## FCC §1.1307 (b) (1) &§2.1093 – RF EXPOSURE

## **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §2.1093 and §1.1307(b) (1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensure that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guideline.

Report No.: SZ1210825-36524E-RF-00C

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot$  [ $\sqrt{f(GHz)}$ ]  $\leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- 1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- 2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- 3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
- 4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

## For worst case:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Tune-up power		Calculated Distance	Calculated	Threshold	SAR Test
	(dBm)	(mW)	(mm)	Value	(1-g SAR)	Exclusion
5150-5250	7.5	5.62	0	2.6	3.0	Yes
5725-5850	6.0	3.98	5	1.9	3.0	Yes

Result: No Standalone SAR test is required

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