

# FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

**TECNO MOBILE LIMITED**

**RMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER,WORLD FINANCE CTR,**

**HARBOUR CITY, KLN, HK**

Model: Y4

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**Modified History**

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2015-03-25	

**1 General information****1.1 Notes**

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen WST Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

**1.2 Application details**

Date of receipt of test item: 2015-01-14  
Start of test: 2015-01-16  
End of test: 2015-01-21

### 1.3 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Y4 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	0.312
	Hotspot 10mm	<b>1.130</b>
	Body-worn	0.388
GSM1900	Head	0.255
	Hotspot 10mm	0.293
	Body-worn	0.288
WiFi 2450	Head	0.790
	Hotspot 10mm	0.486
The highest simultaneous SAR is 1.539W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate ( SAR ) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003 .

## 1.4 EUT Information

Device Information:			
Product Type:	Mobile Phone		
Model:	Y4		
Trade Mark:	TECNO		
Device Type:	Portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environment / general population		
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit		
Hardware version:	G220_MAIN_PCB_V1.0		
Software version :	Y4-G220-A1-KK		
Antenna Type :	Integral Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s) :	GSM850/1900, WiFi , BT		
Modulation:	GMSK, OFDM/CCK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK		
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
	GSM850	824~849	869~894
	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990
	WiFi	2412~2462	2412~2462
	BT	2402~2480	2402~2480
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12		
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	128-190-251(GSM850)		
	512-661-810(GSM1900)		
	1-6-11 (WiFi)		
	0-39-78(BT)		
Power Source:	3.8 VDC/1800mAh Rechargeable Battery		

## 2 Testing laboratory

Test Site	World Standardization Certification & Testing CO., LTD.
Test Location	Building A, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Telephone	+86-755-26996192
Fax	+86-755-26996253
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number:L3732

## 3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

## 4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Applicant Address:	RMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CTR, HARBOUR CITY, KLN, HK.
Manufacturer Name:	SHENZHEN SMARTTEL CO., LTD.
Manufacturer Address:	6th Floor, Block 15, shatoujiao Free TRADE Zone, Shenyang Road, Yantian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China

**5 Test standard/s:**

ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handset SAR v01r02
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot Mode v02
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v01r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r01



## 5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
<b>Spatial Peak SAR*</b> (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	<b>1.60 mW/g</b>	8.00 mW/g
<b>Spatial Average SAR**</b> (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
<b>Spatial Peak SAR***</b> (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

### Notes:

- \* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- \*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- \*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

## 5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where:

$\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

$\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

## 6 SAR Measurement System

### 6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

## 6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

## 6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm  
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

## 6.4 Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- GSM: Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- WiFi: Input \*#xxxx# to enter the engineering model. Set the appropriate configuration to start testing
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.
- The “area scan” measure the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interpolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measurements is 15 mm in X- and Y- dimension ( $\leq 2$ GHz), 12 mm in X- and Y- dimension (2-4GHz) and 10 mm in X- and Y- dimension (4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.
- A “zoom scan” measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous “coarse” scan. This is a fine with maximum scan spatial resolution:  $\Delta X_{\text{zoom}}, \Delta Y_{\text{zoom}} \leq 2$ GHz-  $\leq 8$ mm, 2-4GHz  $\leq 5$ mm and 4-6GHz  $\leq 4$ mm;  $\Delta Z_{\text{zoom}} \leq 3$ GHz-  $\leq 5$ mm, 3-4GHz  $\leq 4$ mm and 4-

6GHz  $\leq$  2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom .

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the X- and Y- position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in Z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can –depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depth.

According to the KDB 865664 01 area scan and zoom scan Settings as shown in the figure below:

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan resolution ( $\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan spatial resolution ( $\Delta x_{zoom}, \Delta y_{zoom}$ )	Maximum Zoom Scan spatial resolution			Minimum zoom scan volume (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
			$\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)^*$	
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	≤1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	≤1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥22mm

## 6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is used to determine these highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

## 6.6 Phantom

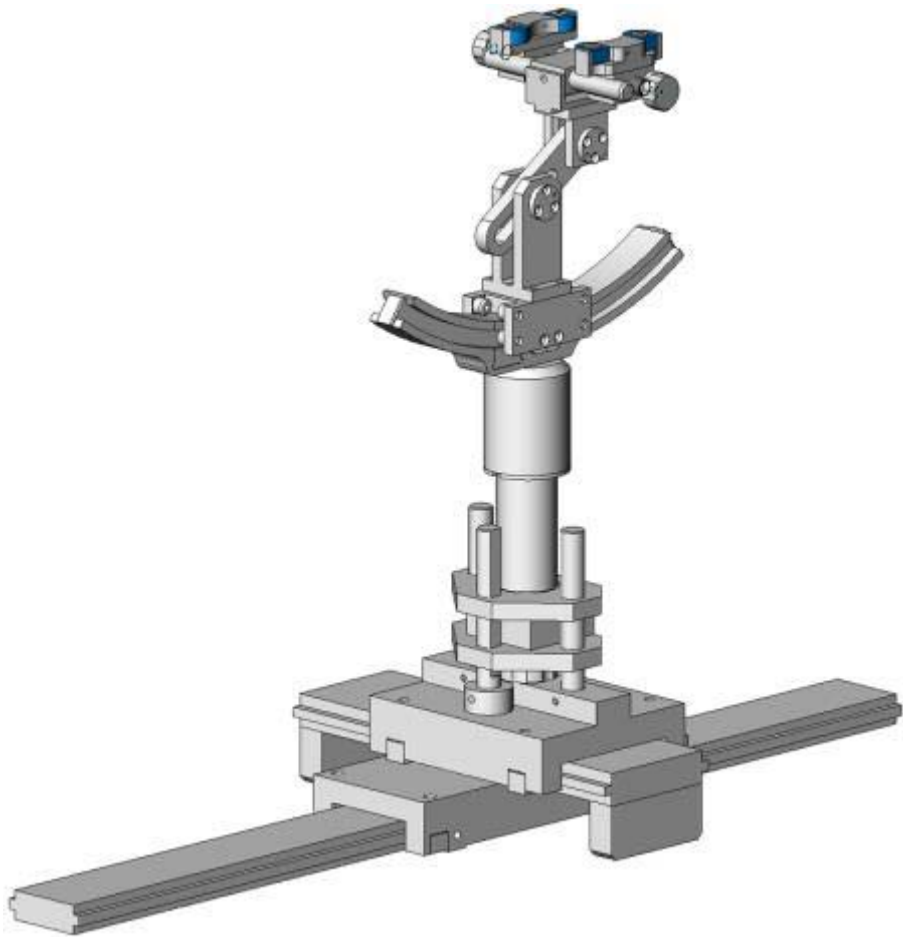
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

**6.7 Device Holder**

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with requirement of the testing, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

## 6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





## 6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with ☒):

Ingredients(% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)				
frequency band	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)				
frequency band	<input type="checkbox"/> 450	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 835	<input type="checkbox"/> 1800	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

**6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters**

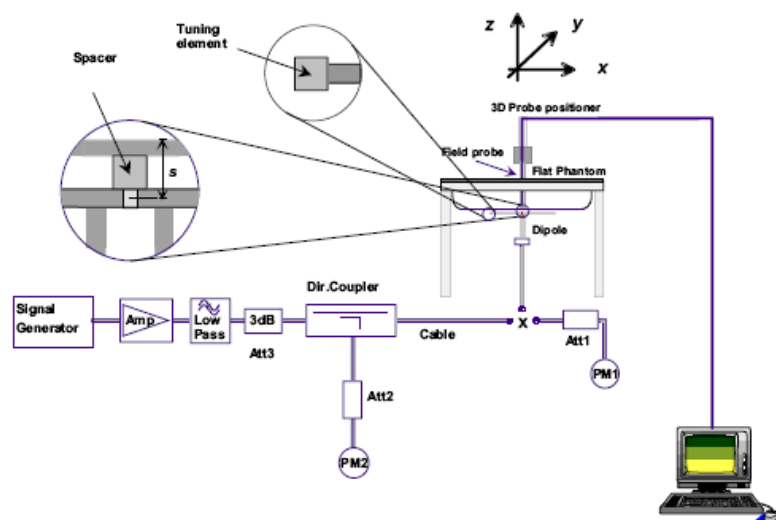
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		$\epsilon_r$ (+/-5%)	$\sigma$ (S/m) (+/-5%)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)		
835MHz Head	825	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.57	0.87	21.2°C	2015-01-16
	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.50	0.89		
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.27	0.91		
835MHz Body	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.41	0.98	21.2°C	2015-01-16
	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.38	0.99		
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.21	1.01		
1900MHz Head	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.23	1.36	21.2°C	2015-01-19
	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.10	1.39		
	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.00	1.42		
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.94	1.44		
1900MHz Body	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.50	1.47	21.2°C	2015-01-19
	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.36	1.51		
	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.31	1.54		
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.23	1.56		
2450MHz Head	2410	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.37	1.74	21.2°C	2015-01-21
	2435	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.29	1.79		
	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.23	1.82		
	2460	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.21	1.84		
2450MHz Body	2410	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.69	1.91	21.2°C	2015-01-21
	2435	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.59	1.96		
	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.54	1.99		
	2460	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.51	2.01		
$\epsilon_r$ = Relative permittivity, $\sigma$ = Conductivity							

## 7 System Check

### 7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



## 7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%)		Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)		
D835V2 Head	9.56 (8.60~10.52)	6.19 (5.57~6.81)	9.360	6.100	21.2°C	2015-01-16
D1900V2 Head	39.46 (35.51~43.41)	20.42 (18.38~22.46)	39.040	20.270	21.2°C	2015-01-19
D2450V2 Head	53.08 (47.77~58.39)	23.79 (21.41~26.17)	50.750	22.71	21.2°C	2015-01-21
D835V2 Body	9.86 (8.87~10.85)	6.38 (5.74~7.02)	9.980	6.510	21.2°C	2015-01-16
D1900V2 Body	40.06 (36.05~44.07)	20.76 (18.68~22.84)	43.700	22.390	21.2°C	2015-01-19
D2450V2 Body	54.76 (49.28~60.24)	24.47 (22.02~26.92)	57.660	25.780	21.2°C	2015-01-21
Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.						

## 8 SAR Test Test Configuration

### 8.1 GSM Test Configurations

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to “5” and “0” in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

### 8.2 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	“Default Test Channels”	
				802.11b	802.11g
802.11b/g	2.4 GHz	2412	1#	√	Δ
		2437	6	√	Δ
		2462	11#	√	Δ

Notes:

√ = “default test channels”

Δ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the “default test channels”

# = when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

## 9 Detailed Test Results

### 9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

#### 9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH		128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM(CS)		33.25	33.36	33.30	-9.03	24.22	24.33	24.27
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	33.23	33.27	33.34	-9.03	24.20	24.24	24.31
	2 Tx Slots	32.21	32.38	32.41	-6.02	26.19	26.36	26.39
	3 Tx Slots	30.42	30.49	30.51	-4.26	26.16	26.23	26.25
	4 Tx Slots	29.66	29.46	29.68	-3.01	<b>26.65</b>	<b>26.45</b>	<b>26.67</b>

GSM850(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH		128CH	190CH	251CH
GSM(CS)		33.20	33.37	33.38	-9.03	24.17	24.34	24.35
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	33.26	33.31	33.42	-9.03	24.23	24.28	24.39
	2 Tx Slots	32.18	32.33	32.37	-6.02	26.16	26.31	26.35
	3 Tx Slots	30.31	30.46	30.32	-4.26	26.05	26.20	26.06
	4 Tx Slots	29.70	29.58	29.56	-3.01	<b>26.69</b>	<b>26.57</b>	<b>26.55</b>

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with Avg detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8

5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first,and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode .

**9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900**

GSM1900(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH		512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM(CS)		30.56	30.51	30.31	-9.03	21.53	21.48	21.28
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	30.61	30.47	30.49	-9.03	21.58	21.44	21.46
	2 Tx Slots	29.39	29.38	29.27	-6.02	23.37	23.36	23.25
	3 Tx Slots	27.34	27.18	27.19	-4.26	23.08	22.92	22.93
	4 Tx Slots	26.49	26.59	26.43	-3.01	<b>23.48</b>	<b>23.58</b>	<b>23.42</b>

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH		512CH	661CH	810CH
GSM(CS)		30.54	30.50	30.36	-9.03	21.51	21.47	21.33
GPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	30.67	30.47	30.50	-9.03	21.64	21.44	21.47
	2 Tx Slots	29.34	29.42	29.23	-6.02	23.32	23.40	23.21
	3 Tx Slots	27.33	27.24	27.24	-4.26	23.07	22.98	22.98
	4 Tx Slots	26.49	26.57	26.61	-3.01	<b>23.48</b>	<b>23.56</b>	<b>23.60</b>

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with Avg detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8

5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first,and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode .

**9.1.3 Conducted Power of WiFi 2.4G**

Wi-Fi 2450MHz	Channel	Average Power (dBm) for Data Rates (Mbps)							
		1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/
802.11b	1	14.15	14.21	14.19	14.09	/	/	/	/
	6	14.23	14.31	14.28	14.10	/	/	/	/
	11	14.25	14.34	14.32	14.11	/	/	/	/
802.11g	Channel	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
	1	12.86	12.81	12.85	12.91	12.87	12.96	12.89	12.92
	6	12.83	12.92	13.01	13.03	12.90	12.98	12.95	12.98
	11	13.01	13.09	13.07	13.11	13.10	13.09	12.99	13.13
802.11n (20M)	Channel	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
	1	12.95	13.04	13.05	13.10	12.98	13.08	13.10	12.99
	6	13.17	13.20	13.22	13.19	13.09	13.13	13.27	13.11
	11	13.19	13.22	13.30	13.24	13.10	13.26	13.26	13.30
802.11n (40M)	Channel	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
	3	12.16	12.19	12.20	12.26	12.31	12.28	12.31	12.29
	6	12.19	12.26	12.29	12.32	12.36	12.37	12.35	12.26
	9	12.35	12.39	12.42	12.40	12.35	12.42	12.42	12.37

Note:

1. The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with Avg detector.
2. Per KDB248227, For each frequency band, Testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3) channel /Frequency:1/2412,3/2422,6/2437,9/2452,11/2462,

**9.1.4 Conducted Power of BT**

The maximum output power of BT is:

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)		
	0CH	39CH	78CH
1Mbps	5.84	5.97	5.73
2Mbps	4.98	5.01	4.64
3Mbps	5.01	5.04	4.66

Note: 1) channel /Frequency:0/2402,39/2441,78/2480.



This is the peak power in BT report:

<b>1Mbps</b>				
Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	LIMIT(dBm)	Result
CH00	2402	6.59	20.96	Pass
CH39	2441	6.71	20.96	Pass
CH78	2480	6.23	20.96	Pass
<b>2Mbps</b>				
CH00	2402	5.57	20.96	Pass
CH39	2441	5.67	20.96	Pass
CH78	2480	5.16	20.96	Pass
<b>3Mbps</b>				
CH00	2402	5.60	20.96	Pass
CH39	2441	5.65	20.96	Pass
CH78	2480	5.16	20.96	Pass

## 9.2 SAR test results

### Notes:

1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02, the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit ( $< 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ ), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:  $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$  or  $2.0 \text{ W/kg}$ , for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$ . When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$ , instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.

4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to device. When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is  $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ , no additional SAR evaluation using a headset required.

Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.

5) Per KDB248227 D01v01r02, the procedures required to establish specific device operating configurations for testing the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters.

6) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8 \text{ W/Kg}$ ; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is  $\leq 20\%$ , and the measured SAR  $< 1.45 \text{ W/Kg}$ , only one repeated measurement is required.

7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is  $> 1.5 \text{ W/kg}$ , or  $> 7.0 \text{ W/kg}$  for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing (Refer to appendix B for details).

8) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than  $9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$ , so  $10 \text{ mm}$  is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than  $2.5 \text{ cm}$ , such position does not need to be tested.

**9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850**

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tun e-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.269	0.192	0.040	33.36	34.000	<b>0.312</b>	21.2°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.232	0.166	0.530	33.36	34.000	0.269	21.2°C
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.247	0.179	-1.260	33.36	34.000	0.286	21.2°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.183	0.133	-0.250	33.36	34.000	0.212	21.2°C
Test the SIM2 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot									
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.266	0.193	-0.080	33.370	34.000	0.308	21.2°C
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tun e-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.627	0.442	1.540	29.460	30.000	0.710	21.2°C
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.829	0.580	1.930	29.460	30.000	0.939	21.2°C
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.642	0.455	0.220	29.660	30.000	0.694	21.2°C
Towards Ground	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.037	0.707	0.180	29.680	30.000	1.116	21.2°C
Towards Ground Repeat	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.034	0.709	2.560	29.680	30.000	1.113	21.2°C
Right edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.524	0.340	1.010	29.460	30.000	0.593	21.2°C
Left edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.299	0.203	-2.930	29.460	30.000	0.339	21.2°C
Bottom edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.093	0.058	-2.700	29.460	30.000	0.105	21.2°C
Test the SIM2 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot									
Towards Ground	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.021	0.704	-0.590	29.560	30.000	<b>1.130</b>	21.2°C
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.785	0.549	-2.400	29.700	30.000	0.841	21.2°C
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.958	0.679	-1.160	29.580	30.000	1.055	21.2°C
Towards Ground with Headset	251/848.8	GSM	0.351	0.238	0.750	29.560	30.000	0.388	21.2°C

**9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900**

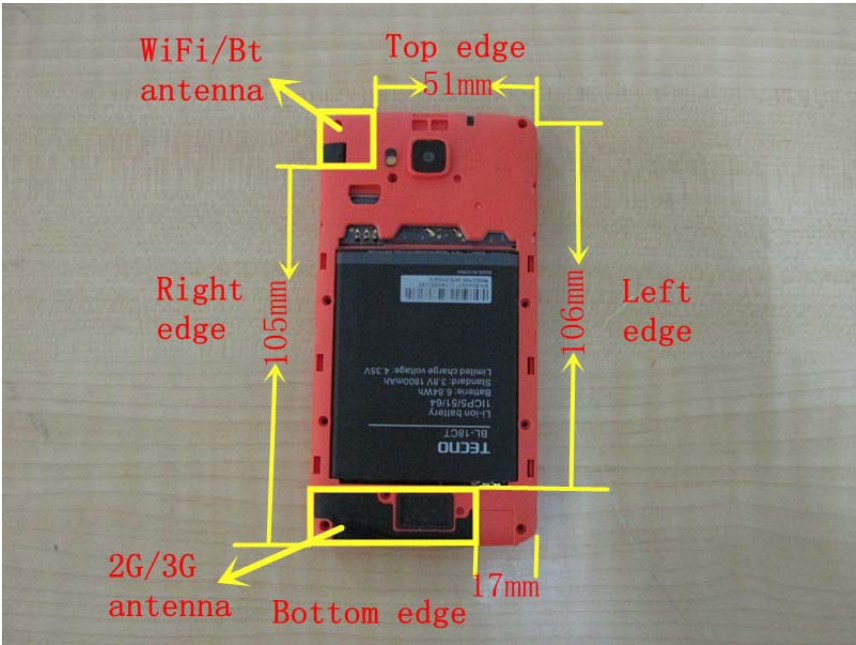
Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.127	0.077	-0.470	30.510	31.000	0.142	21.2°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.040	0.025	3.530	30.510	31.000	0.045	21.2°C
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.221	0.124	-2.150	30.510	31.000	0.247	21.2°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.062	0.037	-1.240	30.510	31.000	0.069	21.2°C
Test the SIM2 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot									
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.227	0.129	-3.410	30.500	31.000	<b>0.255</b>	21.2°C
Test Position of Body with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.201	0.121	-2.910	26.590	28.000	0.278	21.2°C
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.212	0.121	2.960	26.590	28.000	<b>0.293</b>	21.2°C
Right edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.060	0.033	2.430	26.590	28.000	0.083	21.2°C
Left edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.060	0.027	0.300	26.590	28.000	0.083	21.2°C
Bottom edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.187	0.091	-2.570	26.590	28.000	0.259	21.2°C
Test the SIM2 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot									
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.198	0.114	-0.230	26.570	28.000	0.275	21.2°C
Towards Ground with Headset	661/1880	GSM	0.208	0.121	-3.080	26.590	28.000	0.288	21.2°C

**9.2.3 Results overview of WiFi 2.4G**

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Left Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11b	0.746	0.360	1.130	14.250	14.500	<b>0.790</b>	21.2°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	11/2462	802.11b	0.500	0.255	2.900	14.250	14.500	0.530	21.2°C
Right Hand Touched	11/2462	802.11b	0.529	0.287	0.350	14.250	14.500	0.560	21.2°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	11/2462	802.11b	0.494	0.255	-0.270	14.250	14.500	0.523	21.2°C
Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift (%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Avg.Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub> (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
			1-g	10-g					
Towards Phantom	11/2462	802.11b	0.459	0.255	-0.940	14.250	14.500	<b>0.486</b>	21.2°C
Towards Ground	11/2462	802.11b	0.386	0.214	0.670	14.250	14.500	0.409	21.2°C
Top edge	11/2462	802.11b	0.294	0.152	-0.260	14.250	14.500	0.311	21.2°C
Right edge	11/2462	802.11b	0.071	0.036	-0.410	14.250	14.500	0.075	21.2°C

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

The location of the antennas inside Y4 is shown as below picture:



<Rear side>

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
2G/3G Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WiFi	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

1) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

### 10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

a) Head position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation Result	exclusion Threshold	SAR test exclusion
BT	6.00	3.98	5.00	2.450	1.25	3.00	Yes

b) Body-Worn position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation Result	exclusion Threshold	SAR test exclusion
BT	6.00	3.98	10.00	2.450	0.63	3.00	Yes

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$  for test separation distances  $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$ , where  $x = 7.5$  for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5 \text{ mm}$ , a distance of  $5 \text{ mm}$  is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	X	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	6.00	3.98	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.167
BT	Body	6.00	3.98	10.00	2.45	7.50	0.084

### 10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities			
Simultaneous Tx Combination	Configuration	Head	Body
1	GSM/GPRS+WIFI	YES	YES
2	GSM/GPRS+BT	YES	YES

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and WiFi ,because the BT and WiFi share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.



**10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario**

Test Position		Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub>		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM850	WIFI		
Head	Left Hand Touched	<b>0.312</b>	0.790	1.102	NA
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.269	0.530	0.799	NA
	Right Hand Touched	0.286	0.560	0.846	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.212	0.523	0.735	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.710	0.486	1.196	NA
	Towards Ground	1.130	0.409	<b>1.539</b>	NA
	Left edge	0.339	0	0.339	NA
	Right edge	0.593	0.075	0.668	NA
	Top edge	0	0.311	0.311	NA
	Bottom edge	0.105	0	0.105	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WIFI

Test Position		Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub>		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900	WIFI		
Head	Left Hand Touched	0.142	0.790	<b>0.932</b>	NA
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.045	0.530	0.575	NA
	Right Hand Touched	0.255	0.560	0.815	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.069	0.523	0.592	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.278	0.486	0.764	NA
	Towards Ground	0.293	0.409	0.702	NA
	Left edge	0.083	0	0.083	NA
	Right edge	0.083	0.075	0.158	NA
	Top edge	0	0.311	0.311	NA
	Bottom edge	0.259	0	0.259	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WIFI

Test Position		Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub>		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM850	BT		
Head	Left Hand Touched	0.312	0.167	0.479	NA
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.269	0.167	0.436	NA
	Right Hand Touched	0.286	0.167	0.453	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.212	0.167	0.379	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.710	0.084	0.794	NA
	Towards Ground	1.130	0.084	<b>1.214</b>	NA
	Left edge	0.339	0.084	0.423	NA
	Right edge	0.593	0.084	0.677	NA
	Top edge	0	0.084	0.084	NA
	Bottom edge	0.105	0.084	0.189	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled SAR <sub>Max</sub>		$\sum_{1-g}$ SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900	BT		
Head	Left Hand Touched	0.142	0.167	0.309	NA
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.045	0.167	0.212	NA
	Right Hand Touched	0.255	0.167	<b>0.422</b>	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.069	0.167	0.236	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.278	0.084	0.362	NA
	Towards Ground	0.293	0.084	0.377	NA
	Left edge	0.083	0.084	0.167	NA
	Right edge	0.083	0.084	0.167	NA
	Top edge	0	0.084	0.084	NA
	Bottom edge	0.259	0.084	0.343	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

MAX.  $\sum SAR_{1g} = 1.539 \text{ W/kg} < 1.6 \text{ W/kg}$ , so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM antenna.

## 11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

### 11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> (1g)	C <sub>i</sub> (10g)	1g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	10g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	V <sub>i</sub>
<b>measurement system</b>								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Conditions-Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>		Rss				10.63	10.54	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL}</b>		k				21.26	21.08	

## 11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Uncertainty For System Performance Check								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> 1g	C <sub>i</sub> 10g	1g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	10g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	V <sub>i</sub>
<b>measurement system</b>								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
<b>Dipole</b>								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞
Liquid conductivity ( meas. )	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity ( meas. )	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>		Rss				10.28	9.98	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)</b>		k				20.57	19.95	

## 12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufacturer	Device Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
<input type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2014-07-10	2015-07-09
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	R & S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A-0004	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2014-10-13	2015-10-12

## **Annex A: System performance verification**

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)





## **Annex B: Measurement results**

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

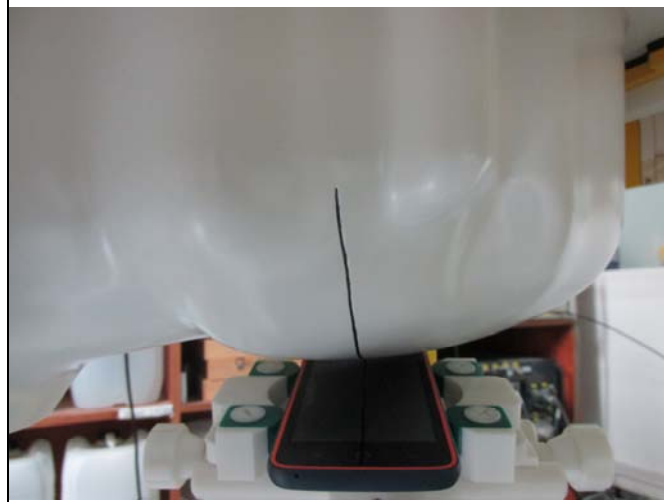



## **Annex C: Calibration reports**

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)





**Annex D: Photo documentation**

<p>Photo 1: Measurement System OPENSAR</p> 	<p>Photo 2: Front view</p> 
<p>Photo 3: Rear View</p> 	<p>Photo 4: Left Hand Touched</p> 



<p>Photo 5: Left Hand Tilted 15°</p> 	<p>Photo 6: Right Hand Touched</p> 
<p>Photo 7: Right Hand Tilted 15°</p> 	<p>Photo 8: Towards Phantom 10mm</p> 



<p>Photo 9: Towards Ground 10mm</p>  A photograph showing a white, multi-tiered structure with a black top surface. The structure is positioned in front of a background of white plastic jerrycans on orange shelves. The camera is angled downwards, looking towards the ground.	<p>Photo 10: Towards Ground with Headset10mm</p>  A photograph similar to Photo 9, but with a black headset cable visible on the right side of the white structure. The camera is angled downwards, looking towards the ground.
<p>Photo 11: Left Edge</p>  A photograph showing the left edge of the white structure. A black smartphone is visible on the left side, and a black headset cable is visible on the right side. The background shows white plastic jerrycans on orange shelves.	<p>Photo 12: Right Edge</p>  A photograph showing the right edge of the white structure. A black smartphone is visible on the right side, and a black headset cable is visible on the left side. The background shows white plastic jerrycans on orange shelves.



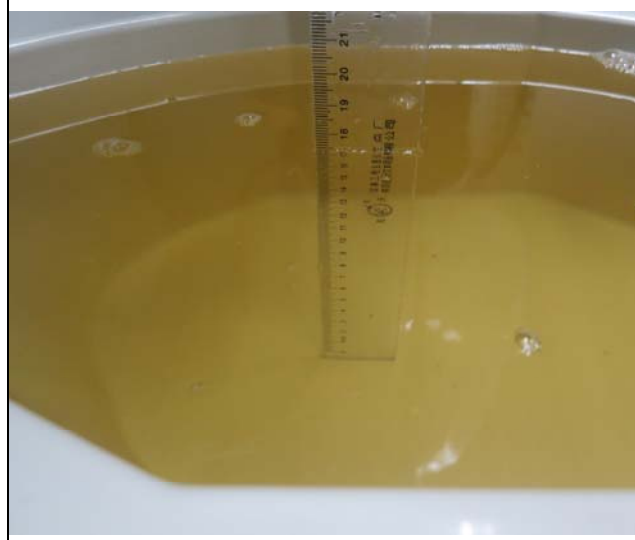
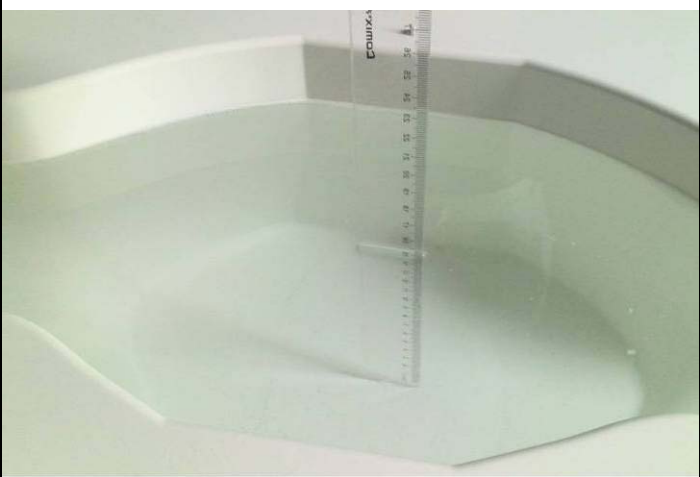



<p>Photo 13: Bottom Edge</p> 	<p>Photo 14: 850 Head Liquid Depth <math>\geq 15.0\text{cm}</math></p> 
<p>Photo 15: 850 Body Liquid Depth <math>\geq 15.0\text{cm}</math></p> 	<p>Photo 16: 1900 Head Liquid Depth <math>\geq 15.0\text{cm}</math></p> 

Photo 17: 1900 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	Photo 18: 2450 Head Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm
	
Photo 19: 2450 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	
	

End



## Annex A: System Performance Verification

**Project Name : Y4**

**Report Number:  
FCC15016703-2**

### I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Validation	CW835	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW835	<u>Measurement 2:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	<u>Measurement 3:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	<u>Measurement 4:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW2450	<u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW2450	<u>Measurement 6:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode

## MEASUREMENT 1

### Verification\_with\_Head\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 16/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 19 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

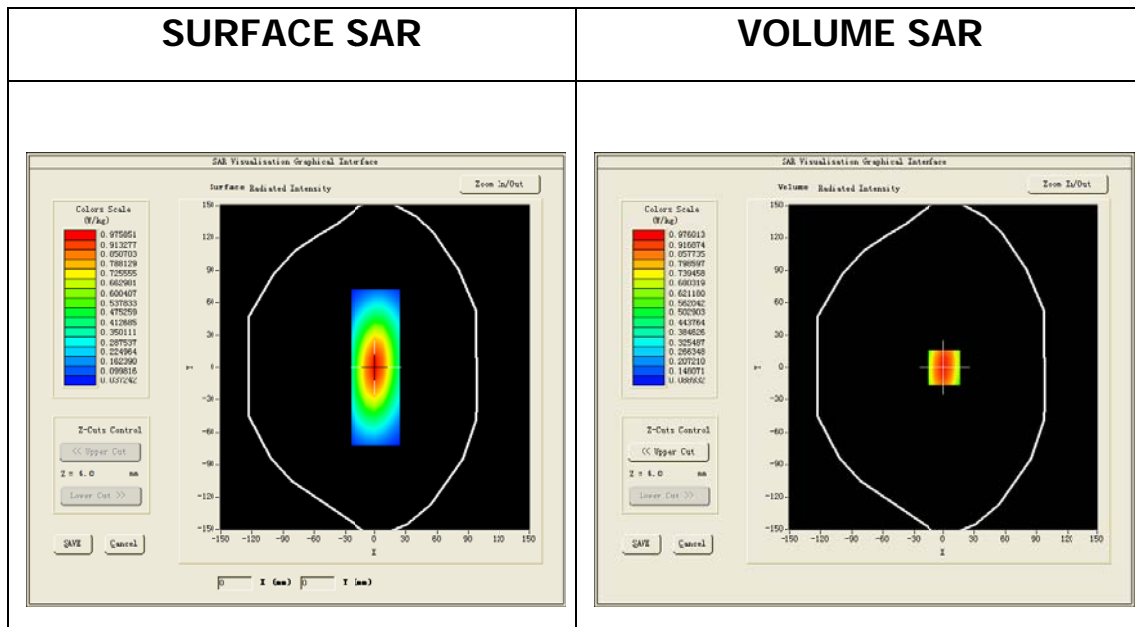
#### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.502300
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.419001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.900826
Variation (%)	0.070000

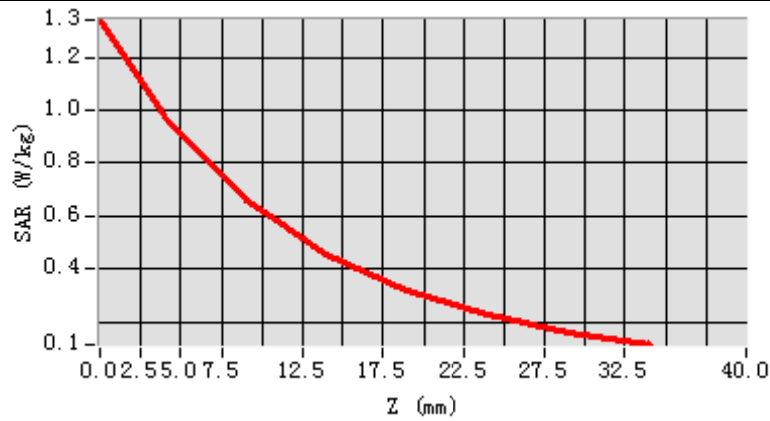


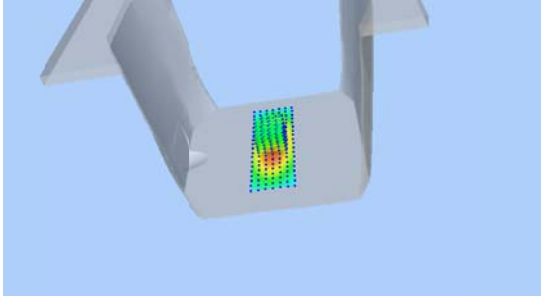

Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.34 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.609821
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.936451

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.3421	0.9760	0.6587	0.4548	0.3177	0.2240	0.1591



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 2

### Verification\_with\_Body\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 16/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 18 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

#### B. Instrumentations.

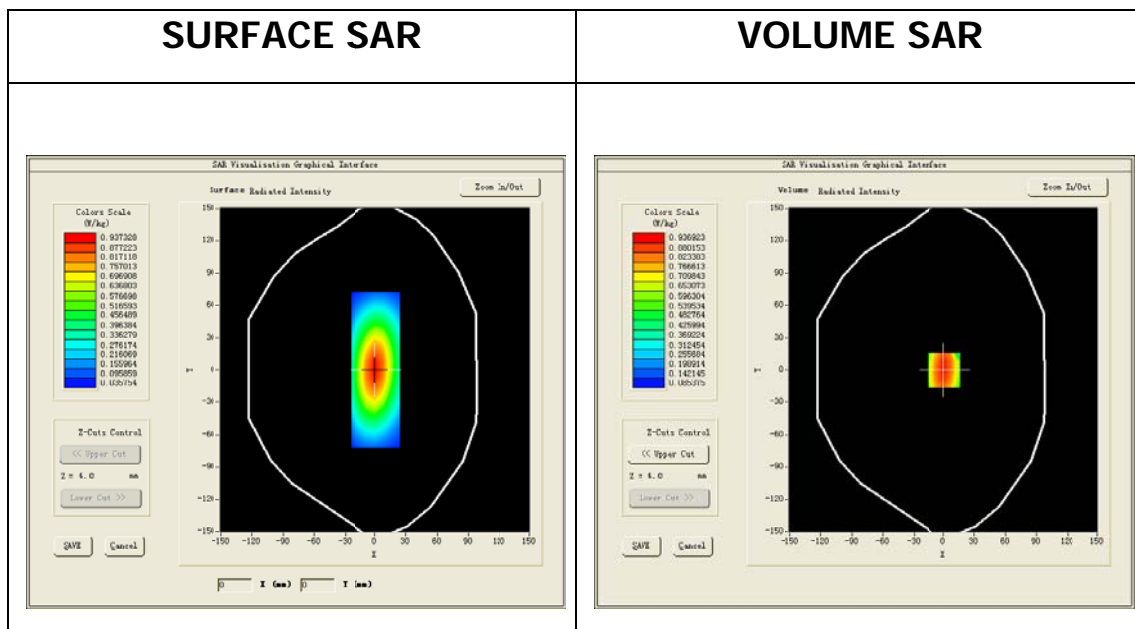
Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.86	5/2014	5/2015



## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.375099
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.985201
Conductivity (S/m)	0.973480
Variation (%)	0.650000

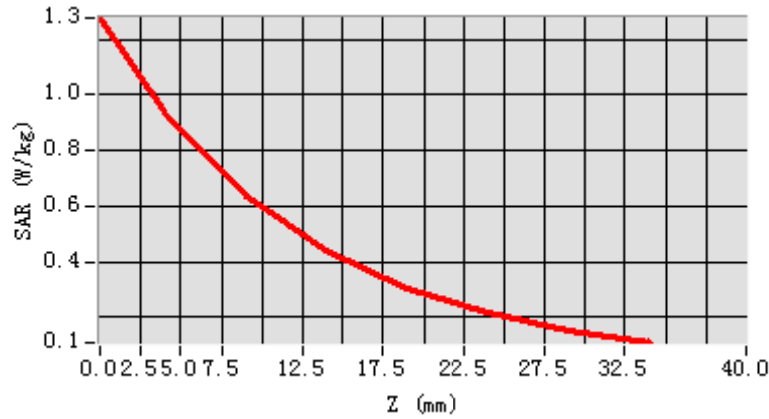


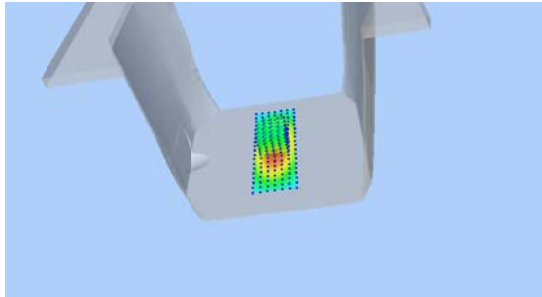
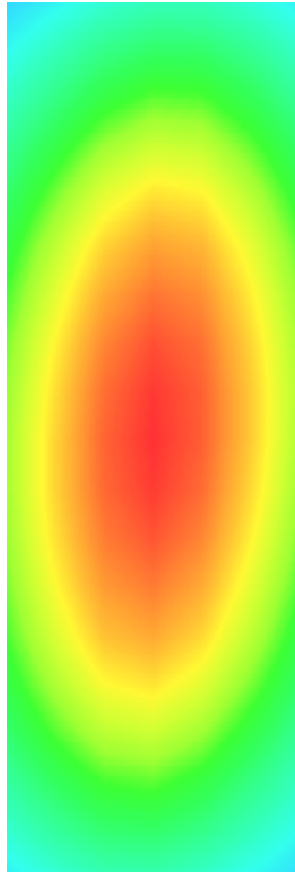
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.41 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.650753
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.997771

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.2772	0.9369	0.6371	0.4386	0.3063	0.2157	0.1530



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 3

### Verification\_with\_Head\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/1/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 35 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

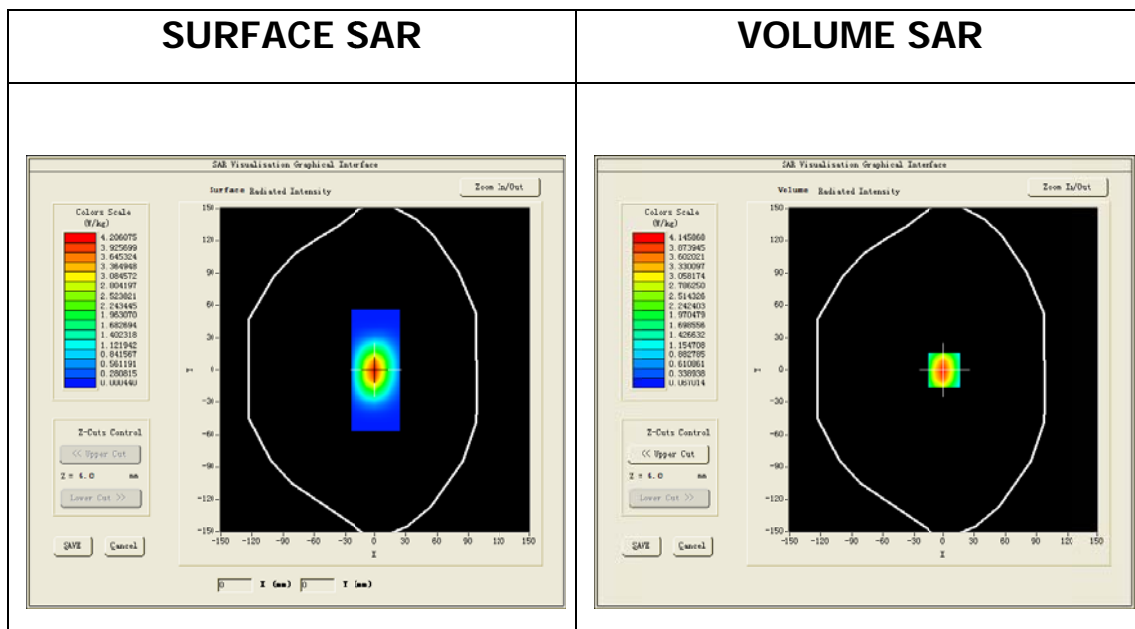
#### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000999
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.258200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.399477
Variation (%)	1.060000

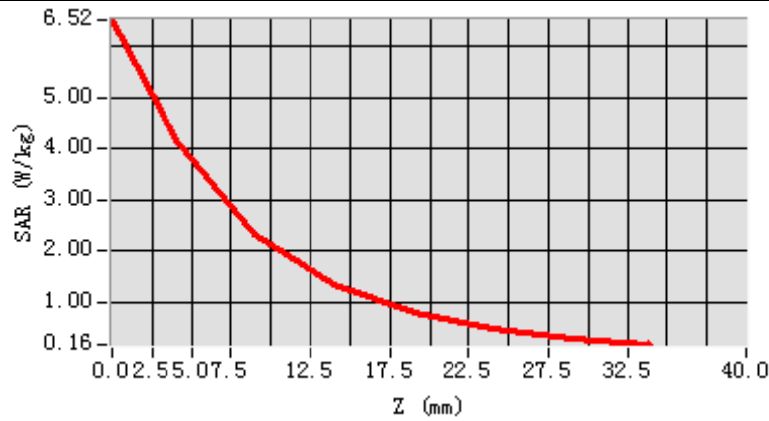


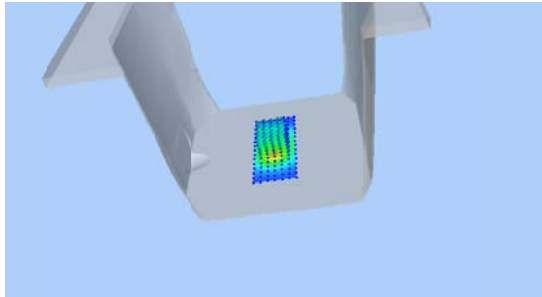
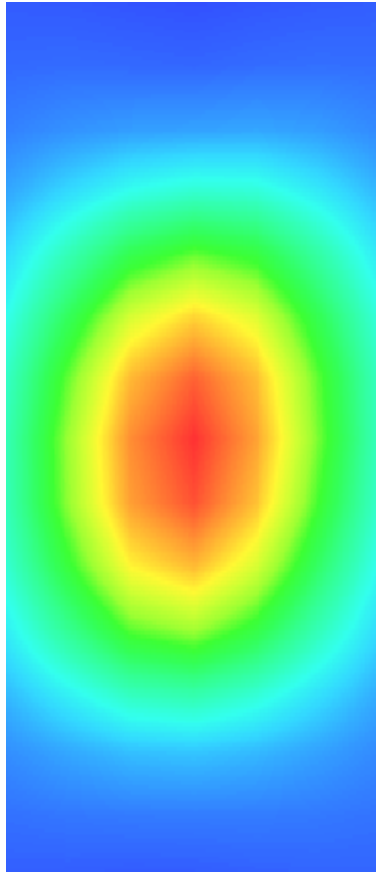
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 6.47 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.026713
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.903555

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.5156	4.1459	2.3061	1.3328	0.7763	0.4560	0.2705



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 4

### Verification\_with\_Body\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/1/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 21 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

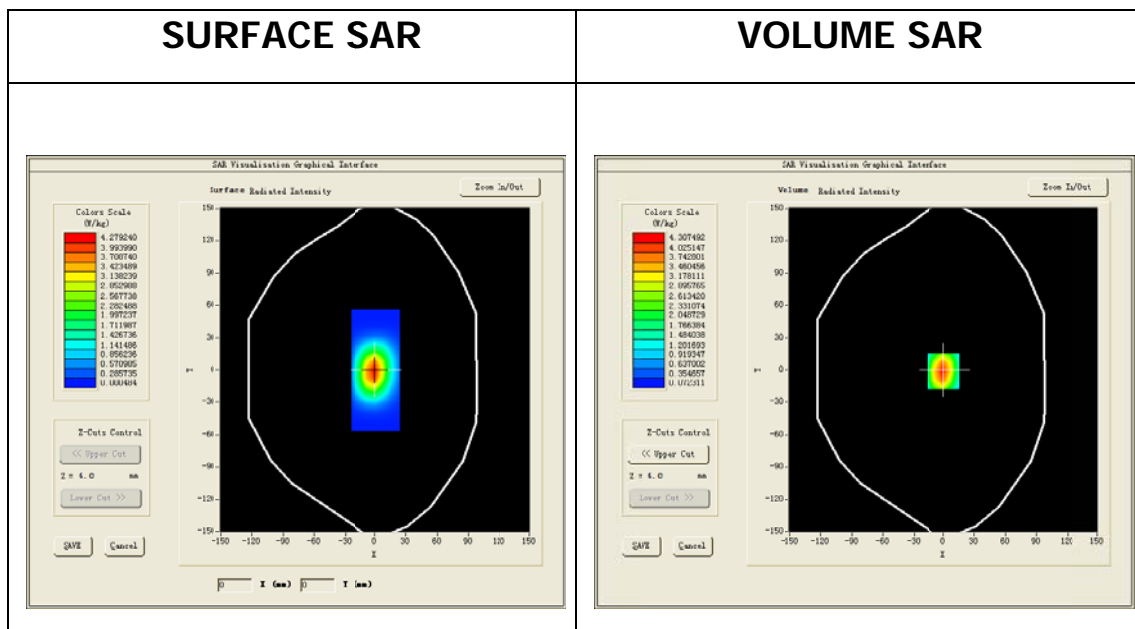
### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.41	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.308899
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.399800
Conductivity (S/m)	1.519979
Variation (%)	-0.050000

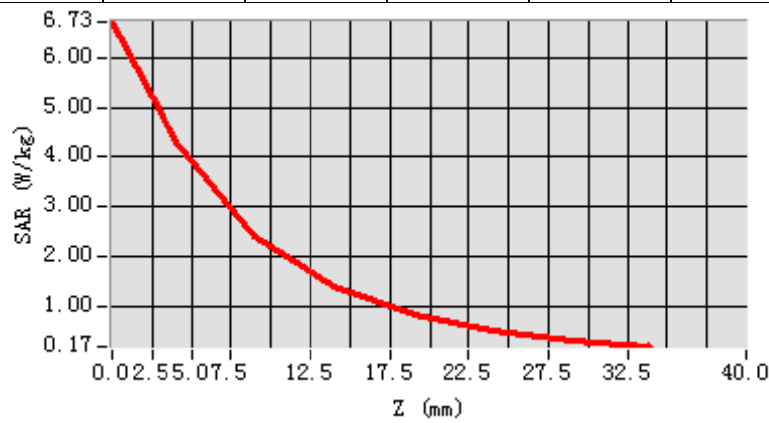


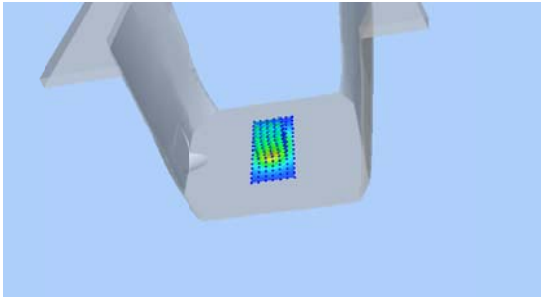
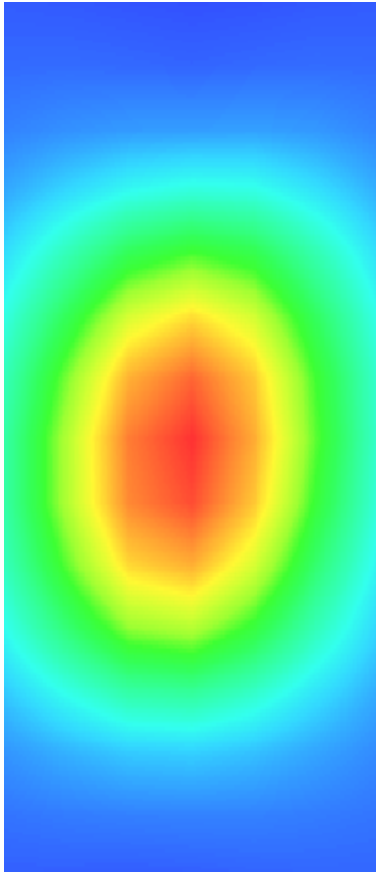
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 7.25 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.239348
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.369623

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.7295	4.3075	2.4157	1.3965	0.8174	0.4810	0.2857



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	



## MEASUREMENT 5

### Verification\_with\_Head\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 54 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

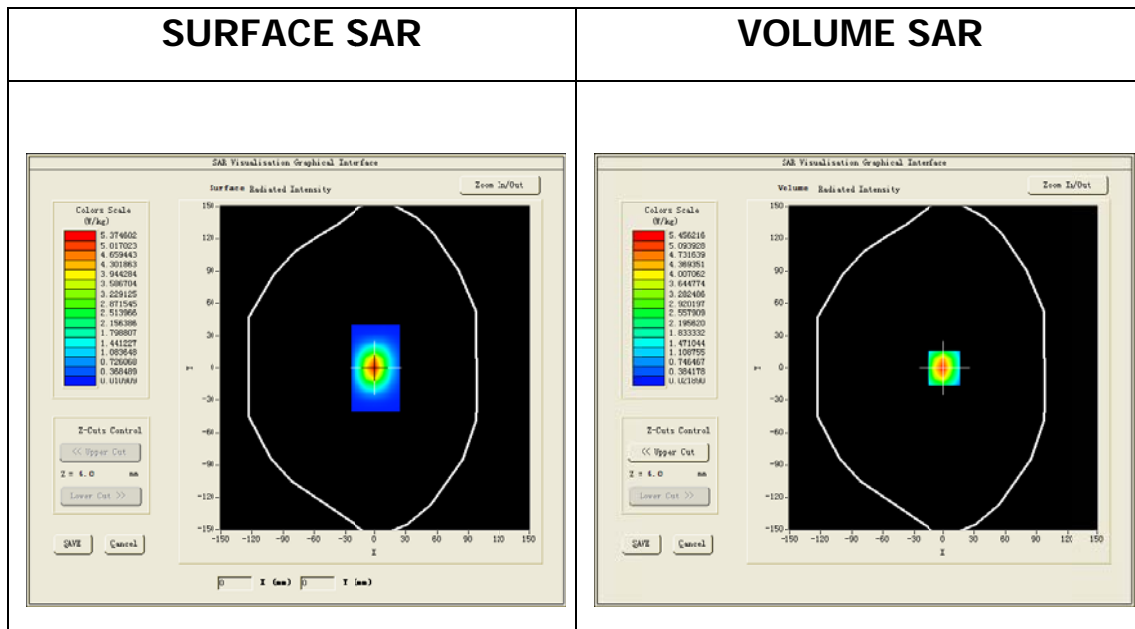
#### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 4.84	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.229900
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.204200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.797238
Variation (%)	0.330000

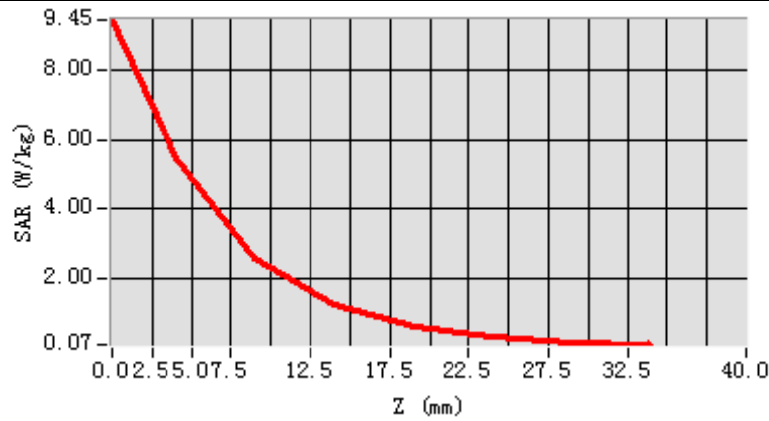


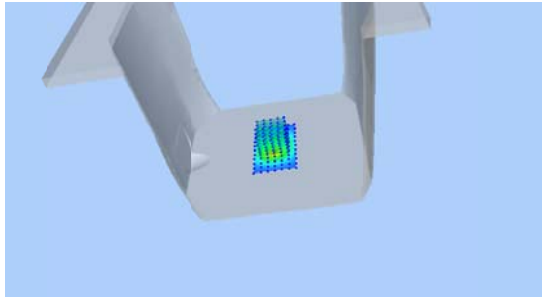
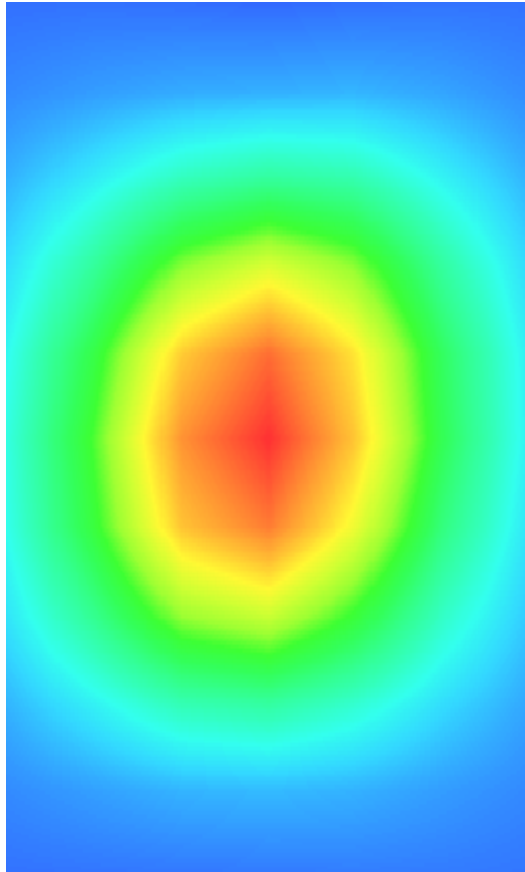
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 9.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.271132
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.075363

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	9.4470	5.4562	2.5716	1.2426	0.6116	0.2998	0.1485



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 6

### Verification\_with\_Body\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 50 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2450</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

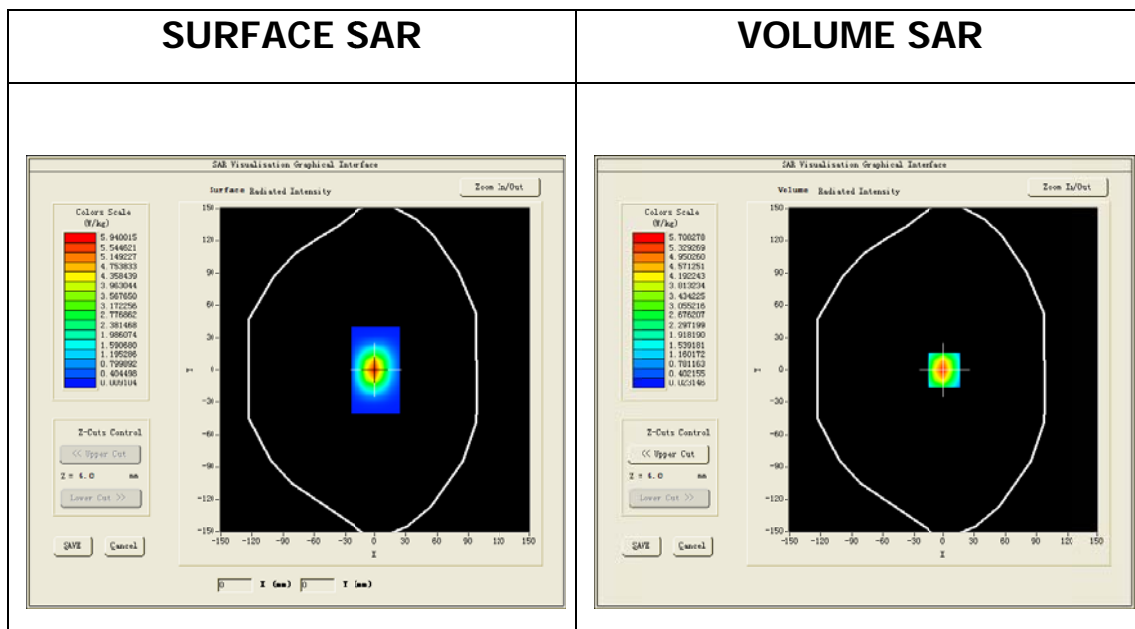
#### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.00	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.535900
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.340400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.951888
Variation (%)	-1.690000

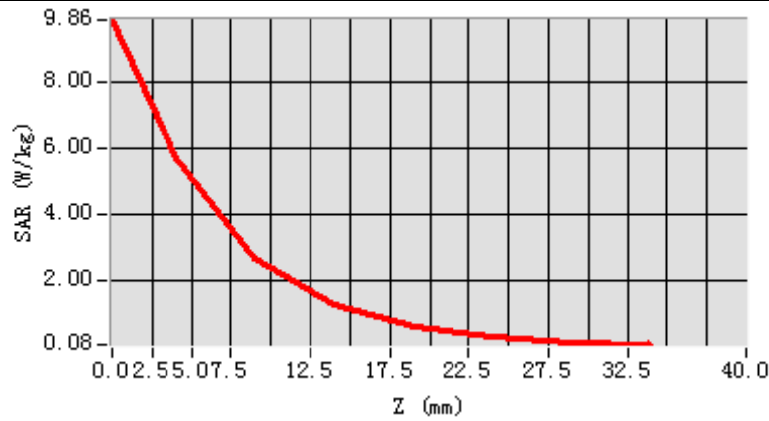


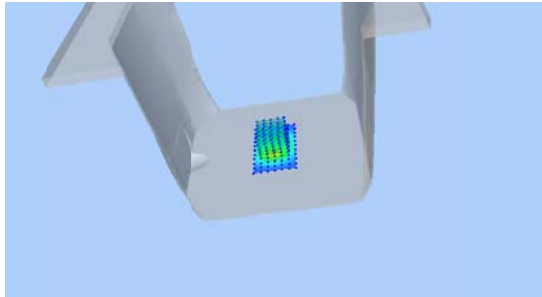
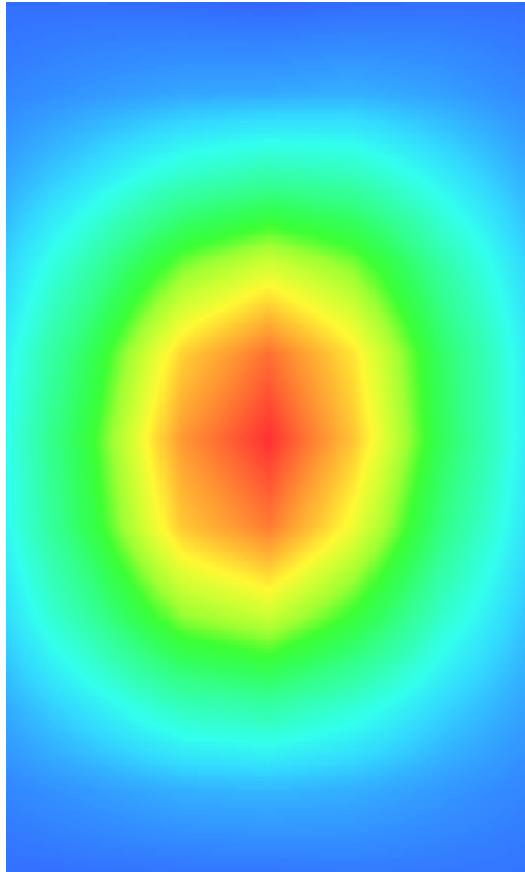
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00


SAR Peak: 10.62 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.578221
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.765975

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	9.8566	5.7083	2.7004	1.3056	0.6406	0.3159	0.1564



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

	<b>Annex B: Measurement Results</b>
	<b>Project Name : Y4</b>
	<b>Report Number: FCC15016703-2</b>

## I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	<u>Measurement 2:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	IEEE 802.11b ISM	<u>Measurement 3:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in --- mode
Phone	IEEE 802.11b ISM	<u>Measurement 4:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in --- mode
Phone	CUSTOM	<u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS850_4Tx)
Phone	CUSTOM	<u>Measurement 6:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS1900_4Tx)

## MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 16/1/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 23 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>

### B. Instrumentations.

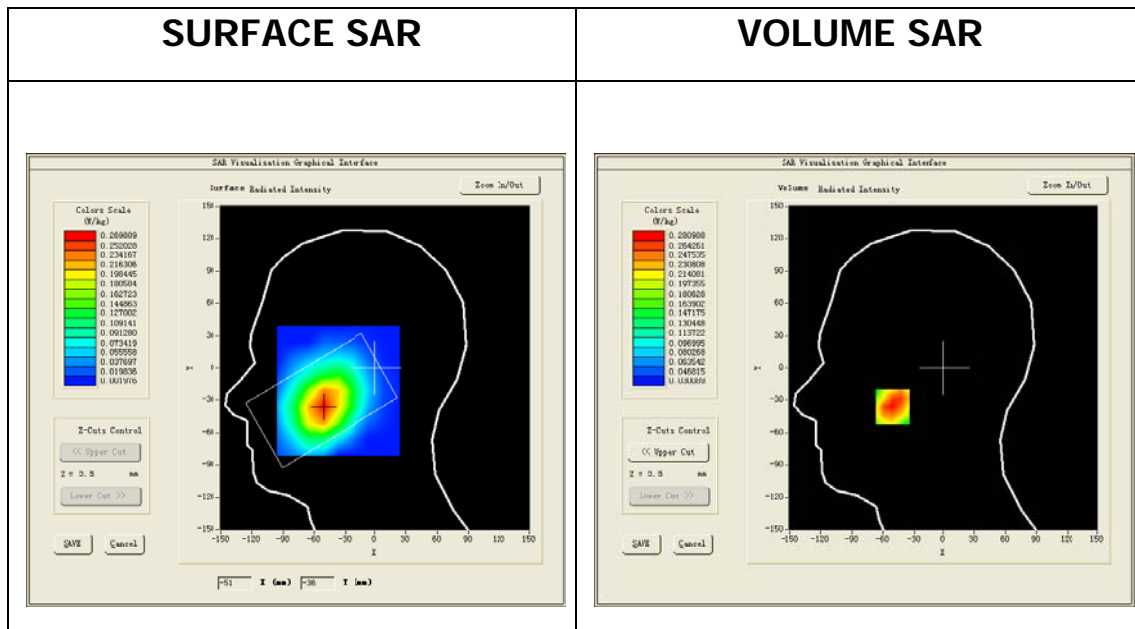
Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.464142
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.416460
Conductivity (S/m)	0.902434
Variation (%)	0.040000

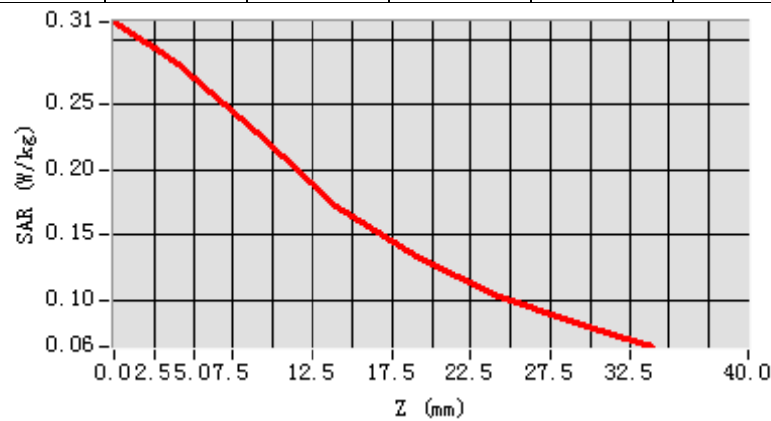


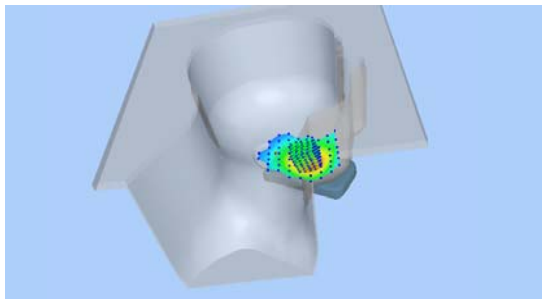
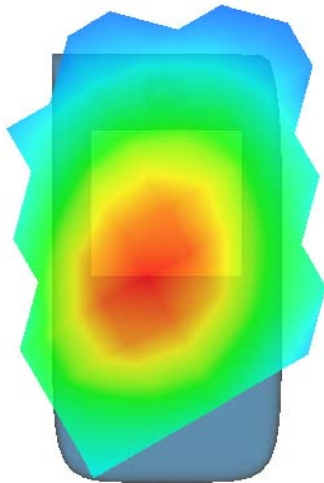
Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.192248
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.268615

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3139	0.2810	0.2296	0.1720	0.1327	0.1047	0.0824



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 2

Right\_head\_cheek\_SIM2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/1/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 25 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Right head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>

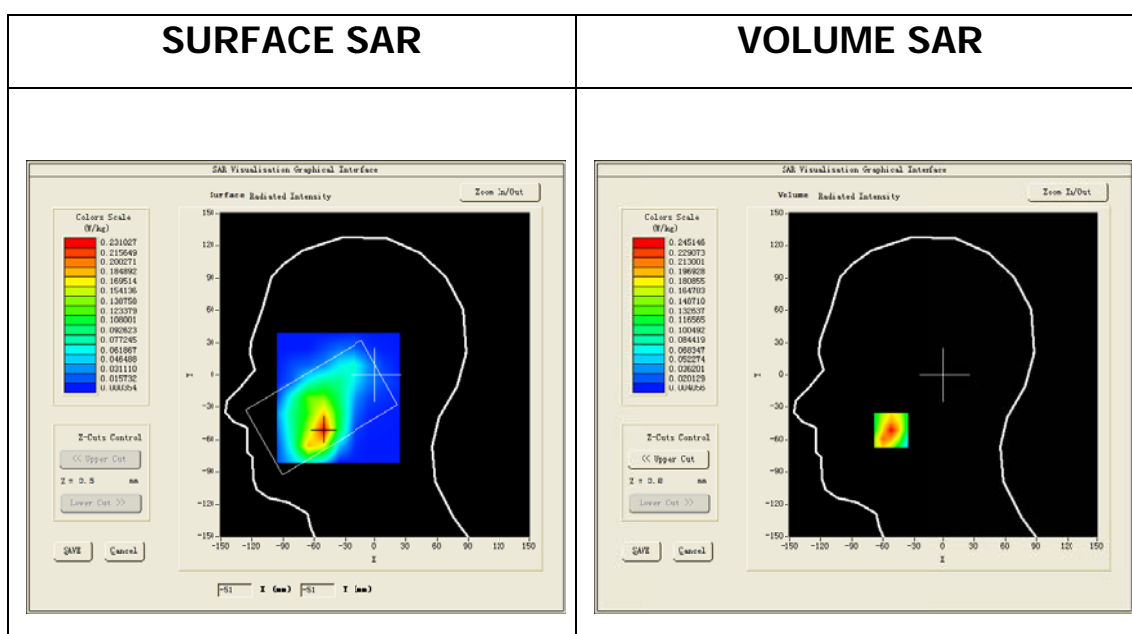
### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	1880.000000
<b>Relative permittivity (real part)</b>	40.102001
<b>Relative permittivity (imaginary part)</b>	13.250600
<b>Conductivity (S/m)</b>	1.383952
<b>Variation (%)</b>	-3.410000

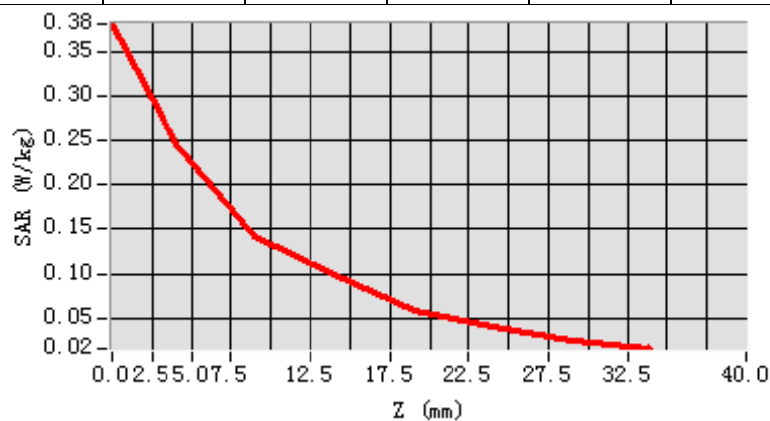


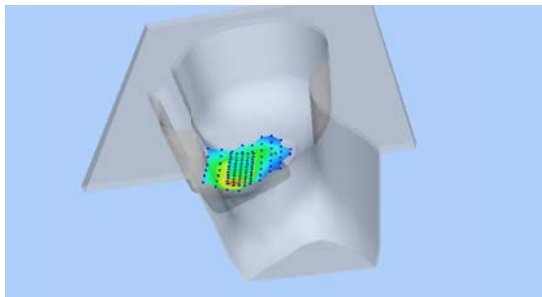
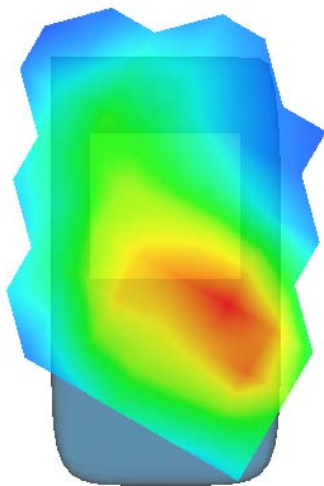
**Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-51.00**

**SAR Peak: 0.38 W/kg**

<b>SAR 10g (W/Kg)</b>	0.128737
<b>SAR 1g (W/Kg)</b>	0.226803

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.3810	0.2451	0.1409	0.0983	0.0586	0.0402	0.0248



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 53 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

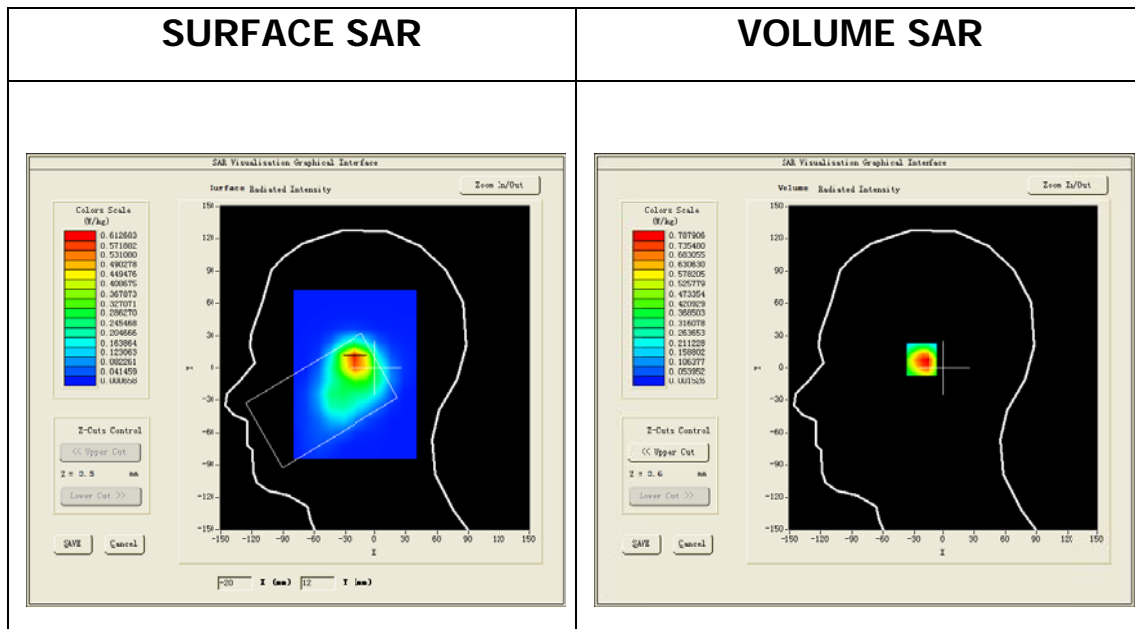
### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 4.84	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 11):

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.202202
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.343000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.825026
Variation (%)	1.130000

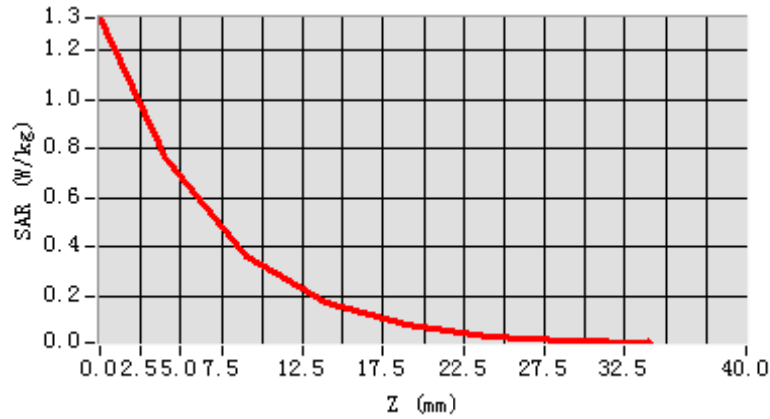


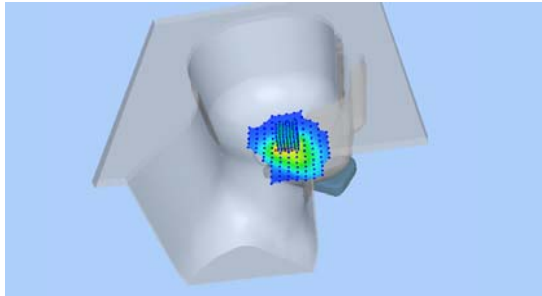
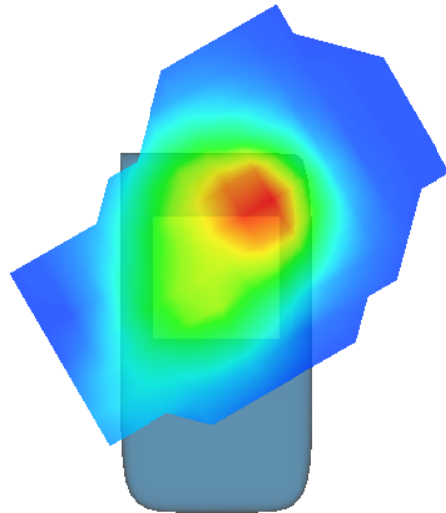
Maximum location: X=-20.00, Y=9.00

SAR Peak: 1.34 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.359739
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.745847

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.3321	0.7710	0.3628	0.1704	0.0809	0.0362	0.0166



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	



## MEASUREMENT 4

Towards\_phantom\_high\_5mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 18 minutes 19 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7, dx=5mm dy=5mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>

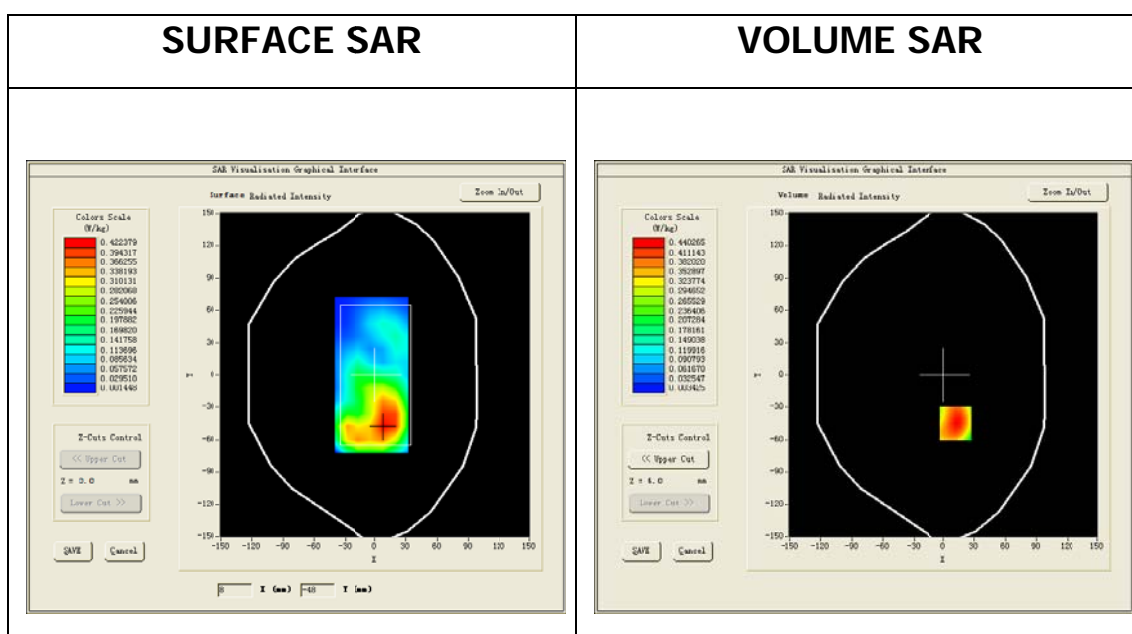
### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.00	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Higher Band SAR (Channel 11):

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.500900
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.479400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.980460
Variation (%)	-0.940000

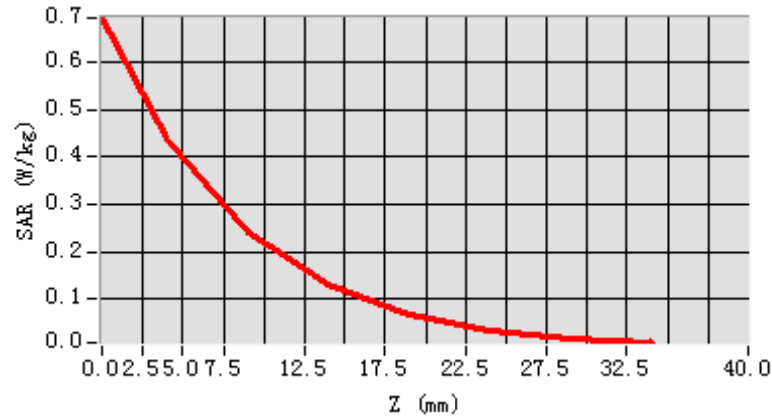


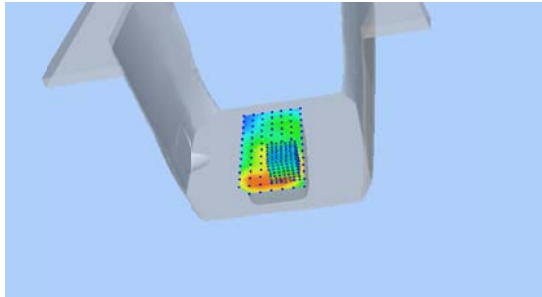
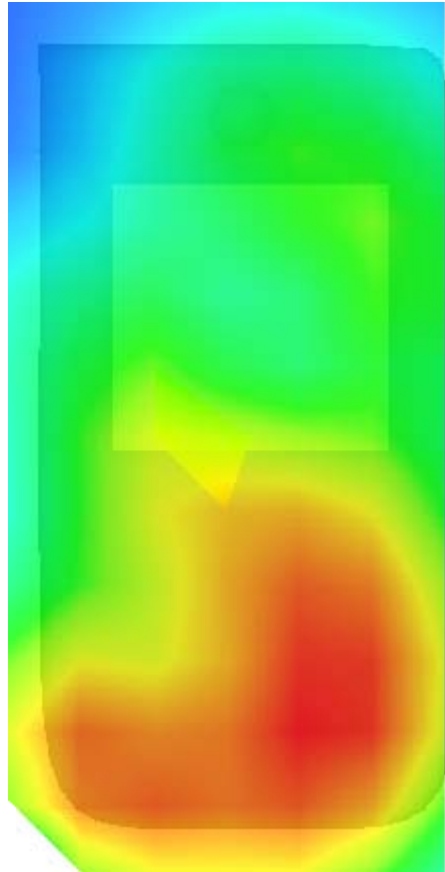
Maximum location: X=12.00, Y=-45.00

SAR Peak: 0.75 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.254763
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.458683

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.6934	0.4403	0.2400	0.1304	0.0692	0.0364	0.0186



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 5

Towards\_ground\_high\_5mm\_SIM2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 16/1/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 0 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

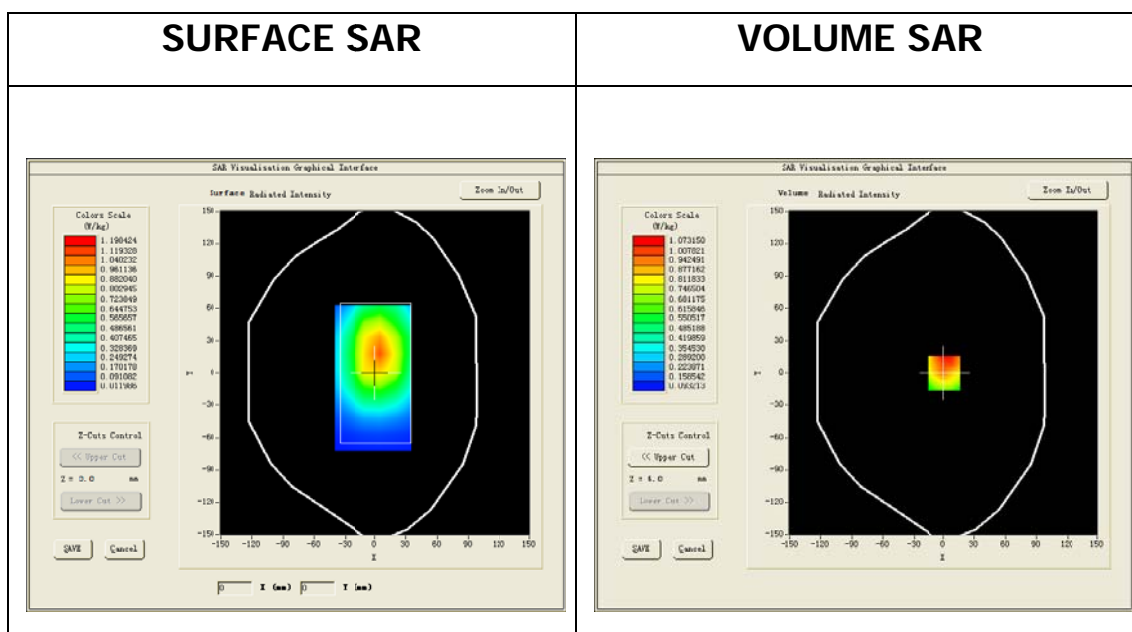
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CUSTOM (GPRS850 4Tx)</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.86	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	848.799988
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.217442
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.013761
Conductivity (S/m)	0.991764
Variation (%)	-0.590000

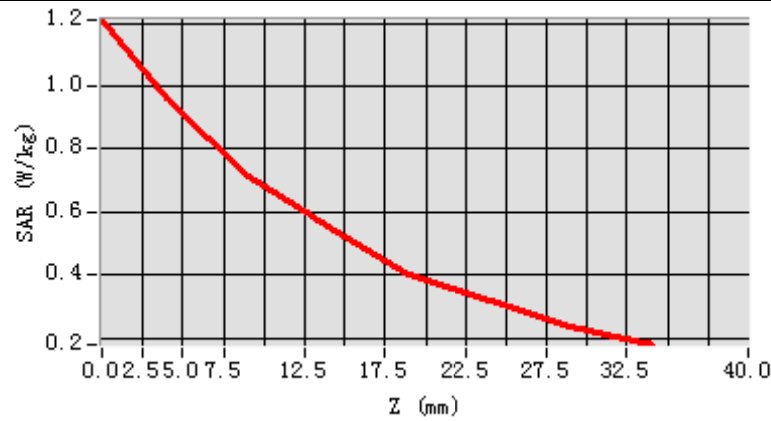


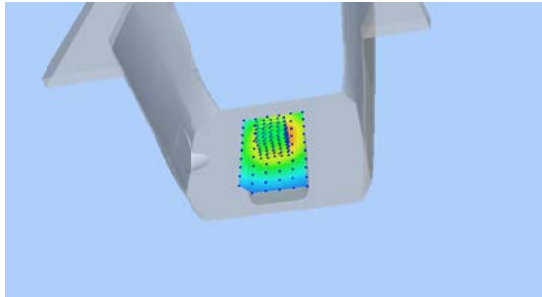
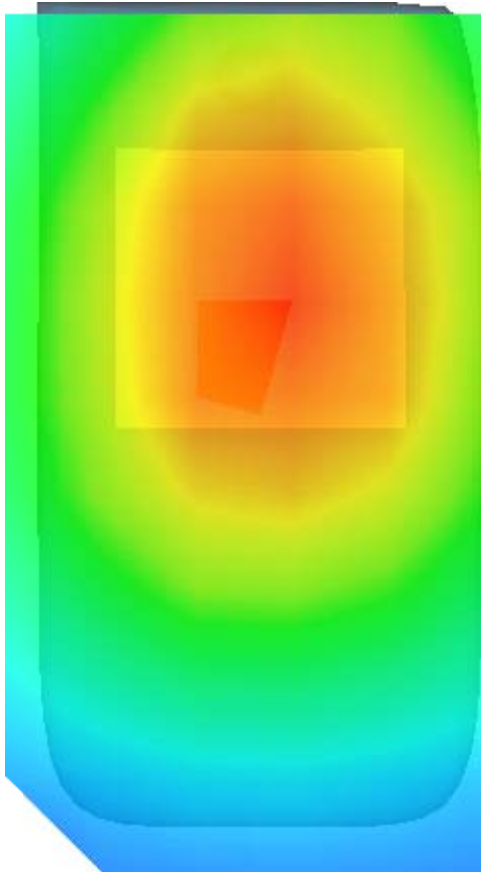
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.42 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.703870
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.021168

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.2098	0.9595	0.7136	0.5528	0.4041	0.3158	0.2381



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

## MEASUREMENT 6

Towards\_ground\_middle\_5mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/1/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 55 seconds

### A. Experimental conditions.

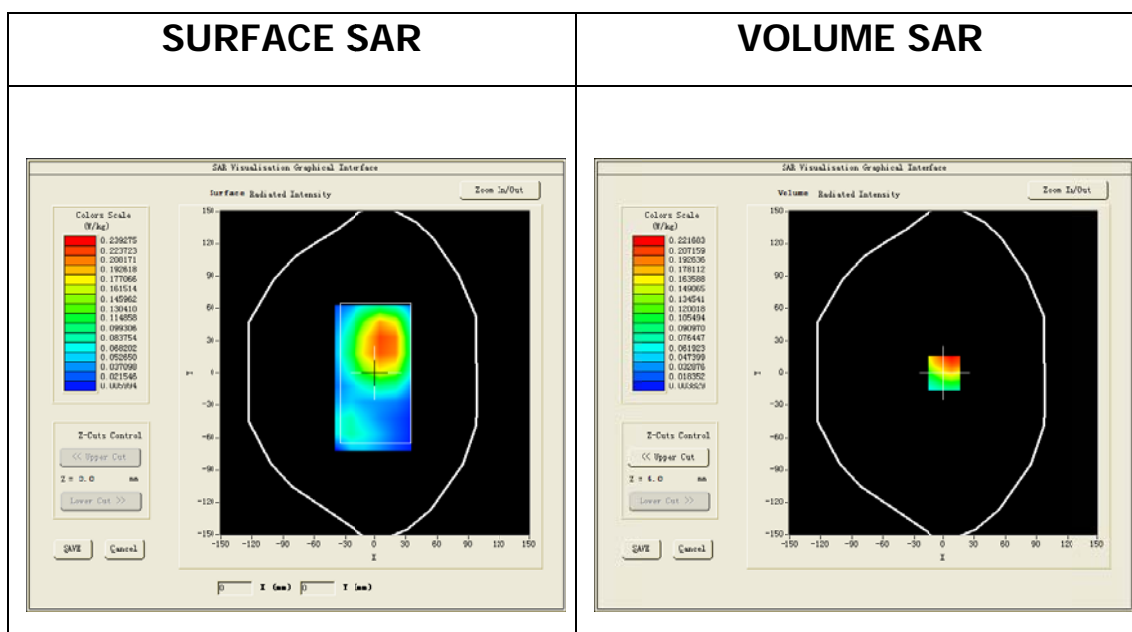
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm, Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CUSTOM (GPRS1900 4Tx)</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)</u>

### B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufacturer/Model	Identification No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.41	5/2014	5/2015

## C. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.363213
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.403221
Conductivity (S/m)	1.504622
Variation (%)	2.960000



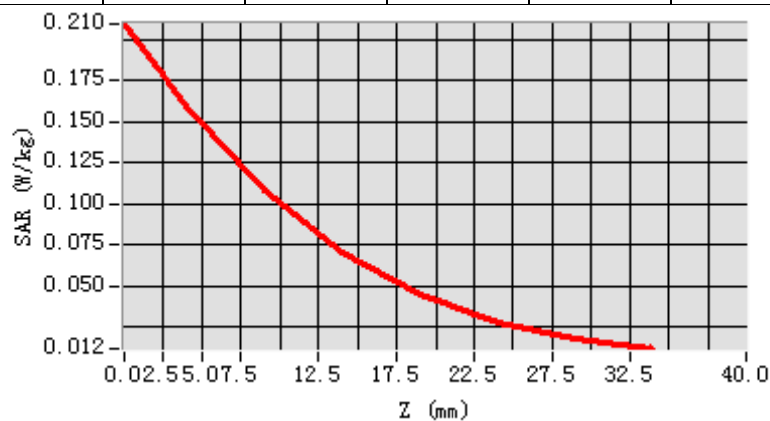
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

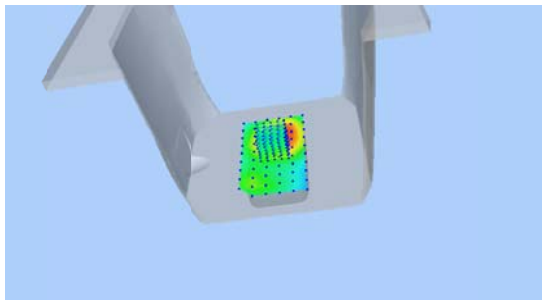
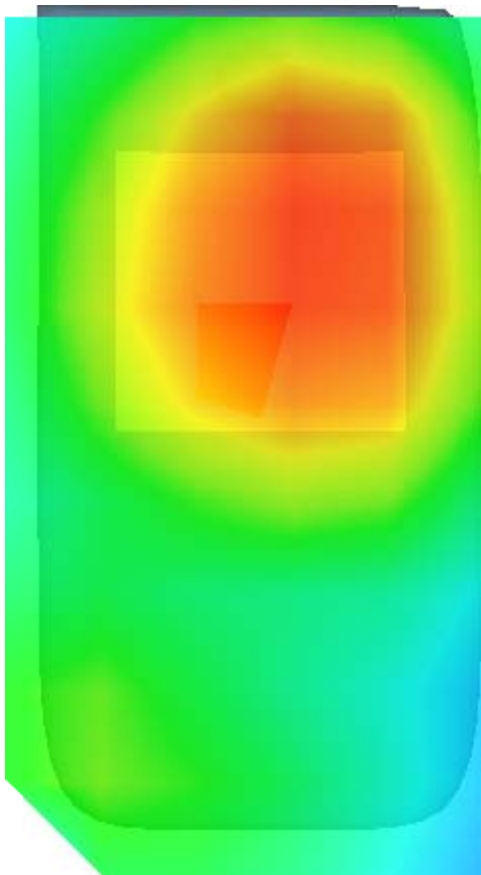
SAR Peak: 0.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.120769
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.211993



Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.2097	0.1594	0.1085	0.0707	0.0442	0.0275	0.0179



3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	



## **Annex C: Calibration Reports**

**Project Name :Y4**

**Report Number:**

**WSTFCC15016703-SAR**



## **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.127.1.14.SATU.B

### **WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD**

**BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK, BAO SHI ROAD,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT**

**SHENZHEN 518108, P.R. CHINA**

**SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 EP170**

**Calibrated at SATIMO US**




**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



**05/07/2014**

#### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co.,Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	5/7/2014	Initial release
B	7/7/2014	Add 2600 MHz factor

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## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SSE5
Serial Number	SN 09/13 EP170
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.3 GHz-3GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.216 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.224 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.215 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



**Figure 1** – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

## 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

## 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%

Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

## 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

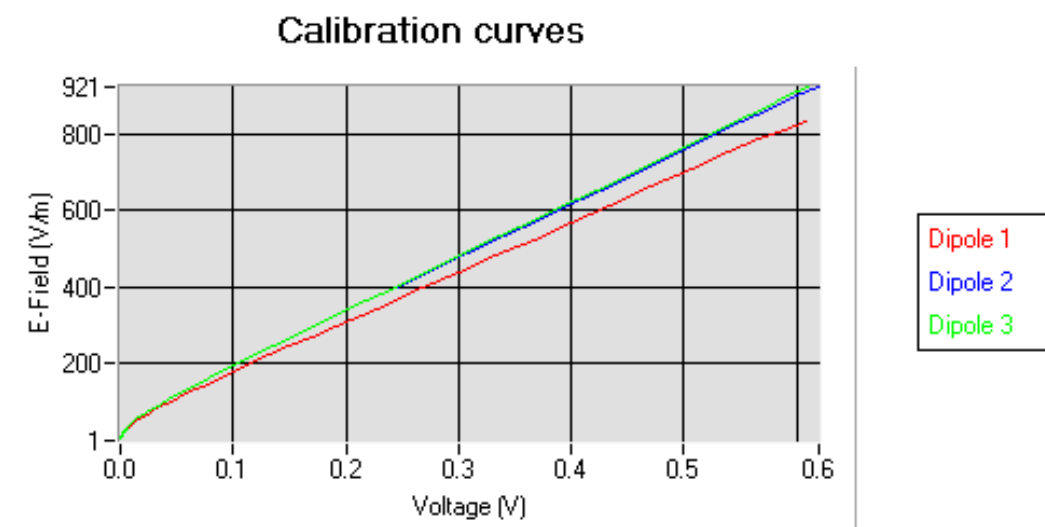
### 5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ )	Normy dipole 2 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ )	Normz dipole 3 ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ )
5.73	6.15	6.21

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
97	93	90

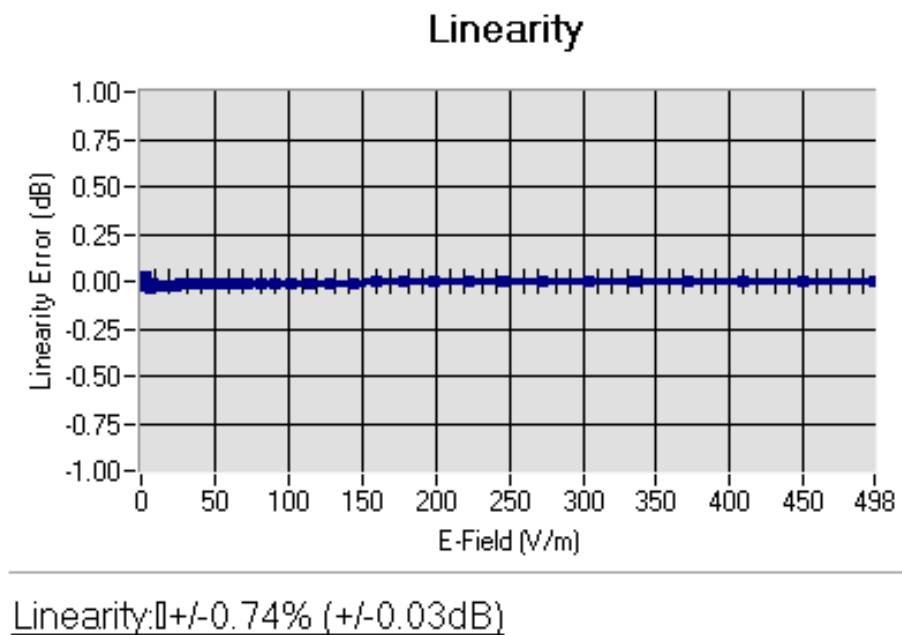
Calibration curves  $e_i=f(V)$  ( $i=1,2,3$ ) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$





## 5.2 LINEARITY



## 5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

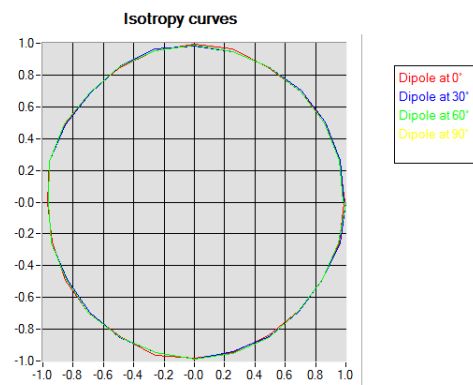
Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
HL300	300	44.58	0.82	5.23
BL300	300	59.69	0.90	5.38
HL450	450	43.02	0.85	6.44
BL450	450	57.52	0.96	6.68
HL850	835	43.03	0.87	5.64
BL850	835	53.35	0.96	5.86
HL900	900	42.29	0.96	5.37
BL900	900	56.82	1.06	5.54
HL1800	1800	40.93	1.36	4.95
BL1800	1800	52.57	1.47	5.05
HL1900	1900	40.92	1.45	5.26
BL1900	1900	53.60	1.52	5.41
HL2000	2000	39.36	1.44	5.02
BL2000	2000	52.17	1.53	5.22
HL2450	2450	39.12	1.78	4.84
BL2450	2450	52.17	1.90	5.00
HL2600	2600	39.12	1.78	5.22
BL2600	2600	52.17	1.90	5.41

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

## 5.4 ISOTROPY

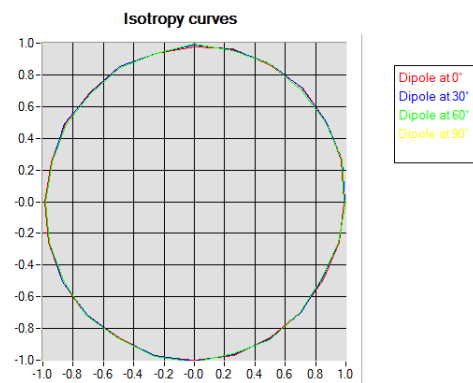
### HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



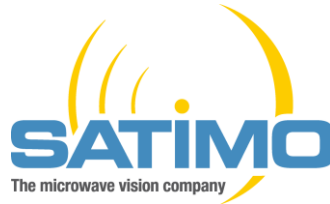
### HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



## 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



## **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.127.4.14.SATU.A

### **WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD**

**BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT**

**SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA**

**SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235**

**Calibrated at SATIMO US**




**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



**05/07/2014**

#### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	5/7/2014	Initial release

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1** – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

## 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

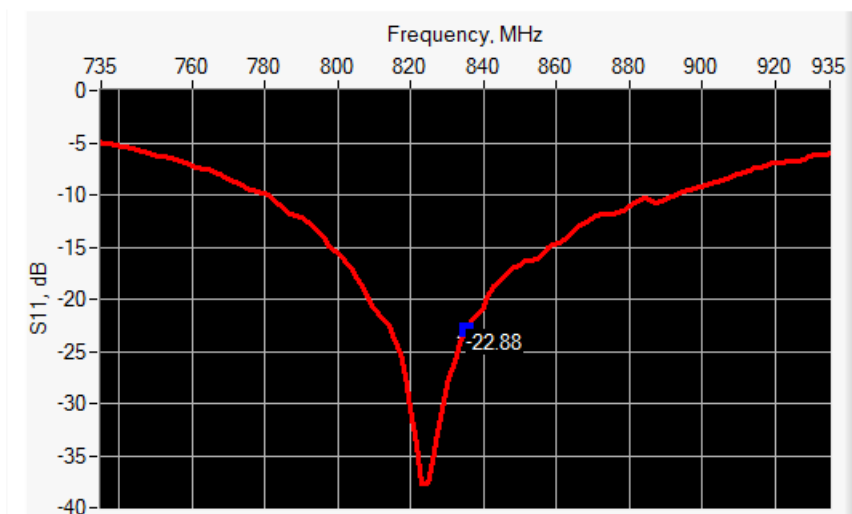
The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %



## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-22.88	-20	57.6 $\Omega$ - 0.2 j $\Omega$

### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		250.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
450	290.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		166.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
750	176.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		100.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
835	161.0 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	89.8 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		83.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1450	89.1 $\pm$ 1 %.		51.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1500	80.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		50.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1640	79.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		45.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1750	75.2 $\pm$ 1 %.		42.9 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1800	72.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		41.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1900	68.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		39.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1950	66.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		38.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2000	64.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		37.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2100	61.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		35.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2300	55.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		32.6 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2450	51.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		30.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2600	48.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		28.8 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3000	41.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		25.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3500	37.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3700	34.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

### 7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_r$ : 43.8 sigma : 0.91
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

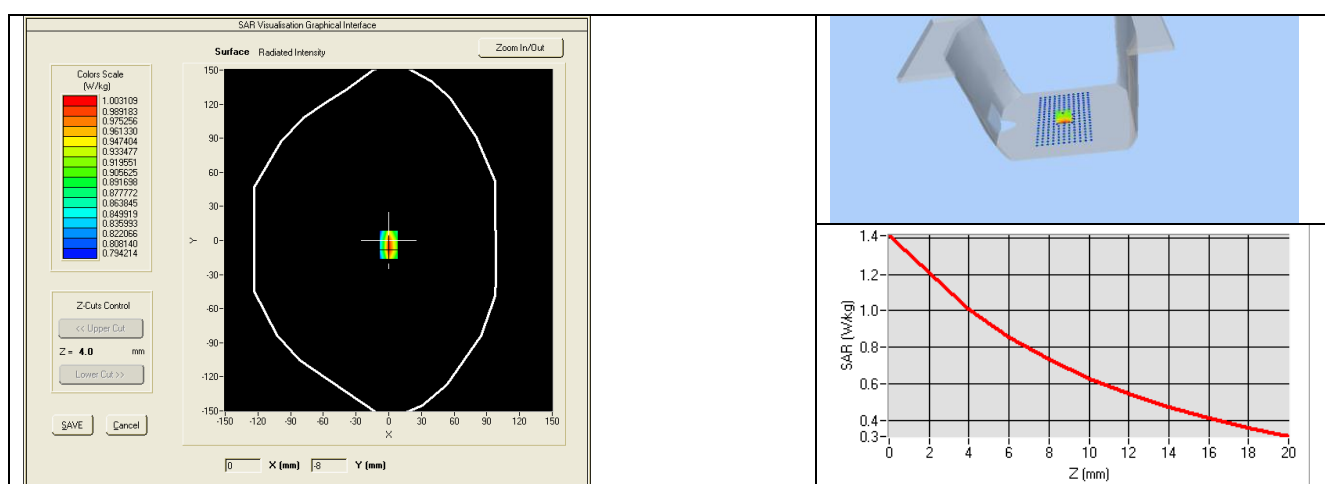
### 7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	43.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	41.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.89 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	0.90 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
900	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	40.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.20 $\pm$ 5 %	
1500	40.4 $\pm$ 5 %		1.23 $\pm$ 5 %	
1640	40.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
1750	40.1 $\pm$ 5 %		1.37 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1950	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	39.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.49 $\pm$ 5 %	
2300	39.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.67 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	39.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
2600	39.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	38.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	37.9 $\pm$ 5 %		2.91 $\pm$ 5 %	

### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

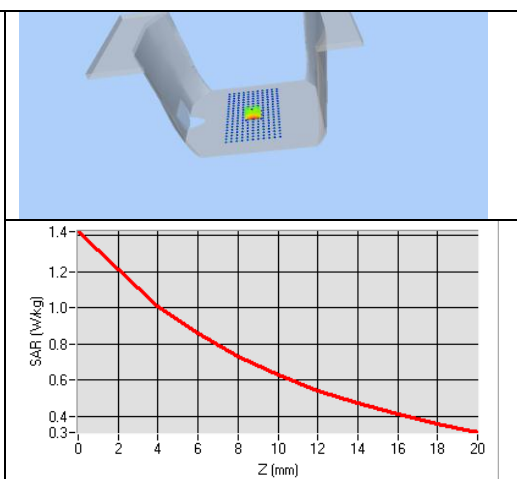
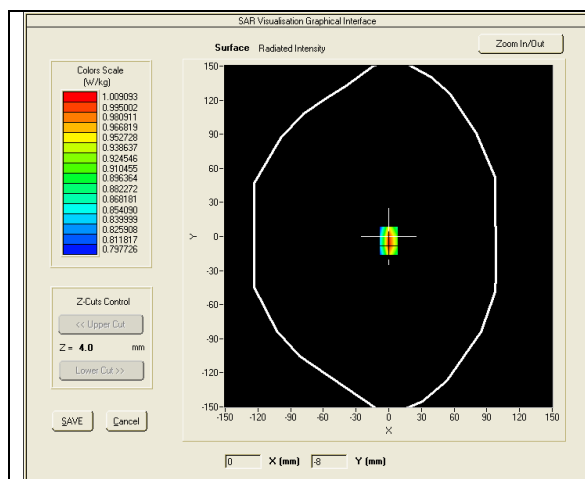
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.56 (0.96)	6.22	6.19 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



## 7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}'$ : 54.4 $\sigma$ : 0.94
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.86 (0.99)	6.38 (0.64)



## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



## **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.127.7.14.SATU.A

### **WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD**

**BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT**

**SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA**

**SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236**

**Calibrated at SATIMO US**




**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**



**05/07/2014**

#### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	5/7/2014	Initial release

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7.4	Body Measurement Result .....	9
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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID1900
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole**

## 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

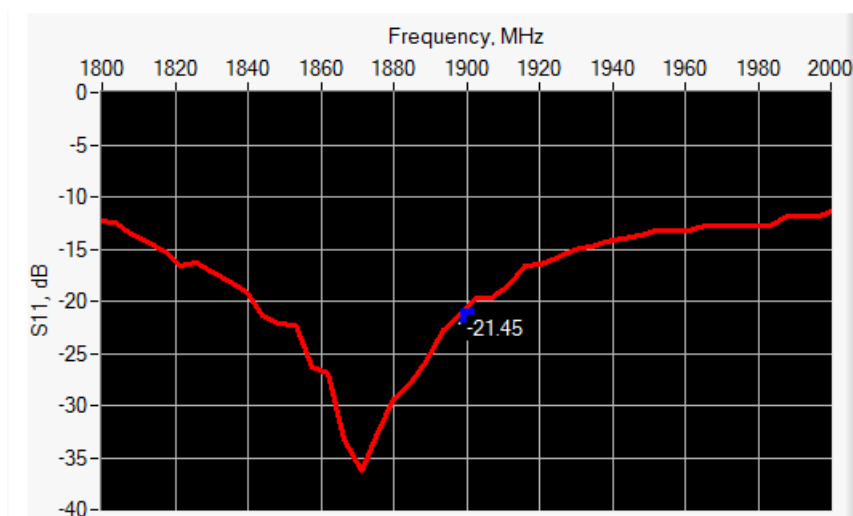
### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-21.45	-20	53.2 $\Omega$ + 8.2 j $\Omega$

### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		250.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
450	290.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		166.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
750	176.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		100.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
835	161.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		89.8 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
900	149.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		83.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1450	89.1 $\pm$ 1 %.		51.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1500	80.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		50.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1640	79.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		45.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1750	75.2 $\pm$ 1 %.		42.9 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1800	72.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		41.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1900	68.0 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	39.5 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		38.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2000	64.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		37.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2100	61.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		35.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2300	55.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		32.6 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2450	51.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		30.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2600	48.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		28.8 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3000	41.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		25.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3500	37.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3700	34.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

### 7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_r$ : 40.9 sigma : 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

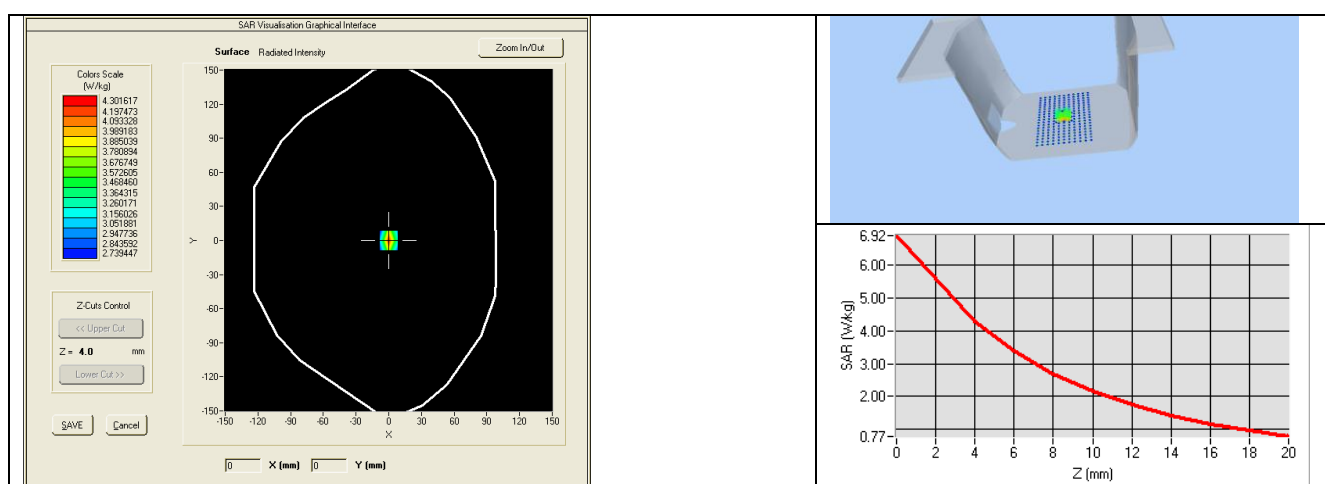
### 7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	43.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	41.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.89 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.90 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	40.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.20 $\pm$ 5 %	
1500	40.4 $\pm$ 5 %		1.23 $\pm$ 5 %	
1640	40.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
1750	40.1 $\pm$ 5 %		1.37 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	39.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.49 $\pm$ 5 %	
2300	39.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.67 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	39.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.80 $\pm$ 5 %	
2600	39.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	38.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	37.9 $\pm$ 5 %		2.91 $\pm$ 5 %	

### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

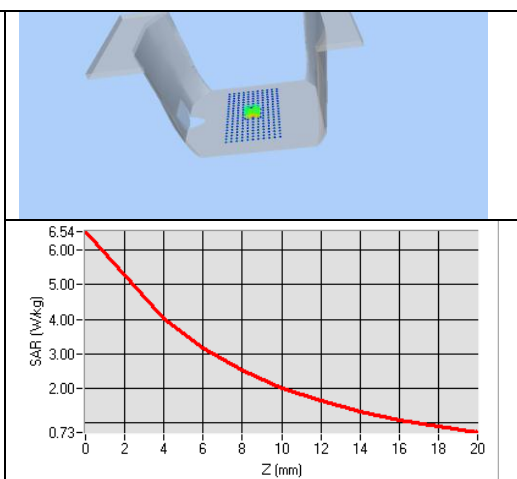
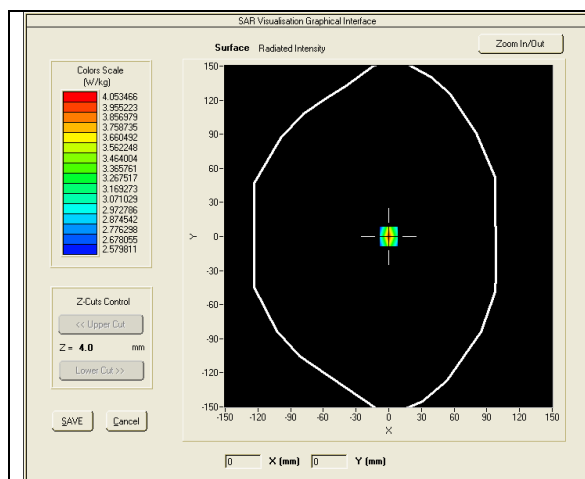
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	39.46 (3.95)	20.5	20.42 (2.04)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



## 7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}'$ : 53.6 $\sigma$ : 1.52
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.06 (4.01)	20.76 (2.08)



## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



## **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.127.9.14.SATU.A

### **WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD**

**BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD,  
BAO'AN DISTRICT**

**SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA**

**SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

**FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ**

**SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 2G450-238**

**Calibrated at SATIMO US**

**2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144**






**05/07/2014**

#### *Summary:*

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	5/7/2014	Initial release

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID2450
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 2G450-238
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

### 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole**

## 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

### 4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

### 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

### 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

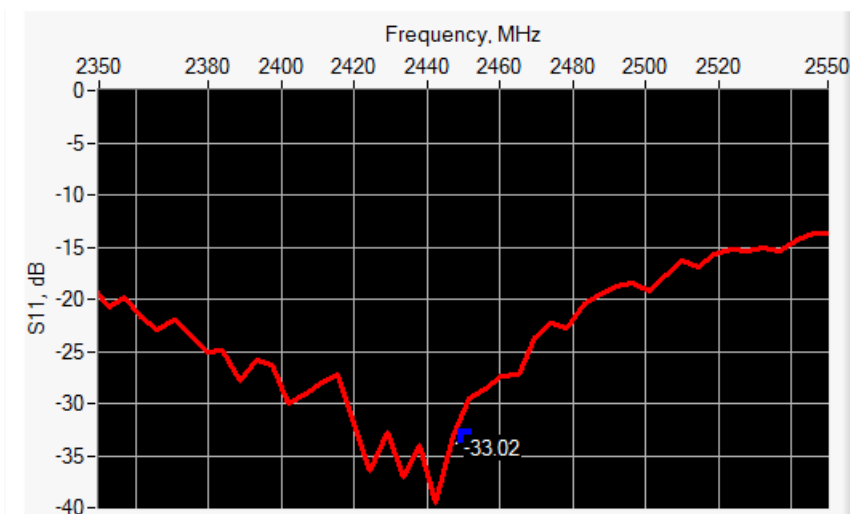
### 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
2450	-33.02	-20	49.1 $\Omega$ - 2.1 j $\Omega$

### 6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	L mm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		250.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
450	290.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		166.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
750	176.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		100.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		6.35 $\pm$ 1 %.	
835	161.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		89.8 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
900	149.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		83.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1450	89.1 $\pm$ 1 %.		51.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1500	80.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		50.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1640	79.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		45.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1750	75.2 $\pm$ 1 %.		42.9 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1800	72.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		41.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1900	68.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		39.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
1950	66.3 $\pm$ 1 %.		38.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2000	64.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		37.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2100	61.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		35.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2300	55.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		32.6 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
2450	51.5 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	30.4 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS	3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		28.8 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3000	41.5 $\pm$ 1 %.		25.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3500	37.0 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	
3700	34.7 $\pm$ 1 %.		26.4 $\pm$ 1 %.		3.6 $\pm$ 1 %.	

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

### 7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: $\epsilon_r$ : 39.1 sigma : 1.78
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

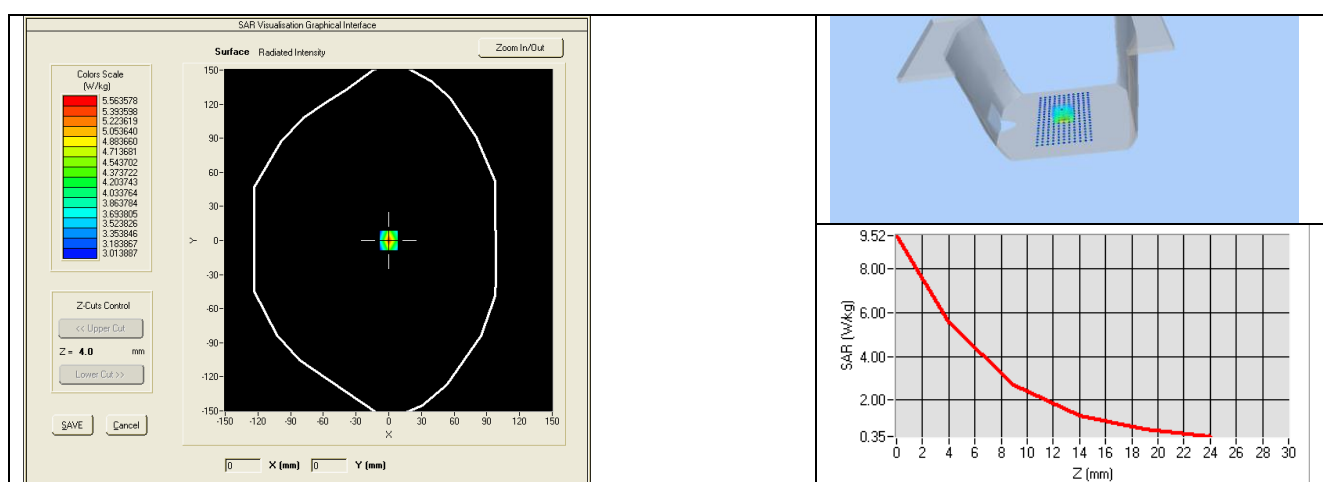
### 7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ )		Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
450	43.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.87 $\pm$ 5 %	
750	41.9 $\pm$ 5 %		0.89 $\pm$ 5 %	
835	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.90 $\pm$ 5 %	
900	41.5 $\pm$ 5 %		0.97 $\pm$ 5 %	
1450	40.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.20 $\pm$ 5 %	
1500	40.4 $\pm$ 5 %		1.23 $\pm$ 5 %	
1640	40.2 $\pm$ 5 %		1.31 $\pm$ 5 %	
1750	40.1 $\pm$ 5 %		1.37 $\pm$ 5 %	
1800	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1900	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
1950	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2000	40.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
2100	39.8 $\pm$ 5 %		1.49 $\pm$ 5 %	
2300	39.5 $\pm$ 5 %		1.67 $\pm$ 5 %	
2450	39.2 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS	1.80 $\pm$ 5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 $\pm$ 5 %		1.96 $\pm$ 5 %	
3000	38.5 $\pm$ 5 %		2.40 $\pm$ 5 %	
3500	37.9 $\pm$ 5 %		2.91 $\pm$ 5 %	

### 7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

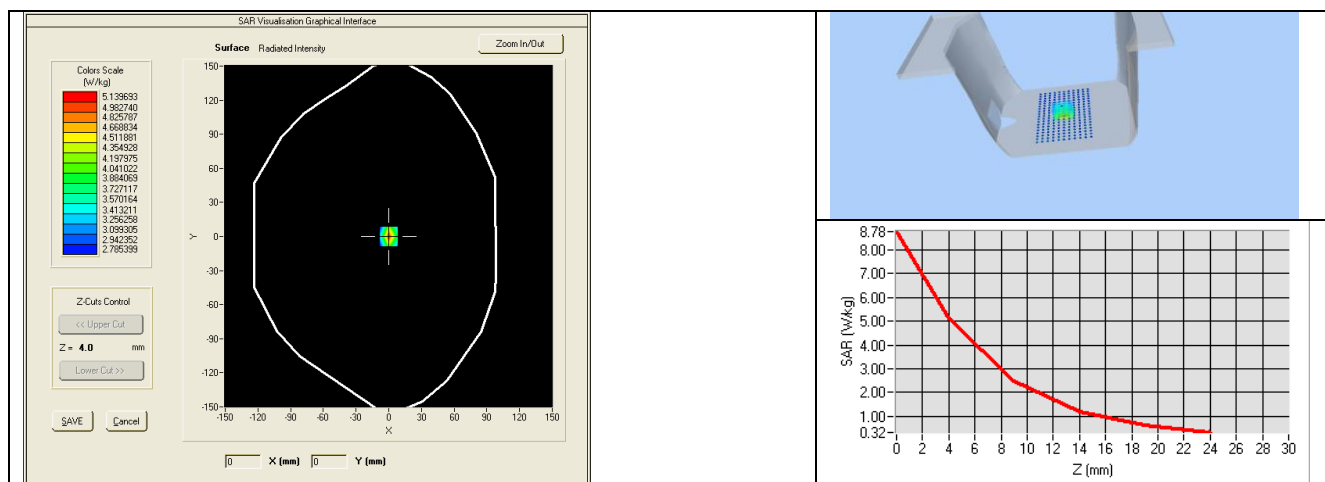
Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.08 (5.31)	24	23.79 (2.38)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



## 7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: $\epsilon_{ps}'$ : 52.2 sigma : 1.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm$
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
2450	54.76 (5.48)	24.47 (2.45)





## 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015