



TEST REPORT

Applicant Name : Address :	Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd 8F,Building 5D,Skyworth Innovation Valley, Tangtou
Report Number :	Road, Shiyan Street, Baoan District Shenzhen, China RA221110-53094E-SAA
FCC ID:	2ADZC-5803T
Test Standard (s)	
FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093	
Sample Description	
Product Type:	FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM
Model No.:	Solidcom C1 Pro
Multiple Model(s) No.:	N/A
Trade Mark:	HOLLYLAND
Date Received:	2022/11/14
Report Date:	2022/12/05
Test Result:	Pass*

* In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By:

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Candy . Li Candy Li

EMC Engineer

Note: This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "★ ".

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FCC SAR

Attestation of Test Results					
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)		
DECT	1g Head SAR	0.02	1.6		
	FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices				
	RF Exposure Proced	lures: TCB Workshop April 2019			
	IEEE1528:2013 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques				
Applicable Standards	are for the assessment of specific absorption rate of hur from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communi next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz	cation devices –			
	KDB procedures KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01 KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03. KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02				
General Population/Unc accordance with the mea	controlled Exposure limi asurement procedures sp	e capable of compliance for localized specific absorpti its specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2.1093 and has been becified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB pro- report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.	n tested in		

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision	
0	RA221110-53094E-SAA	Original Report	2022-12-05	

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **Shenzhen Hollyland Technology Co.,Ltd** and their product **FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM**, Model: **Solidcom C1 Pro,** FCC ID: **2ADZC-5803T** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1PZS-9 (Assigned by ATC, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2022-11-14.

Technical Specification

Sample serial number:	1PZS-9 (Assigned by ATC, Shenzhen)
Product Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	None
Modulation:	DECT: GFSK
Frequency Band:	DECT: 1921.536-1928.448 MHz;
Power Source:	Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

FCC:

- The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.
- This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)		
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)	
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4	
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0	
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0	

FCC Limit(1g Tissue)

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Shenzhen Accurate Technology Co., Ltd. to collect test data is located on the 1/F., Building A, Changyuan New Material Port, Science & Industry Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No.: 708358,the FCC Designation No.: CN1189. Accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) The Certificate Number is 4297.01

Listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISEDC), the Registration Number is 5077A.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number CN0016.

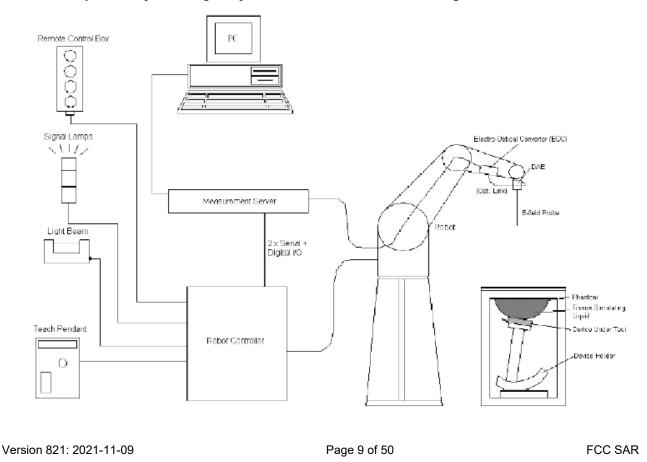
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400 MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128 MB chip-disk and 128 MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16-bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY6 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluations of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements, and handles safety operations. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time-critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program- controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port, which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized pinout, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Connection of devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

- The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.
- The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.
- The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

SAM Twin Phantom

- The SAM Twin Phantom (shown in front of DASY5) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2 mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6 mm.
- When the phantom is mounted inside allocated slot of the DASY5 platform, phantom reference points can be taught directly in the DASY5 V5.2 software. When the DASY5 platform is used to mount the
- Phantom, some of the phantom teaching points cannot be reached by the robot in DASY5 V5.2. A special tool called P1a-P2aX-Former is provided to transform two of the three points, P1 and P2, to reachable locations. To use these new teaching points, a revised phantom configuration file is required.
- In addition to our standard broadband liquids, the phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:
- Sugar-water-based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid when the system is not in use to prevent changes in liquid parameters due to water evaporation.
- DGBE-based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom, and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).

Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the solvent resistivity of the phantom. Approximately 25 liters of liquid is required to fill the SAM Twin phantom.



Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7441 Calibrated: 2022/05/16

Calibration Frequency	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
Point(MHz)	From	То	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	850	10.04	10.04	10.04
900 Head	850	1000	9.61	9.61	9.61
1450 Head	1350	1550	8.52	8.52	8.52
1750 Head	1650	1850	8.32	8.32	8.32
1900 Head	1850	1950	7.94	7.94	7.94
2000 Head	1950	2100	7.99	7.99	7.99
2300 Head	2200	2400	7.78	7.78	7.78
2450 Head	2400	2550	7.54	7.54	7.54
2600 Head	2550	2700	7.30	7.30	7.30
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.35	5.35	5.35
5600 Head	5490	5700	4.85	4.85	4.85
5750 Head	5700	5860	4.83	4.83	4.83

Area Scans

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		$ \begin{array}{ll} \leq 2 \ {\rm GHz} : \leq 8 \ {\rm mm} & 3-4 \ {\rm GHz} : \leq 5 \ {\rm mm} \\ 2-3 \ {\rm GHz} : \leq 5 \ {\rm mm}^* & 4-6 \ {\rm GHz} : \leq 4 \ {\rm mm} \end{array} $		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1):$ between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoc}$	m(n-1) mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEC 62209-1:2016

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head

Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency	Relative permittivity	Conductivity (σ)
MHz	ε _r	S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 6 4 0	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown *in italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

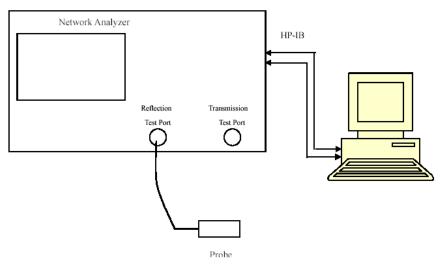
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52 52.10.4	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 6.0.31	N/A	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1211	2022/03/01	2023/02/28
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7441	2022/05/16	2023/05/15
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
SAM Twin Phantom	SAM-Twin V5.0	1744	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 1900MHz	D1900V2	5d231	2020/1/14	2023/1/13
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head(500-9500MHz)	HBBL600-10000V6	180622-2	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A08288	2022/07/05	2023/07/04
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1248	NCR	NCR
Signal Generator	SMB100A	108362	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
USB wideband power sensor	U2021XA	MY52350001	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
Power Amplifier	CBA 1G-070	T44328	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
Linear Power Amplifier	AS0860-40/45	1060913	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
Directional Coupler	4223-20	3.113.277	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
6dB Attenuator	8493B 6dB Attenuator	2708A 04769	2021/12/23	2022/12/22
Digital Radio Communication Tester	CMD60	830861/029	2021/12/23	2022/12/22

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance
(MHz)	(MHz) Type		0' (S/m)	8r	0 (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_{ m r}$	ΔΟ΄ (S/m)	(%)
1900	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.944	1.378	40.0	1.40	2.36	-1.57	±5
1921.54	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.078	1.406	40.0	1.40	0.2	0.43	±5
1924.99	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.297	1.391	40.0	1.40	0.74	-0.64	±5
1928.45	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.453	1.379	40.0	1.40	1.13	-1.5	±5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2022/11/21.

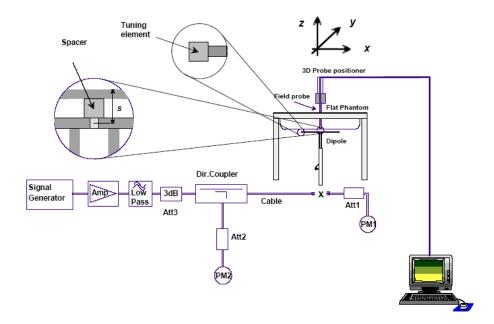
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the System Verification Setup Block Diagram is given by the following:

- a) $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 300 MHz $\leq f \leq 1$ 000 MHz;
- b) $s=10~mm\pm0.2~mm$ for 1 000 MHz $< f \leq 3$ 000 MHz;
- c) $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ for 3 000 MHz < f \leq 6 000 MHz.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band (MHz)	Liquid Type	Input Pow er (mW)		asured SAR V/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2022/11/21	1900	Head	100	1g	4.21	42.1	40.3	4.467	±10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2; Type: 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d231

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.378 S/m; ϵ_r = 40.944; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 2022/03/01
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

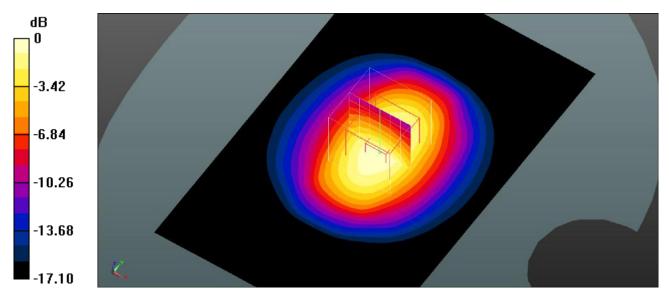
System Performance Cheek at 1900MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Area Scan (71x111x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.72 W/kg

System Performance Cheek at 1900MHz/d=10mm, Pin=100mw/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 51.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.31 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.68 W/kg



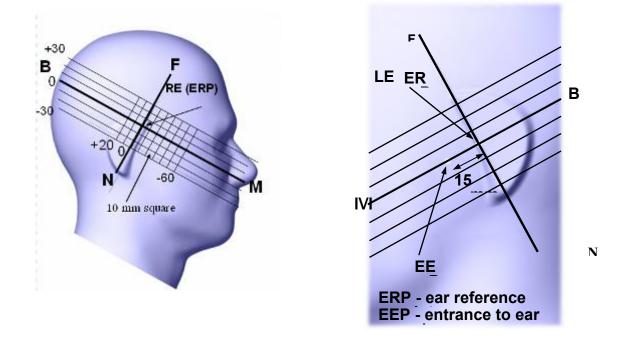
0 dB = 4.68 W/kg = 6.70 dBW/kg

Version 821: 2021-11-09

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

- This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper 1/4 of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.
- A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



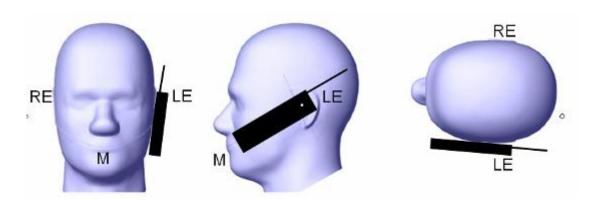
Cheek/Touch Position

The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.

- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.
- For existing head phantoms when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.



Cheek /Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

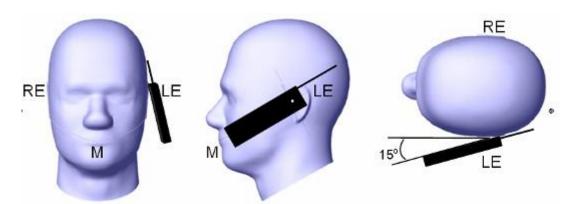
If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tilt/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the

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FCC SAR

SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)								
Mada/Dand	Channel							
Mode/Band	Low	Middle	High					
DECT Ant 1	19.5	19.5	19.5					
DECT Ant 2	18.5	18.5	18.5					

Test Results:

DECT:

Mode	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Peak Power (dBm)
		1921.536	19.15
	Ant 1	1924.992	19.21
DECT		1928.448	19.19
DECT		1921.536	17.88
	Ant 2	1924.992	17.95
		1928.448	17.94

Note:

- 1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMD60) was used for the measurement of DECT peak output power.
- 2. Duty Cycle=1:24
- 3. The EUT belongs to a low duty cycle device.
- 4. Per IEEE1528:2013, 1 Channel shall be tested; the middle channel was selected to test:

$$N_{\rm c} = Round \left\{ \left[100 (f_{\rm high} - f_{\rm low}) / f_{\rm c} \right]^{0.5} \times (f_{\rm c} / 100)^{0.2} \right\},\$$

where f_{high} is the highest frequency in the band and f_{low} , is the lowest f_c is the center frequency in the band.

Antennas Location:



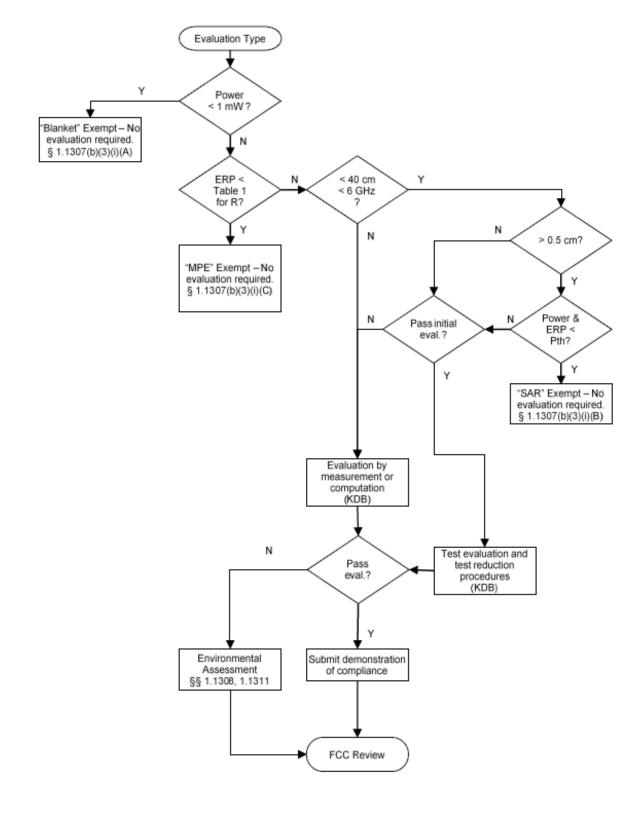


Antenna Distance To Edge

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)						
Antenna	Touch the ear					
DECT Ant 1	22					
DECT Ant 2	22					

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations(KDB)

General Sequence for Determination of Procedure (exemption or evaluation) to Establish Compliance with Exposure Limits for a Single RF Source:



Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Max Target Power (dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	P _{Max} (dBm)	P _{Max} (mW)	Separation Distance (cm)	P _{th} (Body) (mW)	SAR Test Exclusion
DECT Ant 1	1.928	19.5	2.0	19.5	89.125	< 2.2	51.54	NO
DECT Ant 2	1.928	18.5	2.0	18.5	70.795	< 2.2	51.54	NO

Note:

ERP= Max Target Power+ Antenna gain-2.15
 P_{Max} refers to the greater value in the conducted average power and ERP.
 The formula for calculating P_{th} is given below, with distances ranging from 20cm to 40cm.

$$P_{\rm th} \,({\rm mW}) = ERP_{\rm 20 \, cm} \,({\rm mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \,\,{\rm GHz} \le f < 1.5 \,\,{\rm GHz} \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \,\,{\rm GHz} \le f \le 6 \,\,{\rm GHz} \end{cases}$$

4. The formula for calculating P_{th} is given below, with distances ranging from 0.5cm to 40cm.

$$P_{\rm th} \,({\rm mW}) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \,\rm cm} (d/20 \,\rm cm)^x & d \le 20 \,\rm cm \\ \\ ERP_{20 \,\rm cm} & 20 \,\rm cm < d \le 40 \,\rm cm \end{cases}$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10}\left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20}\operatorname{cm}\sqrt{f}}\right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and ERP_{20cm} is per Formula (Note 3). 5. When the separation distance is less than 0.5cm, 0.5cm is used as the calculation distance

SAR test for the EUT edge considerations Result

Antenna Distance To Edge(mm)					
Mode	Touch				
Left	Required				
Right	Required				

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22.1-23.3 °C
Relative Humidity:	42-54 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa
Test Date:	2022/11/21

Testing was performed by Seven Liang.

DECT Mode:

Ant 1

EUT	Frequency			Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/Kg), Limited=1.6W/kg				
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot	
	1921.536	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Head-touch (Left)	1924.992	GFSK	19.21	19.5	1.069	0.016	0.02	1#	
(200)	1928.448	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	
	1921.536	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	
Head-touch (Right)	1924.992	GFSK	19.21	19.5	1.069	0.008	0.01	2#	
(Right)	1928.448	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/	

Ant 2

ЕИТ	Fraguanay			Max. Rated	1g SAR (W/Kg), Limited=1.6W/kg					
Position	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot		
	1921.536	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Head-touch (Left)	1924.992	GFSK	17.95	18.5	1.135	0.013	0.02	3#		
(2013)	1928.448	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/		
	1921.536	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/		
Head-touch (Right)	1924.992	GFSK	17.95	18.5	1.135	0.017	0.02	4#		
	1928.448	GFSK	/	/	/	/	/	/		

Note:

1. When the 1-g SAR is \leq 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional. 2. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

SAR Plots

Plot 1#

DUT: Solidcom C1 Pro; Type: FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM; Serial: 1PZS-9

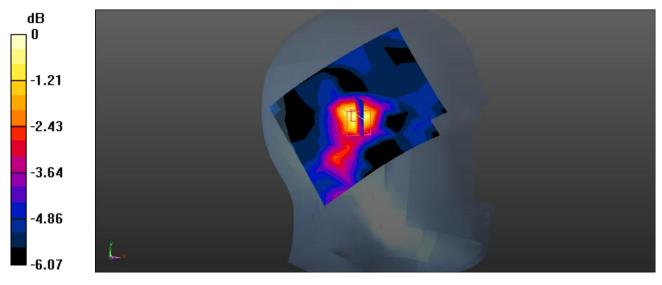
Communication System: UID 0, DECT (0); Frequency: 1924.99 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:24 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1924.99 MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.297$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 3/1/2022
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Head Left Cheek/DECT Mid/Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0142 W/kg

Head Left Cheek/DECT Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.403 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0260 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.016 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0163 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0163 W/kg = -17.88 dBW/kg

Plot 2#

DUT: Solidcom C1 Pro; Type: FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM; Serial: 1PZS-9

Communication System: UID 0, DECT (0); Frequency: 1924.99 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:24 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1924.99 MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.297$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

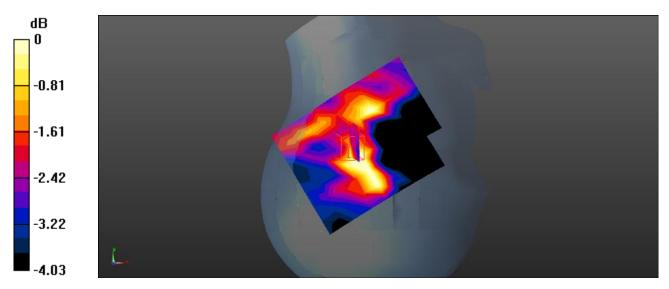
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 3/1/2022
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Head Right Cheek/DECT Mid/Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00979 W/kg

Head Right Cheek/DECT Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.438 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0140 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.00758 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00331 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00918 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00918 W/kg = -20.37 dBW/kg

Plot 3#

DUT: Solidcom C1 Pro; Type: FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM; Serial: 1PZS-9

Communication System: UID 0, DECT (0); Frequency: 1924.99 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:24 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1924.99 MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.297$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 3/1/2022
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Head Left Cheek/DECT Mid/Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0110 W/kg

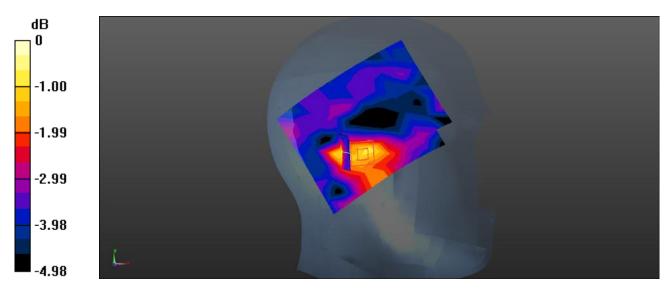
Head Left Cheek/DECT Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.127 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00326 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0129 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0129 W/kg = -18.89 dBW/kg

Plot 4#

DUT: Solidcom C1 Pro; Type: FULL-DUPLEX WIRELESS INTERCOM SYSTEM; Serial: 1PZS-9

Communication System: UID 0, DECT (0); Frequency: 1924.99 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:24 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1924.99 MHz; $\sigma = 1.391$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.297$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4- SN7441; ConvF(7.94, 7.94, 7.94); Calibrated: 2022/05/16
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1211; Calibrated: 3/1/2022
- Phantom: Twin SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1744
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7501)

Head Right Cheek/DECT Mid/Area Scan (8x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0201 W/kg

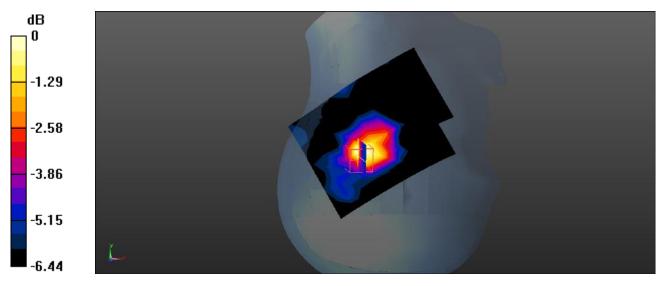
Head Right Cheek/DECT Mid/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.509 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0320 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00639 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0175 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0175 W/kg = -17.57 dBW/kg

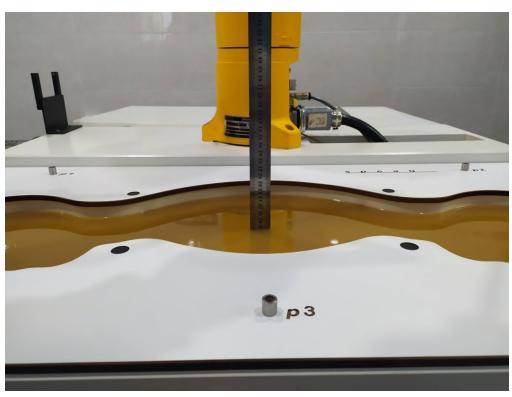
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table. Measurement uncertainty evaluation for IEEE1528-2013 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertaint y ± %	Probability distributio n	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (10 g)
		Measurement	system	ł	t		
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	related				
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom and	l set-up				
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertai nty ± %	Probability distributio n	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertai nty ± %, (10 g)
		Measurement	system		•		
Probe calibration	6.55	Ν	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	Ν	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions-reflections	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
		Test sample	related	•			
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	Ν	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	Ν	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
		Phantom and	l set-up	•			
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	Ν	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

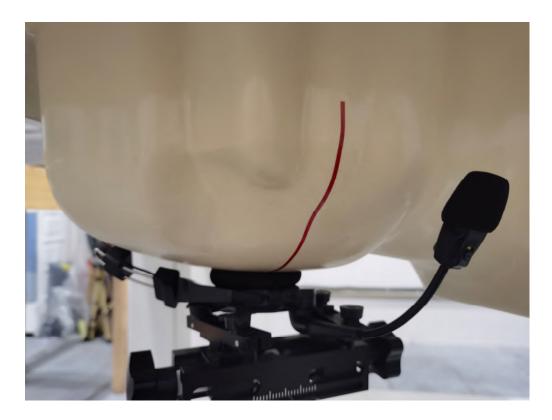


Liquid depth \geq 15cm

Head-touch(Left) Setup Photo

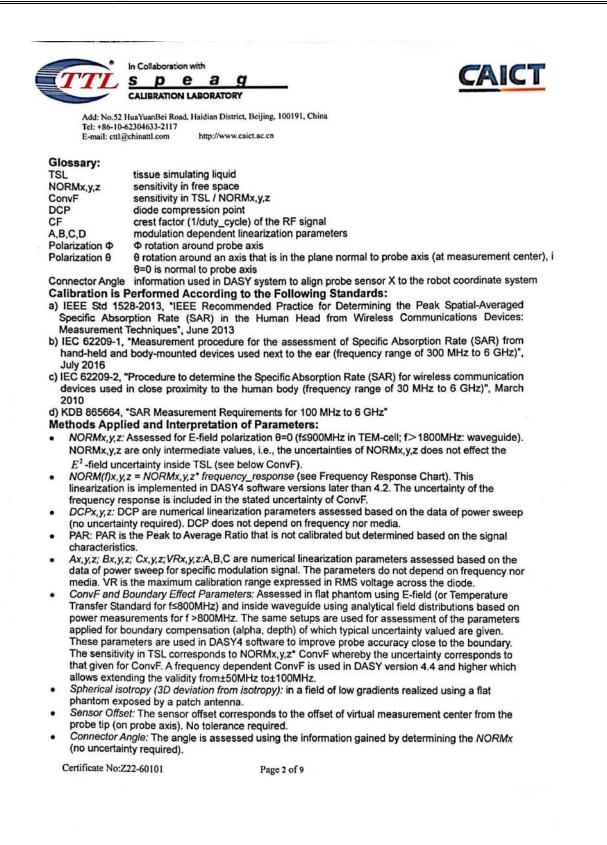


Head-touch(Right) Setup Photo



APPENDIX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

CALIBRATION O	EDTIFICATE		
	CRITICATE	and the second second	
Object	EX3DV4 -	SN : 7441	
Calibration Procedure(s)	FF-Z11-004 Calibration	4-02 Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probe	5
Calibration date:	May 16, 20	22	
humidity<70%. Calibration Equipment use Primary Standards		closed laboratory facility: environment alibration) Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	
Power Meter NRP2	101919	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z9	2.1 Contraction of the second		
I ONCI SCHOOL INIT -20		15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z9		15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	Jun-22 Jun-22
	1 101548	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466)	
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu	1 101548 ator 18N50W-10dB ator 18N50W-20dB	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu	1 101548 ator 18N50W-10dB ator 18N50W-20dB	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards	1 101548 lator 18N50W-10dB lator 18N50W-20dB DV4 SN 7464 SN 1555 ID #	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG37	1 101548 lator 18N50W-10dB lator 18N50W-20dB DV4 SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 700A 6201052605	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23 ug21/2) Aug-22 Scheduled Calibration Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards	1 101548 ator 18N50W-10dB 18N50W-20dB 18N50W-20dB SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 700A 6201052605 71C MY46110673	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23 ug21/2) Aug-22 Scheduled Calibration Jun-22 Jan-23
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG37	1 101548 lator 18N50W-10dB lator 18N50W-20dB DV4 SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 700A 6201052605	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467)	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23 ug21/2) Aug-22 Scheduled Calibration Jun-22
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG37 Network Analyzer E507	1 101548 lator 18N50W-10dB lator 18N50W-20dB DV4 SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 200A 6201052605 71C MY46110673 Name	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_A Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406) Function	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23 ug21/2) Aug-22 Scheduled Calibration Jun-22 Jan-23
Power sensor NRP-Z9 Reference 10dBAttenu Reference 20dBAttenu Reference Probe EX30 DAE4 Secondary Standards SignalGenerator MG37 Network Analyzer E507 Calibrated by:	1 101548 ator 18N50W-10dB ator 18N50W-20dB 0V4 SN 7464 SN 1555 ID # 700A 6201052605 71C MY46110673 Name Yu Zongying	15-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04466) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00486) 20-Jan-21(CTTL, No.J21X00485) 26-Jan-22(SPEAG, No.EX3-7464_Jan 20-Aug-21(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Ar Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 16-Jun-21(CTTL, No.J21X04467) 14-Jan-22(CTTL, No.J22X00406) Function SAR Test Engineer	Jun-22 Jan-23 Jan-23 22) Jan-23 ug21/2) Aug-22 Scheduled Calibration Jun-22 Jan-23



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7441

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm(µV/(V/m)2) A	0.40	0.47	0.39	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	90.9	102.2	105.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	c	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (<i>k</i> =2)
0	cw	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	147.5	±2.7%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		169.7	
		z	0.0	0.0	1.0		155.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^a Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^b Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^c Uncertainly is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No:Z22-60101

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4.25

4.40

4.71

5.07

5.22

DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7441

DepthG Unct. Relative Conductivity Alpha^G ConvF Z f [MHz]C ConvF X ConvF Y (k=2) Permittivity F (S/m) F (mm) 0.12 750 41.9 0.89 10.04 10.04 10.04 1.39 ±12.1% 9.61 0.16 1.41 ±12.1% 900 41.5 0.97 9.61 9.61 0.28 0.95 ±12.1% 1450 40.5 1.20 8.52 8.52 8.52 0.29 0.88 ±12.1% 1750 40.1 1.37 8.32 8.32 8.32 0.27 1.03 ±12.1% 1900 40.0 1.40 7.94 7.94 7.94 0.25 1.15 ±12.1% 2000 40.0 1.40 7.99 7.99 7.99 0.65 ±12.1% 2300 39.5 1.67 7.78 7.78 7.78 0.65 0.67 ±12.1% 2450 39.2 1.80 7.54 7.54 7.54 0.65 ±12.1% 2600 39.0 1.96 7.30 7.30 7.30 0.64 0.67 ±13.3% 3300 38.2 2.71 7.09 7.09 7.09 0.47 0.89 ±13.3% 3500 37.9 2.91 6.89 6.89 6.89 0.42 0.95 ±13.3% 3700 37.7 3.12 6.55 6.55 6.55 0.42 1.01 ±13.3% 3900 3.32 6.60 6.60 6.60 0.35 1.35 37.5 4400 3.84 6.34 6.34 6.34 0.35 1.35 ±13.3% 36.9 4.04 6.26 6.26 6.26 0.45 1.20 ±13.3% 4600 36.7

6.16

5.85

5.35

4.85

4.83

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

6.16

5.85

5.35

4.85

4.83

6.16

5.85

5.35

4.85

4.83

0.45

0.50

0.55

0.55

0.55

1.25

1.15

1.15

1.20

1.20

±13.3%

±13.3%

±13.3%

±13.3%

±13.3%

^F At frequency below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ±5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. ^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No:Z22-60101

36.4

36.3

35.9

35.5

35.4

4800

4950

5250

5600

5750

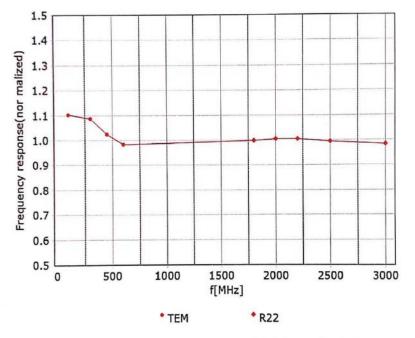
Page 4 of 9

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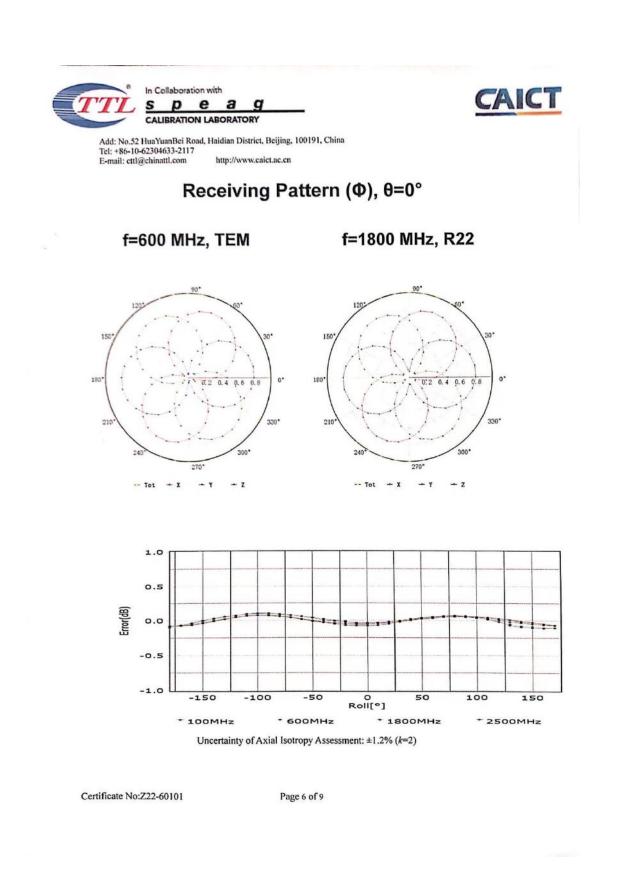
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

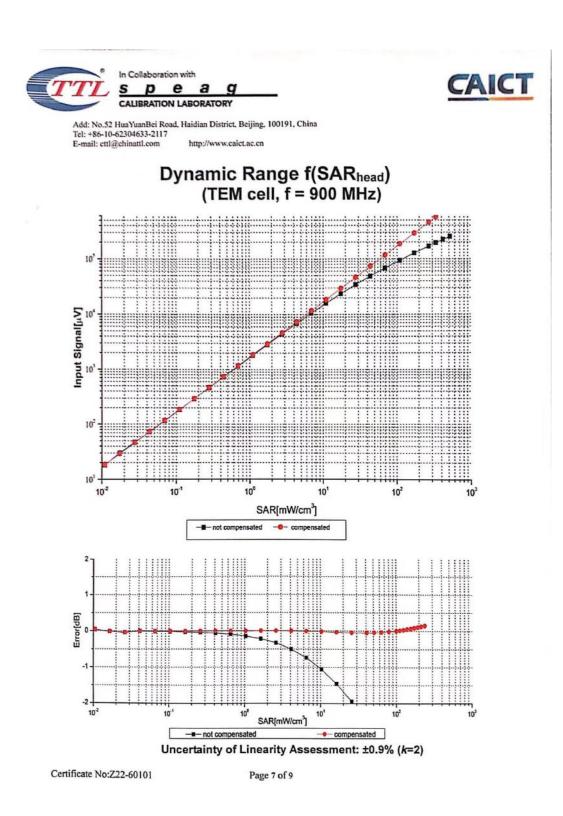


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ±7.4% (k=2)

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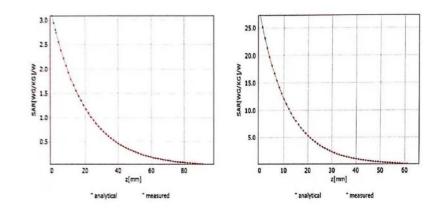


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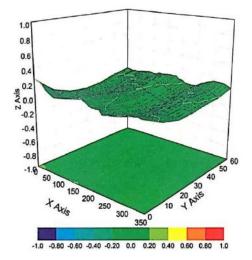
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)



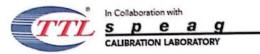
Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ±3.2% (k=2)

Certificate No:Z22-60101

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:7441

Other Probe Parameters Triangular Sensor Arrangement 100.7 Connector Angle (°) enabled **Mechanical Surface Detection Mode** disable **Optical Surface Detection Mode** 337mm Probe Overall Length 10mm **Probe Body Diameter** 9mm Tip Length 2.5mm **Tip Diameter** Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point 1mm Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point 1mm 1mm Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point **Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface** 1.4mm

Certificate No:Z22-60101

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APPENDIX D DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Chmid & Partner Engineering AG eughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich,	of Switzerland	S C S	Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura
Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is			ccreditation No.: SCS 0108
Aultilateral Agreement for the reconnected BACL USA	ognition of calibration		o: D1900V2-5d231_Jan20
CALIBRATION CI	ERTIFICATE		
Object	D1900V2 - SN:50	d231	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v11 Calibration Proce	edure for SAR Validation Sources	s between 0.7-3 GHz
Calibration date:	January 14, 2020)	
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta	ainties with confidence p	ional standards, which realize the physical un robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)*	nd are part of the certificate.
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato E critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%.
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato E critical for calibration)	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) Cal Date (Certificate No.)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4	ainties with confidence p ed in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k)	robability are given on the following pages a ry facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3) ⁴ Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	nd are part of the certificate. °C and humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4	ainties with confidence p and in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103245 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 7349 SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) O3-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) O3-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) O3-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) O3-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) O3-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) O4-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) O4-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. EX3-7349_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103245 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE <u>Primary Standards</u> Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: 601	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	nd are part of the certificate. "C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: WY41092317 SN: 100972 SN: US41080477	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) 30-Oct-14 (in house) 30-Oct-15 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18) 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-19)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20
This calibration certificate documen The measurements and the uncerta All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Primary Standards Power meter NRP Power sensor NRP-Z91 Power sensor NRP-Z91 Reference 20 dB Attenuator Type-N mismatch combination Reference Probe EX3DV4 DAE4 Secondary Standards Power meter E4419B Power sensor HP 8481A Power sensor HP 8481A RF generator R&S SMT-06	ainties with confidence p ad in the closed laborato critical for calibration) ID # SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 7349 SN: 601 ID # SN: GB39512475 SN: US37292783 SN: MY41092317 SN: 100972	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. 217-02895) 31-Dec-19 (No. AE4-601_Dec19) 27-Dec-19 (No. DAE4-601_Dec19) Check Date (in house) 30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18) 15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	nd are part of the certificate. *C and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Apr-20 Dec-20 Dec-20 Scheduled Check In house check: Oct-20 In house check: Oct-20

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d231_Jan20

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.3
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.96 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	5.19 W/kg

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.5 Ω + 4.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Γ	Manufactured by	SPEAG	

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 14.01.2020

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d231

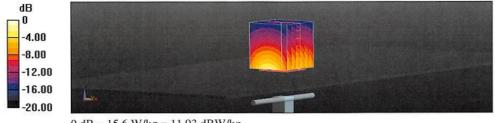
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 S/m; ϵ_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

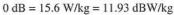
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.6, 8.6, 8.6) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 31.12.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.12.2019
- · Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.3(1513); SEMCAD X 14.6.13(7474)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 110.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.7 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 9.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.19 W/kg Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.8 mm Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 53.9% Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg

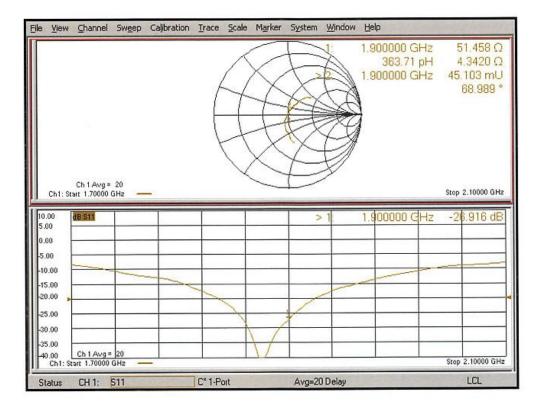




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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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***** END OF REPORT *****