



RF TEST REPORT

Applicant Nokia Shanghai Bell CO., Ltd.
FCC ID 2ADZRA020WA
Product WIFI Mesh
Brand Nokia
Model HA-020W-A, A-020W-A
Report No. R1806B0067-R1
Issue Date June 28, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Zhengqiang Zhou

Performed by: Zhengqiang Zhou

Kai Xu

Approved by: Kai Xu

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China

TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3

FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000

TABLE OF CONTENT

1. Test Laboratory	4
1.1. Notes of the test report	4
1.2. Test facility	4
1.3. Testing Location	5
2. General Description of Equipment under Test	6
3. Applied Standards	8
4. Test Configuration	9
5. Test Case Results	10
5.1. Maximum conducted output power	10
5.2. 6dB Bandwidth	12
5.3. Band Edge	16
5.4. Power Spectral Density	18
5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	24
5.6. Radiated Emissions in the Restricted Band	28
5.7. Radiates Emission	33
5.8. Conducted Emission	61
6. Main Test Instruments	63
ANNEX A: The EUT Appearance and Test Configuration	64
A.1 EUT Appearance	64
A.2 Test Setup	68

Summary of measurement results

Number	Summary of measurements of results	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Maximum conducted output power	15.247(b)(3)	PASS
2	6 dB bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	PASS
3	Power spectral density	15.247(e)	PASS
4	Band Edge	15.247(d)	PASS
5	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS
6	Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS
7	Radiated Emissions	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS
8	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing: January 31, 2018~ March 13, 2018			

1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number: L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong
City: Shanghai
Post code: 201201
Country: P. R. China
Contact: Xu Kai
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

2. General Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Nokia Shanghai Bell CO., Ltd.
Applicant address	388#, Ningqiao Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, Shanghai 201206, China
Manufacturer	Nokia Shanghai Bell CO., Ltd.
Manufacturer address	388#, Ningqiao Road, China (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone, Shanghai 201206, China

General information

EUT Description	
Model	HA-020W-A, A-020W-A
IMEI	/
Hardware Version	PEM4
Software Version	3FE473360.00
Power Supply	Battery/AC adapter
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)
Antenna Gain	Antenna 1: 3.00 dBi Antenna 2: 3.00 dBi
additional beamforming gain	0 dB
Test Mode	802.11b 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/HT40);
Modulation Type	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n(HT20/HT40): OFDM
Max. Conducted Power	Wi-Fi 2.4G :26.33 dBm
Operating Frequency Range(s)	802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n(HT40): 2422 ~ 2452 MHz
EUT Accessory	
Adapter 1	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Ruide Electronical Industrial CO., LTD Model: RD1201000- C55-26MG
Adapter 2	Manufacturer: Dongguan Shilong Fuhua Electronic CO., LTD Model: UES12W8-120100SPAU
Note: The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer. 2. There is more than one Adapter, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, and however, only the worst case (Adapter 1) will be recorded in this report.	

Item	HA-020W-A	A-020W-A
Software	The same	The same
Hardware	The same	The same
Mechanical Shell	Black	White
Mechanical push button	Plastic handle reduced 2mm	Plastic handle increase 2mm
Other	The same	The same
Note: Customer declaration, two models is the same, except for Mechanical. There are more than one model, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, however, only the worst case (HA-020W-A) will be recorded in this report.		

3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Test standards

- **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2018) Radio Frequency Devices**
- **ANSI C63.10 (2013)**
- **KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v04**
- **KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01**

4. Test Configuration

Test Mode

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.

In order to find the worst case condition, Pre-tests are needed at the presence of different data rate. Preliminary tests have been done on all the configuration for confirming worst case. Data rate below means worst-case rate of each test item.

The test software is used IPOP : QATool_Dbg

Worst-case data rates are shown as following table.

Band	Data Rate		
	Antenna 1	Antenna 2	MIMO
802.11b	1 Mbps	1 Mbps	/
802.11g	6 Mbps	6 Mbps	/
802.11n HT20	MCS0	MCS0	MCS8
802.11n HT40	MCS0	MCS0	MCS8

The worst case Antenna mode for each of the following tests for Wi-Fi:

Test Cases	MIMO Antenna 1	MIMO Antenna 2
Maximum conducted output power	O	O
6dB Bandwidth	O	O
Band Edge	O	O
Power Spectral Density	O	O
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	O	O
Radiates Emission in the Restricted Band	O	O
Radiates Emission	O	O
Conducted Emission	O	O
Note: "O": test all bands		

5. Test Case Results

5.1. Maximum conducted output power

Ambient condition

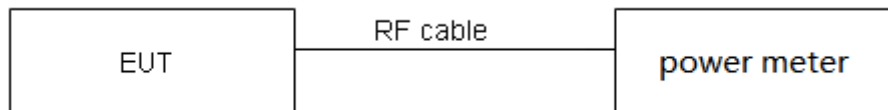
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Average Power meter with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation. The signal transmission is continuous.

The conducted Power is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (3) specifies that " For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz: 1 Watt."

Average Output Power	$\leq 1W$ (30dBm)
----------------------	-------------------

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.44$ dB.

Test Results

Band	T _{on} (ms)	T _(on+off) (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)
802.11b	8.42	8.47	0.99	NA
802.11g	1.40	1.45	0.96	0.16
802.11n HT20	0.66	0.71	0.93	0.33
802.11n HT40	0.33	0.39	0.87	0.63
Note: when Duty cycle>0.98, Duty cycle correction Factor not required.				

MIMO

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Antenna 1		Antenna 2		Total Power	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
		Read Value (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Read Value (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)	Average Output Power (dBm)		
802.11b HT20	2412	22.52	22.52	23.15	23.15	25.86	30	PASS
	2437	22.39	22.39	22.72	22.72	25.57	30	PASS
	2462	22.23	22.23	22.65	22.65	25.46	30	PASS
802.11g HT20	2412	17.62	17.78	18.14	18.30	21.06	30	PASS
	2437	22.70	22.86	22.52	22.68	25.78	30	PASS
	2462	17.32	17.48	17.73	17.89	20.70	30	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.24	17.57	16.74	17.07	20.34	30	PASS
	2437	22.06	22.39	22.17	22.50	25.46	30	PASS
	2462	18.74	19.07	18.27	18.60	21.85	30	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	18.15	19.09	17.89	18.52	21.66	30	PASS
	2437	22.71	23.34	22.67	23.30	26.33	30	PASS
	2452	17.74	18.37	17.3	17.93	21.16	30	PASS

Note: 1. Output Power=Read Value+Duty cycle correction factor

2. For Total Power, according to KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 1),
The Total Power = $10\log(10^{(\text{Power antenna1 in dBm}/10)} + 10^{(\text{Power antenna2 in dBm}/10)})$.

3. The manufacturer declared the transmitter output signals is CDD mode. And $N_{ss}=1$. According to KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 2)f)(i): If all antennas have the same gain,
Directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain}$,

For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices,

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for $N_{ANT} \leq 4$;

Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths ≥ 40 MHz for any N_{ANT} ;

Array Gain = $5\log(N_{ANT}/N_{ss})$ dB or 3 dB, whichever is less, for 20-MHz channel widths with $N_{ANT} \geq 5$.

So directional gain = $G_{ANT} + \text{Array Gain} = 3 + 0 = 3$ dBi < 6dBi. So the power limit is 30dBm

5.2. 6dB Bandwidth

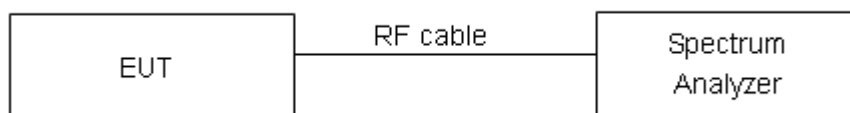
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable. RBW is set to 100 kHz; VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Dector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (a) (2) specifies that “Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.”

minimum 6 dB bandwidth	≥ 500 kHz
------------------------	-----------

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 936$ Hz.

Test Results:
MIMO ANT 2

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	13.243	8.109	500	PASS
	2437	13.369	9.005	500	PASS
	2462	13.416	8.570	500	PASS
802.11g	2412	16.315	15.12	500	PASS
	2437	16.411	15.08	500	PASS
	2462	17.000	13.86	500	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.487	15.13	500	PASS
	2437	17.735	15.13	500	PASS
	2462	17.962	15.13	500	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	35.791	35.14	500	PASS
	2437	36.429	35.06	500	PASS
	2452	35.816	35.12	500	PASS

802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



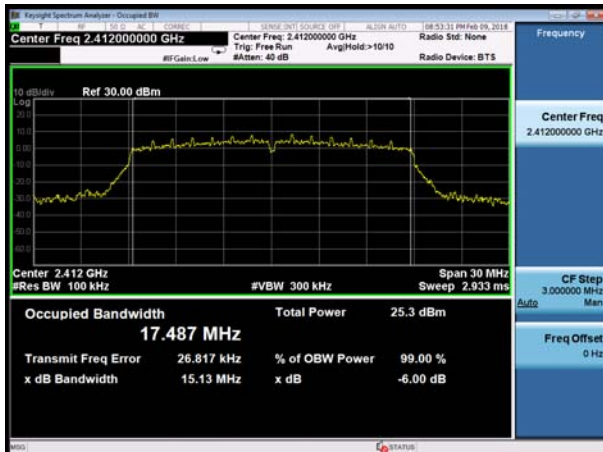
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



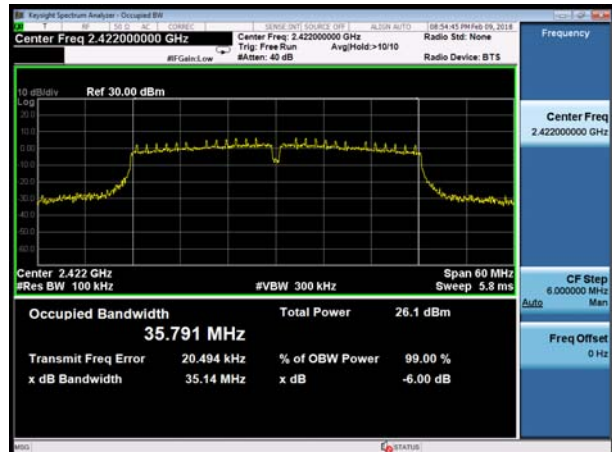
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2422



802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2452



5.3. Band Edge

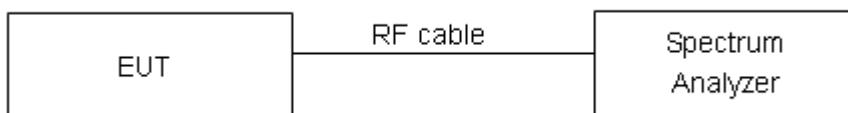
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable the band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used and RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

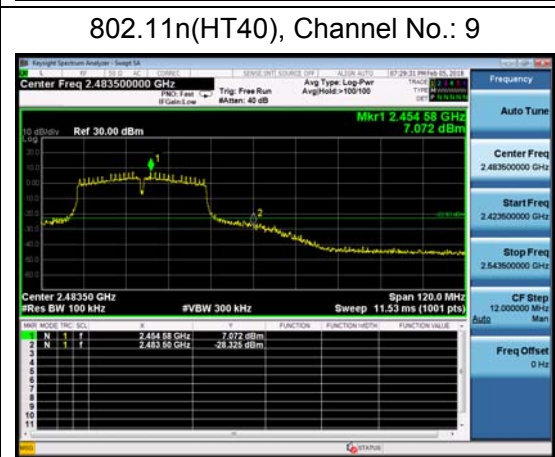
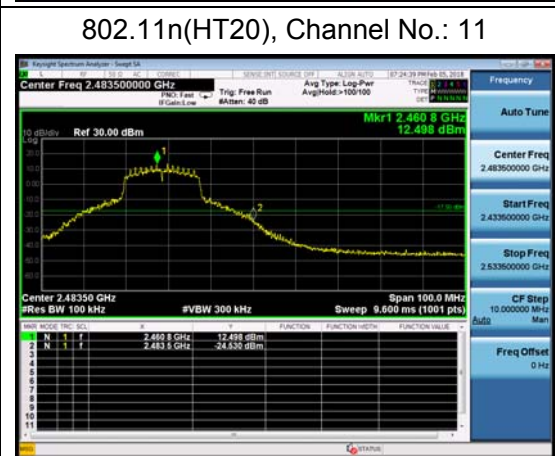
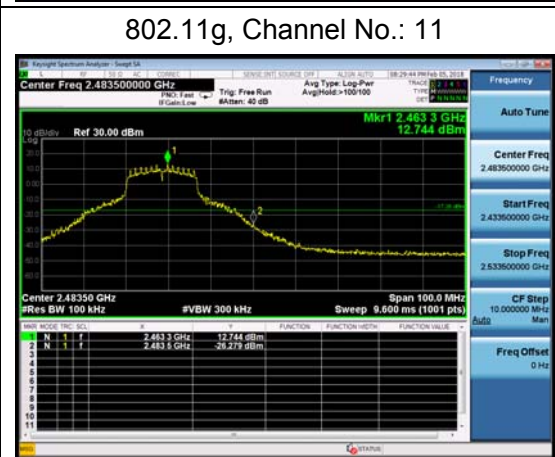
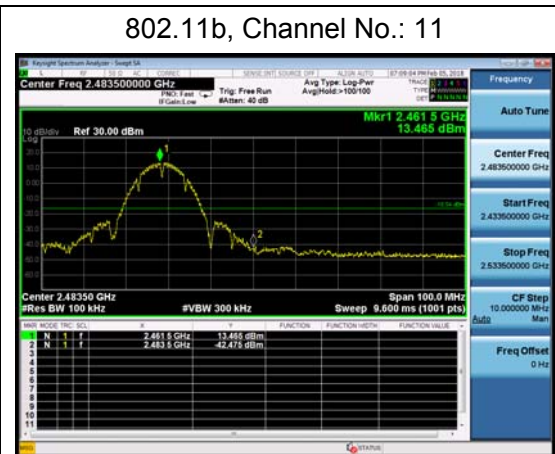
Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. ”

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB

802.11b, Channel No.: 1



5.4. Power Spectral Density

Ambient condition

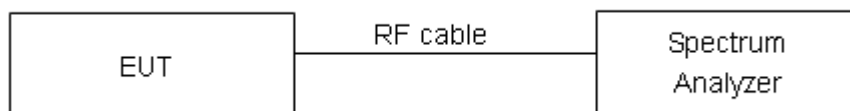
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation. The Average detector is used. Method AVGPSD-2 in KDB 558074 D01 was used for this test.

The conducted Power is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247(e) specifies that” For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. ”

Limits	$\leq 8 \text{ dBm} / 3\text{kHz}$
--------	------------------------------------

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.75\text{dB}$.

Test Results:
MIMO

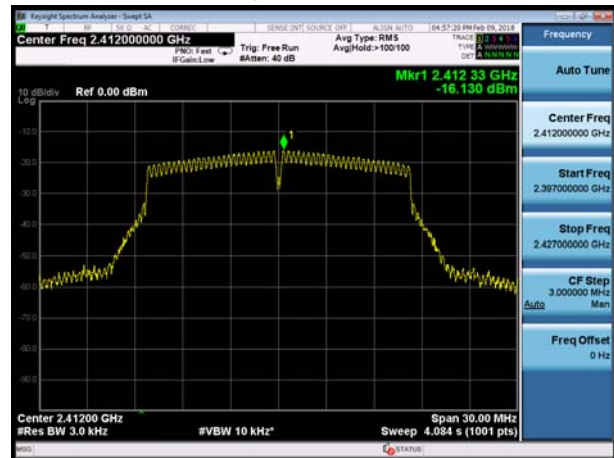
Network Standards	Channel Number	Power Spectral Density				Total PSD	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Conclusion
		Antenna 1		Antenna 2				
		Read Value (dBm / 3kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	Read Value (dBm / 3kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	(dBm / 3kHz)		
802.11b	1	-8.97	-8.97	-9.51	-9.51	-6.22	7.99	PASS
	6	-9.59	-9.59	-10.00	-10.00	-6.78	7.99	PASS
	11	-9.85	-9.85	-10.19	-10.19	-7.01	7.99	PASS
802.11g	1	-16.13	-15.97	-15.81	-15.65	-12.80	7.99	PASS
	6	-13.66	-13.50	-13.48	-13.32	-10.40	7.99	PASS
	11	-15.60	-15.44	-15.81	-15.65	-12.53	7.99	PASS
802.11n HT20	1	-16.75	-16.42	-17.02	-16.69	-13.54	7.99	PASS
	6	-11.84	-11.51	-12.05	-11.72	-8.60	7.99	PASS
	11	-15.24	-14.91	-15.81	-15.48	-12.18	7.99	PASS
802.11n HT40	3	-19.18	-18.55	-18.69	-18.06	-15.29	7.99	PASS
	6	-14.17	-13.54	-14.83	-14.20	-10.85	7.99	PASS
	9	-18.60	-17.97	-19.46	-18.83	-15.37	7.99	PASS
Note: 1.Power Spectral Density =Read Value+Duty cycle correction factor								
2. For Total PSD, according to KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 2)a),the power spectral density= $10\log(10^{(PSD \text{ antenna1 in dBm}/10)}+10^{(PSD \text{ antenna2 in dBm}/10)})$								
2. The manufacturer declared the transmitter output signals is CDD mode. And N _{ss} =1. According to KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 2)f)(i): If all antennas have the same gain, Directional gain = G _{ANT} + Array Gain, For PSD measurements on all devices, Array Gain=10log(Nant/Nss)dB,so directional gain=GANT+Array Gain=3+10log(2/1)=6.01 >6dBi. So the power limit is 7.99 dBm.								

MIMO ANT 1

802.11b, Channel No.: 1



802.11g, Channel No.: 1



802.11b, Channel No.: 6



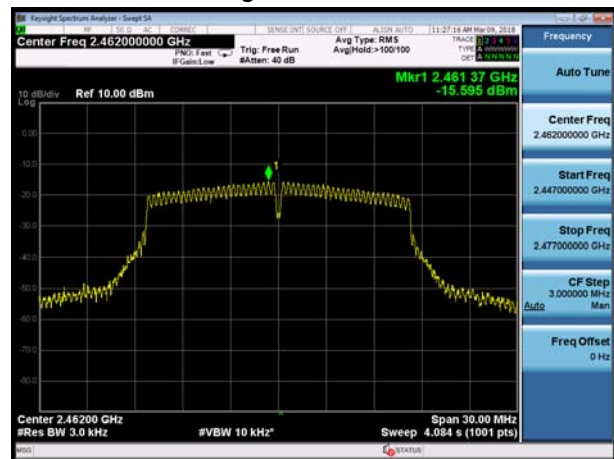
802.11g, Channel No.: 6



802.11b, Channel No.: 11



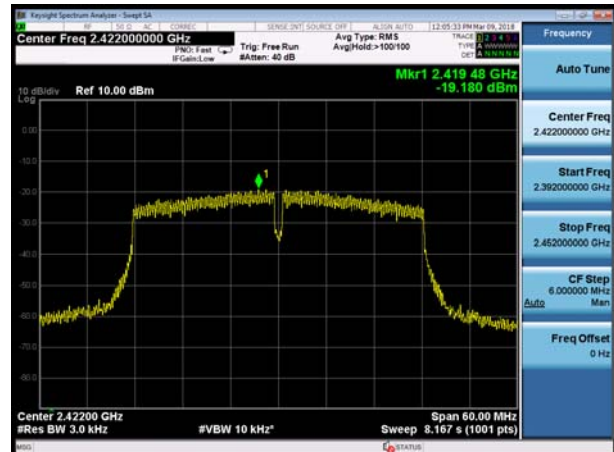
802.11g, Channel No.: 11



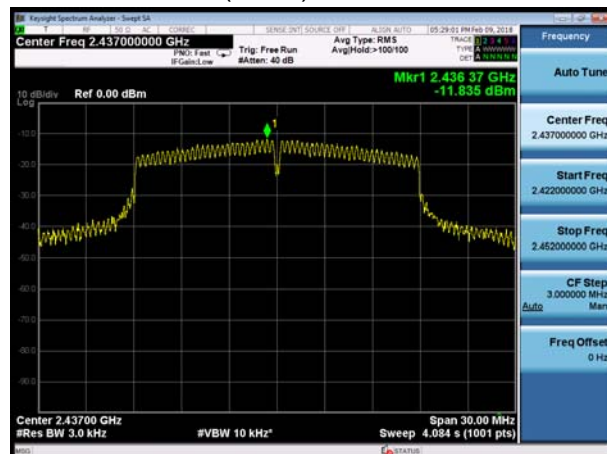
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



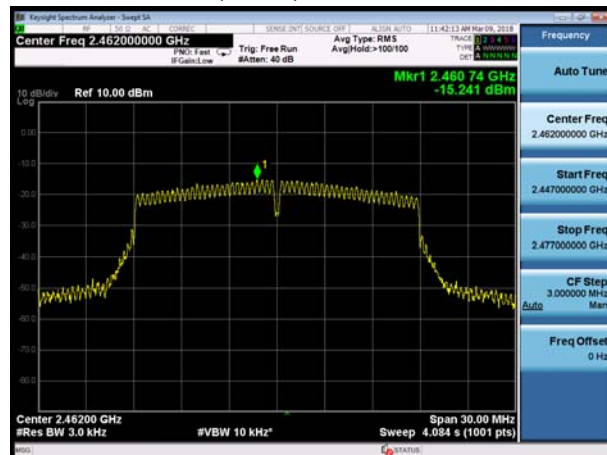
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



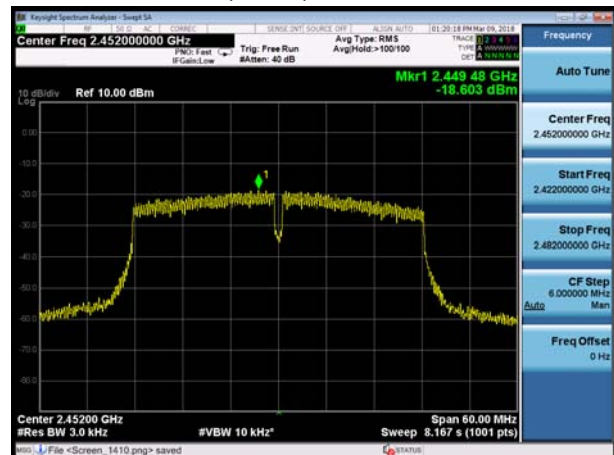
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9



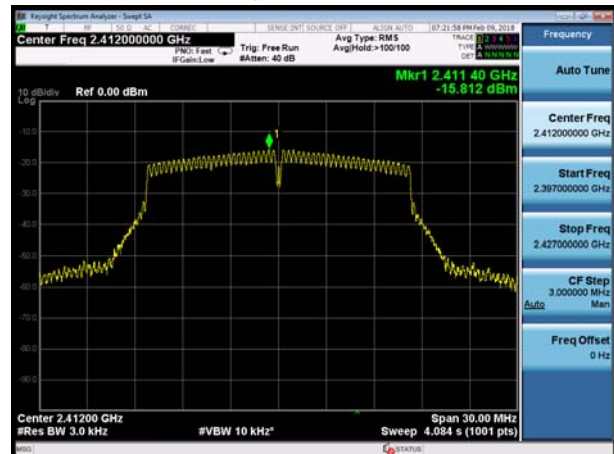


MIMO ANT 2

802.11b, Channel No.: 1



802.11g, Channel No.: 1



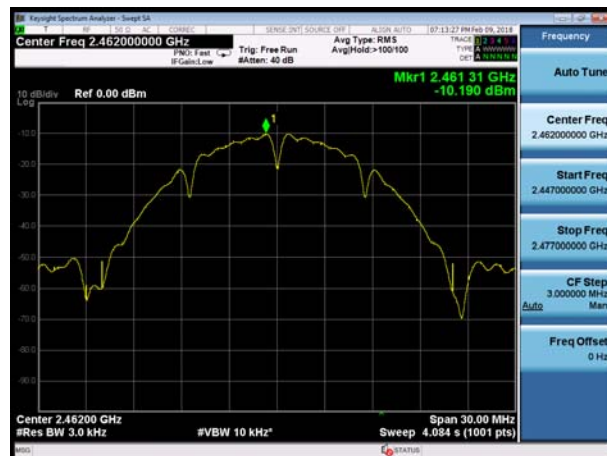
802.11b, Channel No.: 6



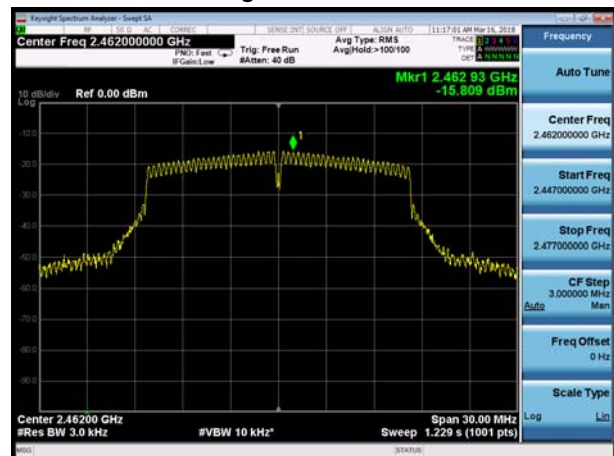
802.11g, Channel No.: 6



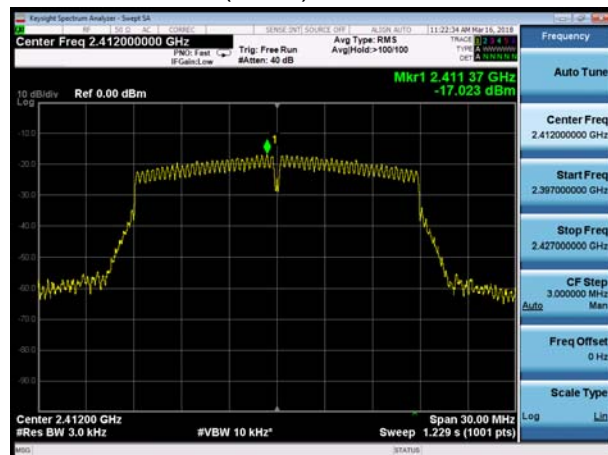
802.11b, Channel No.: 11



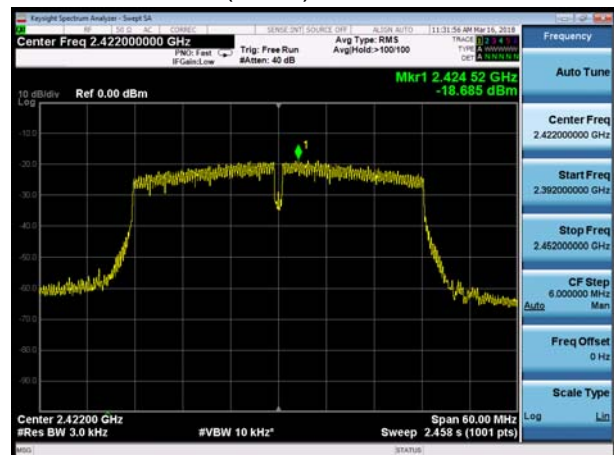
802.11g, Channel No.: 11



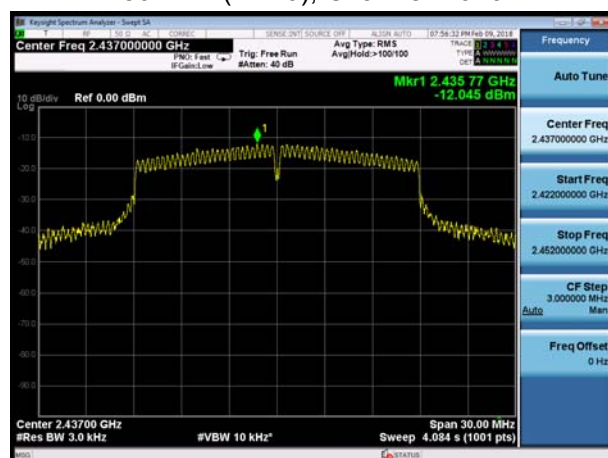
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



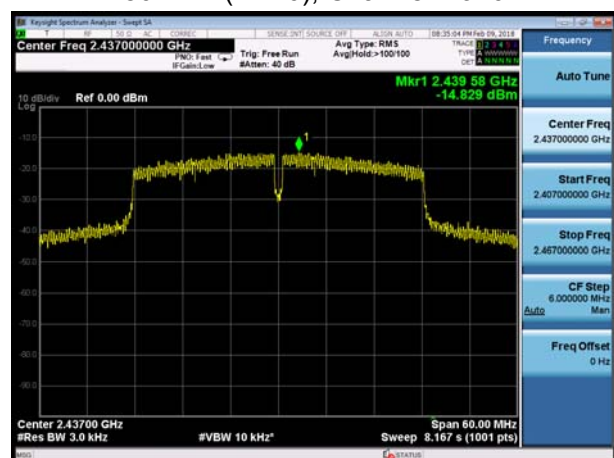
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



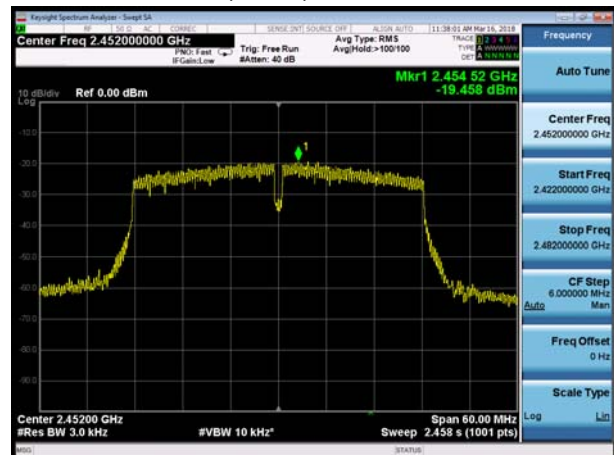
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9



5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer with a known loss. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. Set RBW to 100kHz and VBW to 300 kHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

The test is in transmitting mode.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power." If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB."

MIMO

Network Standards	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Reference value (dBm)	Limit
802.11b	2412	14.00	-16.00
	2437	13.30	-16.70
	2462	13.22	-16.78
802.11g	2412	9.46	-20.54
	2437	10.57	-19.43
	2462	11.55	-18.46
802.11n HT20	2412	8.52	-21.48
	2437	11.32	-18.68
	2462	11.60	-18.40
802.11n HT40	2422	6.00	-24.00
	2437	10.06	-19.94
	2452	6.58	-23.42

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

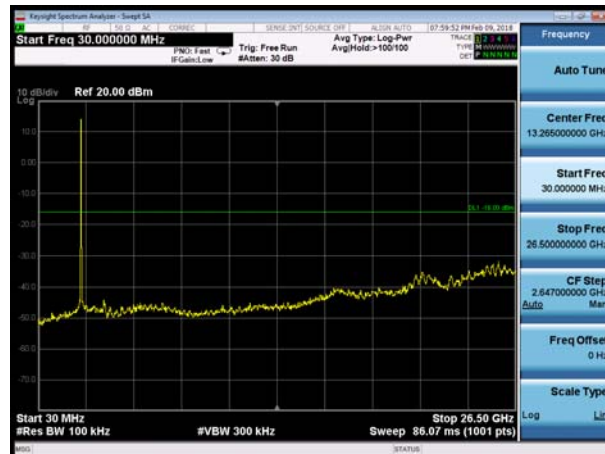
Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB
2GHz-26GHz	1.407 dB



Test Results:

MIMO

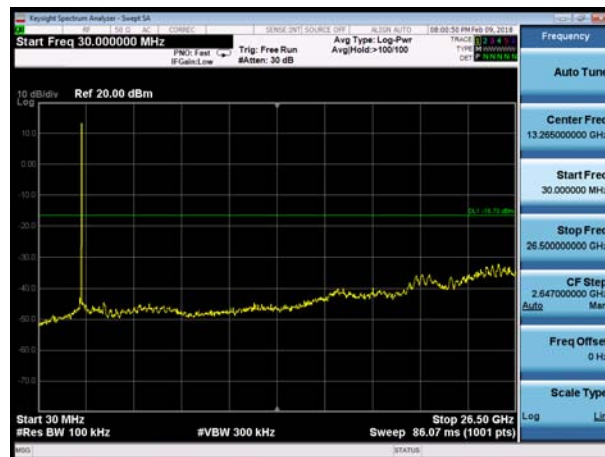
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



802.11g, Channel No.: 1



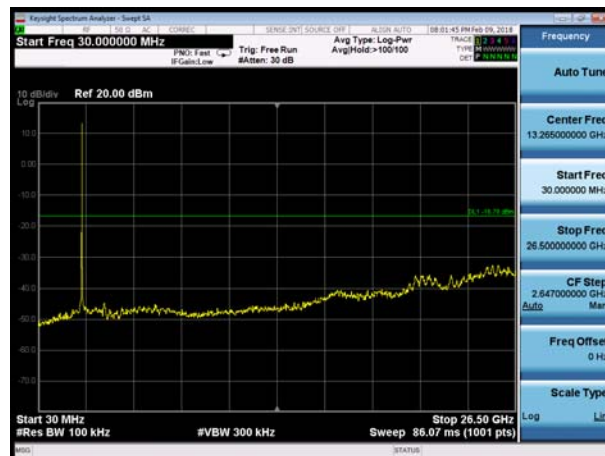
802.11b, Channel No.: 6



802.11g, Channel No.: 6



802.11b, Channel No.: 11

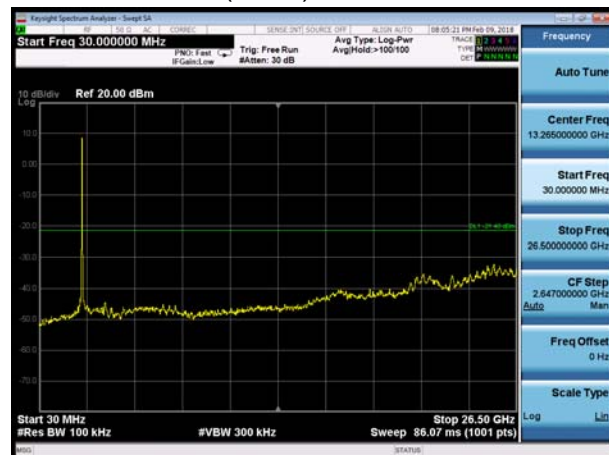


802.11g, Channel No.: 11





802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



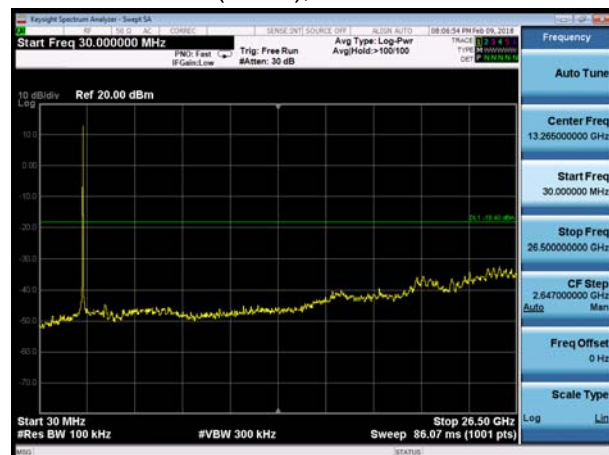
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11



802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9



5.6. Radiated Emissions in the Restricted Band

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna. The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing. Sweep the Restricted Band and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

This method refer to KDB 558074.

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz is as follows:

I) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- 1) RBW = 1 MHz.
- 2) VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- 3) Detector = peak.
- 4) Sweep time = auto.
- 5) Trace mode = max hold.
- 6) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. Note that if the transmission is not continuous, then the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1 / D$, where D is the duty cycle.

II) Average emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = 1 MHz.
- b) VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Detector = RMS (power averaging), if $[\text{span} / (\# \text{ of points in sweep})] \leq \text{RBW} / 2$. Satisfying this condition can require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If the condition is not satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)
- e) Sweep time = auto.
- f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1 / D$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)

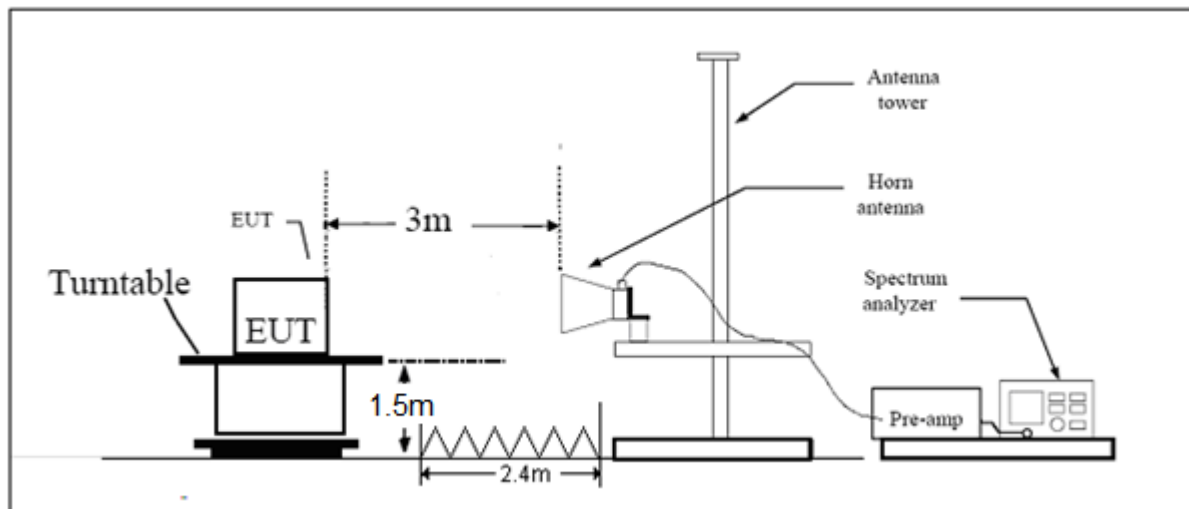
g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

- 1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in stand-up position (Z axis) and the antenna is vertical.

The test is in transmitting mode.

Test setup



Note: Area side: 2.4mX3.6m

Limits

Spurious Radiated Emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

§15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Peak Limit=74 dBuV/m

Average Limit=54 dBuV/m

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U = 3.55$ dB.

Test Results:
PASS

The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

Band	T _{on} (ms)	T _(on+off) (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)
802.11b	8.42	8.47	0.99	0.00
802.11g	1.40	1.45	0.96	0.16
802.11n HT20	0.66	0.71	0.93	0.33
802.11n HT40	0.33	0.39	0.87	0.63
Note: when Duty cycle>0.98, Duty cycle correction Factor not required.				

Antenna 2
802.11b-Channel 1

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	67.492	--	200.0	V	135	0.00	67.492	6.508	74
2390	--	53.648	200.0	V	135	0.00	53.648	0.352	54

802.11b-Channel 11

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	61.419	--	200.0	V	135	0.00	61.419	12.581	74
2483.5	--	50.398	200.0	V	135	0.00	50.398	3.602	54

802.11g-Channel 1

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	66.966	--	150	V	65	0.16	67.126	6.874	74
2390	--	40.164	150	V	65	0.16	40.324	13.676	54

802.11g-Channel 11

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	73.616	--	150	V	78	0.16	73.776	0.224	74
2483.5	--	53.339	150	V	78	0.16	53.499	0.501	54

MIMO
802.11n HT20 -Channel 1

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	72.323	--	200	V	90	0.33	72.653	1.347	74
2390	--	50.783	200	V	90	0.33	51.113	2.887	54

802.11n HT20-Channel 11

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	69.934	--	200	V	90	0.33	70.264	3.736	74
2483.5	--	52.422	200	V	90	0.33	52.752	1.248	54

802.11n HT40 -Channel 3

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2390	69.877	--	150	V	46	0.63	70.507	3.493	74
2390	--	52.526	150	V	46	0.63	53.156	0.844	54

802.11n HT40-Channel 9

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)	conclusion value (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
2483.5	72.331	--	150	V	46	0.63	72.961	1.039	74
2483.5	--	52.631	150	V	46	0.63	53.261	0.739	54

5.7. Radiates Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	102.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10-2013. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna. The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

During the test, below 30MHz, the center of the loop shall be 1 meters; above 30MHz, the height of receive antenna shall be moved from 1 to 4 meters, and the antenna shall be performed under horizontal and vertical polarization. The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing.

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

Below 1GHz (detector: Peak and Quasi-Peak)

RBW=100 kHz / VBW=300 kHz / Sweep=AUTO

Above 1GHz (detector: Peak):

(a) PEAK: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

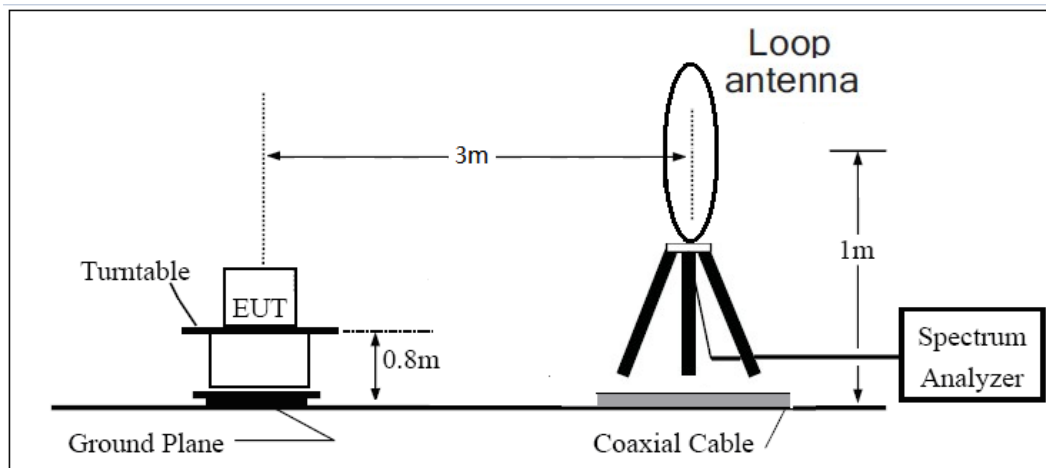
(b) AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=10MHz / Sweep=AUTO

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the worst case was recorded.

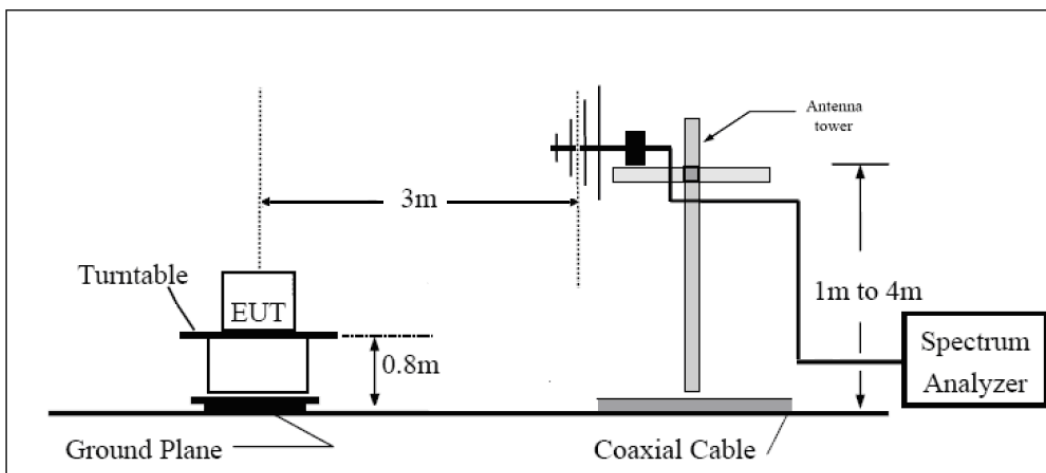
The test is in transmitting mode.

Test setup

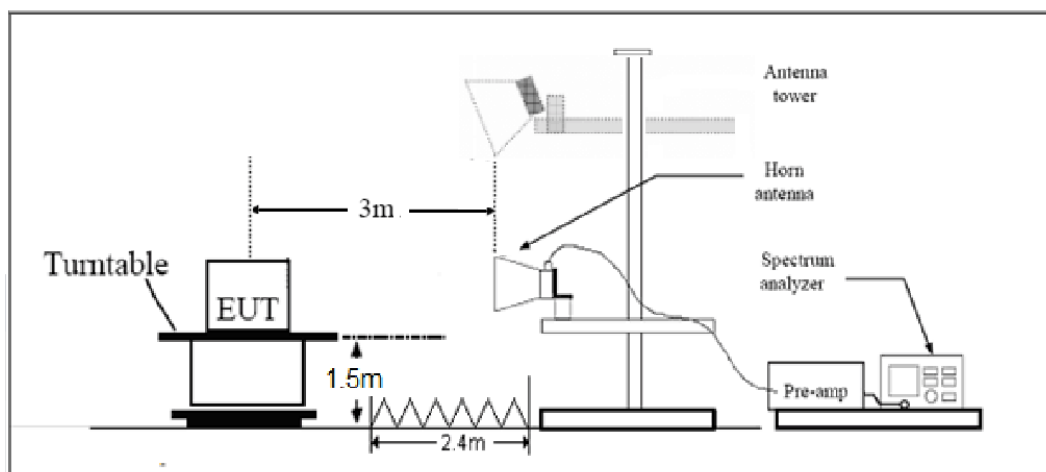
9KHz ~ 30MHz



30MHz ~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).”

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

§15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
9KHz-30MHz	3.55 dB
30MHz-200MHz	4.19 dB
200MHz-1GHz	3.63 dB
Above 1GHz	3.68 dB

Test result

Sweep from 9 kHz to 30MHz, and the emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

The following graphs display the maximum values of horizontal and vertical by software.

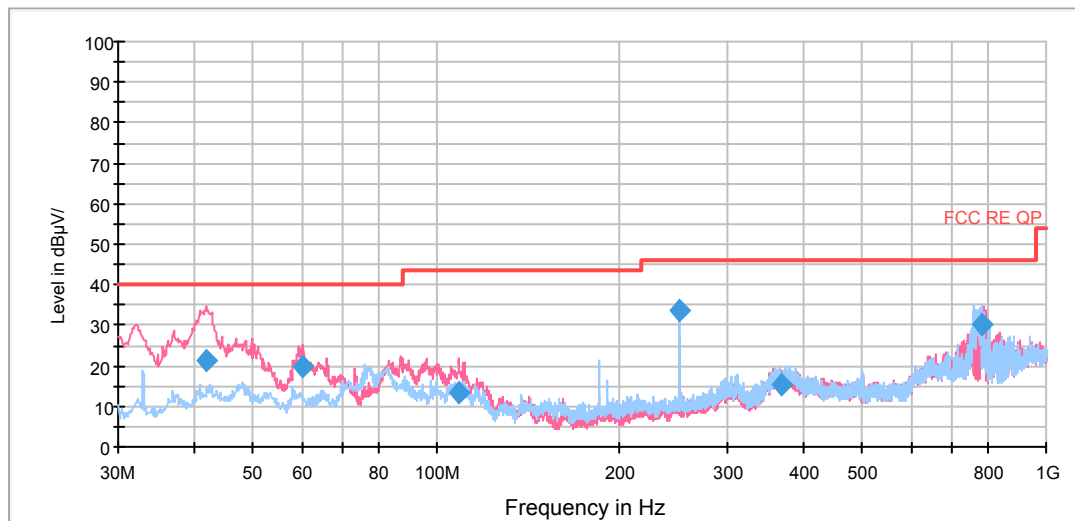
For above 1GHz, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection.

After the pre test, Antenna 2 was selected as the worst antenna.

During the test, the Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz was performed in all modes with all channels, 802.11b, Channel 11 are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

Continuous TX mode:

RE 30M-1GHz QP



Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBuV/m)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
41.987206	21.1	39.2	100.0	V	0.0	-18.1	18.9	40.0
60.282666	20.0	42.0	100.0	V	270.0	-22.0	20.0	40.0
108.419522	13.2	38.3	100.0	V	16.0	-25.1	30.3	43.5
250.003750	33.6	58.6	119.0	H	77.0	-25.0	12.4	46.0
366.670750	15.4	34.6	100.0	H	342.0	-19.2	30.6	46.0
783.986000	30.1	46.5	100.0	H	102.0	-16.4	15.9	46.0

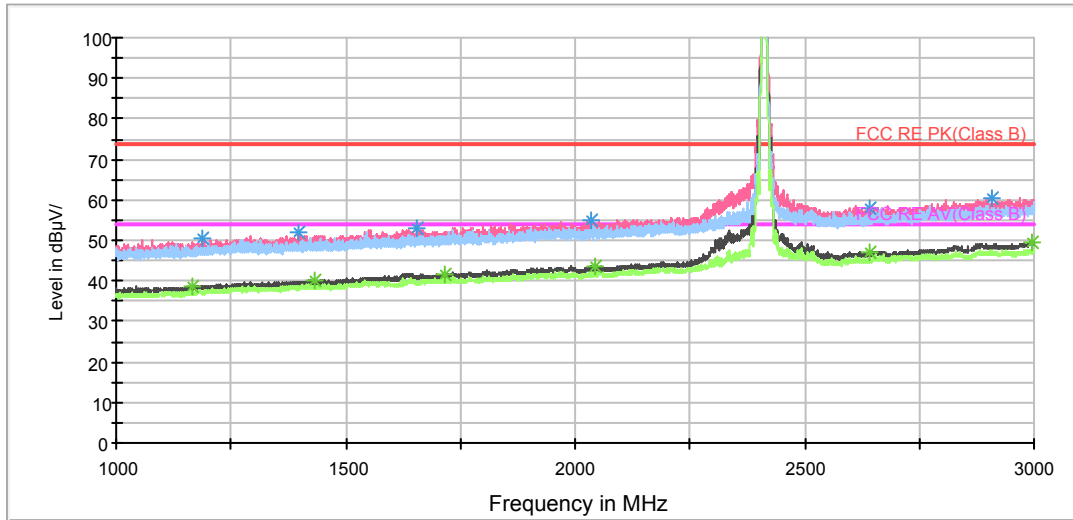
Remark: 1. Quasi-Peak = Reading value + Correction factor

2. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss(cable loss+amplifier gain)

3. Margin = Limit – Quasi-Peak

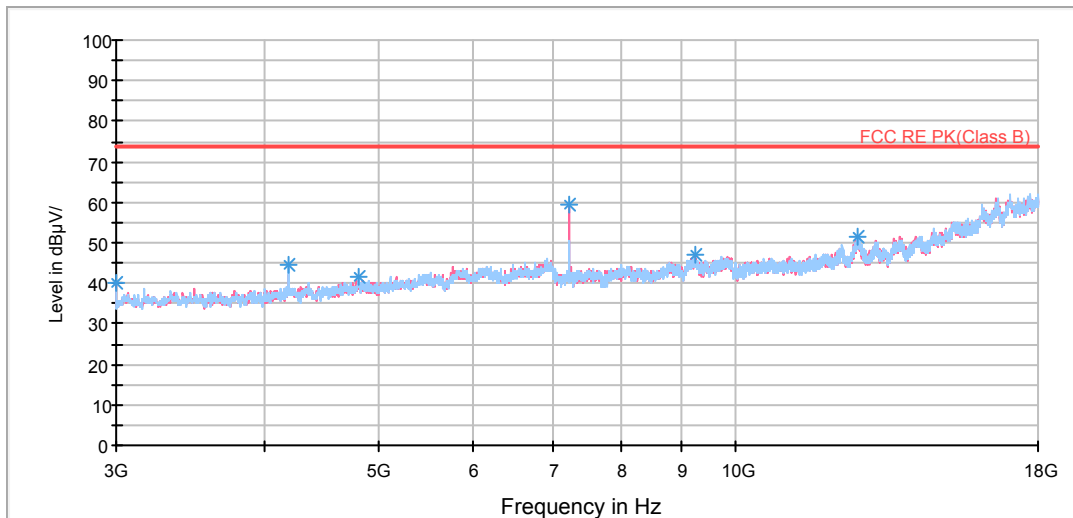
802.11b CH1

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV

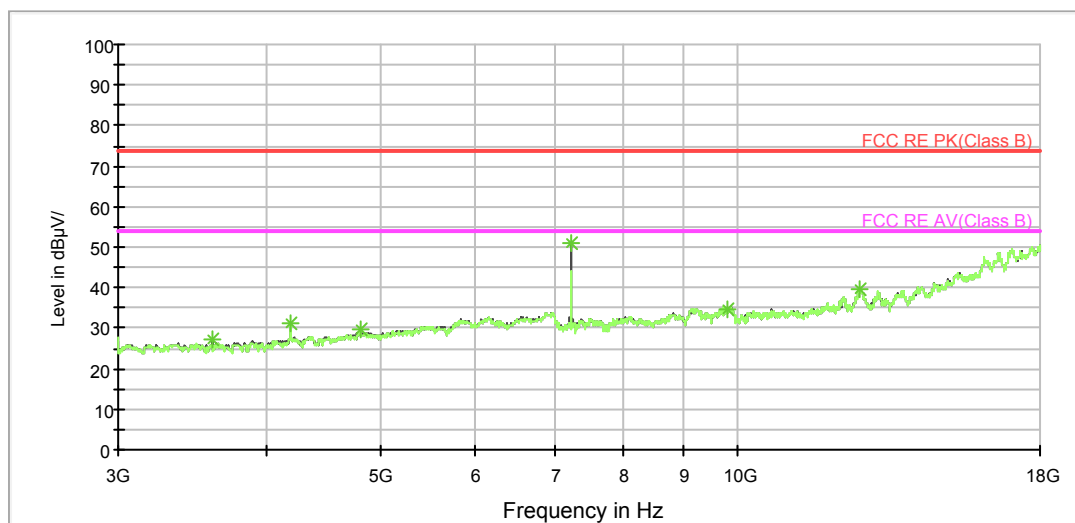


Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1186.500000	50.5	100.0	V	0.0	48.6	1.9	23.5	74
1396.500000	51.9	100.0	V	179.0	49.0	2.9	22.1	74
1655.500000	53.2	100.0	V	260.0	48.3	4.9	20.8	74
2035.750000	54.8	100.0	V	296.0	48.1	6.7	19.2	74
2641.000000	58.1	100.0	V	238.0	47.9	10.2	15.9	74
2907.750000	60.4	100.0	V	0.0	48.5	11.9	13.6	74

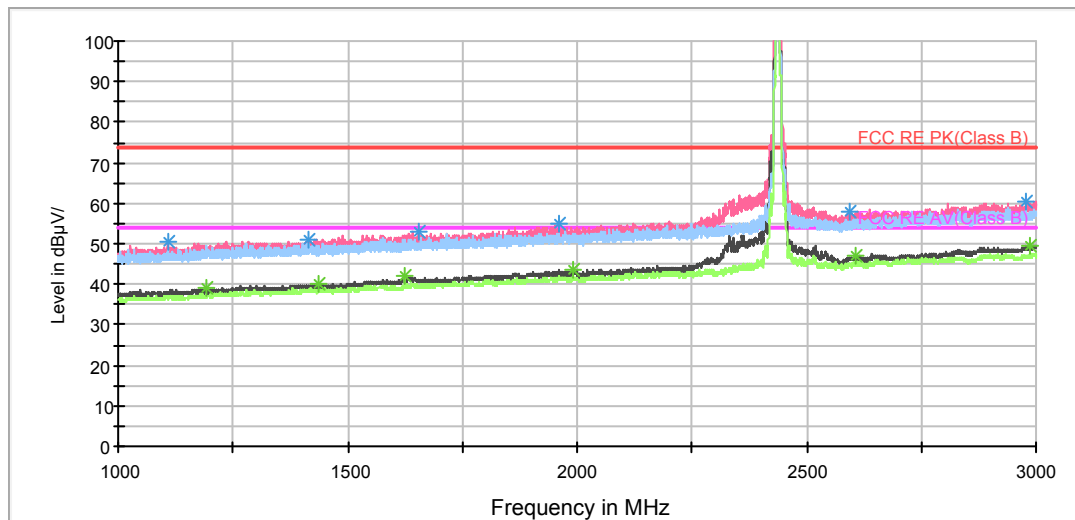
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1167.750000	38.8	100.0	V	274.0	37.0	1.8	15.2	54
1431.750000	40.0	100.0	V	142.0	36.9	3.1	14.0	54
1716.250000	41.7	100.0	V	194.0	36.6	5.1	12.3	54
2045.250000	43.7	100.0	V	311.0	36.9	6.8	10.3	54
2643.750000	46.9	100.0	V	267.0	36.6	10.3	7.1	54
2996.500000	49.7	100.0	V	128.0	37.4	12.3	4.3	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

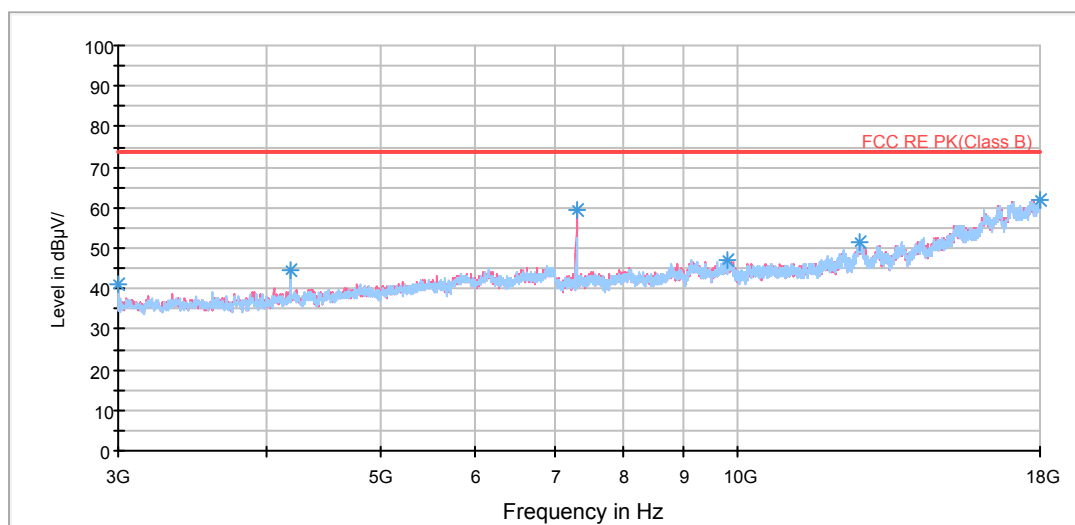
802.11b CH6

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV

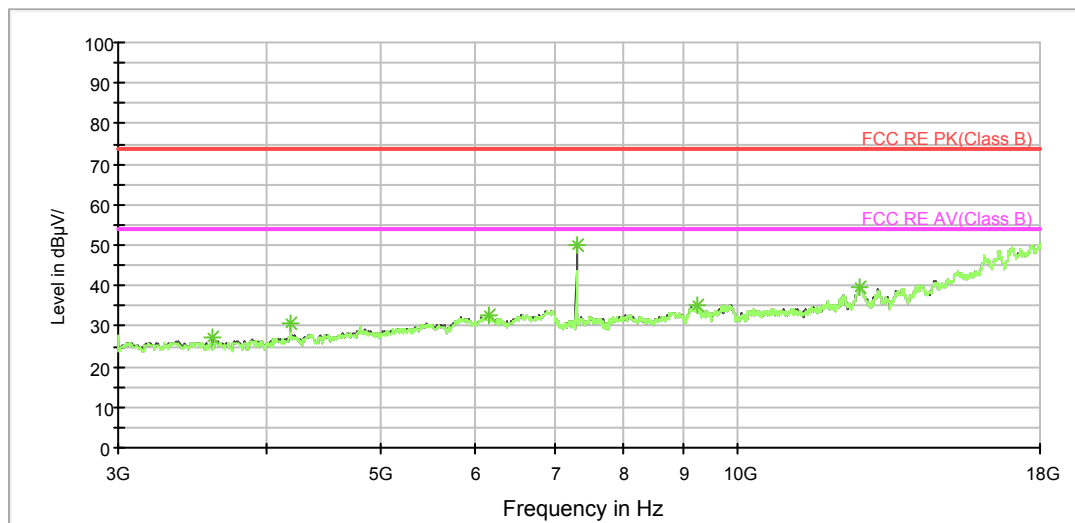


Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1107.000000	50.5	100.0	V	334.0	49.3	1.2	23.5	74
1416.500000	51.2	100.0	V	154.0	48.2	3.0	22.8	74
1654.000000	52.8	100.0	V	291.0	47.9	4.9	21.2	74
1960.500000	54.8	100.0	V	0.0	48.0	6.8	19.2	74
2594.750000	58.1	100.0	V	355.0	47.9	10.2	15.9	74
2978.250000	60.6	100.0	V	334.0	48.4	12.2	13.4	74

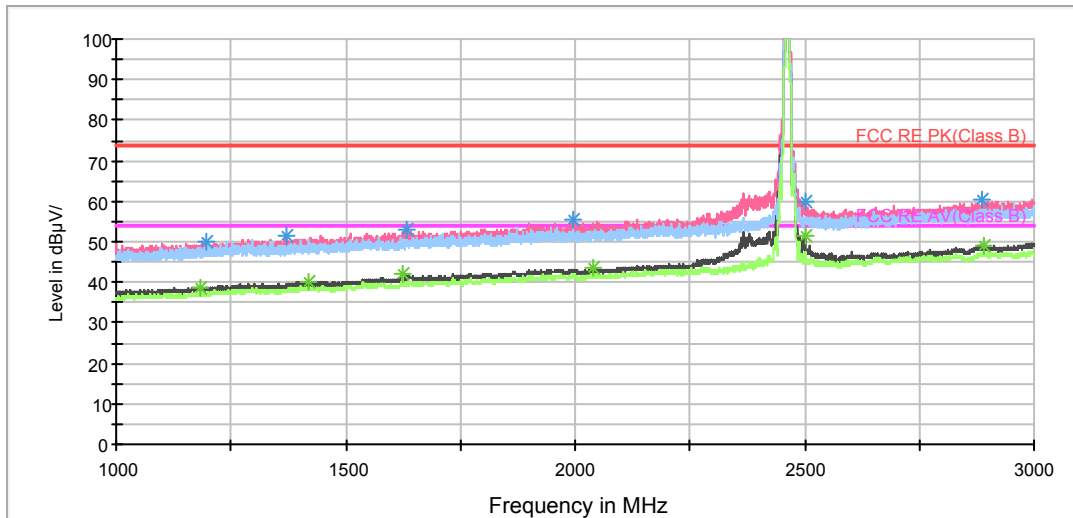
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1193.000000	38.9	100.0	V	234.0	37.1	1.8	15.1	54
1438.250000	40.1	100.0	V	227.0	37.0	3.1	13.9	54
1624.750000	42.0	100.0	V	132.0	36.8	5.2	12.0	54
1993.000000	43.5	100.0	V	277.0	36.8	6.7	10.5	54
2607.000000	47.1	100.0	V	87.0	36.9	10.2	6.9	54
2989.000000	49.6	100.0	V	326.0	37.4	12.2	4.4	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

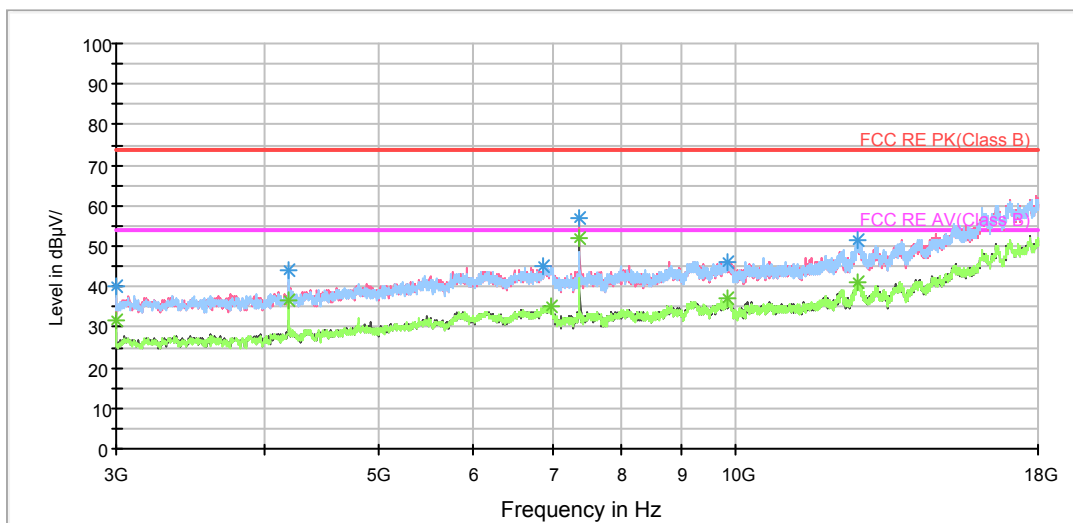
802.11b CH11

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1197.250000	50.2	100.0	V	263.0	48.4	1.8	23.8	74
1371.000000	51.4	100.0	V	277.0	48.6	2.8	22.6	74
1632.250000	52.8	100.0	V	291.0	47.5	5.3	21.2	74
1994.000000	55.6	100.0	V	333.0	48.8	6.8	18.4	74
2500.250000	59.7	100.0	V	0.0	49.9	9.8	14.3	74
2887.750000	60.2	100.0	V	277.0	48.0	12.2	13.8	74

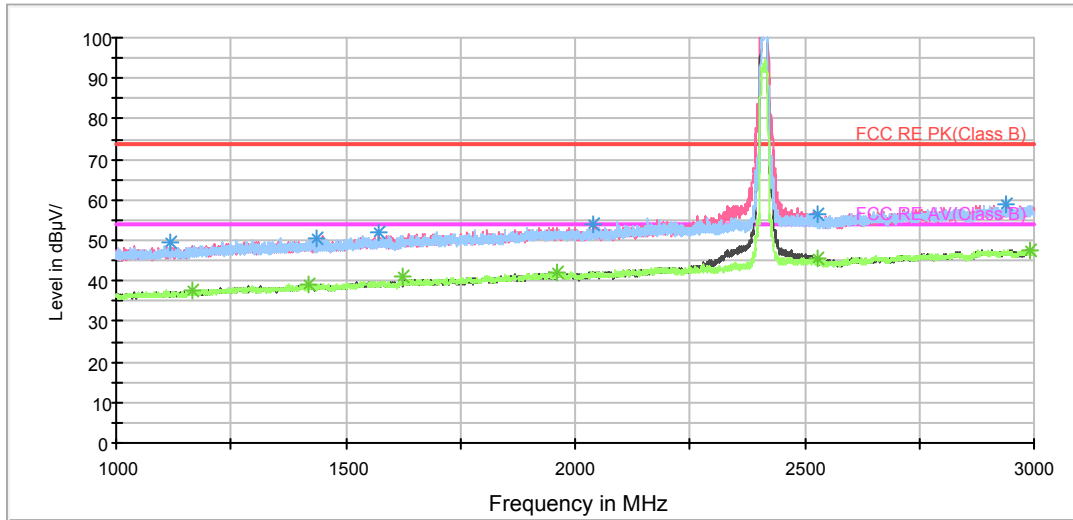
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1182.500000	38.8	100.0	V	0.0	36.8	2.0	15.2	54
1420.250000	40.3	100.0	V	0.0	37.2	3.1	13.7	54
1624.750000	42.2	100.0	V	284.0	37.0	5.2	11.8	54
2037.250000	43.5	100.0	V	197.0	36.8	6.7	10.5	54
2500.000000	51.5	100.0	V	0.0	41.7	9.8	2.5	54
2892.750000	48.9	100.0	V	0.0	36.8	12.1	5.1	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

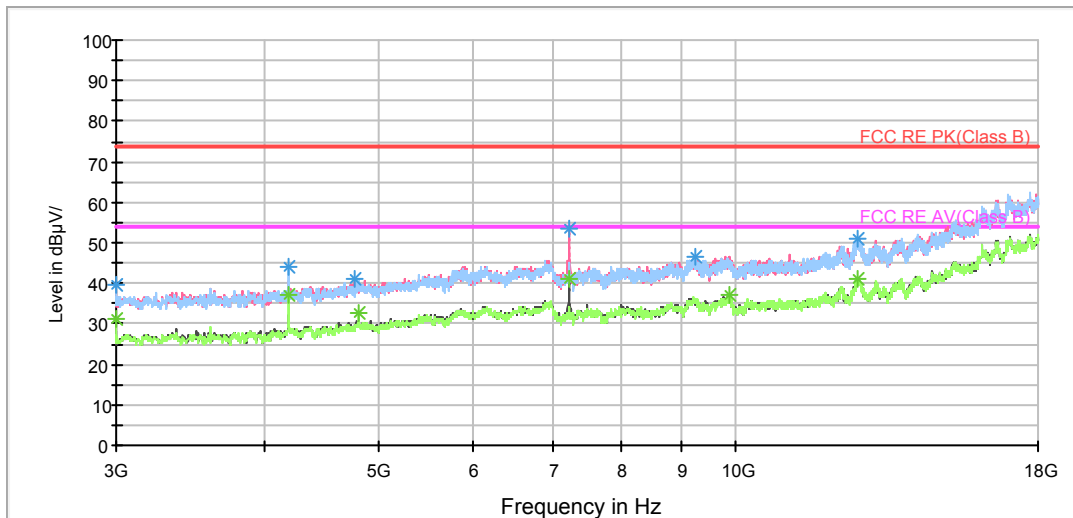
802.11g CH1

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1116.000000	49.3	100.0	H	120.0	47.9	1.4	24.7	74
1437.000000	50.5	100.0	H	104.0	47.4	3.1	23.5	74
1571.000000	52.0	100.0	V	252.0	48.5	3.5	22.0	74
2040.750000	54.1	100.0	V	316.0	47.3	6.8	19.9	74
2526.500000	56.5	100.0	H	252.0	46.8	9.7	17.5	74
2937.000000	58.9	100.0	H	75.0	47.0	11.9	15.1	74

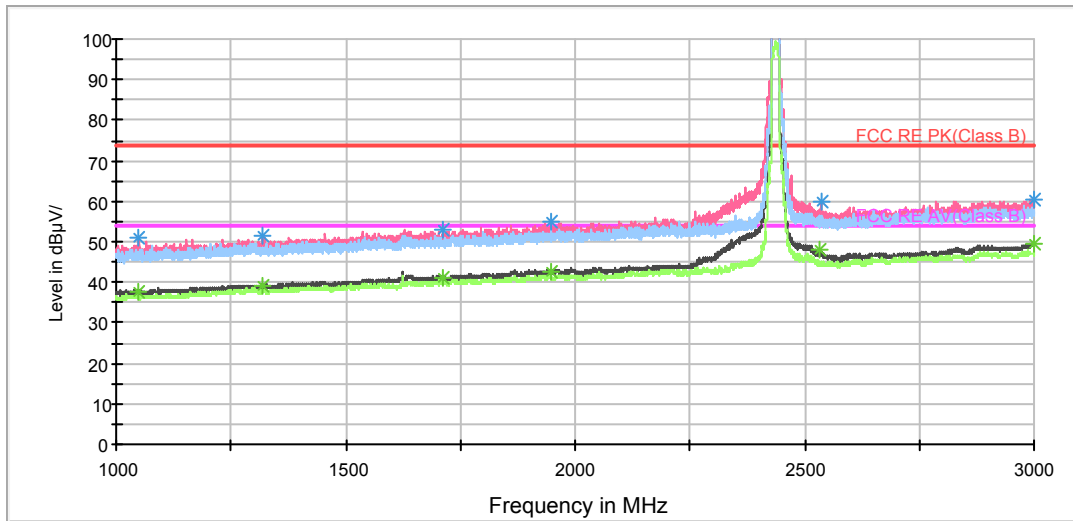
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1165.000000	37.8	100.0	V	108.0	36.0	1.8	16.2	54
1419.250000	38.9	100.0	V	60.0	35.8	3.1	15.1	54
1625.000000	41.3	100.0	H	0.0	36.1	5.2	12.7	54
1960.750000	42.2	100.0	V	0.0	35.4	6.8	11.8	54
2528.250000	45.6	100.0	V	0.0	35.9	9.7	8.4	54
2993.250000	47.8	100.0	V	188.0	35.6	12.2	6.2	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

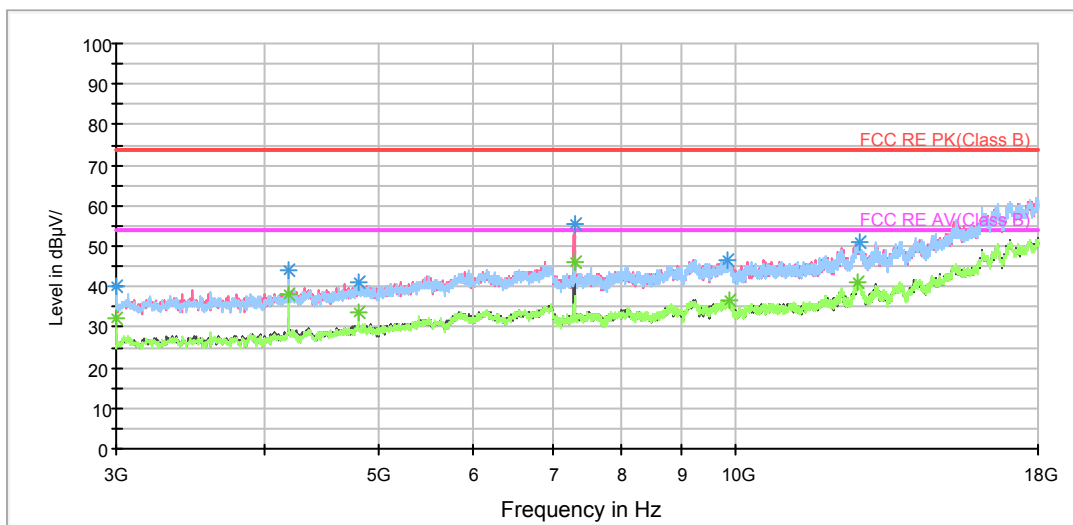
802.11g CH6

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1050.000000	50.8	100.0	V	0.0	49.8	1.0	23.2	74
1319.500000	51.4	100.0	V	358.0	48.7	2.7	22.6	74
1713.250000	53.1	100.0	V	302.0	48.0	5.1	20.9	74
1947.250000	55.0	100.0	V	302.0	48.4	6.6	19.0	74
2535.000000	59.9	100.0	V	0.0	50.3	9.6	14.1	74
2999.250000	60.5	100.0	V	252.0	48.2	12.3	13.5	74

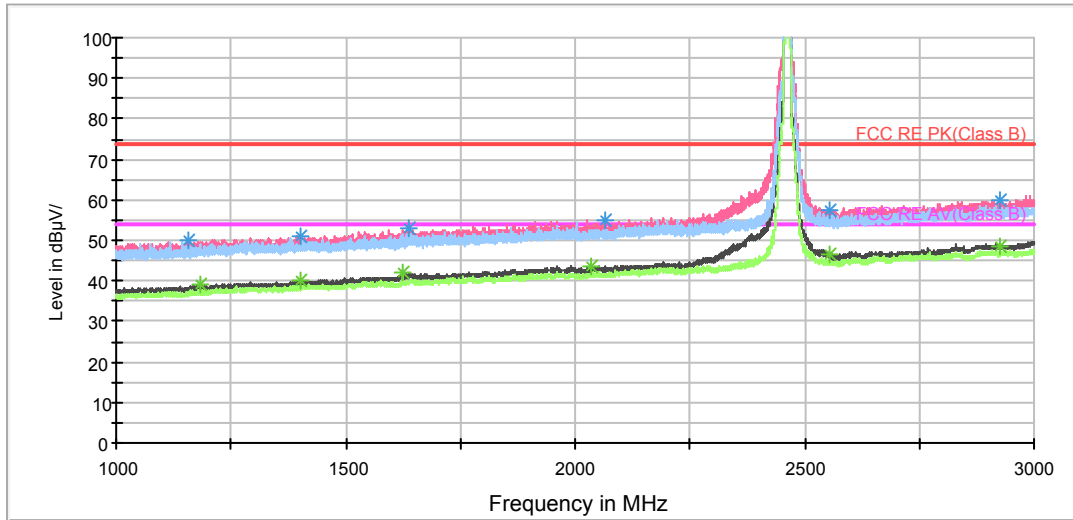
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1050.000000	37.7	100.0	V	0.0	36.7	1.0	16.3	54
1319.500000	38.9	100.0	V	358.0	36.2	2.7	15.1	54
1713.250000	41.0	100.0	V	302.0	35.9	5.1	13.0	54
1947.250000	42.6	100.0	V	302.0	36.0	6.6	11.4	54
2532.250000	47.8	100.0	V	0.0	38.2	9.6	6.2	54
2999.750000	49.4	100.0	V	323.0	37.1	12.3	4.6	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

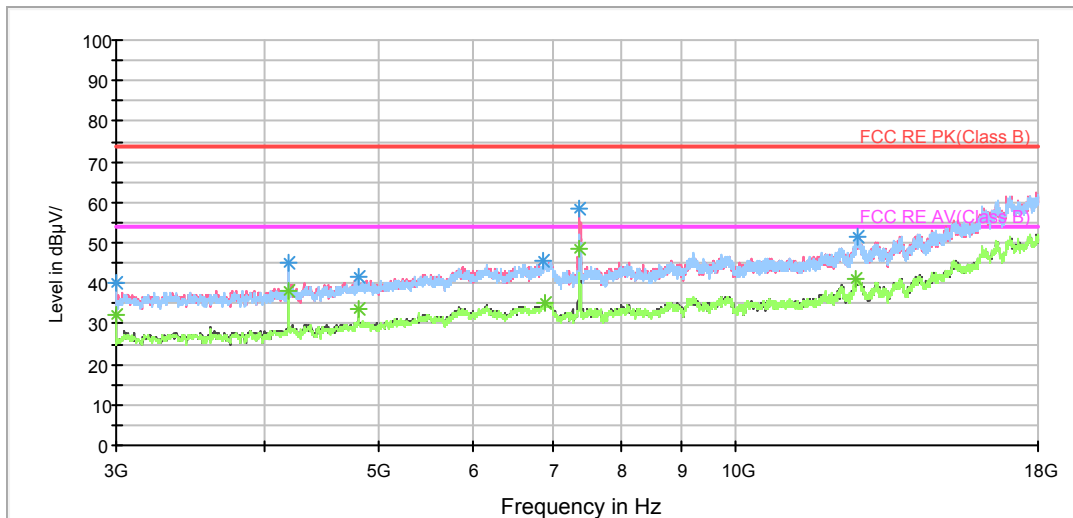
802.11g CH11

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1157.250000	50.0	100.0	V	344.0	48.4	1.6	24.0	74
1403.500000	51.0	100.0	V	104.0	48.1	2.9	23.0	74
1636.250000	52.9	100.0	V	164.0	47.6	5.3	21.1	74
2066.000000	54.9	100.0	V	336.0	48.0	6.9	19.1	74
2553.750000	57.3	100.0	V	0.0	47.8	9.5	16.7	74
2923.750000	59.8	100.0	V	237.0	48.1	11.7	14.2	74

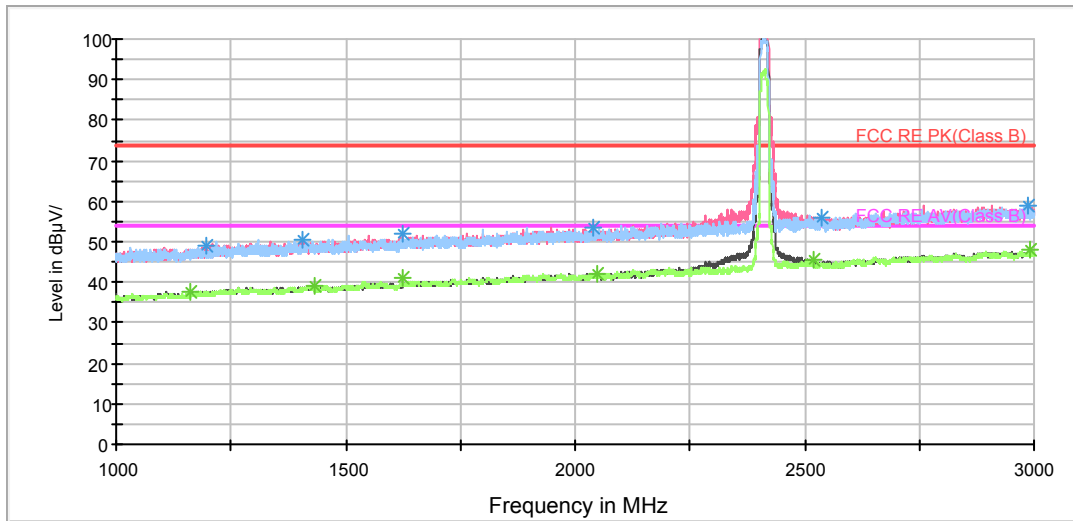
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1184.000000	38.9	100.0	V	329.0	37.0	1.9	15.1	54
1403.500000	40.0	100.0	V	104.0	37.1	2.9	14.0	54
1625.250000	42.1	100.0	V	336.0	36.9	5.2	11.9	54
2033.500000	43.7	100.0	V	273.0	37.0	6.7	10.3	54
2554.750000	46.8	100.0	V	0.0	37.3	9.5	7.2	54
2926.500000	48.7	100.0	V	322.0	37.0	11.7	5.3	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

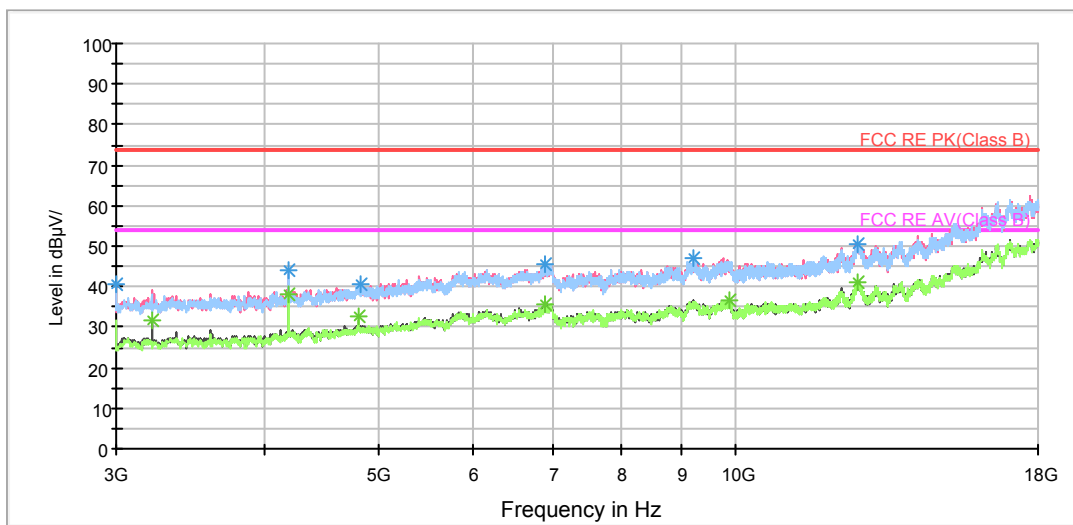
802.11n (HT20) CH1

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1198.500000	48.8	100.0	V	347.0	47.0	1.8	25.2	74
1404.500000	50.4	100.0	V	291.0	47.5	2.9	23.6	74
1625.000000	52.1	100.0	V	304.0	46.9	5.2	21.9	74
2038.750000	53.6	100.0	V	325.0	46.8	6.8	20.4	74
2536.500000	55.9	100.0	H	295.0	46.3	9.6	18.1	74
2988.500000	59.0	100.0	V	223.0	46.8	12.2	15.0	74

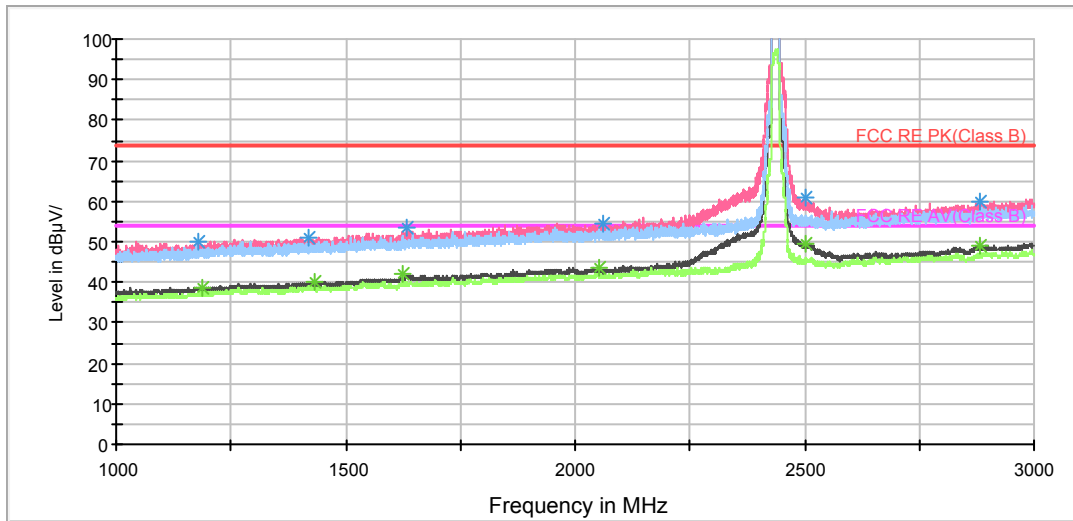
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1163.500000	37.7	100.0	V	174.0	36.0	1.7	16.3	54
1431.000000	39.3	100.0	V	160.0	36.2	3.1	14.7	54
1625.250000	41.3	100.0	H	0.0	36.1	5.2	12.7	54
2049.750000	42.2	100.0	H	150.0	35.4	6.8	11.8	54
2520.500000	45.4	100.0	V	347.0	35.7	9.7	8.6	54
2992.000000	47.8	100.0	H	61.0	35.6	12.2	6.2	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

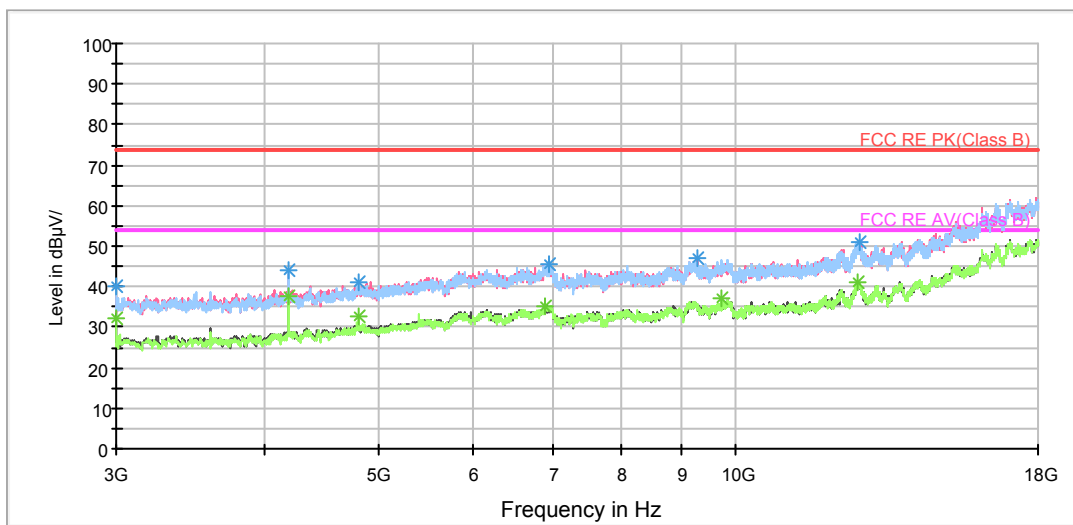
802.11n (HT20) CH6

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1180.500000	49.9	100.0	V	269.0	47.9	2.0	24.1	74
1419.750000	51.1	100.0	V	118.0	48.0	3.1	22.9	74
1634.000000	53.4	100.0	V	170.0	48.1	5.3	20.6	74
2059.750000	54.7	100.0	V	242.0	47.8	6.9	19.3	74
2504.000000	60.9	100.0	V	0.0	51.1	9.8	13.1	74
2882.250000	59.9	100.0	V	214.0	47.7	12.2	14.1	74

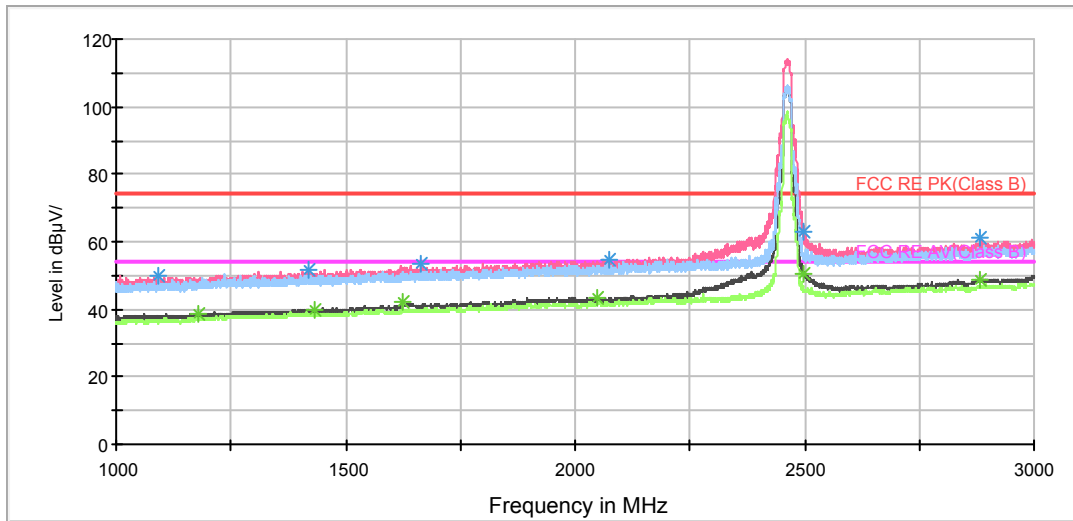
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1188.500000	38.7	100.0	V	336.0	36.9	1.8	15.3	54
1434.000000	39.9	100.0	V	242.0	36.8	3.1	14.1	54
1625.000000	42.2	100.0	V	133.0	37.0	5.2	11.8	54
2054.500000	43.6	100.0	V	0.0	36.8	6.8	10.4	54
2503.000000	49.6	100.0	V	300.0	39.8	9.8	4.4	54
2884.250000	49.1	100.0	V	329.0	36.9	12.2	4.9	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

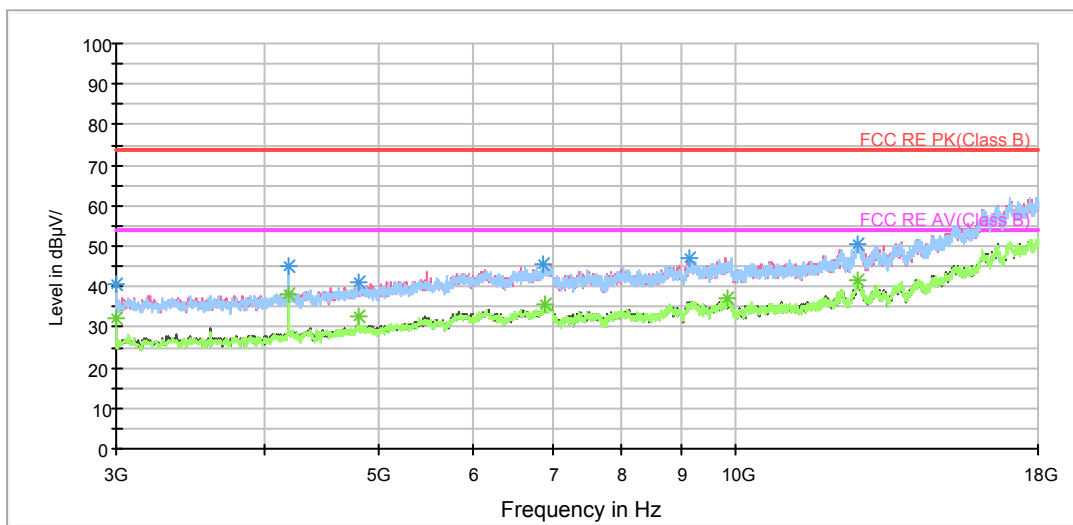
802.11n (HT20) CH11

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1093.250000	49.8	100.0	V	102.0	48.7	1.1	24.2	74
1421.000000	51.7	100.0	V	337.0	48.6	3.1	22.3	74
1664.500000	53.3	100.0	V	0.0	48.5	4.8	20.7	74
2076.250000	54.6	100.0	V	0.0	47.6	7.0	19.4	74
2498.250000	62.9	100.0	V	0.0	53.0	9.9	11.1	74
2880.750000	61.0	100.0	V	308.0	48.7	12.3	13.0	74

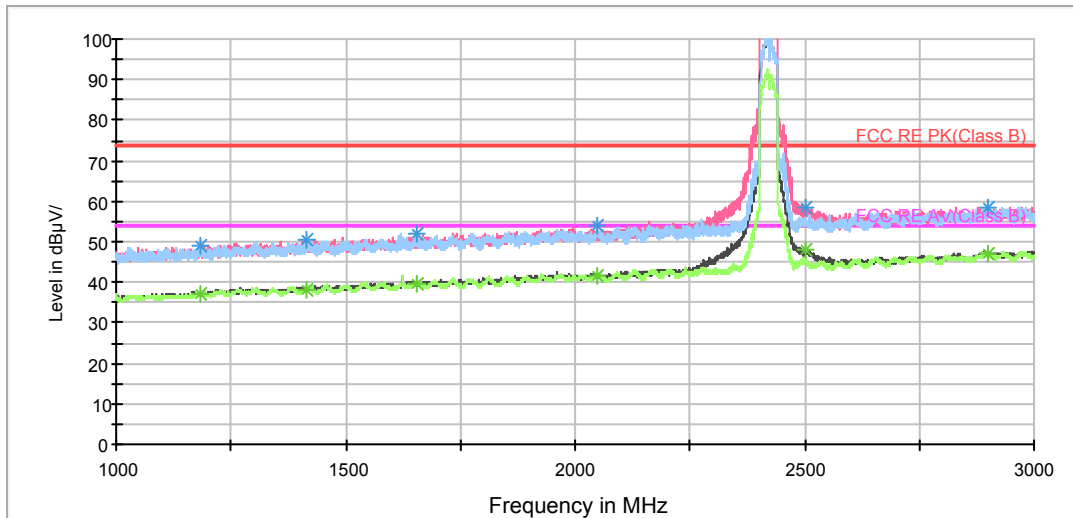
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1179.500000	38.7	100.0	V	308.0	36.7	2.0	15.3	54
1433.750000	40.0	100.0	V	0.0	36.9	3.1	14.0	54
1625.000000	42.3	100.0	V	280.0	37.1	5.2	11.7	54
2046.500000	43.5	100.0	V	217.0	36.7	6.8	10.5	54
2498.750000	50.5	100.0	V	0.0	40.6	9.9	3.5	54
2883.000000	48.9	100.0	V	94.0	36.7	12.2	5.1	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

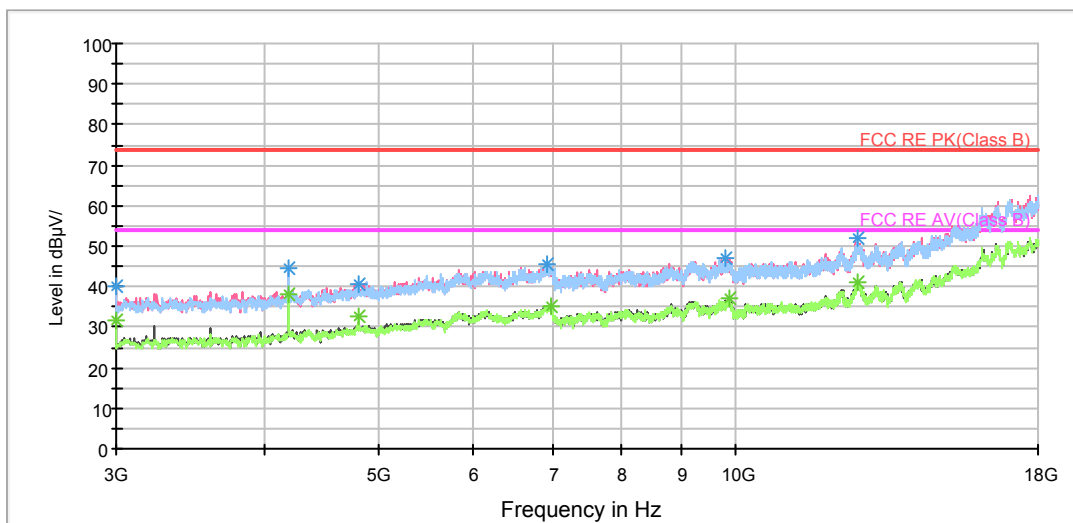
802.11n (HT40) CH3

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1182.250000	49.0	100.0	V	278.0	47.0	2.0	25.0	74
1412.750000	50.5	100.0	V	0.0	47.6	2.9	23.5	74
1655.500000	51.9	100.0	H	0.0	47.0	4.9	22.1	74
2048.750000	53.7	100.0	H	14.0	46.9	6.8	20.3	74
2503.000000	58.6	100.0	V	300.0	48.8	9.8	15.4	74
2898.250000	58.7	100.0	H	0.0	46.6	12.1	15.3	74

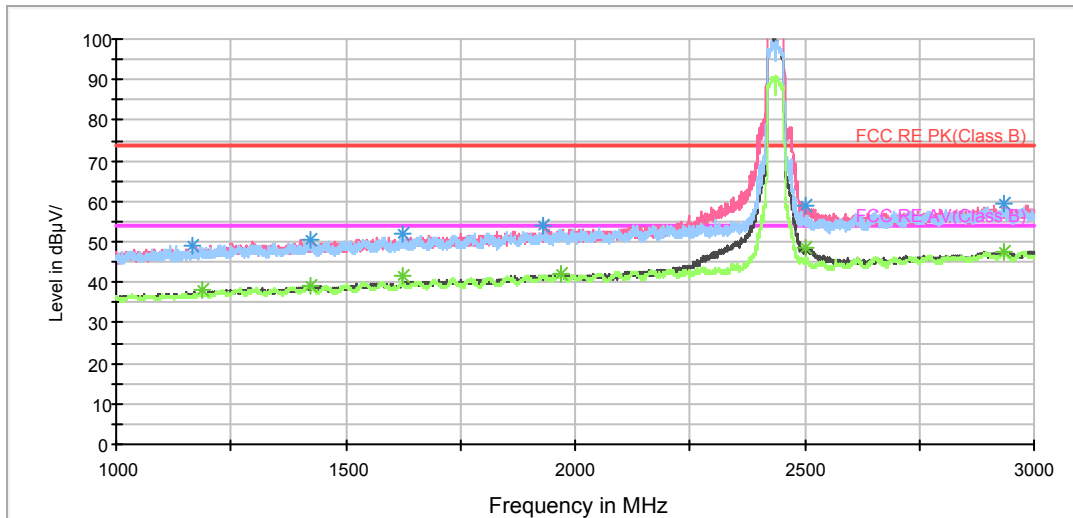
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1182.250000	36.9	100.0	V	278.0	34.9	2.0	17.1	54
1412.750000	38.2	100.0	V	0.0	35.3	2.9	15.8	54
1655.500000	39.7	100.0	H	0.0	34.8	4.9	14.3	54
2048.750000	41.7	100.0	H	14.0	34.9	6.8	12.3	54
2501.250000	48.1	100.0	V	314.0	38.3	9.8	5.9	54
2898.250000	47.1	100.0	H	0.0	35.0	12.1	6.9	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

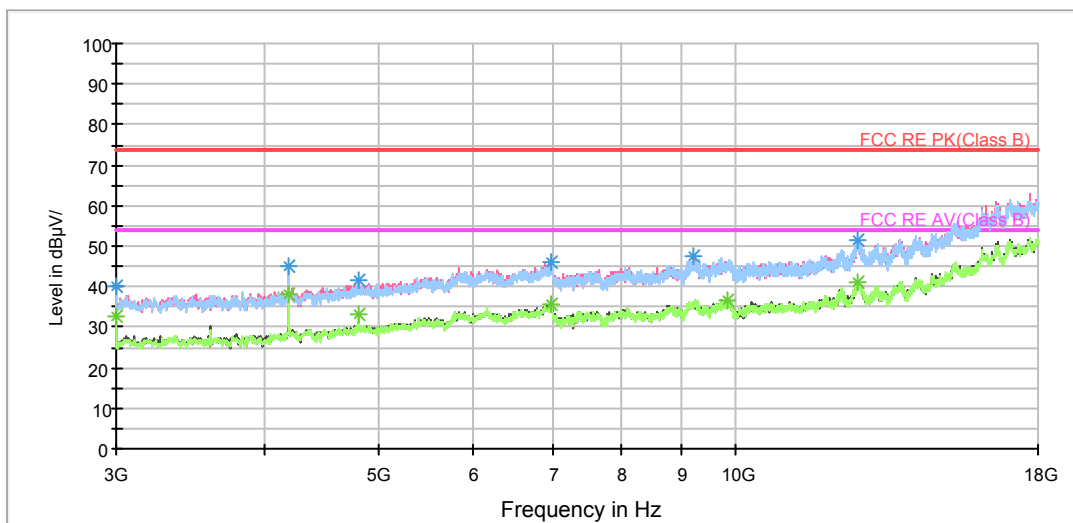
802.11n (HT40) CH6

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz



Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1165.500000	48.9	100.0	V	344.0	47.1	1.8	25.1	74
1421.750000	50.7	100.0	V	264.0	47.6	3.1	23.3	74
1625.250000	52.0	100.0	H	29.0	46.8	5.2	22.0	74
1929.250000	54.1	100.0	H	15.0	47.7	6.4	19.9	74
2500.250000	58.7	100.0	V	0.0	48.9	9.8	15.3	74
2935.750000	59.3	100.0	H	216.0	47.5	11.8	14.7	74

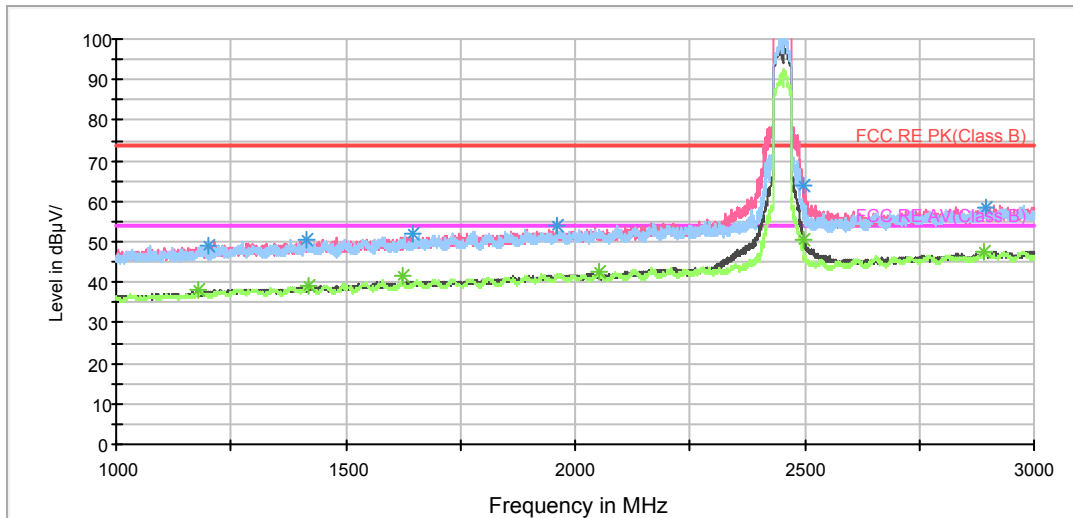
Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1186.250000	38.0	100.0	H	43.0	36.1	1.9	16.0	54
1423.750000	39.3	100.0	H	0.0	36.2	3.1	14.7	54
1625.000000	41.4	100.0	H	87.0	36.2	5.2	12.6	54
1967.250000	42.2	100.0	H	188.0	35.7	6.5	11.8	54
2500.750000	48.6	100.0	V	0.0	38.8	9.8	5.4	54
2933.250000	47.4	100.0	H	29.0	35.6	11.8	6.6	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

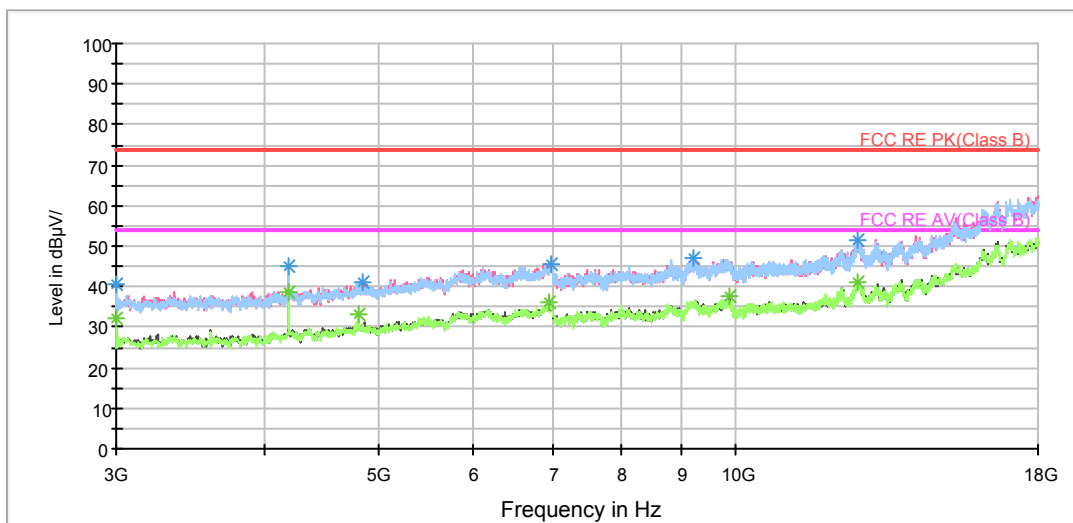
802.11n (HT40) CH9

RE 1G-3GHz PK+AV



Note: The signal beyond the limit is carrier.
Radiates Emission from 1GHz to 3GHz

RE 3-18GHz PK+AV



Radiates Emission from 3GHz to 18GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1200.250000	48.9	100.0	V	0.0	47.1	1.8	25.1	74
1415.250000	50.6	100.0	V	317.0	47.6	3.0	23.4	74
1645.500000	52.1	100.0	V	145.0	47.0	5.1	21.9	74
1958.750000	54.0	100.0	V	0.0	47.2	6.8	20.0	74
2498.750000	64.0	100.0	V	317.0	54.1	9.9	10.0	74
2896.750000	58.6	100.0	H	65.0	46.5	12.1	15.4	74

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

Frequency (MHz)	Average (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Reading value (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
1181.000000	37.9	100.0	V	317.0	35.9	2.0	16.1	54
1419.250000	39.0	100.0	H	65.0	35.9	3.1	15.0	54
1625.000000	41.4	100.0	H	78.0	36.2	5.2	12.6	54
2052.750000	42.5	100.0	H	0.0	35.7	6.8	11.5	54
2498.500000	50.3	100.0	V	0.0	40.4	9.9	3.7	54
2889.500000	47.4	100.0	H	0.0	35.2	12.2	6.6	54

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss (cable loss + amplifier gain)

5.8. Conducted Emission

Ambient condition

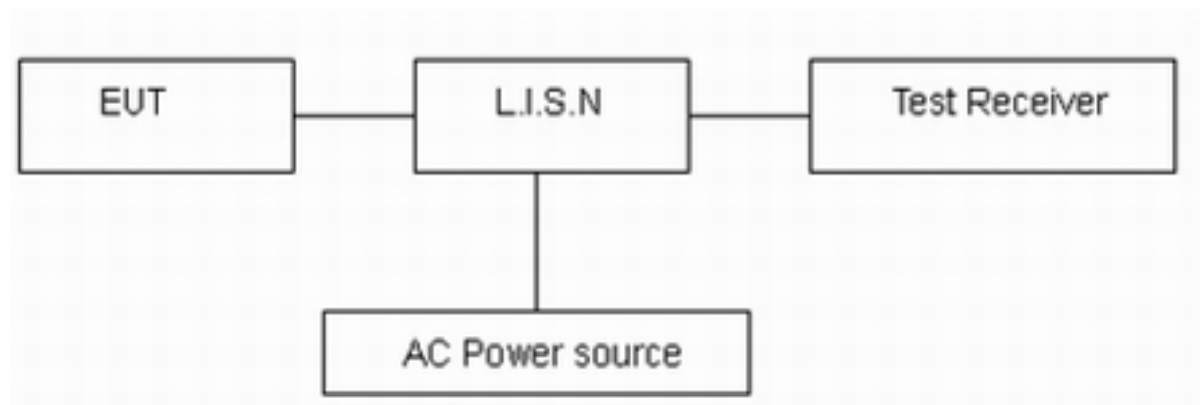
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

The EUT is placed on a non-metallic table of 80cm height above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. During the test, the EUT was operating in its typical mode. The test method is according to ANSI C63.10-2013. Connect the AC power line of the EUT to the L.I.S.N. Use EMI receiver to detect the average and Quasi-peak value. RBW is set to 9 kHz, VBW is set to 30kHz. The measurement result should include both L line and N line.

The test is in transmitting mode.

Test Setup



Note: AC Power source is used to change the voltage 110V/60Hz.

Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limits(dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

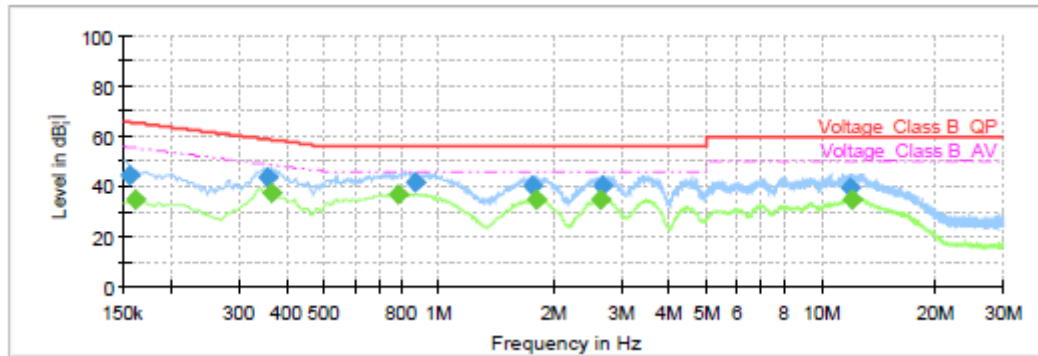
*: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U = 2.69$ dB.

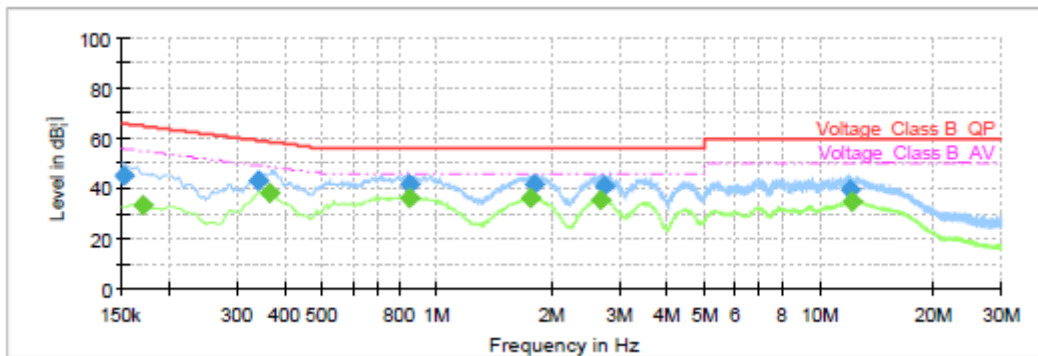
Test Results:

Following plots, Blue trace uses the peak detection and Green trace uses the average detection. During the test, the Conducted Emission was performed in all modes with all channels, 802.11b, Channel 11 are selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB _i /V)	Average (dB _i /V)	Limit (dB _i /V)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.154500	44.75	---	65.75	21.00	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
0.161250	---	34.78	55.40	20.62	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
0.354750	43.85	---	58.85	15.00	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
0.366000	---	37.71	48.59	10.88	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
0.784500	---	36.80	46.00	9.20	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
0.870000	41.92	---	56.00	14.08	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
1.761000	39.95	---	56.00	16.05	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
1.797000	---	34.38	46.00	11.62	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
2.643000	---	34.69	46.00	11.31	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
2.670000	40.52	---	56.00	15.48	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.6
11.987250	39.91	---	60.00	20.09	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.9
11.996250	---	35.05	50.00	14.95	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	19.9

L Line



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB _i /V)	Average (dB _i /V)	Limit (dB _i /V)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.152250	45.11	---	65.88	20.77	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.7
0.170250	---	33.20	54.95	21.75	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.7
0.339000	43.13	---	59.23	16.10	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
0.363750	---	38.18	48.64	10.47	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
0.843000	41.56	---	56.00	14.44	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
0.843000	---	36.39	46.00	9.61	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
1.758750	---	35.80	46.00	10.20	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
1.803750	41.48	---	56.00	14.52	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
2.683500	---	35.35	46.00	10.65	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
2.751000	40.89	---	56.00	15.11	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.6
12.039000	39.56	---	60.00	20.44	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.9
12.237000	---	34.87	50.00	15.13	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	19.9

N Line

6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100948	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Double Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2014-12-06	2019-12-05
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519	1519-047	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Standard Gain Horn	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102644	2014-12-06	2019-12-05
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS30	100138	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
LISN	R&S	ENV216	101171	2016-12-16	2019-12-15
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY47191109	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	/	/
Software (CE)	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	EMC32	9.26.0	/	/
Software (RE/RSE)	ROHDE&SCHW ARZ	EMC32	8.52.0	/	/

*****END OF REPORT *****

ANNEX A: The EUT Appearance and Test Configuration

A.1 EUT Appearance





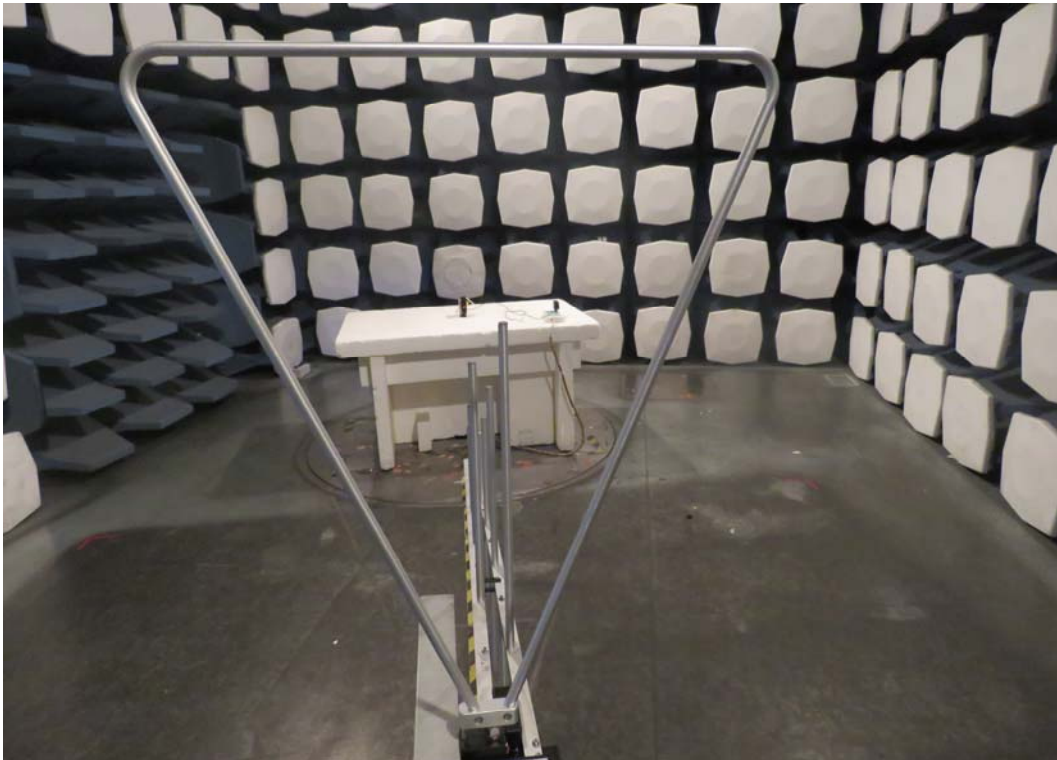
HA-020W-A



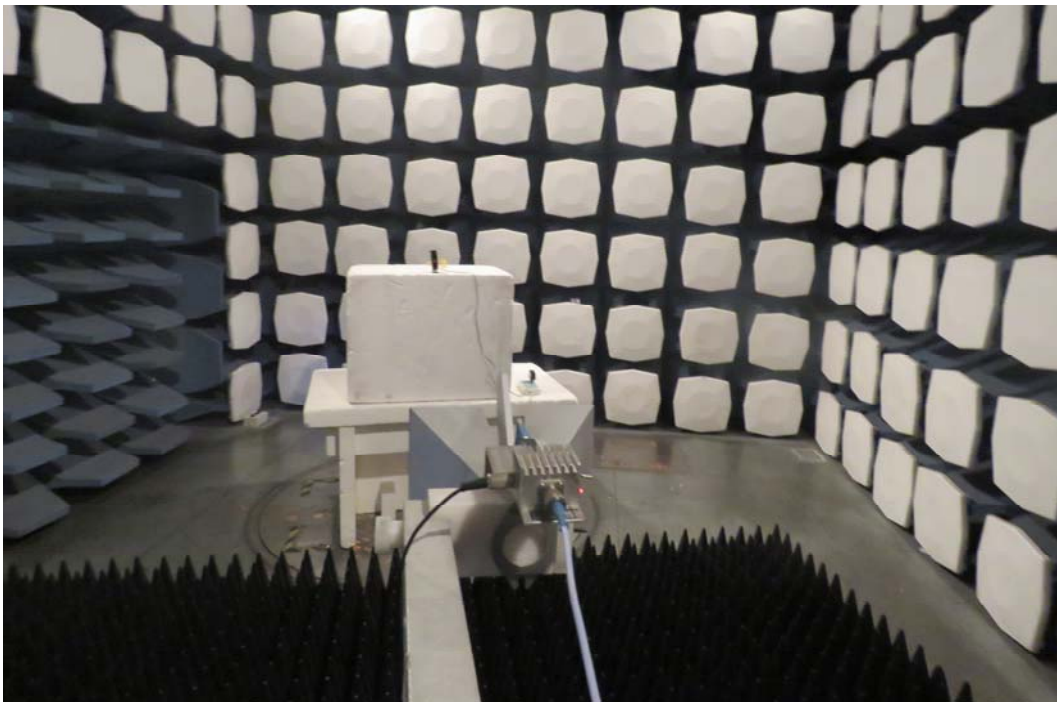


A-020W-A
Picture 1 EUT

A.2 Test Setup



30MHz-1GHz



Above 1GHz

Picture 2 Radiated Emission Test Setup



Picture 3 Conducted Emission Test Setup