



RF Test Report

For




Applicant Name: TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address: FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25
SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG
EUT Name: Laptop Computer
Brand Name: TECNO
Model Number: T14AA
Series Model Number: Refer to Section 2

Issued By

Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address: F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou
Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Report Number: BTF230918R00204
Test Standards: 47 CFR Part 15E

Test Conclusion: Pass
FCC ID: 2ADYY-T14AA
Test Date: 2023-08-29 to 2023-09-19
Date of Issue: 2023-09-20

Prepared By: 
Chris Liu / Project Engineer 
Date: 2023-09-20
Approved By: 
Ryan.CJ / EMC Manager
Date: 2023-09-20

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Revision History		
Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
R_V0	2023-09-20	Original
<i>Note: Once the revision has been made, then previous versions reports are invalid.</i>		

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1 Introduction

1.1 Identification of Testing Laboratory

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130
FCC Registration Number:	518915
Designation Number:	CN1330

1.3 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BTF and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.

2 Product Information

2.1 Application Information

Company Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address:	FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address:	FLAT N 16/F BLOCK B UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIAL CENTRE 19-25 SHAN MEI STREET FOTAN NT HONGKONG

2.3 Factory Information

Company Name:	GUANGXI SHANCHAUN TECHNOLOGY CO LTD
Address:	The Second Floor of Plant C01, Plant C02, Plant C03 and Plant D03 Guangxi Sannuo Smart Industrial Park, No.3, Gaoke Road, Beihai Industrial Park, BEIHAI, 536000 Guangxi, P.R.China

2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Laptop Computer
Test Model Number:	T14AA
Series Model Number:	N/A
Software Version:	Win 11 home
Hardware Version:	N156EAL01_MB_V11

2.5 Technical Information

Power Supply:	Li-ion Battery: 528252-3S1P Rated Voltage: 11.61V Rated Capacity: 6460mAh/75Wh Limited Capacity: 6550mAh/76.04Wh Limited Charge Voltage: 13.35V
Power Adaptor:	Adapter1: DS65-2 Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 1.5A Max Output: 5.0V ---3.0A 9.0V ---3.0A 12.0V ---3.0A 15.0V ---3.0A 20.0V ---3.25A 65.0W Adapter2: TCW-A61S-65W Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 1.5A Max Output: DP: 5.0V ---3A 9V ---3A 12V ---3A 15V ---3A 20V ---3.25A PPS: 3.3-11V ---5A Max
Operation Frequency:	Band 1: 5180-5240 MHz Band 2: 5260-5320 MHz Band 3: 5500-5700 MHz Band 4: 5745-5825 MHz
Number of Channels:	Refer to Section 4.4
Modulation Type:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax: OFDM/OFDMA (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM/1024QAM)
Antenna Type:	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain [#] :	MAIN: 4.60dBi AUX: 3.79 dBi

Note:

#: This report only reflects the worst-case adapter 1 data.

#: The antenna gain provided by the applicant, and the laboratory will not be responsible for the accumulated calculation results which covers the information provided by the applicant.

3 Summary of Test Results

3.1 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

47 CFR Part 15E: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

3.2 Uncertainty of Test

Item	Measurement Uncertainty
Conducted Emission (150 kHz-30 MHz)	±2.64dB
The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.	

3.3 Summary of Test Result

Item	Standard	Requirement	Result
Antenna requirement	47 CFR Part 15E	Part 15.203	Pass
Conducted Emission at AC power line	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)	Pass
Maximum conducted output power	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
Power spectral density	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15E	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)	Pass
Channel Availability Check Time	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(ii)	Pass
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)	Pass
Statistical Performance Check	47 CFR Part 15E	KDB 935210 D02, Clause 5.1 Table 2	Pass
Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iii)	Pass
Non-Occupancy Period Test	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iv)	Pass
DFS Detection Thresholds	47 CFR Part 15E	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 5.2 Table 3	Pass
Band edge emissions (Radiated)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass
Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)	Pass
Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass

4 Test Configuration

4.1 Test Equipment List

Conducted Emission at AC power line					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Pulse Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	00953	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Coaxial Switcher	SCHWARZBECK	CX210	CX210	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
V-LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	01073	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
LISN	AFJ	LS16/110VAC	16010020076	2023-02-23	2024-02-22
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI3	101422	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Duty Cycle					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Maximum conducted output power					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Power spectral density					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Channel Availability Check Time					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
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U-NII Detection Bandwidth					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Statistical Performance Check					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Non-Occupancy Period Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

DFS Detection Thresholds					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

Band edge emissions (Radiated)					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-10m	21101566	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1m	21101568	2022-11-24	2023-11-23

RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2021-11-28	2023-11-27
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI7	101032	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	100010	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Broadband Preamp	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	00008	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	/	/	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2021-11-28	2023-11-27

Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Preamp	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMAMAM-10m	21101566	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMAMAM-1m	21101568	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2021-11-28	2023-11-27
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI7	101032	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	100010	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Broadband Preamp	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	00008	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	/	/	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2021-11-28	2023-11-27

Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-10m	21101566	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1m	21101568	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2021-11-28	2023-11-27
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESC17	101032	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	100010	2022-11-24	2023-11-23
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	00008	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	/	/	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2021-11-28	2023-11-27

4.2 Test Auxiliary Equipment

The EUT was tested as an independent device.

4.3 Test Modes

Operating Environment:																							
Temperature:	25.0 °C																						
Humidity:	56 % RH																						
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar																						
Test Mode:																							
Engineering mode:	Keep the EUT in continuous transmitting by select channel and modulations(The value of duty cycle is 95.70%)																						
<p>The sample was placed (0.8m below 1GHz, 1.5m above 1GHz) above the ground plane of 3m chamber. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were performed. During the test, each emission was maximized by: having the EUT continuously working, investigated all operating modes, rotated about all 3 axis (X, Y & Z) and considered typical configuration to obtain worst position, manipulating interconnecting cables, rotating the turntable, varying antenna height from 1m to 4m in both horizontal and vertical polarizations. The emissions worst-case are shown in Test Results of the following pages. For the full battery state and The output power to the maximum state.</p> <p>To investigate the maximum EMI emission characteristics generates from EUT, the test system was pre-scanning tested base on the consideration of following EUT operation mode or test configuration mode which possible have effect on EMI emission level. Each of these EUT operation mode(s) or test configuration mode(s) mentioned above was evaluated respectively.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="308 1310 1393 1765"> <thead> <tr> <th>Test Mode</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Mode 1</td> <td>802.11a</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 2</td> <td>802.11n20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 3</td> <td>802.11n40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 4</td> <td>802.11ac20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 5</td> <td>802.11ac40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 6</td> <td>802.11ac80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 7</td> <td>802.11ax20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 8</td> <td>802.11ax40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 9</td> <td>802.11ax80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mode 10</td> <td>802.11ax160</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Test Mode	Description	Mode 1	802.11a	Mode 2	802.11n20	Mode 3	802.11n40	Mode 4	802.11ac20	Mode 5	802.11ac40	Mode 6	802.11ac80	Mode 7	802.11ax20	Mode 8	802.11ax40	Mode 9	802.11ax80	Mode 10	802.11ax160
Test Mode	Description																						
Mode 1	802.11a																						
Mode 2	802.11n20																						
Mode 3	802.11n40																						
Mode 4	802.11ac20																						
Mode 5	802.11ac40																						
Mode 6	802.11ac80																						
Mode 7	802.11ax20																						
Mode 8	802.11ax40																						
Mode 9	802.11ax80																						
Mode 10	802.11ax160																						
<p>Note:</p> <p>(1) The measurements are performed at the highest, lowest available channels.</p> <p>(2) The EUT use new battery.</p> <p>(3) Record the worst case of each test item in this report.</p>																							

4.4 Table of Parameters of Text Software Setting

Test program	*#9646633#*										
Mode	Test Frequency (MHz)										
	NCB: 20MHz										
802.11a	5180 MHz	5240 MHz	5260 MHz	5320 MHz	5500 MHz	5700 MHz	5745 MHz	5825 MHz			
802.11n	5180 MHz	5240 MHz	5260 MHz	5320 MHz	5500 MHz	5700 MHz	5745 MHz	5825 MHz			
802.11ac	5180 MHz	5240 MHz	5260 MHz	5320 MHz	5500 MHz	5700 MHz	5745 MHz	5825 MHz			
802.11ax	5180 MHz	5240 MHz	5260 MHz	5320 MHz	5500 MHz	5700 MHz	5745 MHz	5825 MHz			
NCB: 40MHz											
802.11n	5190 MHz	5230 MHz	5270 MHz	5310 MHz	5510 MHz	5670 MHz	5755 MHz	5795 MHz			
802.11ac	5190 MHz	5230 MHz	5270 MHz	5310 MHz	5510 MHz	5670 MHz	5755 MHz	5795 MHz			
802.11ax	5190 MHz	5230 MHz	5270 MHz	5310 MHz	5510 MHz	5670 MHz	5755 MHz	5795 MHz			
NCB: 80MHz											
802.11ac	5210 MHz	5290 MHz	5530 MHz	5610 MHz	5775 MHz						
802.11ax	5210 MHz	5290 MHz	5530 MHz	5610 MHz	5775 MHz						
NCB: 160MHz											
802.11ax	5250 MHz	5570 MHz									
<p>During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.</p>											

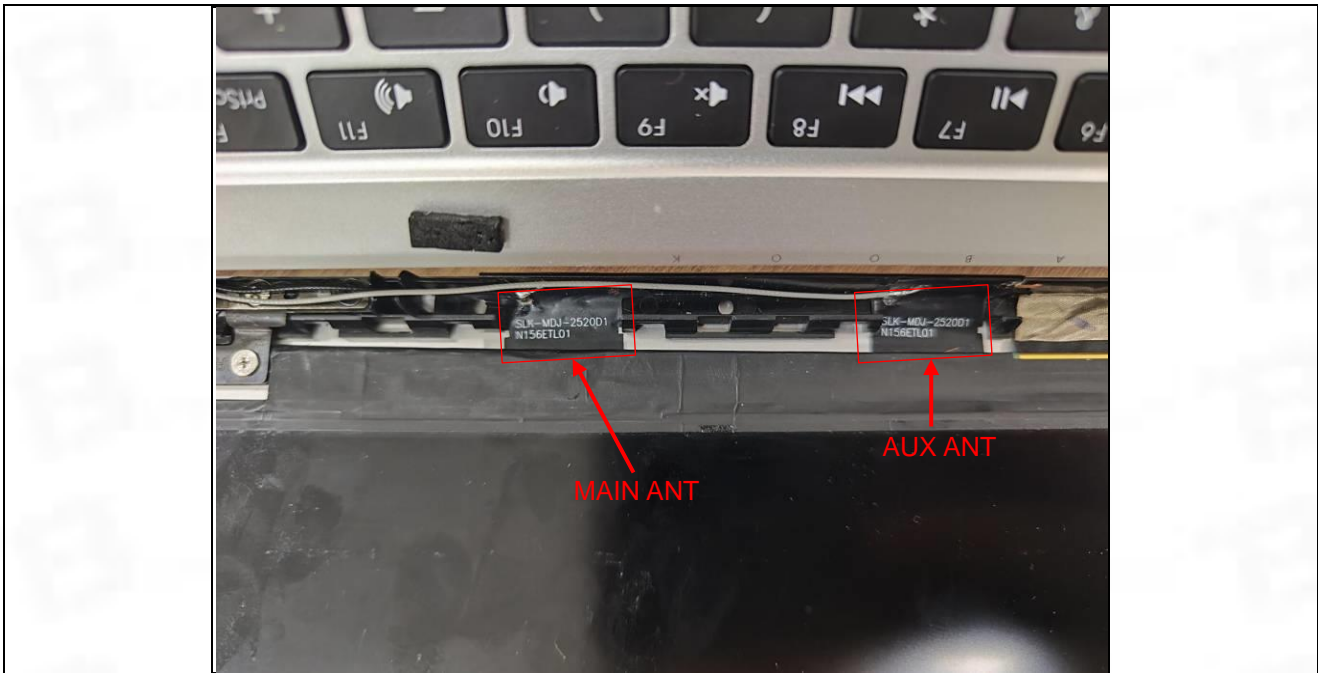
5 Evaluation Results (Evaluation)

5.1 Antenna requirement

Test Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

5.1.1 Conclusion:



6 Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF)

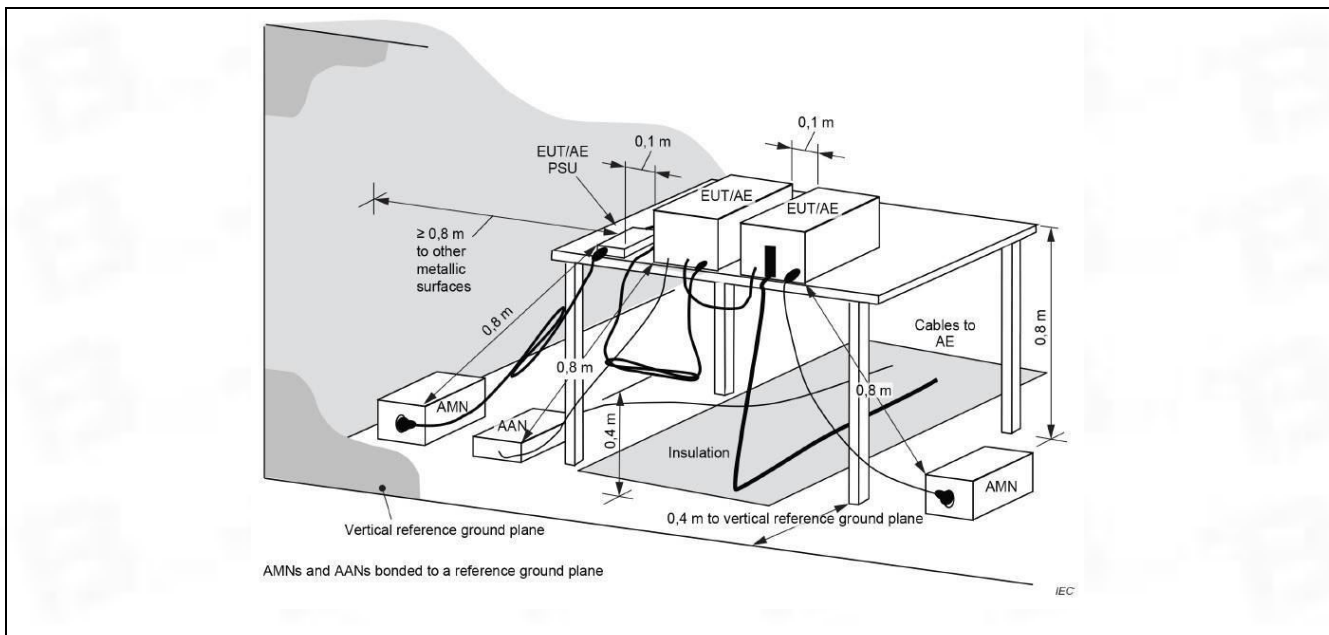
6.1 Conducted Emission at AC power line

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)		
Test Method:	Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2, standard test method for ac power-line conducted emissions from unlicensed wireless devices		
Test Limit:	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dB μ V)	Average
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
	0.5-5	56	46
	5-30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.			

6.1.1 E.U.T. Operation:

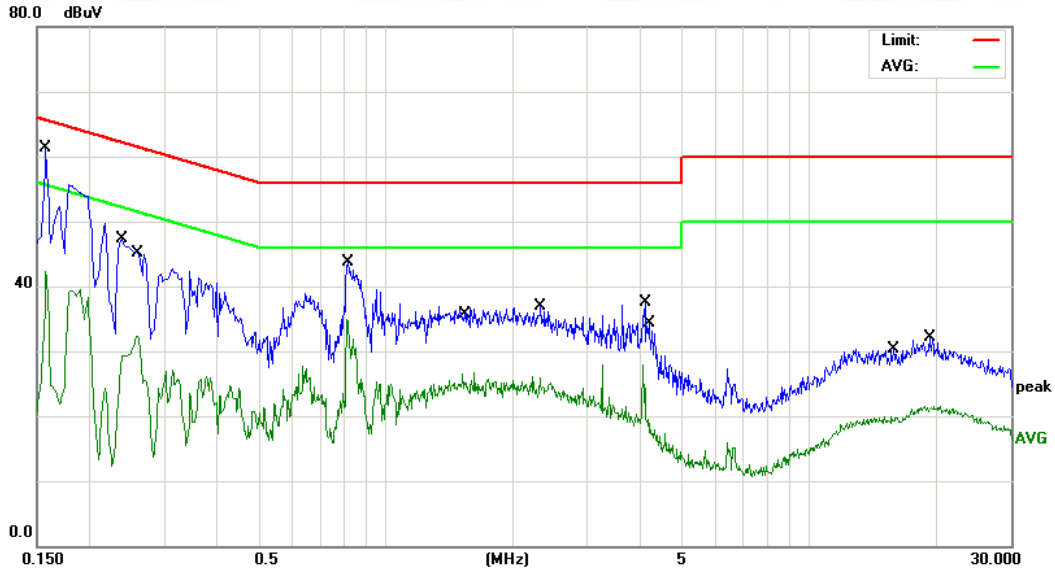
Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.1.2 Test Setup Diagram:



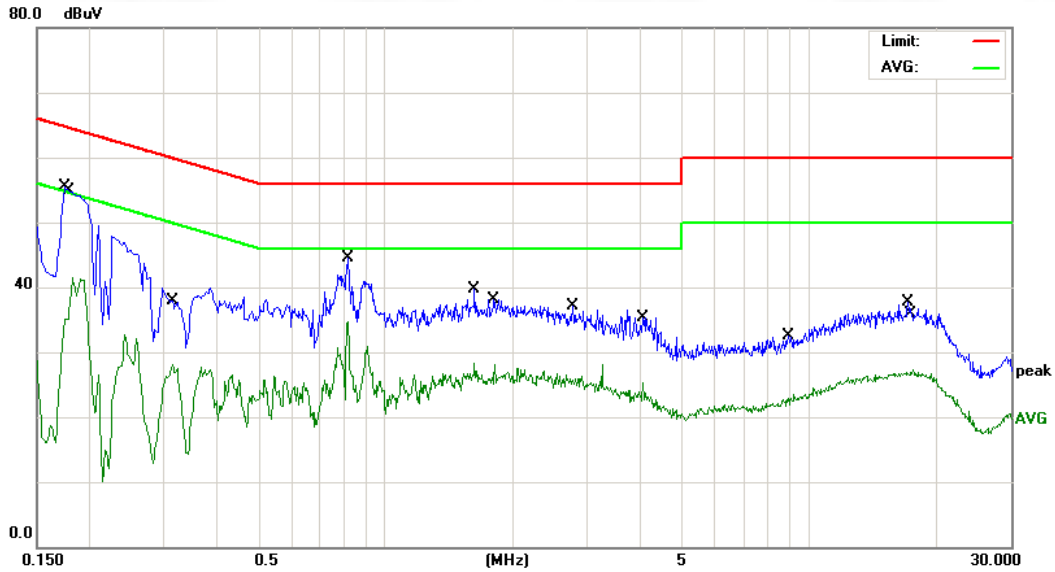
6.1.3 Test Data:

Line: Line / Band: U-NII 1 / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1	*	0.1580	50.85	10.45	61.30	65.56	-4.26	QP
2		0.1580	31.92	10.45	42.37	55.56	-13.19	AVG
3		0.2380	36.84	10.46	47.30	62.16	-14.86	QP
4		0.2620	21.42	10.46	31.88	51.36	-19.48	AVG
5		0.8100	24.29	10.54	34.83	46.00	-11.17	AVG
6		0.8139	33.08	10.54	43.62	56.00	-12.38	QP
7		1.5220	15.84	10.63	26.47	46.00	-19.53	AVG
8		2.3260	26.23	10.71	36.94	56.00	-19.06	QP
9		4.0620	17.21	10.73	27.94	46.00	-18.06	AVG
10		4.1940	23.63	10.73	34.36	56.00	-21.64	QP
11		15.6940	8.79	11.18	19.97	50.00	-30.03	AVG
12		19.2260	21.12	11.07	32.19	60.00	-27.81	QP

Line: Neutral / Band: U-NII 1 / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector
1	*	0.1740	45.03	10.45	55.48	64.76	-9.28	QP
2		0.1819	31.10	10.45	41.55	54.39	-12.84	AVG
3		0.3140	17.59	10.48	28.07	49.86	-21.79	AVG
4		0.8139	33.91	10.54	44.45	56.00	-11.55	QP
5		0.8139	24.14	10.54	34.68	46.00	-11.32	AVG
6		1.6260	29.03	10.65	39.68	56.00	-16.32	QP
7		1.8180	17.42	10.68	28.10	46.00	-17.90	AVG
8		2.7780	26.29	10.72	37.01	56.00	-18.99	QP
9		4.0580	14.49	10.73	25.22	46.00	-20.78	AVG
10		8.9420	21.60	10.81	32.41	60.00	-27.59	QP
11		17.1740	26.55	11.13	37.68	60.00	-22.32	QP
12		17.6220	16.22	11.12	27.34	50.00	-22.66	AVG

6.2 Duty Cycle

Test Requirement:	All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100% duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100% duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 12.2 (b)
Test Limit:	No limits, only for report use.
Procedure:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. ii) Set RBW \geq EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. iii) Set VBW \geq RBW. iv) Set detector = peak. v) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2, and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

6.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.2.2 Test Result: (Meet requirements)

6.3 Maximum conducted output power

<p>Test Requirement:</p>	<p>47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)</p>
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.3</p>
<p>Test Limit:</p>	<p>For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).</p> <p>For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p> <p>For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>

	<p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>Method SA-1 a) Set span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal. b) Set RBW = 1 MHz. c) Set VBW \geq 3 MHz. d) Number of points in sweep \geq $[2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing \leq $\text{RBW} / 2$, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.) e) Sweep time = auto. f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode. g) If transmit duty cycle $<$ 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF intervals) or at duty cycle \geq 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run." h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode. i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the EBW or OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the spectrum.</p>

6.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.3.2 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

6.4 Power spectral density

<p>Test Requirement:</p>	<p>47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)</p>
<p>Test Method:</p>	<p>ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.5</p>
<p>Test Limit:</p>	<p>For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p> <p>For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p> <p>For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter</p>

	<p>conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.</p>
<p>Procedure:</p>	<p>a) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in 12.3.2 for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver; that is, select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or their respective alternatives) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, "Compute power..." (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using the power meter method PM.)</p> <p>b) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.</p> <p>c) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) If method SA-2 or SA-2A was used, then add $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum. 2) If method SA-3A was used and the linear mode was used in step h) of 12.3.2.7, add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging. <p>d) The result is the PPSD.</p> <p>e) The procedure in item a) through item c) requires the use of 1 MHz resolution bandwidth to satisfy the 1 MHz measurement bandwidth specified by some regulatory authorities. This requirement also permits use of resolution bandwidths less than 1 MHz "provided that the measured power is integrated to show the total power over the measurement bandwidth" (i.e., 1 MHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth and integrated over 1 MHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Set $RBW \geq 1 / T$, where T is defined in 12.2 a). 2) Set $VBW \geq [3 \times RBW]$. 3) Care shall be taken such that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

6.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.4.2 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

6.5 Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

Test Requirement:	<p>U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use.</p> <p>U-NII 3, U-NII 4: 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)</p>
Test Method:	<p>ANSI C63.10-2013, section 6.9.3 & 12.4 KDB 789033 D02, Clause C.2</p>
Test Limit:	<p>U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use.</p> <p>U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.</p>
Procedure:	<p>Emission bandwidth:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission. <p>Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.</p> <p>Occupied bandwidth:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until

	<p>99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.</p> <p>h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).</p> <p>6 dB emission bandwidth:</p> <p>a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.</p> <p>b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.</p> <p>c) Detector = Peak.</p> <p>d) Trace mode = max hold.</p> <p>e) Sweep = auto couple.</p> <p>f) Allow the trace to stabilize.</p> <p>g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.</p>
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6.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.5.2 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.

6.6 Band edge emissions (Radiated)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)																																																																																				
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6																																																																																				
Test Limit:	<p>For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>GHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090-0.110</td> <td>16.42-16.423</td> <td>399.9-410</td> <td>4.5-5.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>¹0.495-0.505</td> <td>16.69475-16.69525</td> <td>608-614</td> <td>5.35-5.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1735-2.1905</td> <td>16.80425-16.80475</td> <td>960-1240</td> <td>7.25-7.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.125-4.128</td> <td>25.5-25.67</td> <td>1300-1427</td> <td>8.025-8.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.17725-4.17775</td> <td>37.5-38.25</td> <td>1435-1626.5</td> <td>9.0-9.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.20725-4.20775</td> <td>73-74.6</td> <td>1645.5-1646.</td> <td>9.3-9.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.215-6.218</td> <td>74.8-75.2</td> <td>1660-1710</td> <td>10.6-12.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.26775-6.26825</td> <td>108-121.94</td> <td>1718.8-1722.</td> <td>13.25-13.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.31175-6.31225</td> <td>123-138</td> <td>2200-2300</td> <td>14.47-14.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.291-8.294</td> <td>149.9-150.05</td> <td>2310-2390</td> <td>15.35-16.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.362-8.366</td> <td>156.52475-156.525</td> <td>2483.5-2500</td> <td>17.7-21.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>25</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.37625-8.38675</td> <td>156.7-156.9</td> <td>2690-2900</td> <td>22.01-23.12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.41425-8.41475</td> <td>162.0125-167.17</td> <td>3260-3267</td> <td>23.6-24.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.29-12.293</td> <td>167.72-173.2</td> <td>3332-3339</td> <td>31.2-31.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.51975-12.52025</td> <td>240-285</td> <td>3345.8-3358</td> <td>36.43-36.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.57675-12.57725</td> <td>322-335.4</td> <td>3600-4400</td> <td>(²)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13.36-13.41</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.</p> <p>²Above 38.6</p> <p>The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in § 15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional</p>	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.	9.3-9.5			5		6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.	13.25-13.4			2		6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4		25			8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)	13.36-13.41			
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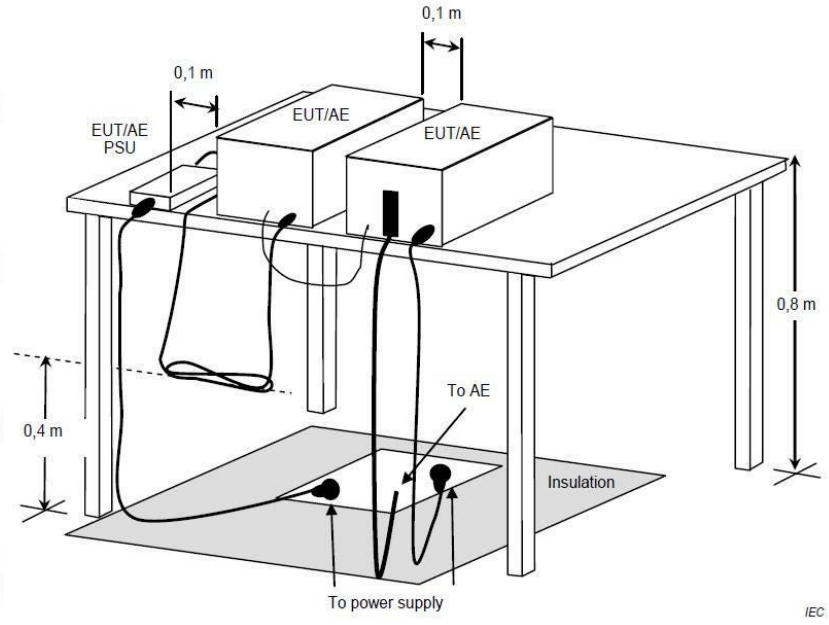
	radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:		
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
	1.705-30.0	30	30
	30-88	100 **	3
	88-216	150 **	3
	216-960	200 **	3
	Above 960	500	3
Procedure:	Above 1GHz:		
	a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.		
	b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.		
	c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.		
	d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.		
	e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.		
	f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.		
	g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.		
	h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.		
	i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.		
	Remark:		
	1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor		
	2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.		
3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.			
4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.			

6.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

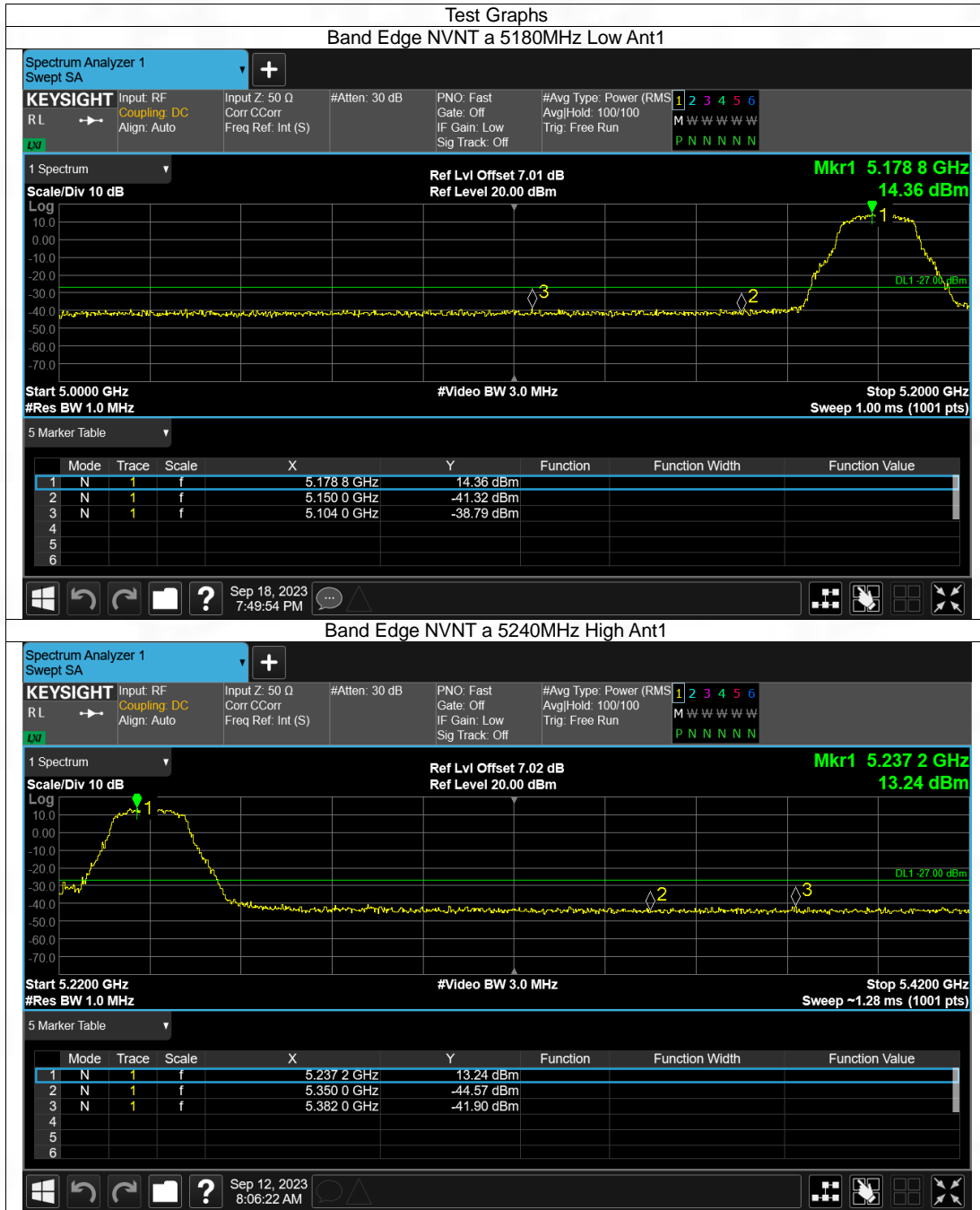
Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %

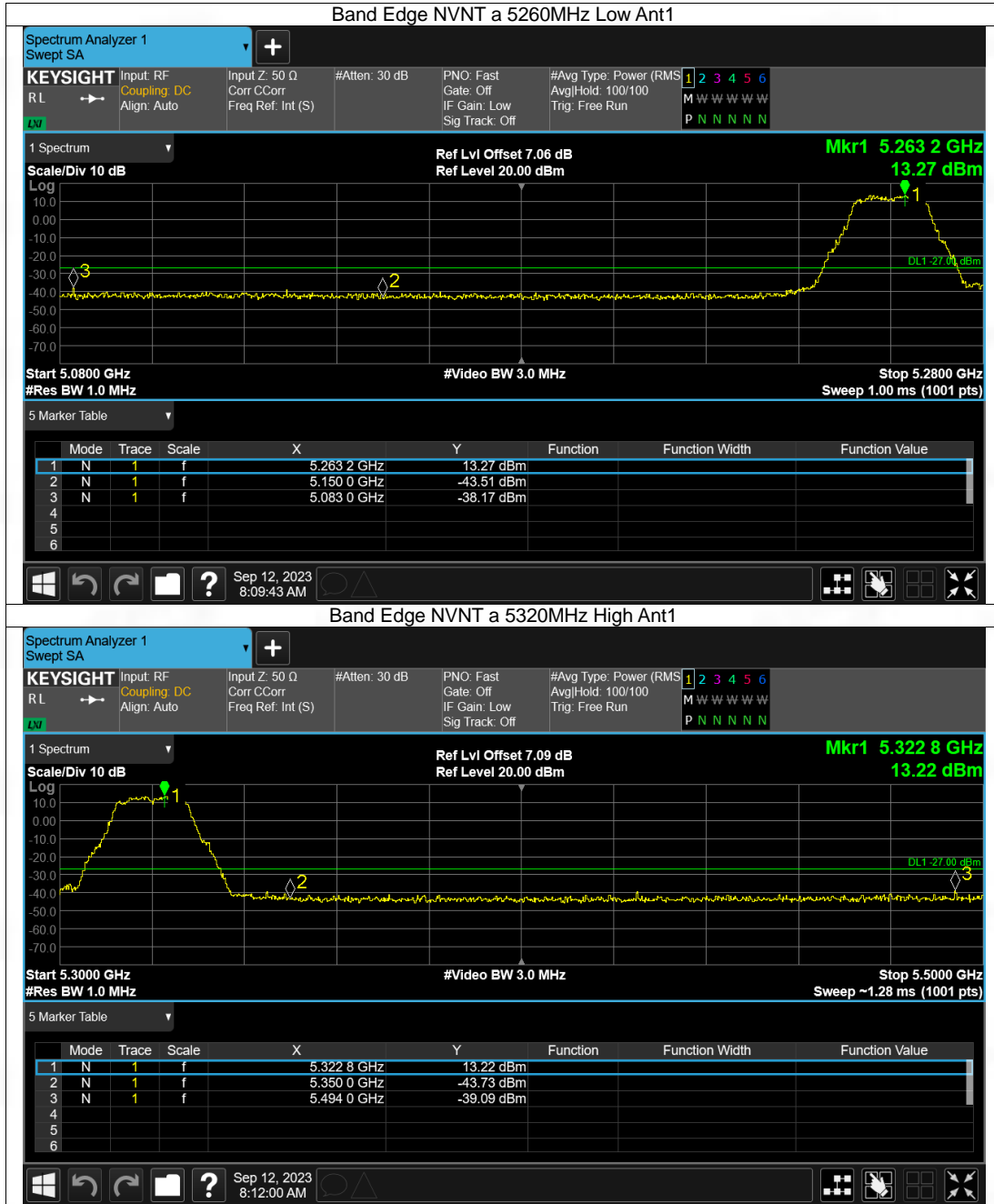
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar
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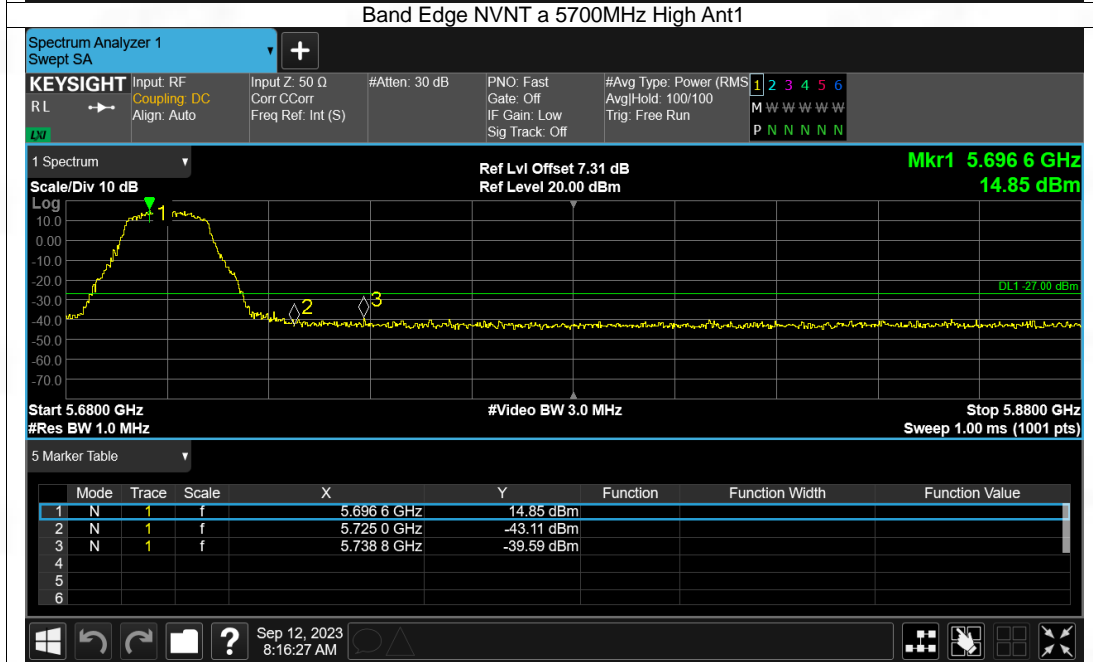
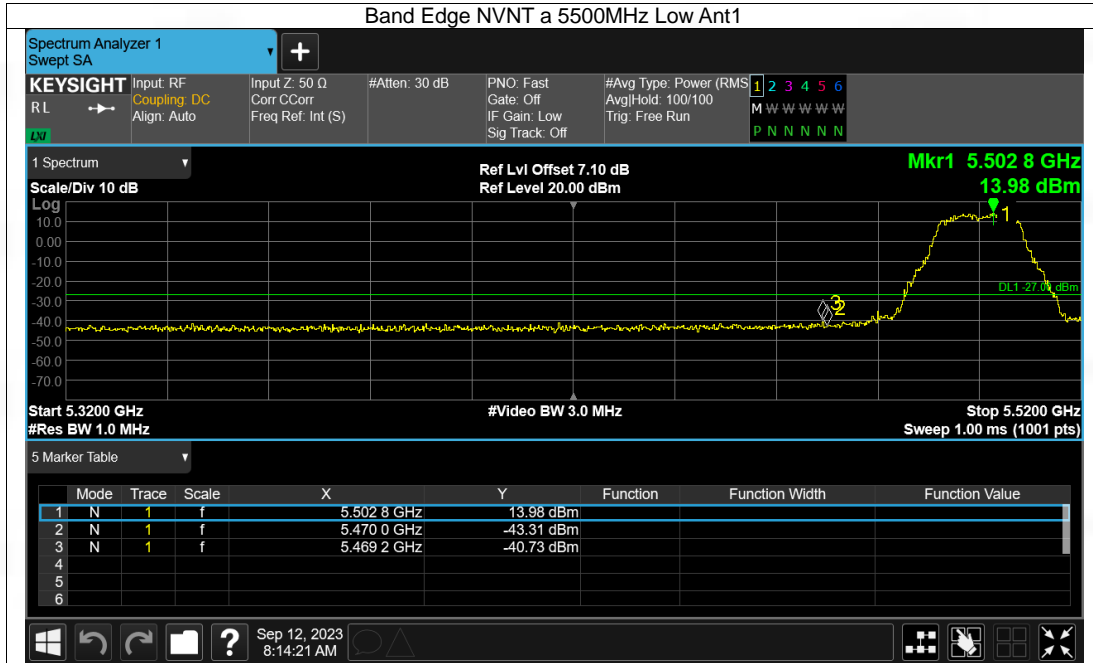
6.6.2 Test Setup Diagram:

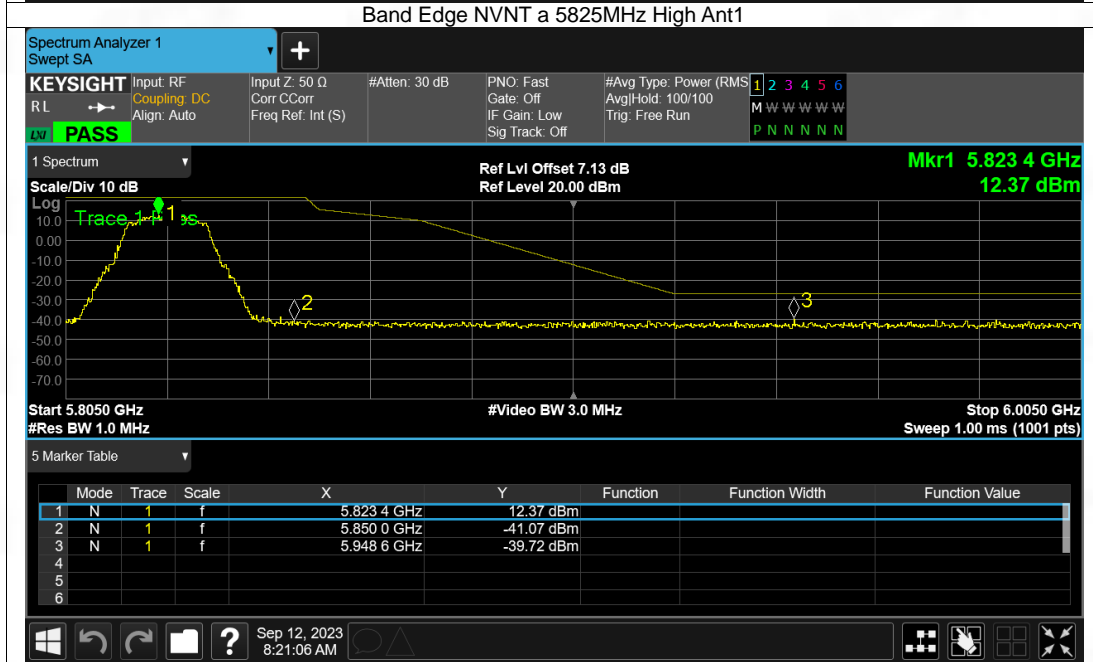
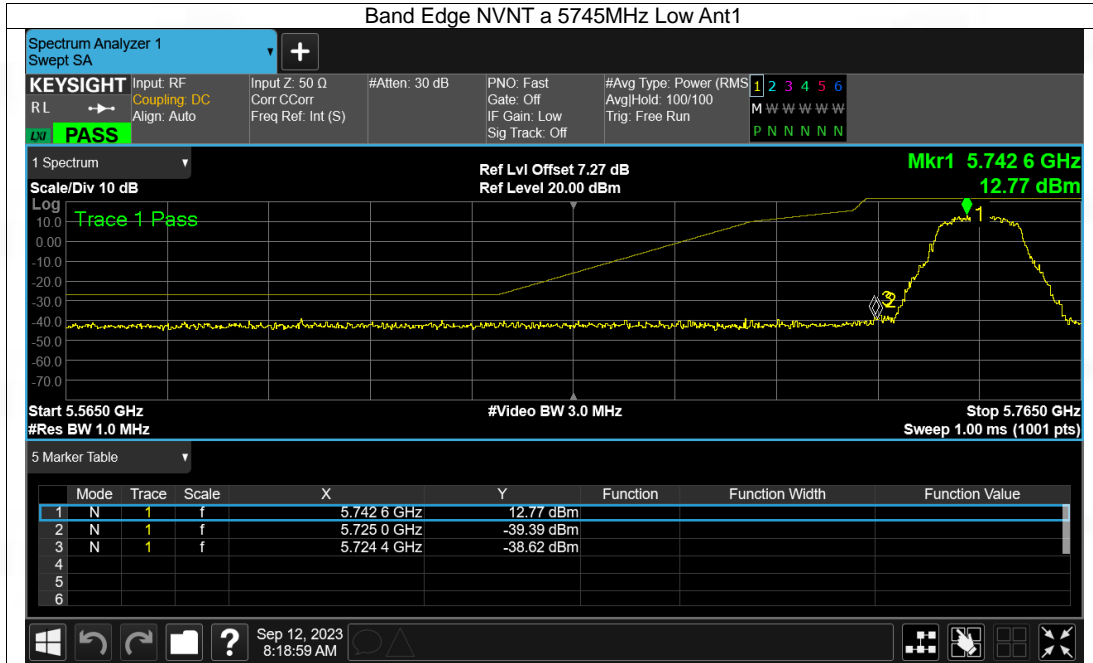


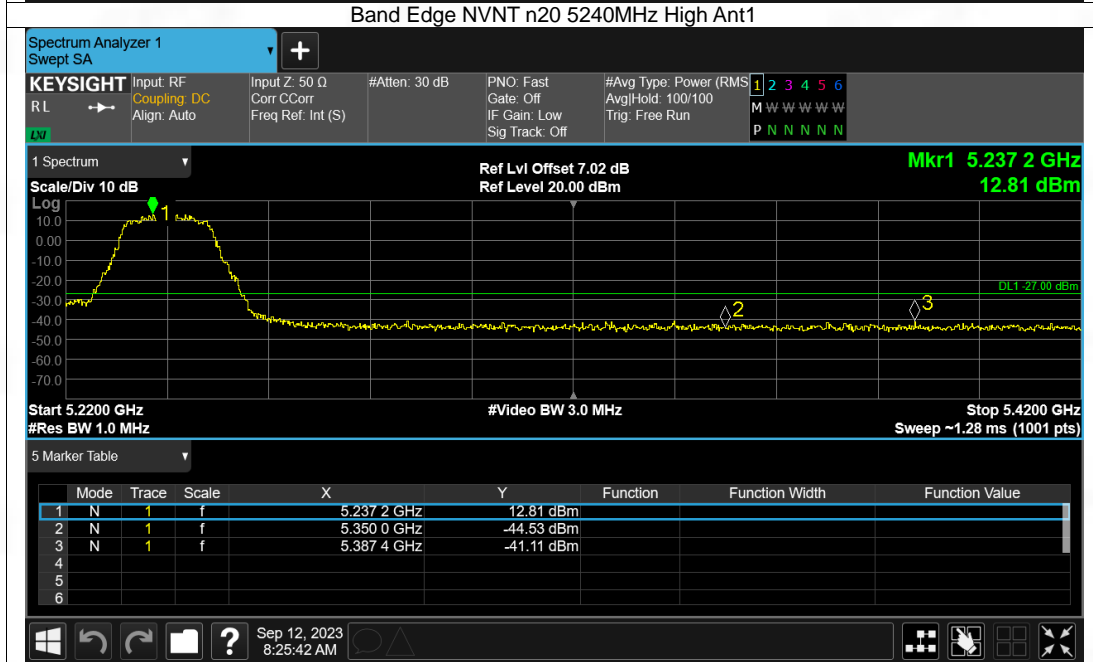
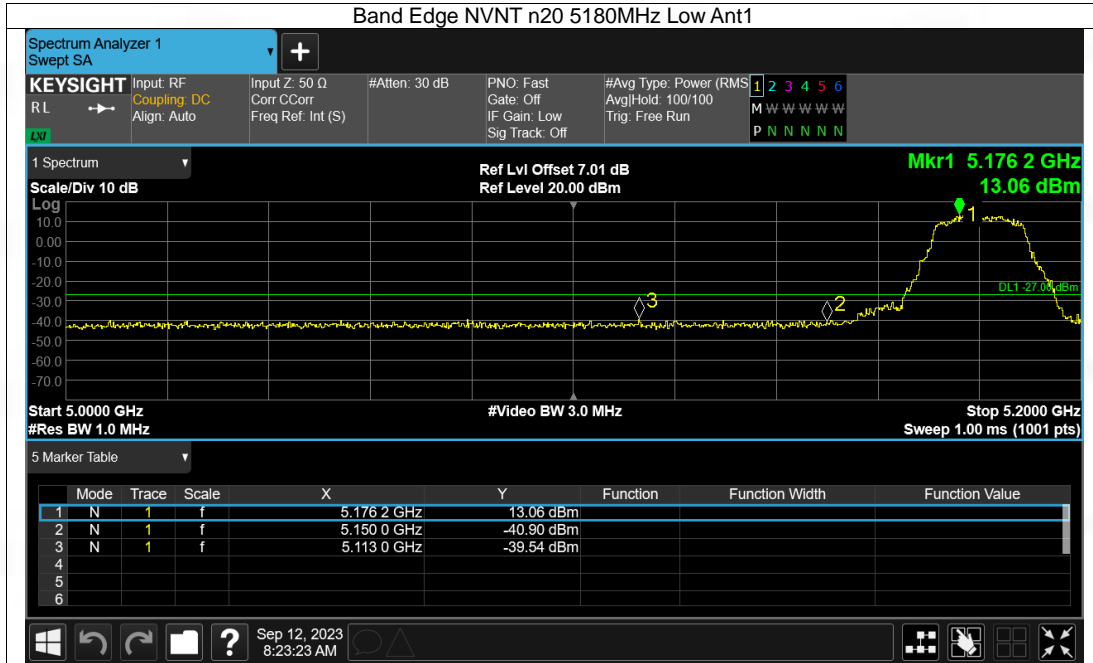
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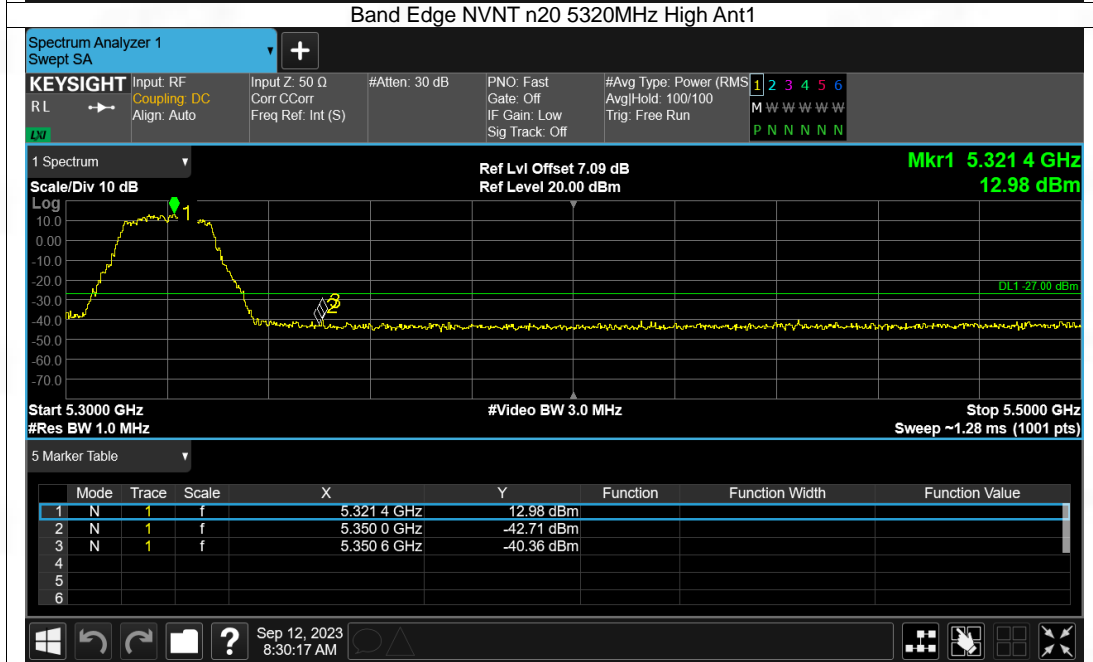
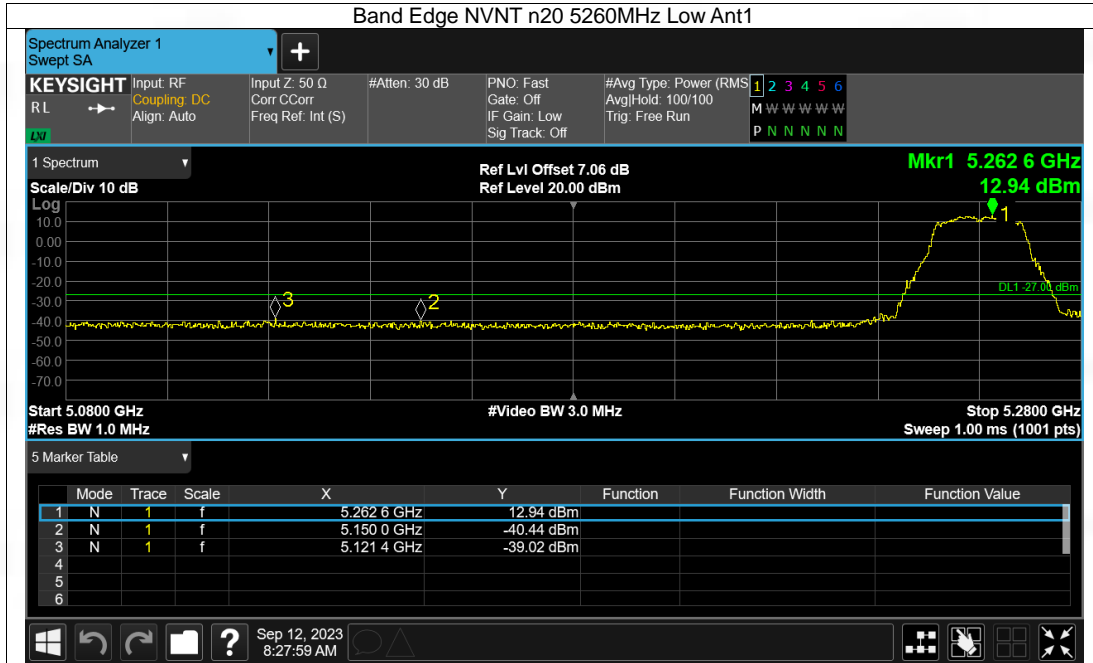


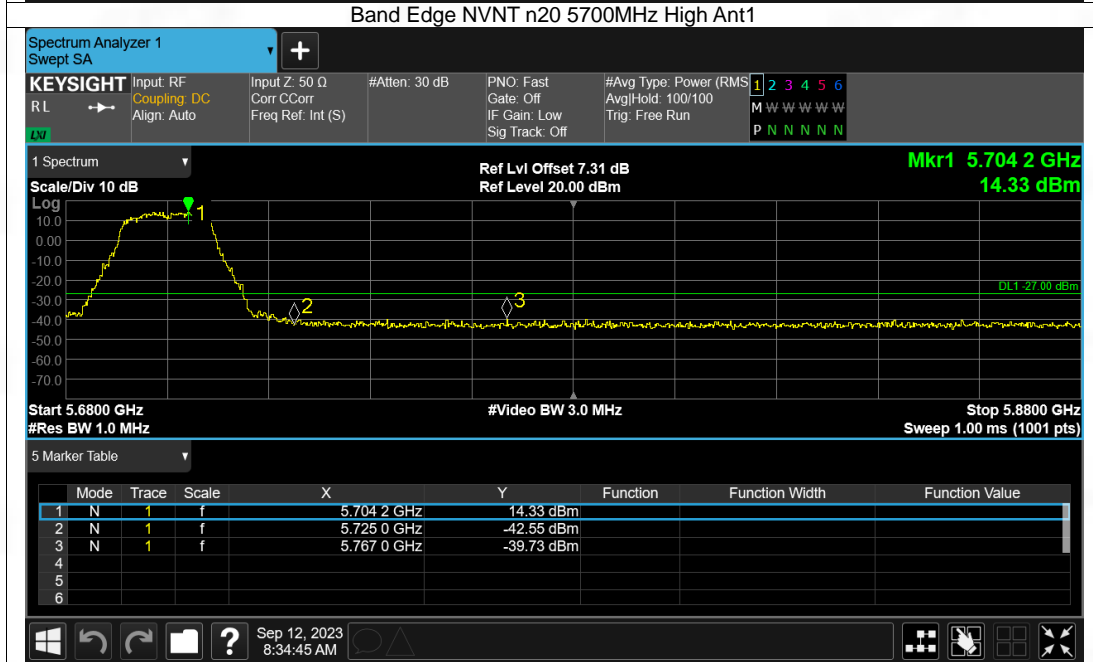
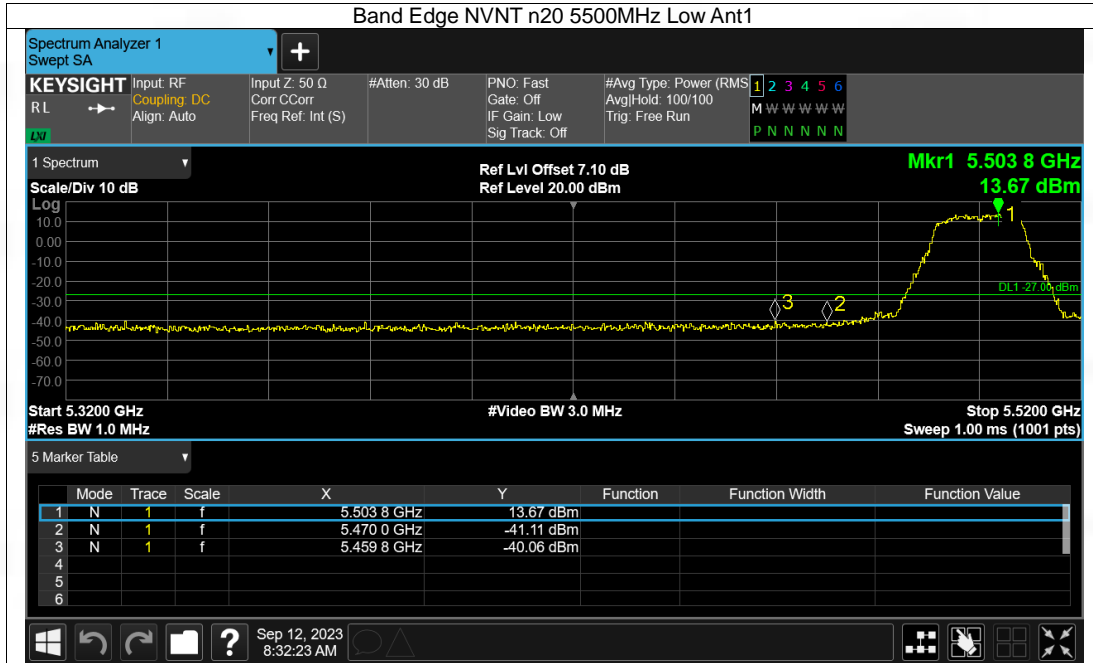


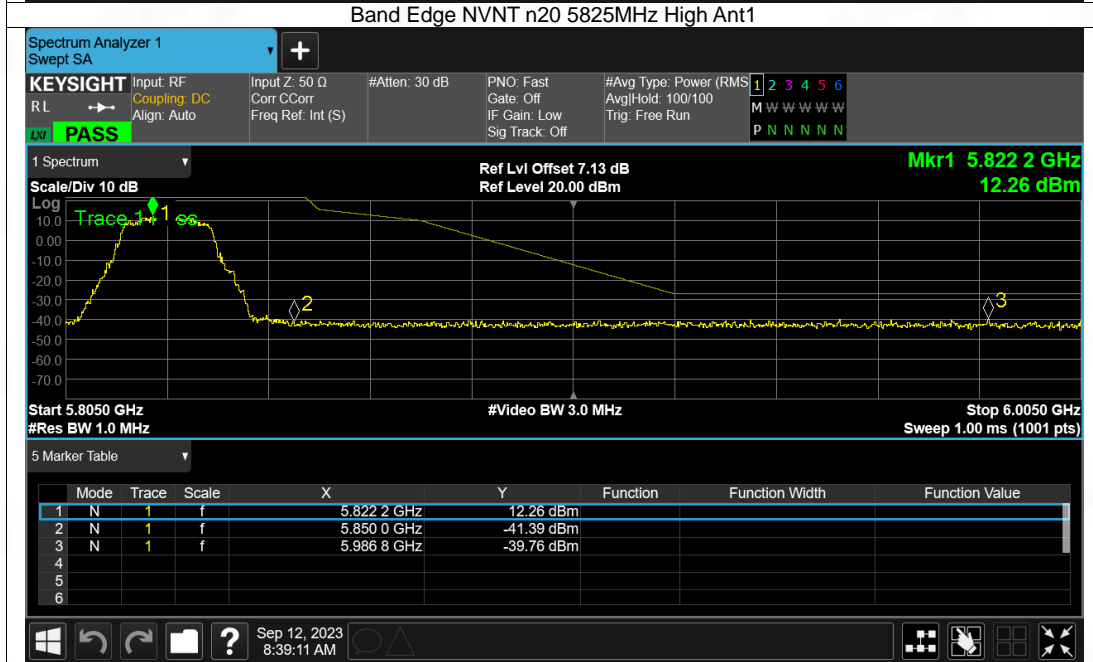
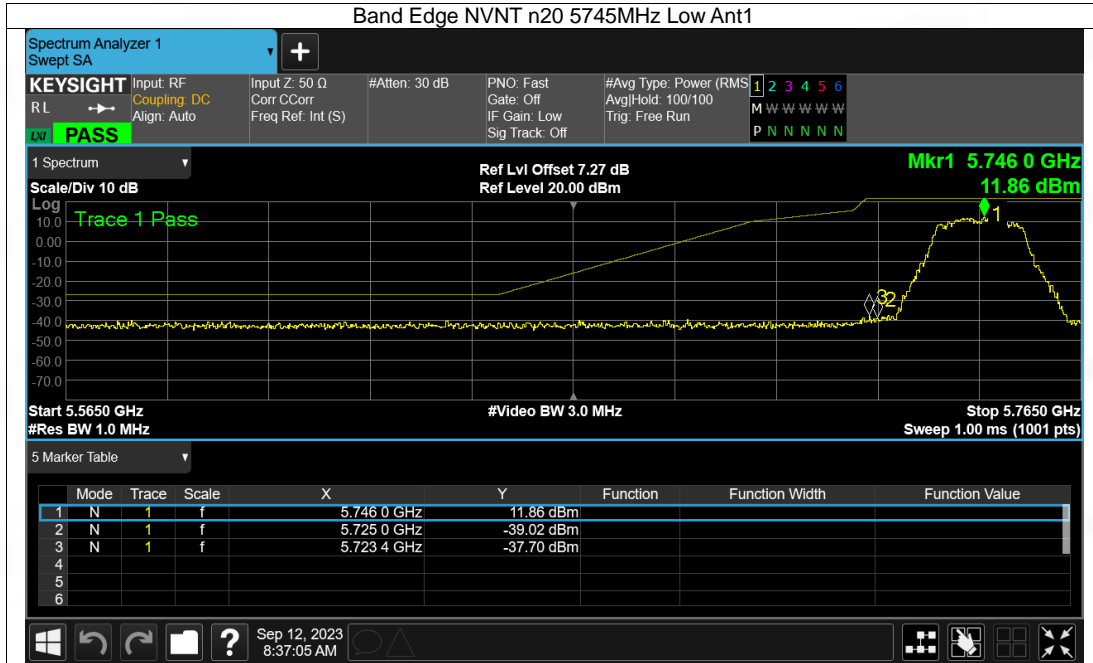


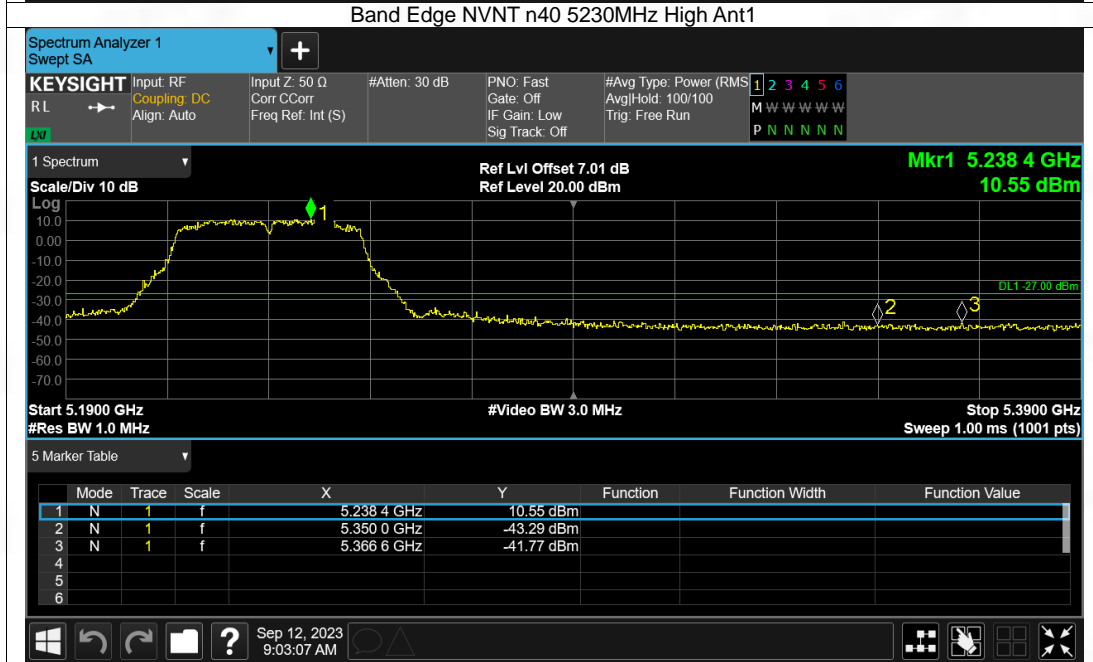
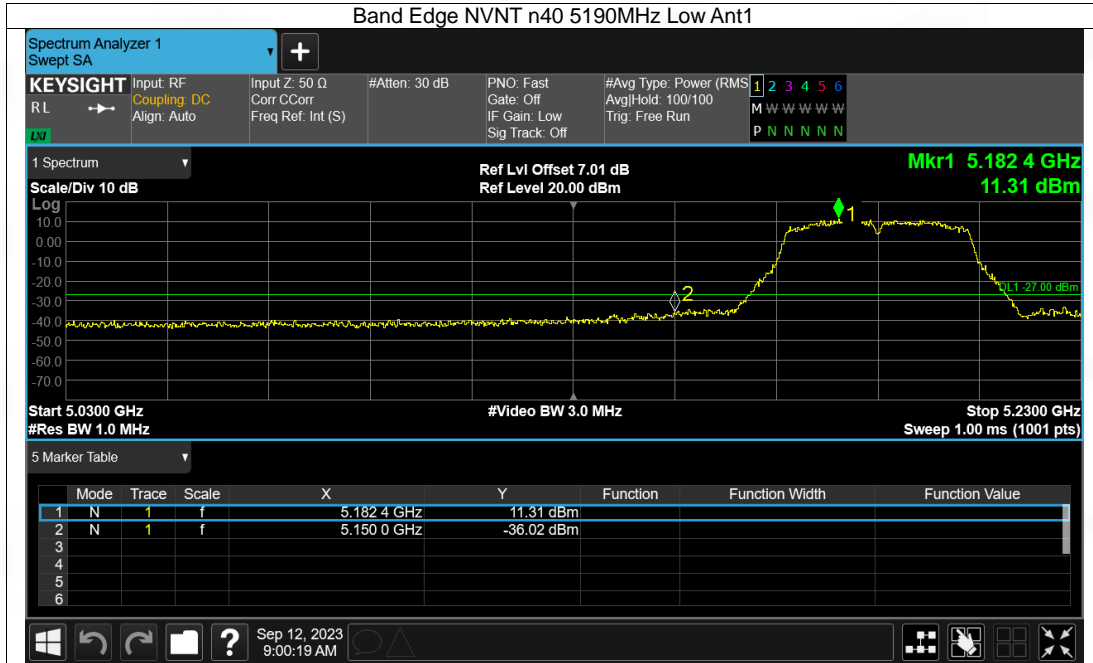


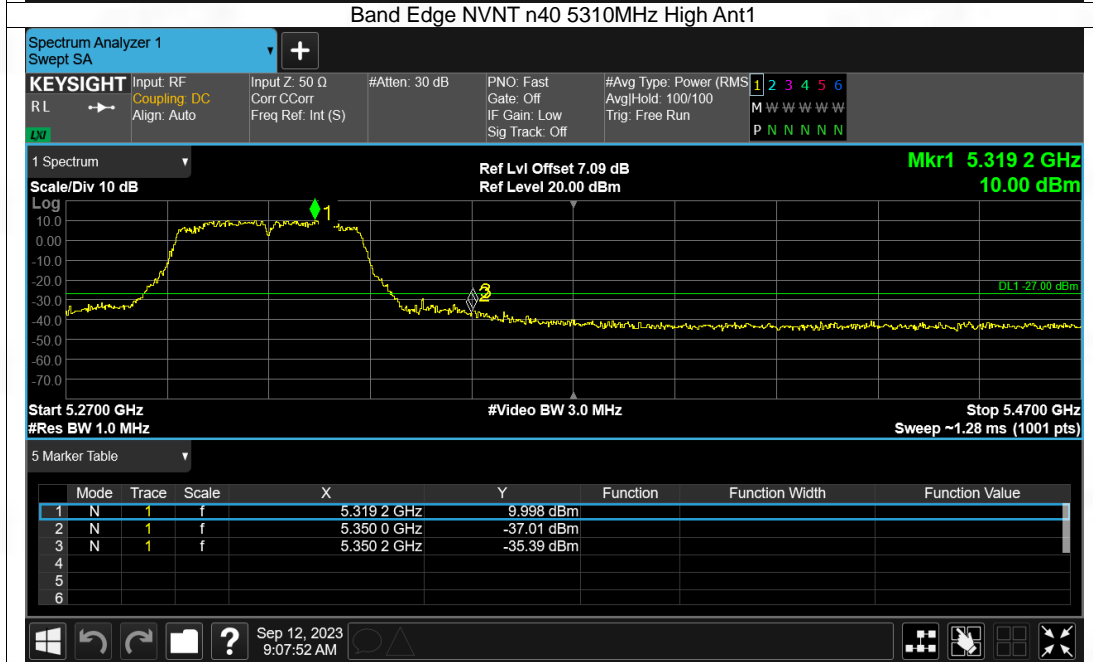
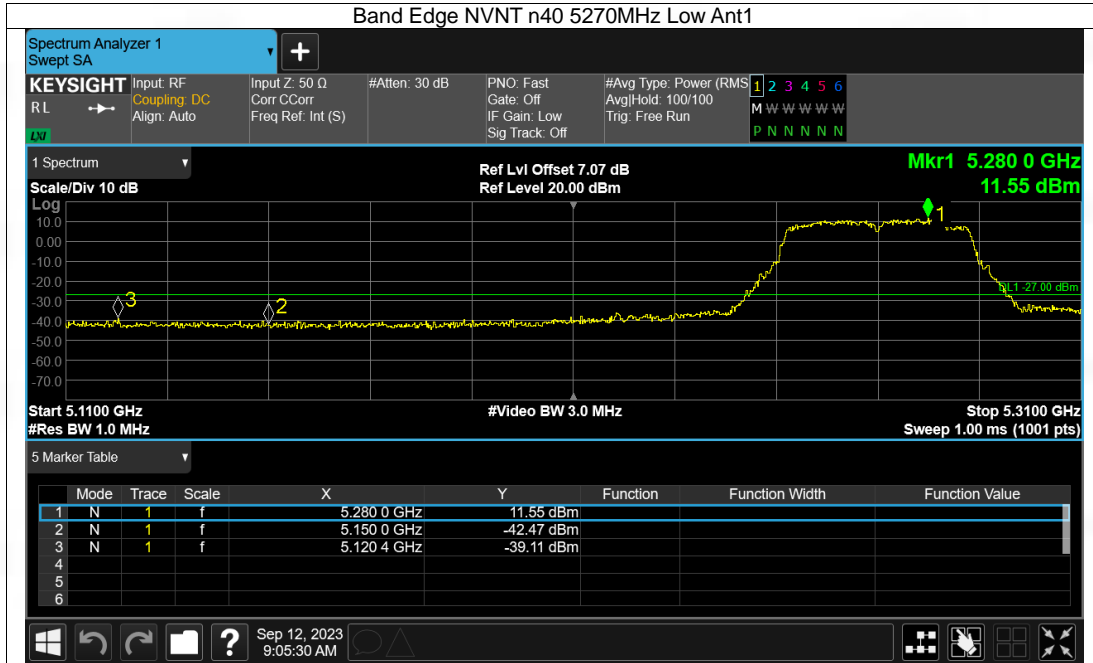


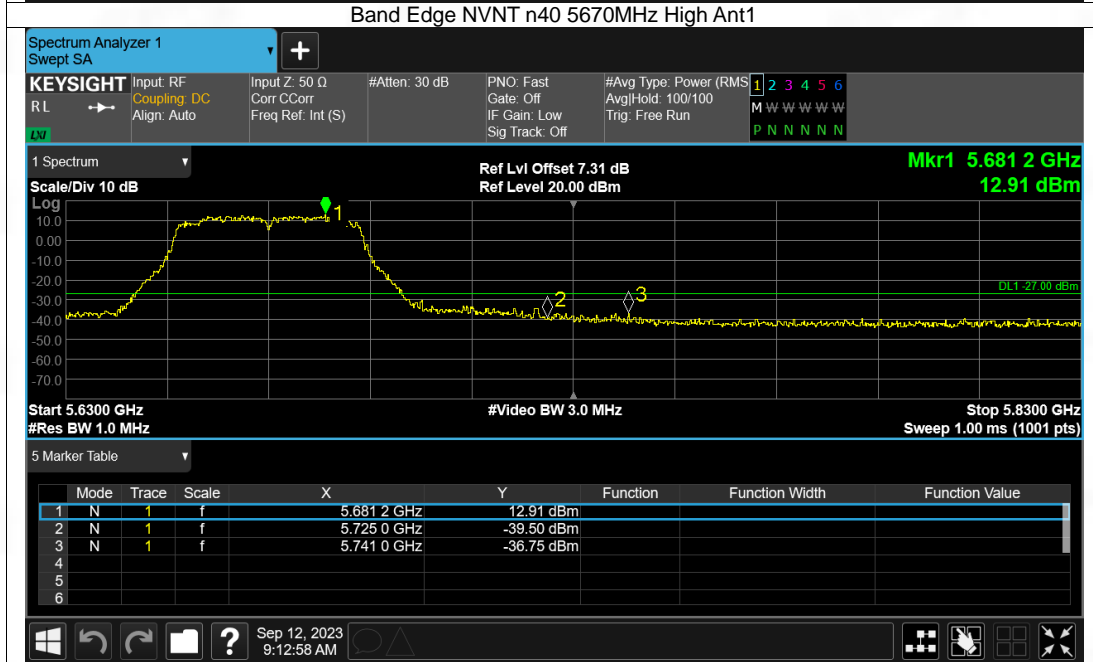
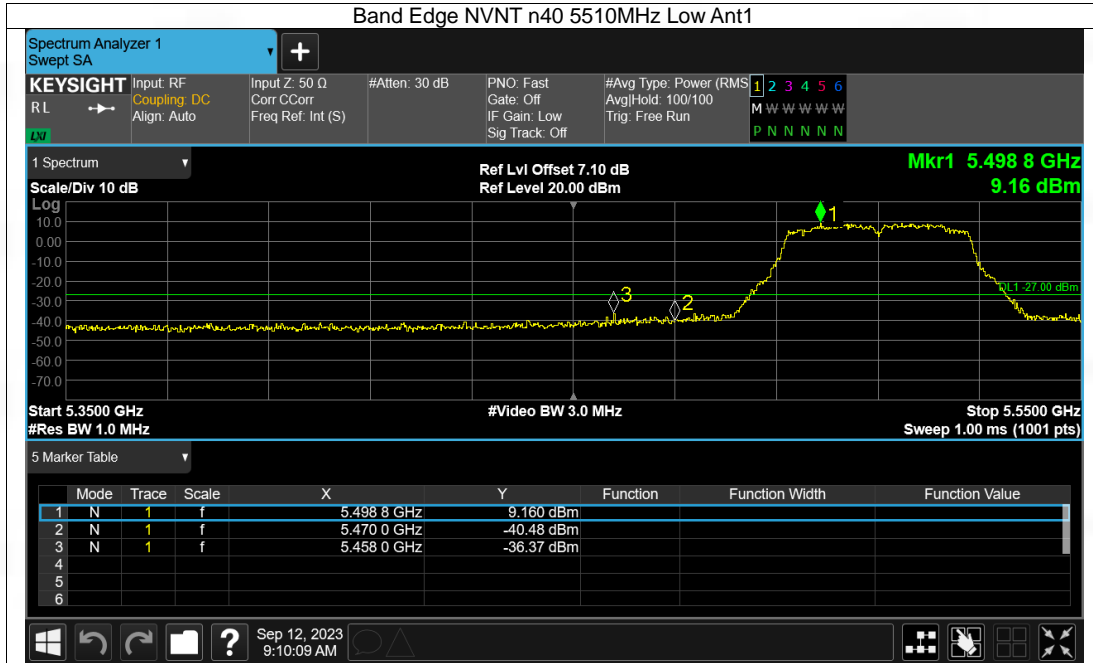


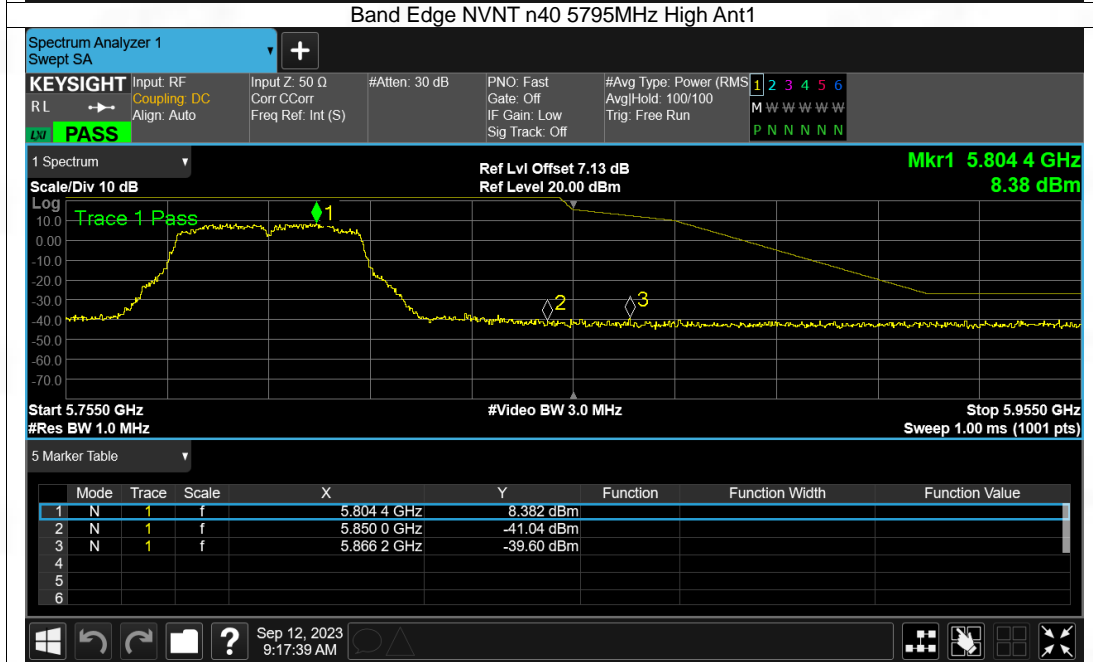
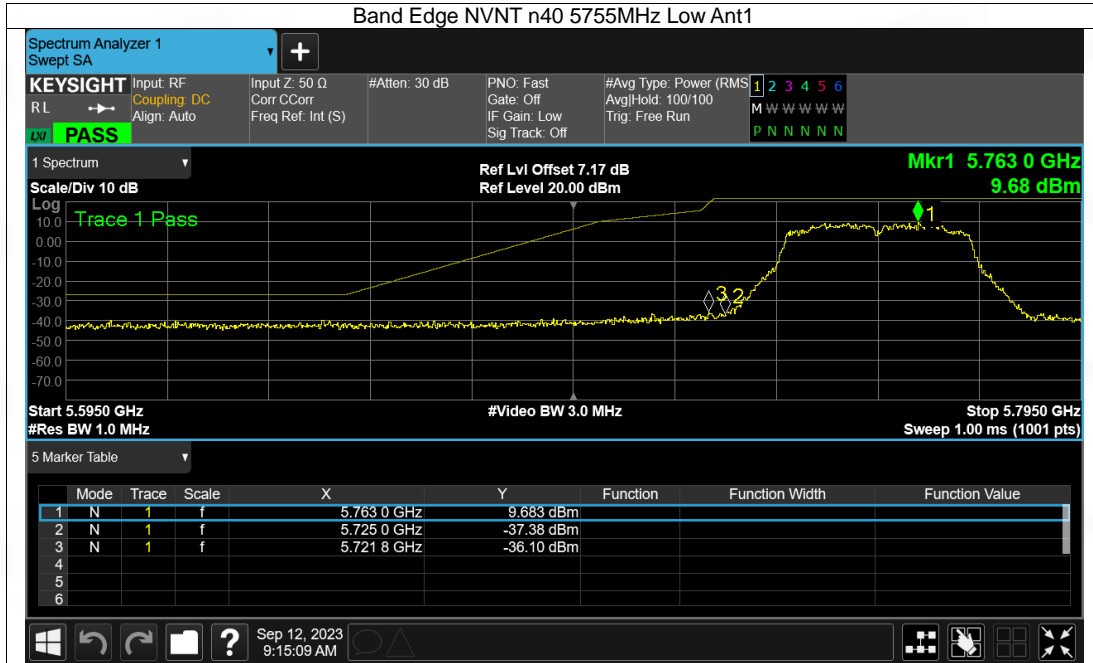


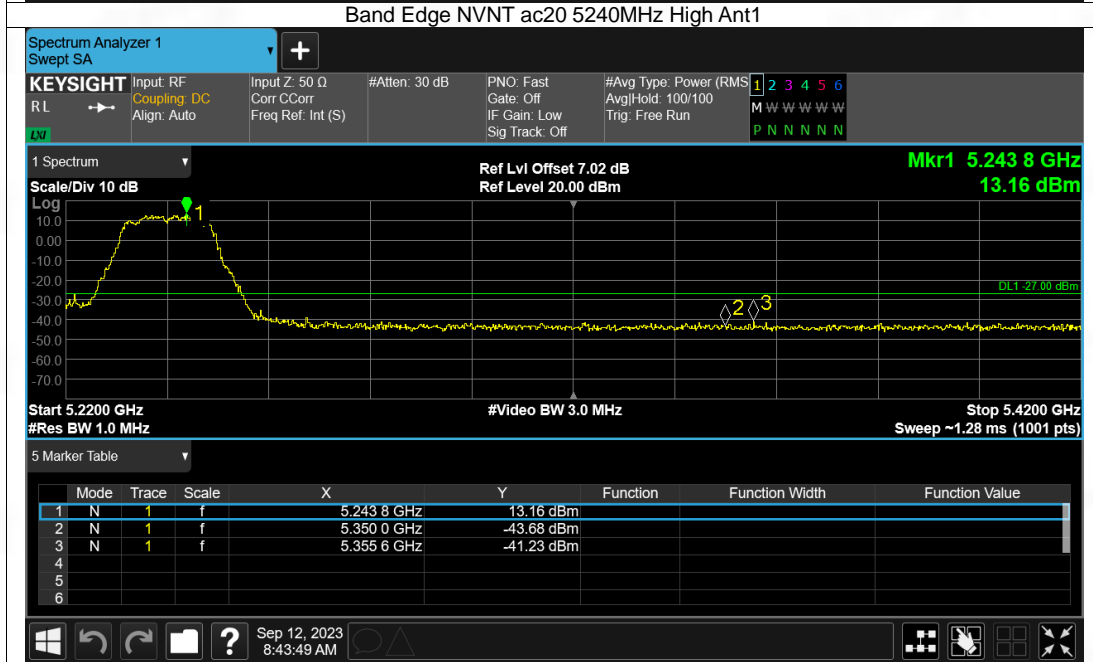
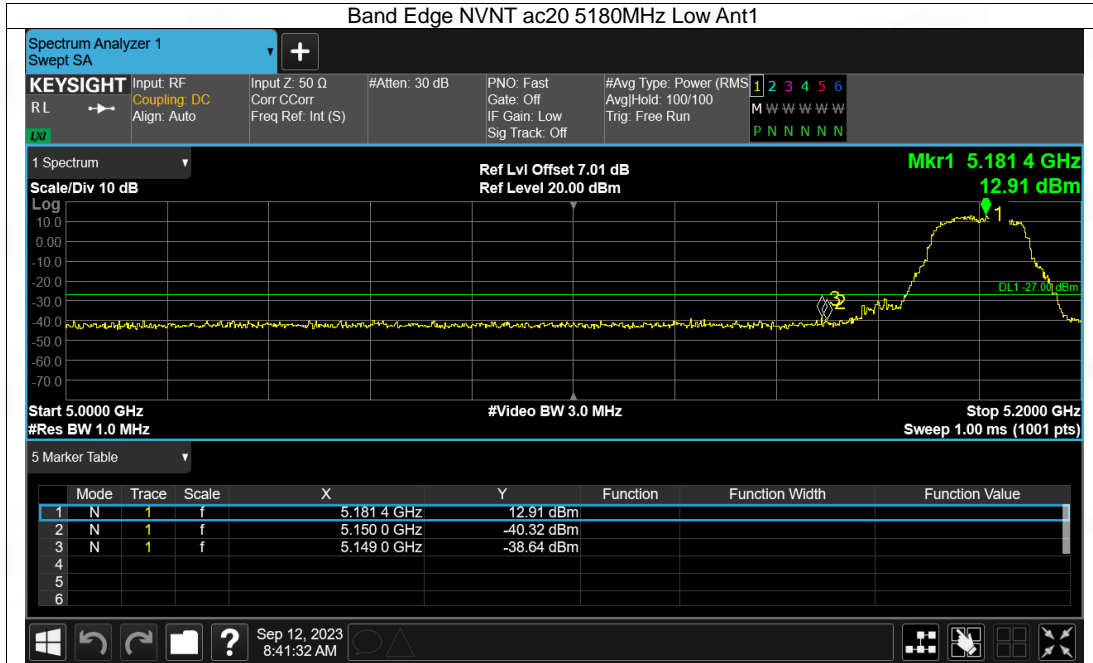


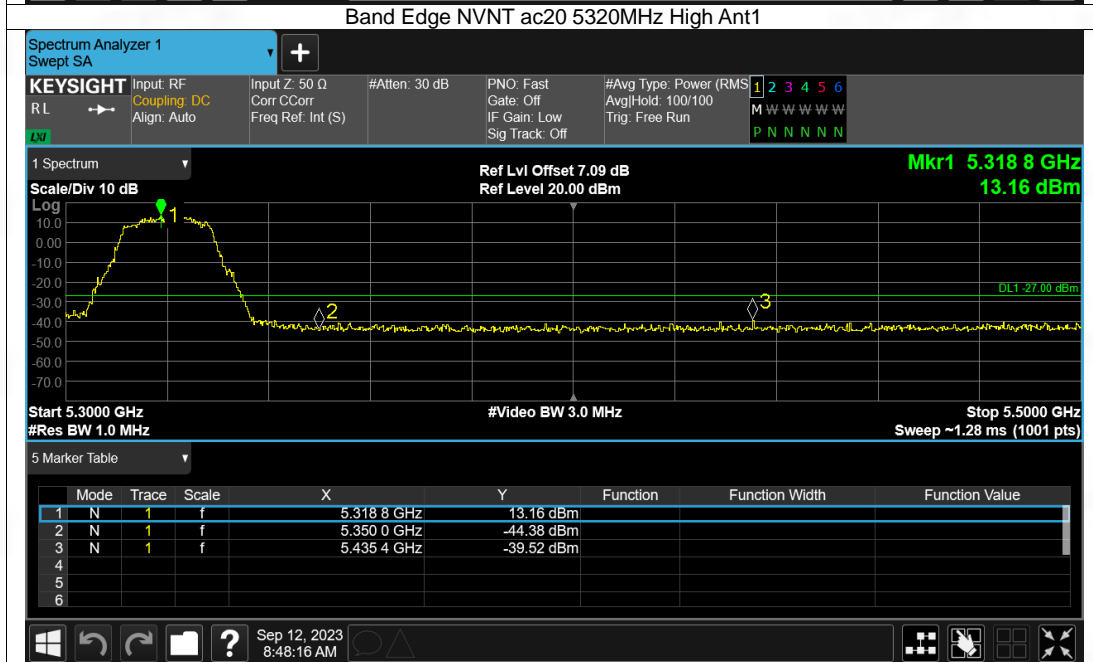
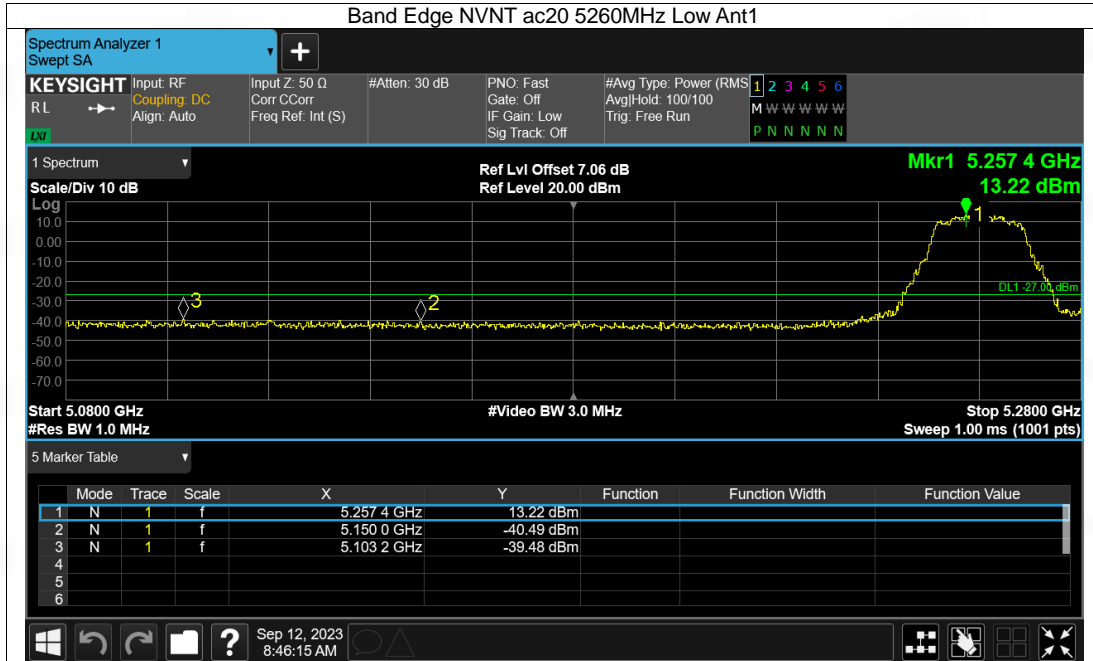


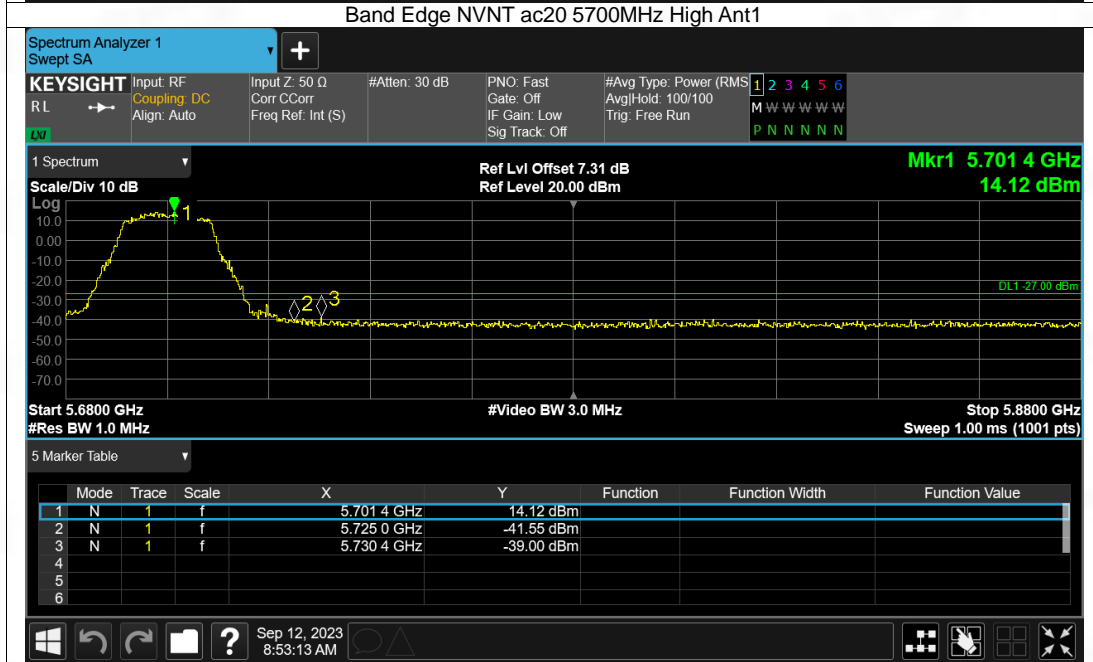
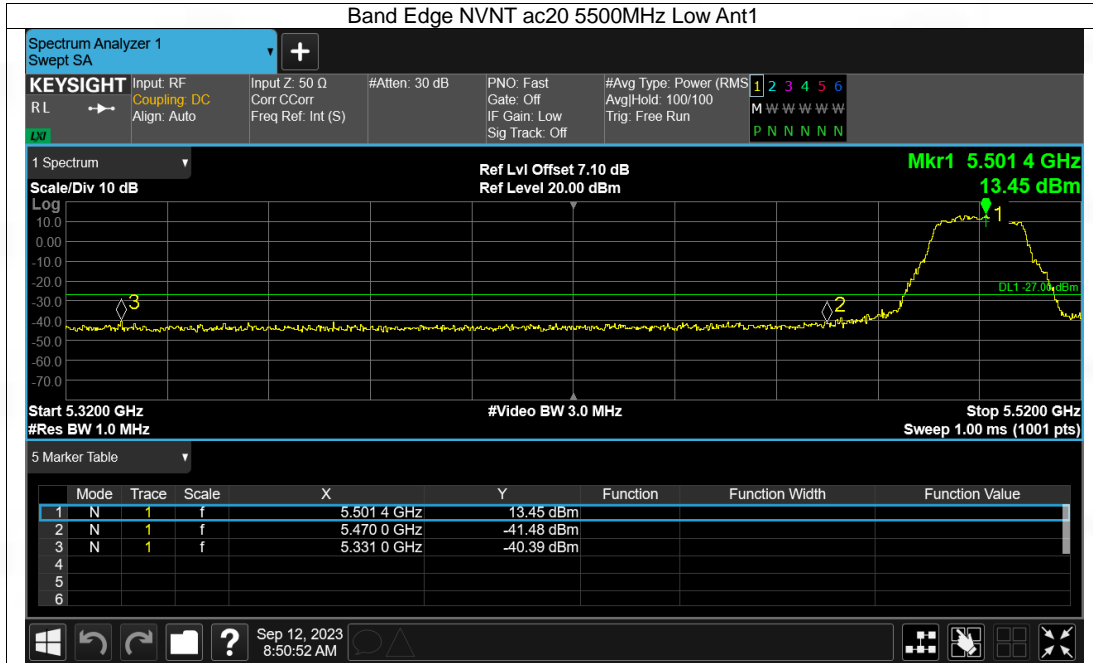


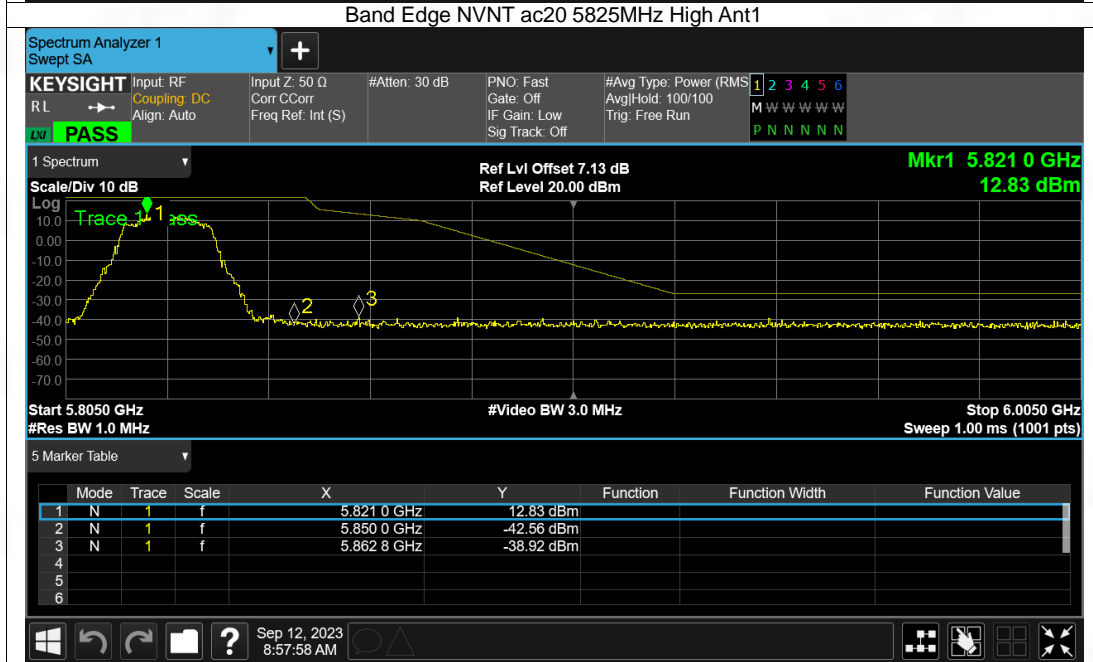
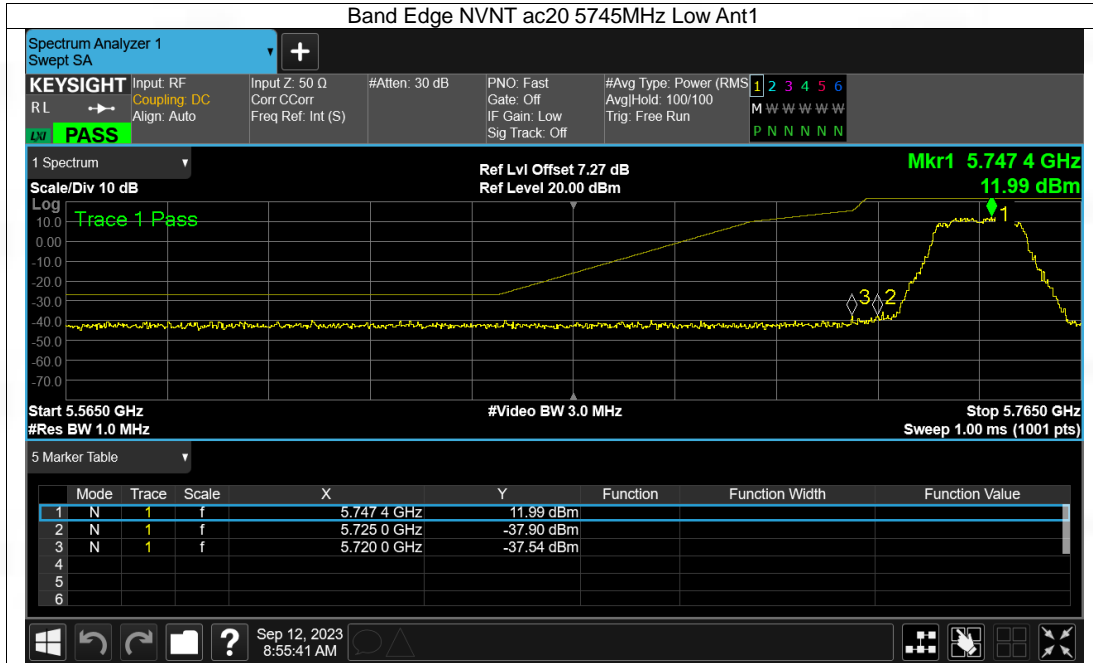


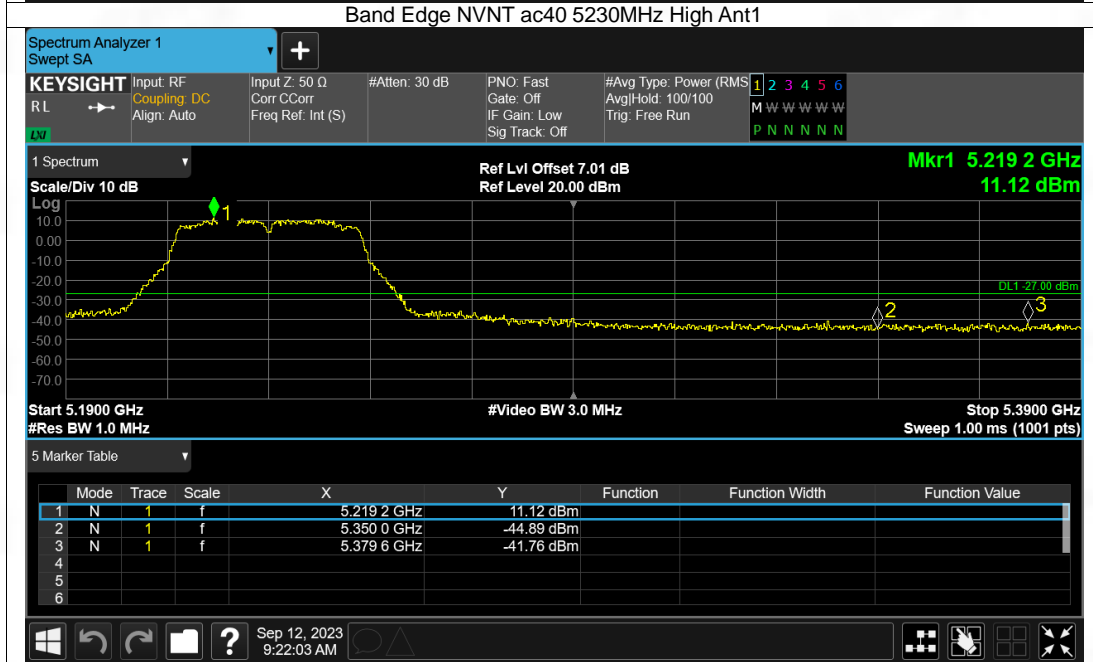
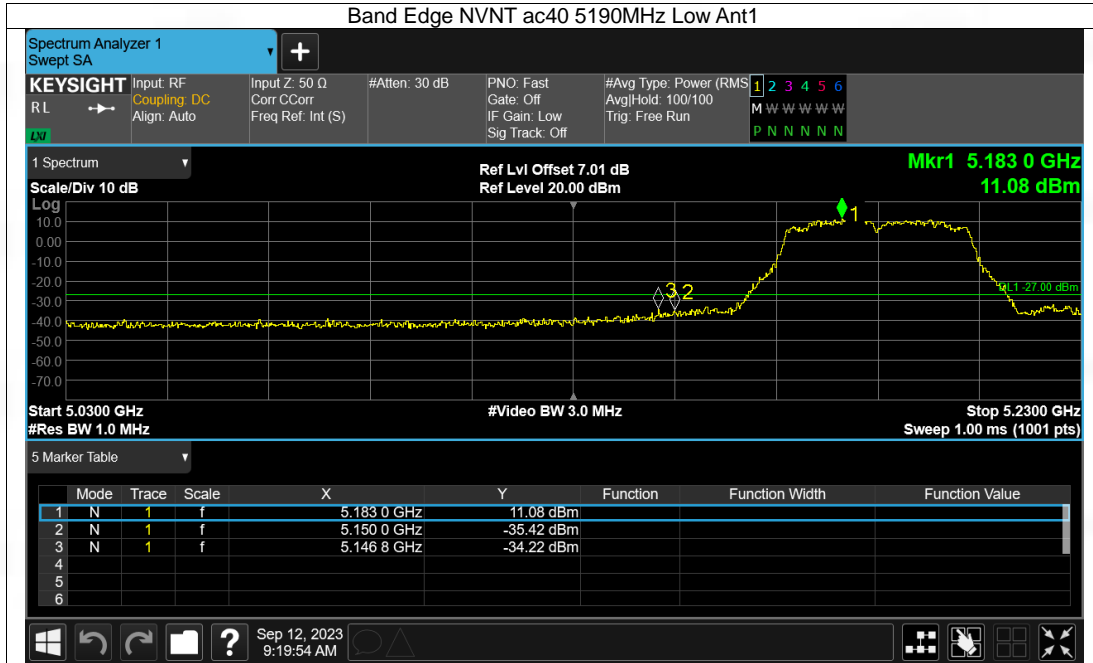


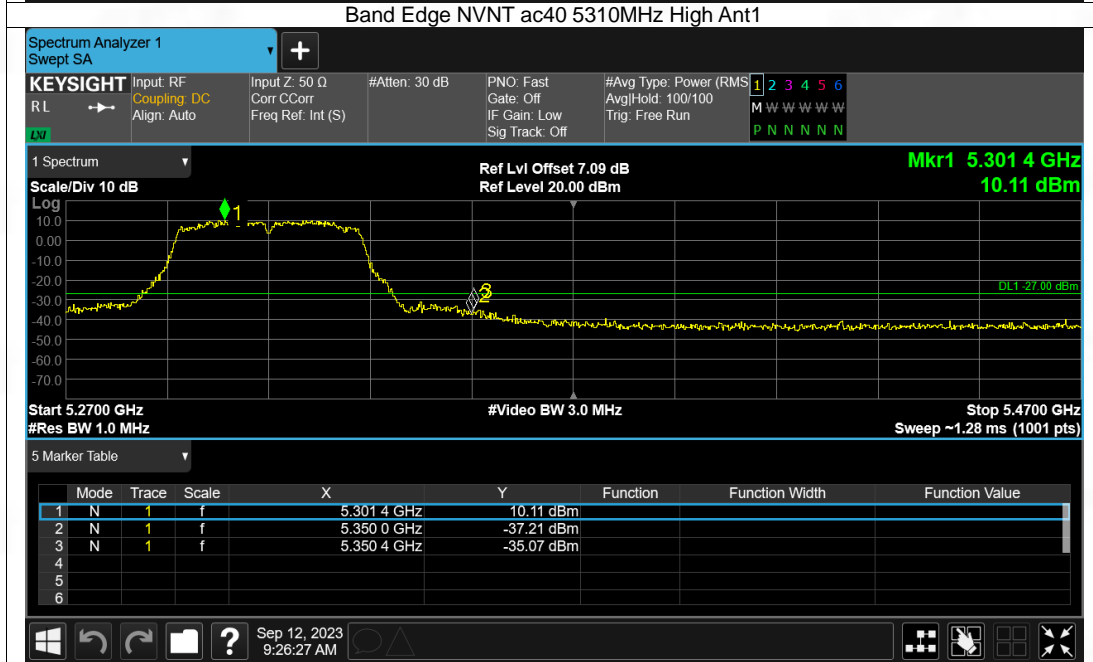
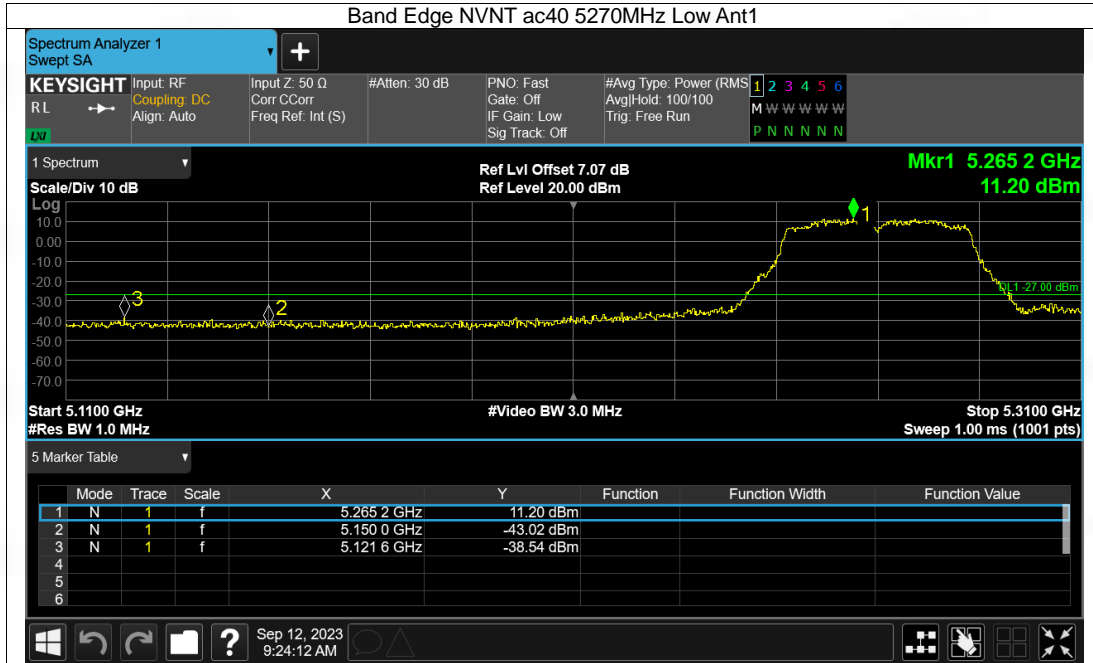


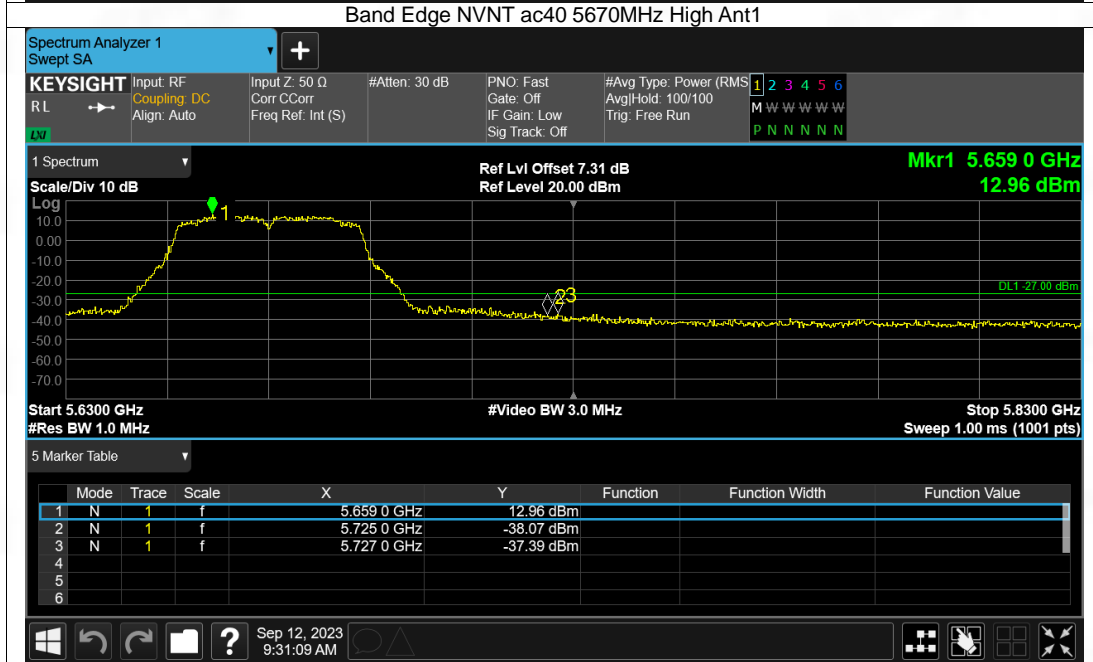
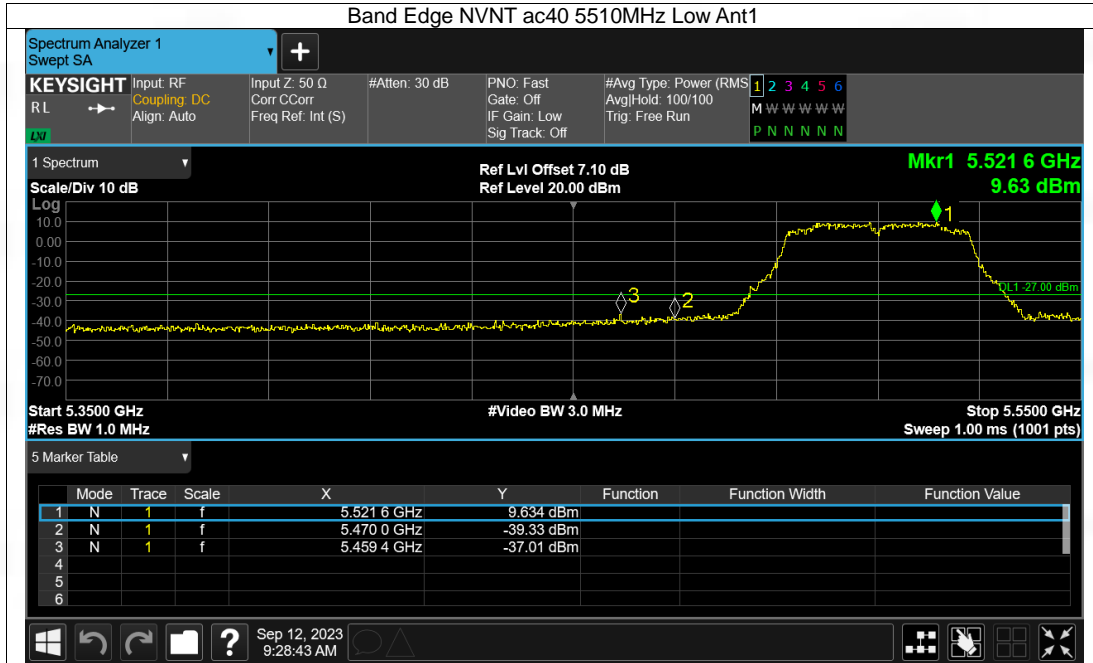


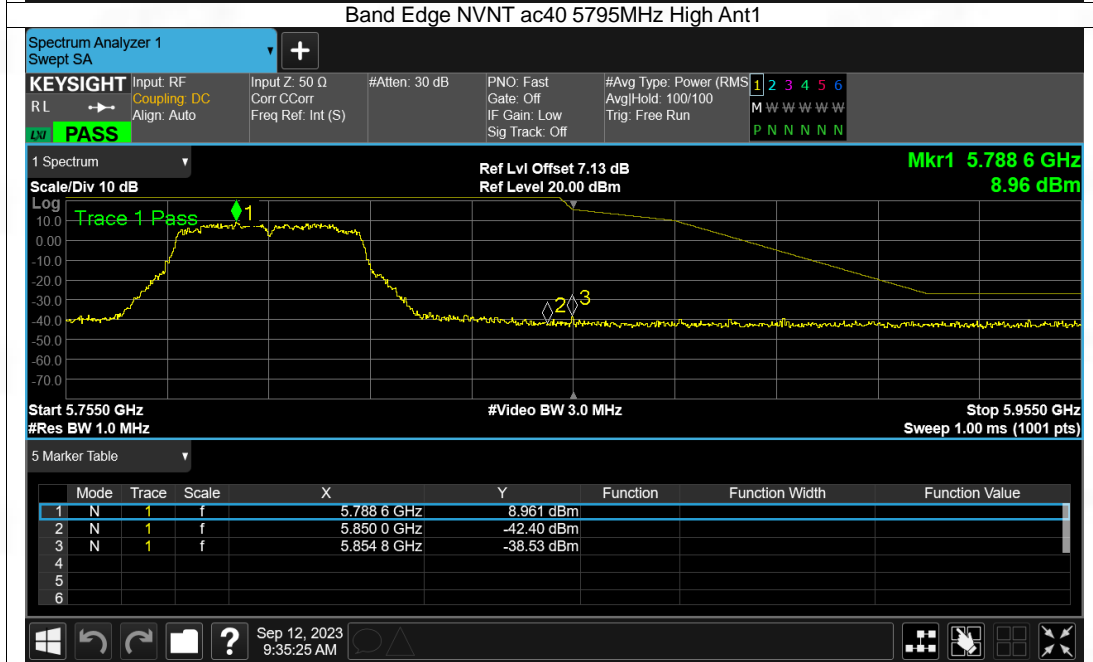
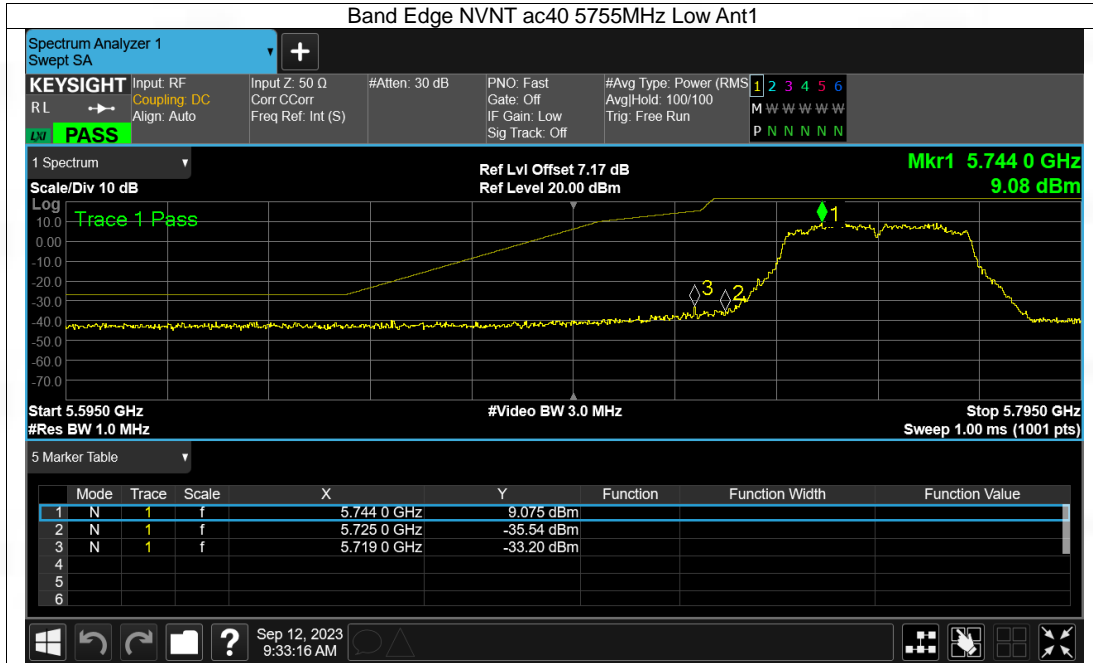


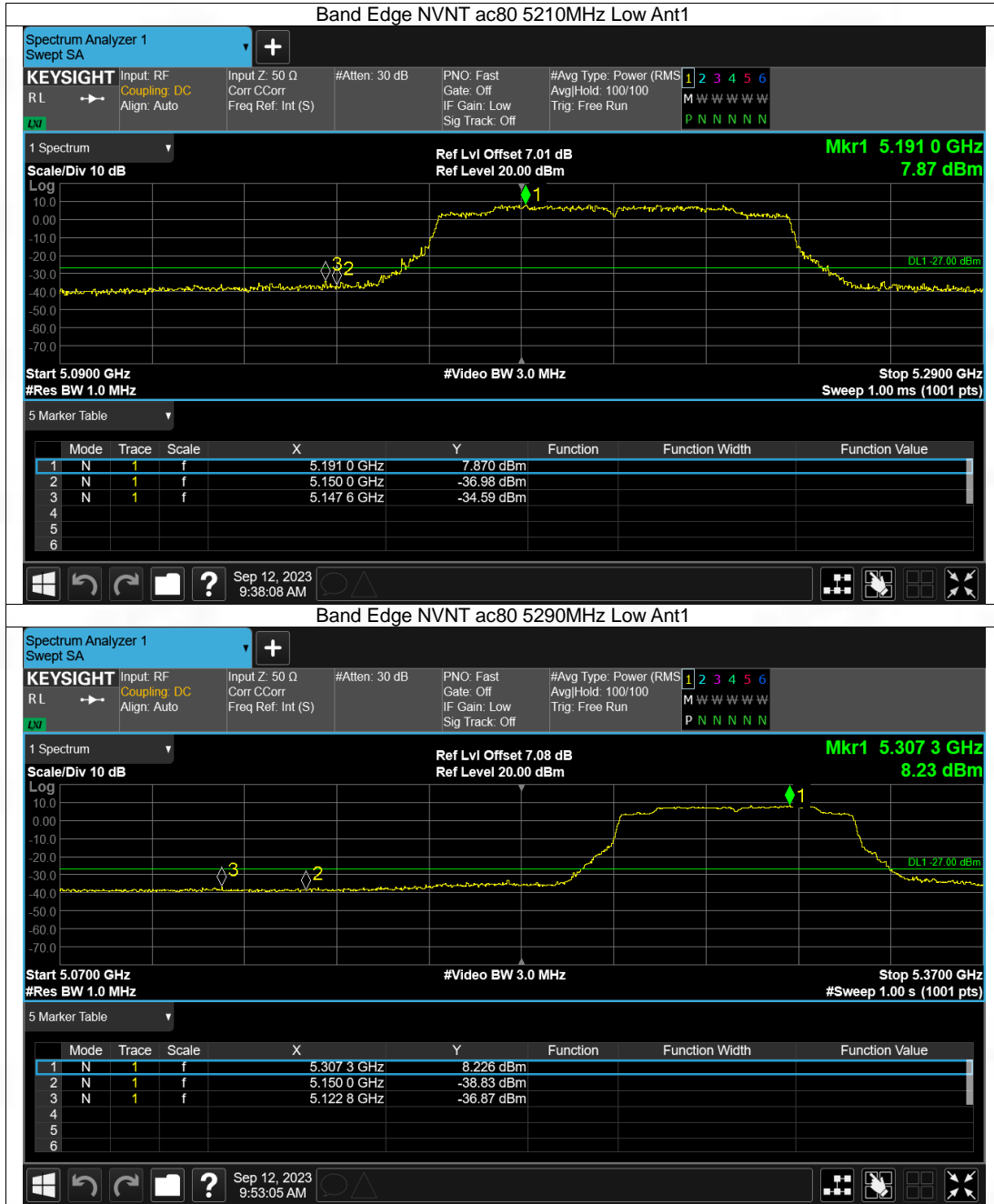


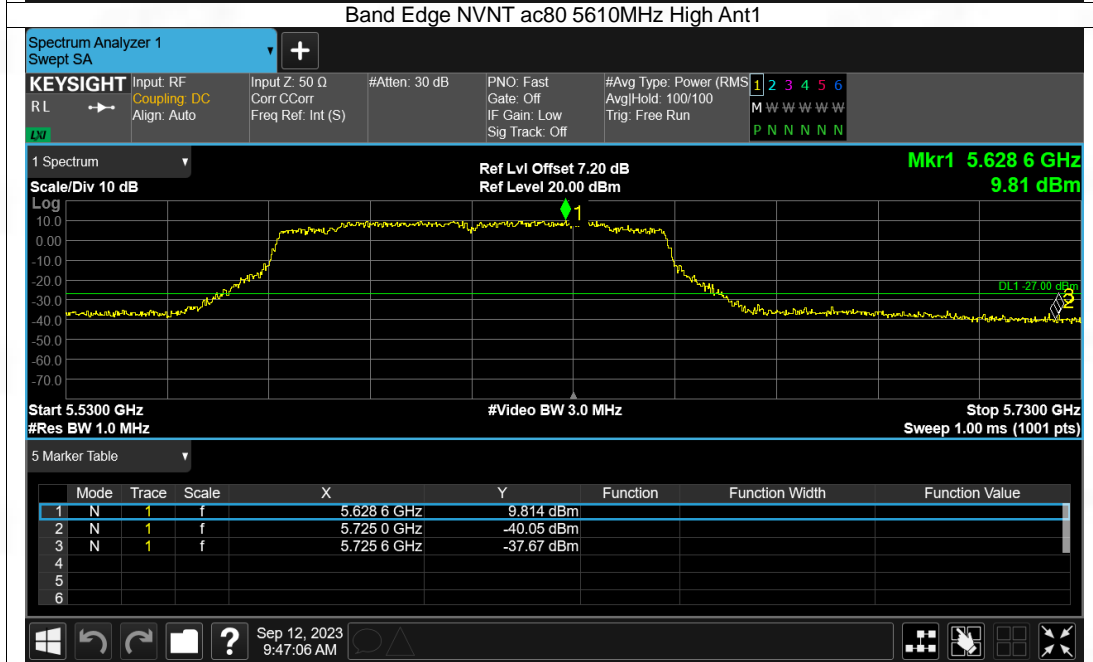
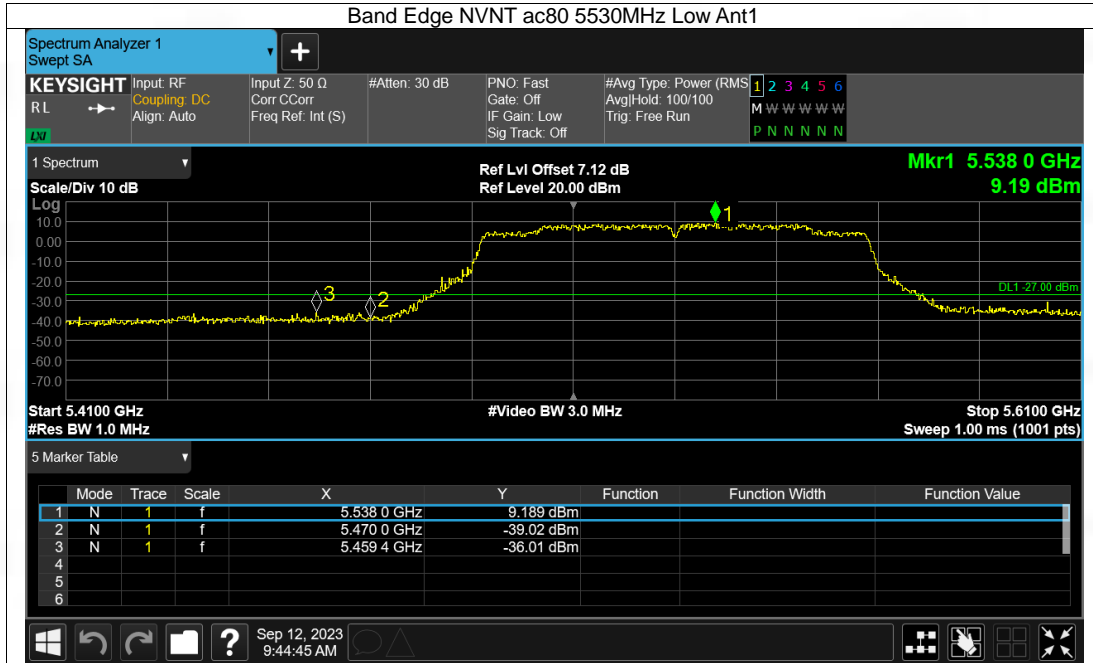


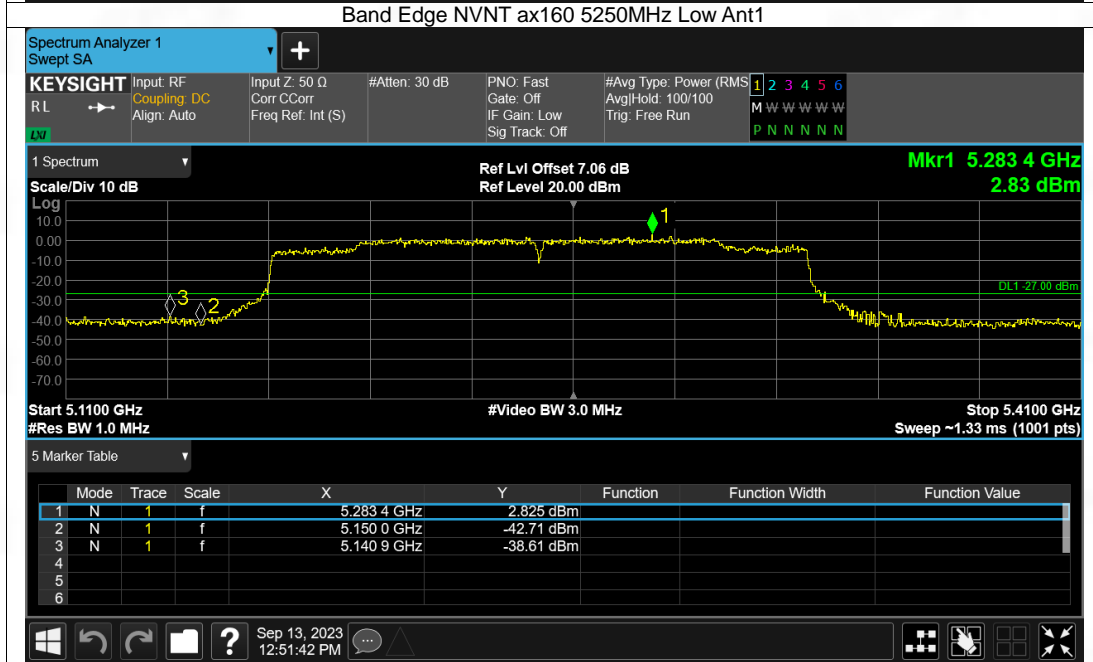
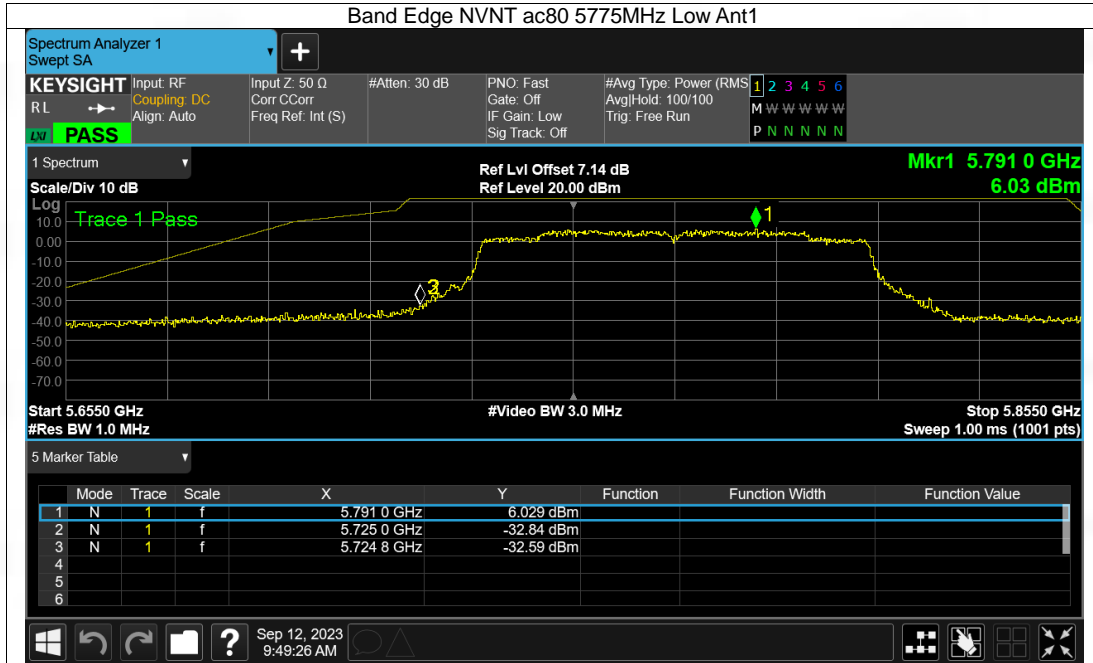


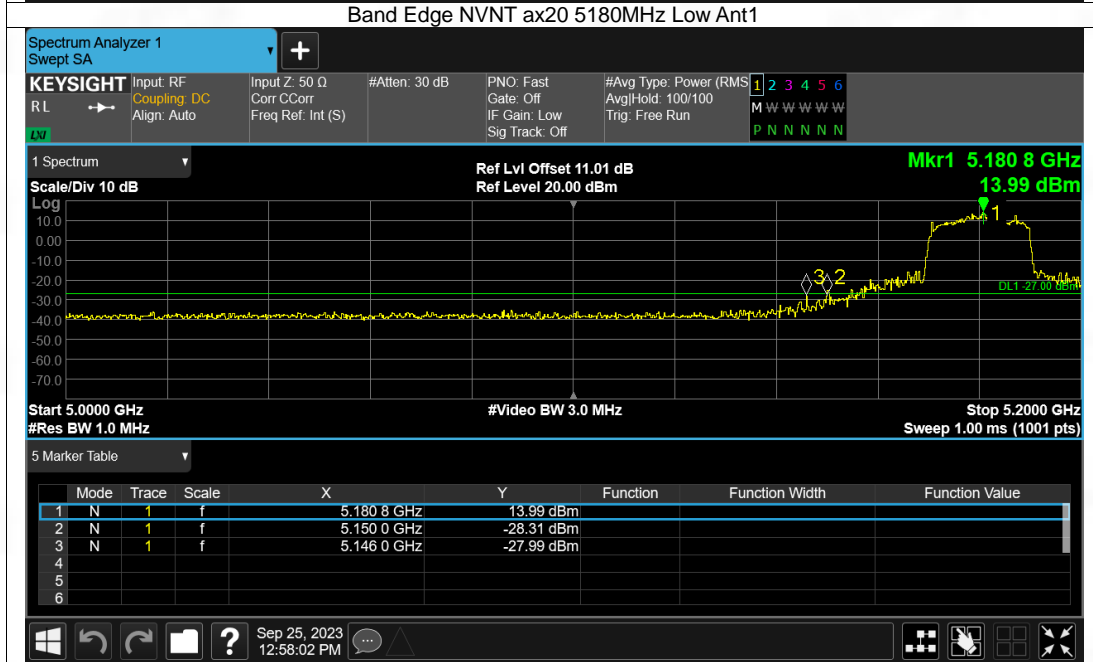
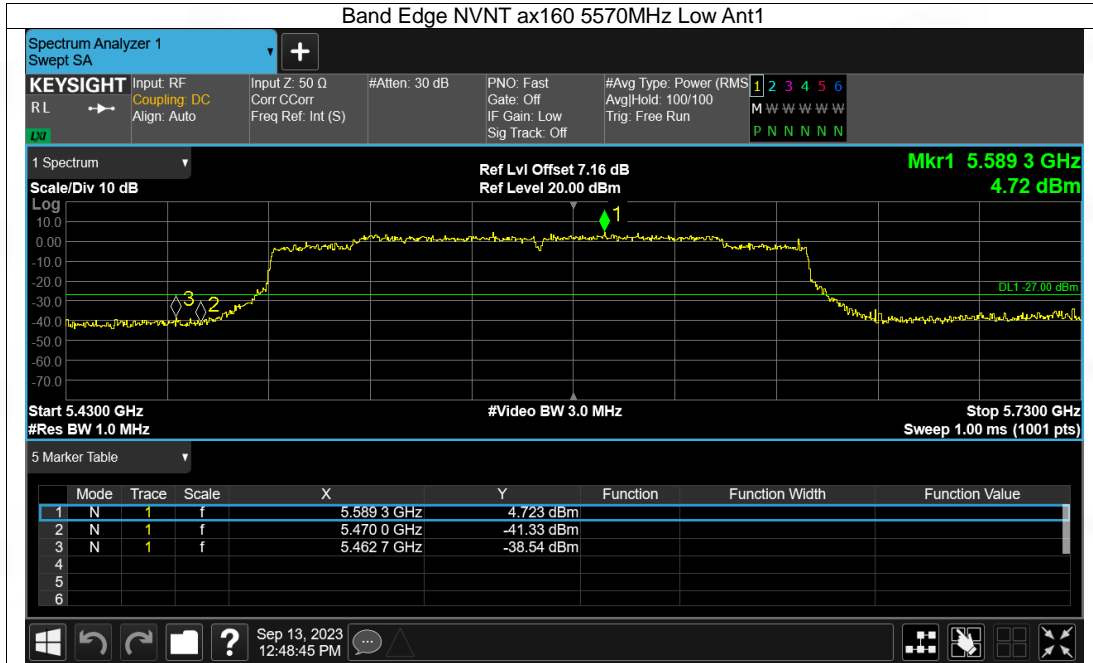


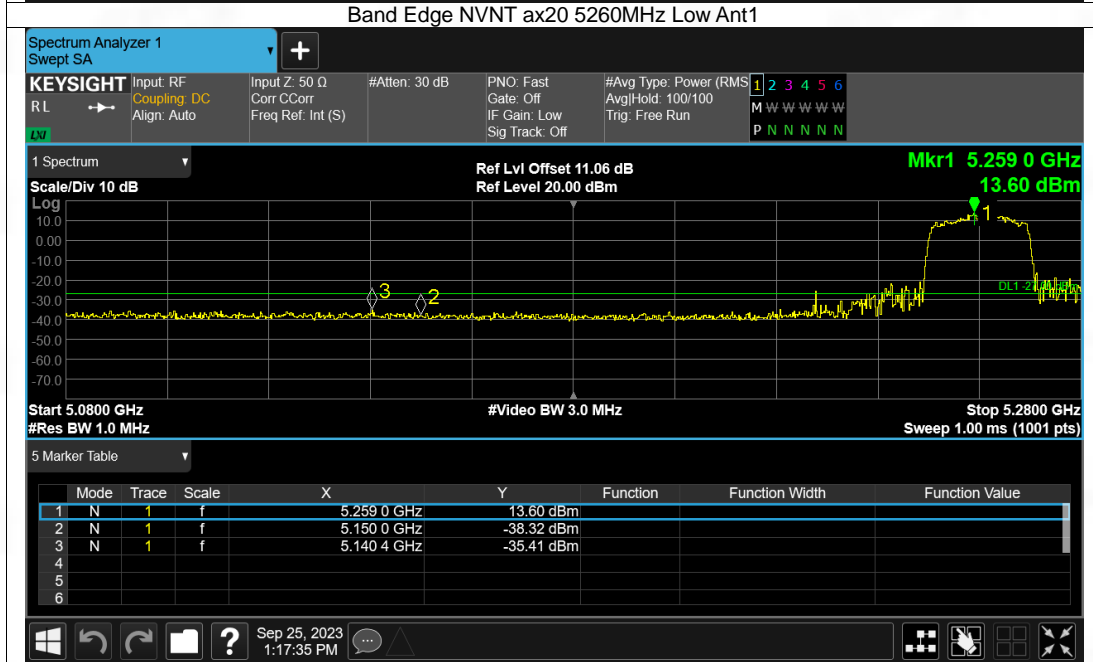
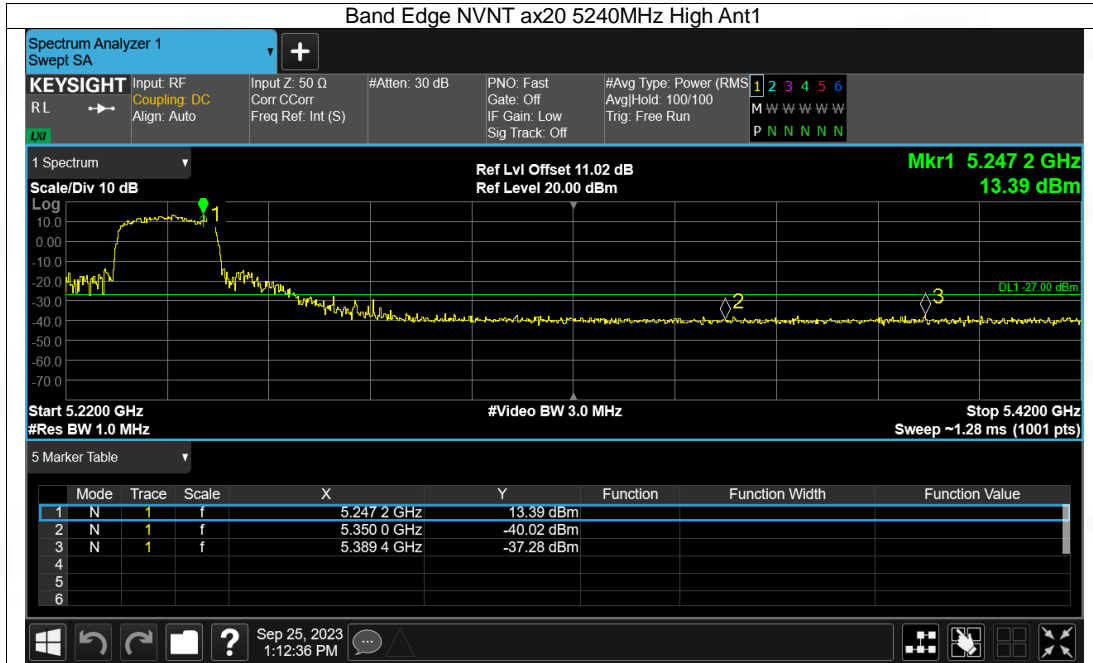


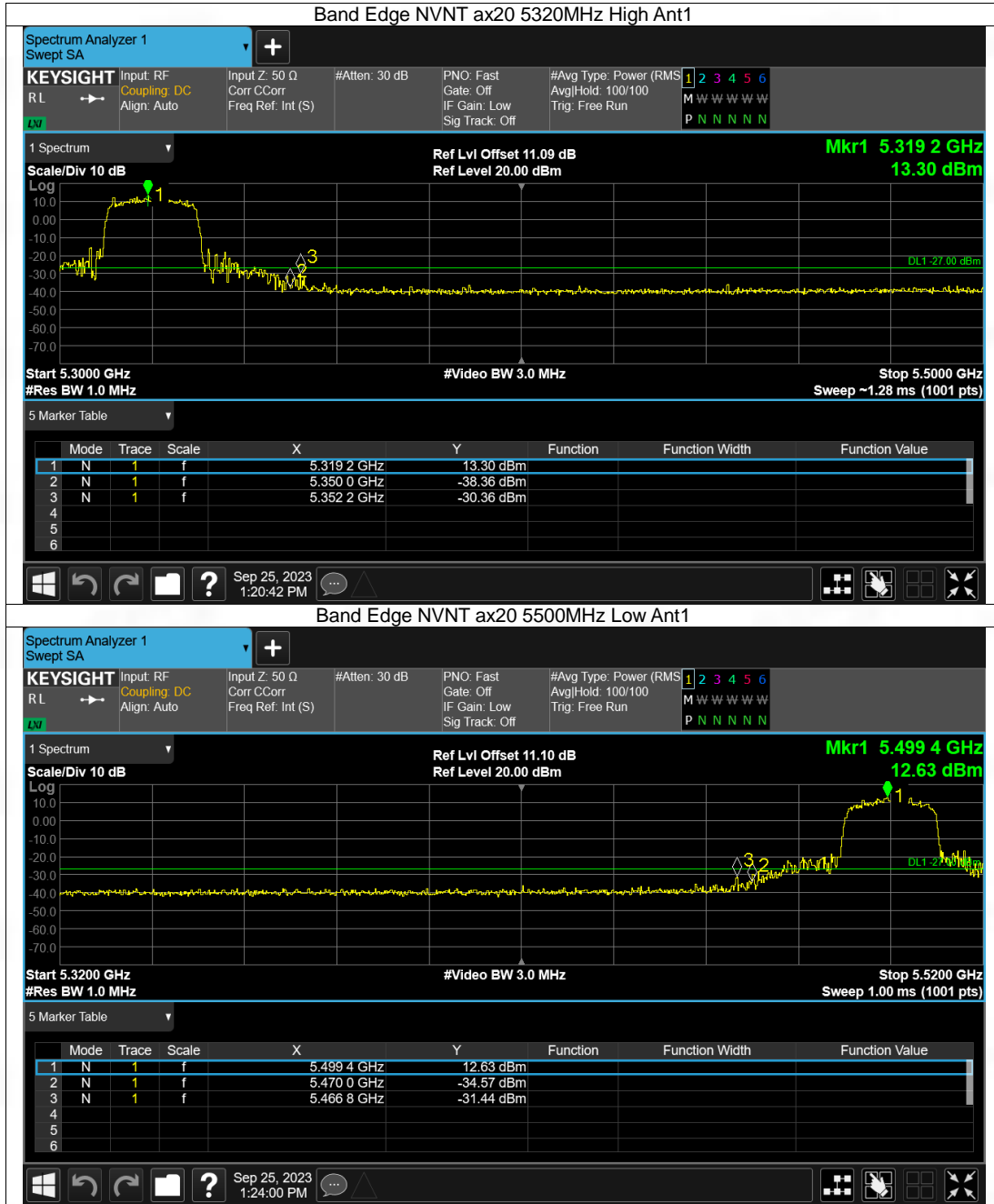


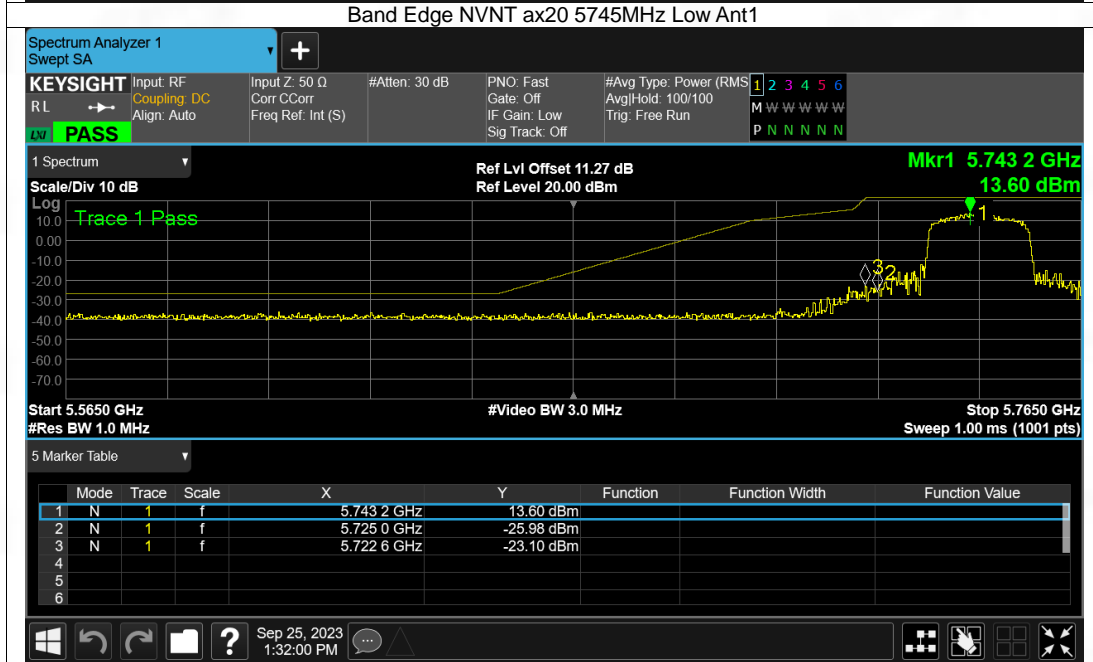
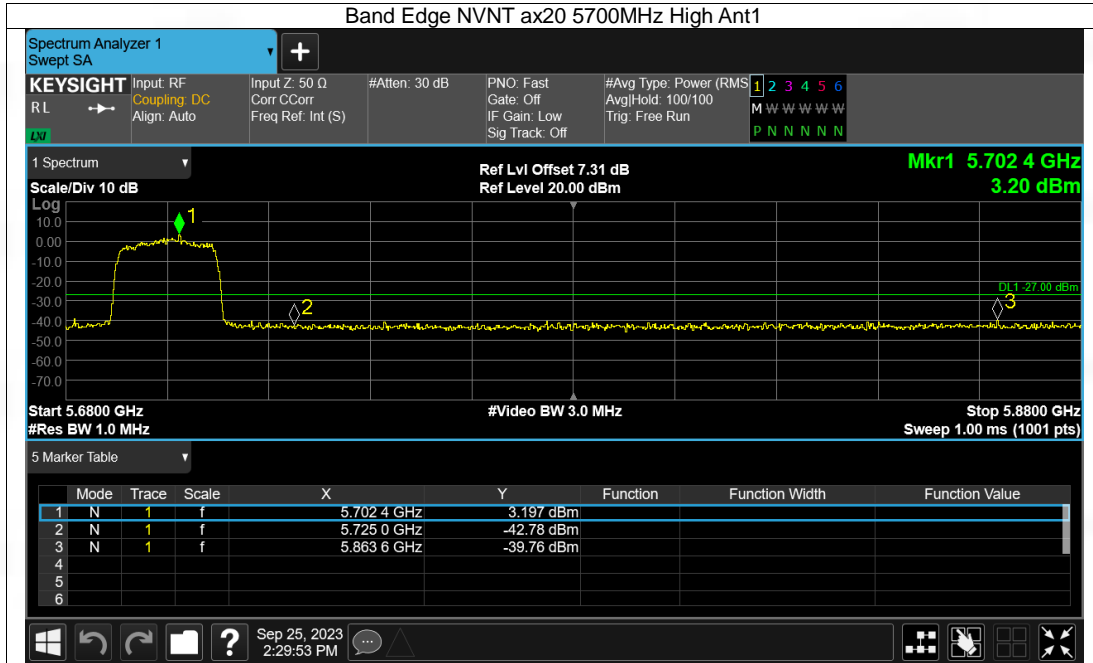


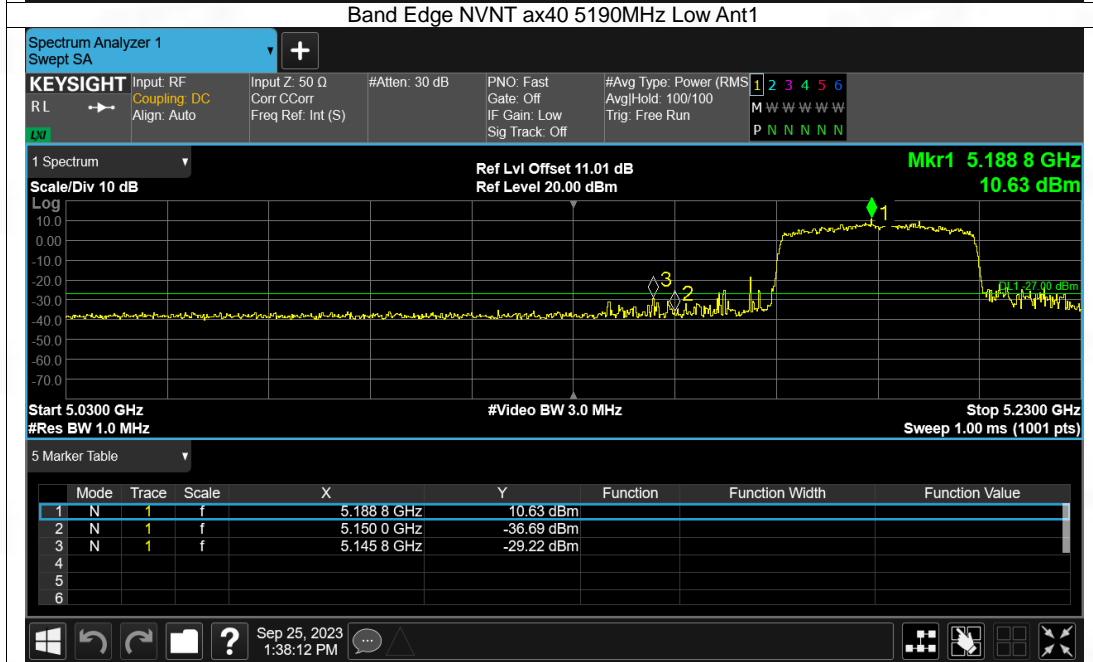
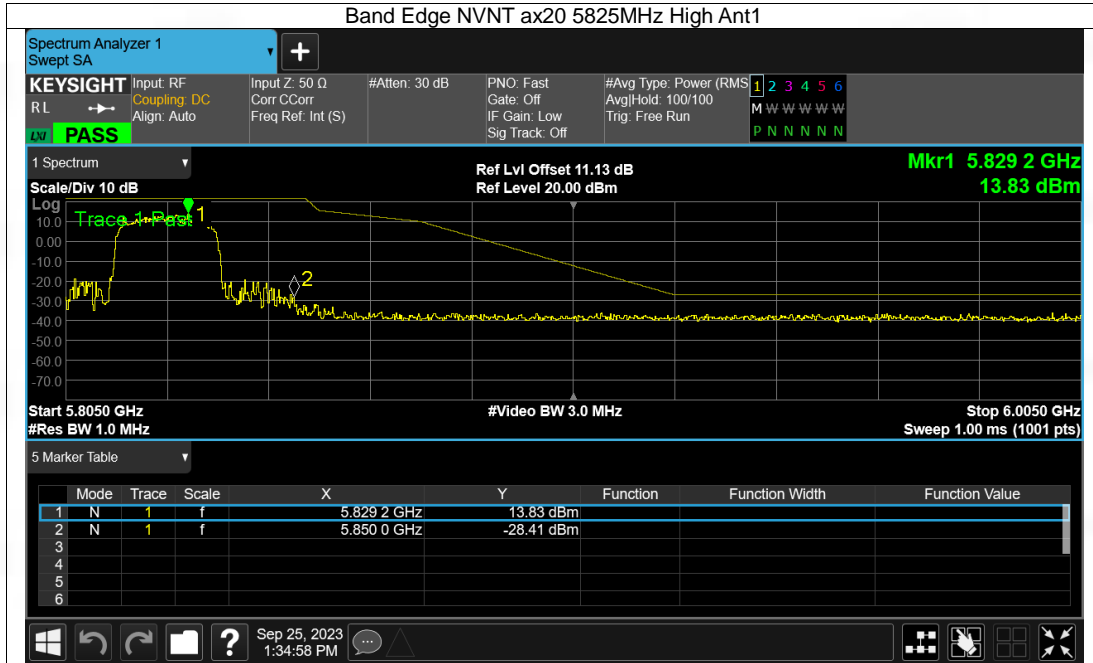


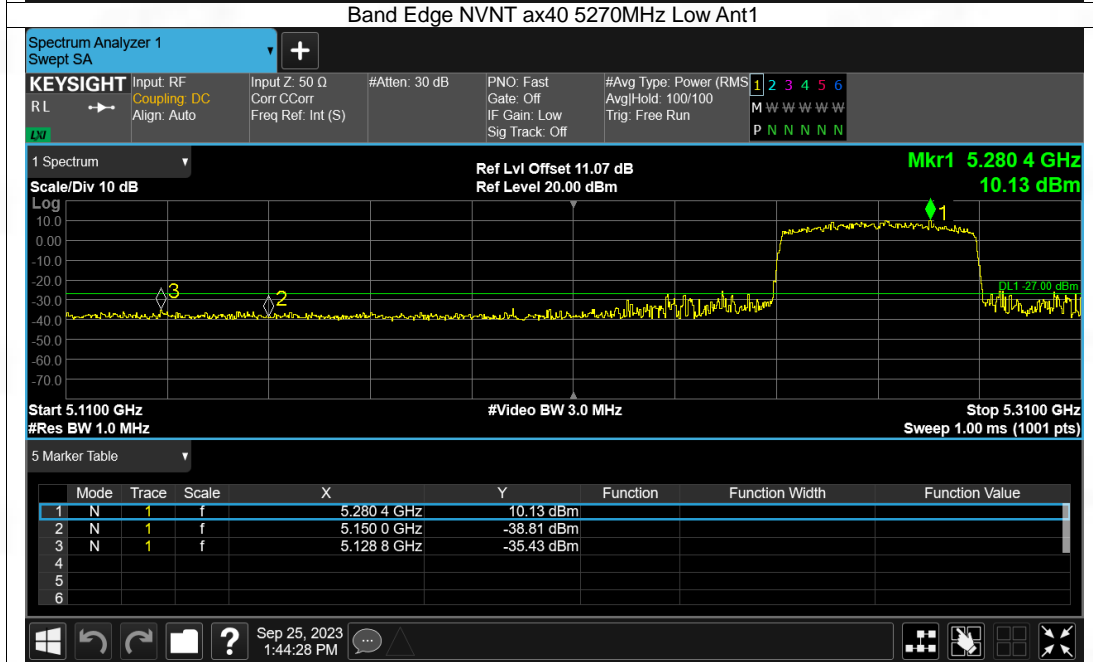
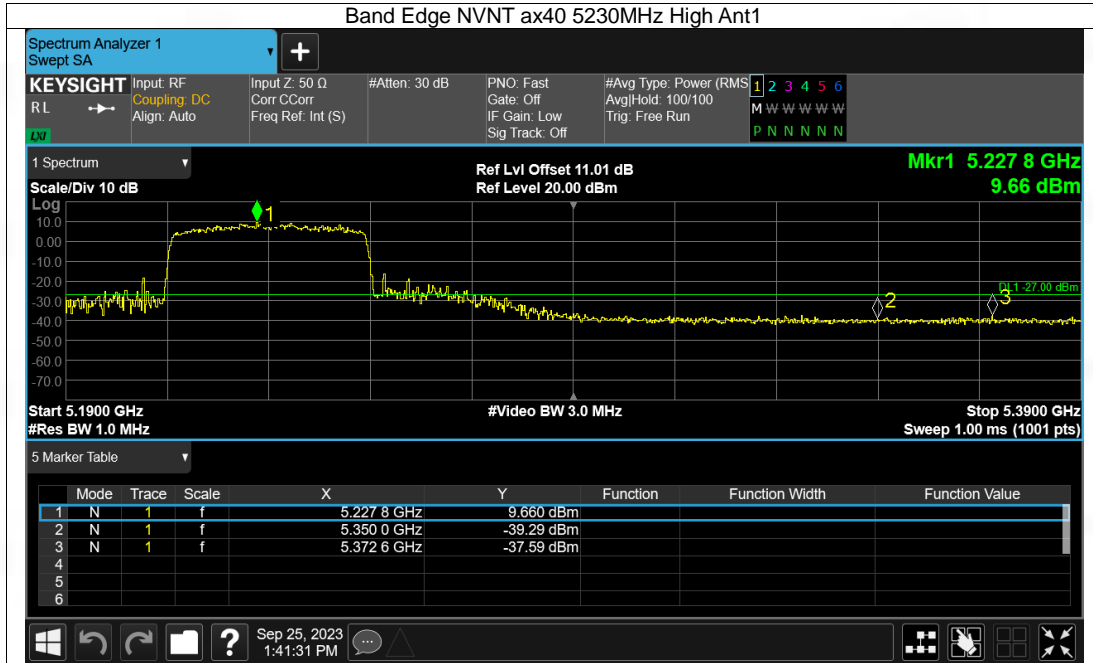


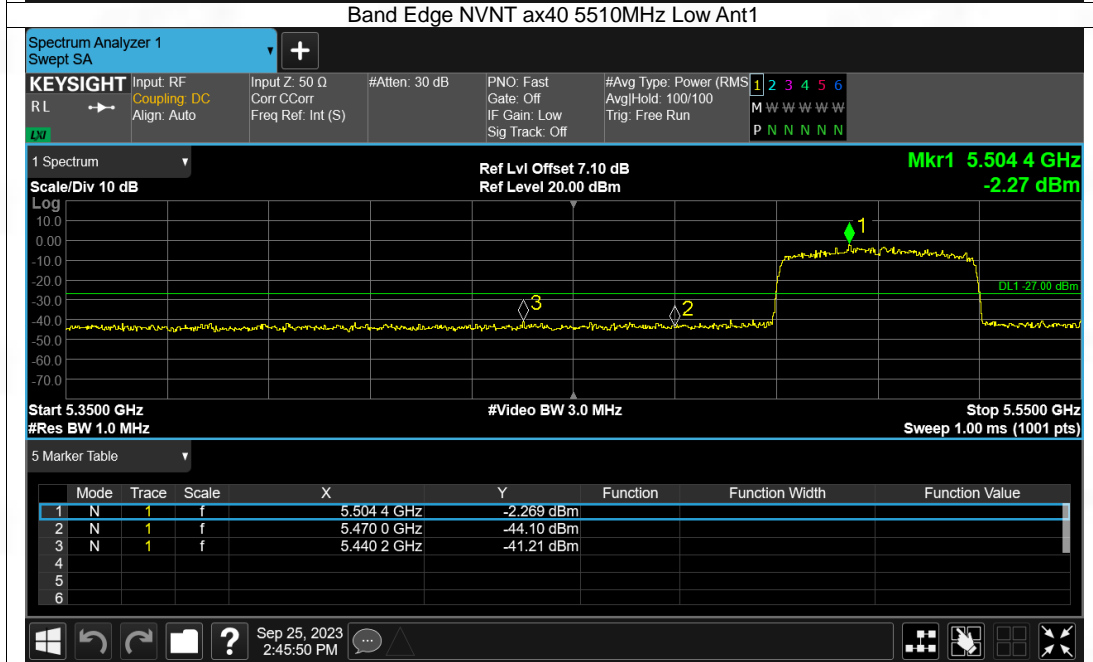
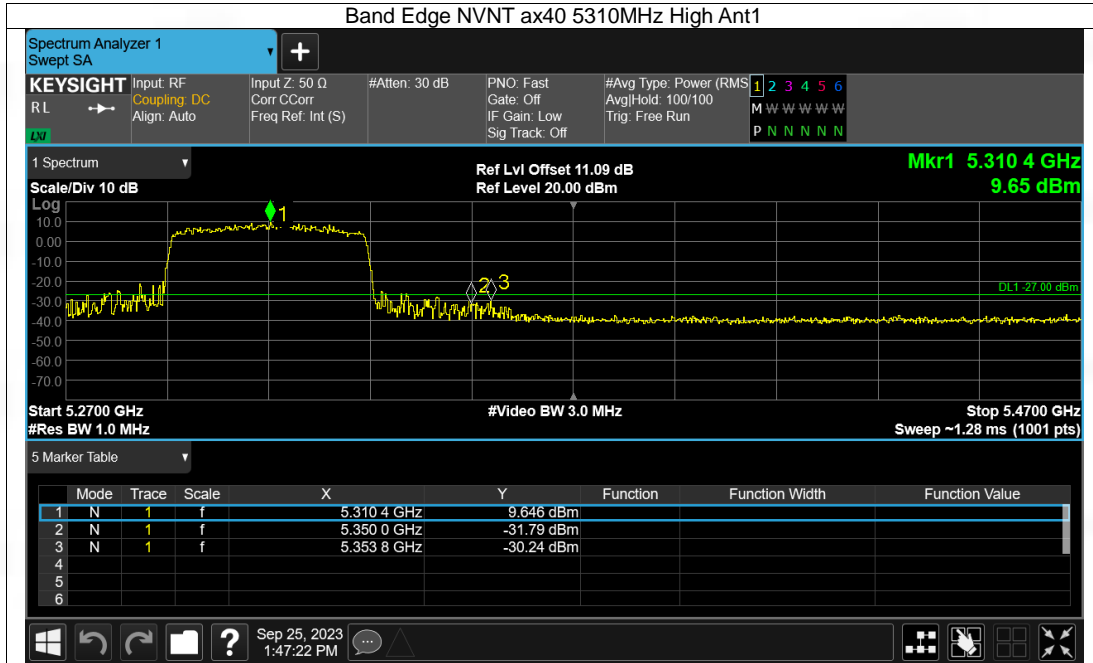


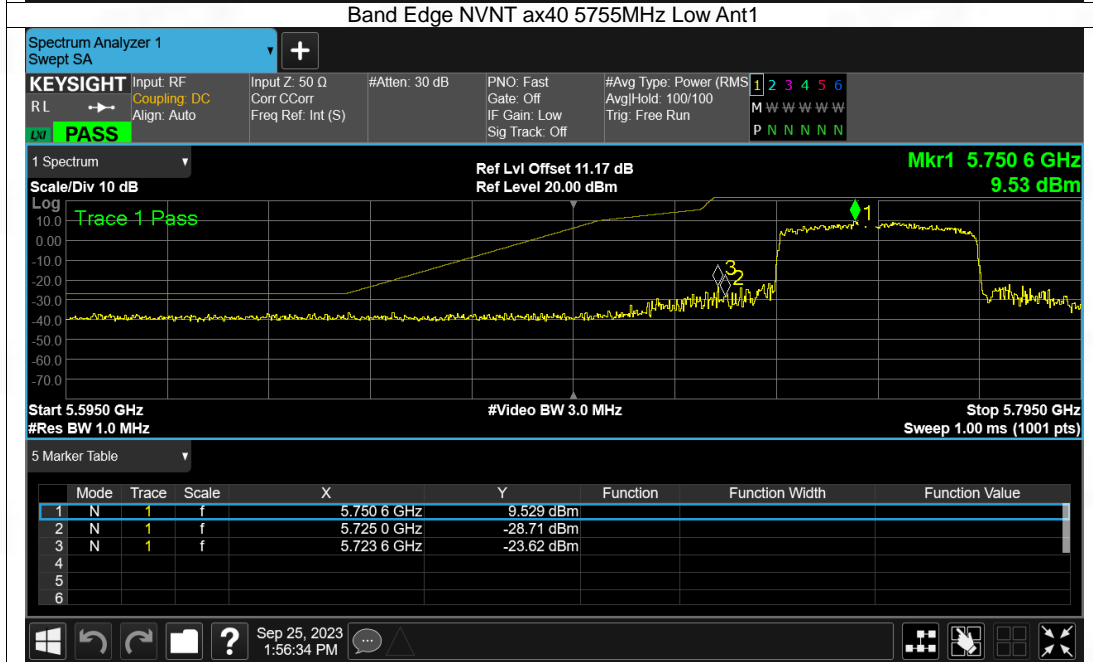
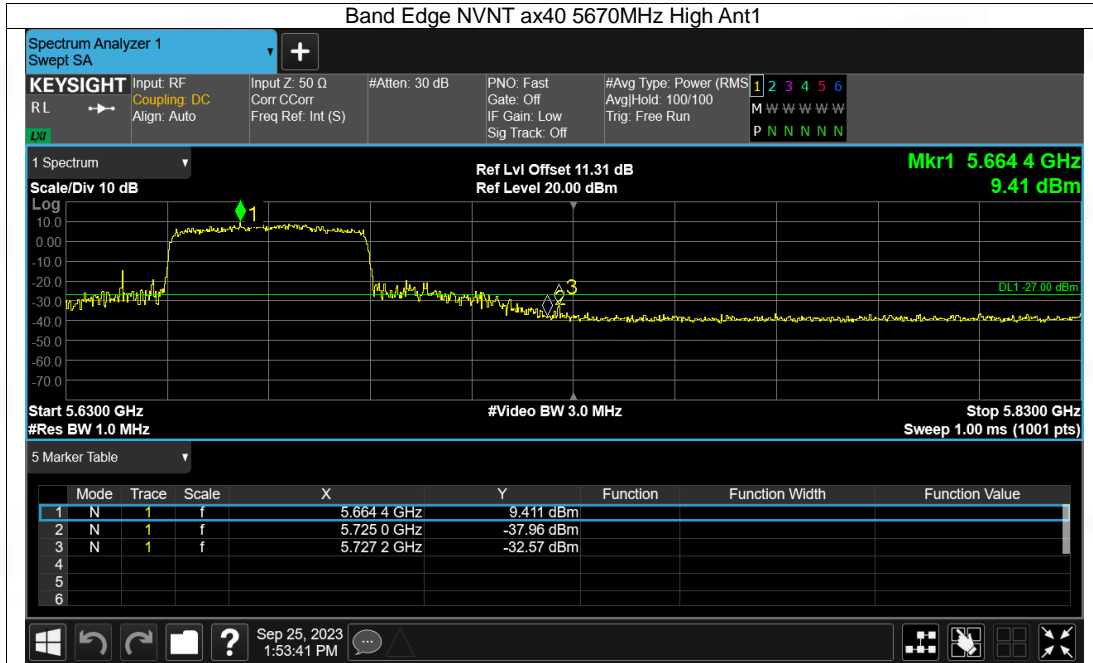


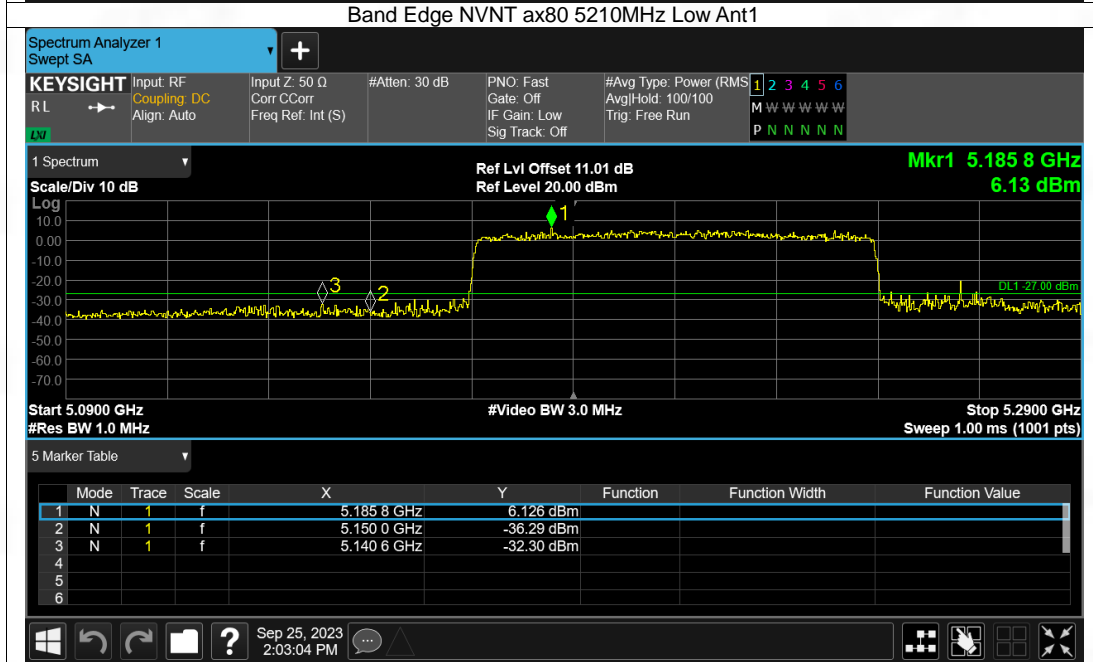
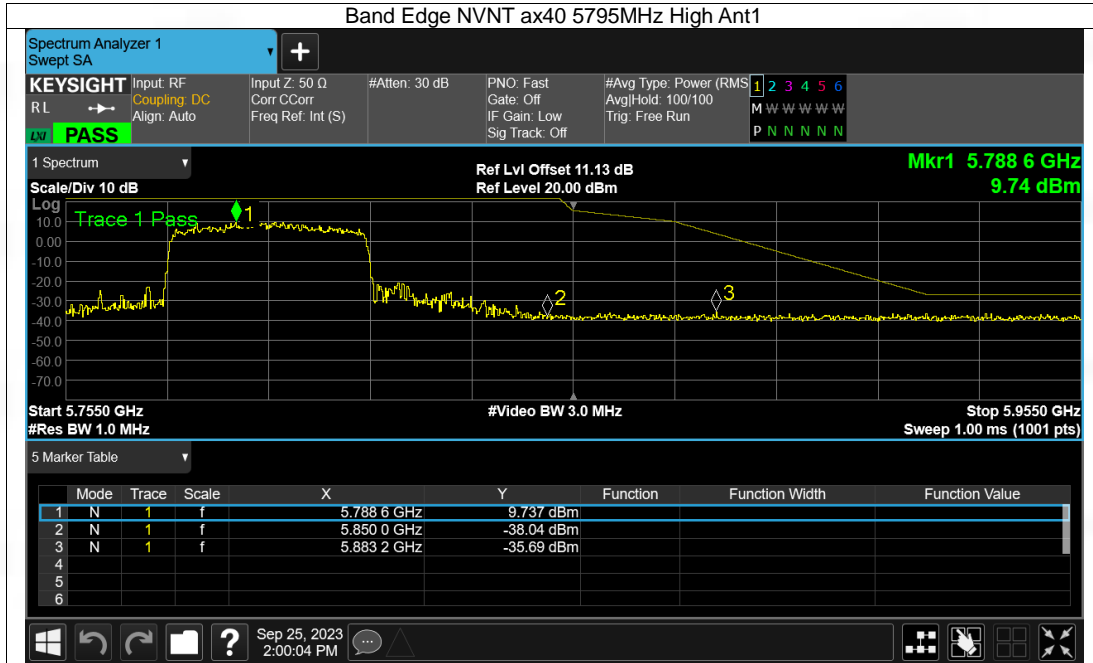


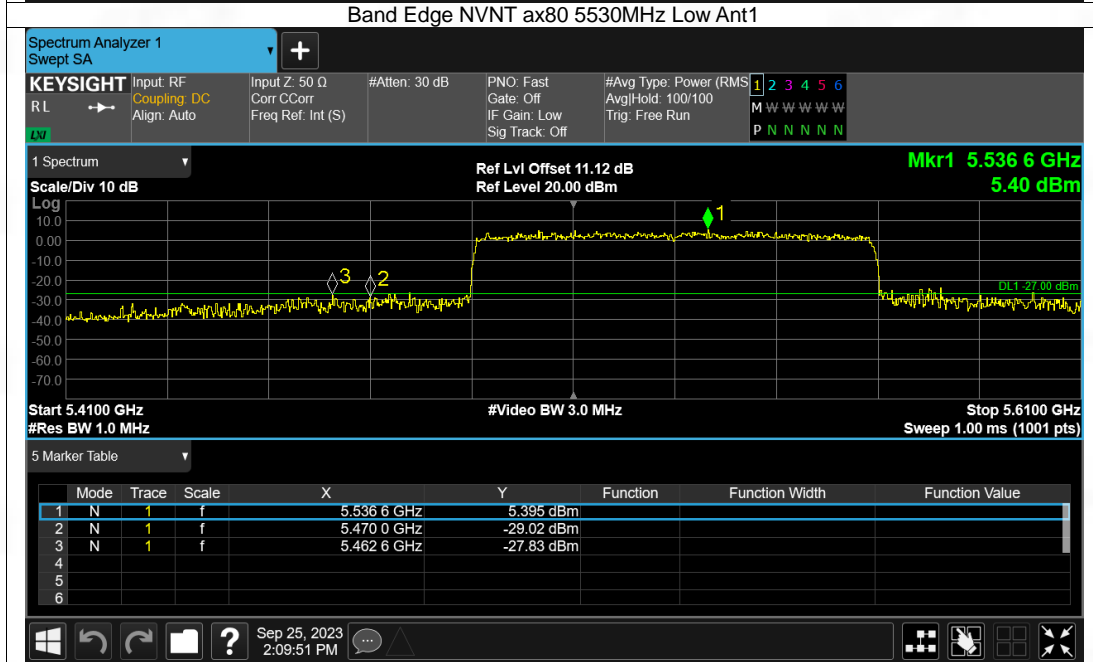
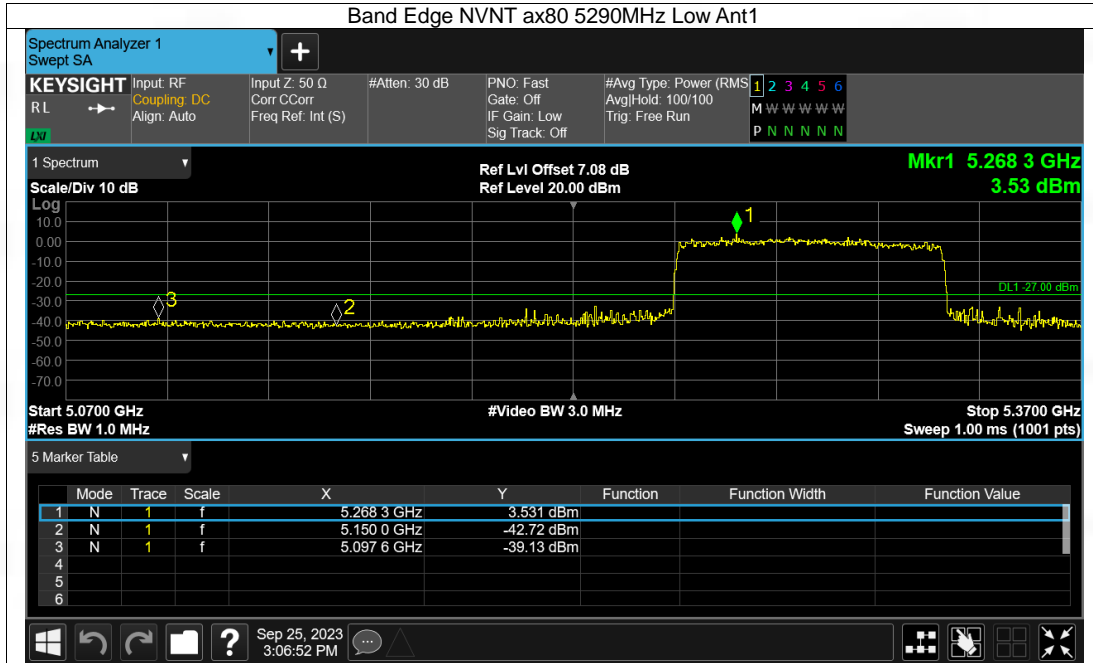


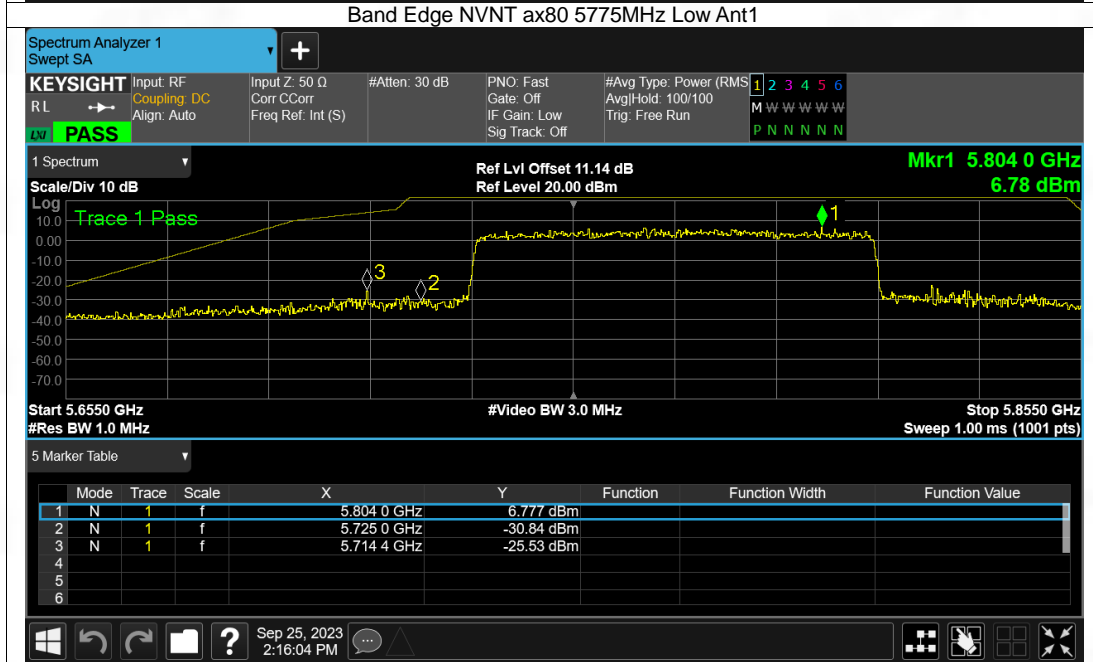
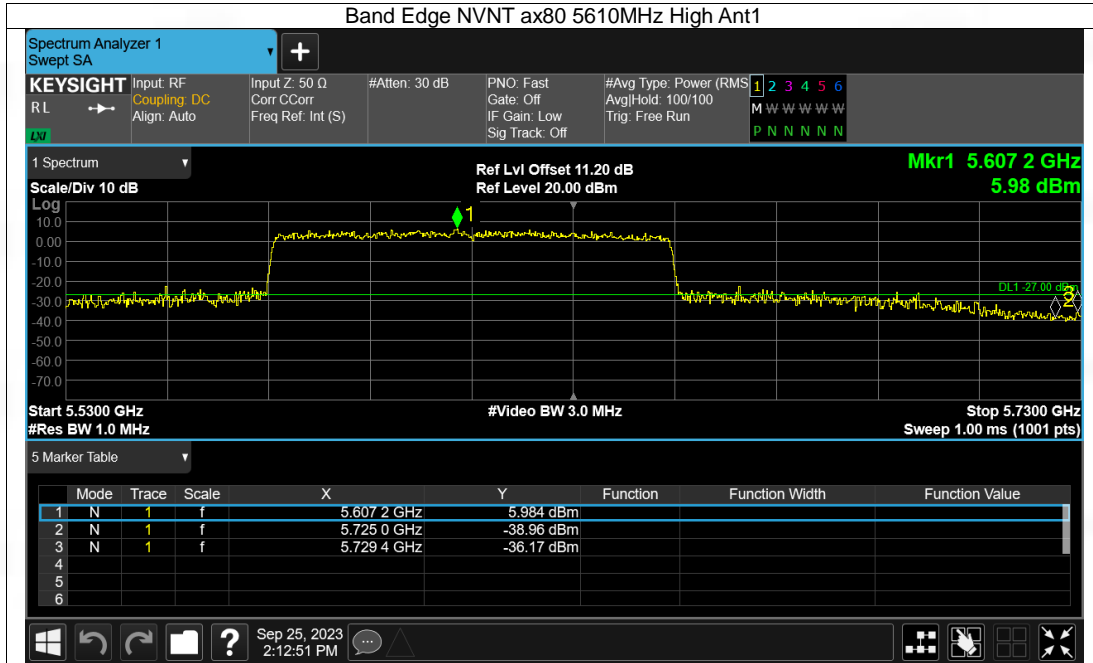












6.7 Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

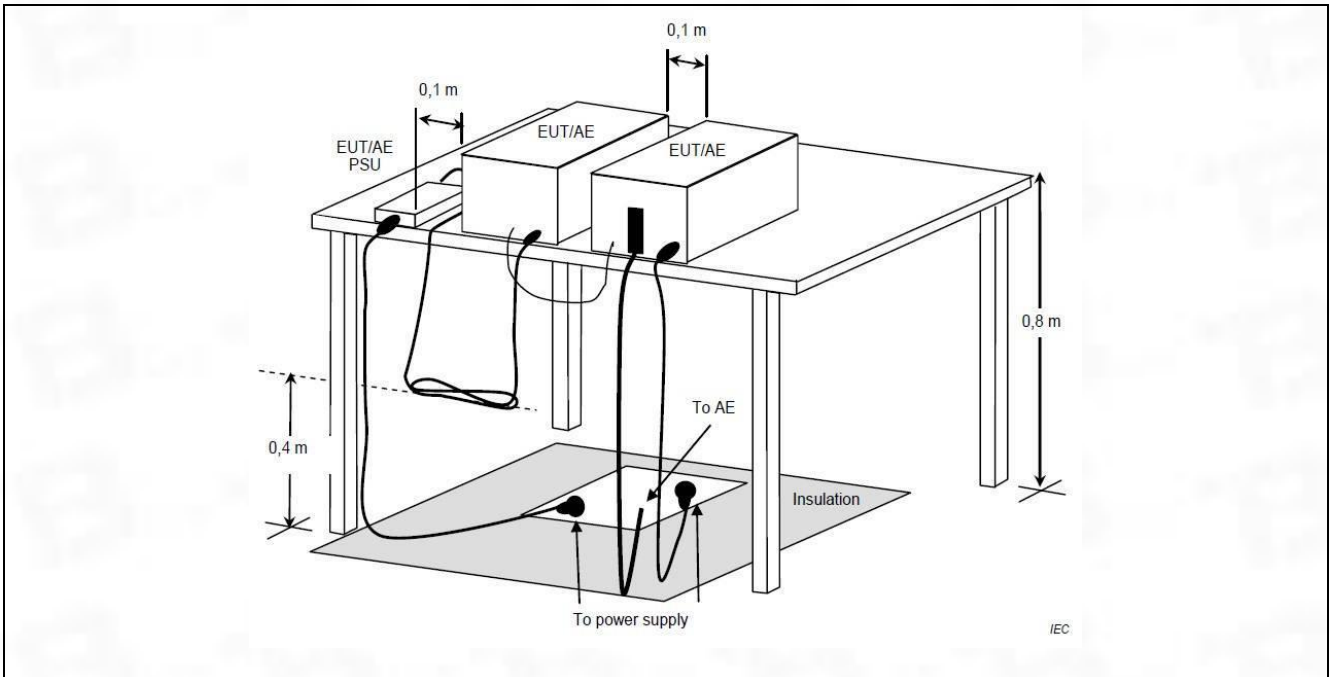
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)																								
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6																								
Test Limit:	<p>Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength (microvolts/meter)</th> <th>Measurement distance (meters)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.009-0.490</td> <td>2400/F(kHz)</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.490-1.705</td> <td>24000/F(kHz)</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1.705-30.0</td> <td>30</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>30-88</td> <td>100 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88-216</td> <td>150 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216-960</td> <td>200 **</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>500</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30	1.705-30.0	30	30	30-88	100 **	3	88-216	150 **	3	216-960	200 **	3	Above 960	500	3
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement distance (meters)																							
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300																							
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30																							
1.705-30.0	30	30																							
30-88	100 **	3																							
88-216	150 **	3																							
216-960	200 **	3																							
Above 960	500	3																							
Procedure:	<p>Below 1GHz:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For below 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. The EUT was set 3 or 10 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using quasi-peak method as specified and then reported in a data sheet. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 9kHz to 30MHz, the disturbance below 30MHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. The disturbance below 1GHz was very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed. <p>Above 1GHz:</p>																								

	<p>a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</p> <p>c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</p> <p>d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</p> <p>g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.</p> <p>h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.</p> <p>i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p> <p>Remark:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.
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6.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

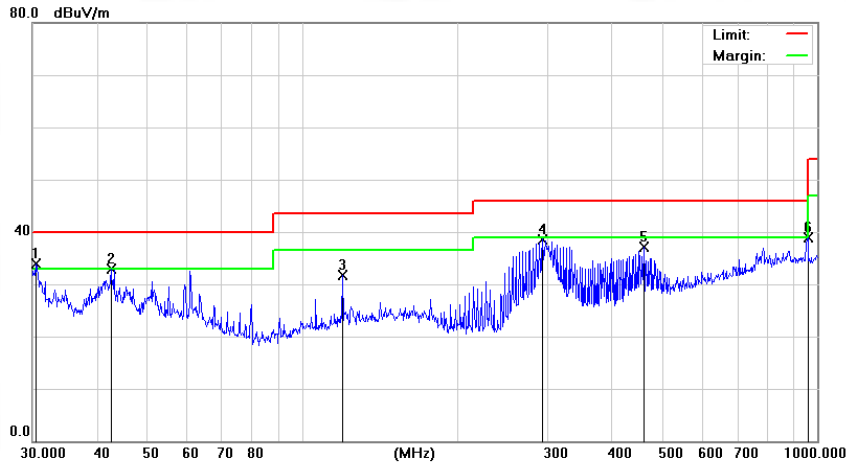
Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.7.2 Test Setup Diagram:



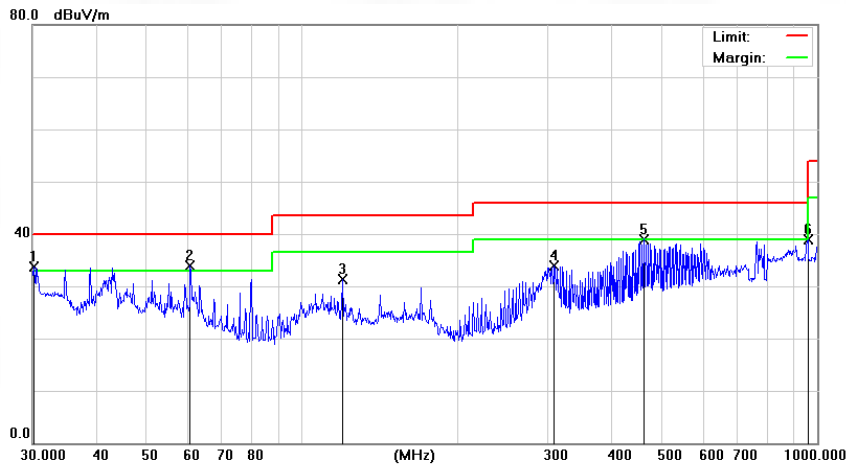
6.7.3 Test Data:

Note: All the mode have been tested, and only the worst case mode are in the report
Polarization: Horizontal / Band: U-NII 1 / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dBuV/m	Over dB	Detector
1	*	30.4238	31.70	2.20	33.90	40.00	-6.10	QP
2		42.6000	29.68	3.13	32.81	40.00	-7.19	QP
3		119.8556	30.58	1.16	31.74	43.50	-11.76	QP
4		293.0842	36.57	2.03	38.60	46.00	-7.40	QP
5		460.7271	31.22	5.87	37.09	46.00	-8.91	QP
6		958.7943	23.74	15.18	38.92	46.00	-7.08	QP

Polarization: Vertical / Band: U-NII 1 / BW: 20 / CH: L



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measurement	Limit	Over	Detector
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	!	30.2111	50.36	-16.61	33.75	40.00	-6.25	QP
2	*	60.7044	50.64	-16.70	33.94	40.00	-6.06	QP
3		119.8556	48.20	-16.83	31.37	43.50	-12.13	QP
4		308.9126	51.02	-17.07	33.95	46.00	-12.05	QP
5		460.7271	56.06	-17.06	39.00	46.00	-7.00	QP
6		958.7943	53.22	-14.30	38.92	46.00	-7.08	QP

6.8 Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)																																																																																							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6																																																																																							
Test Limit:	<p>For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz. For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.</p> <p>For transmitters operating solely in the 5.725-5.850 GHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>MHz</th> <th>GHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.090-0.110</td> <td>16.42-16.423</td> <td>399.9-410</td> <td>4.5-5.15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>¹0.495-0.505</td> <td>16.69475-16.69525</td> <td>608-614</td> <td>5.35-5.46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1735-2.1905</td> <td>16.80425-16.80475</td> <td>960-1240</td> <td>7.25-7.75</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.125-4.128</td> <td>25.5-25.67</td> <td>1300-1427</td> <td>8.025-8.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.17725-4.17775</td> <td>37.5-38.25</td> <td>1435-1626.5</td> <td>9.0-9.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.20725-4.20775</td> <td>73-74.6</td> <td>1645.5-1646.</td> <td>9.3-9.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.215-6.218</td> <td>74.8-75.2</td> <td>1660-1710</td> <td>10.6-12.7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.26775-6.26825</td> <td>108-121.94</td> <td>1718.8-1722.</td> <td>13.25-13.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.31175-6.31225</td> <td>123-138</td> <td>2200-2300</td> <td>14.47-14.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.291-8.294</td> <td>149.9-150.05</td> <td>2310-2390</td> <td>15.35-16.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.362-8.366</td> <td>156.52475-156.525</td> <td>2483.5-2500</td> <td>17.7-21.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>25</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.37625-8.38675</td> <td>156.7-156.9</td> <td>2690-2900</td> <td>22.01-23.12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8.41425-8.41475</td> <td>162.0125-167.17</td> <td>3260-3267</td> <td>23.6-24.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.29-12.293</td> <td>167.72-173.2</td> <td>3332-3339</td> <td>31.2-31.8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.51975-12.52025</td> <td>240-285</td> <td>3345.8-3358</td> <td>36.43-36.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12.57675-12.57725</td> <td>322-335.4</td> <td>3600-4400</td> <td>(²)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13.36-13.41</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>¹Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz. ²Above 38.6</p> <p>The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in § 15.35 apply to these measurements.</p> <p>Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field strength</th> <th>Measurement</th> </tr> </thead> </table>	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15	¹ 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.	9.3-9.5			5		6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.	13.25-13.4			2		6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4		25			8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(²)	13.36-13.41				Frequency (MHz)	Field strength	Measurement
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Frequency (MHz)	Field strength	Measurement																																																																																						

	(microvolts/meter)	distance (meters)
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)
	1.705-30.0	30
	30-88	100 **
	88-216	150 **
	216-960	200 **
	Above 960	500
Procedure:	<p>Above 1GHz:</p> <p>a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.</p> <p>b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.</p> <p>c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.</p> <p>d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.</p> <p>e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.</p> <p>f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.</p> <p>g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.</p> <p>h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.</p> <p>i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.</p> <p>Remark:</p> <p>1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor</p> <p>2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.</p> <p>3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.</p> <p>4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.</p>	

6.8.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

6.8.2 Test Data:

Note: All the mode have been tested, and only the worst case mode are in the report

Freq. (MHz)	Low channel: 5180MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
10360	V	60.64	41.21	74	54	-13.36	-12.79
15540	V	59.95	40.35	74	54	-14.05	-13.65
10360	H	58.23	39.36	74	54	-15.77	-14.64
15540	H	58.61	39.61	74	54	-15.39	-14.39

Freq. (MHz)	Low channel: 5180MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
10360	V	58.58	41.13	74	54	-15.42	-12.87
15540	V	59.67	39.61	74	54	-14.33	-14.39
10360	H	59.60	39.59	74	54	-14.40	-14.41
15540	H	59.03	40.03	74	54	-14.97	-13.97

Freq. (MHz)	Low channel: 5180MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
10360	V	60.71	39.37	74	54	-13.29	-14.63
15540	V	59.94	39.32	74	54	-14.06	-14.68
10360	H	59.93	39.77	74	54	-14.07	-14.23
15540	H	58.41	39.41	74	54	-15.59	-14.59

Freq. (MHz)	Low channel: 5180MHz						
	Ant.Pol	Emission Level(dBuV)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
	H/V	PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
10360	V	60.17	40.55	74	54	-13.83	-13.45
15540	V	59.14	40.90	74	54	-14.86	-13.10
10360	H	59.35	39.71	74	54	-14.65	-14.29
15540	H	58.23	39.23	74	54	-15.77	-14.77

Note:

- All emissions not reported were more than 20dB below the specified limit or in the noise floor.
- Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
 Reading level (dBμV) = Receiver reading
 Corr. Factor (dB) = Attenuation factor + Cable loss
 Level (dBμV) = Reading level (dBμV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
 Limit (dBμV) = Limit stated in standard
 Margin (dB) = Level (dBμV) – Limits (dBμV)
- Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "--" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.