# **SAR Compliance Test Report**

For

#### **TECNO MOBILE LIMITED**

**ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE,** HARBOUR CITY, 17 CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA TSUI, KOWLOON, HONG KONG

Model: T733

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FCC15080288-5 Report Number:

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### **Modified History**

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Release	2015-08-30

#### 1 General information

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#### 1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen WST Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

### 1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2015-08-19
Start of test: 2015-08-20
End of test: 2015-08-21

#### 1.3 Statement of Compliance

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The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for T733 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)	
	Head	0.772	
GSM850	Body 5mm	1.075	
	Body-worn	0.862	
	Head	0.610	
GSM1900	Body 5mm	0.936	
	Body-worn	0.504	
The highest SAR is 1.075W/kg per KDB690783 D01			

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003.

# 1.4 EUT Information

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Device Information:			
Product Type:	Product Type: Mobile Phone		
Model:	T733		
Brand Name:	TECNO		
Device Type:	Portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled envir	ronment / genera	l population
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit		
Hardware version:	DL31_61A&64&5	200&3ka_V00	
Software version :	T733-DL31-M150	109-SMP	
Antenna Type :	Internal Antenna		
Accessories:	Accessories: Headset		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s) :	GSM850/1900, BT		
Modulation:	GMSK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK		
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode		
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
Operating Fraguency Benga(a)	GSM850	824~849	869~894
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990
	ВТ	2402~2480	2402~2480
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12		
	128-190-251(GSM850)		
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	512-661-810(GSM1900) 0-39-78(BT)		
Power Source:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

# 2 Testing laboratory

Report No.: FCC15080288-5

Test Site	World Standardization Certification & Testing CO., LTD.		
Test Location	Building A, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road,		
Test Location	Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China		
Telephone +86-755-26996192			
Fax	+86-755-26996253		
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number:L3732		

# 3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

# 4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Applicant Address:	ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE, HARBOUR CITY, 17 CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA TSUI, KOWLOON, HONG KONG
Manufacturer Name:	SHENZHEN SMARTTEL CO., LTD
Manufacturer Address:	6th Floor, Block 15, shatoujia Free TRADE Zone, Shenyan Road, Yantian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China

# 5 Test standard/s:

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ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handset SAR v01r02
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

#### 5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational	
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g	
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g	
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g	

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

#### Notes:

- \* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- \*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- \*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

#### 5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

### 6 SAR Measurement System

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#### 6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

#### 6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

#### 6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB</li>- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB</li>
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

6.4

Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point,a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \* 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
   \* 5 or 8 \* 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.
- The "area scan" measure the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interprolation. The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measuremengs is 15 mm in X- and Y- dimendion( $\leq$  2GHz), 12 mm in X- and Y- dimension(2-4GHz) and 10 mm in X- and Y- dimendion(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and oriention have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.
- A "zoom scan" measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine with maximum scan apatial resolution:  $\triangle X_{zoom}$ ,  $\triangle Y_{zoom}$   $\leq$  2GHz- $\leq$ 8mm, 2-4GHz $\leq$ 5mm and 4-6GHz $\leq$ 4mm;  $\triangle Z_{zoom}$  $\leq$ 3GHz- $\leq$ 5mm,3-4GHz $\leq$ 4mm and 4-6GHz $\leq$ 2mm where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom .

- A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the X- and Y- position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in Z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can –depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depeth.
- According to the KDB 865664 01 area scan and zoom scan Settings as shown in the figure below:

	Maximun	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Zoom Scan spatial resolution		Minimum	
Frequency	Area Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid	Gra	ided Grad	zoom scan
requericy	resolution	resolution	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	Δz <sub>zoom</sub> (1)*	Δz <sub>Zoom</sub> (n>1)*	volume
	(∆x <sub>area</sub> , ∆y <sub>area</sub> )	$(\Delta x_{Zoom}, \Delta y_{Zoom})$	AZZoom(II)	AZZoom(1)		(x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*∆z <sub>zoom</sub> (n-1)	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	$\leq 1.5^*\Delta z_{z_{00m}}(n-1)$	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤1.5*∆z <sub>zoom</sub> (n-1)	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	≤1.5*∆z <sub>zoom</sub> (n-1)	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	≤1.5*∆z <sub>zoom</sub> (n-1)	≥22mm

#### 6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a
  probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise
  measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
   The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

#### 6.6 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

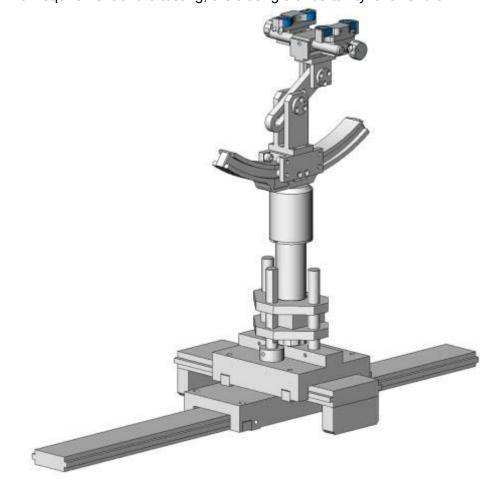


System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

### 6.7 Device Holder

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The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with requirement of the testing, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

**Video Positioning System** 

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6.8

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



# 6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with  $\boxtimes$ ):

Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	<u> </u>
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	<u> </u>
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
					0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized,  $16M\Omega$ + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

# 6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Tissue	Measured	Target T	issue	Measur	ed Tissue	Liquid	
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	ε <sub>r</sub> (+/-5%)	σ (S/m) (+/-5%)	ε <sub>r</sub>	σ (S/m)	Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.54	0.87		
835MHz Head	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.34	0.88	21.6°C	2015-08-20
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.12	0.90		
	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.24	0.95		2015-08-20
835MHz Body	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.04	0.97	21.6°C	
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.82	0.98		
	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.22	1.35		0045 00 04
1900MHz	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.00	1.38	21.6°C	
Head	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.96	1.41	21.0 C	2015-08-21
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.87	1.42		
	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.42	1.46		
1900MHz	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.20	1.49	21.6°C	2015 09 21
Body	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.16	1.51	21.0 C	2015-08-21
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.07	1.52		
		ε= Relative	permittivity σ=	- Conducti	vitv		

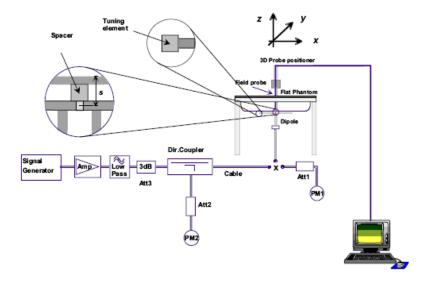
### 7 System Check

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#### 7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



# 7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (	1W) (+/-10%)		ed SAR ed to 1W)	Liquid	Toot Data
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Temp.	Test Date
D835V2 Head	9.56 (8.60~10.52)	6.19 (5.57~6.81)	9.300	6.040	21.6°C	2015-08-20
D1900V2 Head	39.46 (35.51~43.41)	20.42 (18.38~22.46)	40.450	21.420	21.6°C	2015-08-21
D835V2 Body	9.86 (8.87~10.85)	6.38 (5.74~7.02)	10.070	6.530	21.6°C	2015-08-20
D1900V2 Body	40.06 (36.05~44.07)	20.76 (18.68~22.84)	41.300	21.890	21.6°C	2015-08-21
	Note: All SAR	values are norma	alized to 1W	forward pov	wer.	

# 8 SAR Test Test Configuration

#### 8.1 **GSM Test Configurations**

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SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

#### 9 Detailed Test Results

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#### 9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

#### 9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	128CH	190CH	251CH	251CH Factors 12		190CH	251CH
GSI	GSM(CS)		32.38	32.45	-9.03	23.27	23.35	23.42
	1 Tx Slot	32.25	32.34	32.40	-9.03	23.22	23.31	23.37
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.30	31.33	31.46	-6.02	25.28	25.31	25.44
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.50	29.55	29.64	-4.26	25.24	25.29	25.38
	4 Tx Slots	28.49	28.64	28.72	-3.01	25.48	25.63	25.71

GSM850(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	tors 128CH		251CH
GSI	M(CS)	32.28	32.39	32.40	-9.03	23.25	23.36	23.37
	1 Tx Slot	32.30	32.38	32.41	-9.03	23.27	23.35	23.38
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.25	31.35	31.45	-6.02	25.23	25.33	25.43
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.47	29.56	29.62	-4.26	25.21	25.30	25.36
	4 Tx Slots	28.51	28.63	28.70	-3.01	25.50	25.62	25.69

GSM850(SIM3)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	128CH	28CH 190CH		Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSN	M(CS)	32.31	32.40	32.43	-9.03	23.28	23.37	23.40
	1 Tx Slot	32.21	32.29	32.33	-9.03	23.18	23.26	23.30
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.18	31.29	31.38	-6.02	25.16	25.27	25.36
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.40	29.49	29.56	-4.26	25.14	25.23	25.30
	4 Tx Slots	28.41	28.56	28.67	-3.01	25.40	25.55	25.66

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with Avg detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.

- 4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8
- 5) For three SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, the SIM1 and SIM3 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 and SIM3 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode.

#### 9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

GSM1900(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	512CH	661CH	Factors Factors		512CH	661CH	810CH
GSI	GSM(CS)		29.70	29.01	-9.03	20.74	20.67	19.98
	1 Tx Slot	29.71	29.66	28.98	-9.03	20.68	20.63	19.95
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.80	28.68	28.03	-6.02	22.78	22.66	22.01
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.10	27.26	27.11	-4.26	22.84	23.00	22.85
	4 Tx Slots	26.64	26.61	26.51	-3.01	23.63	23.60	23.50

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)		Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
	,	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSI	M(CS)	29.75	29.65	28.90	-9.03	20.72 20.62 19.87		19.87
	1 Tx Slot	29.76	29.62	28.97	-9.03	20.73	20.59	19.94
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.80	28.67	28.02	-6.02	22.78	22.65	22.00
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.24	27.20	27.10	-4.26	22.98	22.94	22.84
	4 Tx Slots	26.59	26.57	26.52	-3.01	23.58	23.56	23.51

GSM1900(SIM3)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	, ,	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSN	M(CS)	29.60	29.77	29.18	-9.03	20.57	20.74	20.15
	1 Tx Slot	29.68	29.38	28.96	-9.03	20.65	20.35	19.93
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.72	28.43	27.70	-6.02	22.70	22.41	21.68
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.20	27.18	27.08	-4.26	22.94	22.92	22.82
	4 Tx Slots	26.55	26.58	26.47	-3.01	23.54	23.57	23.46

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with Avg detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
  - 4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8
- 5) For three SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, the SIM1 and SIM3 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 and SIM3 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode.

### 9.1.3 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

Note: 1) channel /Frequency:0/2402,39/2441,78/2480.

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)					
	0CH	39CH	78CH			
1Mbps	1.25	1.49	1.47			
2Mbps	0.22	0.21	0.25			
3Mbps	0.22	0.20	0.21			

This is the peak power of BT report:

		1Mbps							
Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Output Power (dBm)	LIMIT(dBm)	Result					
CH00	2402	1.75	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	1.82	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	1.80	20.96	Pass					
	2Mbps								
CH00	2402	0.26	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	0.24	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	0.27	20.96	Pass					
		3Mbps							
CH00	2402	0.24	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	0.23	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	0.23	20.96	Pass					

9.2 SAR test results

#### Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq$  100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is  $> \frac{1}{2}$  dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02,SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to device.When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is ≤1.2W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset required.

Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.

- 5) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).
- 7) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tun e-up	Scaled SAR <sub>1-q</sub>	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.567	0.382	-0.220	32.380	32.500	0.596	21.6°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.436	0.298	-4.610	32.380	32.500	0.264	21.6°C
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.509	0.361	1.200	32.380	32.500	0.772	21.6°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.441	0.300	2.080	32.380	32.500	0.236	21.6°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot	T	
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.540	0.383	-1.880	32.390	32.500	0.582	21.6°C
	Test th	e SIM3 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.641	0.451	-0.120	32.400	32.500	0.656	21.6°C
Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tun e-up	Scaled SAR <sub>1-q</sub>	Liquid
of Body with 5mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.867	0.582	-3.170	28.640	29.000	0.942	21.6°C
Towards Phantom	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.650	0.455	1.280	28.490	29.000	0.731	21.6°C
Towards Phantom	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.008	0.686	-1.930	28.720	29.000	1.075	21.6°C
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.865	0.586	1.500	28.640	29.000	0.940	21.6°C
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.743	0.508	-2.810	28.490	29.000	0.836	21.6°C
Towards Ground	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.935	0.650	1.120	28.720	29.000	0.997	21.6°C
Towards Phantom Repeated	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.981	0.677	-1.330	28.720	29.000	1.046	21.6°C
Towards Phantom	251/848.8	GSM	0.852	0.577	-0.960	32.450	32.500	0.862	21.6°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.947	0.652	-1.160	28.700	29.000	0.863	21.6°C
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.899	0.616	0.180	28.630	29.000	0.763	21.6°C
Towards Ground	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.016	0.689	1.290	28.510	29.000	0.577	21.6°C
	Test th	e SIM3 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		

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Towards Phantom	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	0.939	0.636	-1.490	28.670	29.000	1.013	21.6°C
Towards Phantom	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.608	0.441	-0.100	28.410	29.000	0.696	21.6°C
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.787	0.543	3.040	28.560	29.000	0.871	21.6°C

# 9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

Test Position of	Position of   Channel   Test   Mode			Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tun e-up	Scaled SAR <sub>1-g</sub>	Liquid
Head	/Freq.(MH z)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.487	0.248	-1.980	29.700	30.000	0.522	21.6°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.453	0.252	-2.960	29.700	30.000	0.485	21.6°C
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.569	0.316	-3.030	29.700	30.000	0.610	21.6°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.497	0.259	-0.240	29.700	30.000	0.533	21.6°C
	Test th	ie SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.369	0.214	2.170	29.650	30.000	0.400	21.6°C
	Test th	ie SIM3 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.436	0.269	3.940	29.770	30.000	0.460	21.6°C
Test	Test	_ ,	_	Value	Power	Conducted	Avg.Tun	Scaled	
Position of Body with	channel /Freq.(MH	Test Mode		kg)	Drift	Power	e-up Limit	SAR <sub>1-g</sub>	Liquid Temp.
5mm	z)	modo	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	. O.Ip.
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.708	0.391	-2.990	26.610	27.000	0.775	21.6°C
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.856	0.506	-2.420	26.610	27.000	0.936	21.6°C
Towards Ground	512/1850. 2	GPRS 4TS	0.775	0.463	0.680	26.640	27.000	0.842	21.6°C
Towards Ground	810/1909. 8	GPRS 4TS	0.487	0.284	1.620	26.510	27.000	0.545	21.6°C
Towards Ground	661/1880	GSM	0.470	0.273	-1.200	29.700	30.000	0.504	21.6°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.656	0.387	-2.290	26.570	27.000	0.724	21.6°C
Test the SIM3 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot									
	Test th	ie SIM3 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of Silvi	i Card Side		

# 10 Multiple Transmitter Information

Report No.: FCC15080288-5

#### 10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\le 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

#### a)Head position

Mode	Dmay(dPm)	Dmax(mM)	Dietanos(mm)	Distance(mm) f(GHz)		exclusion	SAR test
Wiode	Piliax(UDIII)	Filiax(IIIVV)	Distance(iiiii)	I(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	1.50	1.41	5.00	2.450	0.44	3.00	Yes

#### b)Body-Worn position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
	,ax(«==:::)	1		.(01.12)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	1.50	1.41	5.00	2.450	0.44	3.00	Yes

SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[ $\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$ ] W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	х	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	1.50	1.41	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.06
BT	Body	1.50	1.41	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.06

# 10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

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The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities								
Simultaneous Tx Combination	Configuration	Head	Body					
1	GSM/GPRS +BT	YES	YES					

# 10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

	Test Position	Scaled 9	SAR <sub>Max</sub>	7 <b>9</b> A D	SPLSP	
Test Fosition		GSM850 BT		∑ <sub>1-g</sub> SAR	SPLSP	
	Left Hand Touched	0.596	0.060	0.656	NA	
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.264	0.060	0.324	NA	
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.772	0.060	0.832	NA	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.236	0.060	0.296	NA	
Dody	Towards Phantom	1.075	0.060	1.135	NA	
Body	Towards Ground	0.997	0.060	1.057	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled 9	SAR <sub>Max</sub>	∑ <sub>1-q</sub> SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900 BT		Z1-g 3AK	SFLSF
	Left Hand Touched	0.522	0.060	0.582	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.485	0.060	0.545	NA
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.610	0.060	0.670	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.533	0.060	0.593	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.775	0.060	0.835	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.936	0.060	0.996	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

MAX. $\Sigma$ SAR<sub>1g</sub> =1.135W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM antenna.

# 11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

# 11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test									
	Tol.	Prob.		C <sub>i</sub>	C <sub>i</sub>	1g U <sub>i</sub>	10g U <sub>i</sub>		
Uncertainty Component	(±%)	Dist.	Div.	(1g)	(10g)	(±%)	(±%)	$V_i$	
measurement system	(= / - /			( '9/	(+-9)	(= / 5 )	(= / • /		
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞	
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8	
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	√C <sub>p</sub>	2.41	2.41	∞	
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞	
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞	
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8	
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞	
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8	
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11	
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7	
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞	
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞	
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞	
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5	
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞	
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54		
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08		

# 11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

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The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Satimo.The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:  Uncertainty For System Performance Check									
Unce			em Perf	•					
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C <sub>i</sub> 1g	C <sub>i</sub> 10g	1g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	10g U <sub>i</sub> (±%)	$V_{i}$	
measurement system			T .						
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1 –	1	1	5.80	5.80	8	
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8	
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8	
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8	
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8	
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	8	
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8	
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8	
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8	
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8	
Dipole									
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8	
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8	
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	8	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞	
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5	
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8	
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8	
Combined Standard Uncertainty   Rss   10.28   9.98							9.98		
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95		

# 12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Report No.: FCC15080288-5

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact	Device Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calib	ration
	urer	Device Type	. , p = (= = = .,		Last Cal.	Due Date
$\boxtimes$	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP252	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2015-06-25	2016-06-24
	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2015-08-19	2016-08-18
$\boxtimes$	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2015-08-19	2016-08-18
$\boxtimes$	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2015-08-19	2016-08-18
	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2015-08-19	2016-08-18
$\boxtimes$	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
$\boxtimes$	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2014-10-13	2015-10-12

# Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

#### Annex B: Measurement results

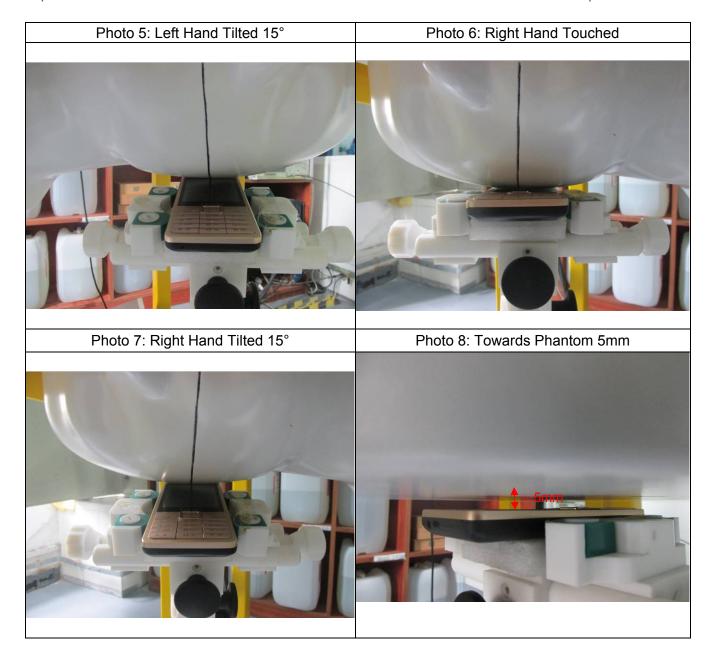
(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

# Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

#### Annex D: Photo documentation





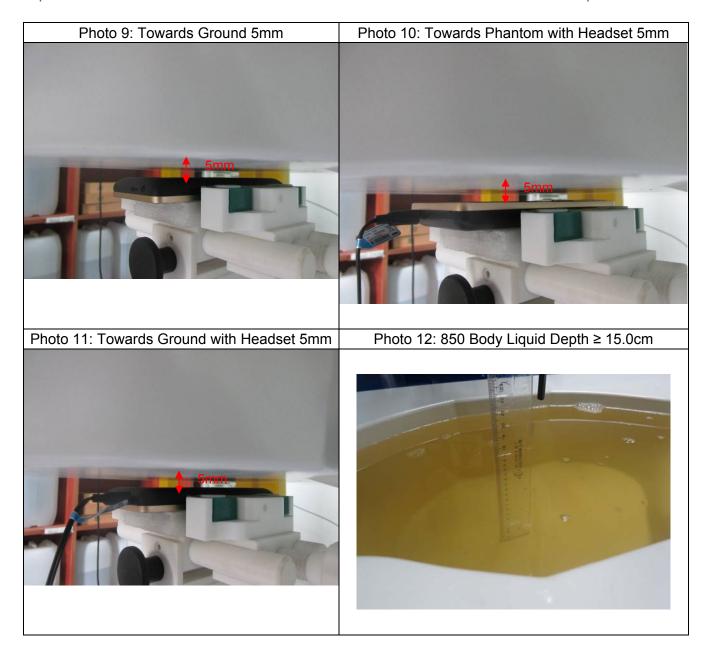


Photo 13: 850 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	Photo 14: 1900 Head Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm
	To state the state of the state
Dhata 45: 4000 Dadu Limiid Danth > 45 0am	NI/A
Photo 15: 1900 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	N/A
22 12 00 61 81	N/A

#### End





**Annex A: System Check** 

**Project Name: T733** 

**Report Number:** 

FCC15080288-5

#### I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Validation	CW835	Measurement 1: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW835	Measurement 2: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode



### Verification\_with\_Body\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/8/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

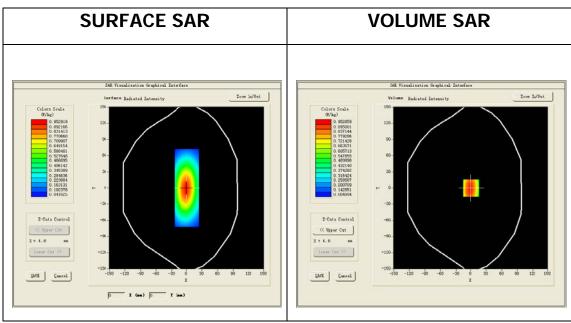
#### **B. Instrumentations.**

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 5.07	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.043499
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.814800
Conductivity (S/m)	0.965575
Variation (%)	-0.050000

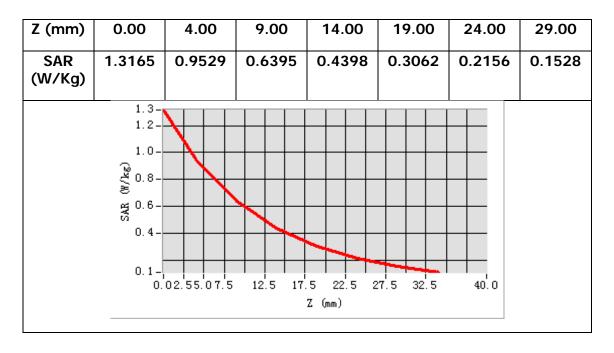


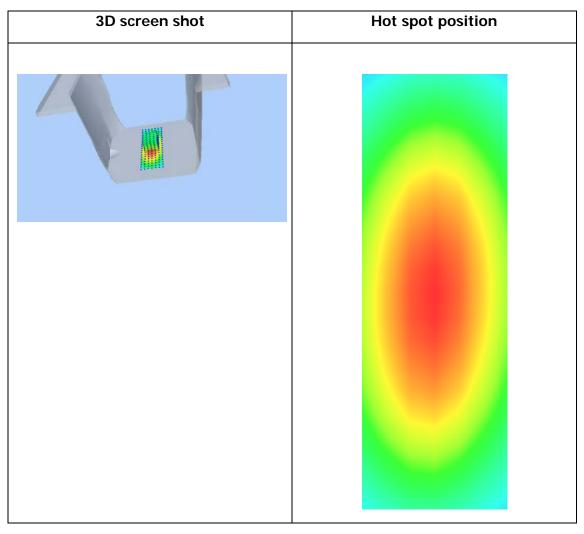
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.44 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.652643
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.007254









### Verification\_with\_Head\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/8/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 0 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

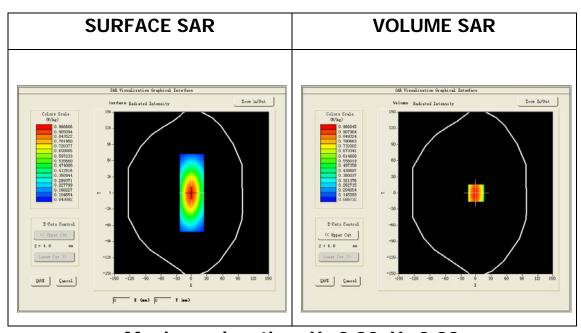
#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.93	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.343498
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.934799
Conductivity (S/m)	0.878364
Variation (%)	-0.030000

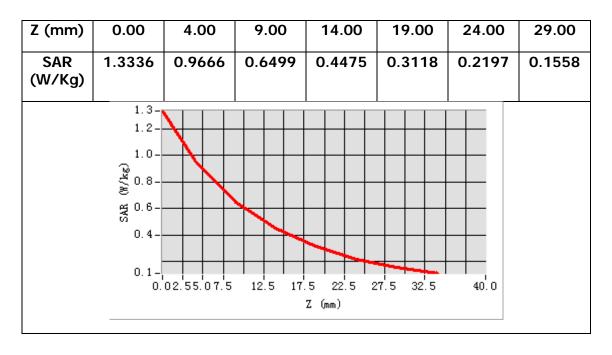


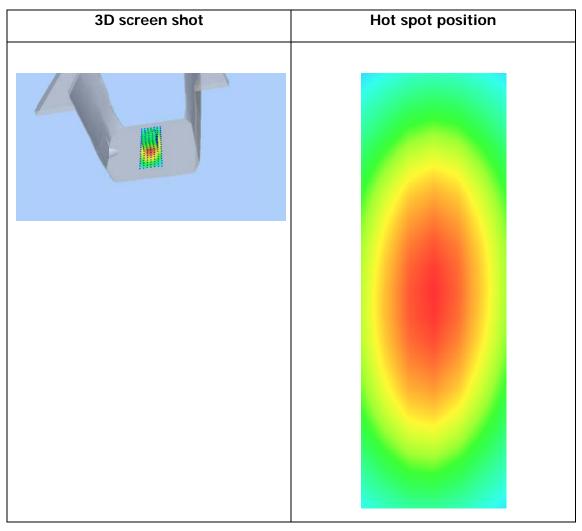
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.603596
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.929707









### Verification\_with\_Body\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 13 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

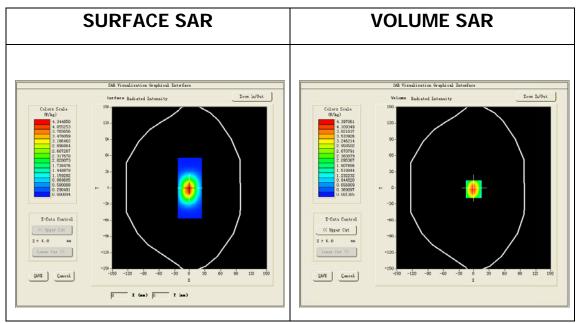
#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.78	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.157902
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.322700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.511841
Variation (%)	-0.180000

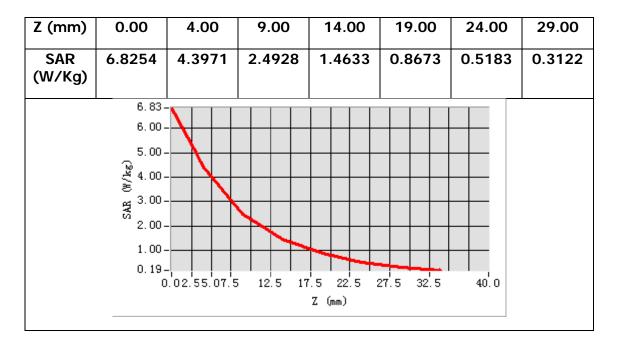


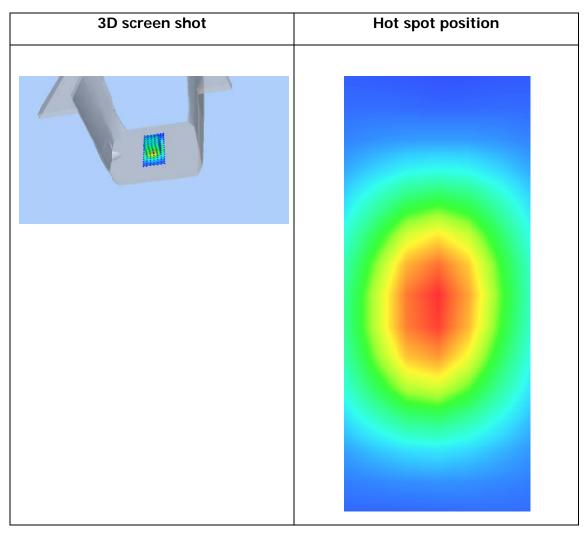
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 6.77 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.188803
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.129945









### Verification\_with\_Head\_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 10 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

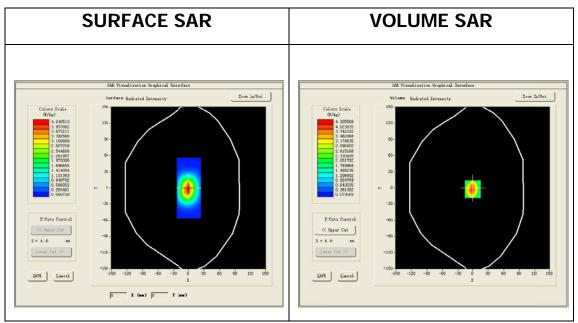
#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.63	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.957902
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.322700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.407489
Variation (%)	-0.010000

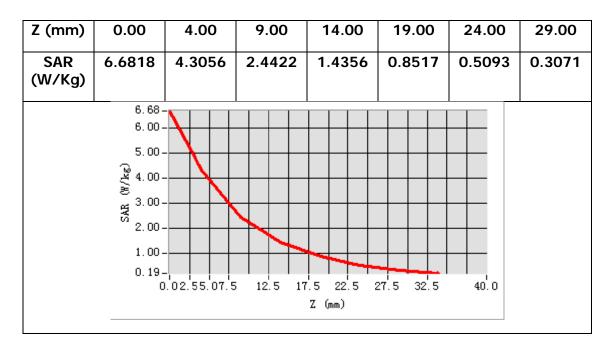


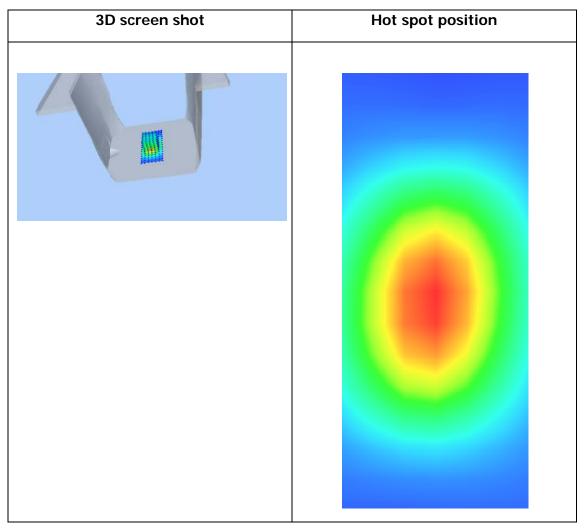
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 6.63 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.141853
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.044658











### **Annex B: Measurement Results**

**Project Name: T733** 

**Report Number:** 

FCC15080288-5

#### I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 2: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	CUSTOM	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS850_4Tx)
Phone	CUSTOM	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS1900_4Tx)



Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/8/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 10 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	Right head
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

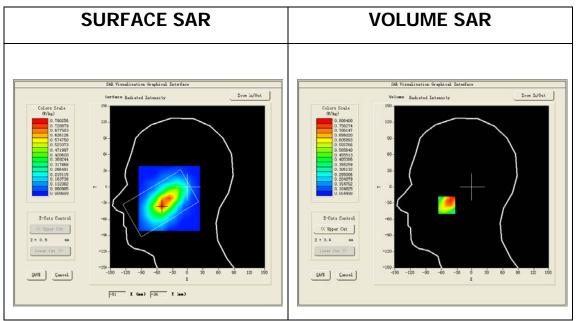
#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.93	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.318699
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.966740
Conductivity (S/m)	0.881532
Variation (%)	2.830000

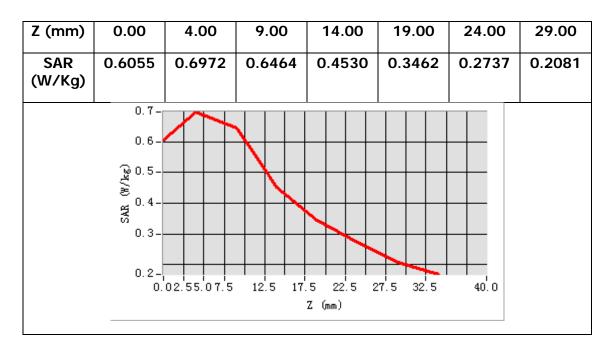


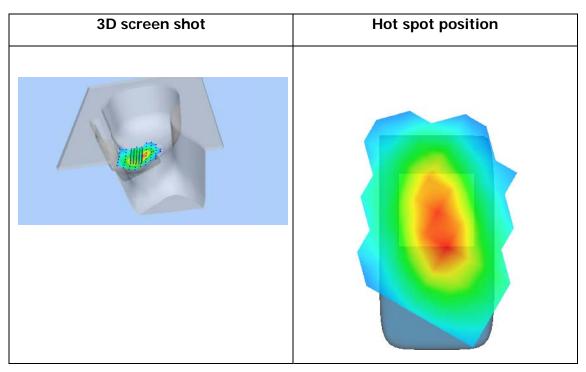
Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-34.00

SAR Peak: 1.10 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.535225
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.750910









Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 26 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	Right head
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

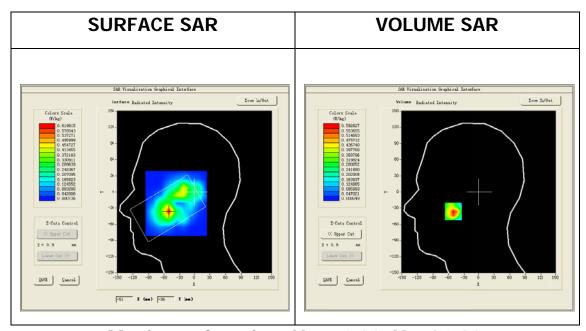
#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.63	6/2015	6/2016



#### Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.000099
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.238100
Conductivity (S/m)	1.382646
Variation (%)	-3.030000

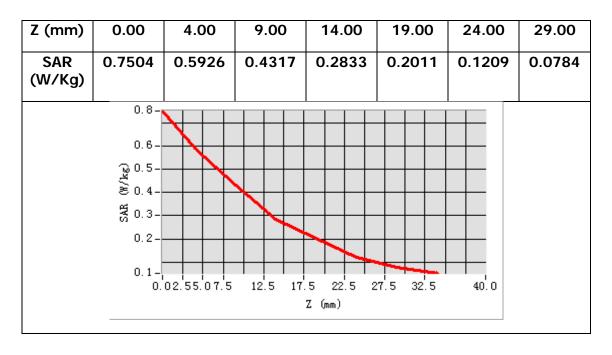


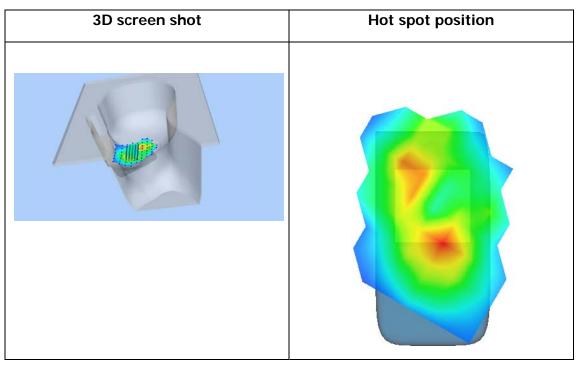
Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.88 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.315761
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.569150









### Towards\_phantom\_high\_5mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/8/2015

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 30 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

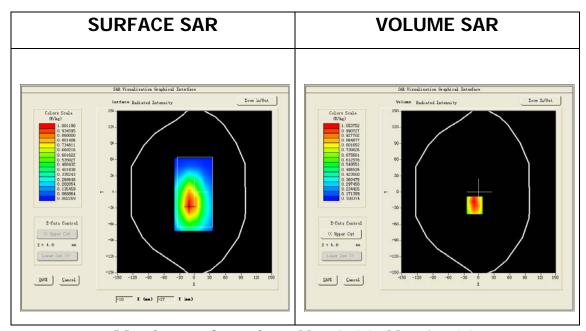
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>	
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (GPRS850 4Tx)	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)	

#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 5.07	6/2015	6/2016



Frequency (MHz)	848.799988
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.841601
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.832700
Conductivity (S/m)	0.967456
Variation (%)	-1.930000

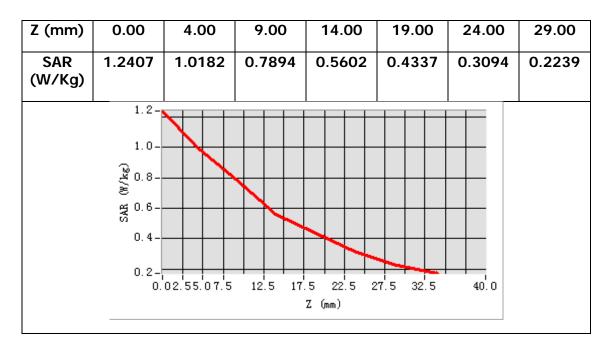


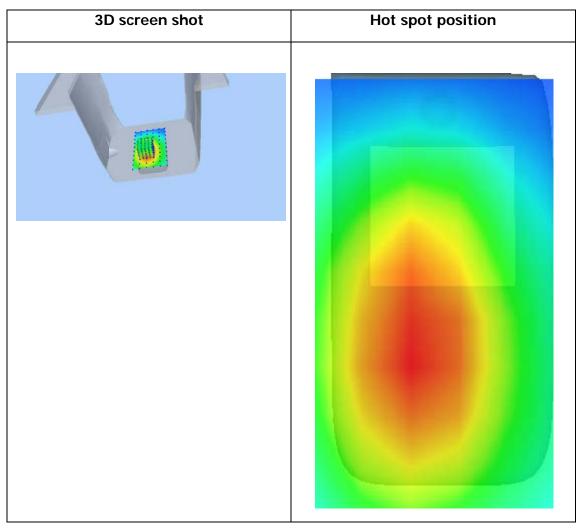
Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=-25.00

SAR Peak: 1.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.686185
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.007852









### Towards\_ground\_middle\_5mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 46 seconds

#### A. Experimental conditions.

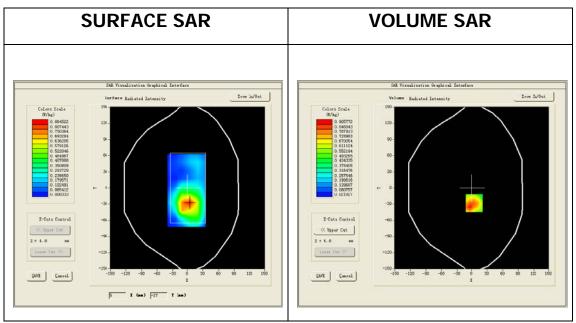
Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>	
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (GPRS1900 4Tx)	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.	

#### **B.** Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0715_EP2 52/nCF: 4.63	6/2015	6/2016



Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.200100
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.238100
Conductivity (S/m)	1.504197
Variation (%)	-2.420000

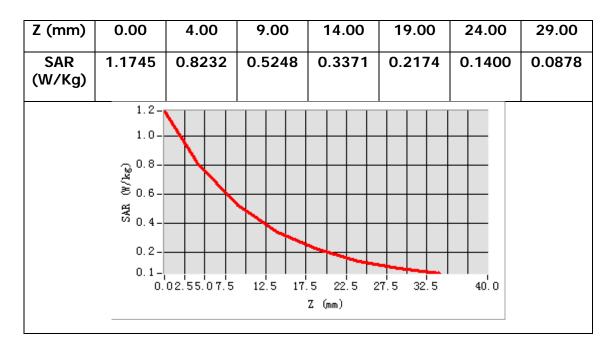


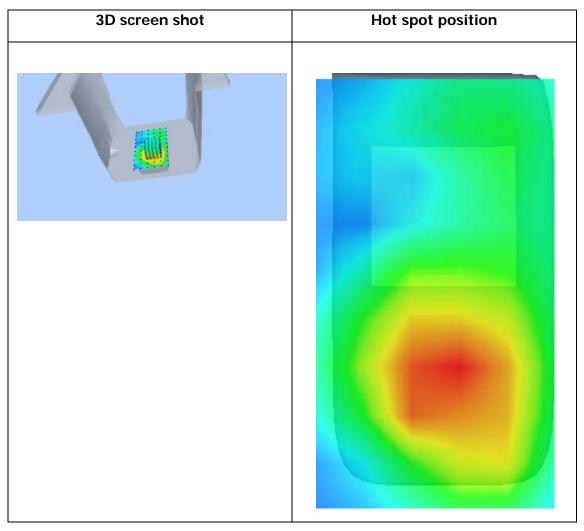
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-28.00

SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.506239
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.855780









### **Annex C: Calibration Reports**

**Project Name :T733** 

**Report Number:** 

FCC15080288-5



#### **COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.176.8.15.SATU.A

# WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

**SERIAL NO.: SN 07/15 EP252** 

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 06/25/2015

#### Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in MVG USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	Jez
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	JES
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/25/2015	thim Puthowshi

	Customer Name			
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd			

Issue	Date	Modifications		
A	6/25/2015	Initial release		



#### COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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## 1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE			
Manufacturer	MVG			
Model	SSE5			
Serial Number	SN 07/15 EP252			
Product Condition (new / used)	New			
Frequency Range of Probe	0.7 GHz-3GHz			
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.176 MΩ			
	Dipole 2: R2=0.176 MΩ			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.168 MΩ			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

#### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

#### 3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

#### 3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



#### 3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

#### 3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

#### 3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$  in  $15^{\circ}$  increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis  $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$ .

#### 3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

#### 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide						
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)	
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%	
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%	
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%	
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%	
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$-\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%	
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%	



## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

## 5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

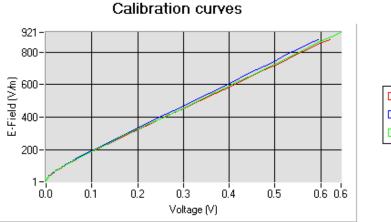
# 5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

Normx dipole		
$1 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
6.20	5.89	6.85

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
92	90	90

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



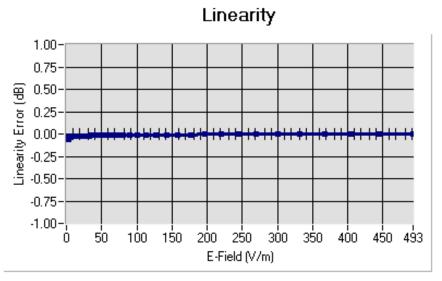
Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

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# 5.2 **LINEARITY**



Linearity: I+/-1.49% (+/-0.07dB)

# 5.3 **SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID**

Liquid	Frequency	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	<u>ConvF</u>
	(MHz +/-			
	<u>100MHz)</u>			
HL850	835	42.59	0.90	4.93
BL850	835	53.19	0.97	5.07
HL900	900	42.05	0.98	4.65
BL900	900	56.41	1.08	4.83
HL1800	1800	41.82	1.38	4.01
BL1800	1800	53.00	1.52	4.16
HL1900	1900	40.38	1.41	4.63
BL1900	1900	53.93	1.55	4.78
HL2000	2000	40.12	1.43	4.16
BL2000	2000	53.65	1.54	4.25
HL2450	2450	38.34	1.80	4.00
BL2450	2450	52.70	1.94	4.11
HL2600	2600	38.16	1.93	3.92
BL2600	2600	51.55	2.21	4.07

# LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 8mW/kg

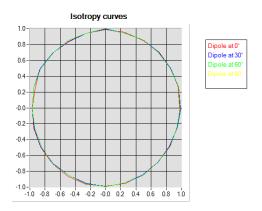


## COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

# 5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

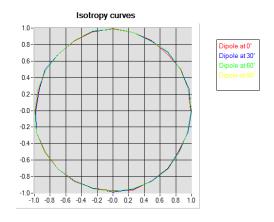
# HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.06 dB



# **HL1800 MHz**

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB







# 6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2014	10/2015
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.176.1.15.SATU.A

# WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD,
BAO'AN DISTRICT
SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA
MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 06/25/2015

## Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	JES
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/25/2015	thim Puthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	6/25/2015	Initial release



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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID835	
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1** – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole* 



#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.2 <u>MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

## 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	<b>Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss</b>
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

## 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

## 5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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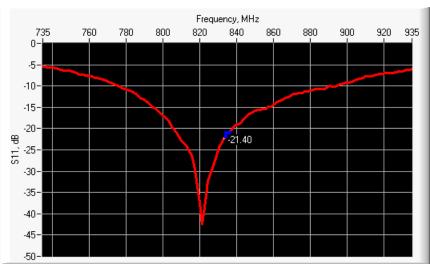




10 g	20.1 %

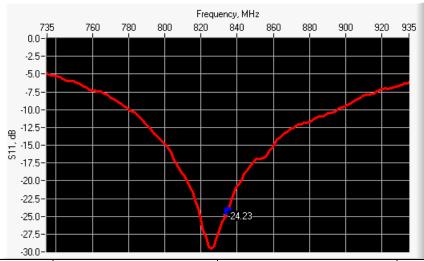
## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-21.40	-20	59.2 Ω - 1.5 jΩ

# 6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-24.23	-20	$56.3 \Omega + 1.7 j\Omega$

## 6.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lr	L mm h mm d mm		h mm		nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
	+					
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

## 7.1 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $(\epsilon_{r}')$		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %	1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %	1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %	1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %	1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %	2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %	2.91 ±5 %	

# 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

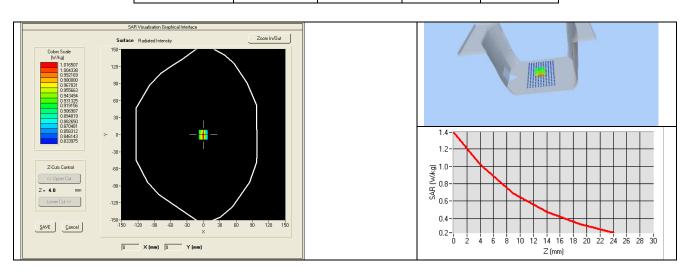
Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.3 sigma: 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.82 (0.98)	6.22	6.35 (0.63)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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1900	39.7	20.5	
1950	40.5	20.9	
2000	41.1	21.1	
2100	43.6	21.9	
2300	48.7	23.3	
2450	52.4	24	
2600	55.3	24.6	
3000	63.8	25.7	
3500	67.1	25	



# 7.3 <u>BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity $(\epsilon_{r}')$		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	_

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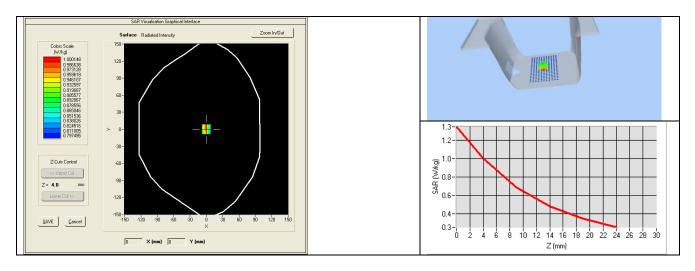


2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %	

## 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.3 sigma: 0.97
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.41 (0.94)	6.22 (0.62)



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# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Manufacturer / Iden  Description Model		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2014	10/2015
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



# **SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.176.4.15.SATU.A

# WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236

Calibrated at MVG US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



Calibration Date: 06/25/2015

## Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	6/25/2015	JES
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	6/25/2015	thim Puthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	6/25/2015	Initial release



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## 1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SID1900	
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

## 3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

## 3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



**Figure 1** – *MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole* 



#### 4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

## 4.2 <u>MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

## 5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

## 5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	<b>Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss</b>
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

## 5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

# 5.3 <u>VALIDATION MEASUREMENT</u>

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, FCC KDBs, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

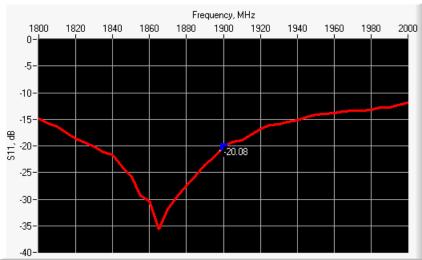
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %

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10 g	20.1 %

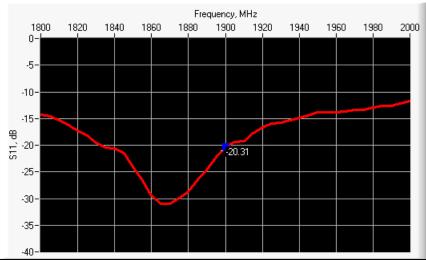
## 6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

## 6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN HEAD LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz) Return Loss (dB)		Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-20.08	-20	$54.9 \Omega + 9.2 j\Omega$

## 6.2 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE IN BODY LIQUID</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-20.31	-20	$49.7 \Omega + 9.7 j\Omega$

# 6.3 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

Frequency MHz	L mm		m h mm		<b>d</b> n	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	

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	1		T T		ı	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

## 7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

## 7.1 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ( $\epsilon_{r}$ ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	

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1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

## 7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

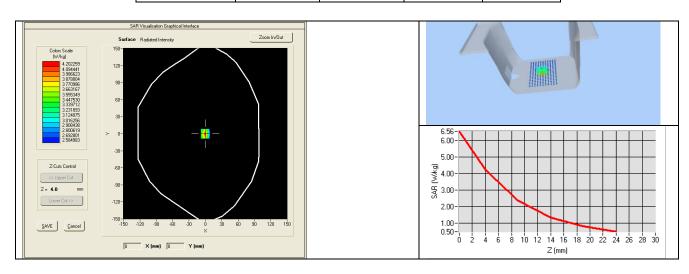
Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.4 sigma: 1.41
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR (	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	

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1900	39.7	38.93 (3.89)	20.5	20.27 (2.03)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



# 7.3 <u>BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %	PASS	1.52 ±5 %	PASS
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	

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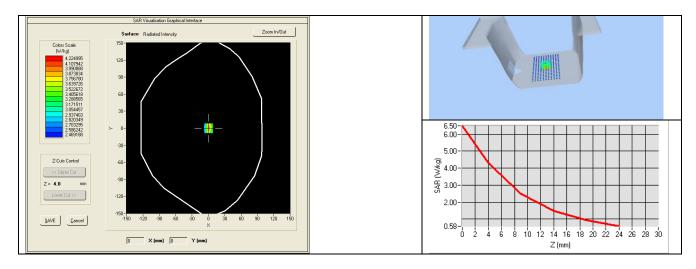


2600	52.5 ±5 %	2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %	2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %	3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %	5.30 ±10 %	
5300	48.9 ±10 %	5.42 ±10 %	
5400	48.7 ±10 %	5.53 ±10 %	
5500	48.6 ±10 %	5.65 ±10 %	
5600	48.5 ±10 %	5.77 ±10 %	
5800	48.2 ±10 %	6.00 ±10 %	

## 7.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH BODY LIQUID

Software	OPENSAR V4		
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71		
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122		
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.9 sigma: 1.55		
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm		
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm		
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm		
Frequency	1900 MHz		
Input power	20 dBm		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
1900	38.73 (3.87)	20.48 (2.05)	



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# 8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet								
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date				
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.				
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016				
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016				
Reference Probe	MVG	EPG122 SN 18/11	10/2014	10/2015				
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016				
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016				
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016				
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016				
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.				
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015				