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Report No.: GZEM160500299101
Page: 1 of 58
FCC ID: 2AE6OKB02

TEST REPORT

The following sample(s) was/were submitted and identified on behalf of the client as:

Application No.:	GZEM1605002991CR
Applicant:	SHENZHEN JINRUIHAITAO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Manufacturer:	Same as the applicant.
Factory:	Same as the applicant.
FCC ID:	2AE6OKB02
Product Description:	Remote Shutter
Model No.:	KB02
Standards:	CFR 47 FCC PART 15 Subpart C: 2014 section 15.247
Date of Receipt:	2016-05-16
Date of Test:	2016-05-23 to 2016-05-24
Date of Issue:	2016-06-17
Test Result :	Pass*

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.



The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.

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2 Version

Revision Record				
Version	Chapter	Date	Modifier	Remark
00		2016-06-17		Original Report

Authorized for issue by:			
Tested By	 <hr/> (Curry Wu) / Project Engineer	2016-05-23 to 2016-05-24 <hr/> Date	
Prepared By	 <hr/> (June Chen) / Clerk	2016-05-30 <hr/> Date	
Checked By	 <hr/> (Ricky Liu) / Reviewer	2016-06-02 <hr/> Date	



3 Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4	PASS
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.5	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(b)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10.1	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.2	PASS

Remark:

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2009 in the whole report.

DA 00-705 was used as a guideline in preparing this Test Report.



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5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	SHENZHEN JINRUIHAITAO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address of Applicant:	4F, B, Building, Minjinhai Industrial Park Gushu, Xixiang Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer:	Same as the applicant.
Address of Manufacturer:	Same as the applicant.
Factory:	Same as the applicant.
Address of Factory:	Same as the applicant.

5.2 General Description of E.U.T.

Product Description:	Remote Shutter
Model No.:	KB02

5.3 Details of E.U.T.

Operating Frequency	2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
Type of Modulation:	GFSK,
Number of Channels	79 Channels
Channel Separation:	1 MHz
Dwell time	Per channel is less than 0.4s.
Antenna Type	Integral
Antenna gain:	0 dBi
Speciality:	Bluetooth 2.1
Function:	Remote Controller with BT function
Power Supply:	3.0V CR2025 LITHIUM BATTERY
Normal Test Voltage:	3.0V
Power cord:	N/A

Remark: The device meets the requirements stated within Parts 15.247(g) & (h) in that they were developed under the Bluetooth protocol and operate as a true frequency hopping system. The device does not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.



5.4 Modulation configure

Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
GFSK	DH1	4	24
	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339

Remark:

Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the Modulation of GFSK;



5.5 Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with corresponding accessories as below:

Supplied by SGS:

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	SN/Certificate NO
NoteBook	IBM	T30	S/N78-3VMLX 06/01
BT test board	SGS EMC	RF 07	RF 07

Using the special software and development board we can enter the product for engineer mode then we can control the EUT to select the wanted channel for test. The test board and PC are only to configure the engineer mode and not used to final test.

5.6 Deviation from Standards

Biconical and log periodic antennas were used instead of dipole antennas.

5.7 Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

5.8 Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

5.9 Test Location

All tests were performed at:

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou Branch EMC Laboratory,
198 Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District,
Guangzhou, China 510663
Tel: +86 20 82155555 Fax: +86 20 82075059

No tests were sub-contracted.



5.10 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

- **NVLAP (Lab Code: 200611-0)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Guangzhou EMC Laboratory is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP/NIST). NVLAP Code: 200611-0.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the Federal Government.

- **ACMA**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our NVLAP accreditation.

- **SGS UK(Certificate No.: 32), SGS-TUV SAARLAND and SGS-FIMKO**

Have approved SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory as a supplier of EMC TESTING SERVICES and SAFETY TESTING SERVICES.

- **CNAS (Lab Code: L0167)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been assessed and in compliance with CNAS-CL01:2006 accreditation criteria for testing laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing Laboratories.

- **FCC (Registration No.: 282399)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 282399, May 31, 2002.

- **Industry Canada (Registration No.: 4620B-1)**

The 3m/10m Alternate Semi-anechoic chamber of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No. 4620B-1.

- **VCCI (Registration No.: R-2460, C-2584, G-449 and T-1179)**

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2460, C-2584, G-449 and T-1179 respectively.

- **CBTL (Lab Code: TL129)**

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., E&E Laboratory has been assessed and fully comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005, the Basic Rules, IEC 60335-1 and Rules of procedure IEC 60335-2, and the relevant IEC 60335-2 Scheme Operational documents.



6 Equipment List

RE in Chamber						
No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date	Cal.Due date
					(YYYY-MM-DD)	(YYYY-MM-DD)
EMC0525	Compact Semi-Anechoic Chamber	ChangZhou ZhongYu	N/A	N/A	2014-12-05	2016-12-04
EMC0522	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB26	100283	2016-02-01	2017-01-31
EMC0056	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100236	2016-02-01	2017-01-31
EMC0528	RI High frequency Cable	SGS	20 m	N/A	2016-04-19	2018-04-18
EMC2025	Trilog Broadband Antenna 30-1000MHz	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	VULB 9160	9160-3372	2014-07-14	2017-07-13
EMC0524	Bi-log Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6112B	2966	2013-08-31	2016-08-30
EMC0519	Bilog Type Antenna	Schaffner -Chase	CBL6143	5070	2014-05-04	2017-05-03
EMC2026	Horn Antenna 1-18GHz	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-841	2013-08-31	2016-08-31
EMC0521	1-26.5 GHz Pre-Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01649	2016-01-25	2017-01-24
EMC2065	Amplifier	HP	8447F	N/A	2015-07-18	2016-07-17
EMC2086	PRE AMPLIFIER MH648A	ANRITSU CORP	MH648A	N/A	2015-12-19	2016-12-18
EMC2063	Pre-amplifier 1GHz-26GHz	Compliance Direction Systems Lnc.	PAP-1G26-48	6279.628	2016-01-06	2017-01-05
EMC0523	Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6502	42963	2016-02-27	2018-02-26
EMC2041	Broad-Band Horn Antenna (14)15-26.5(40)GHZ	SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONI	BBHA 9170	9170-375	2014-05-26	2017-05-25
EMC2079	High Pass Filter(915MHz)	FSY MICROWAVE	HM1465-9SS	009	2016-01-25	2017-01-24
EMC2069	2.4GHz filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM 50702	149	2016-01-25	2017-01-24
EMC0530	10m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	ETS	N/A	N/A	2016-04-30	2018-04-29

General used equipment						
No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date	Cal.Due date
					(YYYY-MM-DD)	(YYYY-MM-DD)
EMC0006	DMM	Fluke	73	70681569	2015-09-17	2016-09-16
EMC0007	DMM	Fluke	73	70671122	2015-09-17	2016-09-16



7 Test Results

7.1 E.U.T. test conditions

Test Voltage:	DC 3.0V
Temperature:	20.0 -25.0 °C
Humidity:	38-50 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1000 -1010 mbar

Requirements: **15.31(e):** For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

15.32: Power supplies and CPU boards used with personal computers and for which separate authorizations are required to be obtained shall be tested as follows: Testing shall be in accordance with the procedures specified in Section 15.31 of this part.

Test frequencies and frequency range: According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

According to the 15.33 (a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:



Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in frequency range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specified



EUT channels and frequencies list:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	27	2429	54	2456
1	2403	28	2430	55	2457
2	2404	29	2431	56	2458
3	2405	30	2432	57	2459
4	2406	31	2433	58	2460
5	2407	32	2434	59	2461
6	2408	33	2435	60	2462
7	2409	34	2436	61	2463
8	2410	35	2437	62	2464
9	2411	36	2438	63	2465
10	2412	37	2439	64	2466
11	2413	38	2440	65	2467
12	2414	39	2441	66	2468
13	2415	40	2442	67	2469
14	2416	41	2443	68	2470
15	2417	42	2444	69	2471
16	2418	43	2445	70	2472
17	2419	44	2446	71	2473
18	2420	45	2447	72	2474
19	2421	46	2448	73	2475
20	2422	47	2449	74	2476
21	2423	48	2450	75	2477
22	2424	49	2451	76	2478
23	2425	50	2452	77	2479
24	2426	51	2453	78	2480
25	2427	52	2454	/	/
26	2428	53	2455	/	/

Using the special software and development board we can enter the product for engineer mode then we can control the EUT to select the wanted channel for test as above list.

Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 0 channel(2402 MHz), middle channel: 39 channel(2441 MHz) and highest channel: 78 channel(2480 MHz)

7.2 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

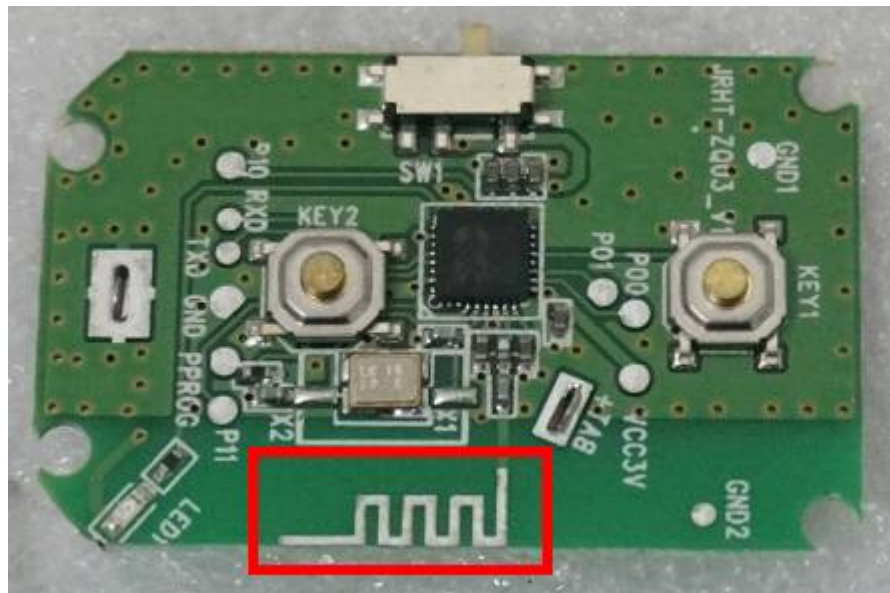
15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed.

Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

EUT Antenna

The antenna is integrated on the main PCB and no consideration of replacement. The maximum gain of the antenna is 0 dBi.



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

7.3 Occupied Bandwidth

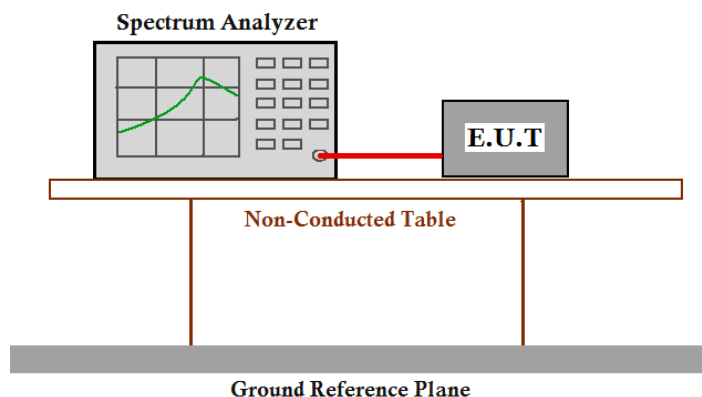
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data package. Compliance test in normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
3. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW \geq 1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW \geq RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -20 dB points bandwidth.



Test result:

Normal mode:

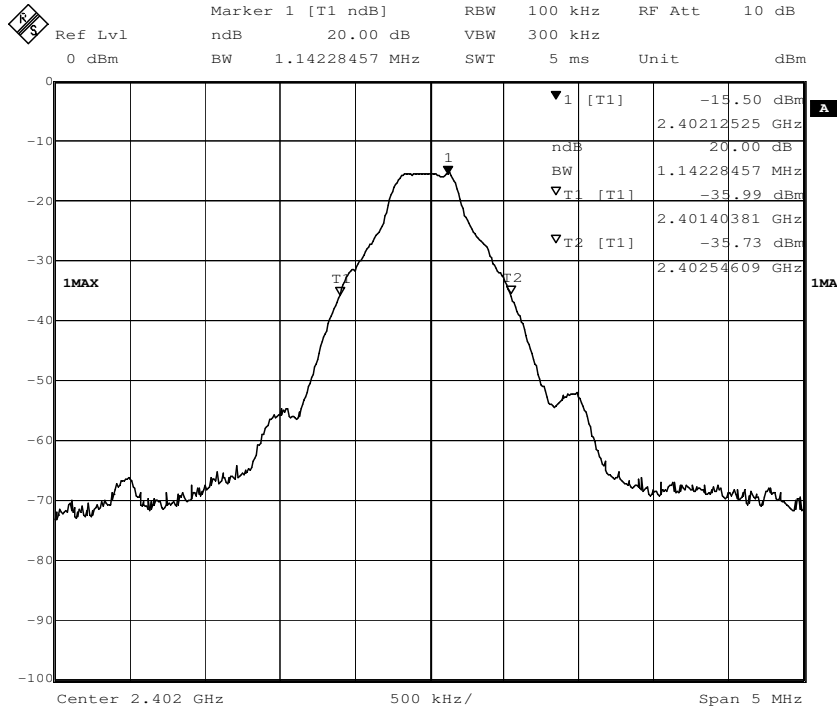
Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)	2/3 bandwidth (MHz)
Lowest	1.142	0.761
Middle	1.122	0.748
Highest	1.132	0.755



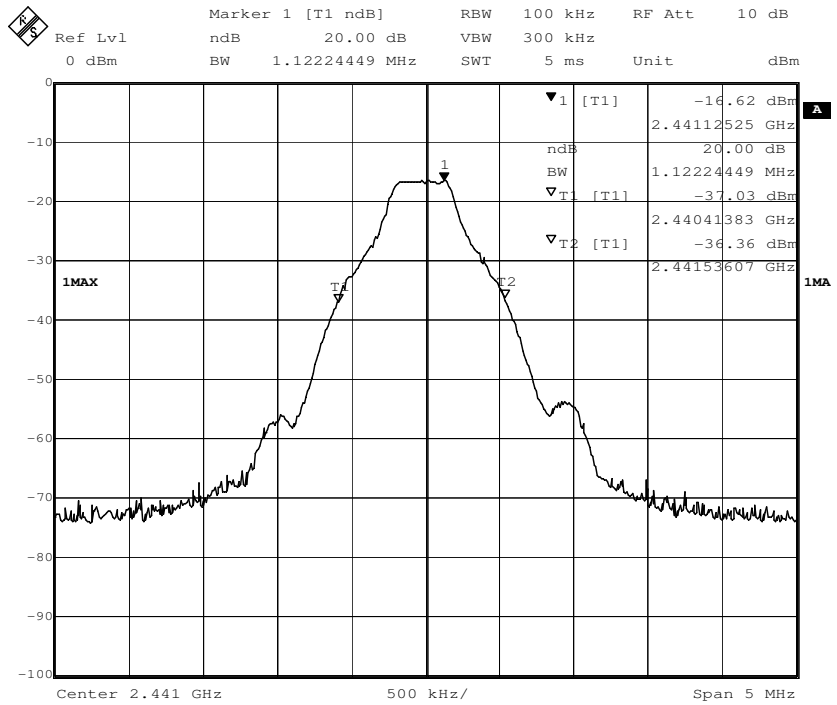
Result plot as follows:

Normal mode (DH5):

Lowest Channel(2.402 GHz):

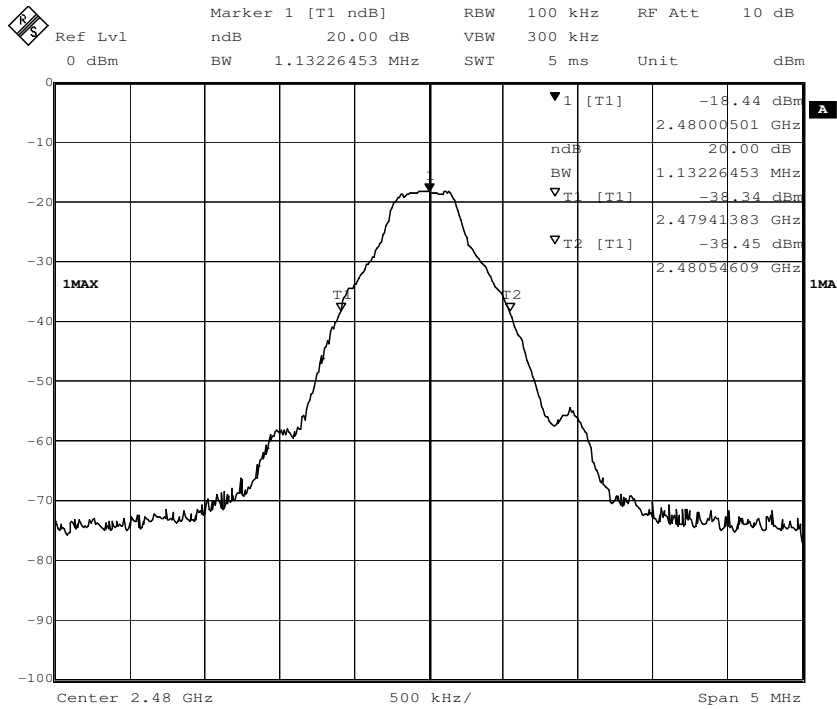


Middle Channel(2.441 GHz):





Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):



7.4 Carrier Frequencies Separated

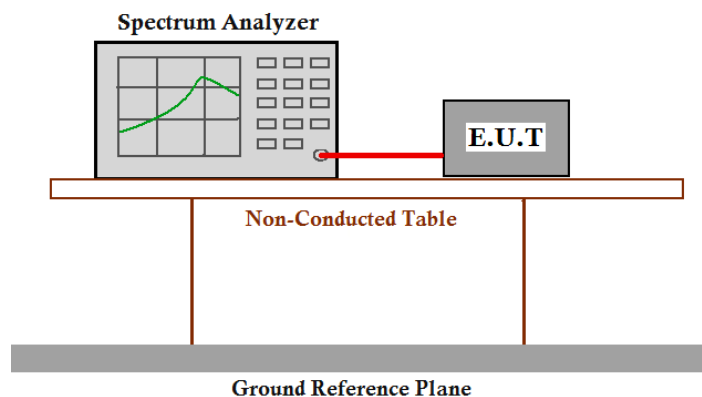
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a),(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in hopping mode with different data packet. Compliance test in hopping with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW \geq 1% of the span, VBW \geq RBW, Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.



Test result:

Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	Limit ^①	Pass/Fail
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	1.015MHz	0.761MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 39 and channel 40)	1.002MHz	0.748MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 77 and channel 78)	1.022MHz	0.755MHz	Pass

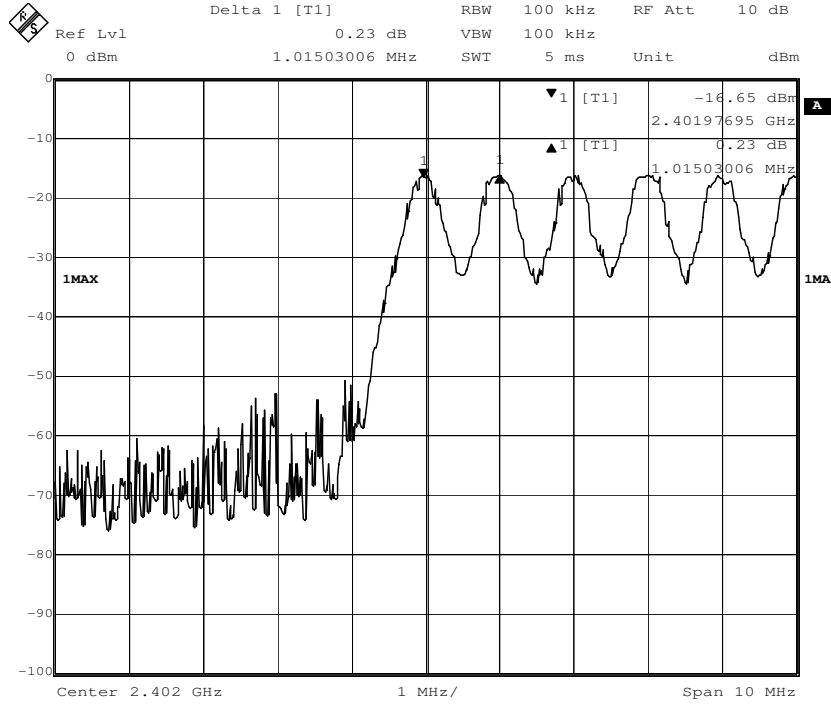
Remark:

- ① The limit is two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth normal(DH5) mode due to the transmission power is less than 0.125 W shown on section 7.8 of this report.

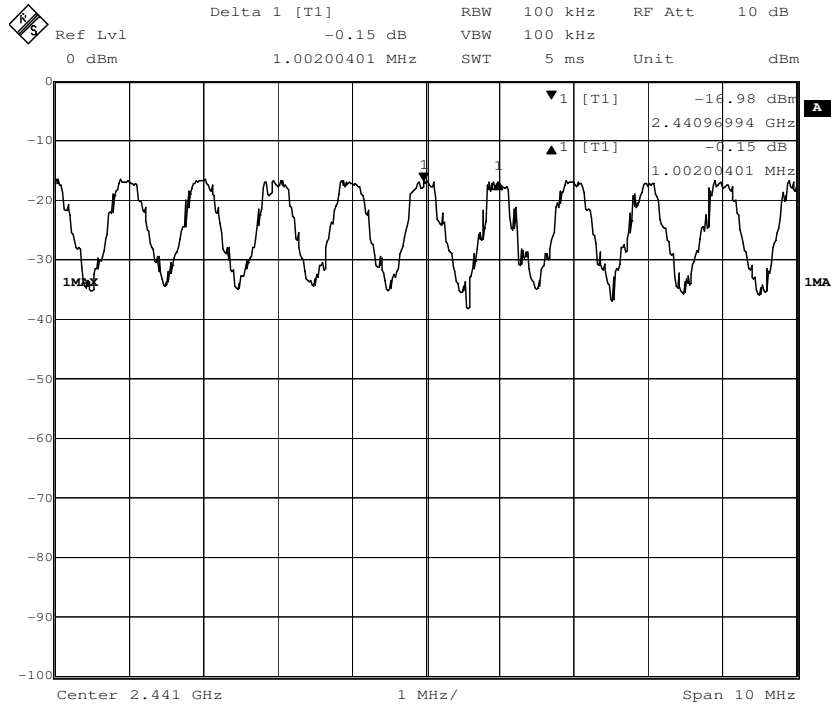


Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channels: 2402MHz

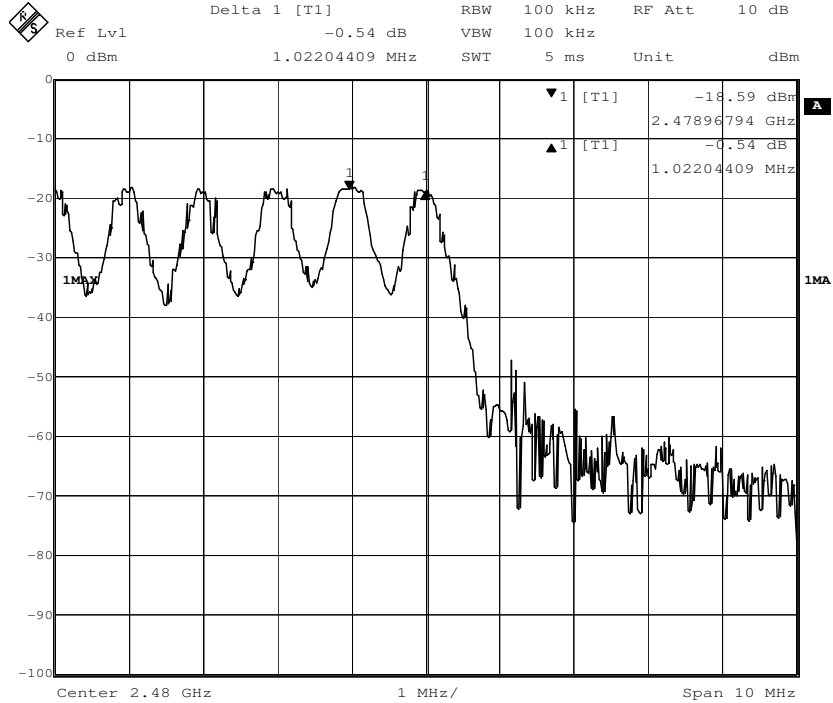


Middle Channels: 2441MHz





Highest Channels: 2480MHz



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

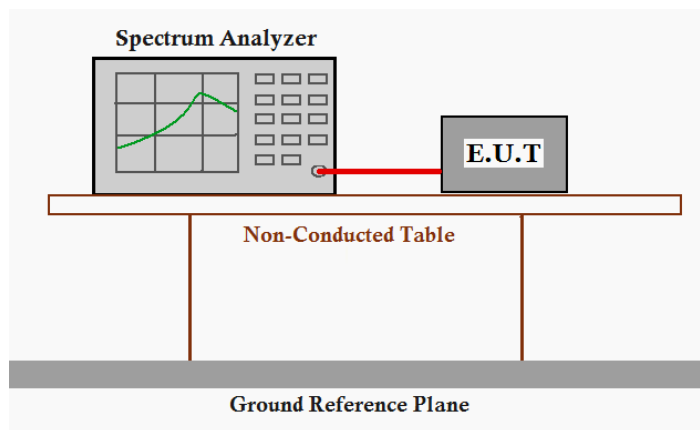
7.5 Hopping Channel Number

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247
 (a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in hopping mode with different data packet. Compliance test in hopping with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:

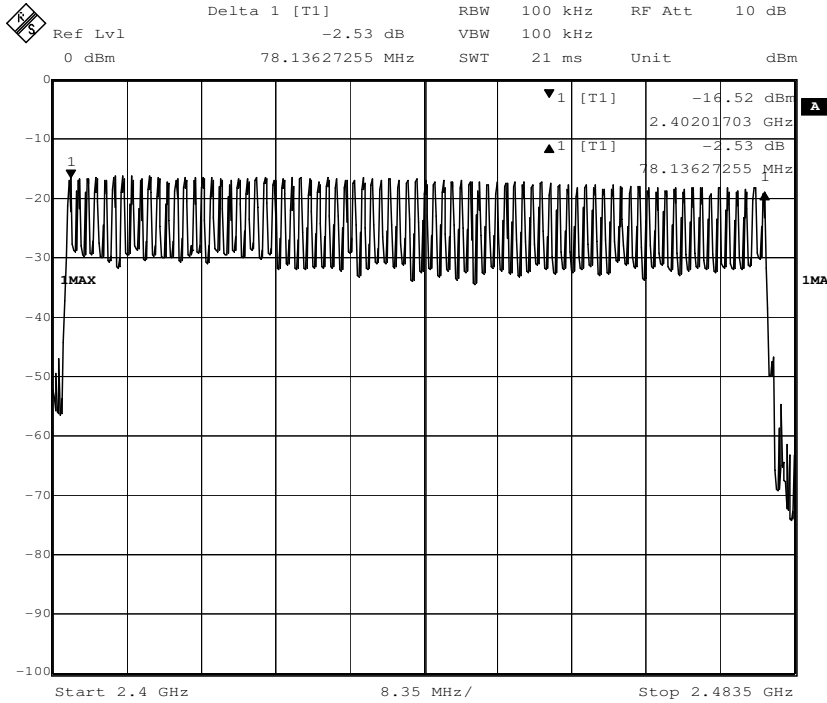


Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 100 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400 MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5 MHz. Submit the test result graph.



Test result: Total channels are 79 channels.



Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

7.6 Dwell Time

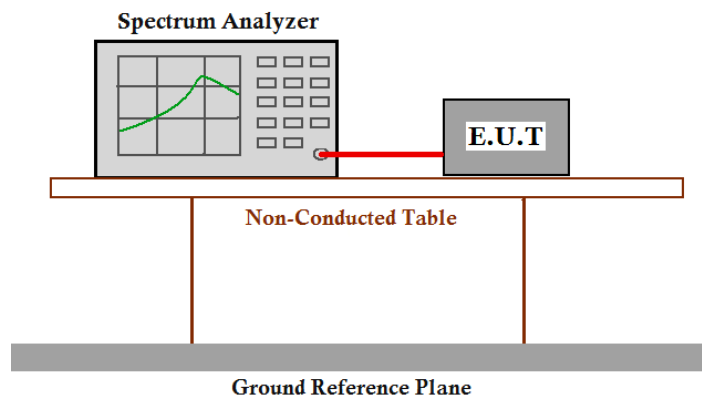
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4

Test Status: Test the EUT in hopping mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet. Compliance test in hopping mode with normal mode (DH1, DH3 and DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1 MHz and VBW = 1 MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold;
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). Repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.



Test Result:

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

1. Channel 0: 2.402GHz										
DH1 time slot	=	0.430	(ms)	*	38	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	163.400	ms
DH3 time slot	=	1.663	(ms)	*	18	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	299.340	ms
DH5 time slot	=	2.925	(ms)	*	11	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	321.750	ms
2. Channel 39: 2.441GHz										
DH1 time slot	=	0.430	(ms)	*	38	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	163.400	ms
DH3 time slot	=	1.683	(ms)	*	18	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	302.940	ms
DH5 time slot	=	2.925	(ms)	*	11	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	321.750	ms
3. Channel 78: 2.480GHz										
DH1 time slot	=	0.440	(ms)	*	38	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	167.200	ms
DH3 time slot	=	1.683	(ms)	*	18	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	302.940	ms
DH5 time slot	=	2.925	(ms)	*	11	*	(31.6/3.16)	=	321.750	ms

The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period is equal to pulse width*(# of pulse in observation period)*(test period / observation period)

The results are not greater than 0.4 seconds.

The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

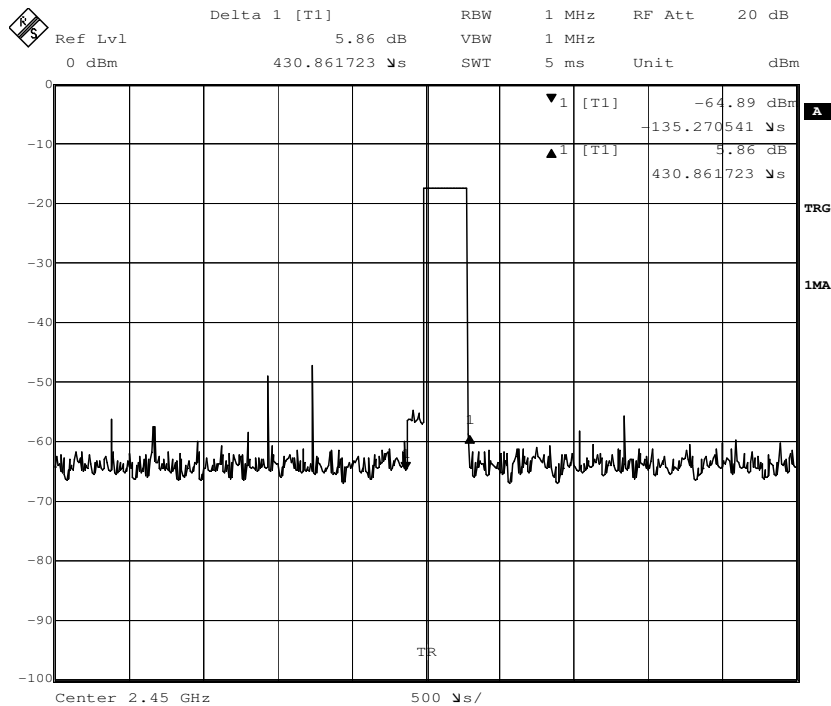


Result plot as follows:

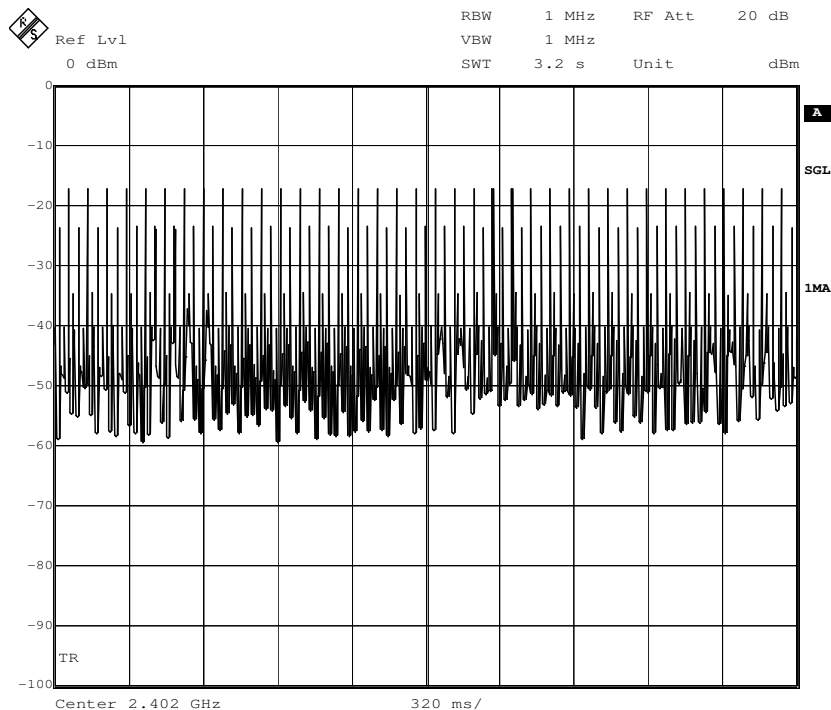
1. Lowest channel (2.402 GHz):

(1). DH1

Pulse Width:

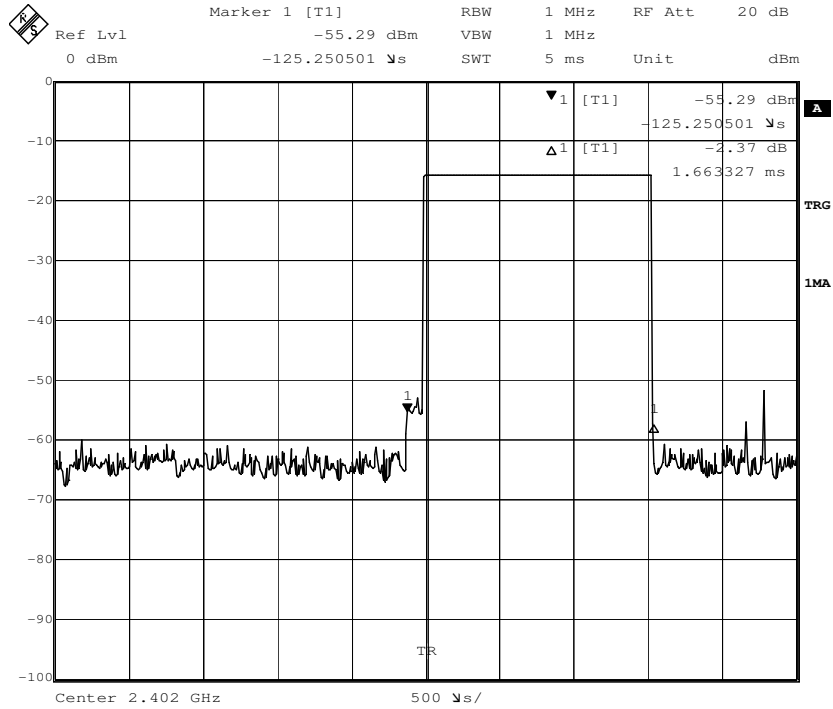


Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

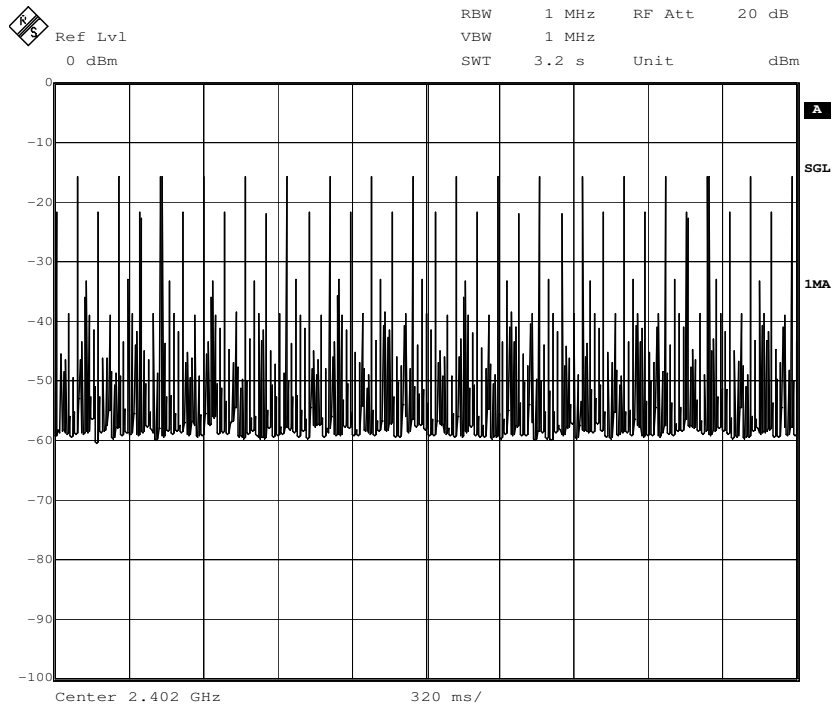


(2) DH3

Pulse Width:

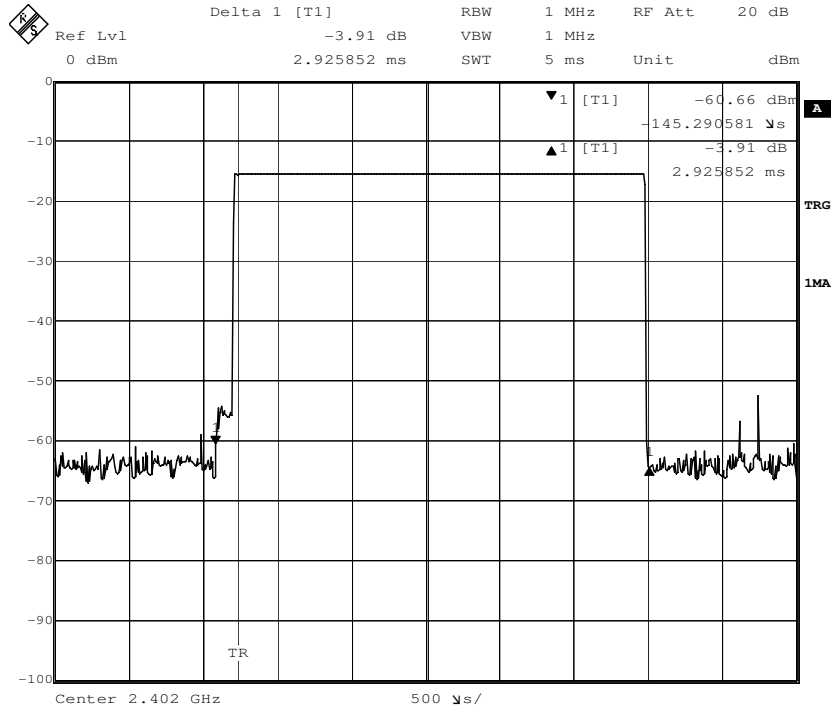


Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

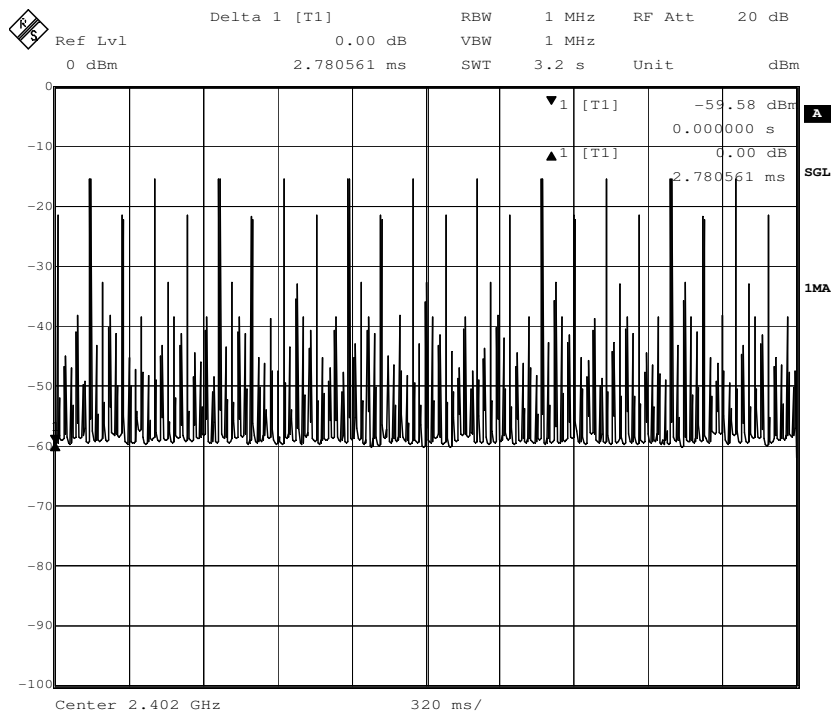


(3) DH5

Pulse Width:



Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

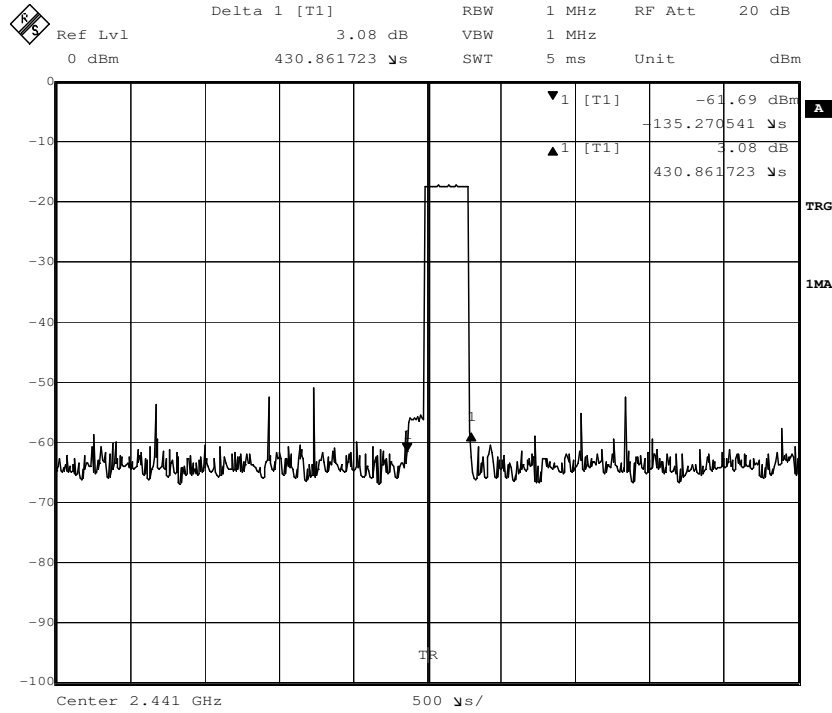




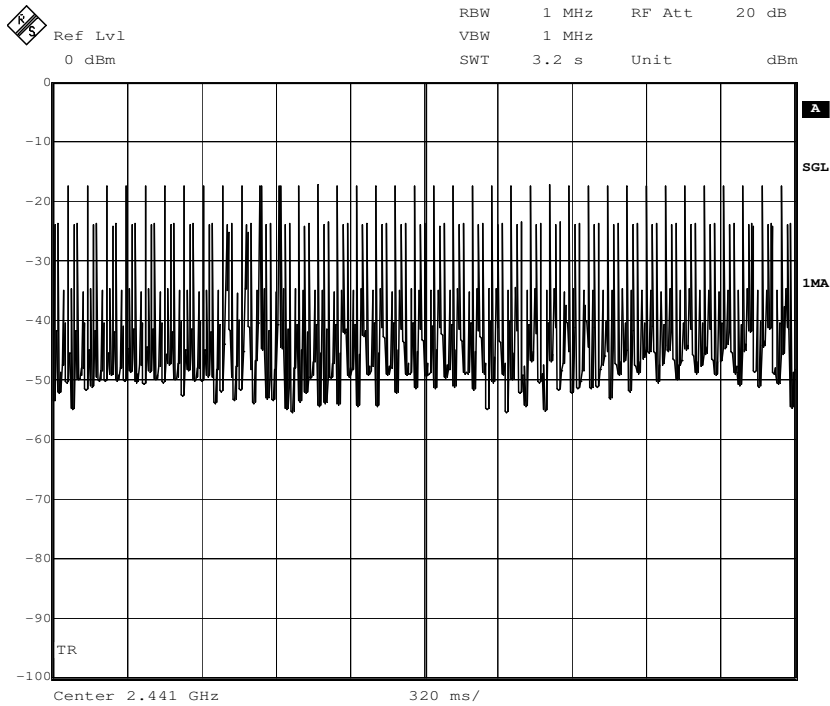
2. Middle Channel (2.441 GHz):

(1). DH1

Pulse Width:

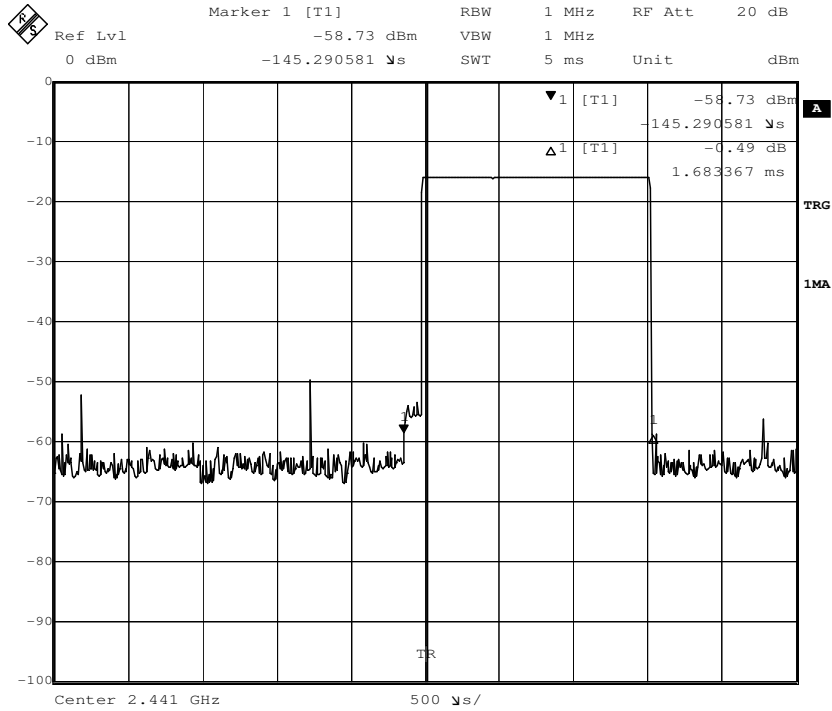


Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

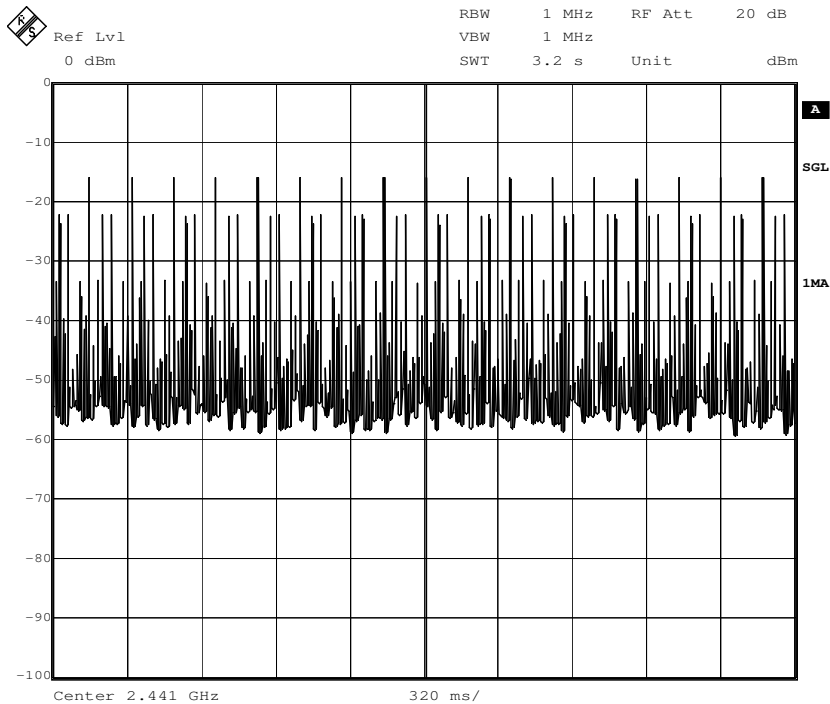


(2) DH3

Pulse Width:

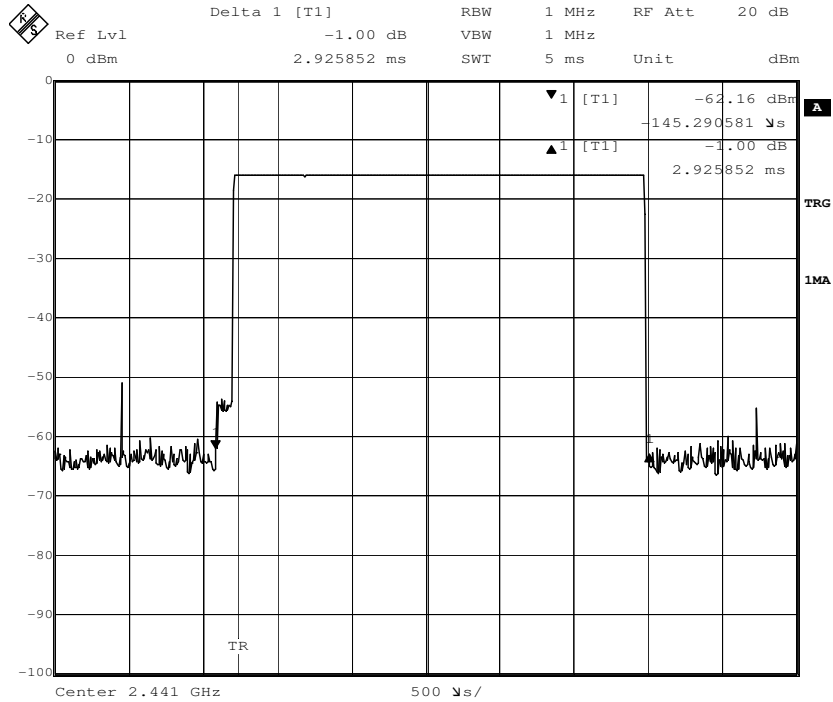


Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

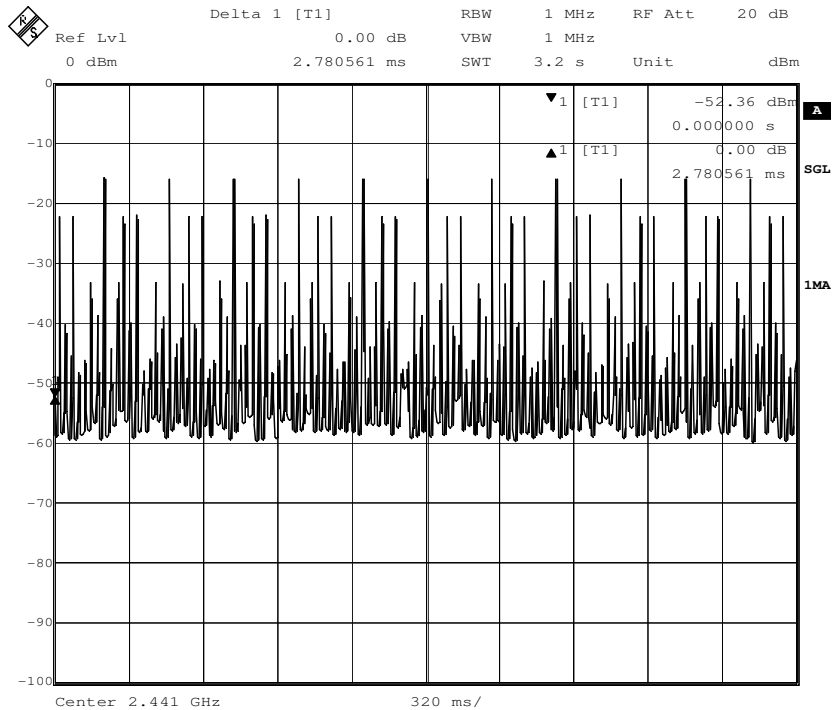


(3) DH5

Pulse Width:



Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

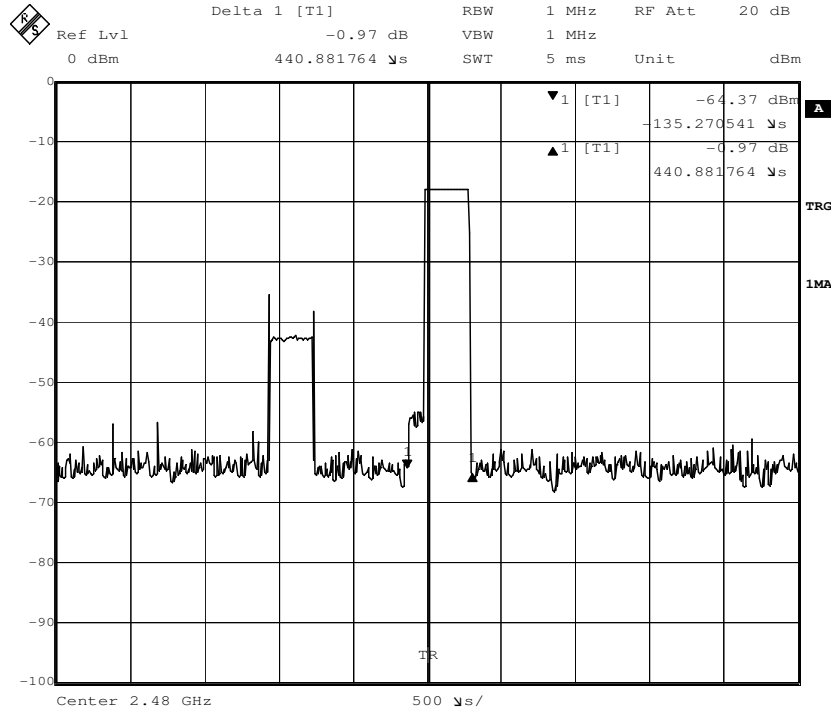




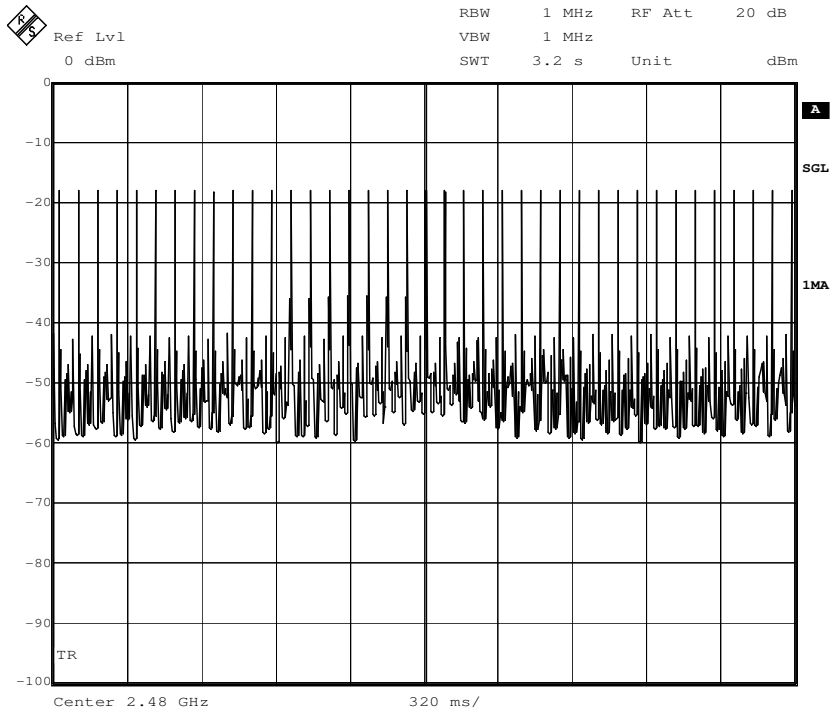
3. Highest Channel (2.480 GHz):

(1). DH1

Pulse Width:

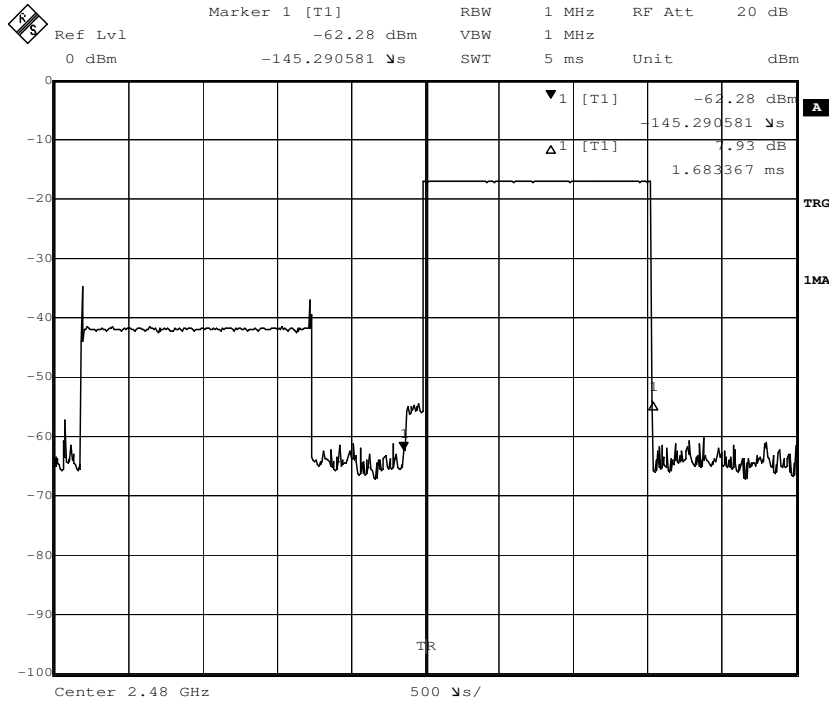


Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:

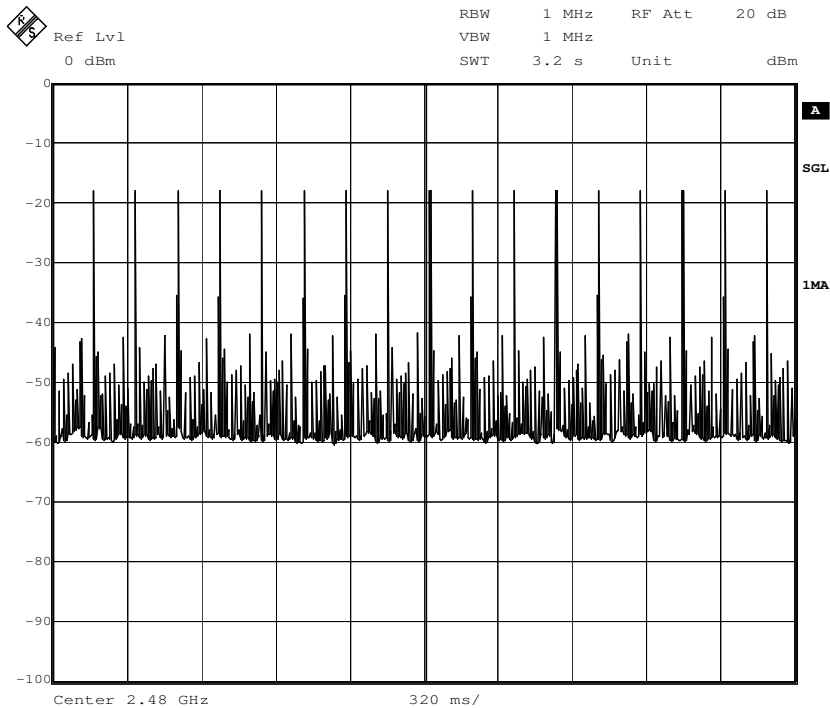


(2) DH3

Pulse Width:



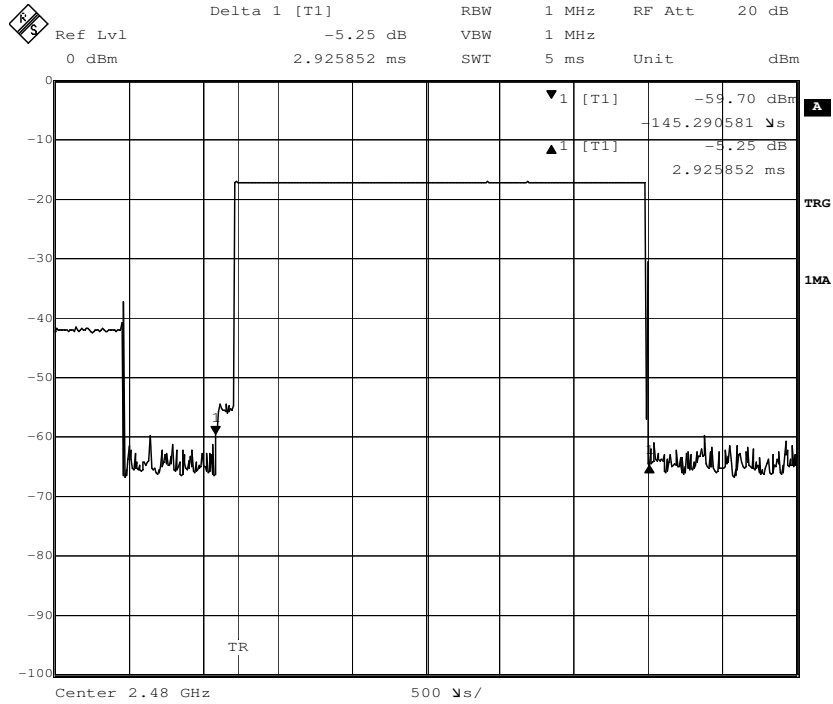
Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:



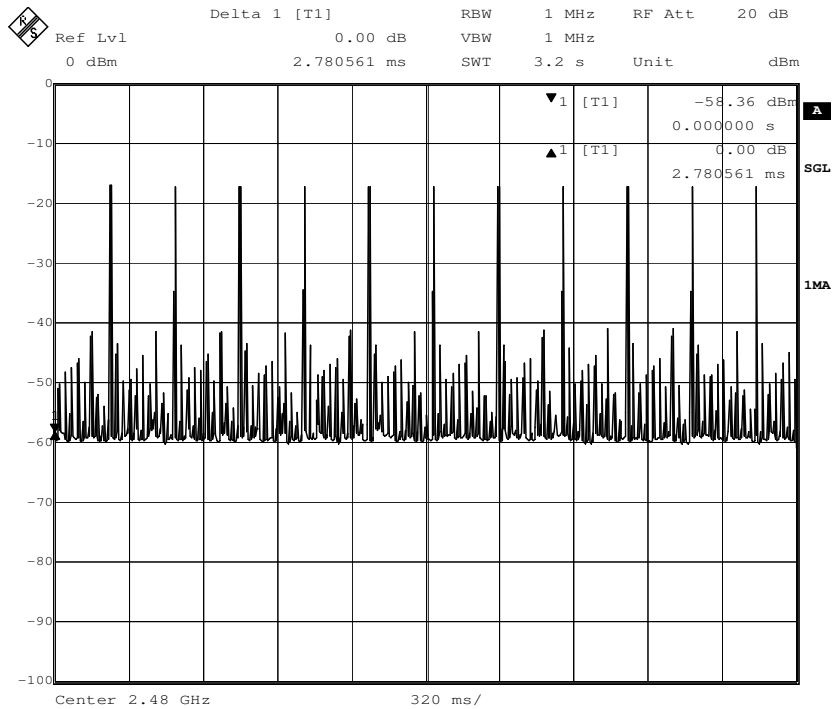


(3) DH5

Pulse Width:



Number of Pulses in 3.16 S observation period:



7.7 Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

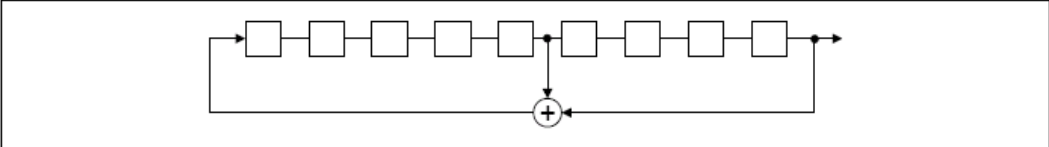
7.7.1 Standard requirement

15.247(a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

7.7.2 Other requirements Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15C Section 15.247 (a)(1), (h) requirement:
<p>The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.</p> <p>Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.</p> <p>The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.</p>	
Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)	
<p>According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of shift register stages: 9 • Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits • Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal) <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence</i></p>	

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Compliance for section 15.247(g)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h)

According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinated with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

7.8 Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

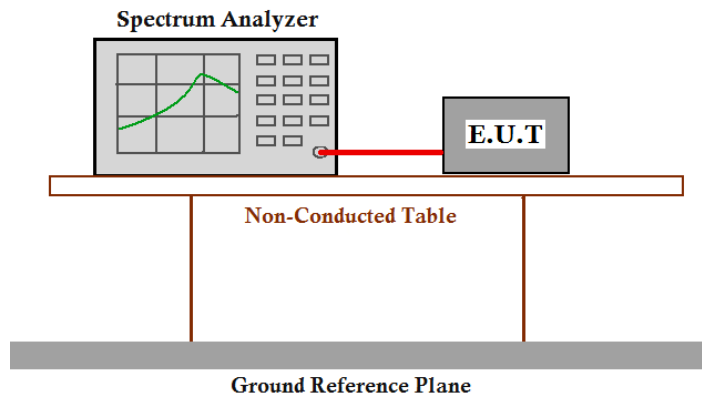
Refer to the result "Hopping channel number" of this document. The 1 watt (30.0 dBm) limit applies.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.8.5

Test Limit:

Test mode: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 3 MHz. VBW = 3 MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.



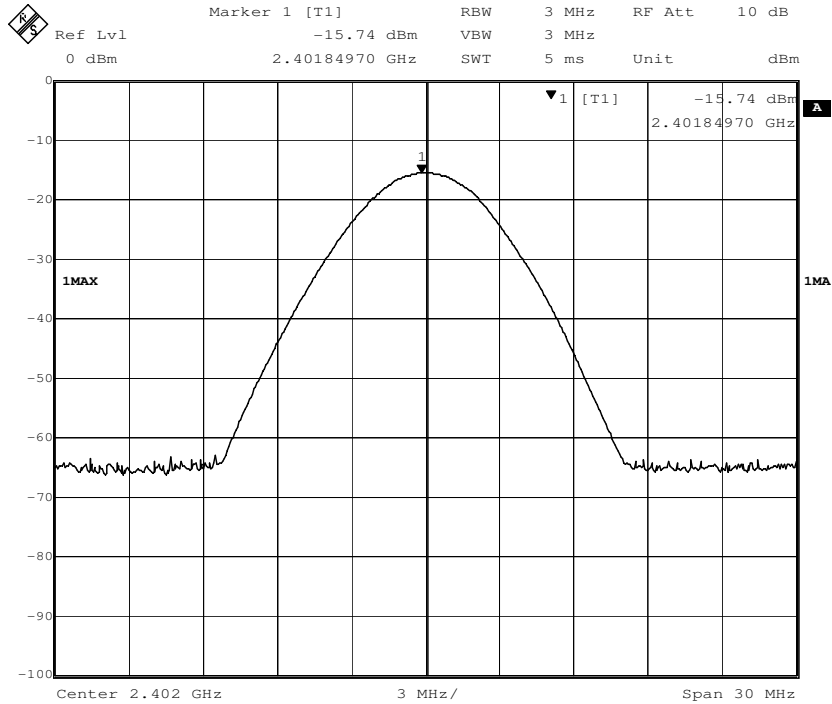
Test Result:				
Normal mode:				
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2402	-14.54	30.0	Pass
Middle	2441	-14.97	30.0	Pass
Highest	2480	-16.70	30.0	Pass
Remark: cable lose=1.2 dB				
Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.				



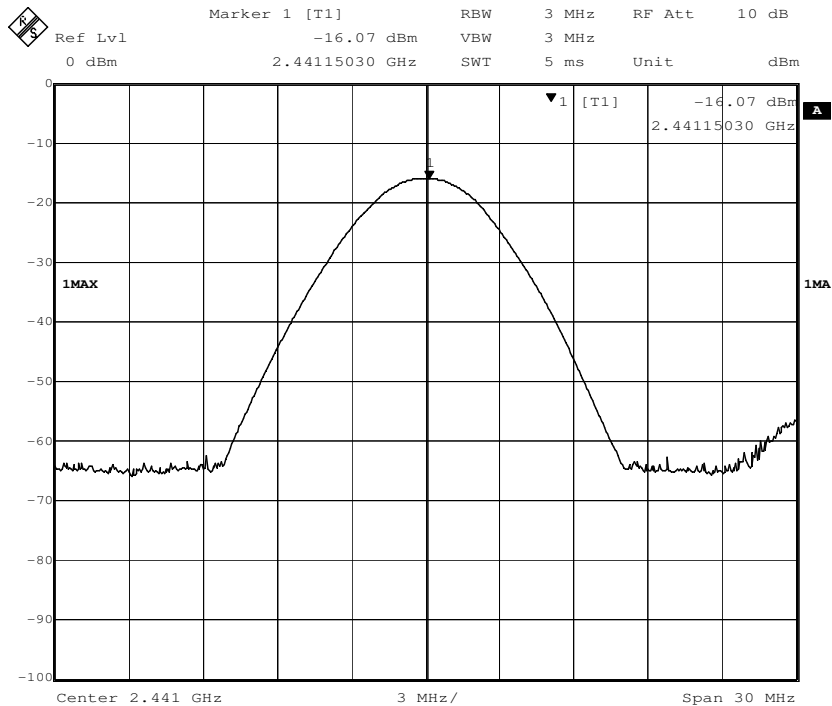
Result plot as follows:

Normal mode:

Lowest Channel(2.402 MHz):

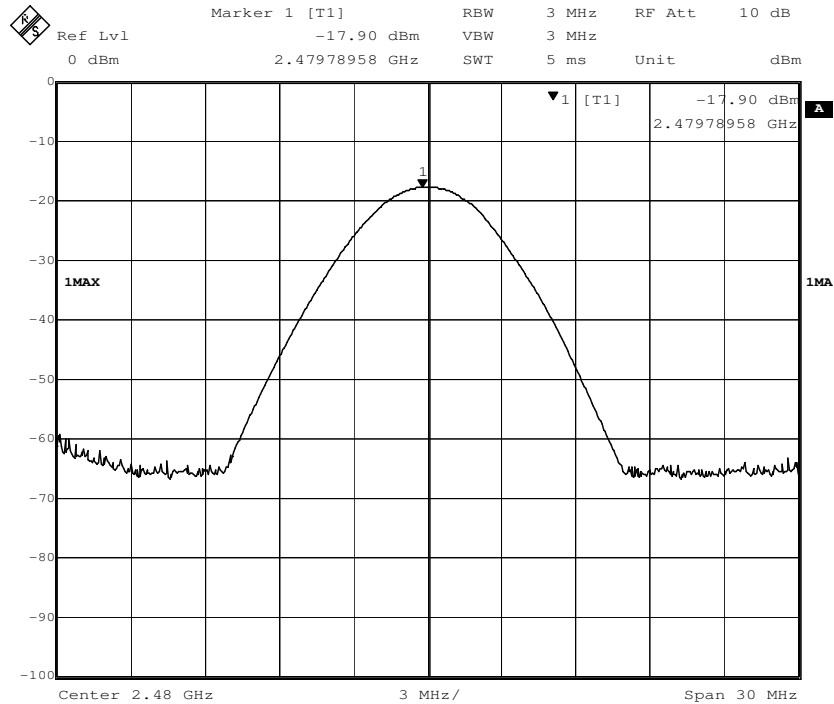


Middle Channel(2.441 GHz):





Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):



7.9 Conducted Spurious Emissions

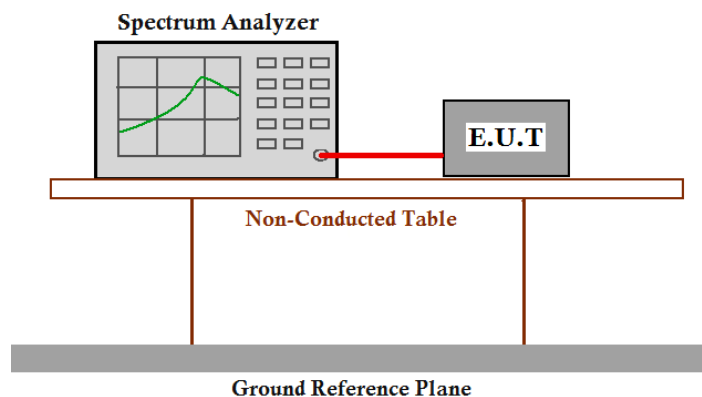
Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



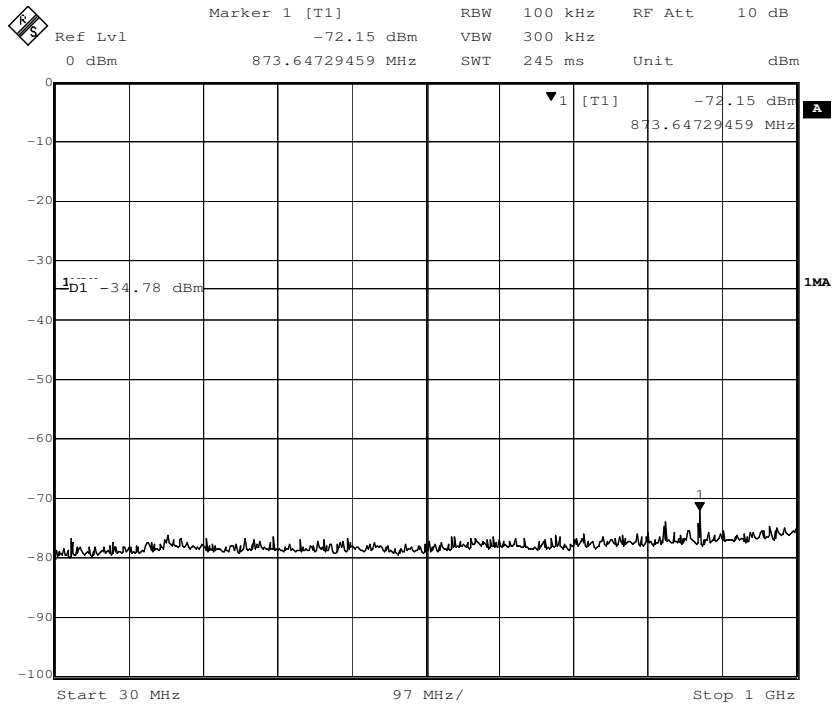
Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW \geq RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

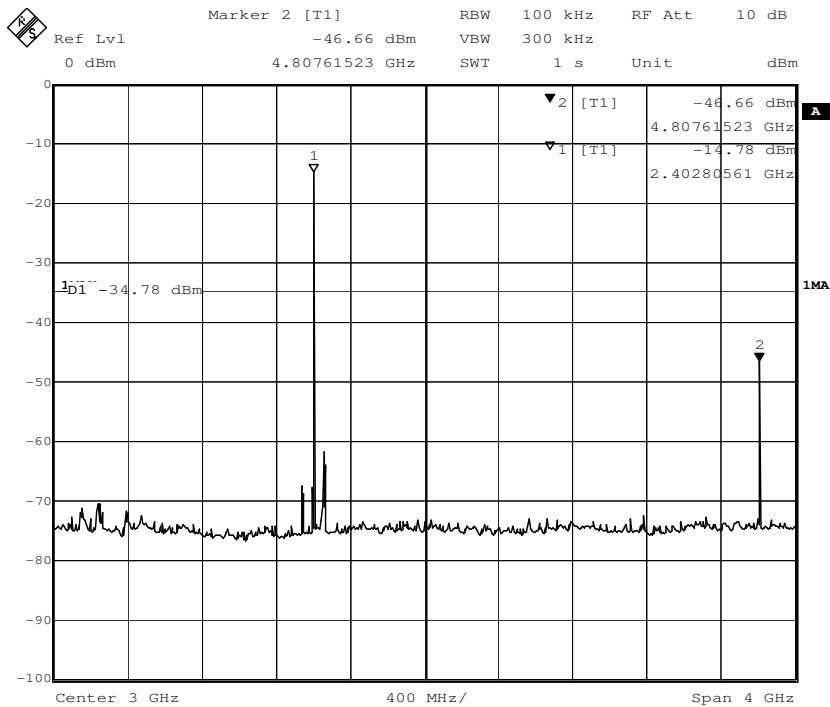


Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

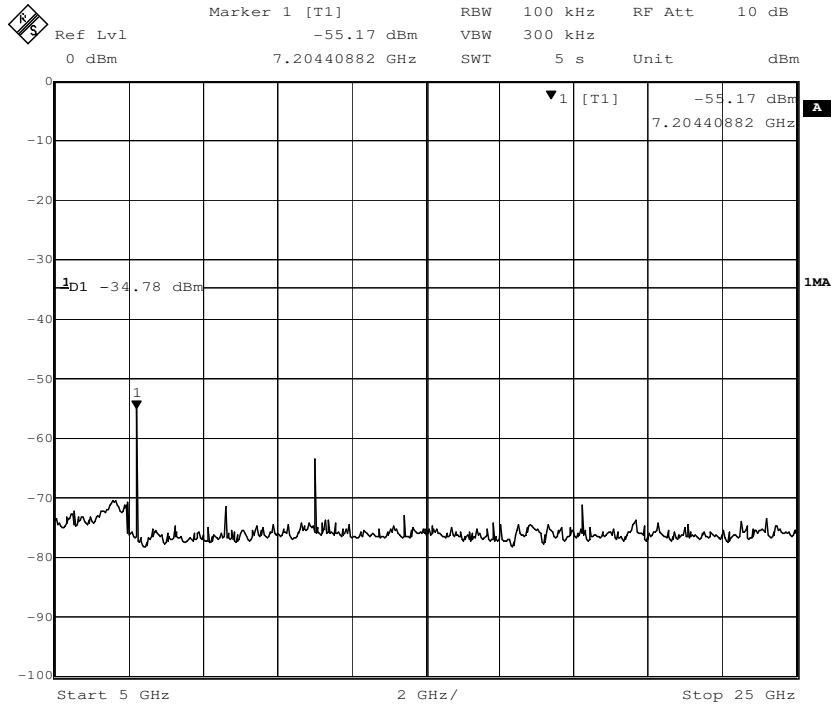


Lowest Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz

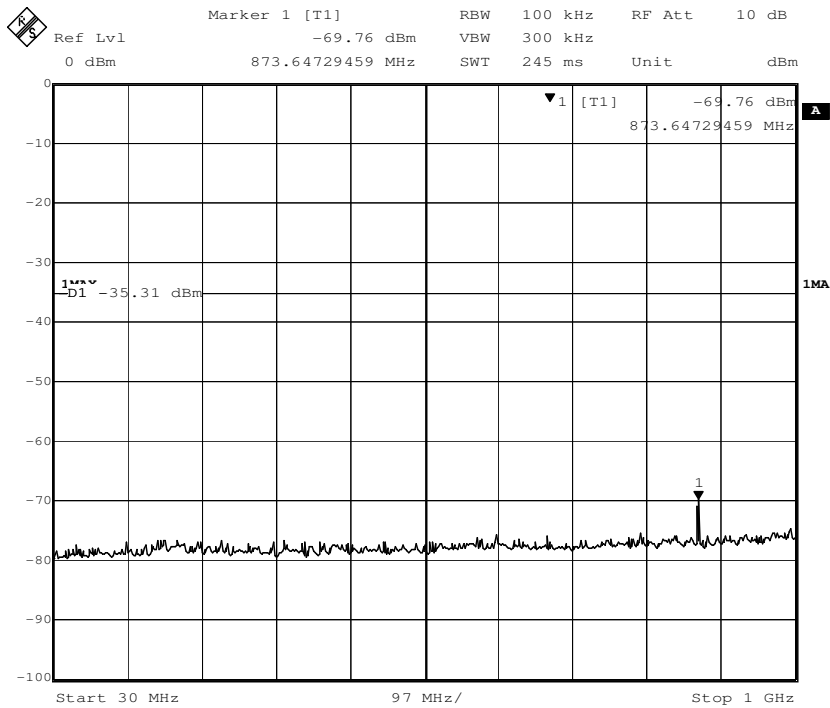




Lowest Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz

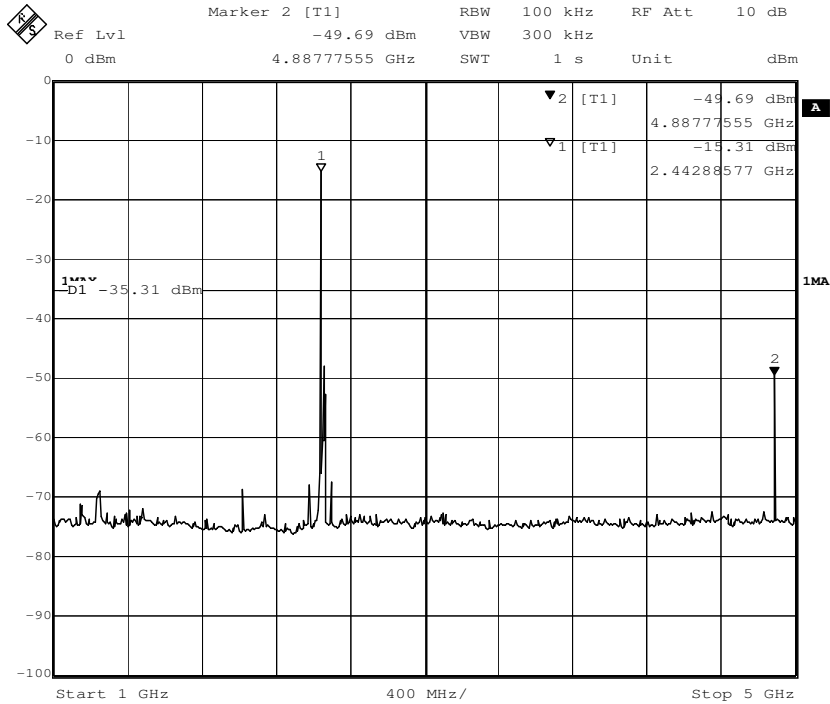


Middle Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

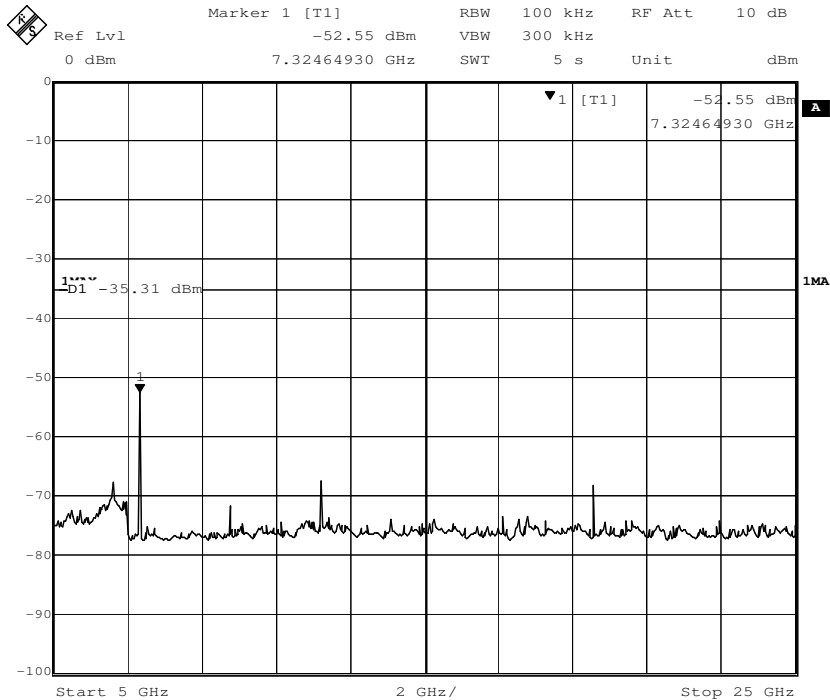




Middle Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz

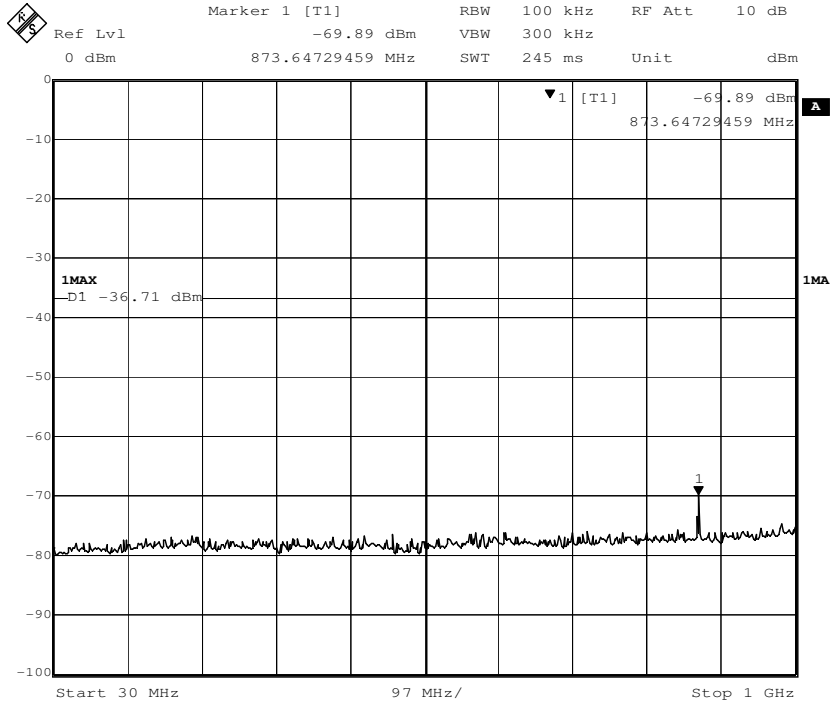


Middle Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz

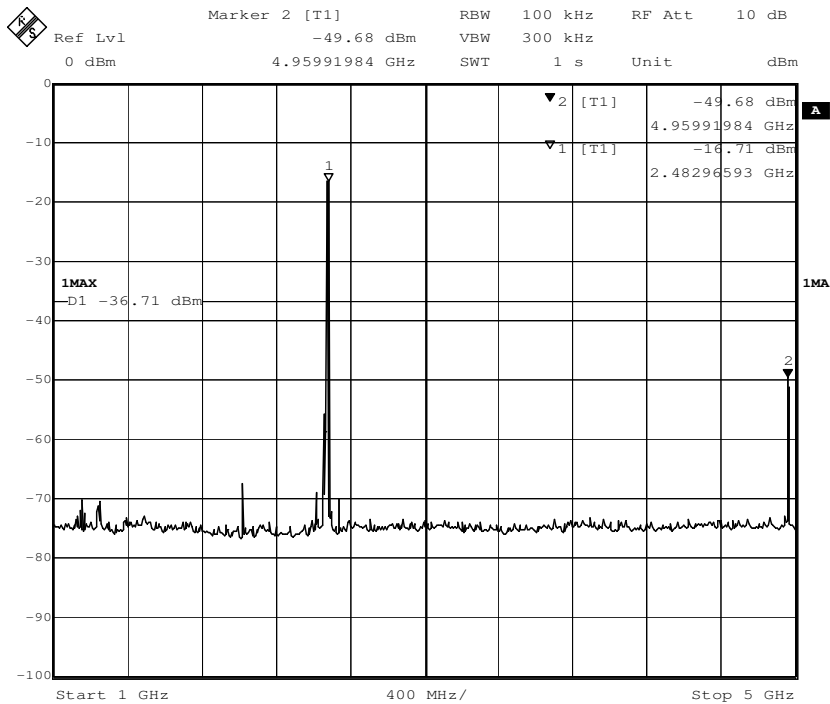




Highest Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz

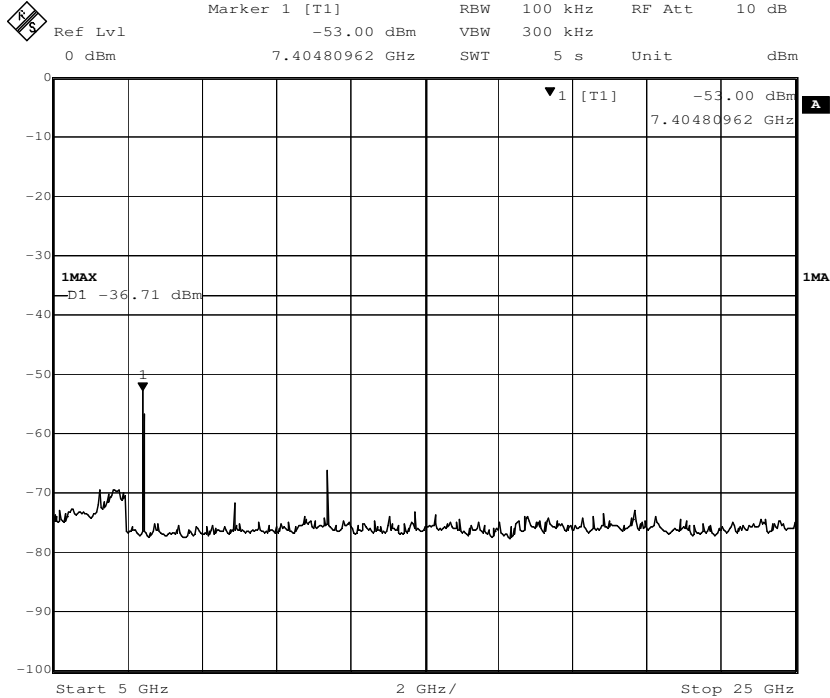


Highest Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz





Highest Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz





7.10 Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C Section 15.247

(d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), middle (2441 MHz) and highest (2480 MHz) channel with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal mode (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber below 1GHz, Full Anechoic Chamber above 1GHz)

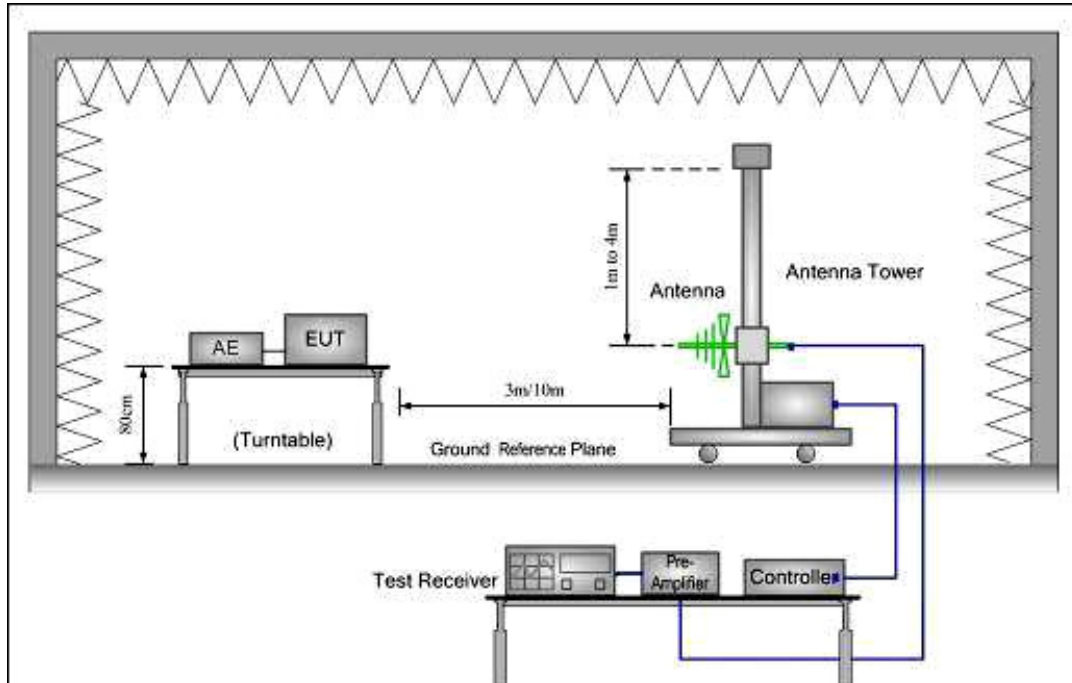
Limit: Section 15.209(a)
40.0 dB μ V/m between 30MHz & 88MHz;
43.5 dB μ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz;
46.0 dB μ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz;
54.0 dB μ V/m above 960MHz.

Detector: For PK value:
RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz
VBW \geq RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
For AV value:
RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz,
VBW = 10 Hz
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

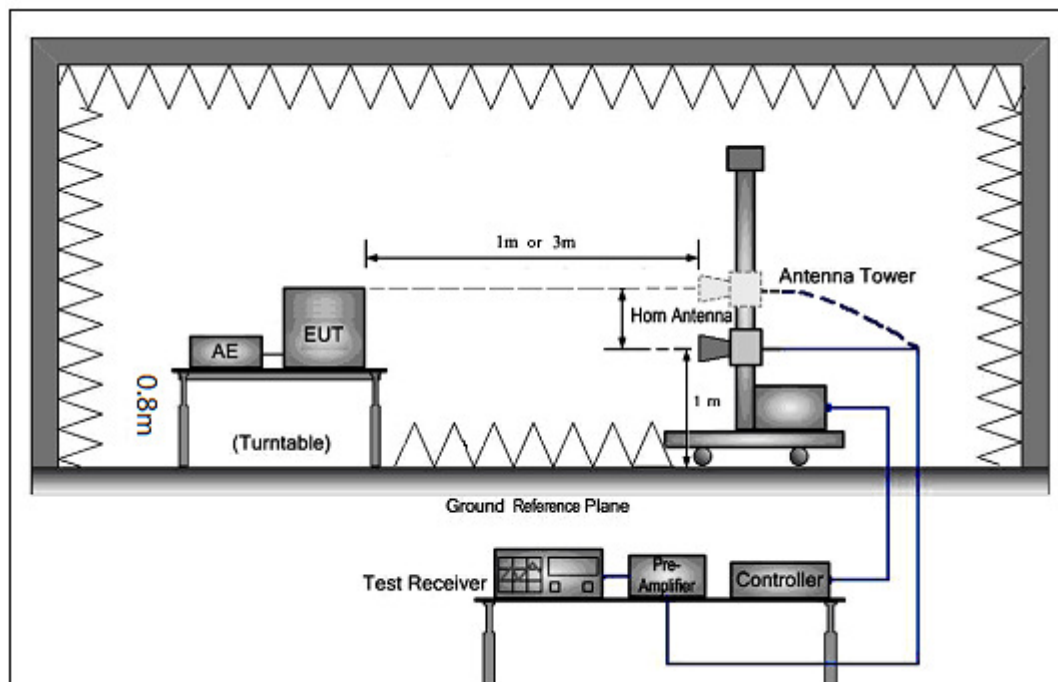
Test Frequency Range 30M~26GHz

Test Configuration:

1). 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



2). 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:





Test Procedure:

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2007 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz.

The receiver scanned from the lowest frequency generated within the EUT to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

From 30MHz to 1GHz, read the Quasi-Peak field strength of the emissions with receiver QP detector RBW=120KHz.

Above 1GHz, read the Peak field strength and Average field strength.

Read the Peak field strength through RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz in spectrum analyzer setting;

Read the Average field strength through RBW=1MHz,VBW=10Hz in spectrum analyzer setting;

While maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the average field strength reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$, in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.



Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		



Test Result:

1. Lowest Channel

30MHz~1000 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with Log antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	41.15	40.68	74.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	41.01	40.29	74.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	41.03	40.38	74.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	41.49	40.84	74.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	40.60	40.13	74.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	41.24	40.52	74.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	41.31	40.66	74.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	40.45	39.80	74.00	H

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	30.56	30.09	54.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	31.96	31.24	54.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	30.43	29.78	54.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	31.78	31.13	54.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	29.62	29.15	54.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	31.67	30.95	54.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	31.38	30.73	54.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	30.45	29.80	54.00	H



2. Middle Channel

30MHz~1000 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with Log antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	38.93	38.46	74.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	40.66	39.94	74.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	40.50	39.85	74.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	40.66	40.01	74.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	39.25	38.78	74.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	39.20	38.48	74.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	40.71	40.06	74.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	40.68	40.03	74.00	H

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	31.30	30.83	54.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	32.73	32.01	54.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	31.46	30.81	54.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	31.41	30.76	54.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	31.12	30.65	54.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	30.82	30.10	54.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	32.50	31.85	54.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	30.91	30.26	54.00	H



3. Highest Channel

30MHz~1000 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with Log antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	38.91	38.44	74.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	39.01	38.29	74.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	40.55	39.90	74.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	40.28	39.63	74.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	39.82	39.35	74.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	40.70	39.98	74.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	40.10	39.45	74.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	41.04	40.39	74.00	H

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna factors (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Preamp factor (dB)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	29.99	29.52	54.00	V
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	31.53	30.81	54.00	V
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	30.34	29.69	54.00	V
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	32.21	31.56	54.00	V
2310.00	27.93	6.80	35.20	30.95	30.48	54.00	H
2390.00	27.61	6.87	35.20	30.77	30.05	54.00	H
2483.50	27.55	7.07	35.27	31.33	30.68	54.00	H
2500.00	27.55	7.10	35.30	31.11	30.46	54.00	H

Remark: No any other emission which falls in restricted bands can be detected and be reported.

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

7.11 Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

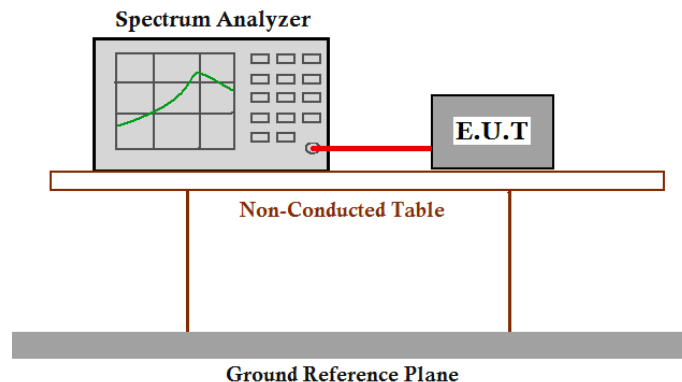
(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Frequency Band: 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.2

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2402 MHz), and highest (2480 MHz) channel and hopping mode with different data packet. Compliance test in continuous transmitting mode with normal (DH5) as the worst case was found.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = 10MHz (wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the bandedge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.)
 RBW = 100 kHz (1% of the span) and VBW = 300 kHz
 Sweep = auto
 Detector function = peak
 Trace = max hold



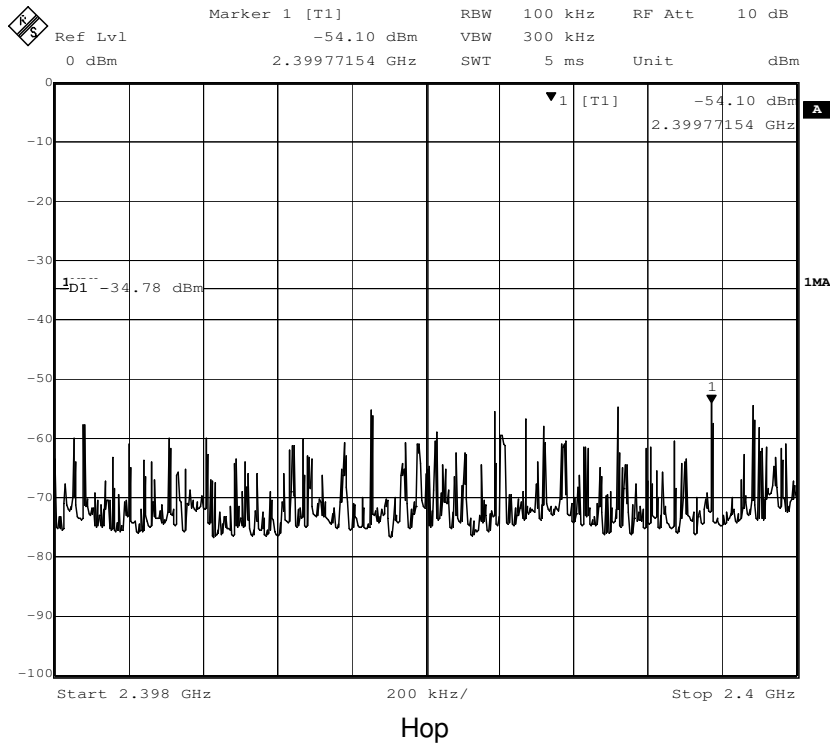
Test Result:

Compare with the output power of the lowest frequency, the Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB

Compare with the output power of the highest frequency, the Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

Normal mode: DH5

Lowest channel(2.402 GHz):

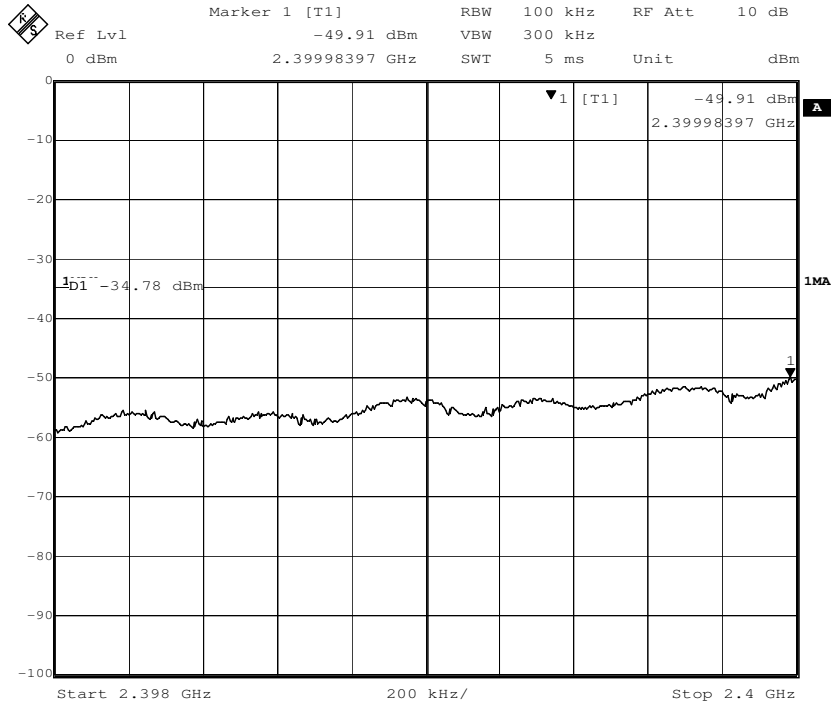




SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch

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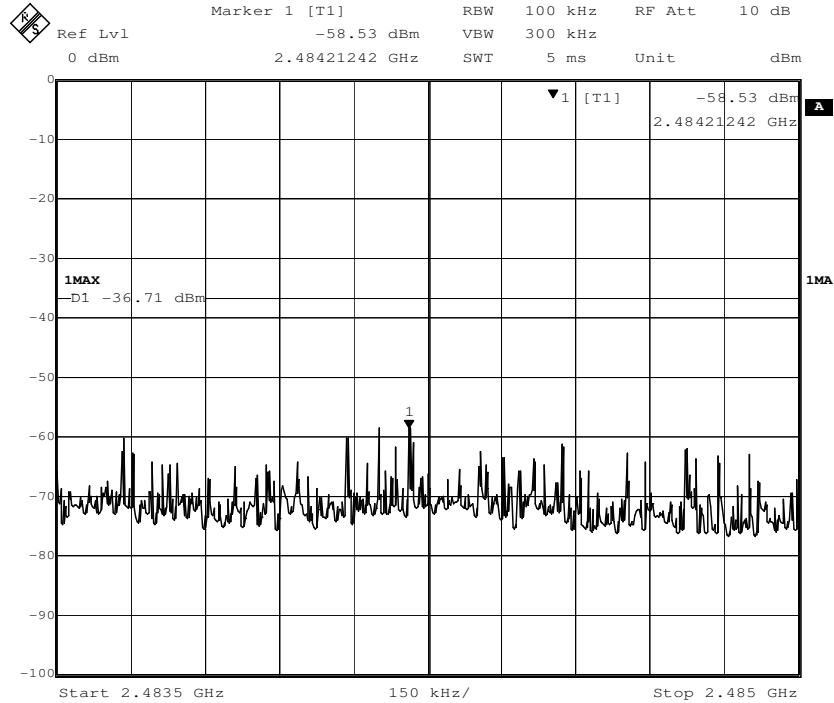
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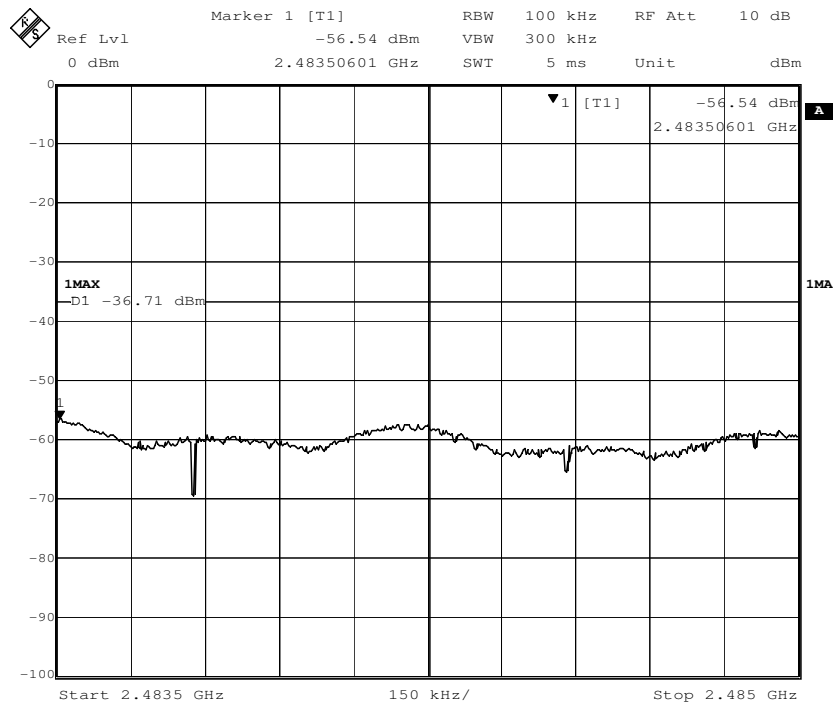
Non hop



Highest Channel(2.480 GHz):



Hop



Non hop

Test result: The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

--End of Report--