed General Mobile & Fixed Radio Services;
 - 4 All Scope 4-Licensed Maritime & Aviation Radio Services;
 - 5 All Scope 5-Licensed Fixed Microwave Radio Services
 - 6 All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List.
- For Singapore (Info-Communications Development Authority (IDA)):
 - 1 All Line Terminal Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Line Terminal Equipment – Table 1 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
 2. All Radio-Communication Equipment: All Technical Specifications for Radio-Communication Equipment – Table 2 of IDA MRA Recognition Scheme: 2011, Annex 2
- For the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region:
 - 1 All Radio Equipment, per KHCA 10XX-series Specifications;
 - 2 All GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment, per HKCA 12XX-series Specifications;
 - 3 All Fixed Network Equipment, per HKCA 20XX-series Specifications.
- For Japan:
 - 1 MIC Telecommunication Business Law (Terminal Equipment):
 - All Scope A1 - Terminal Equipment for the Purpose of Calls;
 - All Scope A2 - Other Terminal Equipment
 - 2 Radio Law (Radio Equipment):
 - All Scope B1 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 1 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B2 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 2 of the Radio Law
 - All Scope B3 - Specified Radio Equipment specified in Article 38-2-2, paragraph 1, item 3 of the Radio Law

C- A Product Certification Body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065:2012 by A2LA (Product Certification Body Accreditation Certificate Number 3297.03) to certify Products to USA's Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ENERGY STAR Product Specifications for:

- 1 Electronics and Office Equipment:
 - for Telephony (ver. 3.0)
 - for Audio/Video (ver. 3.0)
 - for Battery Charging Systems (ver. 1.1)
 - for Set-top Boxes & Cable Boxes (ver. 4.1)
 - for Televisions (ver. 6.1)
 - for Computers (ver. 6.0)
 - for Displays (ver. 6.0)
 - for Imaging Equipment (ver. 2.0)
 - for Computer Servers (ver. 2.0)
- 2 Commercial Food Service Equipment
 - for Commercial Dishwashers (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ice Machines (ver. 2.0)
 - for Commercial Ovens (ver. 2.1)
 - for Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers
- 3 Lighting Products
 - For Decorative Light Strings (ver. 1.5)
 - For Luminaires (including sub-components) and Lamps (ver. 1.2)
 - For Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs) (ver. 4.3)
 - For Integral LED Lamps (ver. 1.4)
- 4 Heating, Ventilation, and AC Products
 - for Residential Ceiling Fans (ver. 3.0)
 - for Residential Ventilating Fans (ver. 3.2)
- 5 Other
 - For Water Coolers (ver. 3.0)

D- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) for the following economies and regulatory authorities under the terms of the stated MRAs/Treaties:

- Australia: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority) – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- Canada: (Innovation, Science and Economic development Canada - ISEDC) Foreign Certification Body – FCB – APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Chinese Taipei (Republic of China – Taiwan):
 - o BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
 - o NCC (National Communications Commission) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;
- European Union:
 - o EMC Directive 2014/30/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - o Radio Equipment (RE) Directive 2014/53/EU US-EU EMC & Telecom MRA CAB (NB)
 - o Low Voltage Directive (LVD) 2014/35/EU
- Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: (Office of the Telecommunications Authority – OFTA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II
- Israel – US-Israel MRA Phase I
- Republic of Korea (Ministry of Communications - Radio Research Laboratory) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I
- Singapore: (Infocomm Media Development Authority - IMDA) APEC Tel MRA -Phase I & Phase II;
- Japan: VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference US-Japan Telecom Treaty VCCI Side Letter-
- USA:
 - o ENERGY STAR Recognized Test Laboratory – US EPA
 - o Telecommunications Certification Body (TCB) – US FCC;
 - o Nationally Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) – US OSHA
- Vietnam: APEC Tel MRA -Phase I;

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing in accordance to ANSI C63.10.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The software “BTool – Bluetooth Low Energy PC Application v1.42.5” was used to transmit signal for all the modules. The software was provided by *Tesla, Inc* and verified by Christian McCaig to comply with the standard requirements being tested against. The following channels and power settings were selected for testing.

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Power Setting
2402	0xE
2440	0xE
2480	0xE

2.3 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

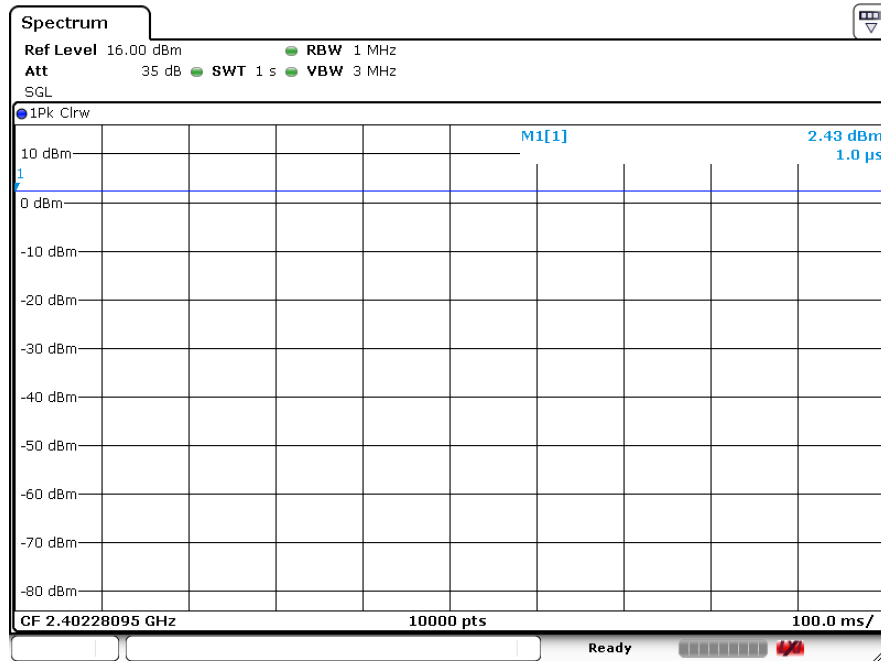
According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02 section 6.0:

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration (T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data is being acquired (i.e., no transmitter off-time is to be considered).

Radio frequency (MHz)	On Time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
2402	-	-	100	0

Duty Cycle = On Time (ms)/ Period (ms)
Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB) = 10*log(1/Duty Cycle)

Please refer to the following plots.



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2.4 Equipment Modifications

N/A

2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model	S/N
Volteq	DC Power Supply	HY5003D	160402343

2.6 Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
HP	Laptop	ZBook Studio G3
Teensy	Microcontroller	-

2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Descriptions	Length (m)	From	To
USB Type A to Micro USB Type B	< 1 m	Microcontroller	Laptop
Power cables	< 1 m	EUT	Power Supply
RS-232	< 1 m	EUT	Microcontroller

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC & ISEDC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203 ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8	Antenna Requirements	Compliant
FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) ISEDC RSS-102	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.207 ISEDC RSS-Gen §8.8	AC Line Conducted Emissions	N/A ¹
FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2 RSS-Gen §6.7	6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4	Maximum Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §2.1051, §15.247 (d) ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant

Note¹: Device is powered by car battery.

4 FCC §15.203 & ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8 - Antenna Requirements

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to ISEDC RSS-Gen §6.8: Transmitter Antenna

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report (and in the notice to be included in the user manual, provided below).

When measurements at the antenna port are used to determine the RF output power, the effective gain of the device's antenna shall be stated, based on a measurement or on data from the antenna's manufacturer.

The test report shall state the RF power, output power setting and spurious emission measurements with each antenna type that is used with the transmitter being tested.

For license-exempt equipment with detachable antennas, the user manual shall also contain the following notice in a conspicuous location:

This radio transmitter has been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Immediately following the above notice, the manufacturer shall provide a list of all antenna types which can be used with the transmitter, indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna type.

4.2 Antenna Description

External/Internal/ Integral	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Type	Maximum Antenna Gain (dBi)
Integral	2400-2483.5 MHz	PCB Patch	3.16

Antenna gain is information provided by customer.

5 FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

According to ISED RSS-102 Issue 5:

2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz⁶ and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $4.49/f^{0.5}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$ W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
- at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

5.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

5.3 MPE Results

BLE Standalone

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm): 3.07

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW): 2.03

Prediction distance (cm): 20

Prediction frequency (MHz): 2480

Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi): 3.16

Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric): 2.07

Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²): 0.00084

FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²): 1.0

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.00084mW/cm². Limit is 1.0 mW/cm².

Worst Case Co-location MPE Calculation: UWB and BLE

Radio	Max Conducted Power (dBm)	Evaluated Distance (cm)	Worst-Case Exposure Level	Limit	Worst-Case Ratios	Sum of Ratios	Limit
Worst Case							
BLE	3.07	20	0.00084 mW/cm ²	1.0 mW/cm ²	0.084%	0.084%	100%
UWB	-47.036	20	0.00000001 mW/cm ²	1.0 mW/cm ²	0.000001%		

5.4 RF exposure evaluation exemption for IC

Maximum EIRP power = 3.07 dBm + 3.16 dBi = 6.23 dBm which is lesser than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 2.74W = 34.37dBm$.

Therefore the RF exposure Evaluation is exempt.

6 FCC §15.209, §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, RSS-Gen §8.9, §8.10 - Spurious Radiated Emissions

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) and RSS-Gen except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4.5 – 5.15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5.35 – 5.46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3332 – 3339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3345.8 – 3358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3600 – 4400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

As per ISEDC RSS-Gen 8.9,

Except when the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, emission from licence-exempt transmitters shall comply with the field strength limits shown in the table below. Additionally, the level of any transmitter emission shall not exceed the level of the transmitter's fundamental emission.

General Field Strength Limits for Licence-Exemption Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ at 3 meters)
30-88	100
88-216	150
216-960	200
Above 960*	500

* Unless otherwise specified, for all frequencies greater than 1 GHz, the radiated emission limits for licence-exempt radio apparatus stated in applicable RSSs (including RSS-Gen) are based on measurements using a linear average detector function having a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. If an average limit is specified for the EUT, then the peak emission shall also be measured with instrumentation properly adjusted for such factors as pulse desensitization to ensure the peak emission is less than 20 dB above the average limit.

Note: Transmitting devices are not permitted in restricted frequency bands unless stated otherwise in the specific RSS.

As per ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

6.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C and ISEDC RSS-247 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

6.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords was connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna should be changed the polarization both of horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver is set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 1MHz / Sweep = Auto
- (2) Average: RBW = 1MHz / VBW = 10Hz / Sweep = Auto

6.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

For emissions below 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Correction Factor to the S.A. Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{CA} = \text{S.A. Reading} + \text{Correction Factor}$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = S.A. Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Correction Factor (7.8 dB/m)

The Correction Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) together. This calculation is done in the measurement software, and reported in the test result section. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Correction Factor} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} + \text{Atten} - \text{Ga}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

For emission above 1 GHz,

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{CA} = \text{Ai} + \text{AF} + \text{CL} + \text{Atten} - \text{Ga}$$

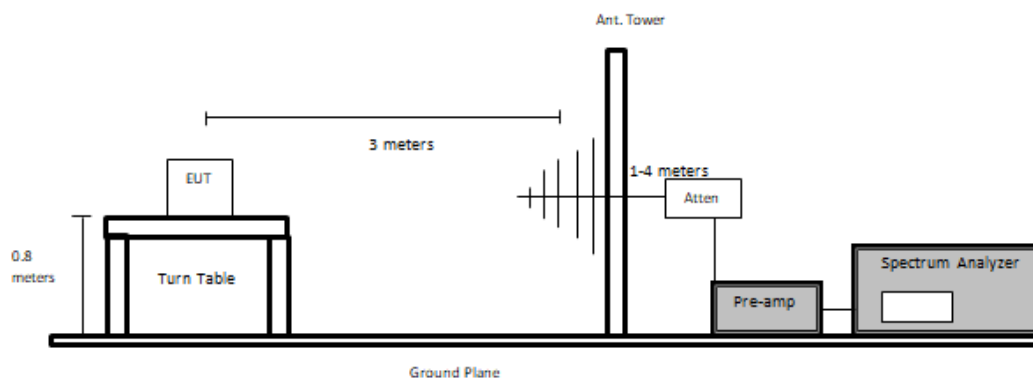
For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

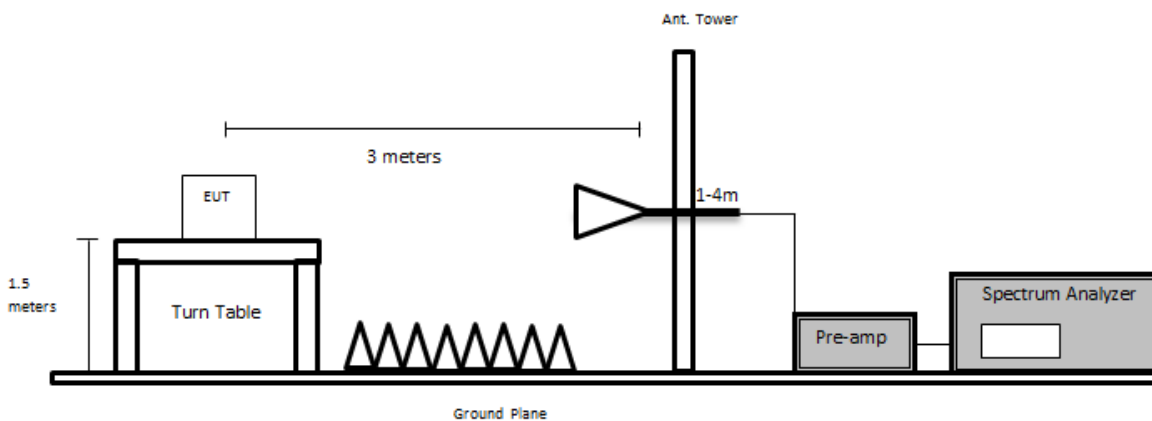
6.5 Test Setup Block Diagram

Below 1 GHz:

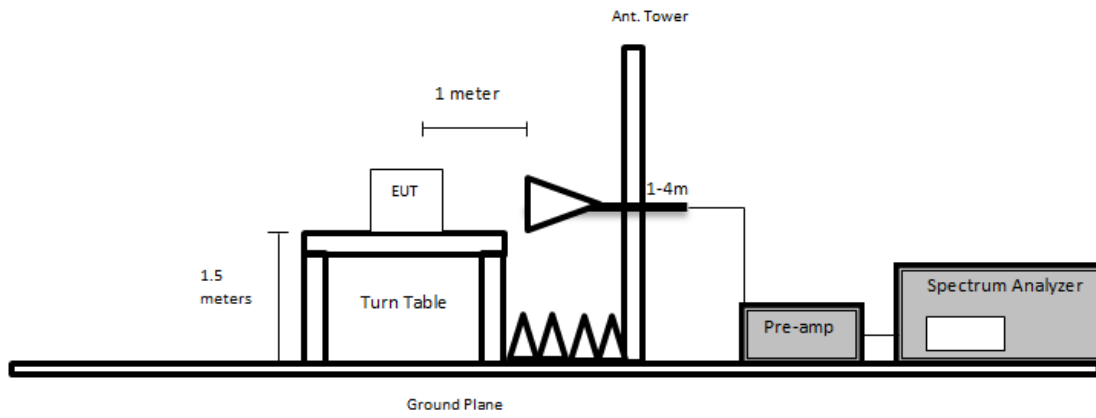


Above 1 GHz:

At 3 meters:



At 1 meter:



6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
310	Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 1166.5950.03	100338	2020-03-17	20 months
811	Keysight Technologies	RF Limiter	11867A	MY422430 52	2020-10-27	1 year
287	Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	E4446A	US443003 86	2021-04-27	1 year
-	Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC110V	122303-1	N/R	N/A
105	HP	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3147A004 00	2021-03-02	1 year
827	AH Systems	Preamplifier	PAM 1840 VH	170	2021-08-03	1 year
90	Wisewave	Horn Antenna	ARH-4223- 02	10555-01	2021-04-12	2 years
187	A.R.A	Antenna, Horn	DRG-118/A	1132	2020-02-25	2 years
321	Sunol Sciences	Biconilog Antenna	JB3	A020106-2	2019-11-20	2 years
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	-	Notch Filter	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
1077	Insulted Wire Corp.	157 Series 2.92 SM (x2) Armored 33 ft. Cable	KPS- 1571AN- 3960-KPS	DC 1917	2021-03-03	1 year
1081	MDP Digital	Times Microwave LMR 400 UltraFex Coaxial Cable 35'	LMR400UF	BACL190 4161	2021-06-18	1 year
1101	IW Microwave	157 Series Cable Armored with 2.92mm Male Plugs	KPS- 1571AN- 2400	DC 1922	2021-07-06	1 year
1151	BACL	5m3 Sensitivity Box	1	2	2020-10-27	1 year

Note¹: cable and notch filter included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21 °C
Relative Humidity:	43 %
ATM Pressure:	101.8 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra from 2021-10-18 to 2021-10-26 at 5 meter chamber 3.

6.8 Summary of Test Results

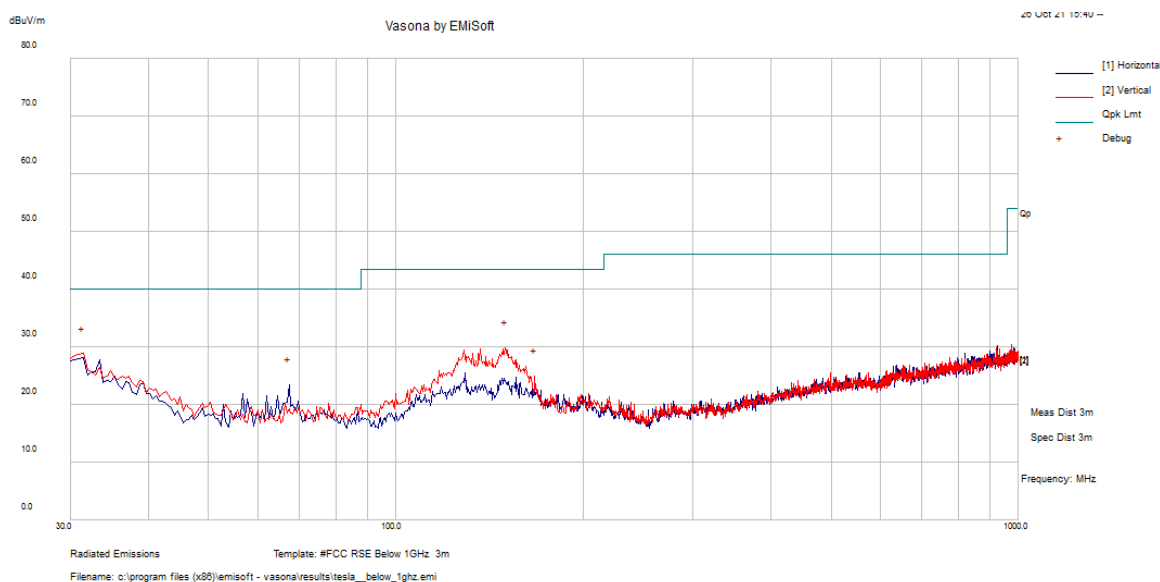
According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with FCC Part 15C and ISEDC RSS-247 standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Transmitting Channel (MHz)
-0.15	4804	V	2402

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details.

6.9 Radiated Emissions Test Results

1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters

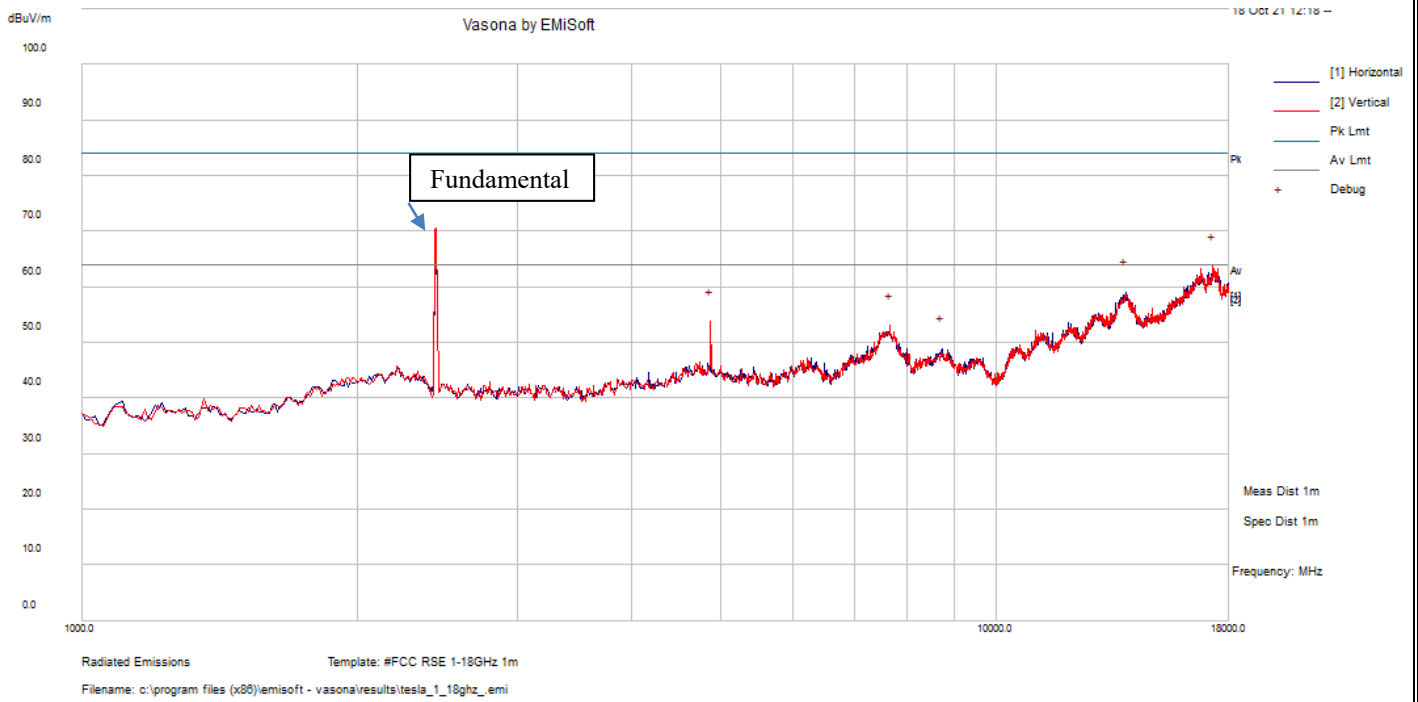


Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
31.3465	21.03	1.45	22.47	207	V	51	40	-17.53	Pass
149.65975	29.63	-5.78	23.84	296	V	127	43.5	-19.66	Pass
67.52825	25.74	-10.42	15.32	135	H	72	40	-24.68	Pass
167.3085	23.85	-6.3	17.55	148	V	25	43.5	-25.95	Pass
129.3625	27.68	-4.28	23.4	297	V	22	43.5	-20.1	Pass
138.19825	27.22	-5.09	22.12	222	V	250	43.5	-21.38	Pass

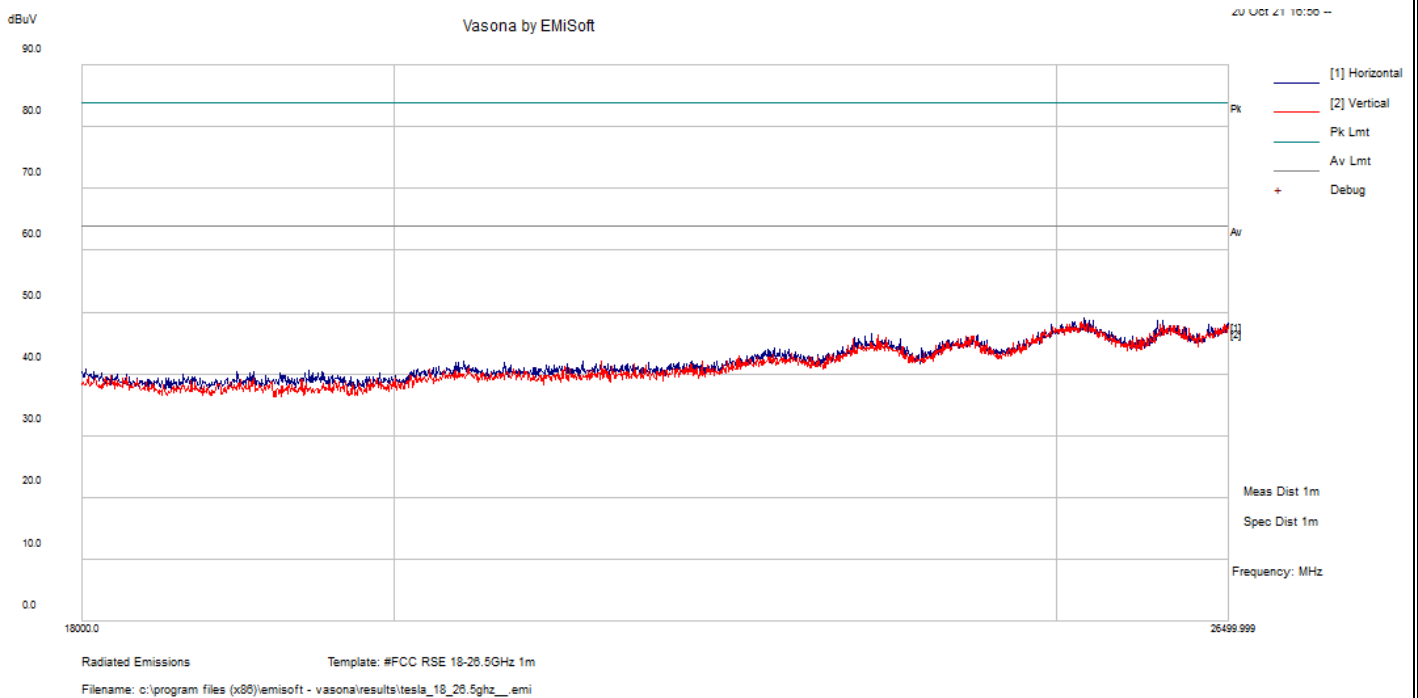
2) 1–18 GHz, Measured at 3 Meters

Frequency (MHz)	S.A. Reading (dB μ V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Test Antenna			Cable Loss (dB)	Pre-Amp. (dB)	Cord. Reading (dB μ V/m)	FCC/ISED		Note
			Height (cm)	Polarity (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	
Low Channel Frequency: 2402 MHz											
2390	50.060	270	150	H	27.923	4.913	39.35942	43.54	74	-30.46	Peak
2390	50.850	125	150	V	27.923	4.913	39.35942	44.33	74	-29.67	Peak
2390	38.838	270	150	H	27.923	4.913	39.35942	32.31	54	-21.69	Ave
2390	39.418	125	150	V	27.923	4.913	39.35942	32.89	54	-21.11	Ave
4804	54.740	38	175	V	34.70	8.596	38.379	59.66	74	-14.34	Peak
4804	48.932	38	175	V	34.70	8.596	38.379	53.85	54	-0.15	Ave
4804	52.390	79	240	H	34.70	8.596	38.379	57.31	74	-16.69	Peak
4804	43.960	79	240	H	34.70	8.596	38.379	48.88	54	-5.12	Ave
Middle Channel Frequency: 2440 MHz											
4880	55.310	78	150	V	33.14	8.596	38.379	58.67	74	-15.33	Peak
4880	46.039	78	150	V	33.14	8.596	38.379	49.40	54	-4.60	Ave
4880	51.270	0	150	H	33.14	8.596	38.379	54.63	74	-19.37	Peak
4880	40.771	0	150	H	33.14	8.596	38.379	44.13	54	-9.87	Ave
High Channel Frequency: 2480 MHz											
2483.5	50.740	78	150	H	28.752	4.913	39.35942	45.05	74	-28.95	Peak
2483.5	54.080	171	150	V	28.752	4.913	39.35942	48.39	74	-25.61	Peak
2483.5	39.109	78	150	H	28.752	4.913	39.35942	33.41	54	-20.59	Ave
2483.5	39.652	171	150	V	28.752	4.913	39.35942	33.96	54	-20.04	Ave
4960	54.370	360	183	V	33.33	8.596	38.379	57.91	74	-16.09	Peak
4960	48.188	360	183	V	33.33	8.596	38.379	51.73	54	-2.27	Ave
4960	48.130	205	150	H	33.33	8.596	38.379	51.67	74	-22.33	Peak
4960	38.128	205	150	H	33.33	8.596	38.379	41.67	54	-12.33	Ave

1 – 18 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 1 meter



18 – 26.5 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 1 meter



7 FCC §15.247(a) (2) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2, RSS-Gen §6.7 - Emission Bandwidth

7.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2: the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

7.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth.

7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	1321.3008K3 9-101203- UW	2021-04-26	1 year
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

7.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.3° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 KPa

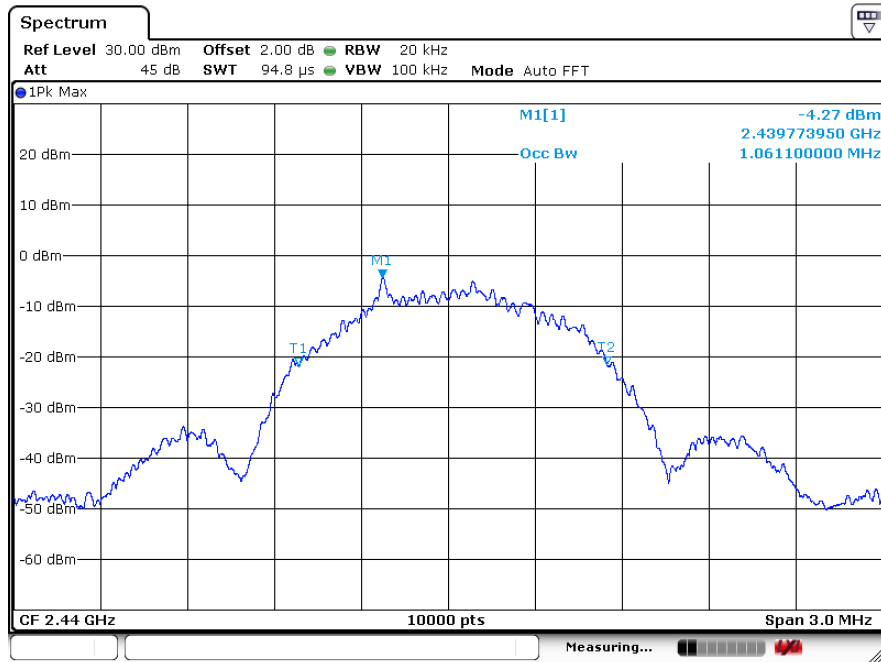
The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-10-14 at RF test site.

7.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (MHz)	6 dB OBW (kHz)	6 dB OBW Limit
Low	2402	1.0611	674.1	> 500 kHz
Middle	2440	1.0659	671.1	> 500 kHz
High	2480	1.0659	677.7	> 500 kHz

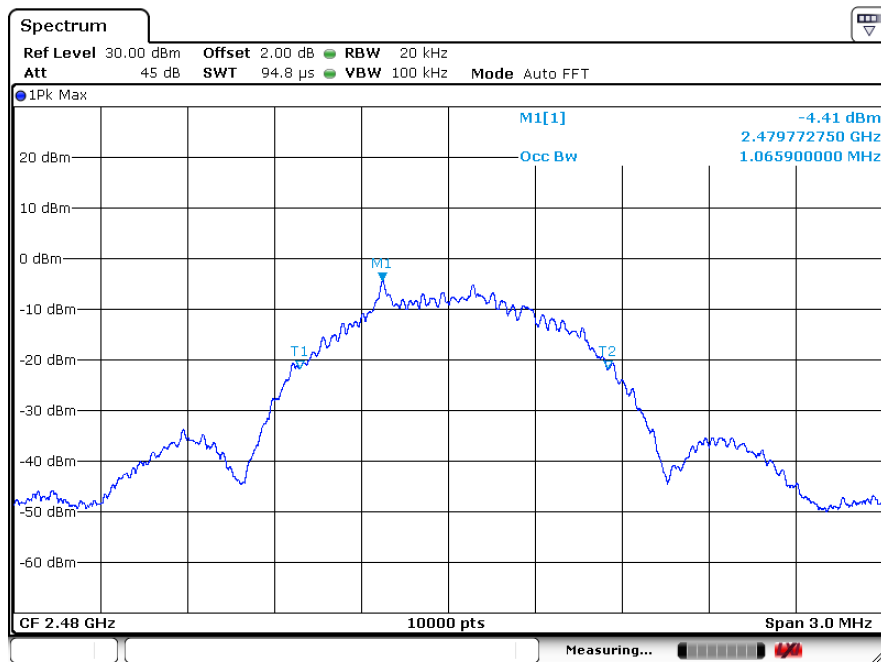
Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results.

99% OBW, Low Channel: 2402 MHz



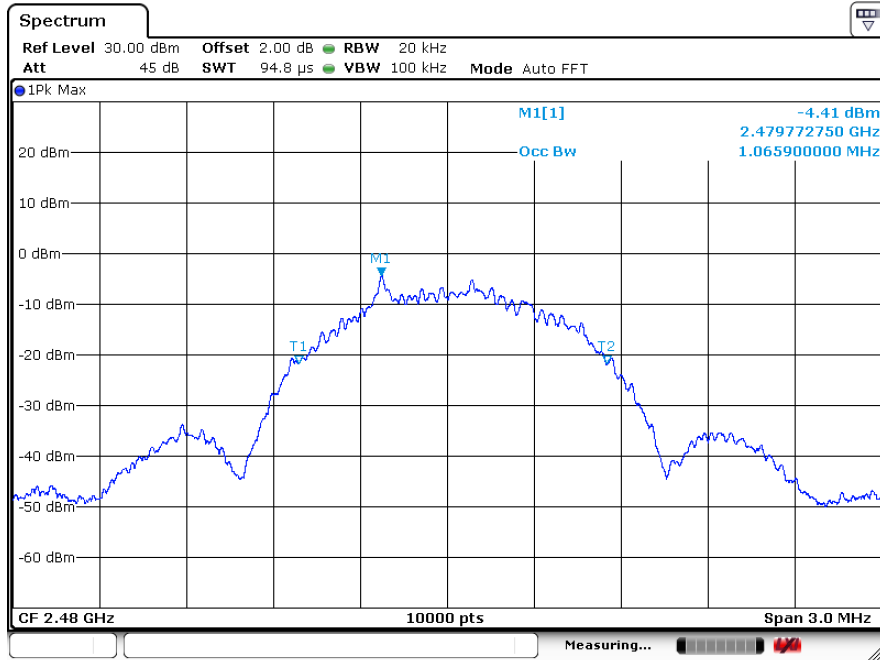
Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:06:44

99% OBW, Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



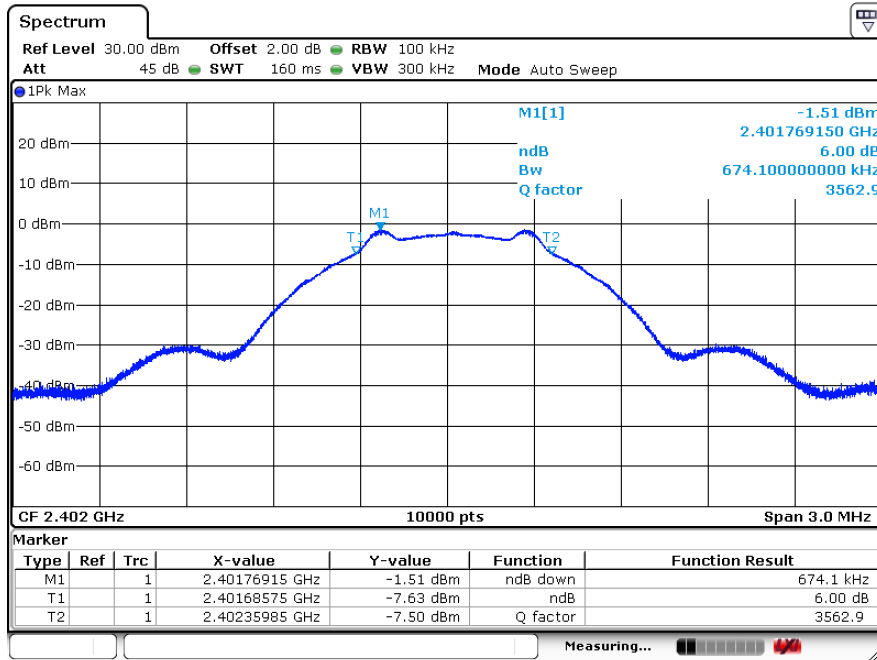
Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:09:35

99% OBW, High Channel: 2480 MHz



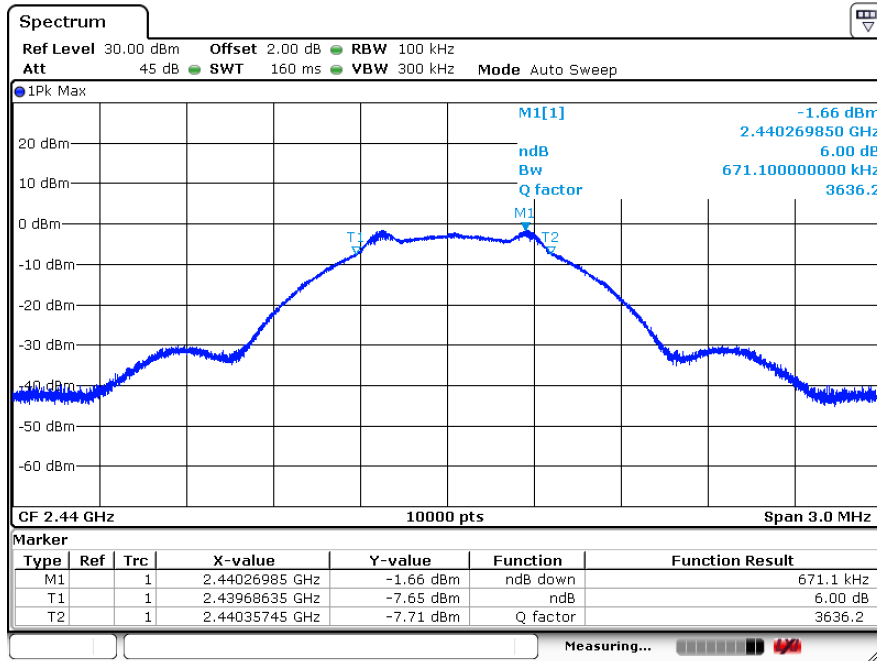
Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:09:35

6 dB OBW, Low Channel: 2402 MHz



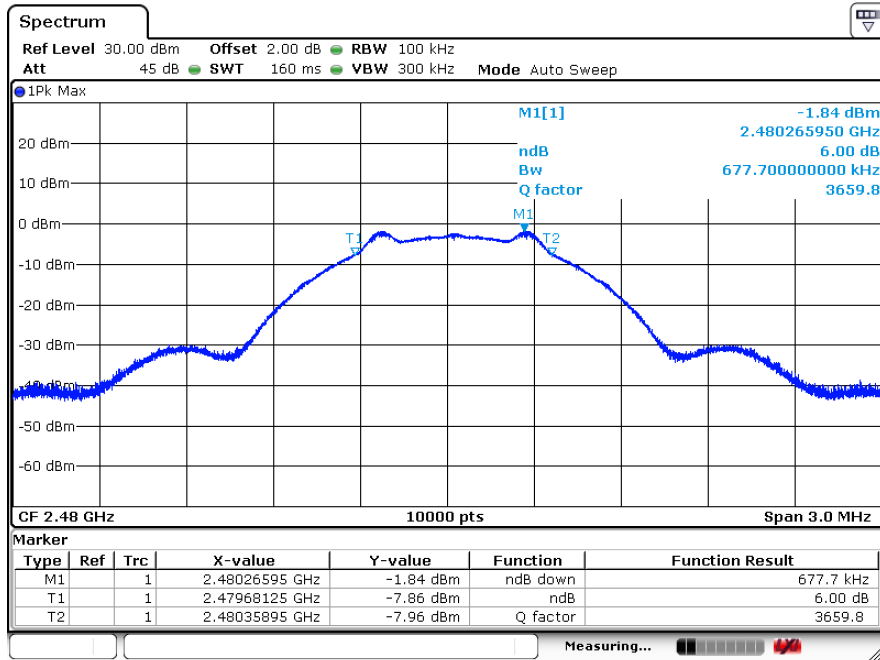
Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:04:52

6 dB OBW, Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:05:55

6 dB OBW, High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 10:10:56

8 FCC §15.247(b) (3) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.4 - Maximum Output Power

8.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3): For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to RSS-247 §5.4: For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on ANSI C63.10-2013, Section 11.9.2.2.2.

8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101203	2021-04-26	12 months
-	-	RF cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

8.4 Test Environmental Conditions

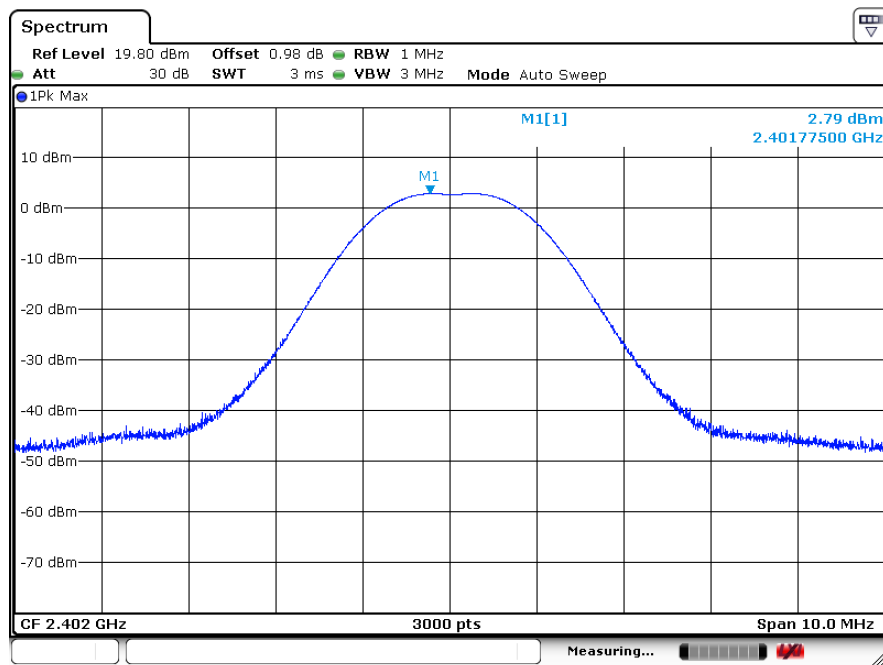
Temperature:	21.3° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-10-22 at RF test site.

8.5 Test Results

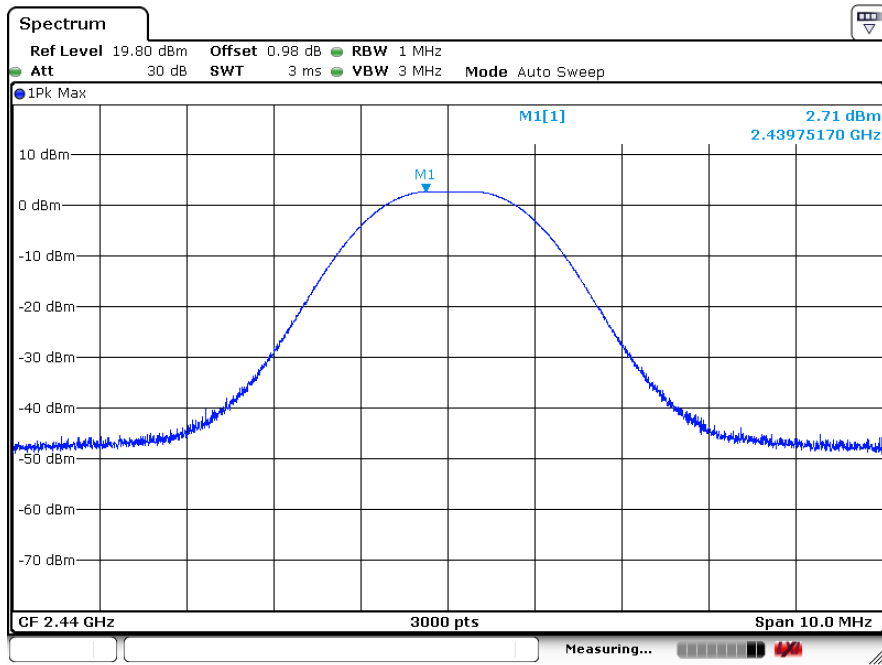
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	FCC/ISED Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	2.79	30
Middle	2440	2.71	30
High	2480	3.07	30

Low Channel: 2402 MHz



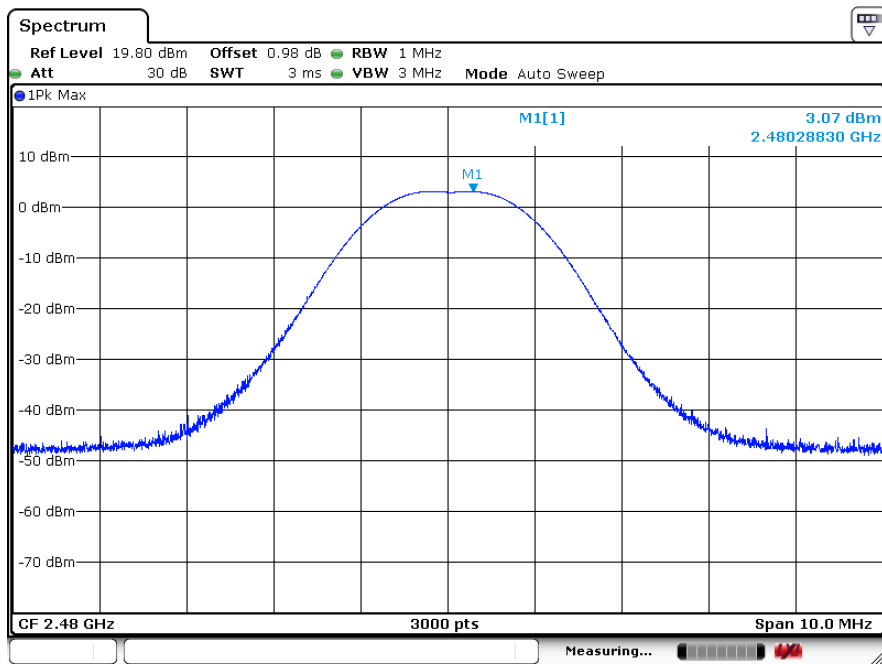
Date: 22.OCT.2021 09:00:12

Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



Date: 22.OCT.2021 08:59:14

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 22.OCT.2021 08:58:13

9 FCC §15.247(e) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.2(2) - Peak Power Spectral Density

9.1 Applicable Standards

According to ECFR §15.247(e) and RSS-247 §5.2 (2) , for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission.

9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	1321.3008K39 -101203-UW	2021-04-26	1 year

Statement of Traceability: BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".

9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

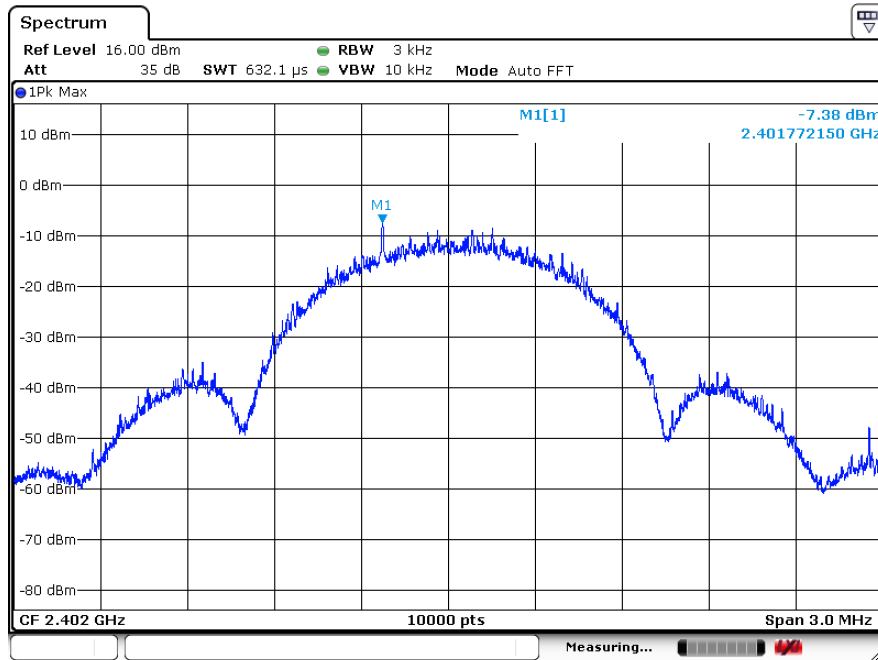
Temperature:	21.3° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-10-14 at RF test site.

9.5 Test Results

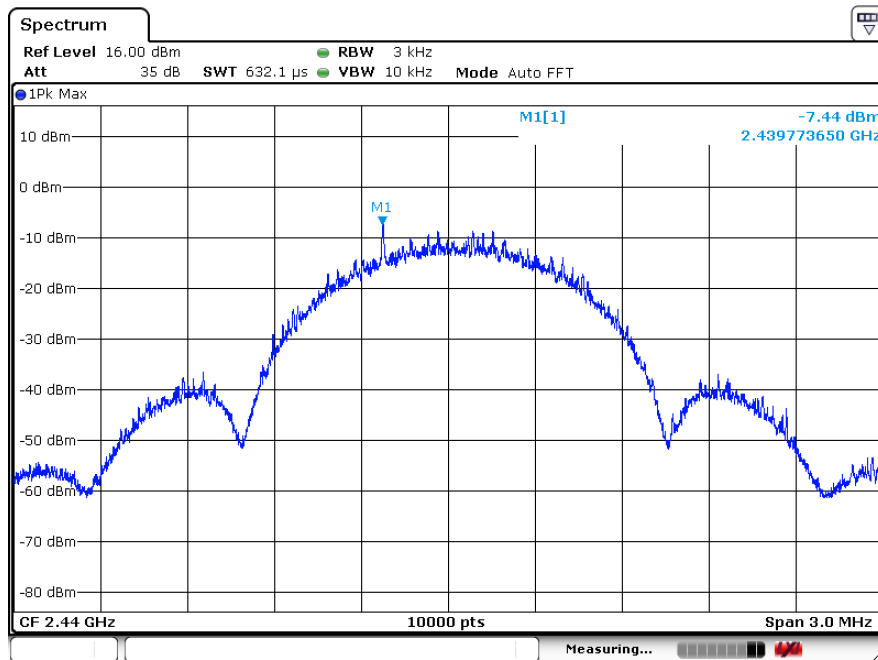
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted PSD (dBm/3 kHz)	FCC/ISEDC Limit (dBm/3 kHz)
Low	2402	-7.38	8
Middle	2440	-7.44	8
High	2480	-7.43	8

Low Channel: 2402 MHz



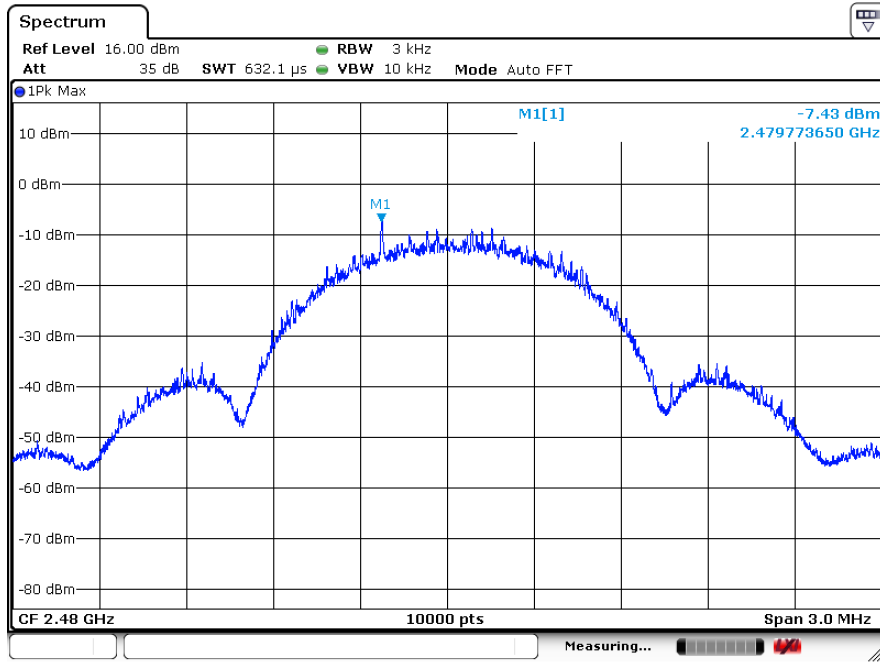
Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:25:41

Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:27:09

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:24:27

10 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

10.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

According to ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5. In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under Section 5.4(4), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

10.2 Measurement Procedure

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

RBW = 100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = coupled

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	1321.3008K39 -101203-UW	2021-04-26	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

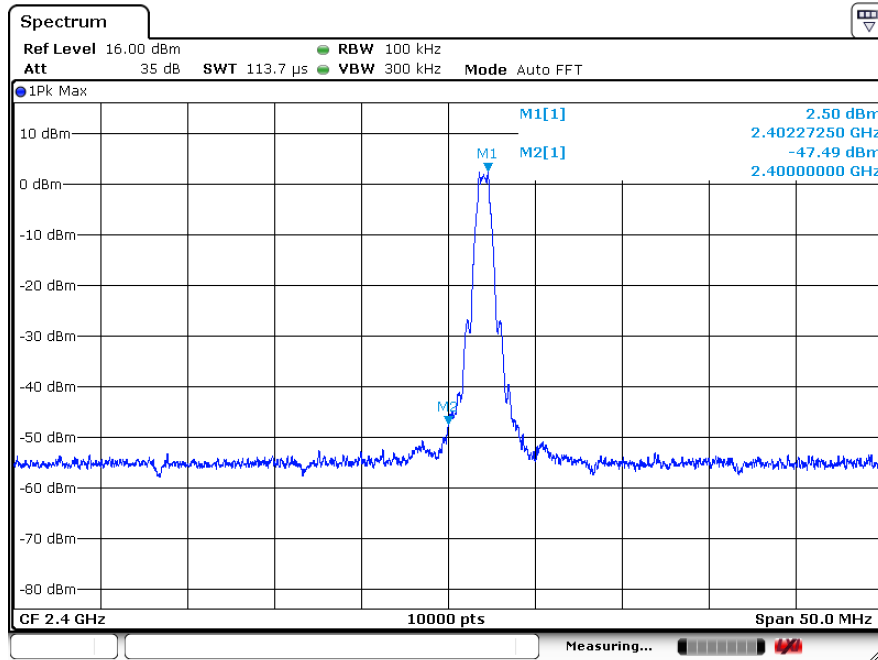
10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.3° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-10-14 at RF test site.

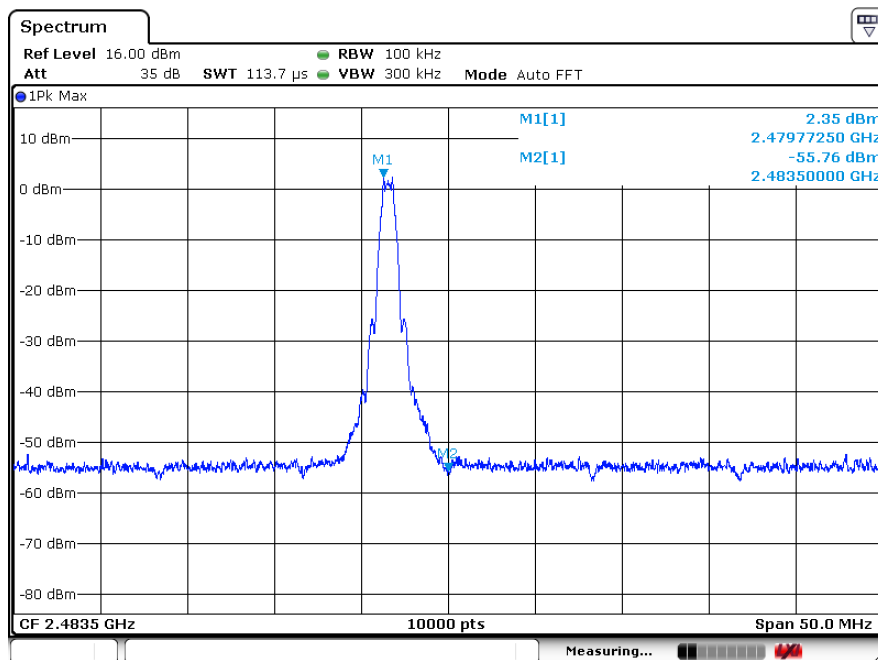
10.5 Test Results

Low Channel: 2402 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:31:39

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:33:52

11 FCC §15.247(d) & ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

11.1 Applicable Standards

For FCC §15.247(d) and ISEDC RSS-247 §5.5, in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

11.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

BACL No.	Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
912	Rhode & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	1321.3008K3 9-101203- UW	2021-04-26	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all of the calibrations on the equipment items listed above were traceable to NIST or to another internationally recognized National Metrology Institute (NMI), and were compliant with the latest version of A2LA policy P102 "A2LA Policy on Metrological Traceability".*

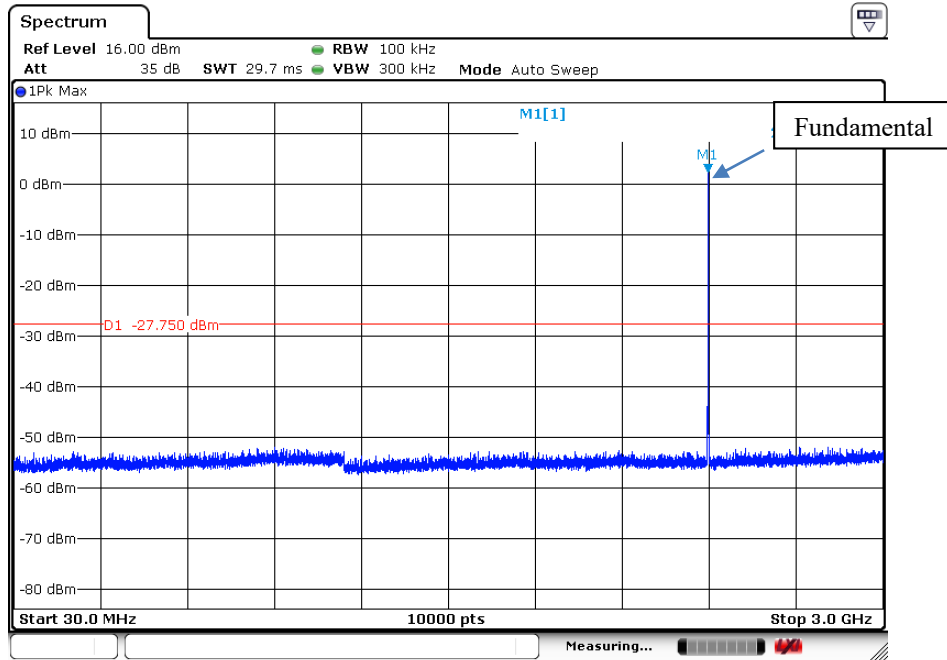
11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21.3° C
Relative Humidity:	41 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

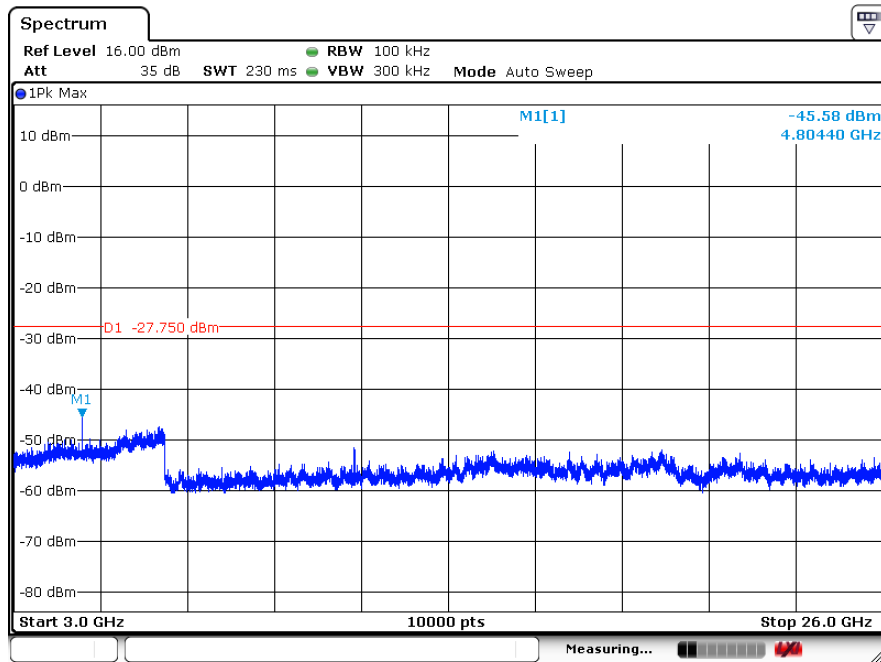
The testing was performed by Deepak Mishra on 2021-10-14 at RF test site.

11.5 Test Results

Low Channel: 2402 MHz

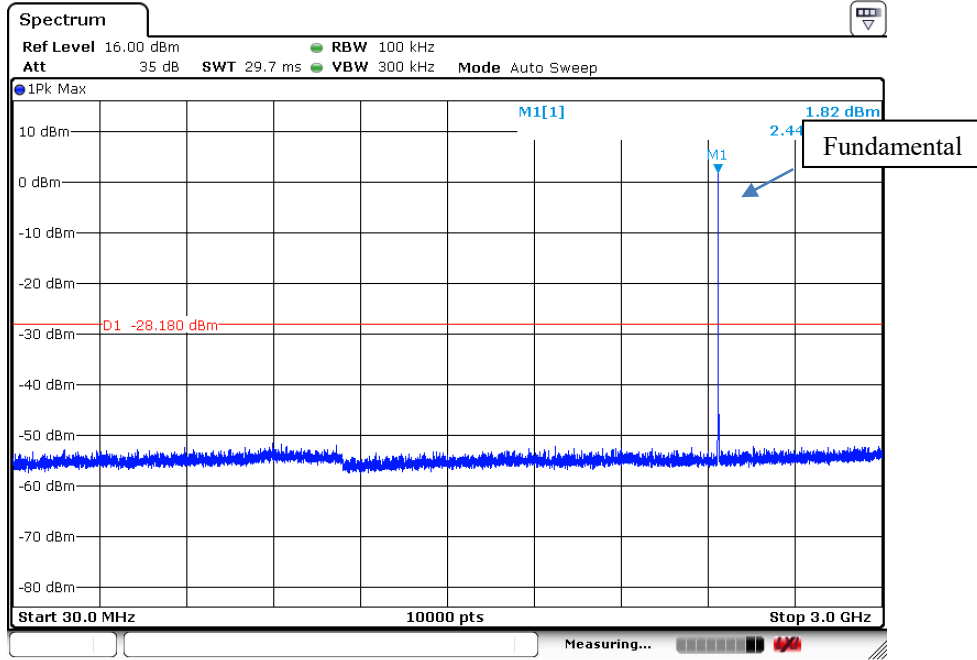


Date: 14.OCT.2021 11:51:22

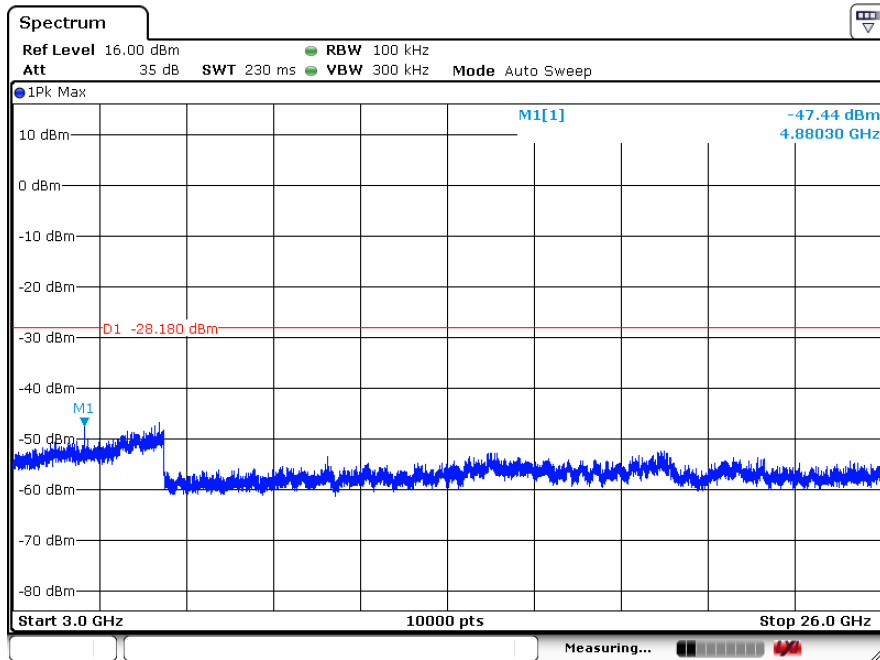


Date: 14.OCT.2021 11:52:27

Middle Channel: 2440 MHz

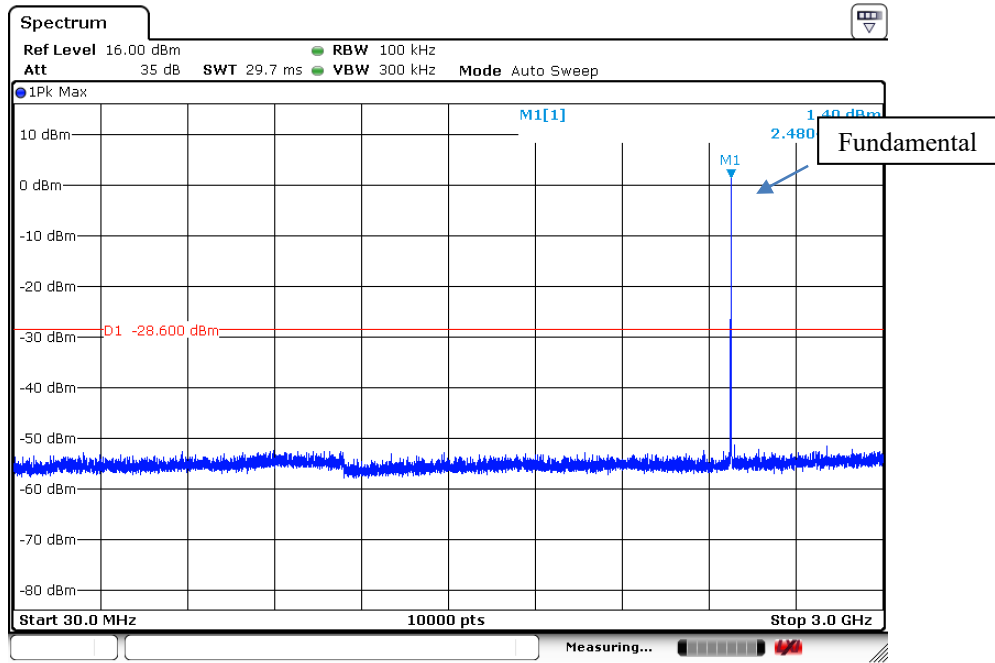


Date: 14.OCT.2021 12:58:15

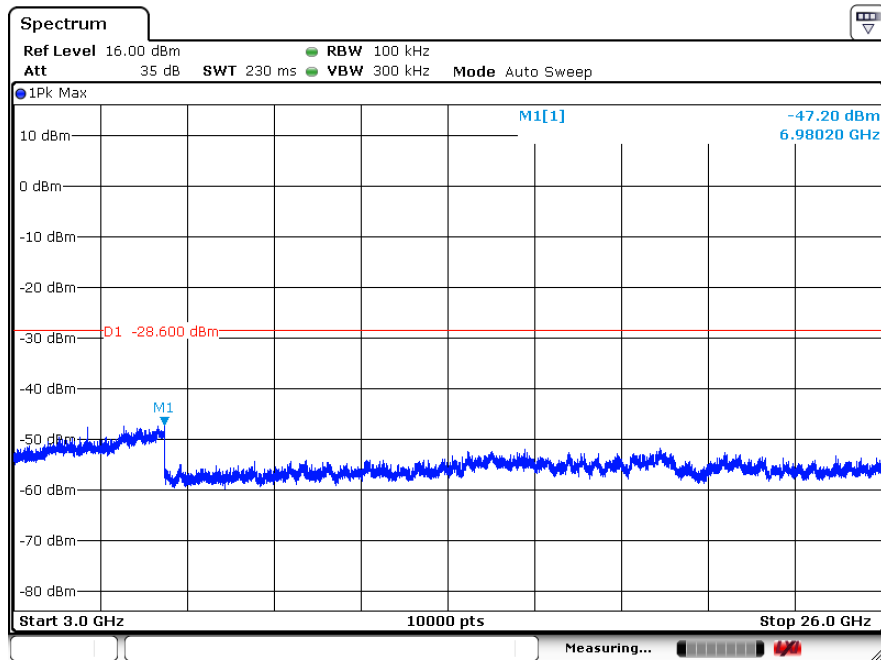


Date: 14.OCT.2021 12:59:05

High Channel: 2480 MHz



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:01:31



Date: 14.OCT.2021 13:03:29

12 Annex A (Normative) - Test Setup Photographs

Please refer to the attachment

13 Annex B (Normative) - EUT External Photographs

Please refer to the attachment

14 Annex C (Normative) - EUT Internal Photographs

Please refer to the attachment

15 Annex D (Normative) - A2LA Electrical Testing Certificate



Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

BAY AREA COMPLIANCE LABORATORIES CORP.

Sunnyvale, CA

for technical competence in the field of

Electrical Testing

This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*. This laboratory also meets A2LA R222 - *Specific Requirements EPA ENERGY STAR Accreditation Program*. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 10th day of March 2021.

Trace McInturf, Vice President, Accreditation Services
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 3297.02
Valid to September 30, 2022

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Electrical Scope of Accreditation.

Please follow the web link below for a full ISO 17025 scope

<https://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf>

--- END OF REPORT ---