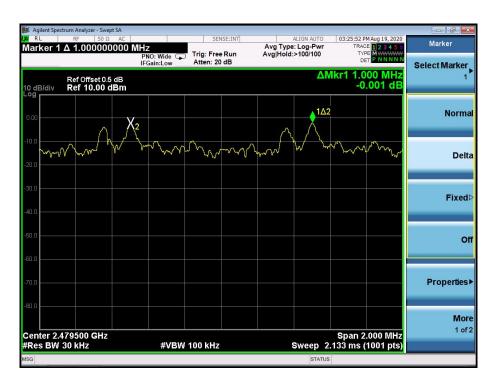


Pi/4 DQPSK Middle Channel

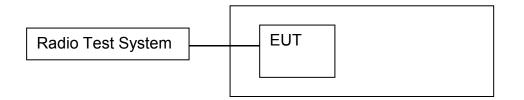
Pi/4 DQPSK High Channel





12. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

12.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.

3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

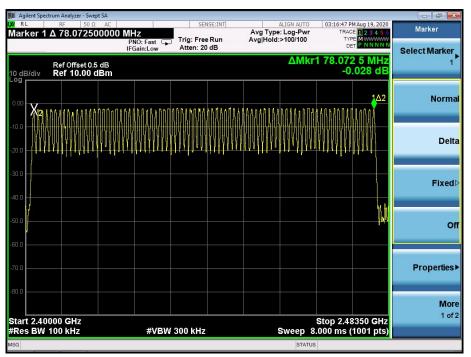
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.4835GHz. Sweep=auto;



12.4 Test Result

Test Plots: 79 Channels in total

GFSK



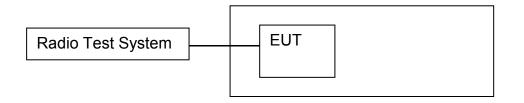
Pi/4 DQPSK

									nalyzer - Swept		
Marker	M Aug 19, 2020		LIGN AUTO		ISE:INT	SEN		AC	50 Ω 8.15600	R	XI RL
Select Marker		TYP	>100/100	Avg Hold		Trig: Free Atten: 20	NO: Fast 🕞 Gain:Low	P	6.15000		viairi
1	6 0 MHz .487 dB	1 78.15 0	<u>ΔMkr</u> 1					dB Bm	^{f Offset 0.5} f 10.00 d	Re /div R e	10 dE
Norma		INNIN	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		ነስለበለለለ	NAAANAA			ኒልለልቢብብስ	X r aaaaa	_ og -
Delta	₿ŶIJŴŊ,	<u>ት አብ ሳ</u> ት ታቋ ት	41224249	אַנייאיאי	АЛЛАЛАЛА	147388844 1	Ο ^ή ΑΑ ^ή Αήλ	10007977	41 7 01774		-10.0 s
Fixed⊳											-30.0
Off	Ύ́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́									}	-50.0
Properties▶											70.0
More 1 of 2	3350 GHz 1001 pts)	Stop 2.48	Sweep 8			300 kHz	#VBW		GHz kHz	2.40000 BW 100	-80.0 Stari #Res
			STATUS								ASG



13. DWELL TIME

13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



13.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

13.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.

2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;

3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz.Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.

4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).



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13.4 Test Result

DH5 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 6 hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

hops per second in each channel

(3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX). DH1 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 /2 hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the Dwell Time can be calculated as follows:

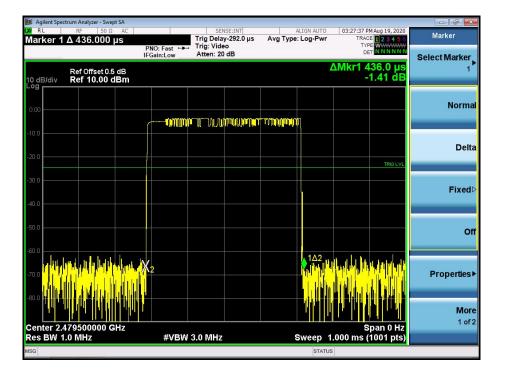
DH5:1600/79/6*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000 DH3:1600/79/4*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000 DH1:1600/79/2*0.4*79*(MkrDelta)/1000 Remark: Mkr Delta is once pulse time.

DH3 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 4

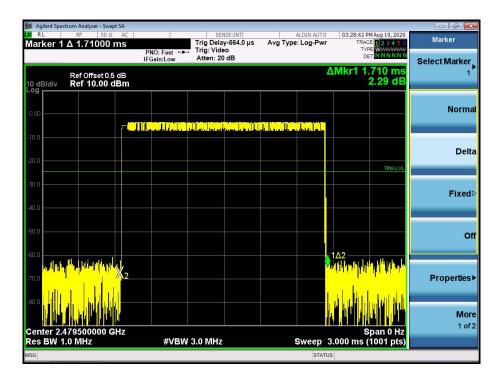
Modulation	Channel Data	Packet	pulse time(ms)	Dwell Time(s)	Limits(s)
		DH1	0.436	0.140	0.4
GFSK	High	DH3	1.710	0.274	0.4
		DH5	2.970	0.317	0.4
		2DH1	0.448	0.143	0.4
Pi/4DQPSK	High	2DH3	1.710	0.274	0.4
		2DH5	2.970	0.317	0.4



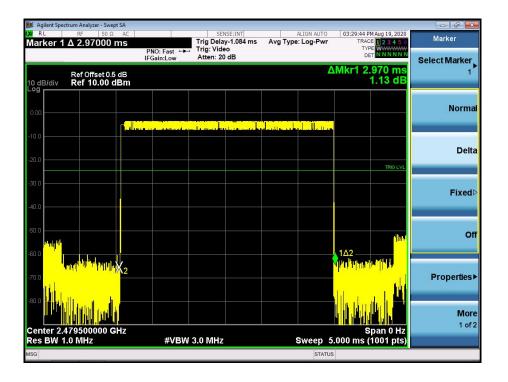
Test Plots GFSK DH1 High Channel



GFSK DH3 High Channel

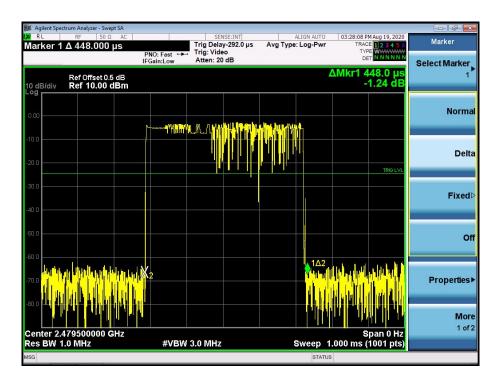




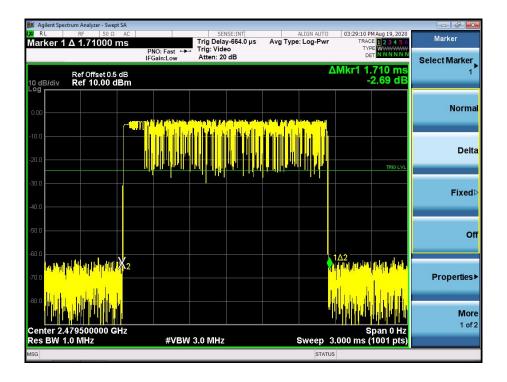


GFSK DH5 High High Channel

Pi/4DQPSK DH1 High Channel

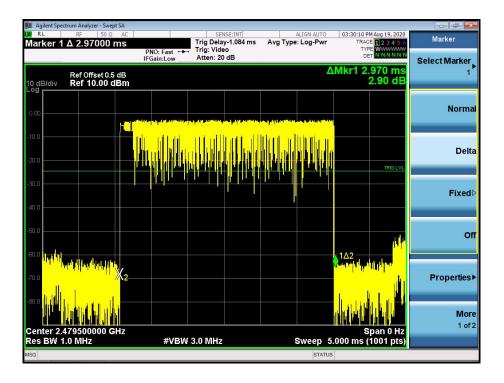






Pi/4DQPSK DH3 High Channel

Pi/4DQPSK DH5 High Channel





14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

The EUT antenna is PCB antenna, antenna Gain 0dBi. It comply with the standard requirement.



15. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

EUT Photo 1



EUT Photo 2





16. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Conducted Measurement Photos

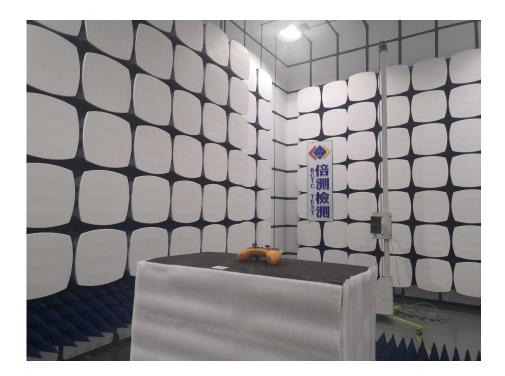


Radiated Measurement Photos





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******** END OF REPORT *******