FCC SAR Compliance Test Report

For

TECNO MOBILE LIMITED

ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE, HARBOUR CITY, 17 CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA TSUI, KOWLOON, HONG KONG

Model: CX

Test Engineer: Stars Liang

Report Number: FCC17010035A-6

Report Date: 2017-02-23

FCC ID: 2ADYY-CX

Check By: Hank Huang

Approved By: Michal Ling

QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd.

2nd Floor, BI Building, Fengyeyuan Industrial Plant, Prepared By:

Liuxian 2st. Road, Xin'an Street, Bao'an

District,, Shenzhen, 518000

Tel: +86-755-26996144 EXT:8164

Fax: +86-755-26996253

Table of contents

1	General information	5
1.1	Notes	5
1.2		
1.3	Statement of Compliance	6
1.4	EUT Information	8
2	Testing laboratory	10
3	Test Environment	
4	Applicant and Manufacturer	10
5	Test standard/s:	
5.1		
5.2	·	
6	SAR Measurement System	
6.1	·	
6.2		
6.3		
6.4		
6.5	·	
6.6		
6.7		
6.8		
6.9	Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties	20
6.10	0 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters	21
7	System Check	23
7.1	System check procedure	23
7.2	System check results	24
8	SAR Test Test Configuration	25
8.1	•	
8.2		
8.3	· ·	
8.4	· ·	

Report No.	: FCC17010035A-6	SAR Evaluation Report	
Annex A:	System performance verification		69
Annex B:	Measurement results		69
Annex C:	Calibration reports		69
Annex D:	Photo documentation		70

Modified History

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
Initial Test Report Relesse	2017-02-23	Hank Huang
	·	<u>'</u>

1 General information

1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen Timeway Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2017-01-04
Start of test: 2017-01-05
End of test: 2017-01-29

1.3 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for X522 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Head	0.453
GSM850	Body-Worn	0.627
	Hotspot 10mm	0.655
	Head	0.409
GSM1900	Body-Worn	0.373
	Hotspot 10mm	0.408
	Head	0.230
UMTS Band II	Body-Worn	0.461
	Hotspot 10mm	0.414
	Head	0.329
UMTS Band V	Body-Worn	0.424
	Hotspot 10mm	0.418
	Head	0.242
LTE Band II	Body-Worn	0.380
	Hotspot 10mm	0.393
	Head	0.250
LTE Band IV	Body-Worn	0.720
	Hotspot 10mm	0.729
	Head	0.645
LTE Band VII	Body-Worn	0.657
	Hotspot 10mm	0.668
	Head	0.173
Wi-Fi 2.4G	Body-Worn	0.206
	Hotspot 10mm	0.205
	Head	0.140
Wi-Fi 5G	Body-Worn	0.117
	Hotspot 10mm	0.121
The highest simultaneous SAR is 0.934W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled

environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

1.4 EUT Information

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

Device Information:			
Product Type:	Product Type: Mobile phone		
Model:	CX		
Device Type:	Portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled enviror	nment / genera	al population
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit		
Hardware version:	V1.6		
Software version :	CX-H501C1-N-1612	222V32	
Antenna Type :	Internal Antenna		
Device Operating Configurations:	II		
Supporting Mode(s) :	BT	E Band IV, LT	TE Band VII,Wi-Fi,
Modulation:	GSM(GMSK),UMTS(QPSK/16QAM),LTE(QPSK/16Q AM), WiFi(OFDM/CCK),BT(GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8- DPSK)		
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode		
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)
	GSM850	824~849	869~894
	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990
	UMTS Band II	1850~1910	1930~1990
	UMTS Band V	824~849	869~894
Operating Frequency Range(s)	LTE Band II	1850~1910	1930~1990
	LTE Band IV	1710~1755	2110~2155
	LTE Band VII	2500~2570	2620~2690
	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	2412~2462	
	Wi-Fi (5G)	5150~5350 5725~5850	
	ВТ	2402~2480	
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12		
	128-190-251(GSM850)		
	512-661-810(GSM1900)		
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	9262-9400-9538(UMTS Band II)		
	1312-1413-1513(UMTS Band IV) 4132-4182-4233(UMTS Band V)		
	18700-18900-1910)

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 SAR Evaluation Report

0011110::1 001701000071 0	O/IT Evaluation Teport
	20050-20175-20300(LTE Band IV)
	20850-21100-21350(LTE Band VII)
	1-6-11 (Wi-Fi 2.4G)
	802.11a/n/ac 20M: 36-40-44-48-52-56-60-64-149-
	153-157-161-165
	802.11 n/ac 40M: 38-46-54-62-151-159 (Wi-Fi 5G)
	0-39-78(BT)
	0-19-39(BLE)
Power Source:	3.85 VDC/3200mAh/3250mAh(min/typ) Rechargeable
Fower Source.	Battery

2 Testing laboratory

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

Test Site	QTC Certification & Testing Co., Ltd.
Test Location	2nd Floor,BI Building,Fengyeyuan Industrial Plant,, Liuxian 2st. Road, Xin'an
Test Location	Street, Bao'an District,,Shenzhen,518000
Telephone +86-755-26996144 EXT:8164	
Fax	+86-755-26996253

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name: TECNO MOBILE LIMITED	
Applicant Address: ROOMS 05-15, 13A/F., SOUTH TOWER, WORLD FINANCE CENTRE, HARBOUR CITY, 17 CANTON ROAD, TSIM SHA KOWLOON, HONG KONG	
Manufacturer Name:	SHENZHEN TECNO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.
Manufacturer Address:	1-4th Floor,3rd Building,Pacific Industrial Park,No.2088,Shenyan Road,Yantian District,Shenzhen,Guangdong,China

5 Test standard/s:

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
IEEE Std 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
RSS-102	Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 5 March 2015)
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB648474 D04	Head set SAR v01r03
KDB941225 D06	Hot Spot SAR V02r01
KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Measurement Procedures
KDB248227 D01	SAR meas for 802.11 a/b/g v02r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02	
KDB 941225 D05 SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices	
KDB941225 D05A	LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet v01r02

5.1 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Heads/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

5.2 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

6 SAR Measurement System

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

6.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

6.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

6.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

- Calibration range: 300MHz to 3GHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°



Figure 2 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

- Calibration range: 5GHz to 6GHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

Measurement procedure

6.4

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point,a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

SAR Averaged Methods

In SATIMO, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

6.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a
 probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise
 measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
 The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

6.6 Phantom

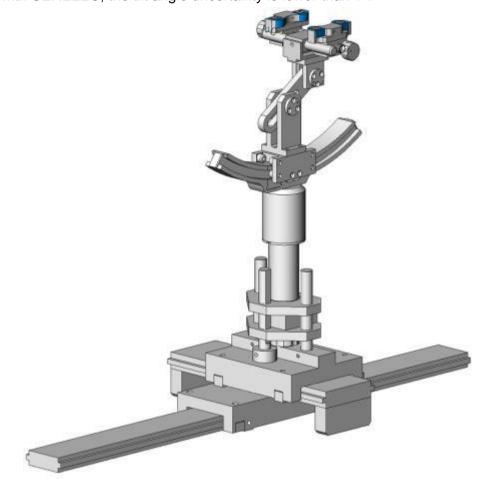
For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent		
Delrin	3.7	0.005		

6.7 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent		
Delrin	3.7	0.005		

6.8 Video Positioning System

- The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.
- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



6.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine of the dielectic parameter are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within ± 5% of the target values.

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with \boxtimes):

Ingredients(% of weight)	Frequency (MHz)							
frequency band	750	⊠ 835	⊠ 1800	⊠ 1900	⊠ 2450	⊠ 2600		
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head		
Water	39.2	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7	55.242		
Salt (NaCl)	2.7	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5	0.306		
Sugar	57.0	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0		
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0	44.452		
Ingredients(% of weight)			Freque	ncy (MHz)				
frequency band	☐ 750	⊠ 835	⊠ 1800	⊠ 1900	∑ 2450	⊠ 2600		
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body		
Water	50.30	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2	64.493		
Salt (NaCl)	1.60	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.024		
Sugar	47.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
HEC	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Bactericide	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7	32.252		

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

Simulating Head Liquid for 5G(HBBL3500-5800MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	50-65%
Mineral oil	10-30%
Emulsifiers	8-25%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

SAR Evaluation Report

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

Simulating Body Liquid for 5G(MBBL3500-5800MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	60-80%
Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors	20-40%
Sodium salt	0-1.5%

6.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

-	Measured	Target Tissue					Measured Tissue		_
Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity ε _r	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Range of ±5%	ε _r	σ (S/m)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.60	39.52~43.68	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.34	0.91		
835MHz Head	835	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.90	0.86~0.95	40.33	0.92		
	850	41.50	39.43~43.58	0.92	0.87~0.97	40.11	0.94		2017-
	825	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	54.04	0.98	21.6°C	01-05
835MHz Body	835	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.97	0.92~1.02	53.93	0.99		
	850	55.20	52.44~57.96	0.99	0.94~1.04	53.69	1.01		
	1710	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.35	1.28~1.42	39.95	1.34		
1800MHz Head	1730	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.35	1.29~1.43	39.87	1.36		
	1750	40.10	38.10~42.10	1.37	1.30~1.44	39.69	1.39	- 21.6°C	2017- 01-06
	1800	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.48	1.44		
	1710	53.50	50.83~56.18	1.46	1.39~1.53	53.24	1.45		
40000411	1730	53.50	50.83~56.18	1.48	1.41~1.55	53.39	1.47		
1800MHz Body	1750	53.40	50.73~56.07	1.49	1.42~1.56	53.19	1.49		
	1800	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	52.97	1.54		
	1850	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.93	1.37		
1900MHz	1880	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.91	1.40		
Head	1900	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.98	1.41		
	1910	40.00	38.00~42.00	1.40	1.33~1.47	39.97	1.42	04.000	2017-
	1850	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.23	1.49	21.6°C	01-07
1900MHz	1880	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.36	1.53	-	
Body	1900	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.56		
	1910	53.30	50.64~55.97	1.52	1.44~1.60	53.37	1.57		
2450MHz	2410	39.30	37.34~41.26	1.76	1.67~1.85	39.22	1.78		2017-
Head	2435	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.79	1.70~1.88	39.25	1.77	21.6°C	01-09

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 SAR Evaluation Report

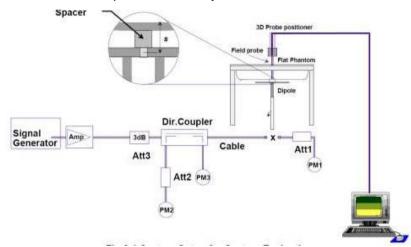
rtopoi	11101 001	7010000710			0/1	Lvaida	tion rep	OIL	i
	2450	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.80	1.71~1.89	39.24	1.76		
	2460	39.20	37.24~41.16	1.81	1.72~1.90	39.20	1.76		
	2410	52.80	50.16~55.44	1.91	1.81~2.00	52.72	1.92		
2450MHz	2435	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.94	1.84~2.04	52.75	1.92		
Body	2450	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.95	1.85~2.05	52.74	1.91		
	2460	52.70	50.07~55.34	1.96	1.86~2.06	52.70	1.91		
	2510	39.00	37.05~40.95	1.96	1.86~2.06	38.87	1.93		
2600MHz	2535	39.00	37.05~40.95	1.96	1.86~2.06	38.58	1.93		
Head	2560	39.00	37.05~40.95	1.96	1.86~2.06	38.98	2.02		
	2600	39.00	37.05~40.95	1.96	1.86~2.06	52.50	2.02	04.000	2017-
	2510	52.50	49.90~55.11	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.21	2.04	21.6°C	01-10
2600MHz	2535	52.50	49.90~55.11	2.16	2.05~2.27	51.92	2.06		
Body	2560	52.50	49.90~55.11	2.16	2.05~2.27	52.01	2.09		
	2600	52.50	49.90~55.11	2.16	2.05~2.27	38.87	1.93		
	5200	36.0	34.20~37.80	4.66	4.43~4.89	35.62	4.50		
5G Head	5300	35.9	34.10~37.70	4.76	4.52~5.00	35.52	4.83		
	5800	35.3	33.54~37.07	5.27	5.01~5.53	34.63	5.16	- 21.6°C	2017-
	5200	49.0	46.55~51.45	5.30	5.03~5.56	49.86	5.19	21.0 0	01-17
5G Body	5300	48.9	46.05~51.35	5.42	5.15~5.69	48.32	5.27		
-	5800	48.20	45.79~50.61	6.00	5.70~6.30	47.74	6.09		
			s = Relative ner	mittivity σ= Cond	ductivity				

7 System Check

7.1 System check procedure

The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



7.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

0		Target SAR (1	b)	Measured SAR (Normalized to 1W)		Usudal		
System Check	1-g (mW/g)	Range of \pm 10% 1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Range of ±10% 10-g (mW/g)	1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Liquid Temp.	Test Date
D835V2 Head	9.82	8.84~10.80	6.35	5.72~6.99	9.700	6.150	21.6°C	2017-01-05
D1800V2 Head	37.09	33.38~40.80	19.77	17.93~21.75	39.980	20.600	21.6°C	2017-01-06
D1900V2 Head	38.93	35.04~42.82	20.27	18.45~22.55	39.980	21.070	21.6°C	2017-01-07
D2450V2 Head	53.41	48.07~58.75	23.95	21.56~26.35	53.930	24.530	21.6°C	2017-01-09
D2600V2 Head	56.88	51.20~62.56	24.92	22.43~27.41	53.180	23.430	21.6°C	2017-01-10
D5200V2 Head	164.05	147.65~180.45	57.03	51.33~62.73	174.700	56.790	21.6°C	2017-01-17
D5400V2 Head	171.66	154.50~188.82	59.33	53.40~65.26	177.950	61.560	21.6°C	2017-01-17
D5800V2 Head	185.02	166.52~203.52	62.43	56.19~68.67	185.190	63.340	21.6°C	2017-01-17
D835V2 Body	9.41	8.47~10.35	6.22	5.99~6.84	10.150	6.450	21.6°C	2017-01-05
D1800V2 Body	38.03	34.23~41.83	20.69	18.62~22.76	41.560	21.720	21.6°C	2017-01-06
D1900V2 Body	38.73	34.86~42.60	20.48	18.43~22.53	39.330	20.940	21.6°C	2017-01-07
D2450V2 Body	51.39	46.25~56.53	23.63	21.27~25.99	54.330	23.330	21.6°C	2017-01-09
D2600V2 Body	54.54	49.09~59.99	24.37	21.94~26.80	57.860	25.600	21.6°C	2017-01-10
D5200V2 Body	163.36	147.03~179.69	57.09	51.39~62.79	167.180	59.640	21.6°C	2017-01-17
D5400V2 Body	166.22	149.60~182.84	57.22	51.50~62.94	165.370	58.820	21.6°C	2017-01-17
D5800V2 Body	177.10	159.39~194.81	59.95	53.96~65.94	179.660	60.800	21.6°C	2017-01-17
		Note: All SA	R values ar	e normalized to	1W forward	power.		

8 SAR Test Test Configuration

8.1 **GSM Test Configurations**

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS/EGPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

When SAR tests for EGPRS mode is necessary, GMSK modulation should be used to minimize SAR measurement error due to higher peak-to-average power (PAR) ratios inherent in 8-PSK.

8.2 UMTS Test Configuration

1) Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1 "s" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

2) WCDMA

a. Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

b. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1"s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode

3) HSDPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements"" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is \$\leq\$ ½ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is \$\leq\$ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode. Per KDB941225 D01, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported SAR body exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

HSDPA should be configured according to UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HS-PDSCHs, HAPRQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission condition, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. The β c and β d gain factors for DPCCH and DPDCH were set according to the values in the below table, \square hs for HSDPCCH is set automatically to the correct value when \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK, \triangle CQI = 8. The variation of the β c $/\beta$ d ratio causes a power reduction at sub-tests 2 - 4.

Sub-test∉	βe₽	β _d ₽	β _d (SF) <i>ψ</i>	β_c/β_{d}	β _{hs} (1)¢	CM(dB)(2)+3	MPR (dB)₽
142	2/1543	15/15₽	64₽	2/15₽	4/15₽	0.0₽	0 41
2∻	12/15(3)	15/15(3)₽	64₽	12/15(3)₽	24/15↔	1.0₽	04
3₽	15/15₽	8/15₽	64₽	15/8₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽
4₽	15/15₽	4/15₽	64₽	15/4₽	30/15₽	1.5₽	0.5₽

Note 1: \triangle ACK, \triangle NACK and \triangle CQI = 8 $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15$ $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c = 30/15$

Note 2 : CM=1 for $\beta_c/\beta_{d=}$ 12/15, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c=$ 24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH,DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 3 : For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1,TF1) to $\beta_c=11/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$.

The measurements were performed with a Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) and H-Set 1 QPSK.:

Parameter	Value
Nominal average inf. bit rate	534 kbit/s
Inter-TTI Distance	3 TTI's
Number of HARQ Processes	2 Processes
Information Bit Payload	3202 Bits
MAC-d PDU size	336 Bits
Number Code Blocks	1 Block
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	4800 Bits
Total Available SMLs in UE	19200 SMLs
Number of SMLs per HARQ Process	9600 SMLs
Coding Rate	0.67
Number of Physical Channel Codes	5

4)HSUPA

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured according to the "Body SAR Measurements" procedures of 3G device. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

Per KDB941225 D01v03, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures for the highest reported body exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

8.3 LTE Test Configuration

SAR for LTE band exposure configurations is measured according to the procedures of KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices. The CMW500 WideBand Radio Communication Tester was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR test were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames(Maximum TTI)

1) Spectrum Plots for RB configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

2) MPR

When MPR is implemented permanently within the UE, regardless of network requirements, only those RB configurations allowed by 3GPP for the channel bandwidth and modulation combinations may be tested with MPR active. Configurations with RB allocations less than the RB thresholds required by 3GPP must be tested without MPR.

The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Modulation	Cha	MPR (dB)					
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	1
QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤4	≤8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤2

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

3) A-MPR

A-MPR(Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by using Network Signalling Value of "NS_01" on the base station simulator.

4) LTE procedures for SAR testing

A) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

i) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

ii) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in i) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

iii) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in i) and ii) are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

SAR Evaluation Report

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

iv) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

B) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

5) TDD LTE test configuration

According to KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

8.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for Wi-Fi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number(ARFCN) is allocated to 1,6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz. During the test, at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest data rate. 802.11b/g operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frquency band. 802.11b/g modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however, if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than

0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

Mode	Band	GHz	Channel	"Default Test Channels"		
euc				802.11b	802.11g	
	2.4 GHz	2412	1#	$\sqrt{}$	Δ	
802.11b/g		2437	6	V	Δ	
		2462	11#	V	Δ	

Notes:

 $\sqrt{\ }$ = "default test channels"

Δ= possible 802.11g channels with maximum average output ¼ dB the "default test channels"

= when output power is reduced for channel 1 and /or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channels closest to each of these channels should be tested.

802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirements

8.5 WiFi 2.4G SAR Test Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

A)802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1 of of KDB 248227D01v02) for the exposure configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

B) 2.4GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3 of of KDB 248227D01v02r01). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- 1) When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.
- C) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 g/n OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

8.6 WiFi 5G SAR Test Procedures

A) U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U- NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, both bands are tested independently for SAR.
- 3) The two U-NII bands may be aggregated to support a 160 MHz channel on channel number 50. Without additional testing, the maximum output power for this is limited to the lower of the maximum output power certified for the two bands. When SAR measurement is required for at least one of the bands and the highest reported SAR adjusted by the ratio of specified maximum output power of aggregated to standalone band is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the 160 MHz channel. This procedure does not apply to an aggregated band with maximum output higher than the standalone band(s); the aggregated band must be tested independently for SAR. SAR is not required when the 160 MHz channel is operating at a reduced maximum power and also qualifies for SAR test exclusion.

B) U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 Bands

The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 - 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. when Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, all channels that operate at 5.60 - 5.65 GHz must be included to apply the SAR test reduction and measurement procedures.

When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-2C band and U-NII-3 band or 5.8 GHz band of §15.247, the bands may be aggregated to enable additional channels with 20, 40 or 80 MHz bandwidth to span across the band gap, as illustrated in Appendix B. The maximum output power for the additional band gap

SAR Evaluation Report

channels is limited to the lower of those certified for the bands. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, they must be considered for SAR testing. The frequency range covered by these bands is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. To maintain SAR measurement accuracy and to facilitate test reduction, the channels in U-NII-2C band above 5.65 GHz may be grouped with the 5.8 GHz channels in U-NII-3 or §15.247 band to enable two SAR probe calibration frequency points to cover the bands, including the band gap channels. When band gap channels are supported and the bands are not aggregated for SAR testing, band gap channels must be considered independently in each band according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurement and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

C) OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- 1) The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- 2) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- 3) If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- 4) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n. After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.
- 1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- 2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

D) SAR Test Requirements for OFDM configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration requirements. In applying the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

9 Detailed Test Results

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSN	И(CS)	32.94	32.75	32.67	-9.03	23.91	23.72	23.64
	1 Tx Slot	32.85	32.81	32.72	-9.03	23.82	23.78	23.69
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	32.03	31.86	31.61	-6.02	26.01	25.84	25.59
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	31.00	30.56	30.40	-4.26	26.74	26.30	26.14
	4 Tx Slots	29.77	29.40	29.39	-3.01	26.76	26.39	26.38
	1 Tx Slot	32.52	32.28	32.19	-9.03	23.49	23.25	23.16
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.50	31.33	31.08	-6.02	25.48	25.31	25.06
(8-PSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.47	30.03	29.87	-4.26	26.21	25.77	25.61
	4 Tx Slots	29.24	28.87	28.86	-3.01	26.23	25.86	25.85

GSM850(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH
GSN	И(CS)	32.65	32.52	32.33	-9.03	23.62	23.49	23.30
	1 Tx Slot	32.57	32.51	32.29	-9.03	23.54	23.48	23.26
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.85	31.72	31.58	-6.02	25.83	25.70	25.56
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.71	30.52	30.43	-4.26	26.45	26.26	26.17
	4 Tx Slots	29.51	29.28	29.25	-3.01	26.50	26.27	26.24
	1 Tx Slot	32.33	32.18	32.27	-9.03	23.30	23.15	23.24
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.44	31.28	31.16	-6.02	25.42	25.26	25.14
(8-PSK)	3 Tx Slots	30.45	30.38	29.98	-4.26	26.19	26.12	25.72
	4 Tx Slots	29.12	28.67	28.55	-3.01	26.11	25.66	25.54

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8

9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

GSM1900(SIM1)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)		
	,	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSN	VI(CS)	29.01	29.58	29.85	-9.03	19.98	20.55	20.82
	1 Tx Slot	28.97	29.61	29.78	-9.03	19.94	20.58	20.75
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.12	28.43	28.57	-6.02	22.10	22.41	22.55
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.81	27.26	27.60	-4.26	22.55	23.00	23.34
	4 Tx Slots	25.78	26.35	26.56	-3.01	22.77	23.34	23.55
	1 Tx Slot	28.43	28.57	28.60	-9.03	19.40	19.54	19.57
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	27.29	27.41	27.55	-6.02	21.27	21.39	21.53
(8-PSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.17	26.38	26.40	-4.26	21.91	22.12	22.14
	4 Tx Slots	25.08	25.22	25.39	-3.01	22.07	22.21	22.38

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)		Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
	, ,	512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH
GSN	VI(CS)	29.22	29.45	29.69	-9.03	20.19	20.42	20.66
	1 Tx Slot	28.91	29.52	29.74	-9.03	19.88	20.49	20.71
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	28.05	28.22	28.47	-6.02	22.03	22.20	22.45
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.53	27.24	27.48	-4.26	22.27	22.98	23.22
	4 Tx Slots	25.45	26.21	26.5	-3.01	22.44	23.20	23.49
	1 Tx Slot	28.23	28.35	28.42	-9.03	19.20	19.32	19.39
EGPRS	2 Tx Slots	27.14	27.28	27.43	-6.02	21.12	21.26	21.41
(8-PSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.02	26.24	26.35	-4.26	21.76	21.98	22.09
	4 Tx Slots	25.02	25.16	25.27	-3.01	22.01	22.15	22.26

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Frame-averaged output power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timesolts.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8

9.1.3 Conducted Power of UMTS Band II

UMTS Band II		Conducted Power (dBm)					
UIVITS	OIVITS BAIIG II		9400CH	9538CH			
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.69	22.37	22.98			
	Subtest 1	22.33	22.46	22.24			
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.15	21.17	21.11			
ПЭПРА	Subtest 3	21.20	21.21	21.19			
	Subtest 4	21.00	21.25	21.34			
	Subtest 1	22.43	20.54	20.33			
	Subtest 2	21.02	21.21	21.06			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.30	21.13	21.16			
	Subtest 4	21.35	21.18	21.20			
	Subtest 5	21.23	21.98	21.01			

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 9262/1852.4, 9400/1880, 9538/1907.6

9.1.4 Conducted Power of UMTS Band V

UMTS Band V		Conducted Power (dBm)					
UNITS	OWIS Band V		4182CH	4233CH			
WCDMA	12.2kbps RMC	22.82	22.86	22.53			
	Subtest 1	21.61	21.31	21.08			
HSDPA	Subtest 2	21.00	21.13	21.12			
ПОДРА	Subtest 3	21.10	21.11	21.07			
	Subtest 4	20.99	20.96	20.91			
	Subtest 1	20.57	20.39	20.15			
	Subtest 2	21.56	21.25	21.34			
HSUPA	Subtest 3	21.20	21.15	22.24			
	Subtest 4	21.24	21.28	21.23			
	Subtest 5	21.61	21.31	21.08			

Note: 1) channel /Frequency: 4132/826.4, 4182/836.4, 4233/846.6

9.1.5 Conducted Power of LTE Band II

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

Conducted Power of LTE Band II								
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel		
Danuwium	iviodulation	KD SIZE	offset	18607	18900	19193		
			0	21.79	20.87	21.59		
		1	3	21.19	21.00	21.43		
			5	21.65	21.20	21.56		
	QPSK		0	20.80	21.26	20.98		
		3	2	21.29	21.18	21.67		
			3	21.67	21.51	21.49		
1.4MHz		6	0	21.10	21.49	21.80		
1.7141112			0	21.36	21.75	21.34		
		1	3	21.04	20.87	21.30		
	16QAM		5	20.80	21.30	21.42		
		3	0	21.64	21.52	21.39		
			2	21.24	21.15	21.54		
			3	21.21	20.82	20.91		
		6	0	21.77	21.59	21.54		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel		
Banawiath	Woddiation	ND 3126	offset	18615	18900	19185		
			0	21.47	21.77	20.84		
		1	7	21.52	21.80	21.60		
			14	21.59	21.62	21.68		
	QPSK		0	21.08	21.19	20.93		
		8	4	20.86	21.16	21.23		
			7	21.68	21.77	21.14		
3MHz		15	0	20.83	21.04	21.72		
JIII IZ			0	21.70	21.37	21.32		
		1	7	21.65	20.94	21.42		
			14	21.05	21.26	21.77		
	16QAM		0	21.41	21.14	21.41		
		8	4	21.28	21.39	20.92		
			7	20.83	21.54	20.87		
		15	0	20.84	21.38	21.11		

Conducted Power of LTE Band II								
Bandwidth	Modulation	DP oizo	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel		
Dandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	18625	18900	19175		
			0	20.85	21.50	21.11		
		1	13	21.34	21.64	21.76		
			24	21.70	21.35	21.75		
	QPSK		0	21.25	21.47	21.70		
		12	6	21.11	21.30	21.63		
			13	21.59	21.09	21.15		
5MHz		25	0	20.99	21.07	21.00		
SIVII IZ			0	21.42	21.24	21.24		
		1	13	21.42	21.68	21.19		
	16QAM		24	21.62	21.64	21.56		
		12	0	21.19	21.70	20.98		
			6	20.80	21.33	21.02		
			13	20.85	21.56	21.78		
		25	0	21.74	21.05	21.50		
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel		
Bandwidth	Modulation	ND SIZE	offset	18650	18900	19150		
		1	0	21.44	20.91	21.64		
			25	20.91	21.52	20.90		
			49	21.15	21.01	21.68		
	QPSK		0	21.47	21.70	21.25		
		25	13	20.94	21.61	21.70		
			25	21.40	21.67	21.68		
10MHz		50	0	21.19	20.89	21.02		
10141112			0	21.60	20.86	20.98		
		1	25	21.01	21.54	21.02		
			49	21.78	21.02	21.64		
	16QAM		0	20.83	21.41	21.77		
		25	13	20.87	21.67	21.56		
			25	21.33	20.86	21.00		
		50	0	20.90	21.65	20.94		

Conducted Power of LTE Band II									
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel			
Danuwium			offset	18675	18900	19125			
			0	21.75	20.88	21.23			
		1	38	21.63	21.05	21.53			
			74	21.44	20.91	21.72			
	QPSK	36	0	21.73	21.43	21.49			
			18	21.00	21.65	21.16			
			39	20.89	21.30	21.78			
15MHz		75	0	21.46	21.66	21.39			
I SIVII IZ		1	0	20.91	21.42	21.63			
			38	21.30	21.13	21.78			
			74	21.47	20.87	21.16			
	16QAM		0	21.18	21.64	21.45			
		36	18	21.77	21.45	21.35			
			39	20.84	21.70	21.75			
		75	0	20.96	21.21	21.44			

Conducted Power of LTE Band II

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel
Danuwidin	Modulation	IND SIZE	offset	18700	18900	19100
			0	21.01	20.99	21.36
		1	50	20.98	21.49	21.04
			99	21.09	21.53	20.84
	QPSK	50	0	21.33	21.71	20.96
			25	20.85	21.49	21.74
			50	21.71	21.75	21.31
20MHz		100	0	20.98	21.70	21.14
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	21.25	21.27	20.94
			50	21.54	21.19	21.43
			99	21.25	21.52	21.02
	16QAM		0	21.18	21.54	21.73
		50	25	21.12	21.59	21.03
			50	21.02	21.04	21.25
		100	0	20.97	21.07	21.00

9.1.6 Conducted Power of LTE Band IV

	Conducted Power of LTE Band IV									
Don duvidth	Madulation	DD size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	19957	20393	20175				
			0	21.48	21.28	21.58				
		1	3	21.50	20.81	21.41				
			5	20.63	21.27	21.54				
	QPSK		0	21.15	21.53	21.08				
		3	2	21.14	21.31	21.07				
			3	20.74	20.68	21.56				
1.4MHz		6	0	20.79	21.17	21.14				
1.4101112			0	20.89	21.10	21.14				
		1	3	20.71	21.54	21.59				
			5	21.17	21.31	21.38				
	16QAM		0	21.07	21.19	21.24				
		3	2	21.51	20.79	21.29				
			3	21.49	21.03	20.65				
		6	0	21.21	21.59	20.98				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Bandwidth	Modulation	IVD SIZE	offset	19965	20175	20385				
			0	20.86	20.98	20.97				
		1	7	21.00	20.73	20.97				
			14	20.73	20.82	21.46				
	QPSK		0	21.16	21.52	21.56				
		8	4	21.27	20.94	20.96				
			7	20.76	21.24	21.17				
3MHz		15	0	21.45	21.50	21.10				
31411 12			0	21.33	21.56	21.56				
		1	7	20.89	20.62	21.40				
			14	21.23	20.82	21.04				
	16QAM		0	21.39	21.39	20.85				
		8	4	21.52	21.05	20.68				
			7	20.75	20.83	21.32				
		15	0	20.86	20.95	20.98				

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV										
		Conducte	d Power	of LTE Band	IV					
Dondwidth	Modulation	DD oizo	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	19975	20175	20375				
			0	21.30	20.99	21.09				
		1	13	21.25	21.25	21.00				
			24	21.14	20.69	21.57				
	QPSK		0	21.52	21.54	21.16				
		12	6	20.92	21.27	21.16				
5MHz			13	20.74	21.21	21.45				
		25	0	21.16	21.51	20.61				
SIVIFIZ			0	21.40	20.94	20.95				
		1	13	20.91	21.15	21.37				
			24	21.46	21.38	21.46				
	16QAM		0	21.51	20.61	21.35				
		12	6	21.53	21.37	20.84				
			13	20.71	21.40	21.24				
		25	0	21.10	21.26	20.70				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Banawiatii	Modulation	112 0.20	offset	20000	20175	20350				
			0	21.22	21.52	20.94				
		1	25	20.93	21.17	20.87				
			49	21.45	21.31	21.01				
	QPSK		0	20.79	20.69	20.83				
		25	13	21.33	21.31	21.27				
			25	20.75	21.11	20.62				
10MHz		50	0	21.03	20.72	20.94				
. 0.01112			0	21.17	20.72	20.97				
		1	25	20.82	20.62	21.05				
			49	20.74	21.23	20.97				
	16QAM		0	21.52	20.80	21.26				
		25	13	20.77	21.43	21.46				
			25	21.26	20.67	21.12				
		50	0	20.96	21.14	20.65				

Conducted Power of LTE Band IV									
Pandwidth	Modulation	DD size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	20025	20175	20325			
			0	20.70	20.93	20.82			
		1	38	20.81	21.00	20.93			
	QPSK		74	21.49	21.19	20.92			
		36	0	20.61	21.50	21.44			
			18	20.65	21.55	20.90			
			39	20.65	21.42	20.93			
15MHz		75	0	21.51	20.91	21.46			
TOWINZ		1	0	20.77	20.77	21.20			
			38	21.51	21.41	20.94			
			74	20.94	20.64	20.75			
	16QAM		0	20.67	20.83	21.52			
		36	18	21.41	21.44	20.68			
			39	20.89	20.76	21.24			
		75	0	21.50	21.46	20.97			

	Conducted Power of LTE Band IV										
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel					
Danuwium	iviodulation		offset	20050	20175	20300					
			0	21.41	21.31	20.86					
		1	50	21.32	21.07	21.10					
	QPSK		99	20.83	21.49	21.33					
		50	0	21.27	20.81	21.44					
			25	21.14	21.25	21.52					
			50	20.95	21.42	21.00					
20MHz		100	0	20.71	20.87	20.77					
ZUWIFIZ		1	0	20.62	20.79	20.63					
			50	20.83	20.67	21.36					
			99	21.34	21.40	20.94					
	16QAM		0	20.96	20.70	20.81					
		50	25	21.00	20.94	20.72					
			50	20.70	21.53	21.37					
		100	0	20.69	21.21	21.56					

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.1.7 Conducted Power of LTE Band VII

	Conducted Power of LTE Band VII									
Donalusi déla	Madulation	DD oizo	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	20775	21100	21425				
			0	20.72	21.16	20.44				
		1	13	20.47	20.92	20.85				
			24	20.86	20.97	20.62				
	QPSK		0	20.88	21.03	20.89				
		12	6	20.31	21.12	20.52				
5MHz			13	20.24	20.93	20.94				
		25	0	21.04	20.26	20.31				
JIVII IZ			0	20.67	20.22	20.33				
		1	13	20.56	21.03	20.32				
			24	20.41	20.64	20.73				
	16QAM		0	20.40	20.49	20.42				
		12	6	20.80	21.15	20.85				
			13	20.45	20.98	20.59				
		25	0	21.01	20.56	21.11				
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel				
Banawiatii	Modulation	112 0.20	offset	20800	21100	21400				
			0	20.65	20.91	20.66				
		1	25	20.78	20.57	21.13				
			49	20.29	20.44	21.03				
	QPSK		0	21.09	20.28	20.70				
		25	13	20.33	21.11	20.22				
			25	21.12	20.22	20.56				
10MHz		50	0	20.20	21.20	20.55				
1011112			0	20.57	21.05	21.08				
		1	25	20.41	21.08	20.70				
			49	20.93	20.59	21.17				
	16QAM		0	20.88	21.08	20.22				
		25	13	20.45	20.81	20.76				
			25	20.89	20.25	20.39				
		50	0	21.12	20.33	20.71				

Conducted Power of LTE Band VII									
Pandwidth	Modulation	DD oi=o	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel			
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	offset	20825	21100	21375			
			0	20.66	20.63	20.63			
		1	38	20.65	21.07	20.26			
	QPSK		74	20.49	21.06	20.86			
		36	0	20.69	20.46	21.00			
			18	20.23	20.93	20.78			
			39	20.90	20.39	20.84			
15MHz		75	0	20.89	20.42	20.55			
TOWINZ		1	0	20.57	21.15	20.99			
			38	20.61	20.39	20.52			
			74	21.02	21.19	21.08			
	16QAM		0	20.62	20.96	20.68			
		36	18	20.36	20.70	20.28			
			39	20.60	21.00	20.73			
		75	0	20.96	20.37	20.62			

	Conducted Power of LTE Band VII										
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB	Channel	Channel	Channel					
Danuwium	Modulation		offset	20850	21100	21350					
			0	20.95	20.21	21.17					
		1	50	21.07	20.97	20.98					
	QPSK		99	20.52	21.19	20.45					
		50	0	20.40	20.92	20.72					
			25	20.24	21.00	20.67					
			50	20.58	21.14	20.84					
20MHz		100	0	20.52	21.17	20.18					
ZUIVITIZ		1	0	20.28	21.12	21.07					
			50	20.71	20.99	20.22					
			99	21.12	20.44	20.67					
	16QAM		0	20.47	20.62	21.00					
		50	25	20.30	20.43	20.97					
			50	20.23	21.08	20.80					
		100	0	20.67	20.66	21.17					

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.1.8 Conducted Power of Wi-Fi 2.4G

Mode	802.11b							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)					
Average Power(dBm)	16.39	16.43	16.10					
Mode		802.11g						
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)					
Average Power(dBM)	15.18	15.97	15.56					
Mode	802.11n(HT20)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)					
Average Power(dBM)	15.41	15.77	15.38					
Mode	802.11n(HT40)							
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1(2412)	6(2437)	11(2462)					
Average Power(dBm)	13.65	13.98	14.57					

9.1.9 Conducted Power of Wi-Fi 5G

Band	Mode	Channel	Freque ncy (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Power Setting	Tune -up	Average Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)
		36	5180		17	16.00	15.26	No
	802.11a	40	5200	6	17	16.00	15.29	No
		44	5220		17	16.00	15.33	No
		48	5240		17	16.00	16.60	Yes
		36	5180	6.5	14	16.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11n	40	5200		14	16.00	Not Regired	No
	HT20	44	5220		14	13.00	Not Regired	No
		48	5240		14	13.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11n HT40	38	5190	13.5	13	16.00	Not Regired	No
5.2G		46	5230		13	16.00	Not Reqired	No
		36	5180		15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac	40	5200	0.514	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	20M	44	5220	6.5M	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
		48	5240		15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac	38	5190	40 -14	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	40M	46	5230	13.5M	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac 80M	42	5210	29.3M	14	14.00	Not Reqired	No

hoir 140	.: FCC1701	0-ACC00				SAR	Evaluation Rep	אטנ
			Freque	Data	Dower	Tuna	Average	SAR
Band	Mode	Channel	ncy	Rate	Power	Tune	Power	Test
			(MHz)	(Mbps)	Setting	-up	(dBm)	(Yes/No)
		52	5260		16	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11a	56	5280	6	16	15.00	Not Regired	No
		60	5300	6	16	15.00	Not Regired	No
		64	5320		16	15.00	Not Regired	No
	000 44	52	5260		14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11n	56	5280	6.5	14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	HT20	60	5300	6.5	14	15.00	Not Regired	No
		64	5320		14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	000.44	54	5270		13	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11n	62	5310	13.5	13	15.00	Not Regired	No
5.3G	HT40	138	5690		/	/	/	No
ა.აც		52	5260		14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac	56	5280	G ENA	14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	20M	60	5300	6.5M	14	15.00	Not Regired	No
		64	5320		14	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac	54	5270	10 514	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	40M	62	5310	13.5M	15	15.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11ac 80M	58	5290	29.3M	14	14.00	Not Reqired	No
			Freque	Data	-		Average	SAR
Band	Mode	Channel	ncy	Rate	Power	Tune	Power	Test
			(MHz)	(Mbps)	Setting	-up	(dBm)	(Yes/No)
		149	5745		15	16.00	16.59	No
	000 ()	153	5765		15	16.00	16.56	No
	802.11a	157	5785	6	15	16.00	16.53	No
		161	5805		15	16.00	16.57	No
		165	5825		15	16.00	16.80	Yes
		149	5745		12	16.00	Not Regired	No
5.8G	802.11n	153	5765		12	16.00	Not Regired	No
	HT20	157	5785	6.5	12	16.00	Not Regired	No
		161	5805		12	13.00	Not Regired	No
		165	5825		12	13.00	Not Regired	No
	802.11n	151	5755	40.5	11	16.00	Not Regired	No
	HT40	159	5795	13.5	11	16.00	Not Regired	No
		149	5745	6.5M	13	13.80	Not Regired	No

802.11ac	153	5765	6.5M	13	13.80	Not Regired	No
20M	157	5785		13	13.80	Not Regired	No
	161	5805		13	13.80	Not Regired	No
	165	5825		13	13.80	Not Regired	No
802.11ac	151	5755		14	14.80	Not Regired	No
40M	159	5795	13.5M	14	14.80	Not Regired	No
802.11ac							
80M	155	5775	29.3M	14	14.00	Not Regired	No

9.1.10 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

	-		
Mode		1Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	0.01	2.63	0.52
Mode		2Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	0.24	2.39	0.48
Mode		3Mbps	
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0(2402)	39(2441)	78(2480)
Average Power(dBm)	0.40	3.42	1.54

9.2 SAR test results

Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is: ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
- 3) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with headset SAR.
- 5)Per KDB248227 D01v01r02, the procedures required to establish specific device operating configurations for testing the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g transmitters.
- (1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
- (2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.
- (3) For WLAN 5 GHz, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR of initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SAR result is <= 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR

is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

- 6) Per KDB865664 D01v01r04,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 7) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).
- 8) Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.
- 9) Per KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures ,The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.
 - 10)Per KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices
 - (1)QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is \leq 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

(2)QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are \leq 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

(3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is >1.45 W/kg.

(4)Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is > 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Condu cted	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scaling
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.345	0.247	-2.000	29.77	30.00	0.364	1.05
Left Head Tilted 15°	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.216	0.156	1.380	29.77	30.00	0.228	1.05
Right Head Touched	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.430	0.301	1.340	29.77	30.00	0.453	1.05
Right Head Tilted 15°	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.225	0.168	3.020	29.77	30.00	0.237	1.05
Test Position of Body with	Test channel	Test	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Condu cted	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scaling
10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	Power (dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.413	0.301	-0.960	29.77	30.00	0.435	1.05
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.595	0.435	1.050	29.77	30.00	0.627	1.05
	5	SAR Res	ults for l	Hotspot	Exposure	Conditio	n		
Front side	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.422	0.305	2.480	29.77	30.00	0.445	1.05
Rear side	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.605	0.441	2.730	29.77	30.00	0.638	1.05
Right side	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.621	0.410	-1.010	29.77	30.00	0.655	1.05
Bottom side	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	0.159	0.088	-0.120	29.77	30.00	0.168	1.05

9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test Mode	SAR ' (W/	kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scalig Factor
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	1 doloi
Left Head Touched	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.370	0.210	3.550	26.56	27.00	0.409	1.11
Left Head Tilted 15°	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.086	0.052	-1.130	26.56	27.00	0.095	1.11
Right Head Touched	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.180	0.120	-0.300	26.56	27.00	0.199	1.11
Right Head Tilted 15°	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.101	0.060	0.930	26.56	27.00	0.112	1.11
Test Position of	Test channel	Test		SAR Value (W/kg)		Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scalig
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.323	0.176	-1.250	26.56	27.00	0.357	1.11
Towards Ground	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.337	0.182	-0.120	26.56	27.00	0.373	1.11
		SAR F	Results f	or Hots	oot Expos	ure Condition	1		
Front side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.344	0.187	1.660	26.56	27.00	0.381	1.11
Rear side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.369	0.198	1.280	26.56	27.00	0.408	1.11
Right side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.333	0.187	-1.650	26.56	27.00	0.369	1.11
Bottom side	810/1909.8	GPRS 4TS	0.266	0.131	-0.680	26.56	27.00	0.294	1.11

9.2.3 Results overview of UMTS Band II

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.229	0.137	-1.820	22.98	23.00	0.230	1.00
Left Head Tilted 15°	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.100	0.061	-1.030	22.98	23.00	0.100	1.00
Right Head Touched	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.151	0.096	4.870	22.98	23.00	0.152	1.00
Right Head Tilted 15°	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.102	0.063	-0.600	22.98	23.00	0.102	1.00
Test Position of Body with	Test channel	Test Mode	(W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scalig Factor
10mm	/Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	
Towards Phantom	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.326	0.181	0.650	22.98	23.00	0.328	1.00
Towards Ground	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.459	0.246	1.970	22.98	23.00	0.461	1.00
		SAR R	R Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition						
Front side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.299	0.165	-4.260	22.98	23.00	0.300	1.00
Rear side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.412	0.226	0.100	22.98	23.00	0.414	1.00
Right side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.381	0.218	-0.810	22.98	23.00	0.383	1.00
Bottom side	9538/1907.6	RMC	0.287	0.143	-1.640	22.98	23.00	0.288	1.00

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.2.4 Results overview of UMTS Band V

Test Position of	Test channel	Test	_	Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scalig
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.296	0.209	-1.140	22.86	23.00	0.306	1.03
Left Head Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.198	0.145	-2.530	22.86	23.00	0.204	1.03
Right Head Touched	4182/836.4	RMC	0.319	0.228	1.390	22.86	23.00	0.329	1.03
Right Head Tilted 15°	4182/836.4	RMC	0.181	0.135	1.960	22.86	23.00	0.187	1.03
Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value ′kg) □	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scalig
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	4182/836.4	RMC	0.305	0.223	0.580	22.86	23.00	0.315	1.03
Towards Ground	4182/836.4	RMC	0.411	0.301	-0.570	22.86	23.00	0.424	1.03
		SAR R	esults fo	r Hotspo	ot Exposu	re Condition			
Front side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.314	0.229	-0.490	22.86	23.00	0.324	1.03
Rear side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.405	0.297	-0.590	22.86	23.00	0.418	1.03
Right side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.389	0.260	-2.330	22.86	23.00	0.402	1.03
Bottom side	4182/836.4	RMC	0.108	0.060	0.070	22.86	23.00	0.112	1.03

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.2.5 Results overview of LTE Band II

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.217	0.128	-0.430	21.53	22.00	0.242	1.11
Left Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.044	0.028	-1.890	21.53	22.00	0.049	1.11
Right Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.079	0.049	-0.870	21.53	22.00	0.088	1.11
Right Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.093	0.057	-0.302	21.53	22.00	0.104	1.11
Left Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.189	0.110	-1.500	21.75	22.00	0.200	1.06
Left Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.050	0.032	-1.960	21.75	22.00	0.053	1.06
Right Head Touched	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.093	0.057	1.680	21.75	22.00	0.099	1.06
Right Head Tilted 15°	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.068	0.041	-1.100	21.75	22.00	0.072	1.06
Test	Test			Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-	Scaled	
Position of	channel	Test	(W/	kg)	Drift	Power	up	SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.304	0.171	1.050	21.53	22.00	0.339	1.11
Towards Ground	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.341	0.172	2.360	21.53	22.00	0.380	1.11
Towards Phantom	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.226	0.127	-0.650	21.75	22.00	0.239	1.06
Towards Ground	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.267	0.134	1.150	21.75	22.00	0.283	1.06
		SAR I	Results fo	or Hotspo	ot Exposur	e Condition			
Front side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.232	0.129	1.050	21.53	22.00	0.259	1.11
Rear side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.353	0.175	-0.630	21.53	22.00	0.393	1.11
Right side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.234	0.135	-2.770	21.53	22.00	0.261	1.11
Bottom side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.214	0.104	-0.870	21.53	22.00	0.238	1.11
Front side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.213	0.118	-0.570	21.75	22.00	0.226	1.06
Rear side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.276	0.136	1.010	21.75	22.00	0.292	1.06
Right side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.209	0.121	-1.500	21.75	22.00	0.221	1.06
Bottom side	18900/1880	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.204	0.098	-4.930	21.75	22.00	0.216	1.06

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.2.6 Results overview of LTE Band IV

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.133	0.082	1.150	21.49	21.50	0.133	1.00
Left Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.101	0.060	1.790	21.49	21.50	0.101	1.00
Right Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.249	0.148	-1.910	21.49	21.50	0.250	1.00
Right Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.098	0.058	1.540	21.49	21.50	0.098	1.00
Left Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.103	0.063	-0.460	21.42	21.50	0.105	1.02
Left Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.079	0.047	-1.750	21.42	21.50	0.080	1.02
Right Head Touched	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.190	0.113	-0.770	21.42	21.50	0.194	1.02
Right Head Tilted 15°	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.077	0.046	1.180	21.42	21.50	0.078	1.02
Test	Test		_	Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-	Scaled	
Position of	channel	Test	(W/	kg)	Drift	Power	up	SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Body with 10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.630	0.343	-0.510	21.49	21.50	0.631	1.00
Towards Ground	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.705	0.382	1.690	21.49	21.50	0.707	1.00
Towards Phantom	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.519	0.283	-0.270	21.42	21.50	0.529	1.02
Towards Ground	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.707	0.377	1.980	21.42	21.50	0.720	1.02
		SAR I	Results fo	or Hotspo	ot Exposur	e Condition			
Front side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.624	0.339	1.870	21.49	21.50	0.625	1.00
Rear side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.727	0.382	-0.430	21.49	21.50	0.729	1.00
Right side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.278	0.163	-1.920	21.49	21.50	0.279	1.00
Bottom side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 1RB#99	0.657	0.380	1.220	21.49	21.50	0.659	1.00
Front side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.514	0.279	-1.020	21.42	21.50	0.524	1.02
Rear side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.705	0.327	-1.220	21.42	21.50	0.718	1.02
Right side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.216	0.127	-1.150	21.42	21.50	0.220	1.02
Bottom side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK 50RB#50	0.629	0.366	-1.500	21.42	21.50	0.641	1.02

9.2.7 Results overview of LTE Band VII

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value /kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Head Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.644	0.327	0.080	21.19	21.20	0.645	1.00
Left Head Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.131	0.067	-0.660	21.19	21.20	0.131	1.00
Right Head Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.227	0.117	1.720	21.19	21.20	0.228	1.00
Right Head Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.157	0.077	0.030	21.19	21.20	0.157	1.00
Left Head Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.504	0.252	-1.050	21.14	21.20	0.511	1.01
Left Head Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.099	0.051	-1.070	21.14	21.20	0.100	1.01
Right Head Touched	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.174	0.090	0.440	21.14	21.20	0.176	1.01
Right Head Tilted 15°	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.115	0.055	-0.030	21.14	21.20	0.117	1.01
Test	Test			Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-	Scaled	
Position of Body with	channel	Test	(VV)	/kg)	Drift	Power	up Limit	SAR _{1-q}	Scalig
10mm	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Towards Phantom	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.643	0.322	0.290	21.19	21.20	0.644	1.00
Towards Ground	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.655	0.331	-1.200	21.19	21.20	0.657	1.00
Towards Phantom	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.504	0.255	-0.300	21.14	21.20	0.511	1.01
Towards Ground	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.502	0.253	-0.870	21.14	21.20	0.509	1.01
		SAR	Results fo	or Hotspo	ot Exposur	e Condition			
Front side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.666	0.341	0.040	21.19	21.20	0.668	1.00
Rear side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.610	0.306	-0.460	21.19	21.20	0.611	1.00
Right side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.581	0.285	-1.910	21.19	21.20	0.582	1.00
Bottom side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 1RB#0	0.314	0.150	-0.370	21.19	21.20	0.315	1.00
Front side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.515	0.262	-0.240	21.14	21.20	0.522	1.01
Rear side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.471	0.236	-1.030	21.14	21.20	0.478	1.01
Right side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.445	0.217	-1.070	21.14	21.20	0.451	1.01
Bottom side	21100/2535	20M QPSK 50RB#0	0.242	0.115	1.710	21.14	21.20	0.245	1.01

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.2.8 Results overview of Wi-Fi 2.4G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Scaling
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor
Left Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.184	0.075	-0.480	16.600	16.000	0.160	0.871
Left Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.145	0.059	-0.210	16.600	16.000	0.126	0.871
Right Hand Touched	6/2437	802.11b	0.199	0.088	0.640	16.600	16.000	0.173	0.871
Right Hand Tilted 15°	6/2437	802.11b	0.137	0.061	2.390	16.600	16.000	0.119	0.871
Test Position of Body with	Test channel	Test Mode	(W/	Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scaling Factor
10mm	/Freq.(MHz)		1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	1 0.000
Towards Phantom	6/2437	802.11b	0.230	0.114	-0.950	16.600	16.000	0.200	0.871
Towards Ground	6/2437	802.11b	0.237	0.118	-0.270	16.600	16.000	0.206	0.871
		SAR R	esults f	or Hotsp	ot Exposi	ure Condition			
Front side	6/2437	802.11b	0.233	0.115	-0.300	16.600	16.000	0.203	0.871
Rear side	6/2437	802.11b	0.235	0.118	-0.220	16.600	16.000	0.205	0.871
Top side	6/2437	802.11b	0.120	0.019	-0.720	16.600	16.000	0.105	0.871
Left side	6/2437	802.11b	0.102	0.011	-0.150	16.600	16.000	0.089	0.871

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6 9.2.9 Results overview of Wi-Fi 5G

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune- up	Scaled SAR _{1-g}	Scaling		
Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	Limit (dBm)	(W/kg)	Factor		
			5.2G	U-NII-1 b	and (802.	11a)	•				
Left Head Touched	48/5240	802.11a	0.158	0.062	-0.530	16.60	16.00	0.138	0.871		
Left Head Tilted 15°	48/5240	802.11a	0.003	0.001	0.000	16.60	16.00	0.003	0.871		
Right Head Touched	48/5240	802.11a	0.161	0.077	-0.720	16.60	16.00	0.140	0.871		
Right Head Tilted 15°	48/5240	802.11a	<0.001	<0.001	0.000	16.60	16.00	0.000	0.871		
5.8G U-NII-3 Band (802.11a)											
Left Head Touched	165/5825	802.11a	0.102	0.037	0.000	16.85	16.00	0.084	0.822		
Left Head Tilted 15°	165/5825	802.11a	0.002	0.001	0.000	16.85	16.00	0.002	0.822		
Right Head Touched	165/5825	802.11a	0.132	0.045	0.190	16.85	16.00	0.109	0.822		
Right Head Tilted 15°	165/5825	802.11a	<0.001	<0.001	0.000	16.85	16.00	0.000	0.822		
Test Position of	Test	Test		Value 'kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune- up	Scaled	Scaling		
Body with	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Factor		
			5.2G	U-NII-1 b	and (802.	11a)					
Towards Phantom	48/5240	802.11a	0.095	0.052	-0.330	16.60	16.00	0.083	0.871		
Towards Ground	48/5240	802.11a	0.121	0.083	0.350	16.60	16.00	0.105	0.871		
			5.8G	U-NII-3 B	and (802.	11a)					
Towards Phantom	165/5825	802.11a	0.119	0.095	0.540	16.85	16.00	0.098	0.822		
Towards Ground	165/5825	802.11a	0.142	0.103	0.950	16.85	16.00	0.117	0.822		
		SAR R		<u> </u>	•	ure Condition					
					and (802.						
Front Side	48/5240	802.11a	0.109	0.050	0.840	16.60	16.00	0.095	0.871		
Rear Side	48/5240	802.11a	0.132	0.089	0.420	16.60	16.00	0.115	0.871		
Left Side	48/5240	802.11a	0.029	0.016	0.910	16.60	16.00	0.025	0.871		
Top Side	48/5240	802.11a	0.075	0.049	-0.590	16.60	16.00	0.065	0.871		
	Γ				and (802.	1		Г			
Front Side	165/5825	802.11a	0.126	0.102	0.460	16.85	16.00	0.104	0.822		
Rear Side	165/5825	802.11a	0.147	0.127	-0.310	16.85	16.00	0.121	0.822		
Left Side	165/5825	802.11a	0.055	0.035	-0.900	16.85	16.00	0.045	0.822		
Top Side	165/5825	802.11a	0.084	0.067	0.710	16.85	16.00	0.069	0.822		

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

The SAR measurement positions of each side are as below:



< Rear Side >

Mode	Front Side	Rear Side	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
2G/3G/4G Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Wi-Fi/BT Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

¹⁾ Per KDB941225 D06v01r01, the DUT Dimension is bigger than 9 cm x 5 cm, so 10mm is chosen as the test separation distance for Hotspot mode. When the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm, such position does not need to be tested.

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

a)Head position

Mode	Pmay(dRm)	Pmay(mW)	Distance(mm) f(GHz)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test	
WIOGE	rillax(ubili)	riliax(IIIVV)	Distance(iiiii)	I(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	3.00	2.00	5.00	2.450	0.62	3.00	Yes

Body-Worn position

Mode	Dmay(dPm)	Dmay(m\\/)	Distance(mm) f(GI	€(CH-)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
ivioue	riliax(UDIII)	Filiax(IIIVV)	Distance(IIIII)	I(GHZ)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	3.00	2.00	10.00	2.450	0.31	3.00	Yes

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	х	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
BT	Head	3	2.00	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.083
BT	Body	3	2.00	10.00	2.45	7.50	0.042

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Tran	Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities									
Simultaneous Tx Configuration Head Body Hotspot										
1	GSM/GPRS/UMTS +Wi-Fi	YES	YES	YES						
2 GSM/GPRS/UMTS +BT NO YES NO										

Note: The device does not support simultaneous BT and Wi-Fi ,because the BT and Wi-Fi share the same antenna and can't transmit simultaneously.

10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

			SAR _{Max}		Wi-Fi		
Test Position		GSM850	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	(5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.364	0.160	0.524	0.138	0.502	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.228	0.126	0.354	0.003	0.231	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.453	0.173	0.626	0.140	0.593	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.237	0.119	0.356	0	0.237	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.435	0.200	0.635	0.098	0.533	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.627	0.206	0.833	0.117	0.744	NA
	Front Side	0.445	0.203	0.648	0.104	0.549	NA
Hotopot	Rear Side	0.638	0.205	0.843	0.121	0.759	NA
Hotspot	Bottom Side	0.655	0.000	0.655	0	0.655	NA
	Right Side	0.168	0.000	0.168	0	0.168	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and Wi-Fi

	Test Position		SAR _{Max}		Wi-Fi	Σ.	
			Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	(5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.409	0.160	0.569	0.138	0.547	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.095	0.126	0.221	0.003	0.098	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.199	0.173	0.372	0.140	0.339	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.112	0.119	0.231	0	0.112	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.357	0.200	0.557	0.098	0.455	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.373	0.206	0.579	0.117	0.490	NA
	Front Side	0.381	0.203	0.584	0.104	0.485	NA
Hotspot	Rear Side	0.408	0.205	0.613	0.121	0.529	NA
	Bottom Side	0.369	0.000	0.369	0	0.369	NA
	Right Side	0.294	0.000	0.294	0	0.294	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and Wi-Fi

	Test Position		SAR _{Max}		Wi-Fi		
			Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	(5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.23	0.160	0.390	0.138	0.368	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.1	0.126	0.226	0.003	0.103	NA
Heau	Right Head Touched	0.152	0.173	0.325	0.140	0.292	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.102	0.119	0.221	0	0.102	NA
Dody	Towards Phantom	0.328	0.200	0.528	0.098	0.426	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.461	0.206	0.667	0.117	0.578	NA
	Front Side	0.3	0.203	0.503	0.104	0.404	NA
Hotsp	Rear Side	0.414	0.205	0.619	0.121	0.535	NA
ot	Bottom Side	0.383	0.000	0.383	0	0.383	NA
	Right Side	0.288	0.000	0.288	0	0.288	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band II and Wi-Fi

		Scale	d SAR _{Max}				
Test Position		UMTS Band V	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	Wi-Fi (5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.306	0.160	0.536	0.138	0.444	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.204	0.126	0.304	0.003	0.207	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.329	0.173	0.481	0.140	0.469	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.187	0.119	0.289	0	0.187	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.315	0.200	0.643	0.098	0.413	NA
Бойу	Towards Ground	0.424	0.206	0.885	0.117	0.541	NA
	Front Side	0.324	0.203	0.624	0.104	0.428	NA
Hotopot	Rear Side	0.418	0.205	0.832	0.121	0.539	NA
Hotspot	Bottom Side	0.402	0.000	0.785	0	0.402	NA
	Right Side	0.112	0.000	0.400	0	0.112	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and Wi-Fi

			d SAR _{Max}				
	Test Position	LTE Band II	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	Wi-Fi (5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.242	0.160	0.402	0.138	0.380	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.049	0.126	0.175	0.003	0.052	NA
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.088	0.173	0.261	0.140	0.228	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.104	0.119	0.223	0	0.104	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.339	0.200	0.539	0.098	0.437	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.38	0.206	0.586	0.117	0.497	NA
	Front Side	0.259	0.203	0.462	0.104	0.363	NA
Hotsp	Rear Side	0.393	0.205	0.598	0.121	0.514	NA
ot	Bottom Side	0.261	0.000	0.261	0	0.261	NA
	Right Side	0.238	0.000	0.238	0	0.238	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band II and Wi-Fi

		Scaled SAR _{Max}					
Test Position		LTE Band IV	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	Wi-Fi (5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.133	0.160	0.293	0.138	0.271	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.101	0.126	0.227	0.003	0.104	NA
Heau	Right Head Touched	0.25	0.173	0.423	0.140	0.390	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.098	0.119	0.217	0	0.098	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.631	0.200	0.831	0.098	0.729	NA
Бойу	Towards Ground	0.72	0.206	0.926	0.117	0.837	NA
	Front Side	0.625	0.203	0.828	0.104	0.729	NA
Hotspot	Rear Side	0.729	0.205	0.934	0.121	0.850	NA
	Bottom Side	0.279	0.000	0.279	0	0.279	NA
	Right Side	0.659	0.000	0.659	0	0.659	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band IV and Wi-Fi

•		Scaled	SAR _{Max}				
	Test Position	LTE Band VII	Wi-Fi (2.4G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	Wi-Fi (5G)	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.645	0.160	0.805	0.138	0.783	NA
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.131	0.126	0.257	0.003	0.134	NA
Heau	Right Head Touched	0.228	0.173	0.401	0.140	0.368	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.157	0.119	0.276	0	0.157	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.644	0.200	0.844	0.098	0.742	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.657	0.206	0.863	0.117	0.774	NA
	Front Side	0.668	0.203	0.871	0.104	0.772	NA
Hotspot	Rear Side	0.611	0.205	0.816	0.121	0.732	NA
	Bottom Side	0.582	0.000	0.582	0	0.582	NA
	Right Side	0.315	0.000	0.315	0	0.315	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band VII and Wi-Fi

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 0.934W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for Wi-Fi and GSM&UMTS<E antenna.

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	∑ _{1-q} SAR	SPLSP	
	rest i osition		BT	∠ _{1-g} 3AK	Si LSi	
	Left Head Touched	0.364	0.083	0.447	NA	
l la a al	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.228	0.083	0.311	NA	
Head	Right Head Touched	0.453	0.083	0.536	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.237	0.083	0.320	NA	
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.435	0.042	0.477	NA	
Body	Towards Ground	0.627	0.042	0.669	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}	∑ _{1-q} SAR	SPLSP	
		GSM1900 BT			OI LOI	
	Left Head Touched	0.409	0.083	0.492	NA	
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.095	0.083	0.178	NA	
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.199	0.083	0.282	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.112	0.083	0.195	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.357	0.042	0.399	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.373	0.042	0.415	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}		SPLSP	
		UMTS Band II	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR		
	Left Head Touched	0.230	0.083	0.313	NA	
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.100	0.083	0.183	NA	
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.152	0.083	0.235	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.102	0.083	0.185	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.328	0.042	0.370	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.461	0.042	0.503	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band II and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}		SPLSP	
		UMTS Band V	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR		
	Left Head Touched	0.306	0.083	0.389	NA	
Llaad	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.204	0.083	0.287	NA	
Head	Right Head Touched	0.329	0.083	0.412	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.187	0.083	0.270	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.315	0.042	0.357	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.424	0.042	0.466	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of UMTS Band V and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}		
		LTE Band	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR	SPLSP
	Left Head Touched	0.242	0.083	0.325	NA
Hood	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.049	0.083	0.132	NA
Head	Right Head Touched	0.088	0.083	0.171	NA
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.104	0.083	0.187	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	0.339	0.042	0.381	NA
	Towards Ground	0.380	0.042	0.422	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band II and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}			
		LTE Band IV	BI BI		SPLSP	
	Left Head Touched	0.133	0.083	0.216	NA	
Head	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.101	0.083	0.184	NA	
пеац	Right Head Touched	0.250	0.083	0.333	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.098	0.083	0.181	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.631	0.042	0.673	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.720	0.042	0.762	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band IV and BT

Test Position		Scaled	SAR _{Max}		SPLSP	
		LTE Band VII	ВТ	∑ _{1-g} SAR		
	Left Head Touched	0.645	0.083	0.728	NA	
Hood	Left Head Tilted 15°	0.131	0.083	0.214	NA	
Head	Right Head Touched	0.228	0.083	0.311	NA	
	Right Head Tilted 15°	0.157	0.083	0.240	NA	
Body	Towards Phantom	0.644	0.042	0.686	NA	
	Towards Ground	0.657	0.042	0.699	NA	

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of LTE Band VII and BT

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} = 0.762W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM&UMTS<E antenna.

11 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

11.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Measurement Uncertainty evaluation for SAR test									
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i (1g)	C _i (10g)	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi	
measurement system								I	
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞	
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√C _p	2.41	2.41	∞	
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞	
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞	
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞	
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞	
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞	
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8	
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞	
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞	
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8	
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8	
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11	
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7	
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞	
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters	ı	ı	T	T			T		
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞	
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	∞	
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5	
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞	
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54		
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08		

11.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Uncertainty For System Performance Check								
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	Vi
measurement system								
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.80	5.80	8
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$\sqrt{C_p}$	√C _p	2.41	2.41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	Ν	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95	

12 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Report No.: FCC17010035A-6

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact	Davisa Type	Type(Model)	Serial number	calibration		
	urer	Device Type	, ypo(modol)	Conarname	Last Cal.	Due Date	
	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 07/15 EP252	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO292	2016-12-09	2017-12-08	
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 750 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID750	SN 14/13 DIP 0G750-234	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A	
\boxtimes	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2016-08-19	2017-08-18	
\boxtimes	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2016-08-19	2017-08-18	
	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2016-08-19	2017-08-18	
	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2016-08-19	2017-08-18	
\boxtimes	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2016-10-13	2017-10-12	
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2016-10-13	2017-10-12	
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2016-10-13	2017-10-12	
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2016-10-13	2017-10-12	
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2016-10-13	2017-10-12	
	SATIMO	DAE	SUPR72	SN 42/13	2016-07-25	2017-07-24	

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

Annex B: Measurement results

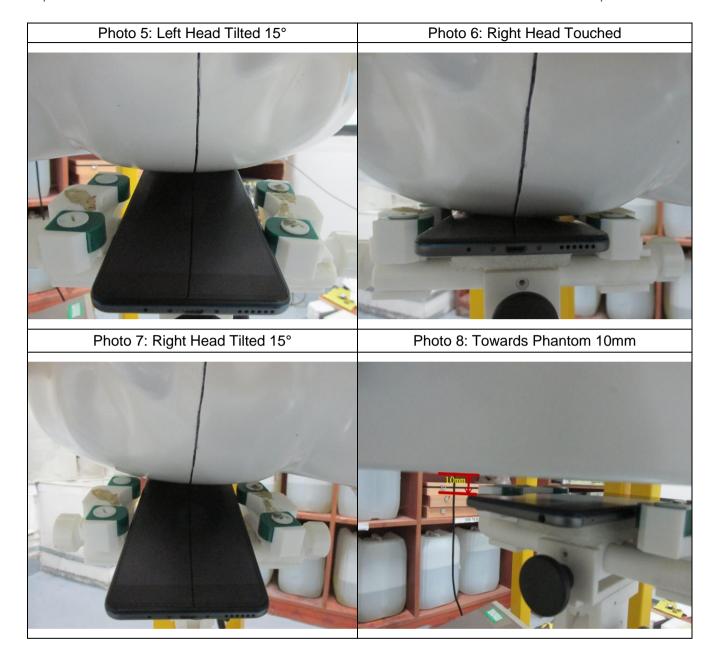
(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

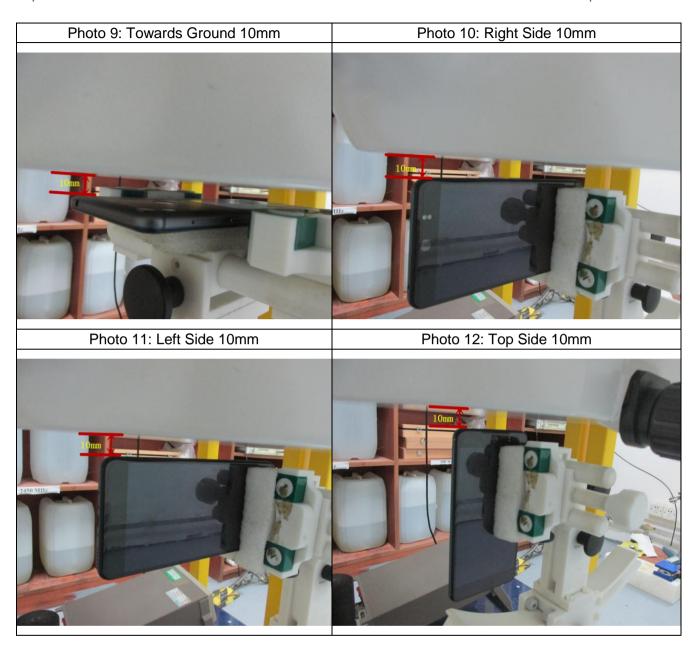
Annex C: Calibration reports

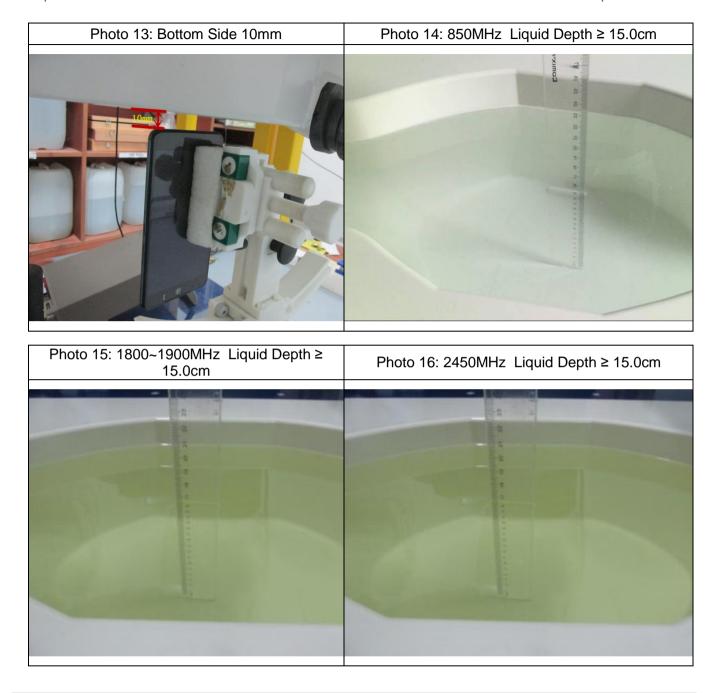
(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation









End