



The Testcenter facility 'Dosimetric Test Lab' within IMST GmbH is accredited by the German National 'Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)' for testing according to the scope as listed in the accreditation certificate: D-PL-12139-01-00.

Appendix for SAR Test Report

Dosimetric Assessment of the Portable Device Hasselblad H5D-50C

(Contains FCC ID: 2AEFAODINW160)

According to the FCC Requirements Calibration Data

March 23, 2015

IMST GmbH

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Customer

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Sweden

Calibration Laboratory of

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S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

IMST

Certificate No: EX3-3536_Jul14

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3536

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: July 24, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Certificate No: EX3-3536_Jul14

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: July 24, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:3536

Manufactured: April 30, 2004 Calibrated: July 24, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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July 24, 2014 EX3DV4-SN:3536

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3536

Basic Calibration Parameters

Dasic Galibration Fara	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.43	0.43	0.36	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	99.3	95.0	99.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ⁻ (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	130.9	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		119.8	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		137.3	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3536

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	52.3	0.76	11.38	11.38	11.38	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	10.07	10.07	10.07	0.47	0.81	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.48	0.71	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.52	7.52	7.52	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.40	7.40	7.40	0.36	0.89	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.18	5.18	5.18	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %

 $^{^{\}rm C}$ Frequency validity above 300 MHz of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is \pm 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

Validity can be extended to \pm 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Galpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3536

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
150	61.9	0.80	10.89	10.89	10.89	0.00	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.80	9.80	9.80	0.27	1.09	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	8.05	8.05	8.05	0.48	0.79	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.34	7.34	7.34	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.13	7.13	7.13	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.85	4.85	4.85	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.30	4.30	4.30	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.59	4.59	4.59	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

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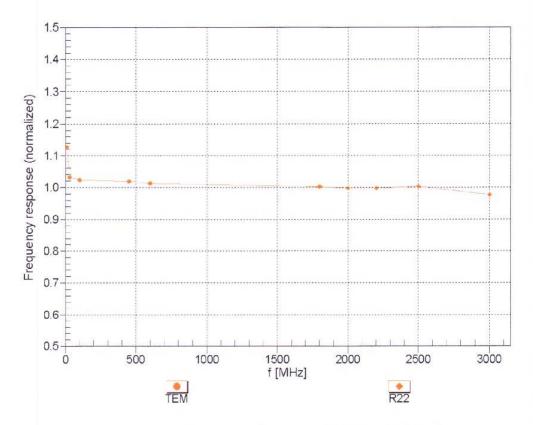
F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

July 24, 2014 EX3DV4-SN:3536

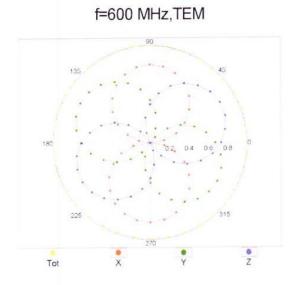
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

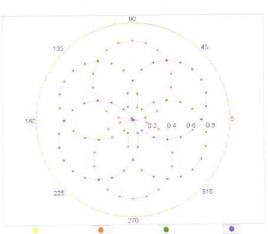


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

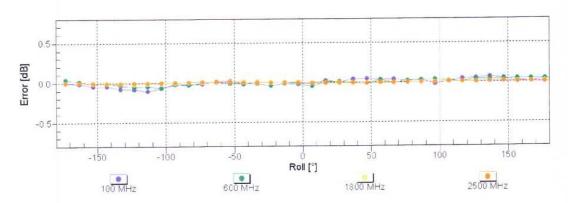
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Receiving Fattern (ψ), σ = 0



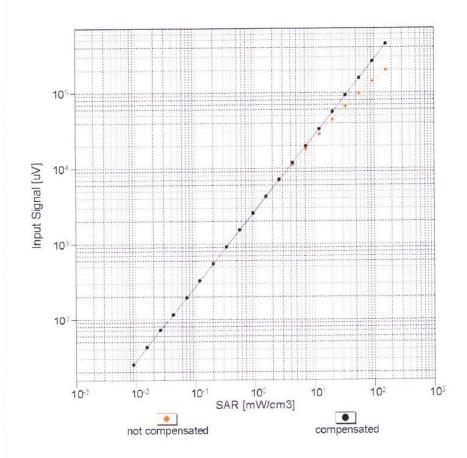


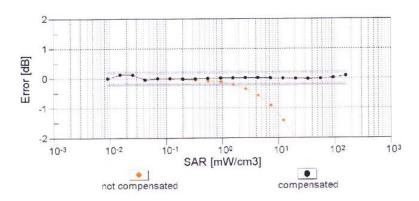
f=1800 MHz,R22



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

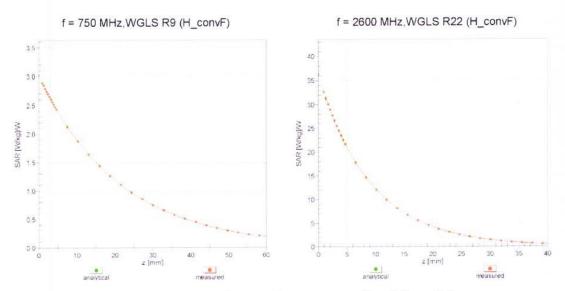
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)





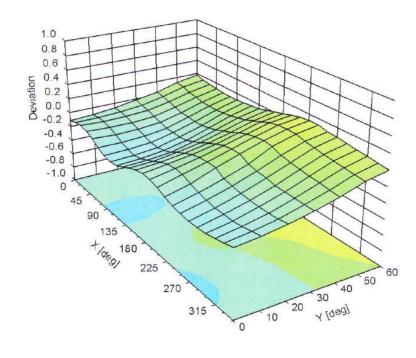
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

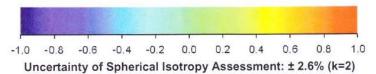
Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz





DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3536

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-3.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm





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Calibration Certificate

Certificate No: Cal_D2450V2_SN709_Jul2014

Object: D2450V2 SN: 709

Date of Calibration: July 30, 2014

Next Calibration: July 2016

Object Condition: In Tolerance

Calibration Equipment used:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Last calibration	Calibrated by	Next calibration
Powermeter E4416A	GB41050414	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262487-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Power Sensor E9301H	US40010212	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262492-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Powermeter E4417A	GB41050441	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262488-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Power Sensor E9301A	MY41495584	Nov 12	Rohde&Schwarz (262489-D-K-15012- 01-00-2012-11)	Nov 14
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46103220	Jul 13	Rohde&Schwarz (11-300285997)	Jul 15
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3860	Jul 13	SPEAG (EX3-3860_Jul13)	Jul 14
DAE3	SN 335	Jan 14	SPEAG (DAE3-335_Jan14)	Jan 15

Calibration is performed according the following standards:

IEEE 1528-2003

"IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial - Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Technique", December 2003

IEC 62209-1

"Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand - held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005

IEC 62209-2

"Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures ", Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters" Edition 1.0, 2010-01

Additional Documentation: DASY 4/5 System Handbook

prepared by:

Alexander Rahn test engineer

reviewed by:

André van den Bosch quality assurance engineer

w.ol. Box

Measurement Conditions				
DASY Version:	Dasy 4;	V4.7		
Phantom:	SAM Phantom	1176		
Distance Dipole Center – TSL:	10mm	With spacer		
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 10mm			
Zoom Scan resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5mm			
Frequency:	2450 MHz ± 1MHz			

Head TSL Parameters					
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity		
Nominal Head TSL Parameters	22.0	39.20	1.80		
Measured Head TSL Parameters	21.8	40.40 ± 6%	1.84 S/m ± 6%		

SAR Result with Head TSL						
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.30 mW/g			
ged ov	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	57.20 mW/g			
Averaged of	SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	56.98 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.50 mW/g			
yed ov 0g	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	26.00 mW/g			
Averaged 10g	SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.98 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			

Body TSL Parameters					
	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity		
Nominal Body TSL Parameters	22.0	52.70	1.95		
Measured Body TSL Parameters	21.6	53.80 ± 6%	1.96 S/m ± 6%		

SAR Result with Body TSL						
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.30 mW/g			
yed ov	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	57.20 mW/g			
Averaged of	SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	57.33 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			
over	SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.46 mW/g			
yed ov 0g	SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.84 mW/g			
Averaged (SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.89 mW/g ± 16.5 % (k=2)			

General Antenna Parameters		
Antenna Parameters with Head TSL	Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.0 Ω + 0.61 jΩ
	Return Loss	-33.60 dB
Antenna Parameter with Body TSL	Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω – 1.38 jΩ
	Return Loss	-35.10 dB

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured. The dipole is made of standard semigrid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC signals.

Additional EUT Data		
Manufactured by:	SPEAG	
Manufactured on:	January 15, 1998	

SAR Result with Head TSL

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: 300714_y_3860_2450.da4

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz SN: 709; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:709

Program Name: System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 40.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3860; ConvF(7.38, 7.38, 7.38); Calibrated: 29.07.2013
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 23.01.2014
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

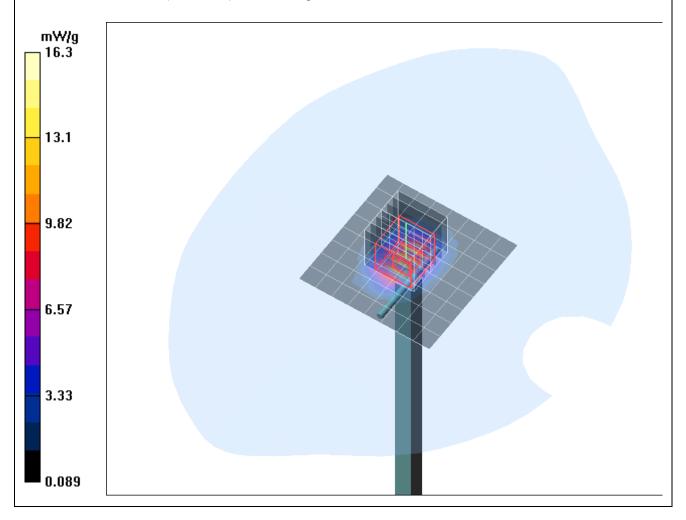
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 mW/g



SAR Result with Body TSL

Test Laboratory: Imst GmbH, DASY Yellow (II); File Name: 300714_y_3860_2450.da4

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz SN: 709; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:709

Program Name: System Performance Check at 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.96 mho/m; ε_r = 53.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3860; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 29.07.2013
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 23.01.2014
- Phantom: SAM Glycol 1340; Type: QD 000 P40 CB; Serial: TP-1340
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.46 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 mW/g

