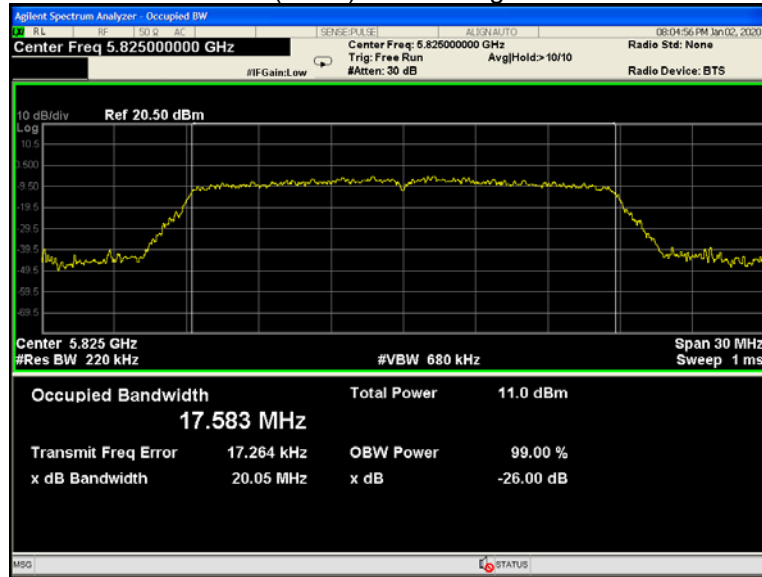
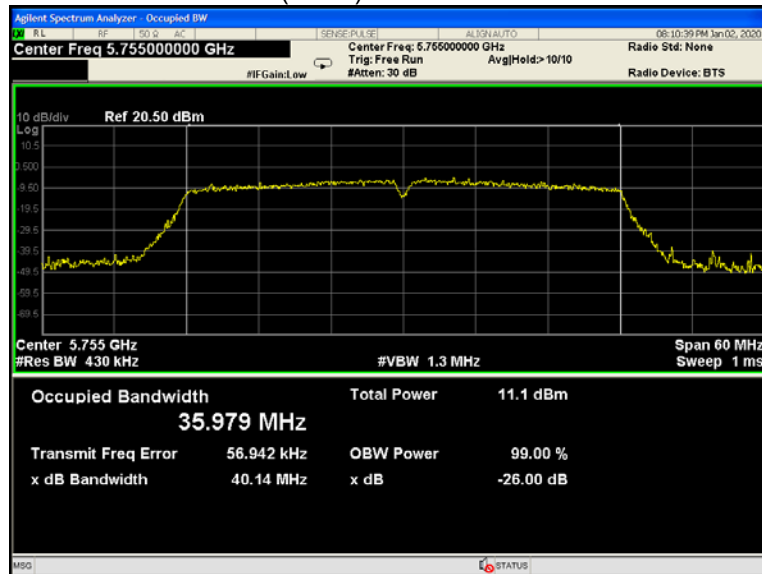


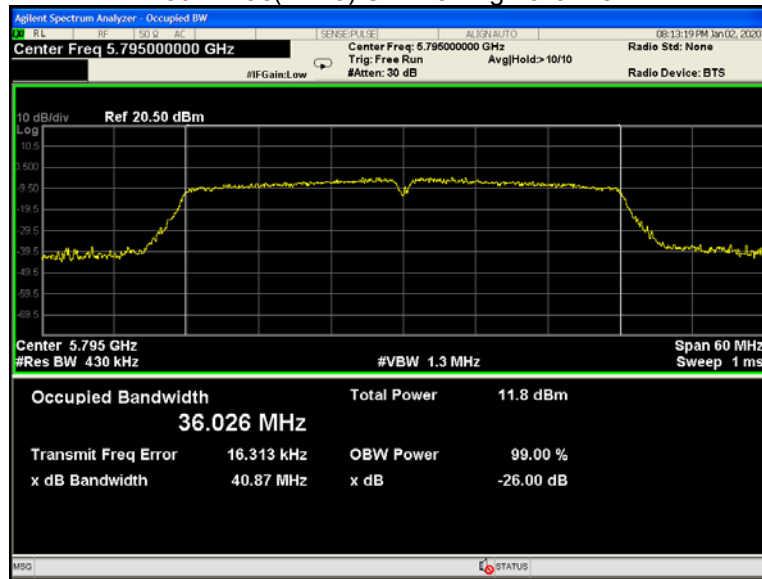
802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



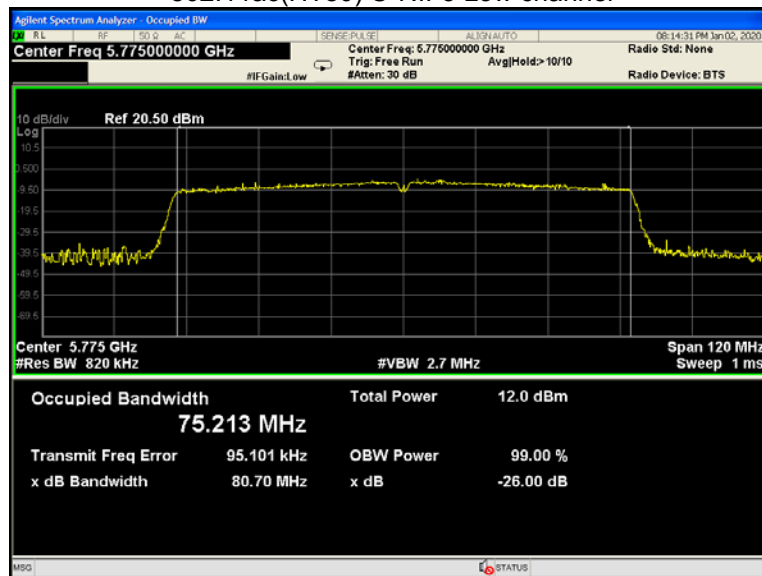
802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



802.11ac(HT80) U-NII-3 Low channel



## 13 Conducted Output Power

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Test Requirement: | FCC CFR47 Part 15 Section 15.407(a)<br>KDB662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 |
| Test Method:      | KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01<br>Section E               |
| Test Limit:       | U-NII-1 250mW(24dBm)<br>U-NII-3 1W(30dBm)   |
| Test Result:      | PASS<br>Conducted output power= measurement power+10log(1/x)                            |
| Remark:           | X is duty cycle=1, so 10log(1/1)=0<br>Conducted output power= measurement power         |

### 13.1 Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 1 MHz. VBW = 3 MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak, Set the span to fully encompass the DTS bandwidth.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

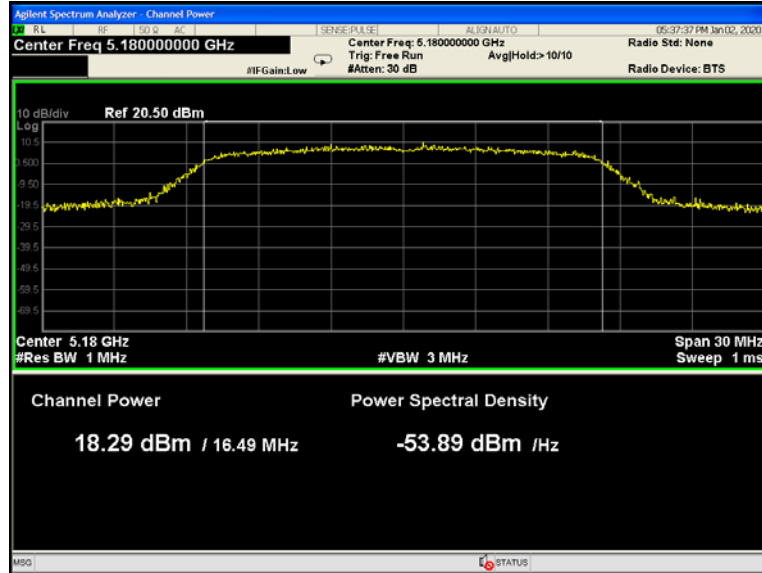
**13.2 Test Result :**

| Band    | Operation mode | Conducted Output Power (dBm) |        |             |
|---------|----------------|------------------------------|--------|-------------|
|         |                | Low                          | Middle | High        |
| U-NII-1 | 802.11a        | <b>18.29</b>                 | 14.86  | 14.58       |
|         | 802.11n(HT20)  | 15.16                        | 14.52  | 13.61       |
|         | 802.11n(HT40)  | 14.87                        | /      | 14.22       |
|         | 802.11ac(HT20) | 14.98                        | 14.50  | 13.65       |
|         | 802.11ac(HT40) | 15.08                        | /      | 14.05       |
|         | 802.11ac(HT80) | 14.60                        | /      | /           |
| U-NII-3 | 802.11a        | 9.08                         | 9.57   | 9.28        |
|         | 802.11n(HT20)  | 8.98                         | 9.08   | 8.82        |
|         | 802.11n(HT40)  | 9.22                         | /      | 9.26        |
|         | 802.11ac(HT20) | 8.73                         | 8.73   | 8.88        |
|         | 802.11ac(HT40) | 9.25                         | /      | <b>9.67</b> |
|         | 802.11ac(HT80) | 9.61                         | /      | /           |

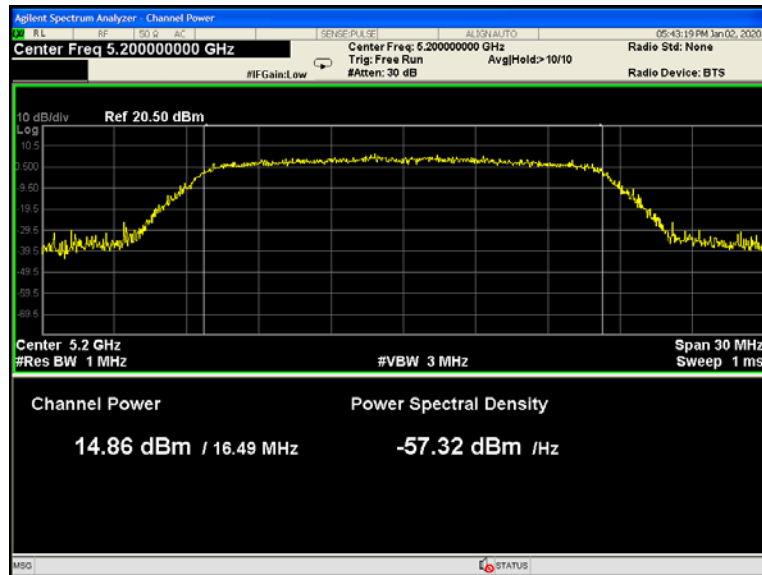
\* All transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  which is less than 6dBi. So the limit does not be reduced.

Test result plots shown as follows:

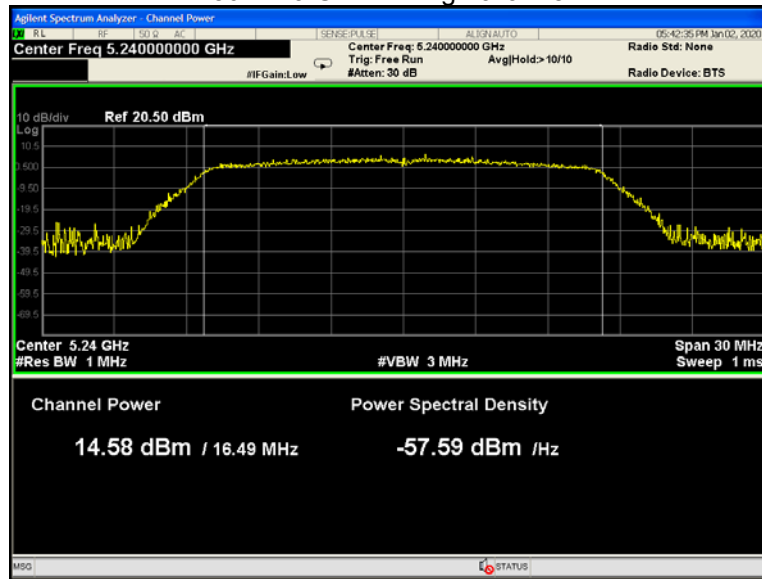
802.11a U-NII-1 Low channel



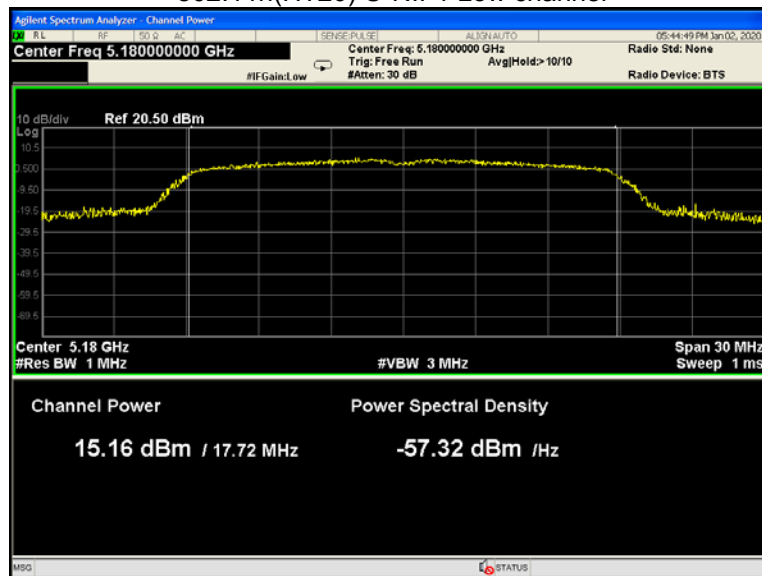
802.11a U-NII-1 Middle channel



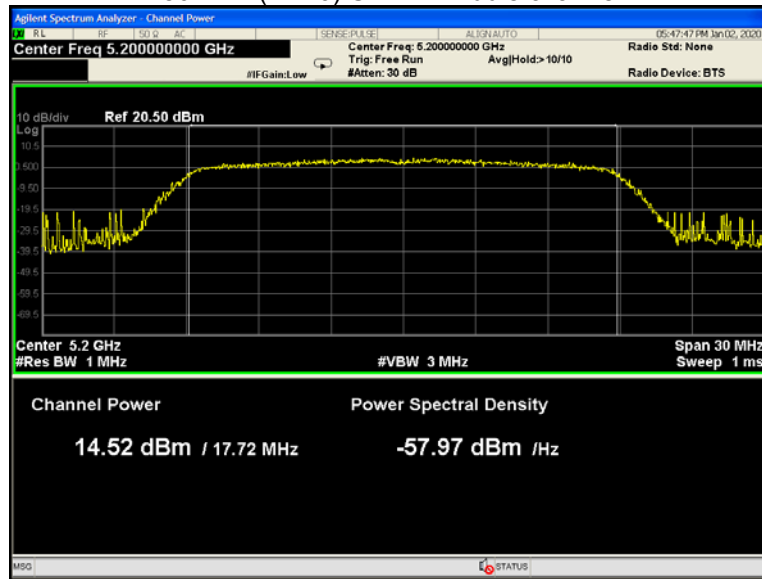
### 802.11a U-NII-1 High channel



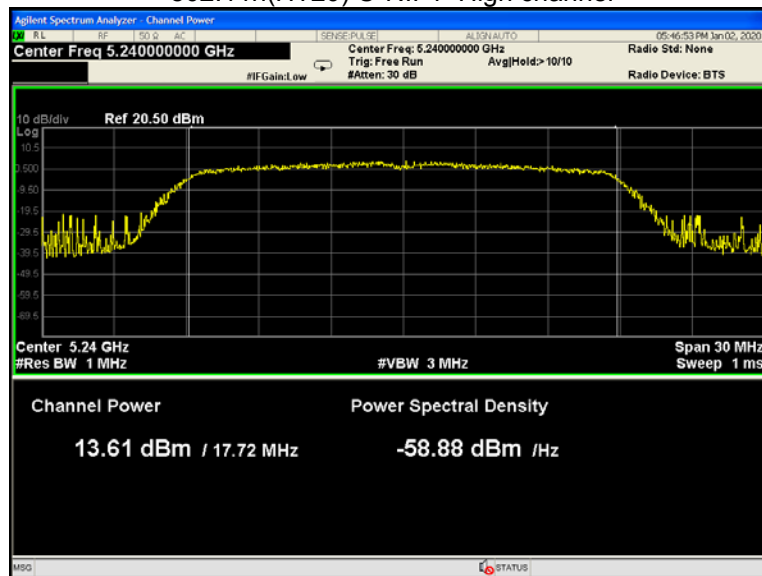
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



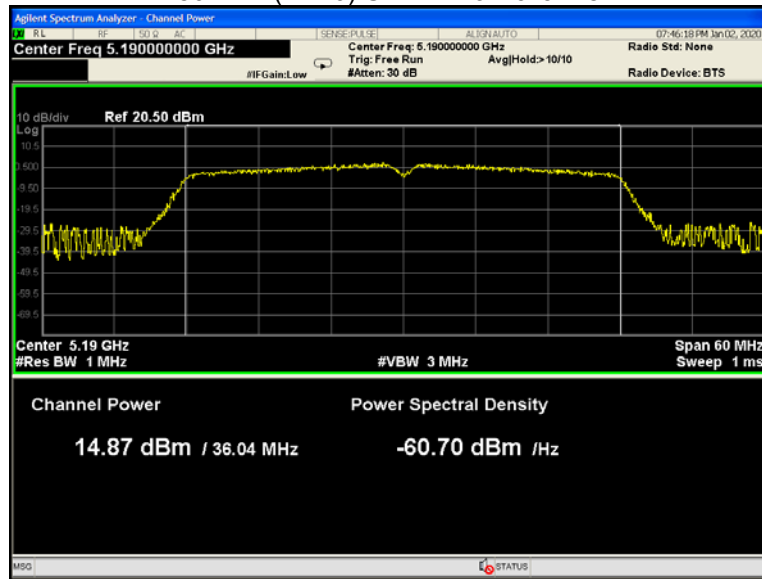
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



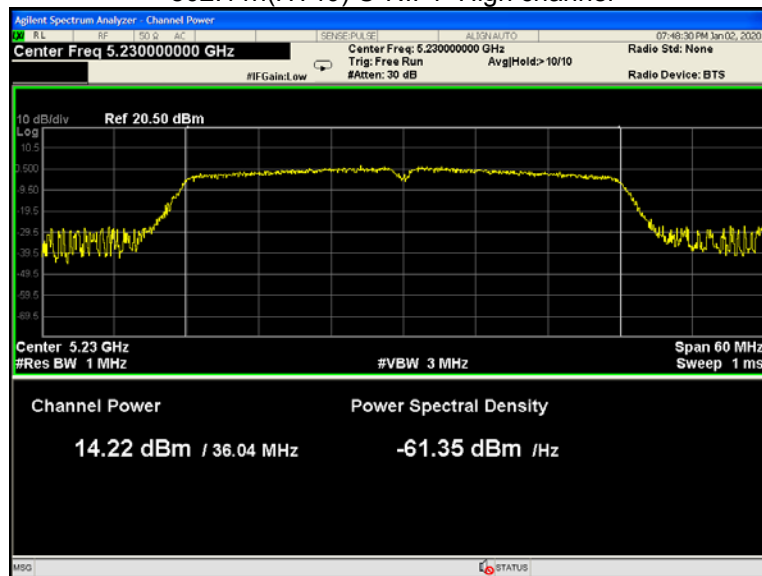
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 High channel



### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 Low channel

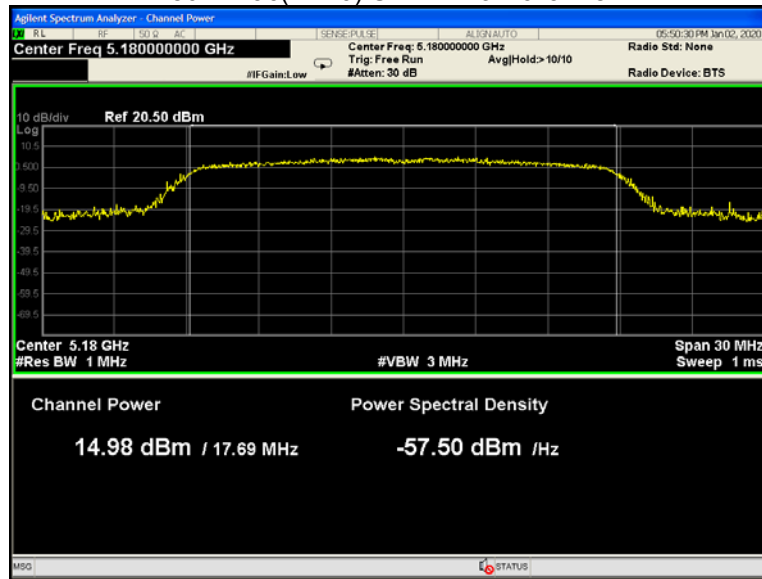


### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 High channel

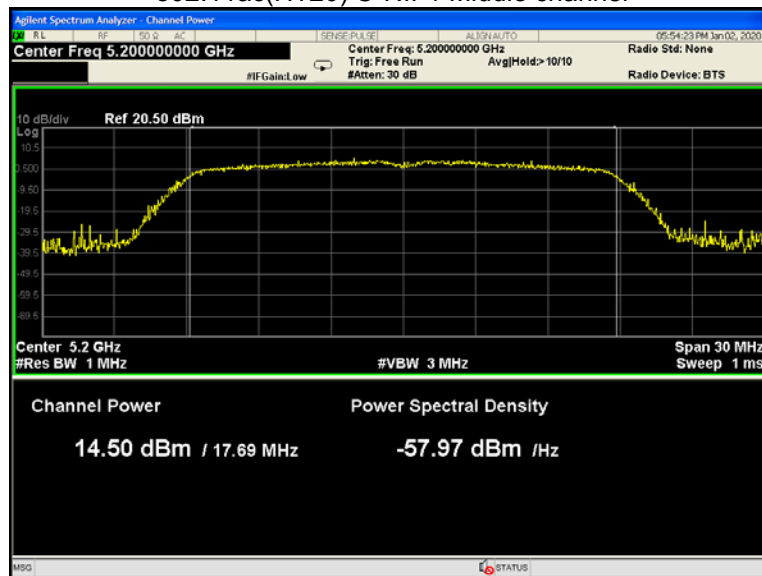




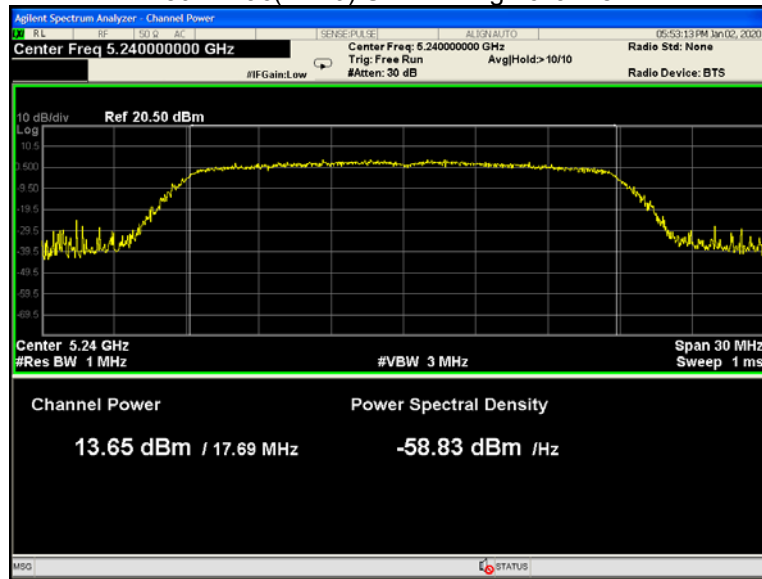
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



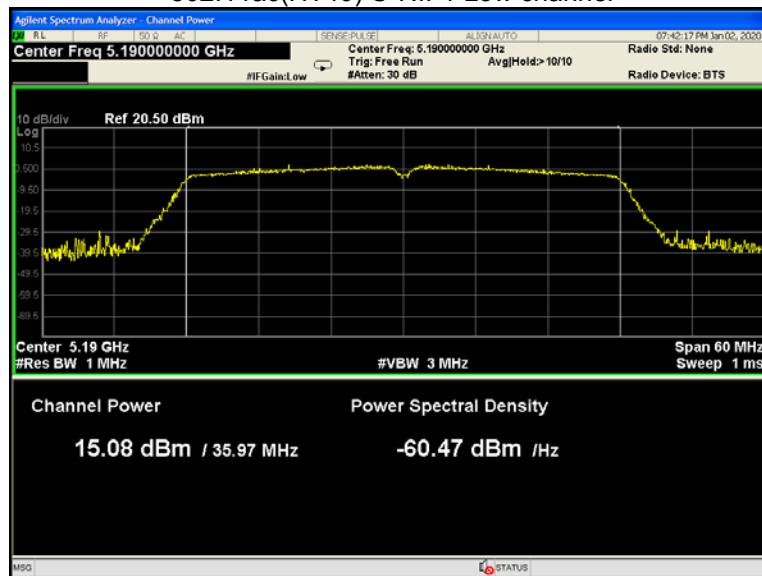
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



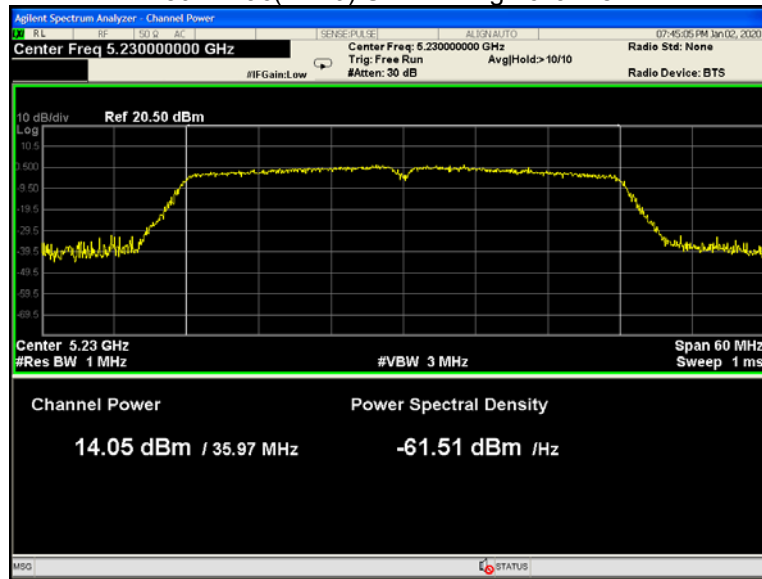
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 High channel



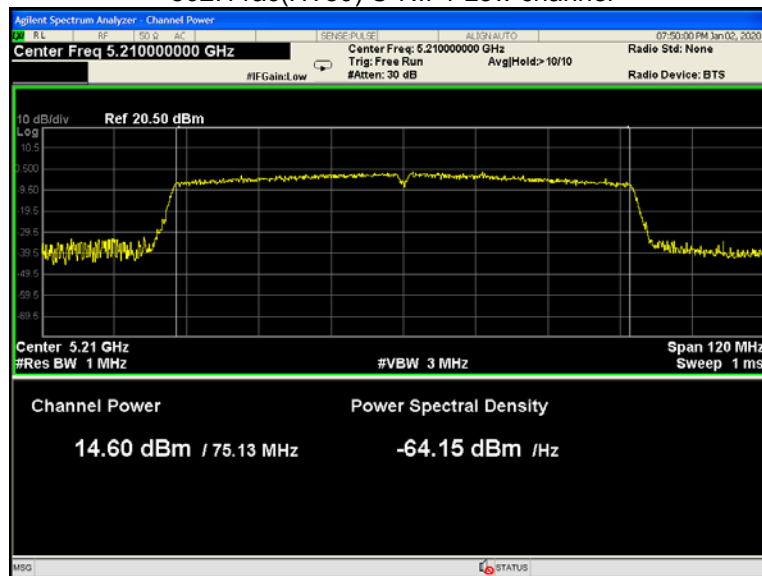
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-1 Low channel



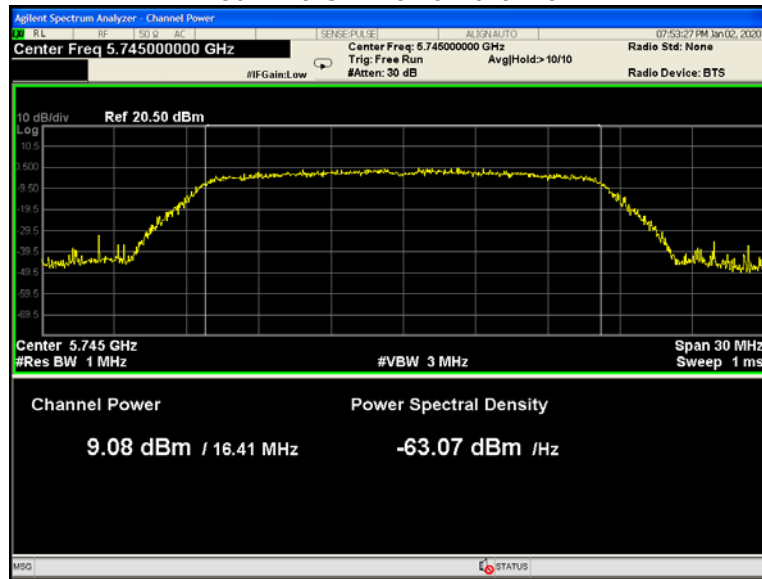
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-1 High channel



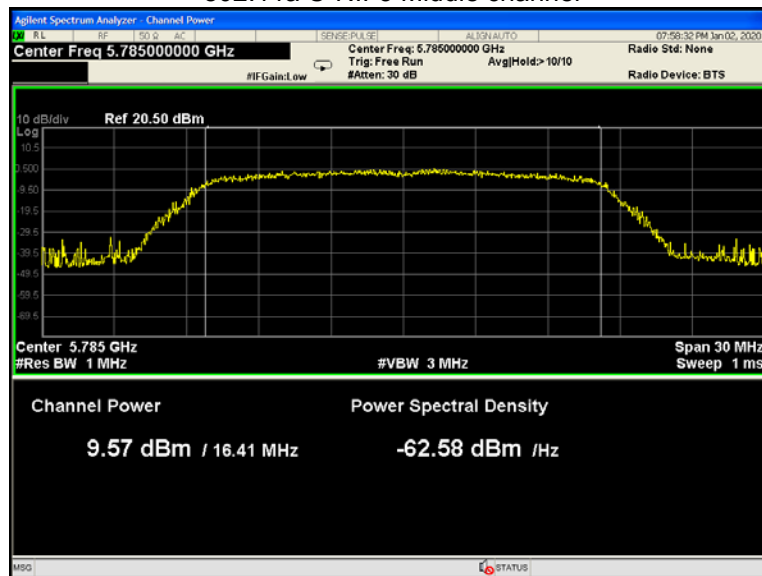
### 802.11ac(HT80) U-NII-1 Low channel



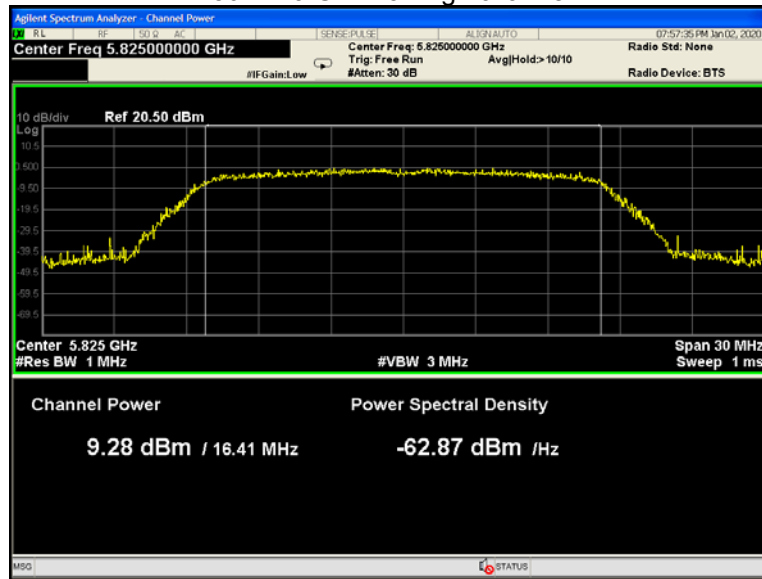
### 802.11a U-NII-3 Low channel



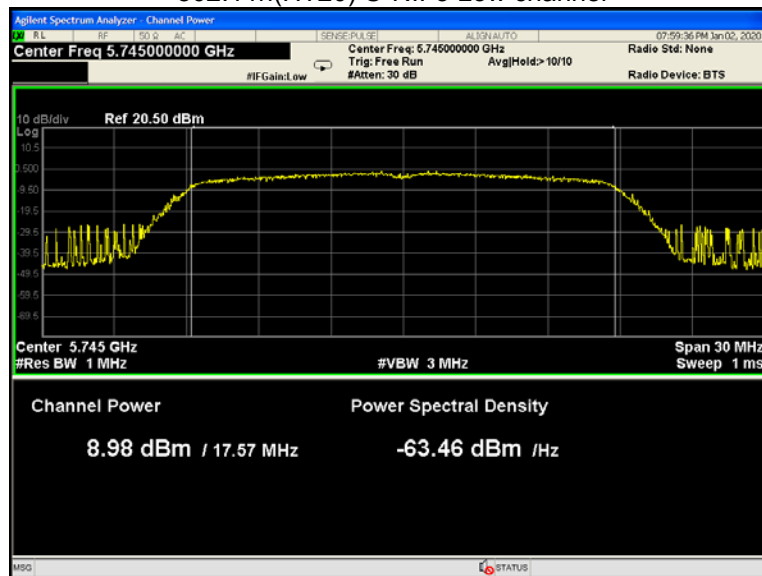
### 802.11a U-NII-3 Middle channel



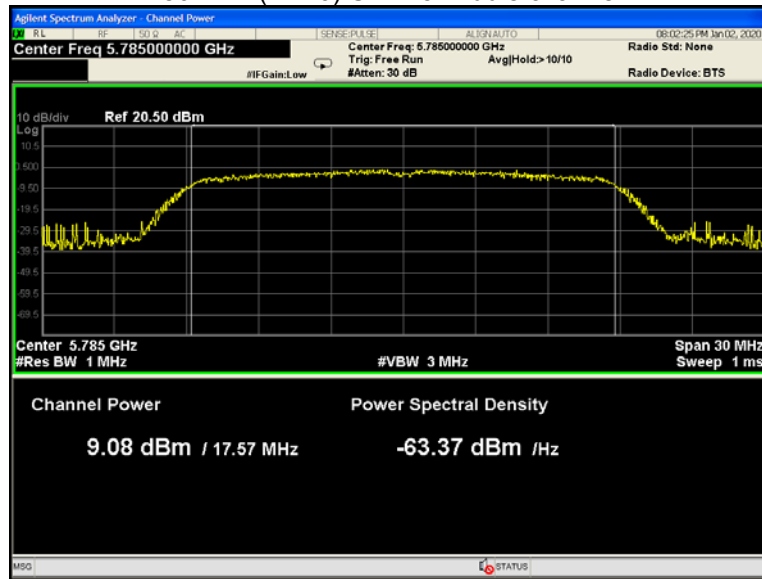
### 802.11a U-NII-3 High channel



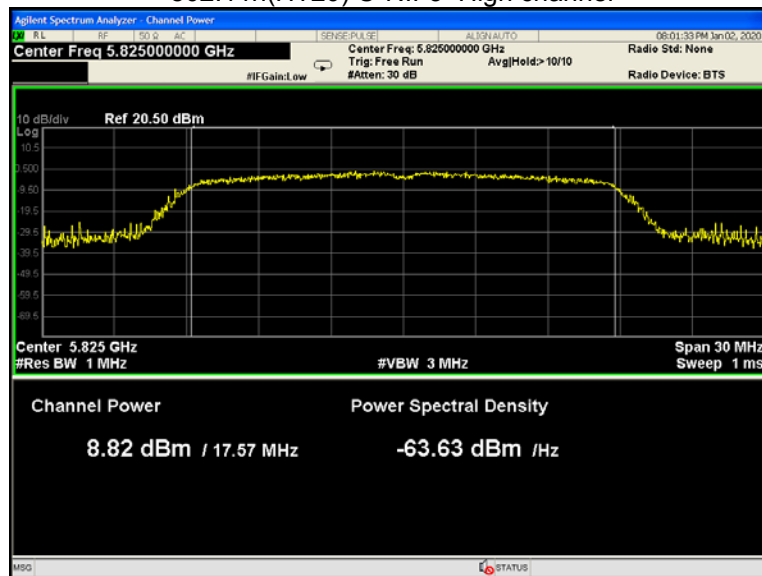
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Low channel



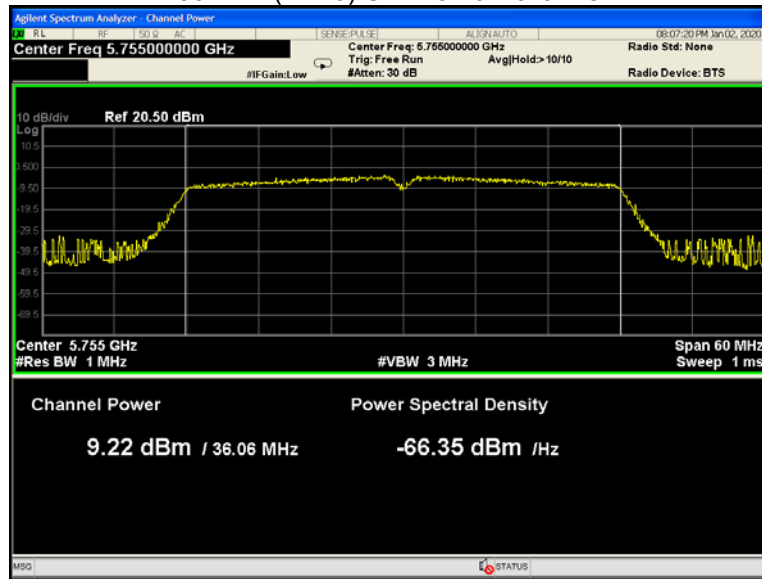
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



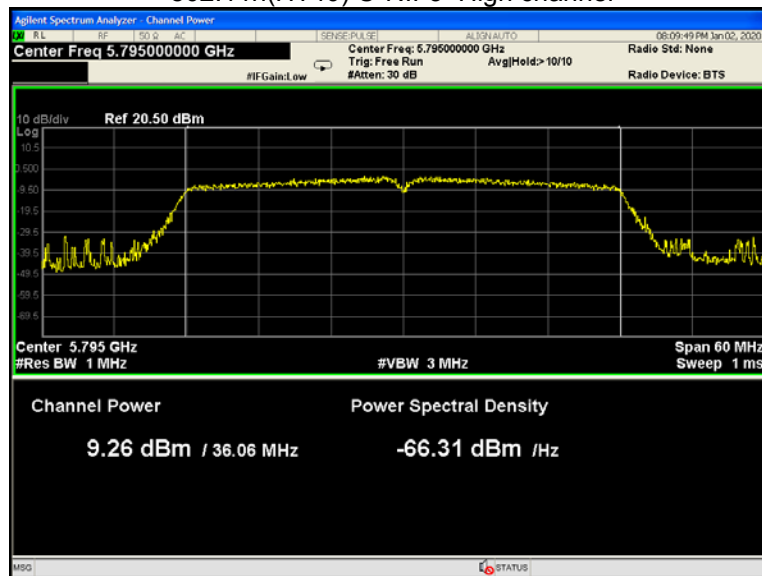
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



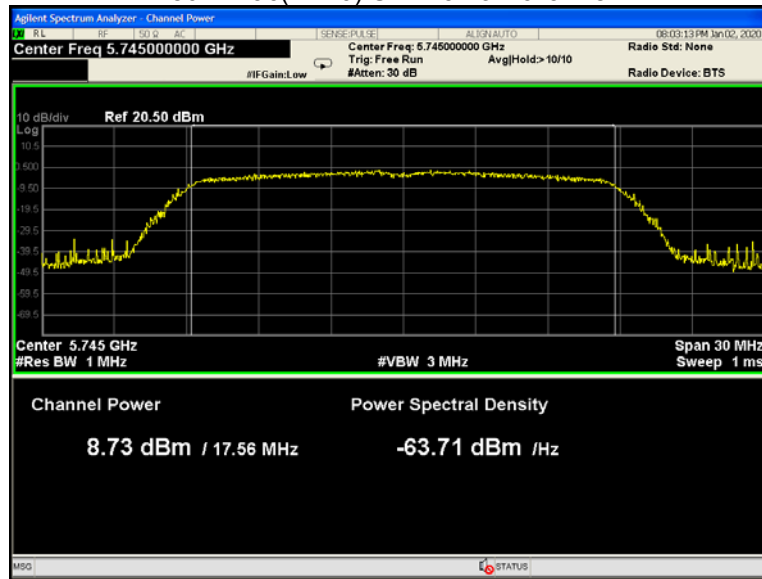
### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



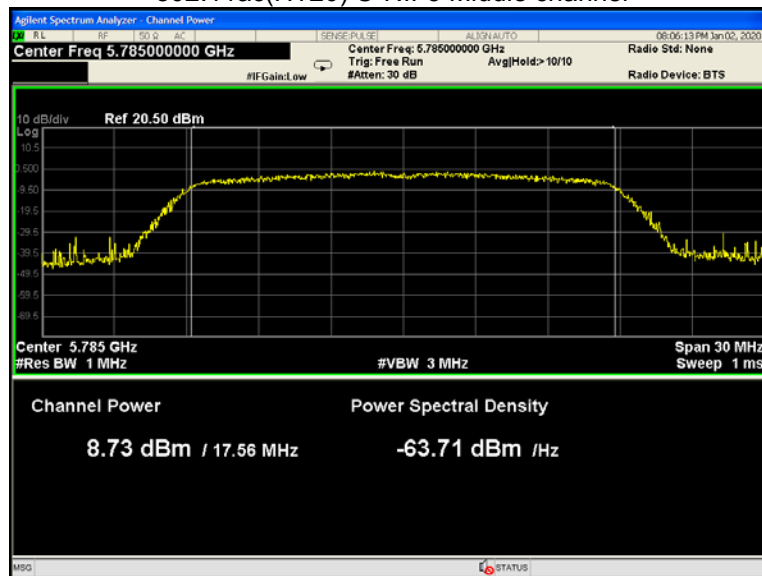
### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 Low channel

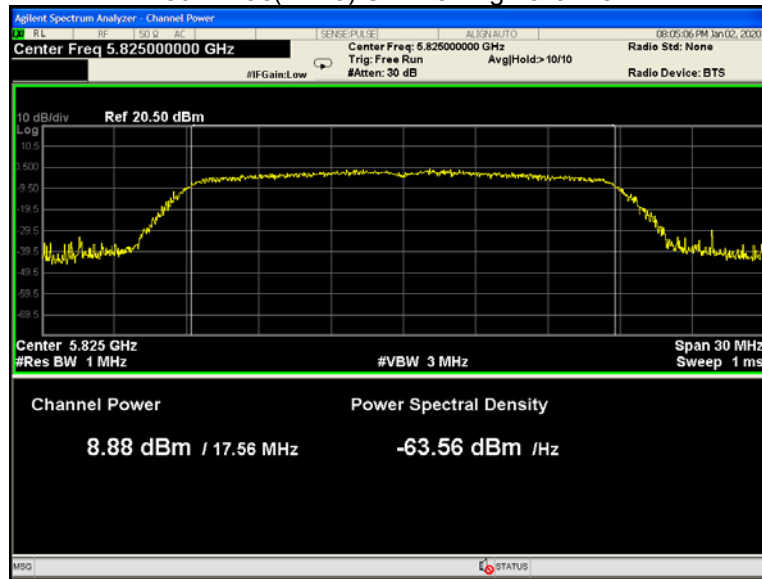


### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel

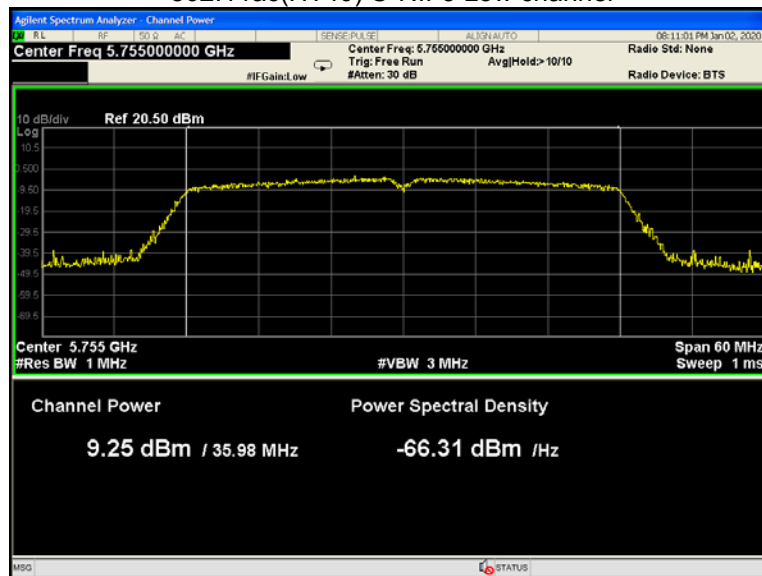




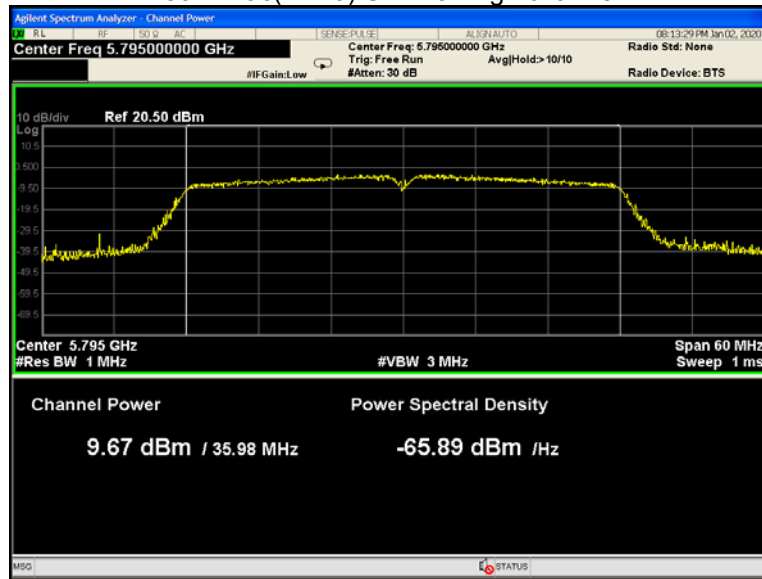
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



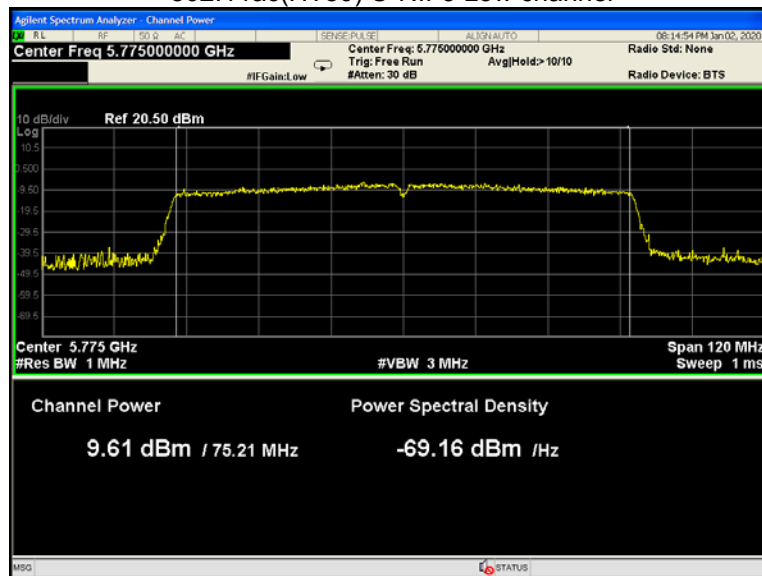
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



### 802.11ac(HT80) U-NII-3 Low channel



## 14 Power Spectral density

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Test Requirement: | FCC CFR47 Part 15 Section 15.407(a)<br>KDB662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01   |
| Test Method:      | KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01,<br>Section F  |
| Test Limit:       | $\leq 11.00\text{dBm/MHz}$ for Operation in the U-NII-1(5150MHz-5250MHz)of<br>mobile device<br>$\leq 30.00\text{dBm/500KHz}$ for Operation in the U-NII-3(5725MHz-<br>5850MHz)of device |
| Test Result:      | PASS  |

### 14.1 Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer:  
U-NII-1  
RBW = 1MHz, VBW  $\geq 3$ \* RBW Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.  
U-NII-3  
RBW = 510KHz, VBW  $\geq 3$ \* RBW Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section  
Submit this plot.

**14.2 Test Result:**

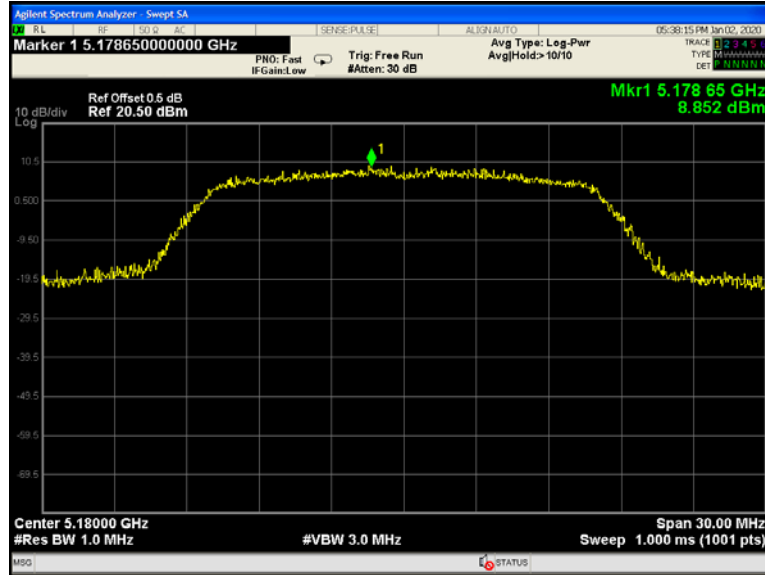
| Band    | Operation mode | Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz) |        |       |
|---------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------|-------|
|         |                | Low                              | Middle | High  |
| U-NII-1 | 802.11a        | 8.852                            | 8.201  | 7.979 |
|         | 802.11n(HT20)  | 8.076                            | 7.116  | 6.560 |
|         | 802.11n(HT40)  | 7.705                            | /      | 4.244 |
|         | 802.11ac(HT20) | 7.597                            | 6.222  | 5.557 |
|         | 802.11ac(HT40) | 4.491                            | /      | 3.893 |
|         | 802.11ac(HT80) | 1.659                            | /      | /     |
|         | Limit          | ≤11.00dBm/MHz                    |        |       |

| Band    | Operation mode | Power Spectral Density (dBm/MHz) |        |        |
|---------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------|--------|
|         |                | Low                              | Middle | High   |
| U-NII-3 | 802.11a        | 2.544                            | 3.018  | 2.943  |
|         | 802.11n(HT20)  | 1.562                            | 2.180  | 2.140  |
|         | 802.11n(HT40)  | -1.022                           | /      | -0.481 |
|         | 802.11ac(HT20) | 1.762                            | 1.651  | 2.308  |
|         | 802.11ac(HT40) | -1.037                           | /      | -0.234 |
|         | 802.11ac(HT80) | -3.298                           | /      | /      |
|         | Limit          | ≤30.00dBm/500kHz                 |        |        |

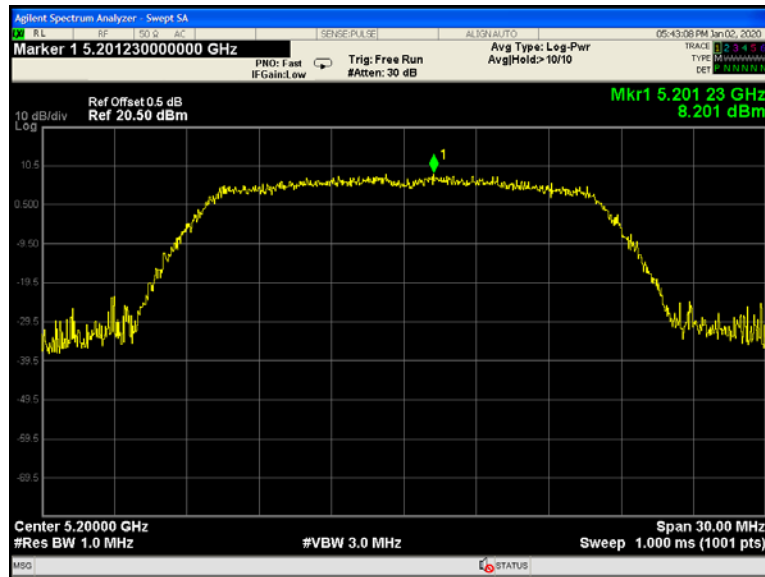
\* All transmit signals are completely uncorrelated with each other, Directional gain =  $G_{ANT}$  which is less than 6dBi. So the limit does not be reduced.

Test result plots shown as follows:

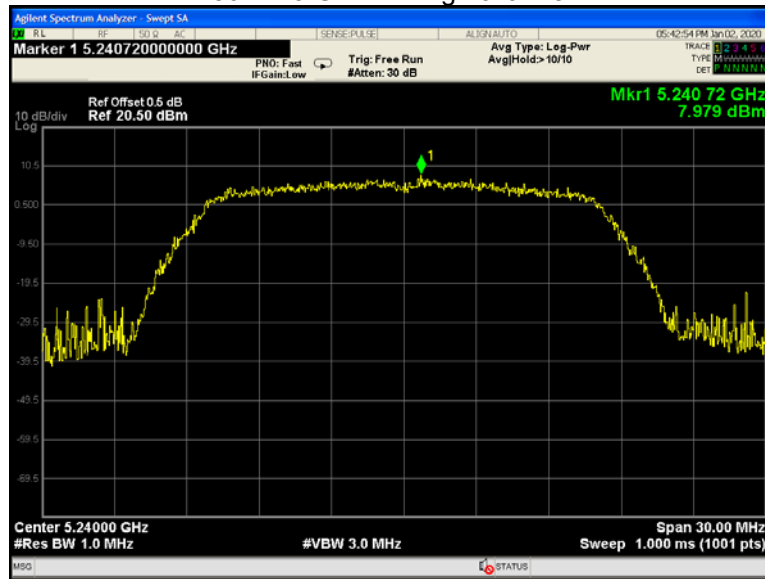
802.11a U-NII-1 Low channel



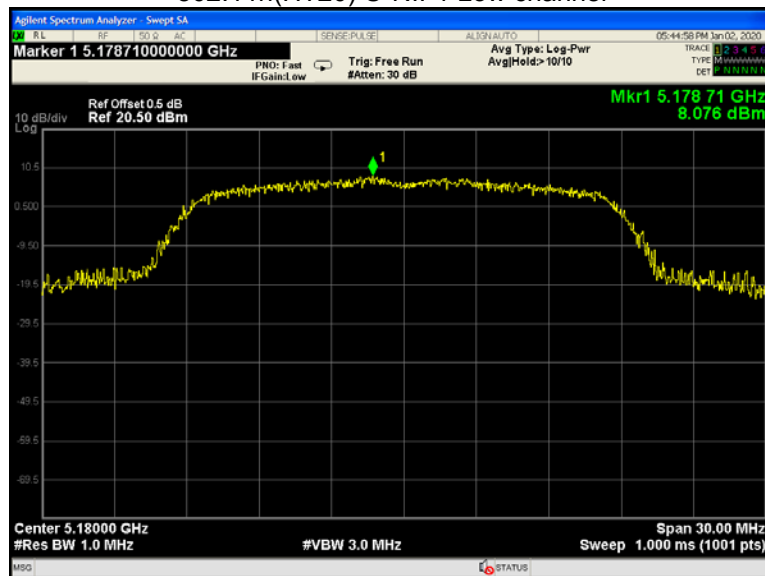
802.11a U-NII-1 Middle channel



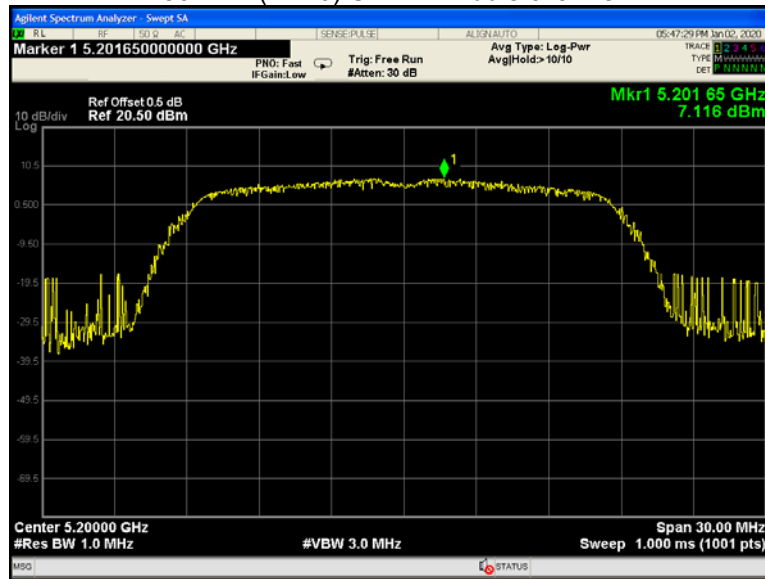
### 802.11a U-NII-1 High channel



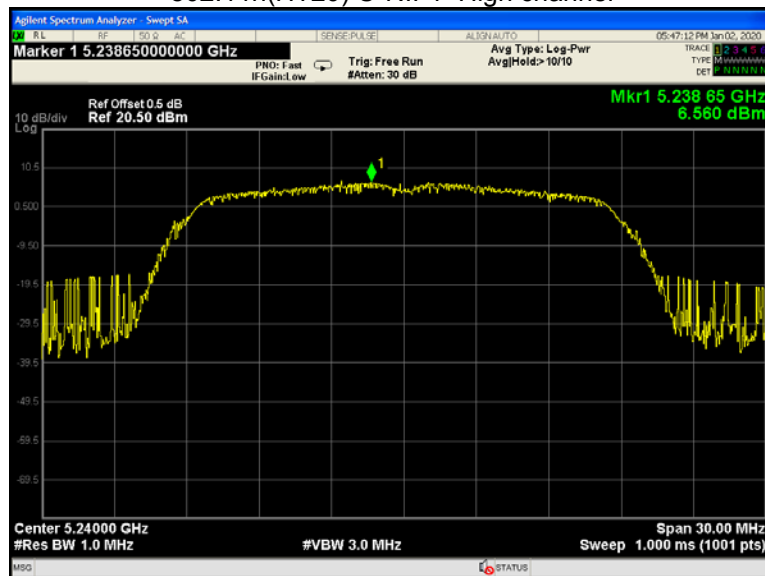
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



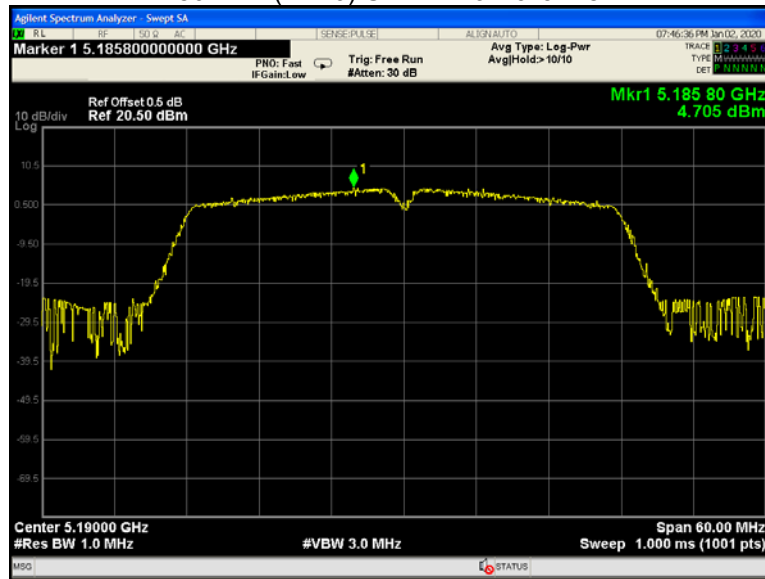
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



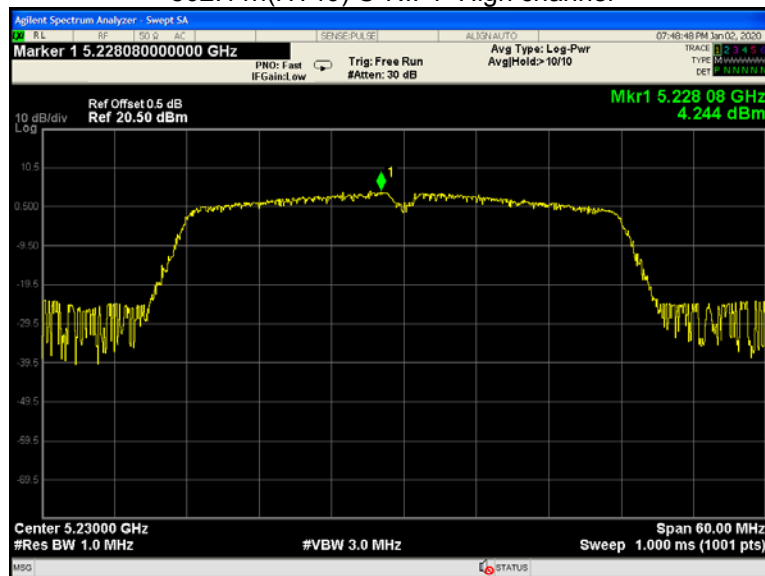
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-1 High channel



### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 Low channel



### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-1 High channel

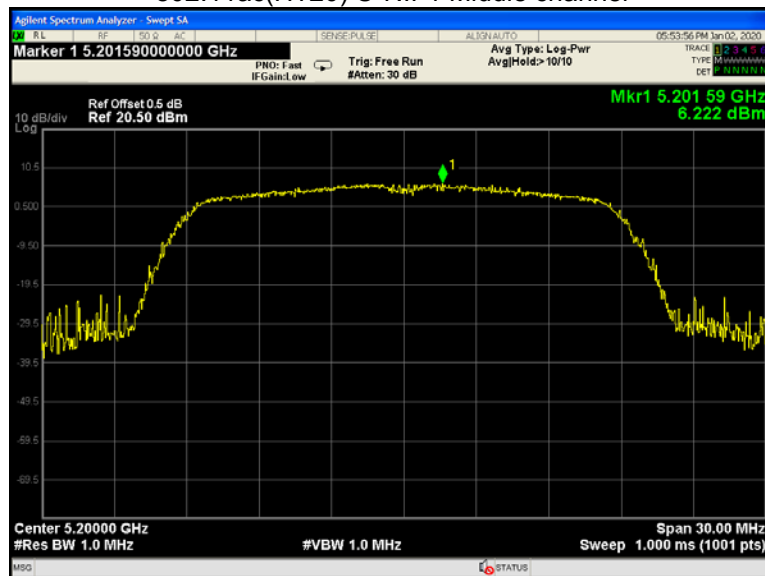




### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 Low channel



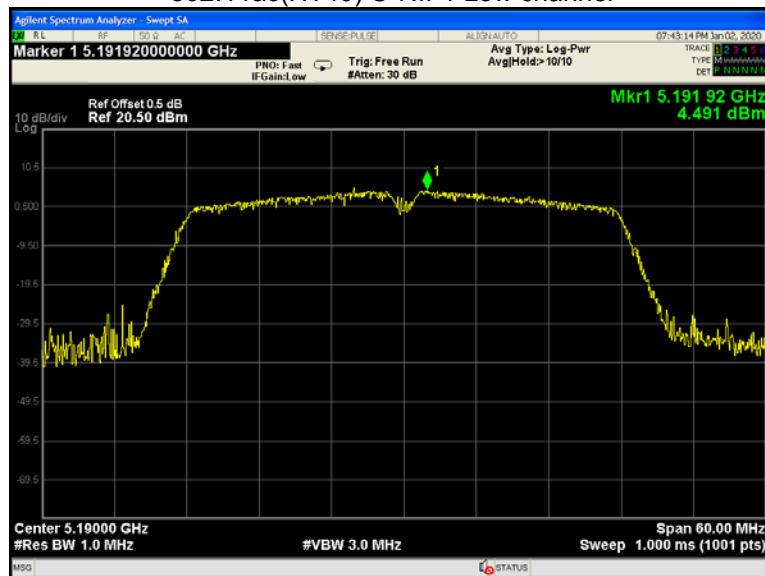
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 Middle channel



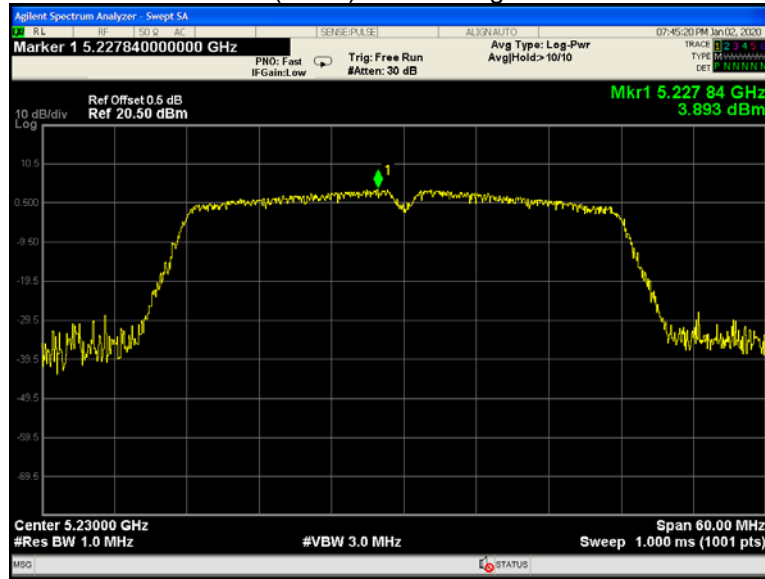
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-1 High channel



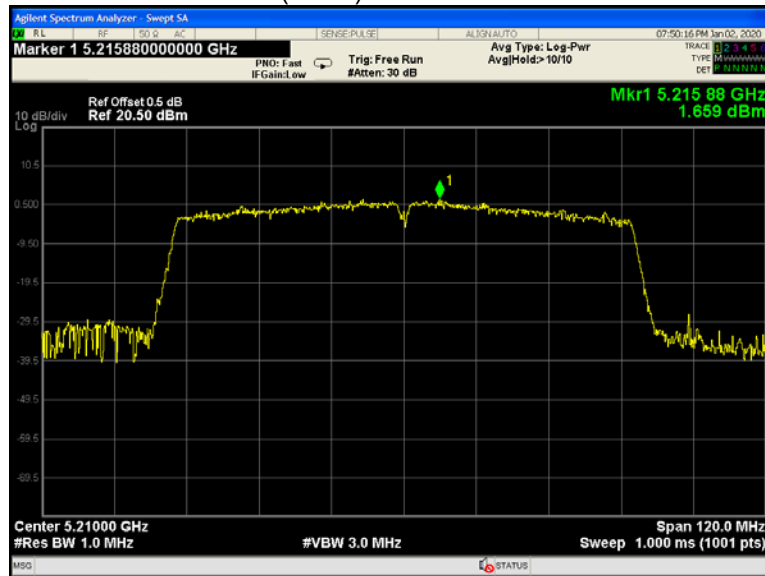
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-1 Low channel



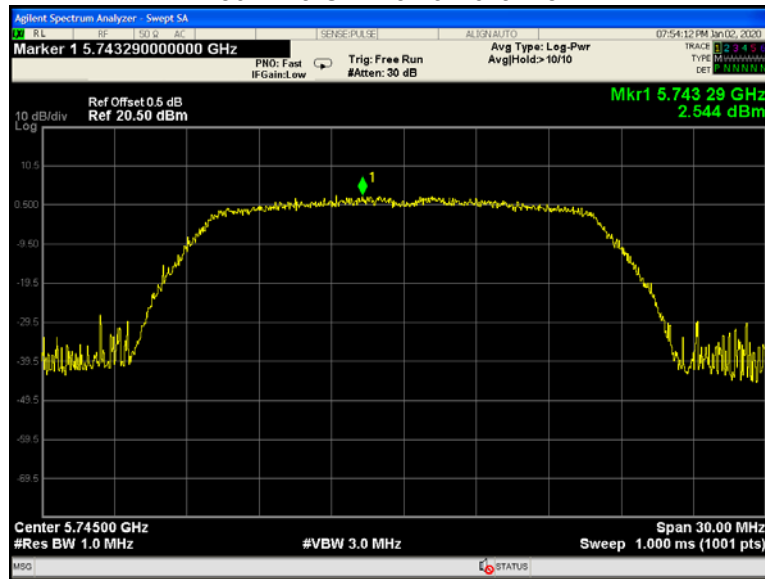
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-1 High channel



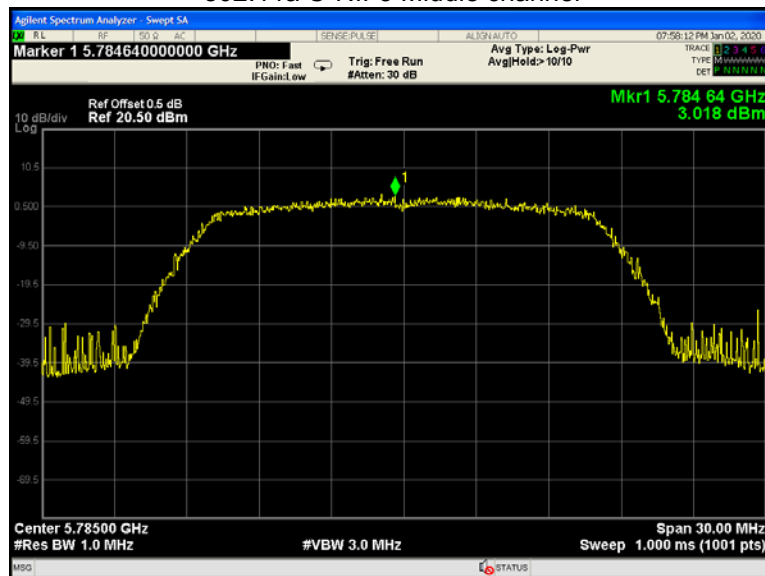
### 802.11ac(HT80) U-NII-1 Low channel



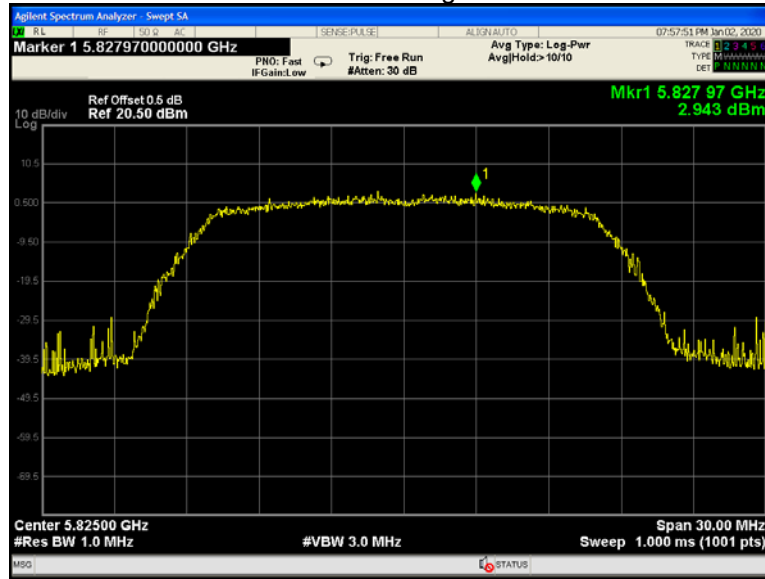
### 802.11a U-NII-3 Low channel



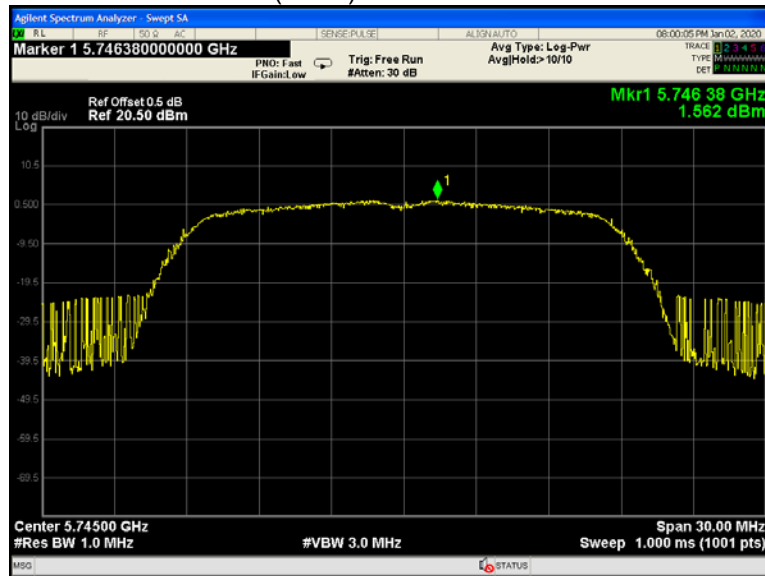
### 802.11a U-NII-3 Middle channel



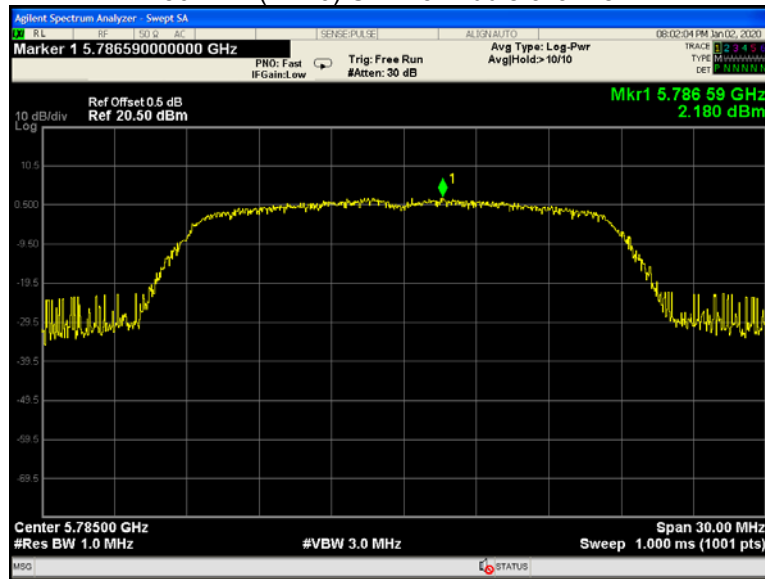
### 802.11a U-NII-3 High channel



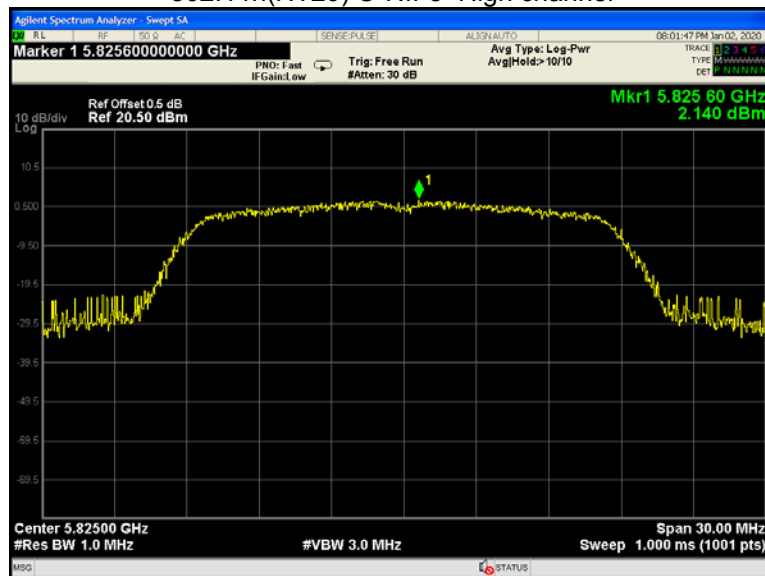
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Low channel



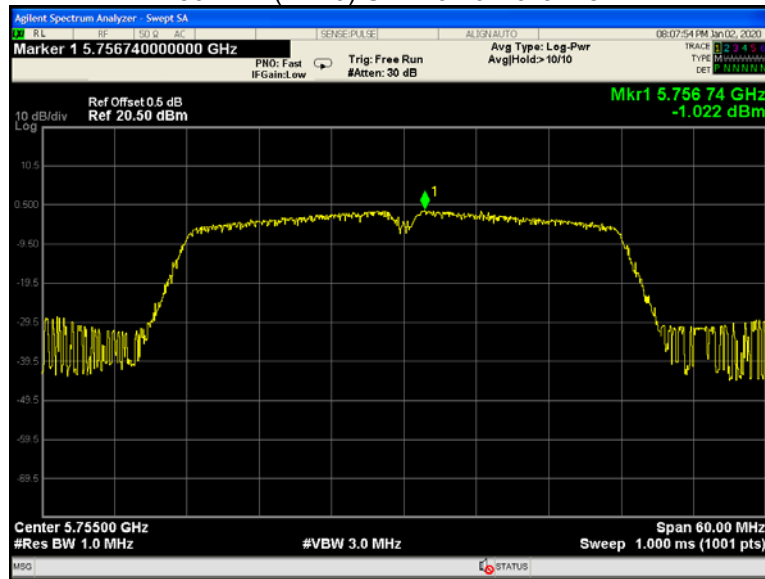
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel



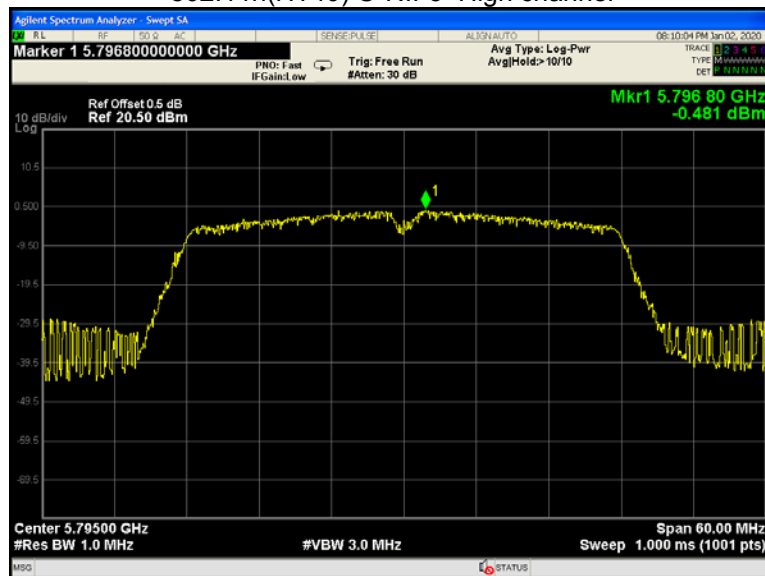
### 802.11n(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



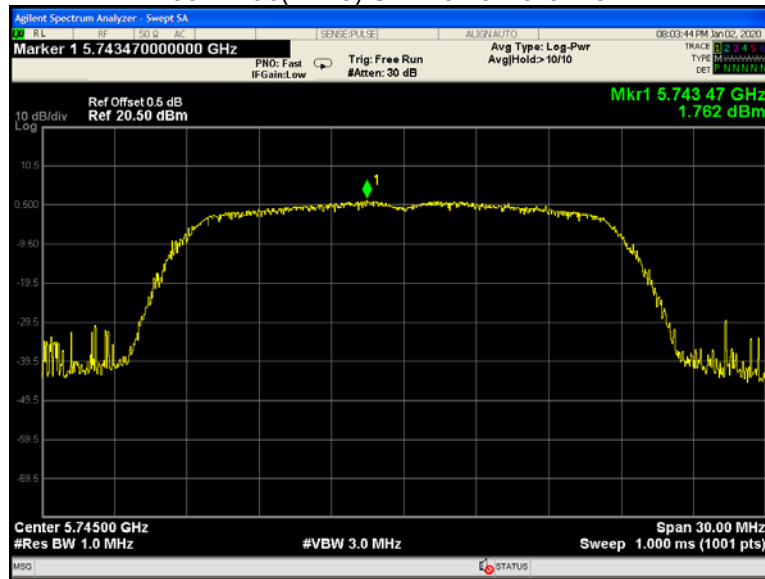
### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



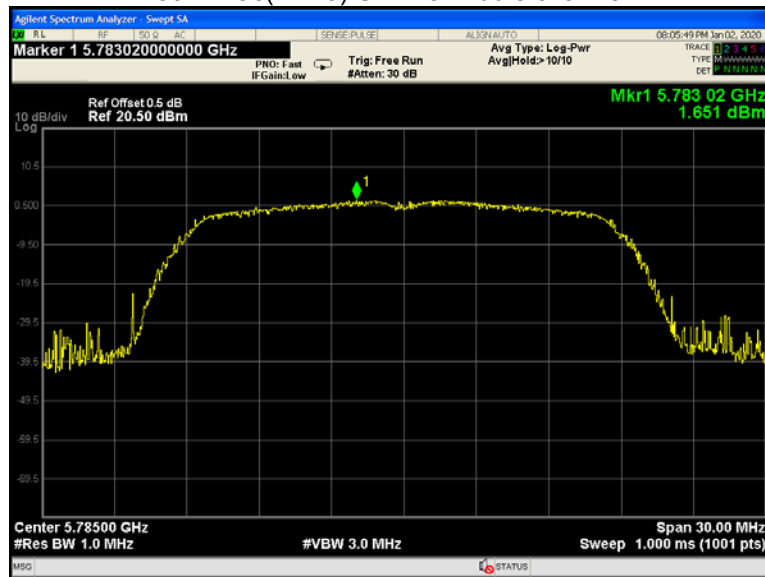
### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 Low channel

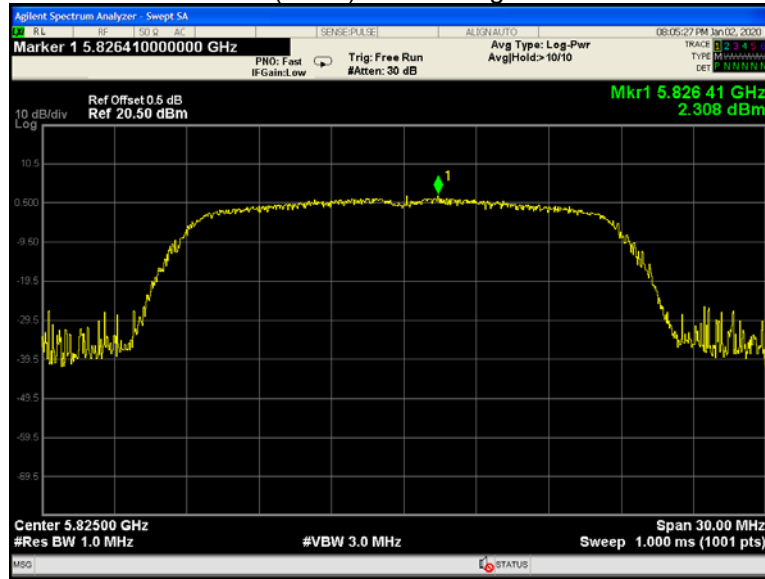


### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 Middle channel

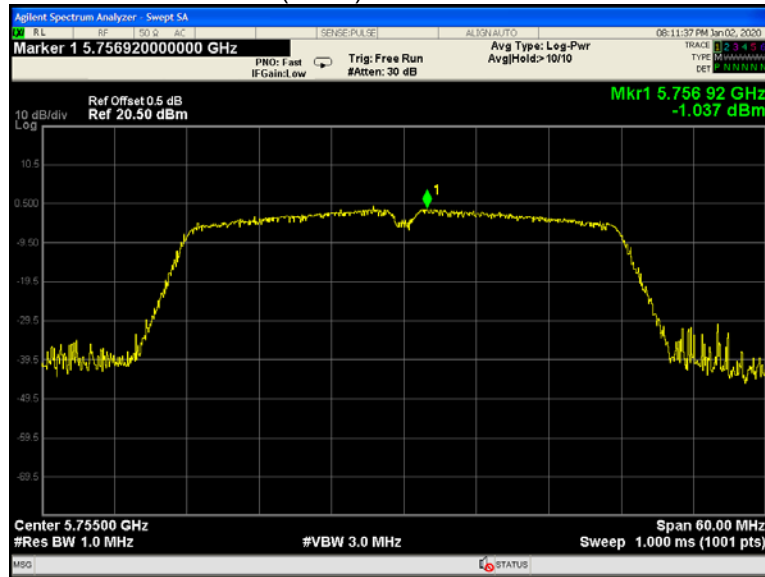




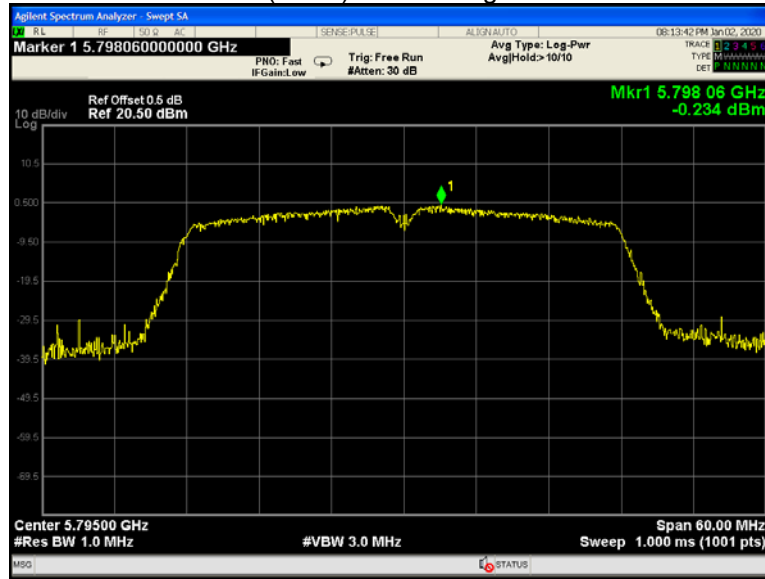
### 802.11ac(HT20) U-NII-3 High channel



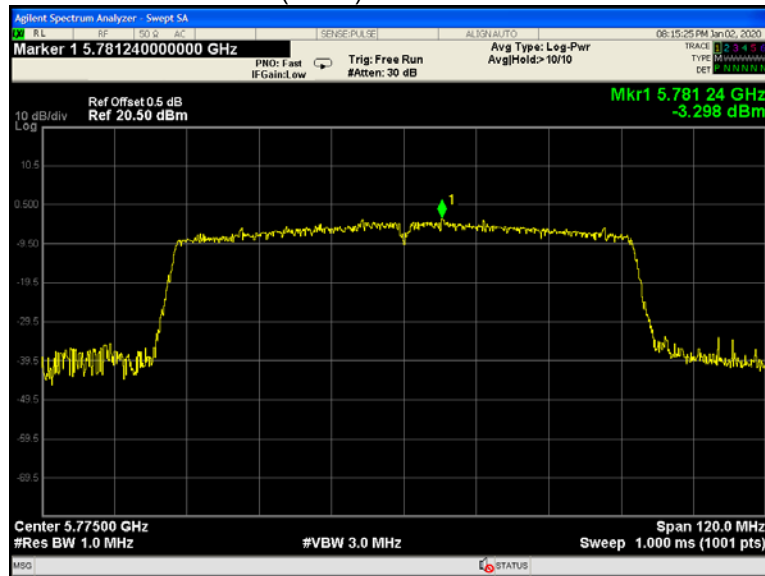
### 802.11ac(HT40) U-NII-3 Low channel



### 802.11n(HT40) U-NII-3 High channel



### 802.11ac(HT80) U-NII-3 Low channel



## 15 Frequency Stability

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Test Requirement: | FCC CFR47 Part 15 Section 15.407(g)  |
| Test Method:      | ANSI C63.10:2013   |
| Test Limit:       | Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual or 20ppm. |
| Test Result:      | PASS   |

### 15.1 Test Procedure:

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer.  
EUT have transmitted absence of unmodulation signal and fixed channelise. Set the spectrum analyzer span to view the entire absence of modulation emissions bandwidth. Set RBW = 10 kHz, VBW = 10 kHz with peak detector and maxhold settings.  $f_c$  is declaring of channel frequency. Then the frequency error formula is  $(f_c - f) / f_c \times 10^6$  ppm and the limit is less than  $\pm 20$  ppm The test extreme voltage is to change the primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value.
2. Extreme temperature rule is  $-15^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 45^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**15.2 Test Result:**

| <b>U-NII-1 Test Frequency:5180MHz</b> |                           |                             |                              |                    |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Temperature (°C)</b>               | <b>Power Supply (VAC)</b> | <b>Frequency Error (Hz)</b> | <b>Frequency Error (ppm)</b> | <b>Limit (ppm)</b> |
| 50                                    | 120                       | /                           | /                            | /                  |
| 45                                    |                           | 1807                        | 2.1525                       | 20                 |
| 30                                    |                           | 1800                        | 2.1517                       | 20                 |
| 20                                    |                           | 1806                        | 2.1534                       | 20                 |
| 10                                    |                           | 1800                        | 2.1517                       | 20                 |
| 0                                     |                           | 1803                        | 2.1523                       | 20                 |
| -10                                   |                           | 1800                        | 2.1516                       | 20                 |
| -15                                   |                           | 1809                        | 2.1629                       | 20                 |
| -30                                   |                           | /                           | /                            | /                  |
| 20                                    |                           | 108                         | 1810                         | 2.1635             |
| 20                                    | 132                       | 1798                        | 2.1494                       | 20                 |

| <b>U-NII-3 Test Frequency:5785MHz</b> |                           |                             |                              |                    |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Temperature (°C)</b>               | <b>Power Supply (VAC)</b> | <b>Frequency Error (Hz)</b> | <b>Frequency Error (ppm)</b> | <b>Limit (ppm)</b> |
| 50                                    | 120                       | /                           | /                            | /                  |
| 45                                    |                           | 1919                        | 2.2937                       | 20                 |
| 30                                    |                           | 1911                        | 2.2843                       | 20                 |
| 20                                    |                           | 1915                        | 2.2898                       | 20                 |
| 10                                    |                           | 1923                        | 2.2986                       | 20                 |
| 0                                     |                           | 1907                        | 2.2799                       | 20                 |
| -10                                   |                           | 1908                        | 2.2800                       | 20                 |
| -15                                   |                           | 1914                        | 2.2873                       | 20                 |
| -30                                   |                           | /                           | /                            | /                  |
| 20                                    |                           | 108                         | 1918                         | 2.2955             |
| 20                                    | 132                       | 1906                        | 2.2789                       | 20                 |

## 16 Antenna Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

This device uses of two antennas that uses a specified coupling to the intentional radiator. Antenna connectors complied with the requirement.

## **17 RF Exposure**

Remark: refer to SAR test report: WTS19S12087926W001.

## **18 Photographs of test setup and EUT.**

Note: Please refer to appendix: Appendix-LC7-Photos.

=====**End of Report**=====