FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

TECNO MOBILE LIMITED

RMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CTR,

HARBOUR CITY, KLN, HK

Model: L6

Prepared By:	Shenzhen WST Testing Technology Co., Ltd. 1F,No.9 Building,TGK Science & Technology ParkY angtian Rd., NO.72 Bao'an Dist.,GuangDong,China
Report Number:	FCC15016716-2
FCC ID:	2ADYY-L6
Report Date:	2015-03-27
Check By:	Mark Cheng
Reviewed By:	Michal Ling Printeding
Testing laboratory:	World Standardization Certification & Testing CO., LTD. Building A, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-26996192 Fax: +86-755-26996253

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Modified History

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Relesse	2015-03-27	

1 General information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen WST Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item:	2015-01-16
Start of test:	2015-01-21
End of test:	2015-01-23

1.3 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for L6 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Head	0.431
GSM850	Hotspot 10mm	0.697
	Body-worn	0.320
	Head	0.275
GSM1900	Hotspot 10mm	0.612
	Body-worn	0.195
WiFi 2450	Head	0.571
WIFI 2450	Hotspot 10mm	0.173
The highest simultaneous SAR is 0.969W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003.

1.4 EUT Information

Device Information:			
Product Type:	Product Type: Mobile Phone		
Model:	L6		
Trade Mark:	TECNO		
Device Type:	Portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled envir	ronment / genera	l population
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit		
Hardware version:	PCBA_Mainboard	1_QP68_V1.0	
Software version :	V1.0		
Antenna Type :	Integral Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations:			
Supporting Mode(s) :	GSM850/1900, WiFi , BT		
Modulation:	GMSK, OFDM/CCK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK		
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode		
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
	GSM850	824~849	869~894
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990
	WiFi 2		2412~2462
	BT 2402~2480 2402~2480		
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12		
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	128-190-251(GSM850) 512-661-810(GSM1900) 1-6-11 (WiFi) 0-39-78(BT)		
Power Source:	3.8 VDC/4500mAh Rechargeable Battery		

2 Testing laboratory

Test Site	World Standardization Certification & Testing CO., LTD.
Test Location	Building A, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Telephone	+86-755-26996192
Fax	+86-755-26996253
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number:L3732

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED	
Applicant Address:	RMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CTR, HARBOUR CITY, KLN, HK.	
Manufacturer Name:	SHENZHEN SMARTTEL CO., LTD.	
Manufacturer Address:6th Floor, Block 15, shatoujiao Free TRADE Zone, Shenyan R Yantian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.China		

5 Test standard/s:

ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handset SAR v01r02
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot Mode v02
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v01r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

6 SAR Measurement System

6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France).For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
 - (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: $\,<$ 0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

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6.4 Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- GSM:Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator.The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- WiFi:Input *#xxxx# to enter the engineering model. Set the appropriate configuration to start testing
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.
- The "area scan" measure the SAR above the DUT or verification dipole on a parallel plane to the surface It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR with 2D spline interprolation . The robot performs a stepped movement along one grid axis while the local electrical field strength is measured by the probe. The probe is touching the surface of the SAM during acquisition of measurement values. The standard scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement. Standard grid spacing for head measuremengs is 15 mm in X- and Y- dimendion(≤ 2GHz), 12 mm in X- and Y- dimension(2-4GHz) and 10 mm in X- and Y- dimendion(4-6GHz). If a finer resolution is needed, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and oriention have no influence on the SAR result. For special applications where the standard scan method does not find the peak SAR within the grid, e.g. mobile phones with flip cover, the grid can be adapted in orientation.
- A "zoom scan " measures the field in a volume around the 2D peak SAR value acquired in the previous "coarse" scan. This is a fine with maximum scan apatial resolution: △X_{zoom}, △Y_{zoom} ≤ 2GHz- ≤8mm, 2-4GHz≤5mm and 4-6GHz≤4mm; △Z_{zoom}≤3GHz- ≤5mm,3-4GHz≤4mm and 4-

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 $6GHz \leq 2mm$ where the robot additionally moves the probe along the z-axis away from the bottom of the Phantom .

 A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the X- and Y- positon of the maximum SAR value found during the cube scan. The probe is moved away in Z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 2 mm steps. This measurement shows the continuity of the liquid and can –depending in the field strength – also show the liquid depeth.

According to the KDB 865664 01 area scan and zoom scan Settings as shown in the figure below:

	Maximun	Maximun Zoom	Maximun Z	oom Scan sp	atial resolution	Minimum
Frequency	Area Scan	Scan spatial	Uniform Grid Graded Gr		aded Grad	zoom scan
riequency	resolution	resolution	Δz _{zoom} (n)	∆z _{zoom} (1)*	∆z _{zcom} (n>1)*	volume
	$(\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area})$	$(\Delta x_{zoom}, \Delta y_{zoom})$	Zoom(11)			(x,y,z)
≤2GHz	≤15mm	≤8mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*∆z _{zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
2-3GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤1.5*∆z _{zoom} (n-1)	≥30mm
3-4GHz	≤12mm	≤5mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤1.5*∆z _{zoom} (n-1)	≥28mm
4-5GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤3mm	≤2.5mm	≤1.5*∆z _{zoom} (n-1)	≥25mm
5-6GHz	≤10mm	≤4mm	≤2mm	≤2mm	≤1.5*∆z _{zoom} (n-1)	≥22mm

6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
 The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

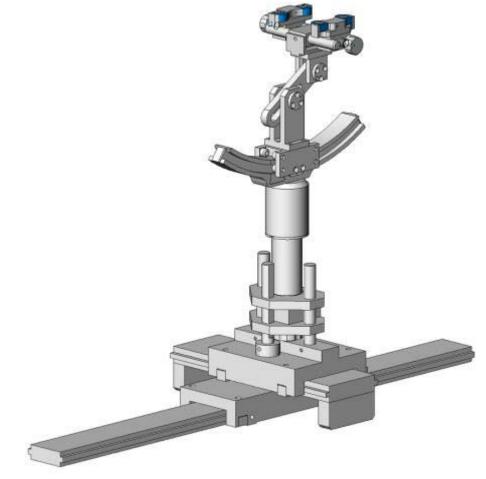
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent		
Delrin	3.7	0.005		

6.7 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with requirement of the testing, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

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6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with \boxtimes):

Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	450	🛛 835	1800	🖂 1900	🛛 2450
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	450	🛛 835	1800	🖂 1900	🛛 2450
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

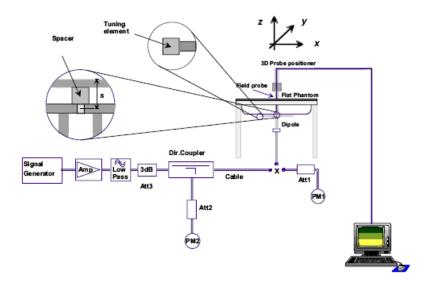
Tissue	Measured	Target T	issue	Measur	ed Tissue	Liquid	Test D (
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	ε _r (+/-5%)	σ (S/m) (+/-5%)	٤ _r	σ (S/m)	Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.67	0.88		
835MHz Head	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.49	0.90	21.2°C	2015-01-21
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.25	0.91		
	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.32	0.96		
835MHz Body	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.11	0.97	21.2°C	2015-03-12
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	54.95	1.00		
	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.06	1.37		
1900MHz Head	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.95	1.40	21.2°C	2015-01-23
	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.96	1.42	21.2 0	
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.93	1.43		
	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.15	1.46		2015-03-09
1900MHz	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.95	1.50	21.2°C	
Body	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.82	1.52	21.2 0	
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	52.76	1.52		
	2410	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.37	1.69		
2450MHz	2435	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.29	1.76	21.2°C	2015-01-21
Head	2450	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.80 (1.71~1.89)	39.23	1.80	21.2 0	2010-01-21
	2460	39.20 (37.24~41.16)	1.81 (1.72~1.90)	39.21	1.82		
	2410	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.97	1.92		
2450MHz	2435	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.79	1.94	21.2°C	2015-03-21
Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.72	1.95		2010-00-21
	2460	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	52.66 1.96			
		ε _r = Relative	permittivity, σ=	Conducti	vity		

7 System Check

7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%)	Measur (Normaliz	ed SAR ed to 1W)	Liquid	Test Date	
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Temp.		
D835V2 Head	9.56 (8.60~10.52)	6.19 (5.57~6.81)	9.230	6.010	21.2°C	2015-01-21	
D1900V2 Head	39.46 (35.51~43.41)	20.42 (18.38~22.46)	40.630	21.190	21.2°C	2015-01-23	
D2450V2 Head	53.08 (47.77~58.39)	23.79 (21.41~26.17)	50.750	22.710	21.2°C	2015-01-21	
D835V2 Body	9.86 (8.87~10.85)	6.38 (5.74~7.02)	9.380	6.080	21.2°C	2015-03-12	
D1900V2 Body	40.06 (36.05~44.07)	20.76 (18.68~22.84)	41.930	22.030	21.2°C	2015-03-09	
D2450V2 Body	54.76 (49.28~60.24)	24.47 (22.02~26.92)	54.970	25.210	21.2°C	2015-03-21	
	Note: All SAR	values are norma	alized to 1W	forward por	wer.		

8 SAR Test Test Configuration

8.1 **GSM Test Configurations**

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

8.2 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for WiFi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1 ,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz.During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate.

802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than

0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

	Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
				onumor	802.11b	802.11g	
			2412	1#	\checkmark	Δ	
	802.11b/g	2.4 GHz	2437	6		Δ	
			2462	11#		Δ	

Notes:

 $\sqrt{}$ = "default test channels"

 Δ = possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output 1/4 dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

9 Detailed Test Results

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSN	GSM(CS)		33.21	33.07	-9.03	24.09	24.18	24.04
	1 Tx Slot	33.11	33.20	33.08	-9.03	24.08	24.17	24.05
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	30.24	30.30	30.19	-6.02	24.22	24.28	24.17
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.14	29.28	29.24	-4.26	24.88	25.02	24.98
	4 Tx Slots	27.98	28.06	28.01	-3.01	24.97	25.05	25.00

GSM850(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH	
GSN	GSM(CS)		33.16	33.11	-9.03	23.98	24.13	24.08	
	1 Tx Slot	33.02	33.17	33.01	-9.03	23.99	24.14	23.98	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	30.18	30.20	30.29	-6.02	24.16	24.18	24.27	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.18	29.21	29.16	-4.26	24.92	24.95	24.90	
	4 Tx Slots	28.21	28.09	27.99	-3.01	25.20	25.08	24.98	

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with Avg detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source

Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8

5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB,

which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode .

GSM1900(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH	
GSN	GSM(CS)		30.24	30.15	-9.03	21.16	21.21	21.12	
	1 Tx Slot	30.18	30.25	30.14	-9.03	21.15	21.22	21.11	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.40	28.32	28.27	-6.02	22.38	22.30	22.25	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.11	27.39	27.24	-4.26	22.85	23.13	22.98	
	4 Tx Slots	26.13	26.22	26.05	-3.01	23.12	23.21	23.04	

9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSN	GSM(CS)		30.15	30.13	-9.03	20.99	21.12	21.10
	1 Tx Slot	30.03	30.14	30.12	-9.03	21.00	21.11	21.09
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.16	27.98	28.08	-6.02	22.14	21.96	22.06
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	27.59	27.55	27.31	-4.26	23.33	23.29	23.05
	4 Tx Slots	26.45	26.33	26.28	-3.01	23.44	23.32	23.27

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with Avg detector.

2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.

3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source

Based time Average Power table.

4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8

5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB,

which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode .

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Wi-Fi	Channel		Av	erage Pov	wer (dBm)	for Data I	Rates (Mb	ps)	
2450MHz	Channel	1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/
802.11b	1	14.19	14.20	14.25	14.22	/	/	/	/
	6	14.29	14.26	14.29	14.25	/	/	/	/
	11	14.30	14.40	14.45	14.36	/	/	/	/
	Channel	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
902 11a	1	13.52	13.50	13.49	13.52	13.49	13.52	13.49	13.50
802.11g	6	13.31	13.37	13.35	13.34	13.34	13.40	13.33	13.32
	11	13.49	13.49	13.43	13.42	13.50	13.54	13.42	13.47
	Channel	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
802.11n	1	12.49	12.51	12.53	12.55	12.50	12.49	12.50	12.56
(20M)	6	12.60	12.62	12.64	12.65	12.62	12.60	12.62	12.67
	11	12.56	12.59	12.61	12.63	12.59	12.58	12.59	12.60
	Channel	MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n	3	11.45	11.49	11.50	11.52	11.50	11.54	11.58	11.53
(40M)	6	11.33	11.38	11.42	11.44	11.43	11.48	11.50	11.47
	9	11.50	11.56	11.61	11.62	11.60	11.61	11.59	11.56

9.1.3 Conducted Power of WiFi 2.4G

Note:

- 1. The Average conducted power of WiFi is measured with Avg detector.
- Per KDB248227, For each frequency band, Testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
 channel /Frequency:1/2412,3/2422,6/2437,9/2452,11/2462,

9.1.4 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

BT 2450	Average Conducted Power (dBm)						
	0CH	39CH	78CH				
1Mbps	2.36	2.13	1.73				
2Mbps	1.69	1.33	0.87				
3Mbps	1.28	1.30	0.85				

Note: 1) channel /Frequency:0/2402,39/2441,78/2480.

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This is the peak power in BT report:

Test Channel	Test Channel Frequency (MHz)				LIMIT(dBm)	Result			
		1Mbps							
CH00	2402	2.81	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	2.66	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	2.09	20.96	Pass					
	2Mbps								
CH00	2402	2.02	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	1.82	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	1.14	20.96	Pass					
		3Mbps							
CH00	2402	1.72	20.96	Pass					
CH39	2441	1.79	20.96	Pass					
CH78	2480	1.16	20.96	Pass					

Notes:

1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.

2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.

4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02,SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to device.When the standalone reported Body-Worn SAR is ≤1.2W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset required.

Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.

5)Per KDB248227 D01v01r02, the procedures required to establish specific device operating configurations for testing the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters.

6) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%, and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg, only one repeated measurement is required.</p>

7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).

8) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test Mode	(W/	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tun e-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Liquid Temp.
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	•
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.280	0.206	-1.350	33.210	34.000	0.336	21.2°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.217	0.158	2.730	33.210	34.000	0.260	21.2°C
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.359	0.242	-2.670	33.210	34.000	0.431	21.2°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.180	0.127	3.410	33.210	34.000	0.216	21.2°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	orst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.342	0.235	1.570	33.160	34.000	0.415	21.2°C
Test				Value			Avg.Tun		
Position	Test	Test	(W/	′kg)	Power	Conducted	e-up	Scaled	Liquid
of Body with 10mm	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.506	0.340	2.820	28.060	29.000	0.628	21.2°C
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.561	0.370	-3.240	28.060	29.000	0.697	21.2°C
Left edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.122	0.085	2.960	28.060	29.000	0.151	21.2°C
Right edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.219	0.146	-0.710	28.060	29.000	0.272	21.2°C
Bottom edge	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.059	0.038	0.380	28.060	29.000	0.073	21.2°C
Towards Ground with Headset	190/836.6	GSM	0.267	0.184	-0.530	33.210	34.000	0.320	21.2°C
	Test the SIM2 Card Slot at the Worst Case Position of SIM1 Card Slot								
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.507	0.347	-1.620	28.090	29.000	0.625	21.2°C

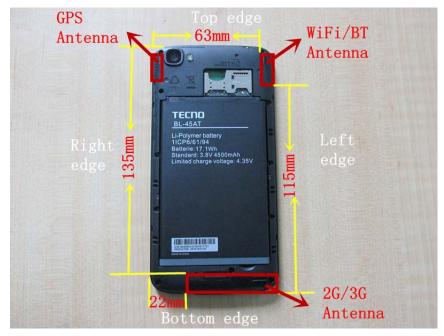
9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test	SAR (W/		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tun e-up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	/Freq.(MH z)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.231	0.136	0.160	30.240	31.000	0.275	21.2°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.064	0.039	-2.570	30.240	31.000	0.076	21.2°C
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.208	0.122	1.900	30.240	31.000	0.248	21.2°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.059	0.034	-0.640	30.240	31.000	0.070	21.2°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.185	0.108	0.950	29.410	30.000	0.212	21.2°C
Test	Test		-	SAR Value		Conducted	Avg.Tun	Scaled	
Position of	channel /Erog (MH	Test Mode	(W/	kg)	Power Drift	Power	e-up Limit	SAR _{1-q}	Liquid Temp.
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MH z)	woue	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	remp.
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.511	0.307	-1.830	26.220	27.000	0.612	21.2°C
Towards Ground	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.310	0.193	0.430	26.220	27.000	0.371	21.2°C
Left edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.176	0.110	1.470	26.220	27.000	0.211	21.2°C
Right edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.122	0.076	1.410	26.220	27.000	0.146	21.2°C
Bottom edge	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.416	0.244	-0.250	26.220	27.000	0.498	21.2°C
Towards Phantom with Headset	661/1880	GSM	0.164	0.125	0.530	30.240	31.000	0.195	21.2°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.449	0.272	2.060	26.330	27.000	0.524	21.2°C

9.2.3 Results overview of WiFi 2.4G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test	-	Value ′kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tu ne-up	Scaled SAR ₁₋	Liquid	
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.311	0.168	-1.740	14.290	15.000	0.366	21.2°C	
Left Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.315	0.156	-0.930	14.290	15.000	0.371	21.2°C	
Right Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.457	0.234	2.590	14.290	15.000	0.538	21.2°C	
Right Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.485	0.224	1.580	14.290	15.000	0.571	21.2°C	
Test Position of	Test channel	Test	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift	Conducted Power	Avg.Tu ne-up	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Liquid	
Hotspot with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.	
Towards Phantom	6/2437	802.11b	0.147	0.070	1.110	14.290	15.000	0.173	21.2°C	
Towards Ground	6/2437	802.11b	0.142	0.069	0.040	14.290	15.000	0.167	21.2°C	
Left edge	6/2437	802.11b	0.045	0.023	3.990	14.290	15.000	0.053	21.2°C	
Top edge	6/2437	802.11b	0.103	0.051	-0.750	14.290	15.000	0.121	21.2°C	

10 Multiple Transmitter Information



The location of the antennas inside L6 is shown as below picture:

<Rear side>

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
2G/3G Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

1) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

• f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

• Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

• The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine

SAR test exclusion.

a)Head position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	Calculation Result	exclusion Threshold	SAR test exclusion
BT	2.5	1.78	5.00	2.450	0.56	3.00	Yes

b)Body-Worn position

Mode	ode Pmax(dBm) Pmax(mW) Distance(mm) f(GHz)		f(GHz)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test	
WOUE					Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	2.5	1.78	10.00	2.450	0.28	3.00	Yes

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When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with

other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine

simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)]·[$\sqrt{f}(GHz)/x$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine

SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	X	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	2.50	1.78	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.075
BT	Body	2.50	1.78	10.00	2.45	7.50	0.038

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities							
Simultaneous Tx Combination	Configuration	Head	Body				
1	GSM/GPRS+WIFI	YES	YES				
2	GSM/GPRS+BT	YES	YES				

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and WiFi ,because the BT and WiFi share the

same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.

10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

	Test Position	Scaled	SAR _{Max}		SPLSP	
	Test Fosition		WIFI	∑ _{1-g} SAR	JF LJF	
	Left Hand Touched	0.336	0.336	0.672	NA	
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.260	0.371	0.631	NA	
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.431	0.538	0.969	NA	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.216	0.571	0.787	NA	
	Towards Phantom	0.506	0.147	0.653	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.561	0.142	0.703	NA	
Body	Left edge	0.122	0.045	0.167	NA	
БОЦУ	Right edge	0.219	/	0.219	NA	
	Top edge	/	0.103	0.103	NA	
	Bottom edge	0.059	1	0.059	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and WIFI

	Test Position	Scaled	SAR _{Max}	Z SAD	SPLSP	
		GSM1900	WIFI	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SFLSF	
	Left Hand Touched	0.275	0.336	0.611	NA	
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.076	0.371	0.447	NA	
пеац	Right Hand Touched	0.248	0.538	0.786	NA	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.070	0.571	0.641	NA	
	Towards Phantom	0.511	0.147	0.658	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.310	0.142	0.452	NA	
Body	Left edge	0.176	0.045	0.221	NA	
Bouy	Right edge	0.122	/	0.122	NA	
	Top edge	/	0.103	0.103	NA	
	Bottom edge	0.416	/	0.416	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and WIFI

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	Z SAD	SPLSP	
		GSM850 BT		∑ _{1-g} SAR	JF LJF	
Head	Left Hand Touched	0.336	0.075	0.411	NA	
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.260	0.075	0.335	NA	
	Right Hand Touched	0.431	0.075	0.506	NA	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.216	0.075	0.291	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.506	0.038	0.544	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.561	0.038	0.599	NA	
	Left edge	0.122	0.038	0.160	NA	
	Right edge	0.219	0.038	0.257	NA	
	Top edge	/	0.038	0.038	NA	
	Bottom edge	0.059	0.038	0.097	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

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Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	Z SAD	SPLSP	
		GSM1900 BT		∑ _{1-g} SAR	JF LJF	
Head	Left Hand Touched	0.275	0.075	0.350	NA	
	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.076	0.075	0.151	NA	
	Right Hand Touched	0.248	0.075	0.323	NA	
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.070	0.075	0.145	NA	
	Towards Phantom	0.511	0.038	0.549	NA	
Body	Towards Ground	0.310	0.038	0.348	NA	
	Left edge	0.176	0.038	0.214	NA	
	Right edge	0.122	0.038	0.160	NA	
	Top edge	/	0.038	0.038	NA	
	Bottom edge	0.416	0.038	0.454	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

MAX.∑SAR_{1g}=0.969W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM antenna.

11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:								
Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i (1g)	C _i (10g)	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi
measurement system								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	√3	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	×
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	Ν	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	Ν	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	-							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	8
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54	
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08	

11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Uncertainty For System Performance Check								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi
measurement system								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	$\frac{1}{(1-2)^{1/2}}$	$\frac{1}{(1-2)^{1/2}}$	5.80	5.80	8
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
system detection Limits	1	R	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	Ν	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	•				•			
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	Ν	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	Ν	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95	

12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact	Device Type	Type(Model) Serial number		calibration	
	urer	Device Type	, j F - (Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
\square	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2014-07-10	2015-07-09
\square	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
\square	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
\square	R & S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\square	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\square	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\boxtimes	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\square	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
\square	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
\square	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2014-10-13	2015-10-12

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

Annex B: Measurement results

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

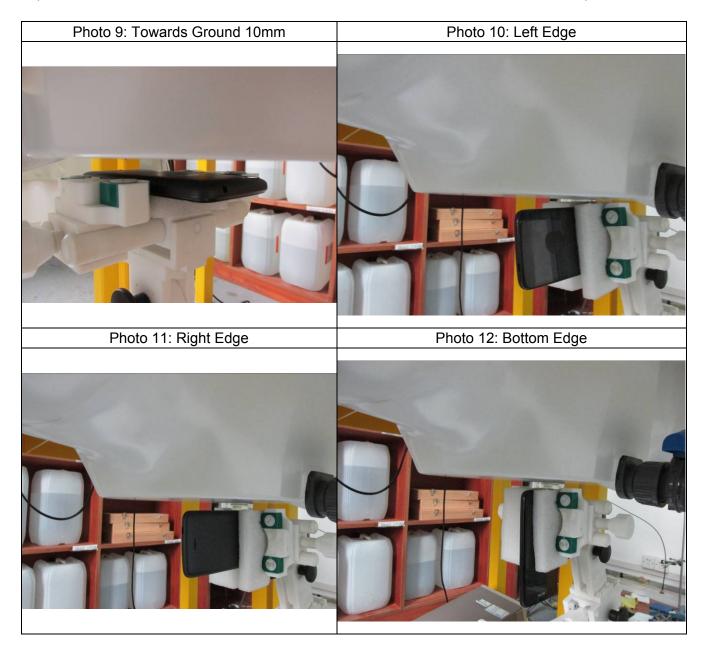
Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation

Photo 1: Measurement System OPENSAR	Photo 2: Front view
Photo 3: Rear View	Photo 4: Left Hand Touched
TED TED TED TED TED TED TED TED	

Photo 5: Left Hand Tilted 15°	Photo 6: Right Hand Touched
Photo 7: Right Hand Tilted 15°	Photo 8: Towards Phantom 10mm



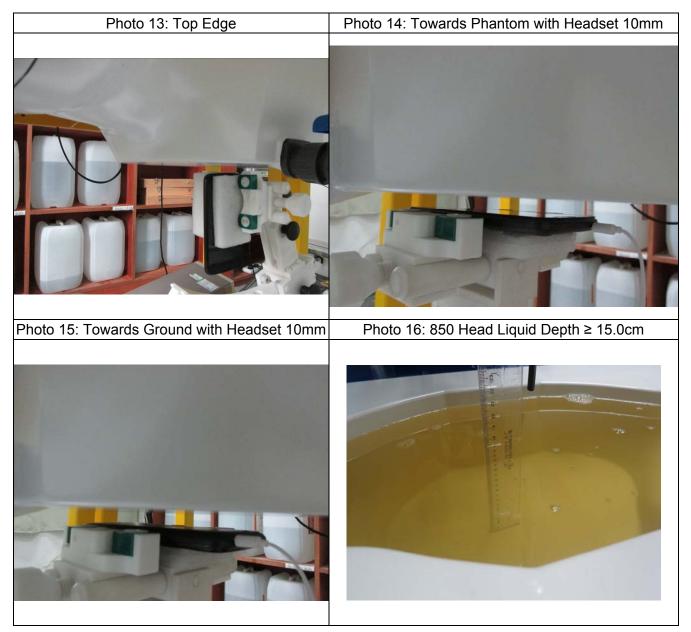


Photo 17: 850 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	Photo 18: 1900 Head Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm
Photo 10: 1000 Pody Liquid Dopth > 15.0om	Photo 20: 2450 Hoad Liquid Dopth > 15.0cm
Photo 19: 1900 Body Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	Photo 20: 2450 Head Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm



End



	Annex A: System Performance Verification	
SATIMO	Project Name :L6	
	Report Number:	
	FCC15016716-2	

I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	BAND	PARAMETERS
Validation	CW835	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW835	<u>Measurement 2:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW2450	<u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW2450	Measurement 6: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode



Verification_with_Head_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 18 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

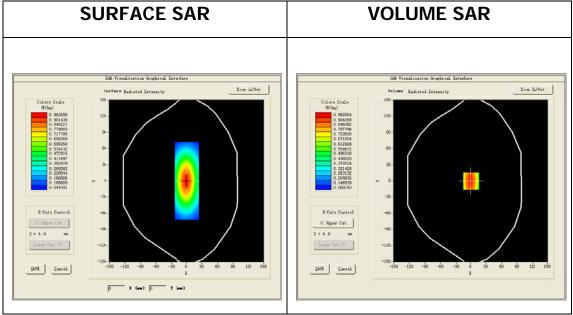
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.494202
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.309200
Conductivity (S/m)	0.895732
Variation (%)	0.100000

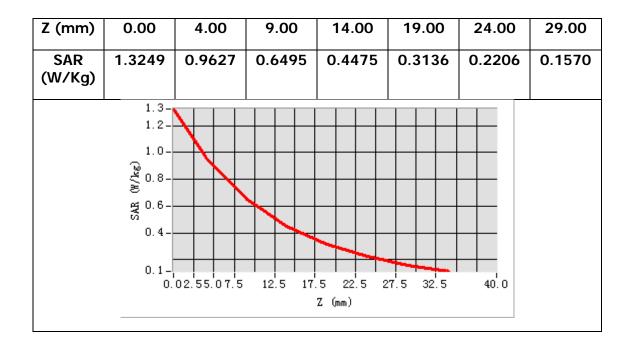


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.32 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.601060
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.922962





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Verification_with_Body_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 12/3/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 28 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

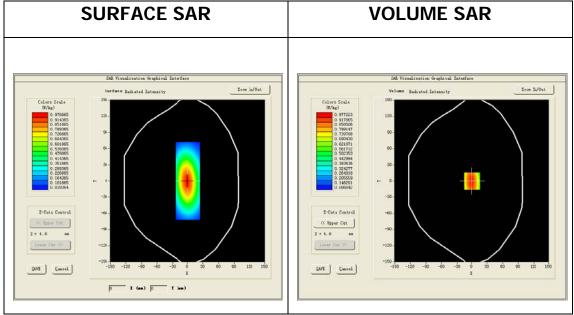
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.106785
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.951423
Conductivity (S/m)	0.972745
Variation (%)	-0.020000

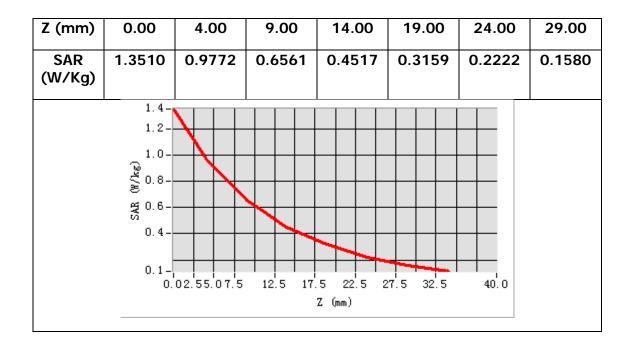


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.608048
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.937887





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Verification_with_Body_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 9/3/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 1 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

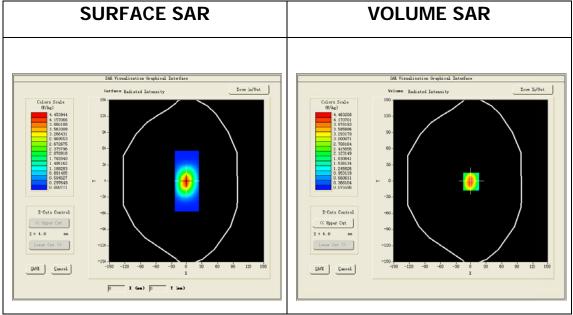
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane	
Device Position	Dipole	
Band	<u>CW1900</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.41	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.820000
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.370900
Conductivity (S/m)	1.516928
Variation (%)	-0.020000

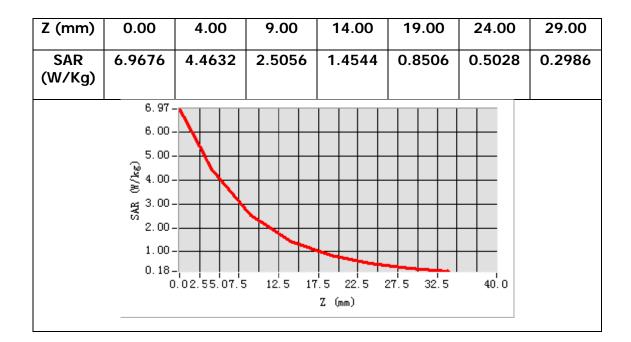


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 6.91 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.203184
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.193064





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Verification_with_Head_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 23/1/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 42 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

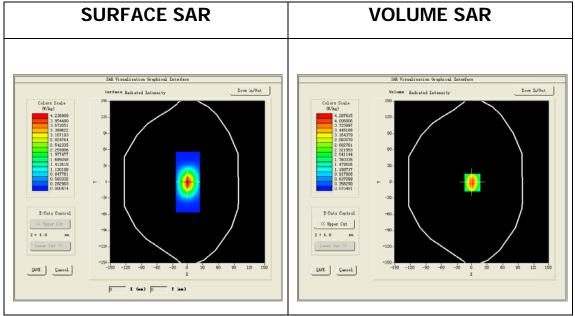
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>		
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>		
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	<u>CW1900</u>		
<u>Channels</u>	Middle		
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)		

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.956402
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.497600
Conductivity (S/m)	1.424747
Variation (%)	0.370000

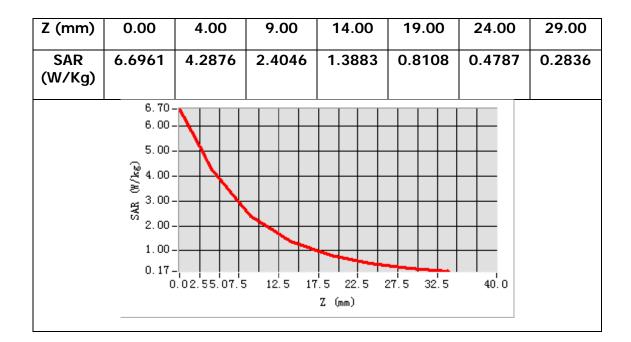


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 6.64 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.119003
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.063143





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Verification_with_Head_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 54 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

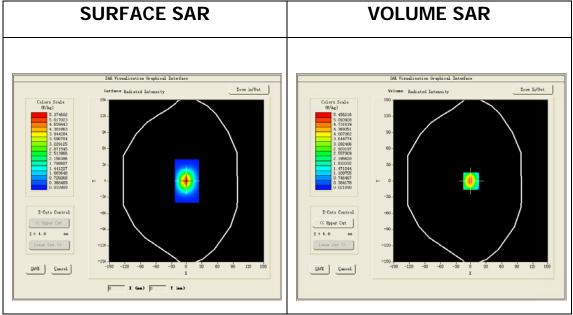
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>	
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane	
Device Position	Dipole	
Band	<u>CW2450</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 4.84	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.229900
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.204200
Conductivity (S/m)	1.797238
Variation (%)	0.330000

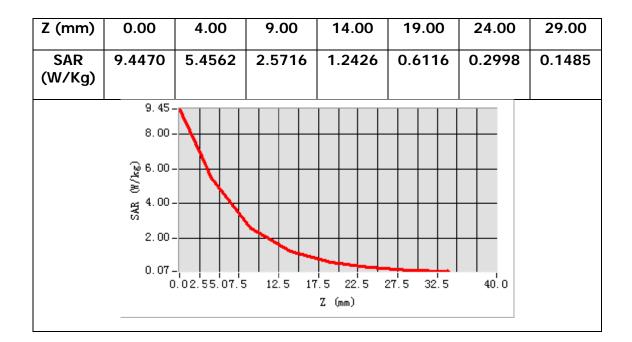


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 9.38 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.271132
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.075363





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Verification_with_Body_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/3/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 46 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

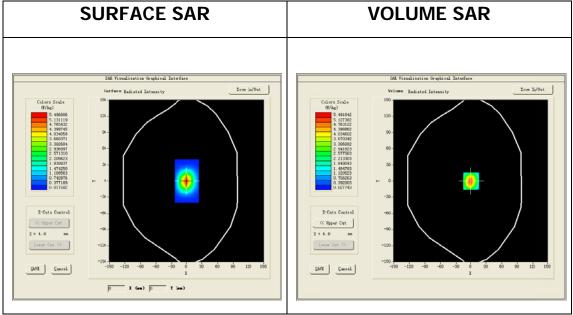
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=8mm dy=8mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
Phantom	Validation plane	
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>	
Band	<u>CW2450</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.00	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.723202
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.298900
Conductivity (S/m)	1.946239
Variation (%)	0.260000

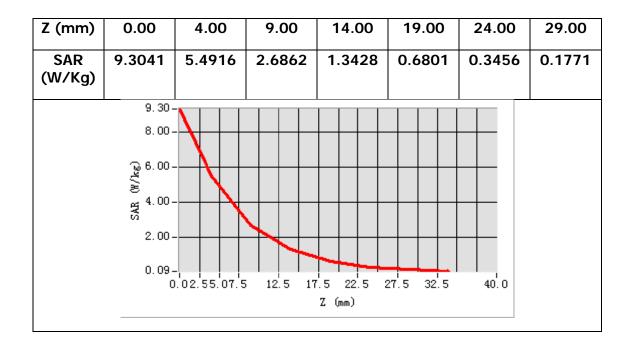


Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 9.94 W/kg

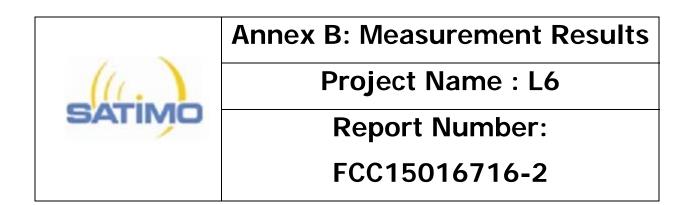
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.520763
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.496653





3D screen shot	Hot spot position





I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	BAND	PARAMETERS
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 1: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 2: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	IEEE 802.11b ISM	<u>Measurement 3:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in mode
Phone	IEEE 802.11b ISM	<u>Measurement 4:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in mode
Phone	CUSTOM	<u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS850_4Tx)
Phone	CUSTOM	Measurement 6: Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS1900_4Tx)



Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/1/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 17 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

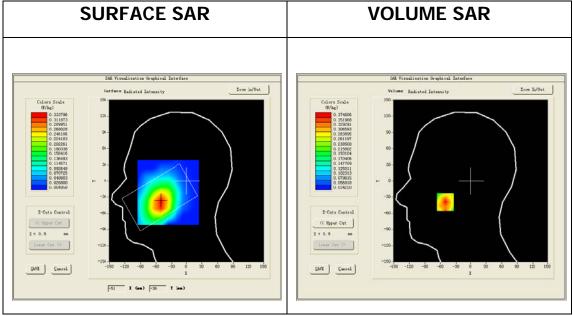
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>	
<u>Phantom</u>	Right head	
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>	
Band	<u>GSM850</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.484760
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.288300
Conductivity (S/m)	0.896477
Variation (%)	-2.670000

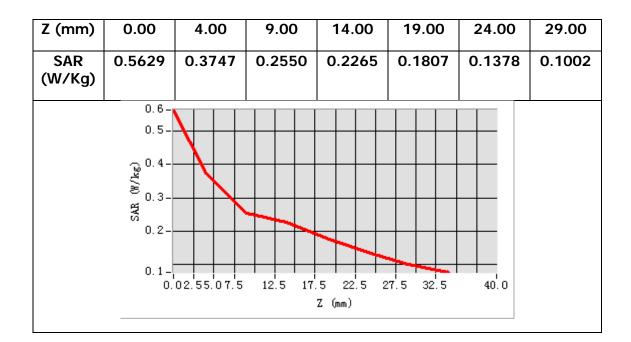


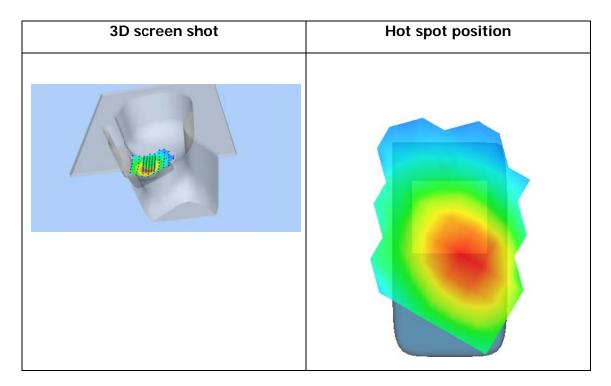
Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-39.00

SAR Peak: 0.55 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.241786
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.358896









Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 23/1/2015

Measurement duration: 10 minutes 20 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

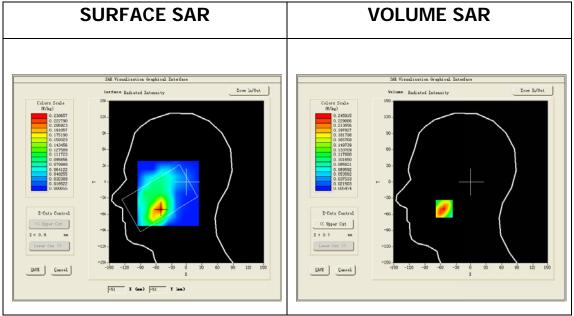
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>	
<u>Phantom</u>	Left head	
Device Position	Cheek	
Band	<u>GSM1900</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.953400
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.393400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.398866
Variation (%)	0.160000

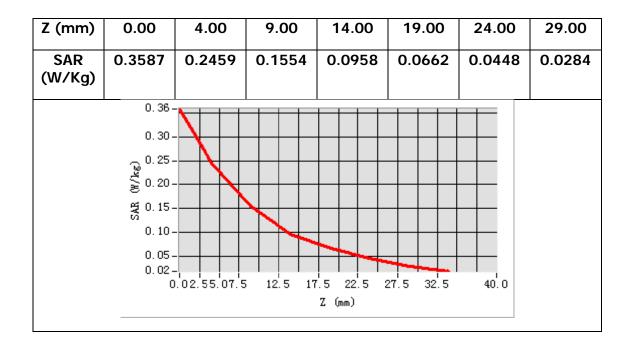


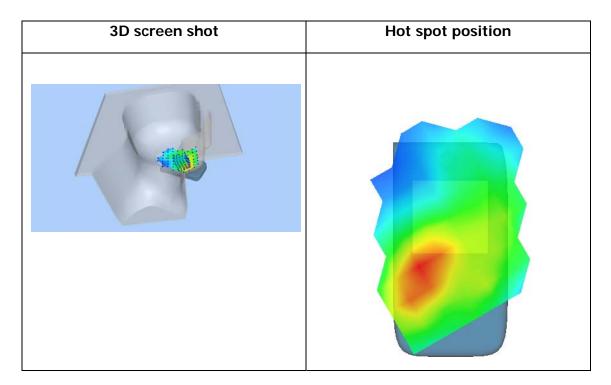
Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-50.00

SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.135996
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.230960









Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 22/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 41 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

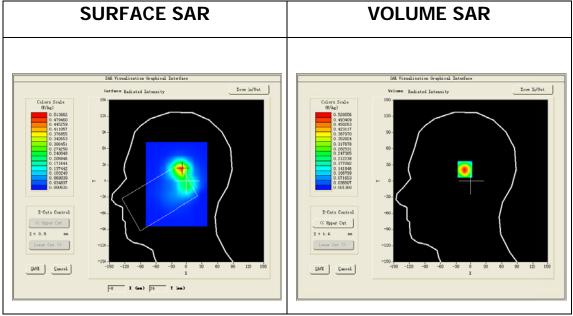
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>	
<u>Phantom</u>	Right head	
Device Position	Tilt	
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM	
<u>Channels</u>	Middle	
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)	

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 4.84	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel 6):

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.268398
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.016400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.762276
Variation (%)	1.580000

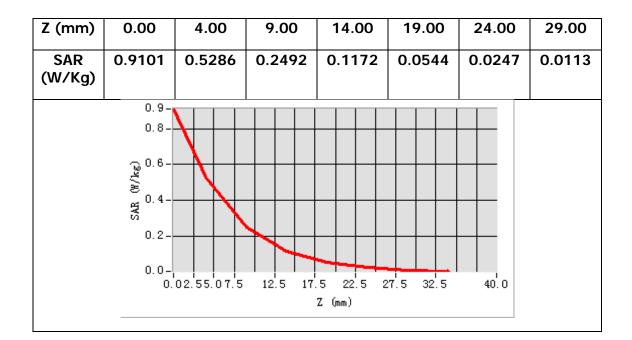


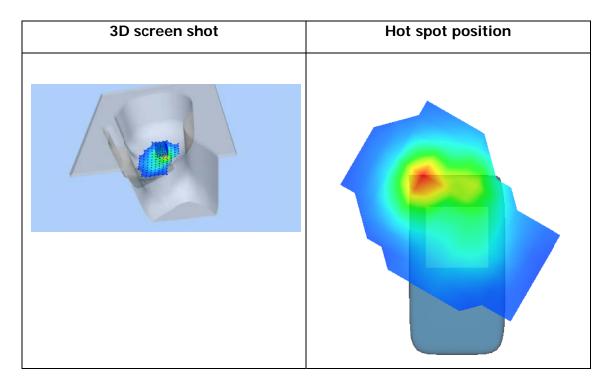
Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=23.00

SAR Peak: 0.90 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.223758
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.485172









MEASUREMENT 4

Towards_phantom_middle_10mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 21/3/2015

Measurement duration: 15 minutes 43 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=12mm dy=12mm			
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>			
<u>Phantom</u>	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM			
<u>Channels</u>	Middle			
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)			

B. Instrumentations.

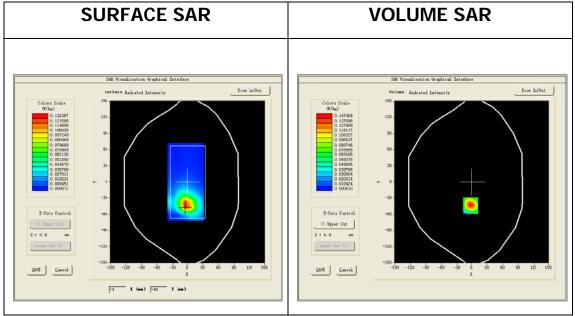
Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.00	5/2014	5/2015



C. SAR Measurement Results

Middle Band SAR (Channel 6):

Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.780998
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.337400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.941125
Variation (%)	1.110000

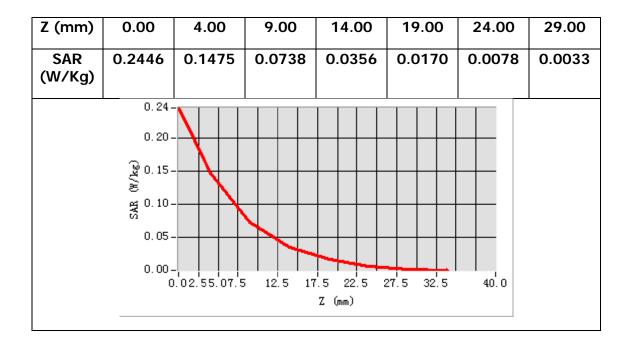


Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-44.00

SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.069897
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.146857







MEASUREMENT 5

Towards_ground_middle_10mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 13/3/2015

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 54 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm			
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	CUSTOM (GPRS850_4Tx)			
<u>Channels</u>	Middle			
Signal	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)			

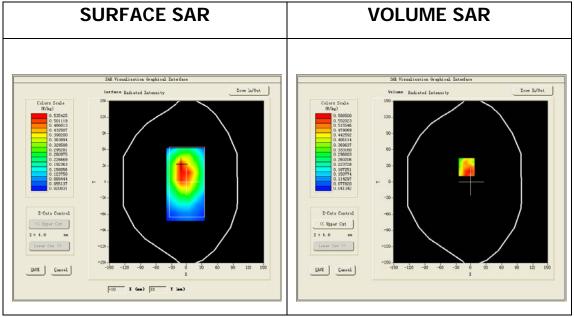
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.86	5/2014	5/2015



C. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.136529
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.014387
Conductivity (S/m)	0.975669
Variation (%)	-3.240000

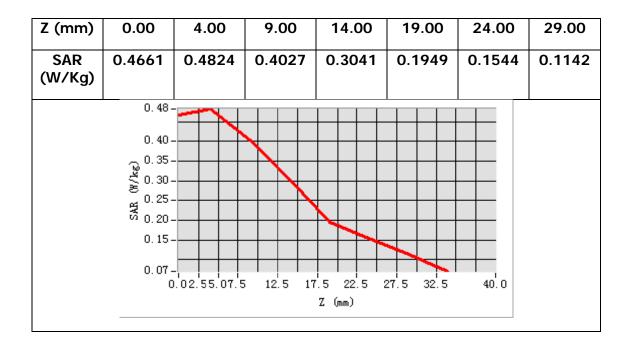


Maximum location: X=-9.00, Y=28.00

SAR Peak: 0.86 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.369646
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.561307





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 6

Towards_phantom_middle_10mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 10/3/2015

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 36 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm			
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm</u> <u>dz=5mm,Complete</u>			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	CUSTOM (GPRS1900_4Tx)			
<u>Channels</u>	Middle			
Signal	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)			

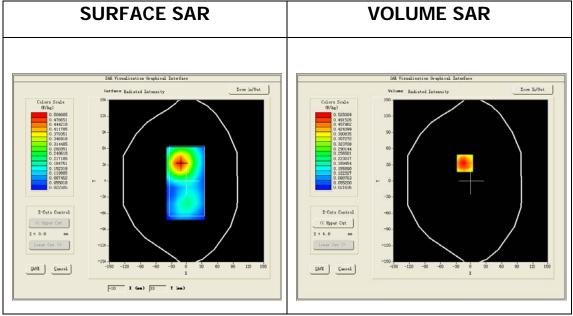
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015



C. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.949485
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.319526
Conductivity (S/m)	1.512800
Variation (%)	-1.830000

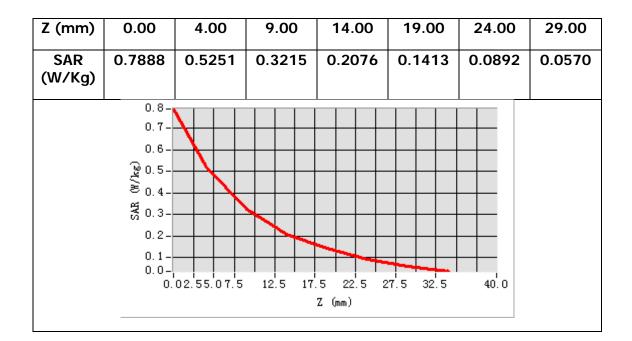


Maximum location: X=-12.00, Y=33.00

SAR Peak: 0.80 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.307267
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.511435





3D screen shot	Hot spot position



Annex C: Calibration Reports

Project Name :A7

Report Number: FCC15016718-2-SAR



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.1.14.SATU.B



Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JES
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	him nuthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	5/7/2014	Initial release
В	7/7/2014	Add 2600 MHz factor

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1 **DEVICE UNDER TEST**

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	Satimo	
Model	SSE5	
Serial Number	SN 09/13 EP170	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.3 GHz-3GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.216 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.224 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.215 MΩ	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

2.1 <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 <u>LINEARITY</u>

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%

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Combined standard uncertainty			5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2			12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

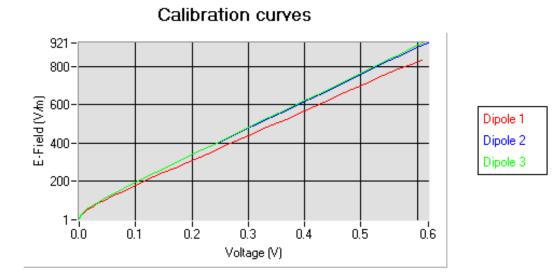
5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

Normx dipole 1 $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)$		
5.73	6.15	6.21

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
97	93	90

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

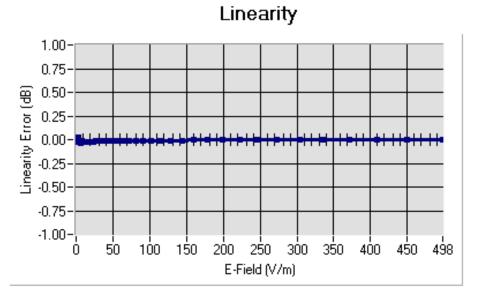
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



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5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity: 1+/-0.74% (+/-0.03dB)

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

Liquid	Frequency	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	ConvF
_	(MHz +/-		_	
	100MHz)			
HL300	300	44.58	0.82	5.23
BL300	300	59.69	0.90	5.38
HL450	450	43.02	0.85	6.44
BL450	450	57.52	0.96	6.68
HL850	835	43.03	0.87	5.64
BL850	835	53.35	0.96	5.86
HL900	900	42.29	0.96	5.37
BL900	900	56.82	1.06	5.54
HL1800	1800	40.93	1.36	4.95
BL1800	1800	52.57	1.47	5.05
HL1900	1900	40.92	1.45	5.26
BL1900	1900	53.60	1.52	5.41
HL2000	2000	39.36	1.44	5.02
BL2000	2000	52.17	1.53	5.22
HL2450	2450	39.12	1.78	4.84
BL2450	2450	52.17	1.90	5.00
HL2600	2600	39.12	1.78	5.22
BL2600	2600	52.17	1.90	5.41

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

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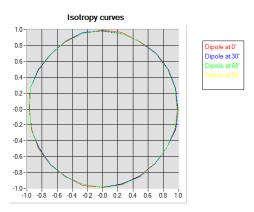


5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy:
- Hemispherical isotropy:

0.04 dB 0.07 dB

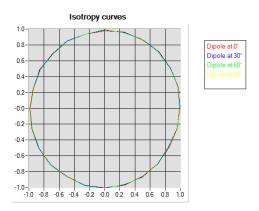


HL1800 MHz

		•	
	Δv_{10}	1cotro	nu
-	пліаі	isotro	μy.

- Hemispherical isotropy:





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6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
EquipmentManufacturer /DescriptionModel		Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.4.14.SATU.A

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	thim Muthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co.,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	5/7/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 **DEVICE UNDER TEST**

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	Satimo	
Model	SID835	
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

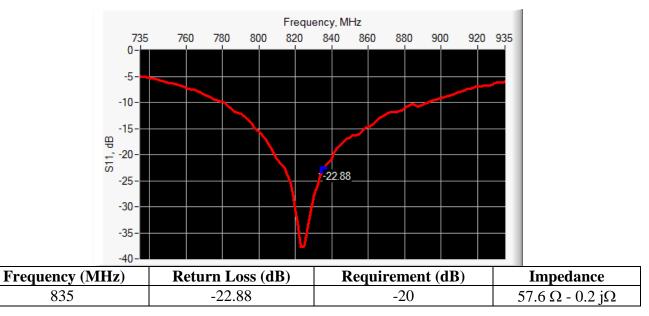
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lmm		h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 43.8 sigma : 0.91
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r ')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

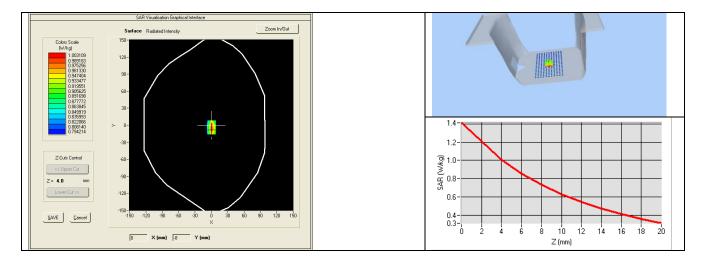
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7.3 <u>MEASUREMENT RESULT</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.56 (0.96)	6.22	6.19 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



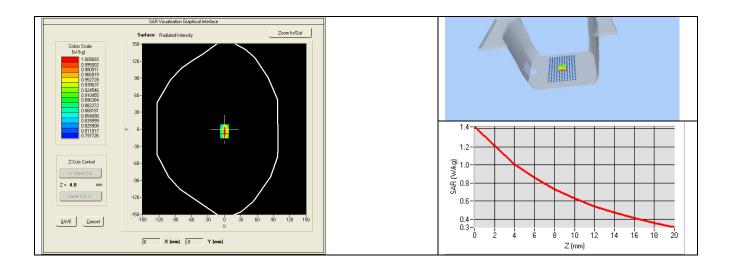
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7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 54.4 sigma : 0.94
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.86 (0.99)	6.38 (0.64)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016		
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013 12/2016			
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to Characterized prior to test. No cal required. test. No cal required.			
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015		

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.7.14.SATU.A

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT

SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	Mim Muthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co.,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	5/7/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 **DEVICE UNDER TEST**

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPO			
Manufacturer	Satimo			
Model	SID1900			
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss			
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB			

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length		
3 - 300	0.05 mm		

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Lm	ım	h m	im	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 40.9 sigma : 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

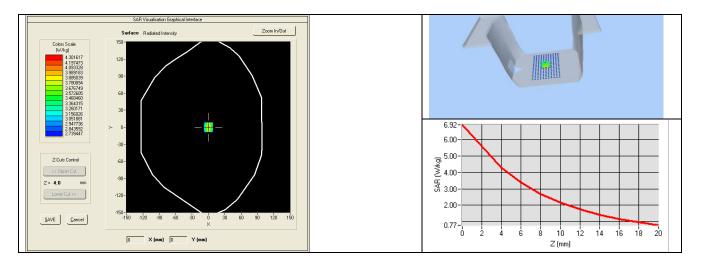
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7.3 <u>MEASUREMENT RESULT</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	39.46 (3.95)	20.5	20.42 (2.04)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



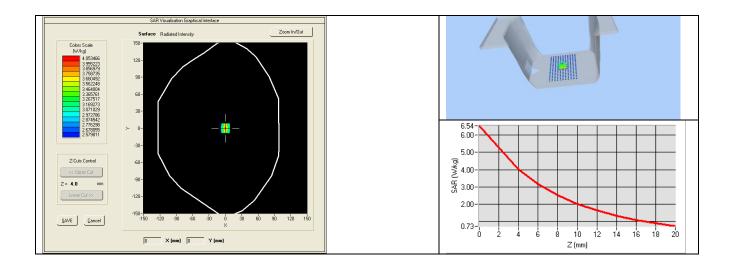
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7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 53.6 sigma : 1.52
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
1900	40.06 (4.01)	20.76 (2.08)



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

	Equipment Summary Sheet			
EquipmentManufacturer /DescriptionModel		Identification No.	CurrentNext CalibraCalibration DateDate	
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.9.14.SATU.A

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT

SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 2G450-238

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JS
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	thim Muthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co.,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	5/7/2014	Initial release

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 **DEVICE UNDER TEST**

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SID2450
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 2G450-238
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 <u>RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS</u>

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	ım	h m	im	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.	PASS	30.4 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 39.1 sigma : 1.78
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 <u>HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT</u>

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r ')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %	PASS	1.80 ±5 %	PASS
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

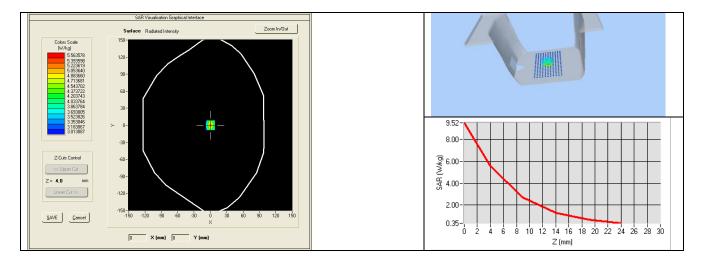
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7.3 <u>MEASUREMENT RESULT</u>

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4	53.08 (5.31)	24	23.79 (2.38)
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



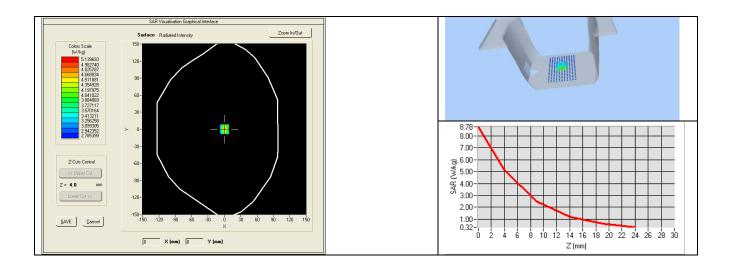
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7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.2 sigma : 1.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	2450 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
2450	54.76 (5.48)	24.47 (2.45)	



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8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016	
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015	

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