

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: TECNO MOBILE LIMITED

Address of Applicant: ROOM 604 6/F SOUTH TOWER WORLD FINANCE CTR
HARBOUR CITY 17 CANTON ROAD TST KL

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: Mobile Phone

Model No.: CE9

Trade mark: TECNO

FCC ID: 2ADYY-CE9

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 03 Aug., 2020~12 Aug., 2020

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head: 1.115 Body: 0.532 Hotspot: 0.532

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang
Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the CCIS product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	19 Aug., 2020	Original

Tested by:

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Date:

19 Aug., 2020

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Date:

19 Aug., 2020

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4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.317	PCE	1.115
	GSM 1900	0.434		
	WCDMA Band V	0.396		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.831		
	WCDMA Band II	0.947		
	LTE Band 2	1.115		
	LTE Band 4	0.924		
	LTE Band 5	0.478		
	LTE Band 7	1.031		
	LTE Band 38	0.438		
	LTE Band 41	0.420		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.200	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2GHz	0.252		
	WLAN 5.8GHz	0.291		
Body (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.116	PCE	0.532
	GSM 1900	0.188		
	WCDMA Band V	0.170		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.208		
	WCDMA Band II	0.374		
	LTE Band 2	0.431		
	LTE Band 4	0.322		
	LTE Band 5	0.190		
	LTE Band 7	0.532		
	LTE Band 38	0.228		
	LTE Band 41	0.238		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.106	DTS	
	WLAN 5.2GHz	0.130		
	WLAN 5.8GHz	0.234		
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.190	PCE	0.532
	GSM 1900	0.383		
	WCDMA Band V	0.170		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.356		
	WCDMA Band II	0.419		
	LTE Band 2	0.504		
	LTE Band 4	0.435		
	LTE Band 5	0.190		
	LTE Band 7	0.532		
	LTE Band 38	0.228		
	LTE Band 41	0.238		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.106	DTS	

	WLAN 5.2GHz	0.130		
	WLAN 5.8GHz	0.234		

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head	LTE Band 2	1.115	PCE	1.447
	Bluetooth	0.332	DTS	

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCCDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address of Applicant:	ROOM 604 6/F SOUTH TOWER WORLD FINANCE CTR HARBOUR CITY 17 CANTON ROAD TST KL
Manufacturer:	TECNO MOBILE LIMITED
Address of Manufacturer:	ROOM 604 6/F SOUTH TOWER WORLD FINANCE CTR HARBOUR CITY 17 CANTON ROAD TST KL

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Mobile Phone
Model No.:	CE9
Category of device	Portable device
Operation Frequency:	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz FDD LTE Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz TDD LTE Band 38: 2570MHz~2620MHz TDD LTE Band 41: 2555MHz~2655MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n-HT40 :2422MHz~2452MHz 802.11a/ac/n: 5150MHz ~5250MHz,5725MHz~5850MHz
Modulation technology:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK,EGPRS: 8PSK, WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA: BPSK/QPSK LTE:QPSK/16QAM Bluetooth: GFSK/π/4DQPSK/8DPSK Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11a/ac/g/n: OFDM
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: -2.1 dBi; PCS 1900: 0.2 dBi WCDMA Band II: 0.2 dBi WCDMA Band V: -2.1 dBi; WCDMA Band IV: -1.0 dBi LTE Band 2: 0.2dBi; LTE Band 4: -1.0dBi LTE Band 5: -2.1dBi; LTE Band 7: 0.5dBi LTE Band 38: 0.5dBi; LTE Band 41: 0.5dBi Bluetooth: 1.3dBi; 2.4G WIFI: 1.3dBi; 5G WIFI: 1.3dBi
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12
Dimensions (L*W*H):	170mm (L)× 77mm (W)× 9mm (H)
Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: U180TSA Battery: Rechargeable Li-ion Polymer Battery 3.85V/4400mAh

	Input:100-240V AC,50/60Hz 0.6A Output: DC 5.0V~9.0V, 2000mA DC 9.0V~12.0V, 1500mA	Headset: Support headset
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5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (Voice)	32.18	30.37
GPRS (1TX Slot)	32.17	30.36
GPRS (2TX Slots)	31.32	29.77
GPRS (3TX Slots)	29.29	28.22
GPRS (4TX Slots)	28.18	27.27
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	26.06	26.88
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	24.89	25.79
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	22.86	23.84
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	21.70	22.94

Mode	Average Power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.21	21.84	21.82
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.24	21.91	21.84
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.27	20.92	20.81
HSDPA Sub-test 2	20.85	20.61	20.50
HSDPA Sub-test 3	19.48	19.10	18.97
HSDPA Sub-test 4	19.46	19.13	18.97
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.81	20.69	20.36
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.22	21.05	20.78
HSUPA Sub-test 3	18.90	18.84	18.51
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.24	21.08	20.98
HSUPA Sub-test 5	19.80	19.66	19.52

Mode	Average Power (dBm)					
	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 38	LTE Band 41
BW/1.4 MHz	22.53	22.78	22.98	/	/	/
BW/3.0 MHz	22.49	22.56	22.85	/	/	/
BW/5.0 MHz	22.78	22.94	23.11	21.78	21.39	21.74
BW/10 MHz	22.86	22.93	23.22	21.86	21.57	21.76
BW/15 MHz	22.84	22.94	/	21.79	21.64	21.82
BW/20 MHz	22.76	22.97	/	21.79	21.74	21.74

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	b	g	n (HT-20)	n (HT-40)
WLAN 2.4GHz	16.67	15.32	14.72	14.95

WLAN 5.2 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)						
Mode/Band	a	ac 20	ac 40	ac 80	n 20	n 40
WLAN 5.2GHz	8.61	8.18	8.08	8.23	8.36	8.11

WLAN 5.8 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)						
Mode/Band	a	ac 20	ac 40	ac 80	n 20	n 40
WLAN 5.8GHz	6.30	6.40	5.67	6.03	6.06	5.98

Bluetooth Peak Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps($\pi/4$ DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	LE (BT 4.0)
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	8.58	8.05	8.17	-3.80

5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25°C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Sample Plan

Sample Number	Used for Test Items
1#	SAR
<i>Remark: Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. is only responsible for the test project data of the above samples, and will keep the above samples for a month.</i>	

5.6 Test Location

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. Address: No.110~116, Building B, Jinyuan Business Building, Xixiang Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366 Email: info@ccis-cb.com, Website: http://www.ccis-cb.com

6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 SAR Measurement System

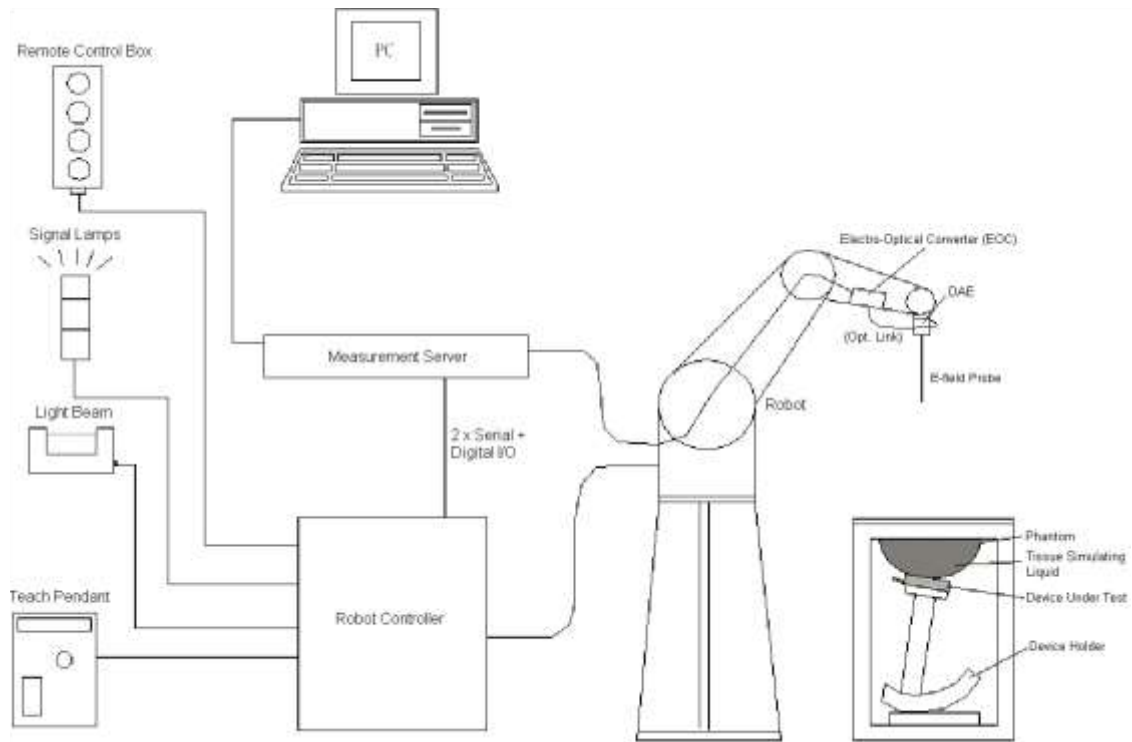


Fig.8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

➤ E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency Directivity	10MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



Fig.8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE

8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam

8.6 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume Dimensions	Approx. 25 liters Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom



Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom>

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness.

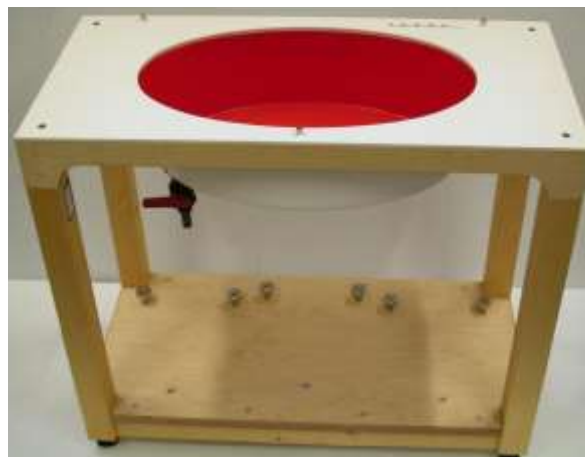


Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

8.7 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device Parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest	cf
Media Parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E- Field Probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-Field Probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency (GHz)
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)
 ρ = equipment tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

8.9 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	S/N	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	06.11.2019	06.10.2022
MVG	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	02.28.2018	02.27.2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	06.11.2019	06.10.2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	06.10.2019	06.09.2022
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1114	11.05.2018	11.04.2021
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1182	02.21.2018	02.20.2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1373	07.27.2020	07.26.2021
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3924	08.30.2019	08.29.2020
SPEAG	DASY 52 Measurement Software	DASY 52	Version: 52.8.8.1222	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	DASY 52 File Conversion Software	SEMCAD X	Version: 14.6.10 (7331)	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	Twin Phantom	1765	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	1208	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Stäubli	Robot	TX60L	F13/5P6VB1/A/01	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201060814	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	113097	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A06291	06.18.2020	06.17.2021
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	ESRP7	101070	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101454	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Signal Generator	N5182A	MY49060014	11.10.2019	11.09.2020
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	12341	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	17268	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	2080	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	BL5513	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	100217491	See Note 3	
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	1119	See Note 4	
SPEAG	DAK Measurement Software	DAK	Version: DAK 3.5	N.C.R	
Mini-circuits	Low Noise Amplifier	Power amplifier	LNA-00500200-2515	See Note 5	

Note:

- The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in purewater) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the spectrum analyzer, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the spectrum analyser is critical and we do have calibration for it
- Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

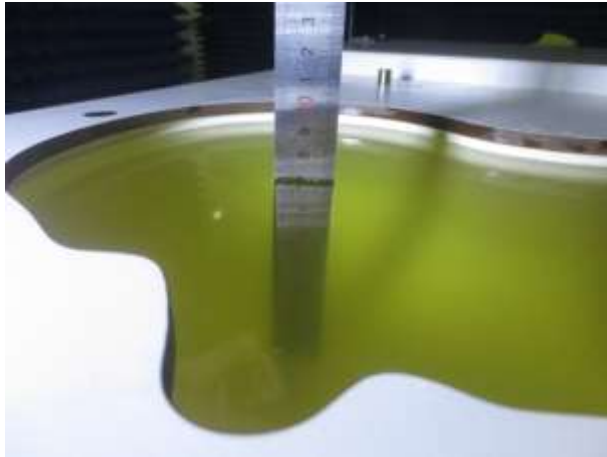


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

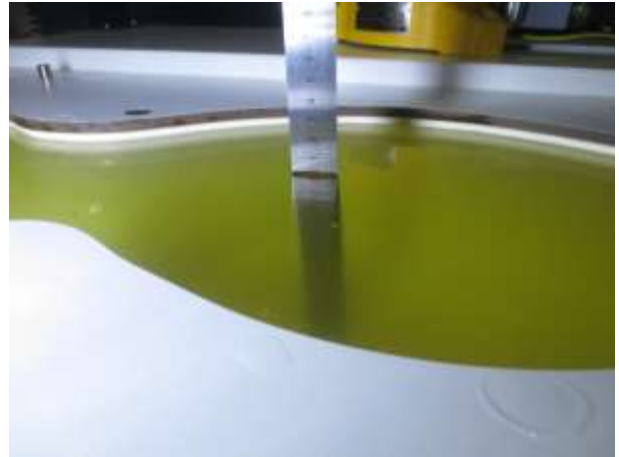


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of (700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

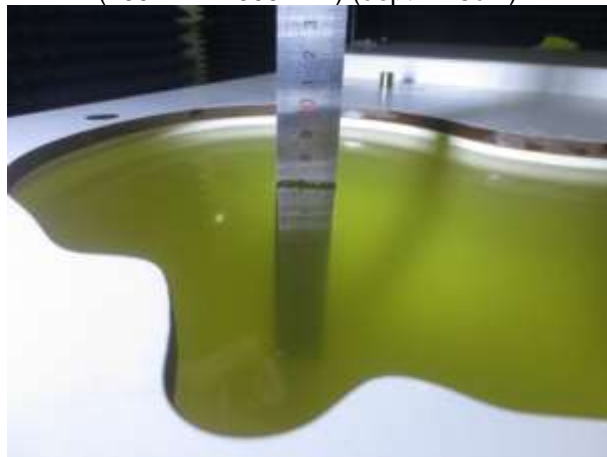


Fig. 9.3 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

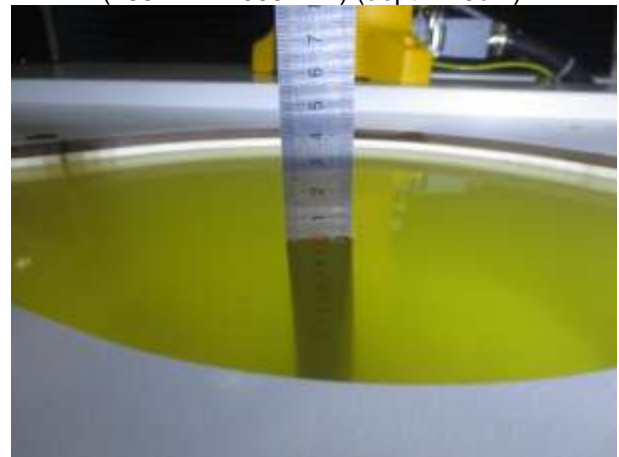


Fig. 9.4 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR (1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

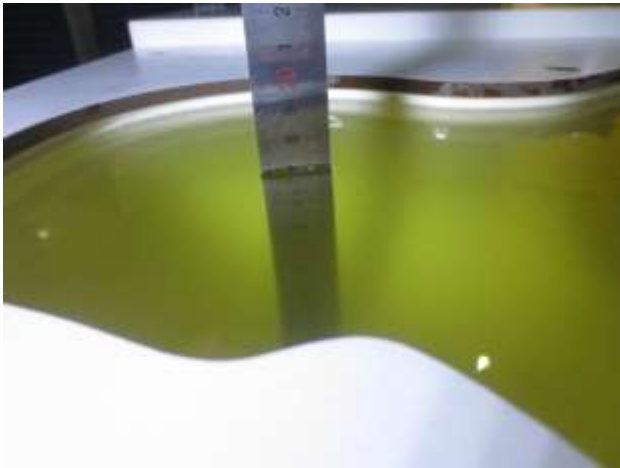


Fig. 9.5 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

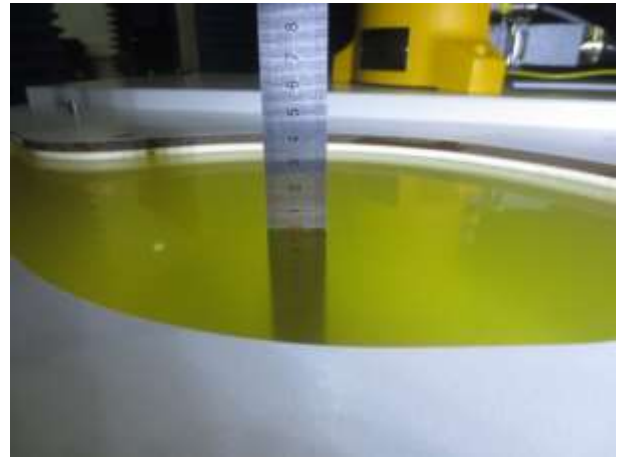


Fig. 9.6 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

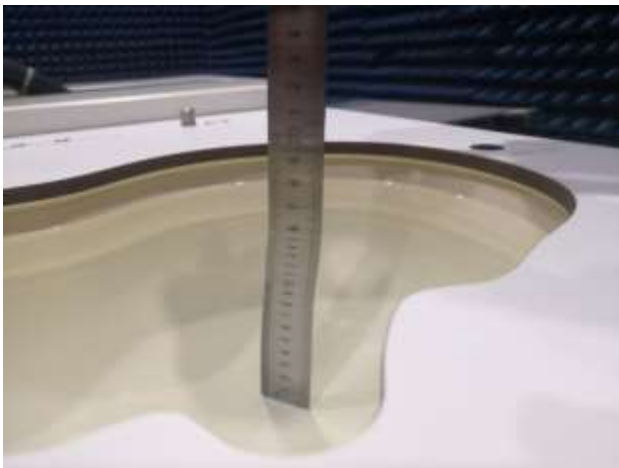


Fig. 9.7 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (5200MHz~5800MHz) (depth>15cm)



Fig. 9.8 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR (5200MHz~5800MHz) (depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head	
	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
915	41.5	0.98
1450	40.5	1.20
1610	40.3	1.29
1800-2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5800	35.3	5.27

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a SpeagDielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (ϵ_r)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
835	22.9	0.89	42.39	0.9	41.5	-1.11	2.14	±5	08.07.2020
1800	23.2	1.39	39.87	1.4	40.0	-0.71	-0.33	±5	08.12.2020
1900	23.2	1.41	39.53	1.4	40.0	0.71	-1.18	±5	08.12.2020
2450	23.0	1.82	39.68	1.8	39.2	1.11	1.22	±5	08.03.2020
2600	23.0	2.00	38.57	1.96	39.0	2.04	-1.10	±5	08.03.2020
5200	23.3	4.58	36.25	4.67	35.96	-1.93	0.81	±5	08.09.2020
5800	23.3	5.33	34.46	5.27	35.3	1.14	-2.38	±5	08.09.2020

10 SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

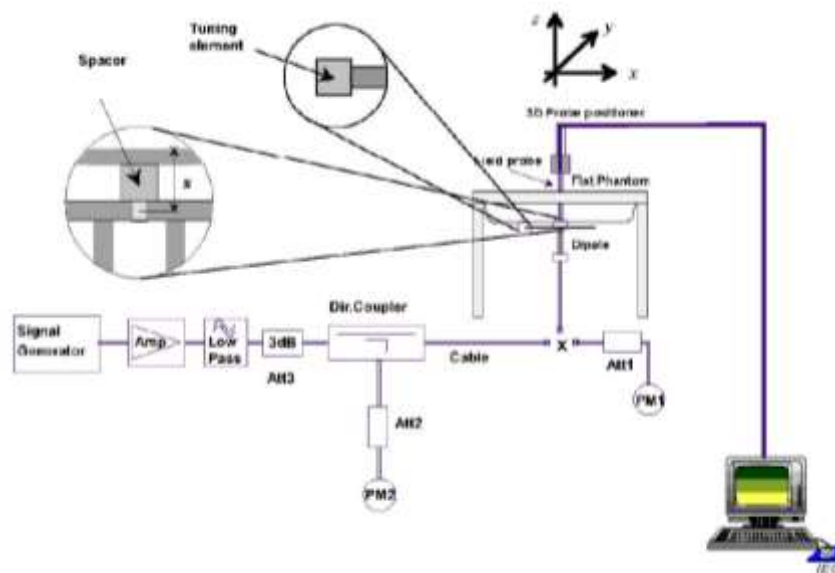


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup

➤ **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
08.07.2020	835	80	0.762	9.53	9.49	0.42
08.12.2020	1800	40	1.53	38.25	38.76	-1.32
08.12.2020	1900	40	1.61	40.25	39.4	2.16
08.03.2020	2450	40	2.12	53	52.6	0.76
08.03.2020	2600	40	2.18	54.5	56.3	-3.2
08.09.2020	5200	80	6.46	80.75	79.9	1.06
08.09.2020	5800	80	6.31	78.88	79.4	-0.65

11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

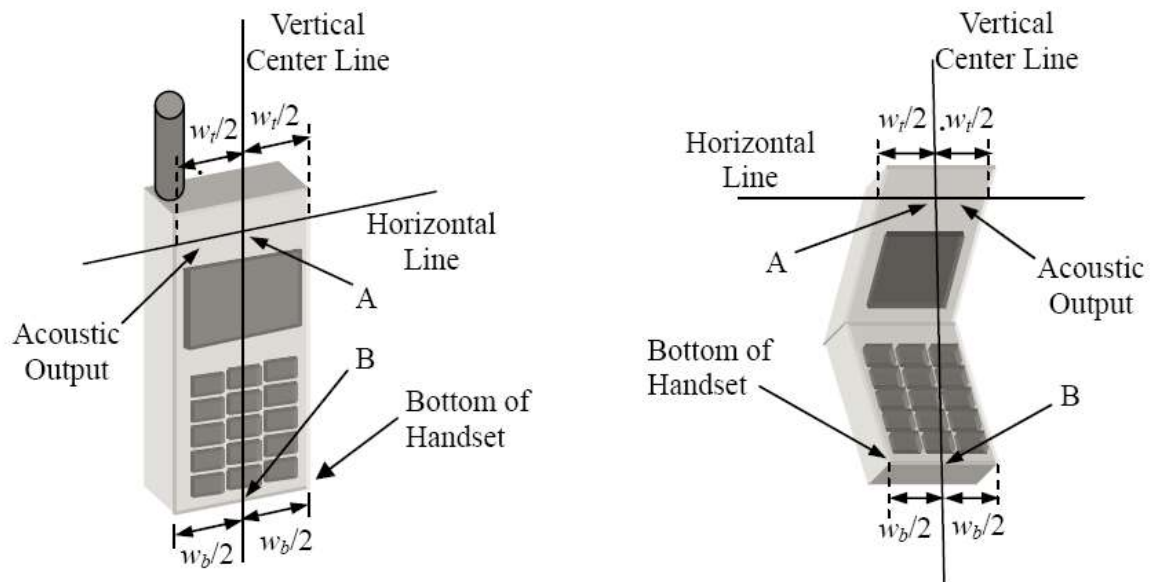


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

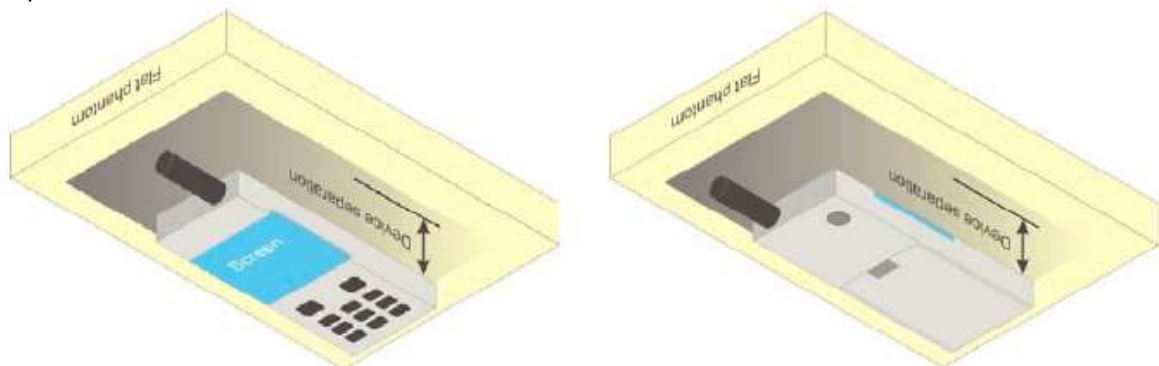


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

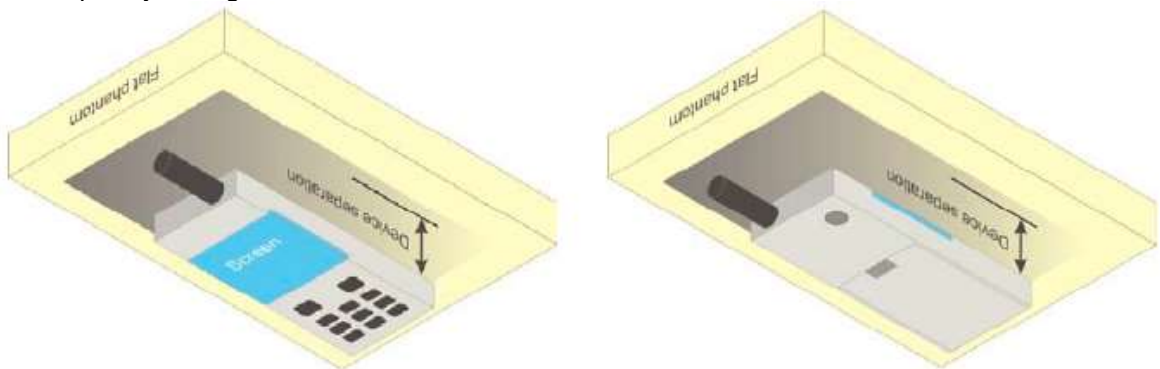


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details. * When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASYS, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASYS measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850 Channel	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.15	32.18	32.01	23.12	23.15	22.98
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.14	32.17	32.00	23.11	23.14	22.97
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	31.32	31.28	31.01	25.30	25.26	24.99
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	29.29	29.16	28.82	25.03	24.90	24.56
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	28.18	28.07	27.66	25.17	25.06	24.65
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	26.06	26.02	25.92	17.03	16.99	16.89
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	24.89	24.83	24.65	18.87	18.81	18.63
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	22.86	22.73	22.54	18.60	18.47	18.28
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	21.70	21.59	21.48	18.69	18.58	18.47

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

Band: PCS1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
	Channel	512	661	810	512	661
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	30.37	30.30	30.09	21.34	21.27	21.06
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	30.36	30.28	30.07	21.33	21.25	21.04
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	29.77	29.66	29.38	23.75	23.64	23.36
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	28.22	28.04	27.71	23.96	23.78	23.45
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	27.27	27.11	26.70	24.26	24.10	23.69
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	26.88	26.70	26.30	17.85	17.67	17.27
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	25.79	25.60	25.27	19.77	19.58	19.25
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	23.84	23.58	23.56	19.58	19.32	19.30
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	22.94	22.86	22.74	19.93	19.85	19.73

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice 1900 mode.
- For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15, \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.11	22.21	22.20
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.17	22.24	22.21
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.24	21.27	21.23
HSDPA Sub-test 2	20.72	20.85	20.13
HSDPA Sub-test 3	19.42	19.43	19.48
HSDPA Sub-test 4	19.41	19.46	19.44
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.77	20.81	20.79
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.13	21.22	21.19
HSUPA Sub-test 3	18.83	18.90	18.87
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.15	21.24	21.21
HSUPA Sub-test 5	19.72	19.79	19.80

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band IV		
Channel	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	21.84	21.63	21.38
RMC 12.2 kbps	21.91	21.71	21.47
HSDPA Sub-test 1	20.92	20.69	20.44
HSDPA Sub-test 2	20.61	20.40	20.12
HSDPA Sub-test 3	19.10	19.02	19.01
HSDPA Sub-test 4	19.13	18.96	18.70
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.69	20.38	20.22
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.05	20.82	20.58
HSUPA Sub-test 3	18.84	18.48	18.35
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.08	20.86	20.58
HSUPA Sub-test 5	19.66	19.47	19.18

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	21.82	21.65	21.40
RMC 12.2 kbps	21.84	21.67	21.43
HSDPA Sub-test 1	20.81	20.65	20.40
HSDPA Sub-test 2	20.50	20.36	20.15
HSDPA Sub-test 3	18.93	18.97	18.71
HSDPA Sub-test 4	18.97	18.91	18.71
HSUPA Sub-test 1	20.36	20.25	20.02
HSUPA Sub-test 2	20.78	20.62	20.37
HSUPA Sub-test 3	18.51	18.48	18.40
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.98	20.82	20.63
HSUPA Sub-test 5	19.52	19.39	19.16

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.⁸ When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.⁹

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

13.3.3 TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r03 and April 2013 TCB workshop slides, SAR must be tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- see 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- “special subframe S” contains both uplink and downlink transmissions and must be taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor
 - according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for Up PTS to determine the highest SAR test duty factor

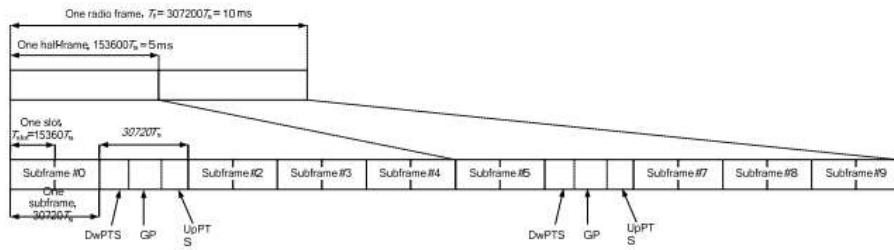


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity)

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$			$7680 \cdot T_s$		
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$20480 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-		
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-		

Per 3GPP 36.211 section 4.2, each radio frame of length $T_f=37200 \cdot T_s = 10$ ms consists of two half-frames of length $153600 \cdot T_s = 5$ ms each. Each half-frame consists of five subframes of length $30720 \cdot T_s = 1$ ms. So, the uplink duty factor in special subframe as below:

Special Subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink		Extended cyclic prefix in downlink	
	Duty factor of Uplink		Duty factor of Uplink	
	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
1	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
2	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
3	7.14%	8.33%	7.14%	8.33%
4	7.14%	8.33%	14.27%	16.67%
5	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
6	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
7	14.27%	16.67%	14.27%	16.67%
8	14.27%	16.67%	/	/
9	14.27%	16.67%	/	/

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

According to above table:

1. The highest duty factor is configuration 0;
2. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with normal cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.143\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=62.86\%$;
3. The duty factor of uplink in one half-frame with extended cyclic prefix is: $(3\text{ms} + 0.167\text{ms})/5\text{ms}=63.34\%$;
4. For purpose to get the worst case SAR test duty factor, the duty factor of normal cyclic prefix in uplink scaled-up to the extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the scaling factor is $63.34\%/62.86\%=1.008$, and the scaling factor will be taken into the final measured SAR.

LTE Band 2 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18607	18900	19193
					1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.11	22.48	21.56
			1	2	22.17	22.53	21.64
			1	5	22.09	22.49	21.63
			3	0	21.15	21.62	20.61
			3	1	21.12	21.59	20.61
			3	2	21.17	21.64	20.55
			6	0	21.12	21.23	20.69
		16QAM	1	0	21.06	21.64	20.30
			1	2	21.10	21.71	20.35
			1	5	21.01	21.66	20.39
			3	0	20.29	20.62	20.55
			3	1	20.27	20.61	20.54
			3	2	20.24	20.67	20.32
			6	0	20.16	20.55	20.25

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18615	18900	19185
					1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
Band 2	3	QPSK	1	0	21.86	22.41	21.31
			1	7	21.91	22.49	21.54
			1	14	21.82	22.37	21.56
			8	0	21.13	21.61	21.22
			8	4	21.10	21.63	21.23
			8	7	21.07	21.62	21.15
			15	0	21.03	21.55	21.29
		16QAM	1	0	21.17	21.56	20.14
			1	7	21.23	21.63	20.28
			1	14	21.11	21.56	20.26
			8	0	20.14	20.62	20.53
			8	4	20.13	20.61	20.66
			8	7	20.26	20.52	20.47
			15	0	20.03	20.41	20.39

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18625	18900	19175
					1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
Band 2	5	QPSK	1	0	22.21	22.70	21.37
			1	12	22.21	22.78	21.60
			1	24	22.08	22.71	21.61
			12	0	21.17	21.65	21.23
			12	6	21.55	21.93	21.16
			12	11	21.21	21.71	21.42
			25	0	21.25	21.55	21.00
		16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.81	20.66
			1	12	21.49	21.94	20.82
			1	24	21.30	21.81	20.81
			12	0	20.15	20.67	20.45
			12	6	20.19	20.67	20.63
			12	11	20.22	20.71	20.84
			25	0	20.46	20.66	20.41

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18650	18900	19150
					1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
Band 2	10	QPSK	1	0	22.18	22.67	21.32
			1	24	22.12	22.86	21.49
			1	49	22.13	22.71	21.66
			25	0	21.07	21.69	21.23
			25	12	21.12	21.71	21.16
			25	24	21.15	21.73	21.02
			50	0	21.23	21.44	20.96
		16QAM	1	0	21.38	21.52	20.58
			1	24	21.30	21.64	20.74
			1	49	21.28	21.52	20.81
			25	0	20.13	20.69	20.66
			25	12	20.18	20.70	20.45
			25	24	20.31	20.26	20.52
			50	0	20.26	20.13	20.21

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18675	18900	19125
					1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
Band 2	15	QPSK	1	0	22.21	22.62	21.47
			1	37	22.13	22.84	21.41
			1	74	22.19	22.61	21.67
			36	0	21.10	21.67	20.46
			36	16	21.11	21.71	20.84
			36	35	21.16	21.74	20.63
			75	0	21.03	21.44	20.59
		16QAM	1	0	21.38	21.62	20.69
			1	37	21.31	21.78	20.69
			1	74	21.37	21.56	20.82
			36	0	20.11	20.65	20.69
			36	16	20.65	20.81	20.54
			36	35	20.02	20.13	20.21
			75	0	20.65	20.03	20.33

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18700	18900	19100
					1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
Band 2	20	QPSK	1	0	22.26	22.43	21.68
			1	49	22.24	22.76	21.48
			1	99	22.47	22.42	21.67
			50	0	21.09	21.68	21.15
			50	24	21.28	21.73	21.23
			50	49	21.18	21.74	21.19
			100	0	21.16	21.52	21.34
		16QAM	1	0	21.07	21.24	20.82
			1	49	21.07	21.57	20.57
			1	99	21.26	21.16	20.70
			50	0	20.08	20.72	20.43
			50	24	20.24	20.75	20.63
			50	49	20.21	20.06	20.22
			100	0	20.23	20.05	20.16

LTE Band 4 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19957	20175	20393
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.88	22.74	21.74
			1	2	21.95	22.78	21.84
			1	5	21.88	22.70	21.78
			3	0	20.99	21.80	20.85
			3	1	20.95	21.75	20.86
			3	2	21.04	21.79	20.97
			6	0	21.12	21.23	21.52
		16QAM	1	0	20.76	21.70	20.90
			1	2	20.80	21.78	21.00
			1	5	20.79	21.66	20.97
			3	0	20.89	20.93	20.90
			3	1	20.94	20.92	20.94
			3	2	20.49	20.93	20.00
			6	0	20.45	20.35	20.12

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19965	20175	20385
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
Band 4	3	QPSK	1	0	21.67	22.62	21.54
			1	7	21.80	22.56	21.76
			1	14	21.74	22.41	21.74
			8	0	20.91	21.74	20.77
			8	4	21.00	21.69	20.85
			8	7	20.92	21.71	20.79
			15	0	20.53	21.41	20.29
		16QAM	1	0	21.01	21.76	20.47
			1	7	21.17	21.76	20.61
			1	14	21.11	21.60	20.61
			8	0	20.01	20.81	20.44
			8	4	20.06	20.78	20.68
			8	7	20.55	20.69	20.55
			15	0	20.31	20.26	20.45

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19975	20175	20375
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
Band 4	5	QPSK	1	0	21.95	22.94	21.72
			1	12	22.17	22.87	21.91
			1	24	22.18	22.62	21.86
			12	0	20.97	21.86	20.79
			12	6	21.15	21.73	20.89
			12	11	21.09	21.82	20.87
			25	0	21.23	21.52	20.84
		16QAM	1	0	21.28	22.16	21.02
			1	12	21.47	22.06	21.18
			1	24	21.51	21.85	21.16
			12	0	20.03	20.88	21.23
			12	6	20.21	20.76	21.15
			12	11	20.59	20.84	21.37
			25	0	20.45	20.63	20.49

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20000	20175	20350
					1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
Band 4	10	QPSK	1	0	22.04	22.93	21.83
			1	24	22.30	22.92	21.85
			1	49	22.63	22.50	21.92
			25	0	21.05	21.86	21.33
			25	12	21.44	21.67	21.26
			25	24	21.32	21.79	21.10
			50	0	21.23	21.54	20.65
		16QAM	1	0	21.18	21.91	21.15
			1	24	21.51	21.77	21.19
			1	49	21.77	21.31	21.27
			25	0	20.37	20.91	21.31
			25	12	20.57	20.73	21.25
			25	24	20.47	20.62	21.17
			50	0	20.46	20.29	21.34

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20025	20175	20325
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
Band 4	15	QPSK	1	0	22.05	22.94	22.07
			1	37	22.53	22.93	21.88
			1	74	22.90	22.29	21.95
			36	0	21.20	21.90	20.95
			36	16	21.72	21.54	20.83
			36	35	21.51	21.72	20.90
			75	0	21.06	21.25	20.63
		16QAM	1	0	21.25	22.09	21.40
			1	37	21.71	21.95	21.21
			1	74	22.09	21.30	21.23
			36	0	20.23	20.98	20.36
			36	16	20.82	20.60	20.45
			36	35	20.23	20.52	20.33
			75	0	20.39	20.66	20.19

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20050	20175	20300
					1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
Band 4	20	QPSK	1	0	22.08	22.89	22.46
			1	49	22.83	22.91	21.96
			1	99	22.97	22.09	21.93
			50	0	21.28	21.91	21.23
			50	24	21.95	21.51	20.93
			50	49	21.66	21.71	21.09
			100	0	21.26	21.55	21.07
		16QAM	1	0	20.91	21.69	21.65
			1	49	21.66	21.70	21.20
			1	99	21.80	20.83	21.15
			50	0	21.16	21.00	21.26
			50	24	21.01	21.79	21.34
			50	49	21.03	21.11	21.05
			100	0	20.59	20.56	21.29

LTE Band 5 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20407	20525	20643
					824.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
Band 5	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.79	22.92	22.41
			1	2	22.86	22.98	22.43
			1	5	22.83	22.89	22.36
			3	0	21.82	21.99	21.44
			3	1	21.82	21.96	21.39
			3	2	21.85	22.06	21.46
			6	0	21.63	21.89	21.23
		16QAM	1	0	21.69	22.04	21.24
			1	2	21.82	22.09	21.23
			1	5	21.75	22.04	21.20
			3	0	20.92	21.00	20.41
			3	1	20.97	20.98	20.35
			3	2	20.96	21.08	20.57
			6	0	20.68	20.45	20.35

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20415	20525	20635
					825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
Band 5	3	QPSK	1	0	22.54	22.83	22.33
			1	7	22.70	22.85	22.44
			1	14	22.68	22.77	22.31
			8	0	21.79	21.97	21.42
			8	4	21.85	21.99	21.43
			8	7	21.81	21.99	21.44
			15	0	21.53	21.47	21.25
		16QAM	1	0	21.79	21.96	21.18
			1	7	21.93	22.00	21.23
			1	14	21.93	21.93	21.11
			8	0	20.83	21.02	20.49
			8	4	20.93	21.05	20.48
			8	7	20.85	20.94	20.49
			15	0	20.46	20.35	20.48

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20425	20525	20625
					826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
Band 5	5	QPSK	1	0	22.91	23.03	22.68
			1	12	23.08	23.11	22.63
			1	24	23.06	22.94	22.50
			12	0	21.85	22.09	21.62
			12	6	22.05	22.08	21.51
			12	11	21.94	22.10	21.59
			25	0	21.26	21.93	21.26
		16QAM	1	0	21.96	22.27	21.90
			1	12	22.21	22.36	21.89
			1	24	22.20	22.23	21.74
			12	0	20.84	21.13	20.65
			12	6	21.06	21.17	20.53
			12	11	20.97	21.17	20.65
			25	0	20.15	21.12	20.63

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20450	20525	20600
					829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
Band 5	10	QPSK	1	0	22.82	23.14	22.89
			1	24	23.09	23.22	22.74
			1	49	23.16	22.98	22.51
			25	0	21.86	22.07	21.81
			25	12	21.96	22.06	21.62
			25	24	21.94	22.07	21.74
			50	0	21.06	21.79	21.63
		16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.95	22.09
			1	24	22.22	21.98	21.97
			1	49	22.26	21.78	21.77
			25	0	20.98	21.13	20.95
			25	12	21.04	21.11	20.74
			25	24	21.00	21.13	20.74
			50	0	21.13	21.06	20.66

LTE Band 7 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20775	21100	21425
					2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
Band 7	5	QPSK	1	0	21.64	21.42	21.10
			1	12	21.78	21.57	21.19
			1	24	21.75	21.63	21.18
			12	0	20.66	20.57	20.28
			12	6	20.73	20.64	20.26
			12	11	20.71	20.64	20.27
			25	0	20.23	20.33	20.21
		16QAM	1	0	20.93	20.71	20.41
			1	12	21.01	20.81	20.54
			1	24	21.00	20.85	20.52
			12	0	19.64	19.49	19.32
			12	6	19.73	19.59	19.32
			12	11	19.73	19.61	19.29
			25	0	19.23	19.55	19.32

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20800	21100	21400
					2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
Band 7	10	QPSK	1	0	21.72	21.37	21.15
			1	24	21.86	21.56	21.18
			1	49	21.74	21.65	21.28
			25	0	20.68	20.55	20.25
			25	12	20.74	20.72	20.24
			25	24	20.77	20.65	20.24
			50	0	20.13	20.22	20.34
		16QAM	1	0	20.52	20.65	20.37
			1	24	20.66	20.88	20.37
			1	49	20.59	20.98	20.46
			25	0	19.70	19.62	19.30
			25	12	19.73	19.78	19.25
			25	24	19.89	19.68	19.75
			50	0	19.41	19.06	19.22

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20825	21100	21375
					2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
Band 7	15	QPSK	1	0	21.72	21.40	21.29
			1	37	21.79	21.65	21.17
			1	74	21.59	21.79	21.24
			36	0	20.71	20.50	20.26
			36	16	20.72	20.72	20.20
			36	35	20.74	20.65	20.23
			75	0	20.66	20.45	20.19
		16QAM	1	0	20.82	20.45	20.62
			1	37	20.96	20.67	20.45
			1	74	20.76	20.81	20.56
			36	0	19.71	19.47	19.28
			36	16	19.71	19.70	19.23
			36	35	19.34	19.16	19.21
			75	0	19.20	19.24	19.26

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20850	21100	21350
					2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz
Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	21.66	21.42	21.30
			1	49	21.76	21.68	21.24
			1	99	21.33	21.79	21.23
			50	0	20.69	20.51	20.32
			50	24	20.77	20.75	20.15
			50	49	20.75	20.64	20.22
			100	0	20.74	20.61	20.13
		16QAM	1	0	19.84	19.23	19.38
			1	49	20.96	20.54	20.03
			1	99	20.56	20.69	20.07
			50	0	19.70	19.51	19.36
			50	24	19.76	19.69	19.20
			50	49	19.34	19.22	19.52
			100	0	19.05	19.13	19.33

LTE Band 38 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					37775	38000	38225
					2572.50MHz	2595.00MHz	2617.50MHz
Band 38	5	QPSK	1	0	21.25	21.27	21.12
			1	12	21.39	21.19	21.29
			1	24	21.38	21.02	21.27
			12	0	20.34	20.31	20.31
			12	6	20.39	20.17	20.38
			12	11	20.39	20.22	20.36
			25	0	20.19	20.11	20.43
		16QAM	1	0	20.69	20.52	20.49
			1	12	20.82	20.48	20.66
			1	24	20.82	20.29	20.69
			12	0	19.34	19.26	19.33
			12	6	19.40	19.14	19.41
			12	11	19.42	19.22	19.38
			25	0	19.34	19.21	19.16

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					378000	38000	38200
					2575.00MHz	2595.00MHz	2615.00MHz
Band 38	10	QPSK	1	0	21.28	21.42	20.98
			1	24	21.48	21.25	21.25
			1	49	21.57	20.94	21.40
			25	0	20.39	20.36	20.14
			25	12	20.59	20.08	20.27
			25	24	20.50	20.24	20.23
			50	0	20.13	20.43	20.26
		16QAM	1	0	20.66	20.50	19.97
			1	24	20.90	20.32	20.24
			1	49	21.01	20.04	20.37
			25	0	19.47	19.36	19.18
			25	12	19.67	19.13	19.31
			25	24	19.44	19.43	19.26
			50	0	19.03	19.26	19.47

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					37825	38000	38175
					2577.50MHz	2595.00MHz	2612.50MHz
Band 38	15	QPSK	1	0	21.28	21.55	20.90
			1	37	21.62	21.26	21.22
			1	74	21.64	20.92	21.42
			36	0	20.41	20.40	19.96
			36	16	20.67	20.06	20.21
			36	35	20.56	20.27	20.11
			75	0	20.26	20.14	20.26
		16QAM	1	0	20.72	20.66	19.99
			1	37	21.05	20.35	20.29
			1	74	21.04	20.00	20.51
			36	0	19.46	19.44	18.94
			36	16	19.71	19.08	19.24
			36	35	19.22	19.41	19.32
			75	0	19.26	19.43	19.27

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					37850	38000	38150
					2580.00MHz	2595.00MHz	2610.00MHz
Band 38	20	QPSK	1	0	21.27	21.55	20.81
			1	49	21.74	21.27	21.02
			1	99	21.49	20.84	21.30
			50	0	20.51	20.52	19.88
			50	24	20.66	20.09	20.14
			50	49	20.56	20.28	20.22
			100	0	20.26	20.16	20.32
		16QAM	1	0	20.32	20.30	20.10
			1	49	20.77	20.04	20.32
			1	99	20.50	19.59	20.56
			50	0	19.49	19.55	18.93
			50	24	19.63	19.14	19.20
			50	49	19.24	19.22	19.13
			100	0	19.23	19.22	19.24

LTE Band 41 part:

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40065	40355	40640	40750	41215
					2537.5MHz	2566.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2624.0MHz	2652.5MHz
Band 41	5	QPSK	1	0	21.61	21.46	21.32	21.08	20.93
			1	12	21.74	21.38	21.25	21.39	21.08
			1	24	21.68	21.32	21.12	21.02	21.18
			12	0	20.66	20.35	20.39	20.26	20.03
			12	6	20.79	20.26	20.29	20.18	20.20
			12	11	20.71	20.58	20.32	20.14	20.14
		16QAM	25	0	20.53	20.45	20.16	20.37	20.24
			1	0	20.88	20.55	20.69	20.19	20.36
			1	12	20.98	20.28	20.64	20.34	20.53
			1	24	20.94	20.53	20.39	20.22	20.56
			12	0	19.61	19.49	19.42	19.18	19.06
			12	6	19.80	19.65	19.31	19.36	19.14
			12	11	19.75	19.72	19.35	19.20	19.17
			25	0	19.24	19.47	19.23	19.33	19.21

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40090	40365	40640	40915	41190
					2540.0MHz	2567.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2622.5MHz	2650.0MHz
Band 41	10	QPSK	1	0	21.61	21.46	21.41	21.13	20.83
			1	24	21.76	21.50	21.29	21.35	21.02
			1	49	21.72	21.48	21.00	21.29	21.13
			25	0	20.64	20.61	20.37	20.09	19.98
			25	12	20.80	20.52	20.20	20.06	20.10
			25	24	20.74	20.49	20.28	20.05	20.03
		16QAM	50	0	20.16	20.42	20.43	20.22	20.32
			1	0	20.55	20.50	20.83	20.38	19.95
			1	24	20.72	20.33	20.67	20.15	20.11
			1	49	20.69	20.39	20.42	20.05	20.24
			25	0	19.63	19.41	19.49	19.20	19.02
			25	12	19.84	19.43	19.29	19.09	19.14
			25	24	19.22	19.53	19.43	19.11	19.13
			50	0	19.34	19.22	19.54	19.03	19.26

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40115	40375	40640	40900	41165
					2542.5MHz	2568.5MHz	2595.0MHz	2673.5MHz	2647.5MHz
Band 41	15	QPSK	1	0	21.67	21.42	21.56	21.18	20.95
			1	37	21.82	21.72	21.28	21.04	20.95
			1	74	21.64	21.68	20.93	21.35	21.13
			36	0	20.64	20.51	20.43	20.12	19.96
			36	16	20.77	20.48	20.13	20.04	20.02
			36	35	20.69	20.47	20.32	20.39	20.59
			75	0	20.34	20.59	20.16	20.21	20.46
		16QAM	1	0	20.70	20.80	20.97	20.42	20.06
			1	37	20.86	20.54	20.67	20.27	20.04
			1	74	20.73	20.49	20.34	20.08	20.23
			36	0	19.64	19.30	19.49	19.19	19.74
			36	16	19.76	19.52	19.15	19.34	19.58
			36	35	19.22	19.66	19.26	19.31	19.34
			75	0	19.34	19.28	19.35	19.26	19.33

LTE Band	Band width (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)				
					40140	40390	40640	40890	41140
					2545.0MHz	2570.0MHz	2595.0MHz	2620.0MHz	2645.0MHz
Band 41	20	QPSK	1	0	21.55	21.43	21.60	21.09	21.15
			1	49	21.74	21.48	21.32	21.15	20.93
			1	99	21.37	21.09	20.95	21.02	21.07
			50	0	20.53	20.36	20.57	20.23	20.16
			50	24	20.78	20.46	20.19	20.21	19.99
			50	49	20.66	20.54	20.33	20.05	20.05
			100	0	20.51	20.19	20.26	19.99	20.14
		16QAM	1	0	20.76	20.47	20.63	20.21	19.89
			1	49	20.99	20.62	20.34	20.08	19.69
			1	99	20.62	20.39	19.97	20.05	19.82
			50	0	19.58	19.17	19.49	19.20	19.19
			50	24	19.76	19.52	19.13	19.10	19.02
			50	49	19.23	19.45	19.22	19.06	19.16
			100	0	19.25	19.19	19.43	19.22	19.28

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 section 4.1, 6), the required test channels number is 5 for LTE Band 41.

13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)
CH 01	2412	16.58	15.06	14.27
CH 06	2437	16.67	15.32	14.72
CH 11	2462	16.55	14.90	14.45

Average Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11n (HT40)
CH 03	2422	14.95
CH 06	2437	14.84
CH 09	2452	14.53

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 06	2.437	17.0	50.12	5	15.64	3.0
g/CH 06	2.437	15.5	35.48	5	11.07	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 98.4%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.02

13.5 WLAN 5.2GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
		802.11 a	802.11 ac 20	802.11 n20
CH 36	5180	8.33	8.18	8.36
CH 40	5200	8.39	8.15	8.31
CH 48	5240	8.61	8.13	8.07

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	
		802.11 ac 40	802.11n 40
CH 38	5190	8.08	7.89
CH 46	5230	7.92	8.11

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		802.11ac 80
CH 42	5210	8.23

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
a/CH 48	5.240	9.0	7.94	5	3.64	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is not required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 98.6%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.01

13.6 WLAN 5.8GHz Band Conducted Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)		
		802.11 a	802.11 ac 20	802.11 n20
CH 149	5745	6.30	6.40	6.06
CH 157	5785	5.80	5.83	5.90
CH 165	5825	5.60	5.82	5.79

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	
		802.11 ac 40	802.11n 40
CH 151	5755	5.67	5.98
CH 159	5795	5.58	5.65

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
		802.11 ac 80
CH 155	5775	6.03

Note:

12. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
ac 20/CH 149	5.745	6.5	4.47	5	2.15	3.0

13. Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 a mode is not required.
14. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
15. The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
16. Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 97.7%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.02

13.7 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Peak Power (dBm)(Bluetooth)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 01	2402	8.14	8.05	8.02
CH 39	2441	8.23	7.86	7.77
CH 78	2480	8.58	8.05	8.17

Peak Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	BLE
CH 00	2402	-4.19
CH 20	2442	-3.80
CH 39	2480	-5.14

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\left[\frac{\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}}{\text{min. test separation distance, mm}} \right] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0$$
 for 1-g SAR, where
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 78	2.480	9.0	7.94	5	2.49	3.0

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

14 Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

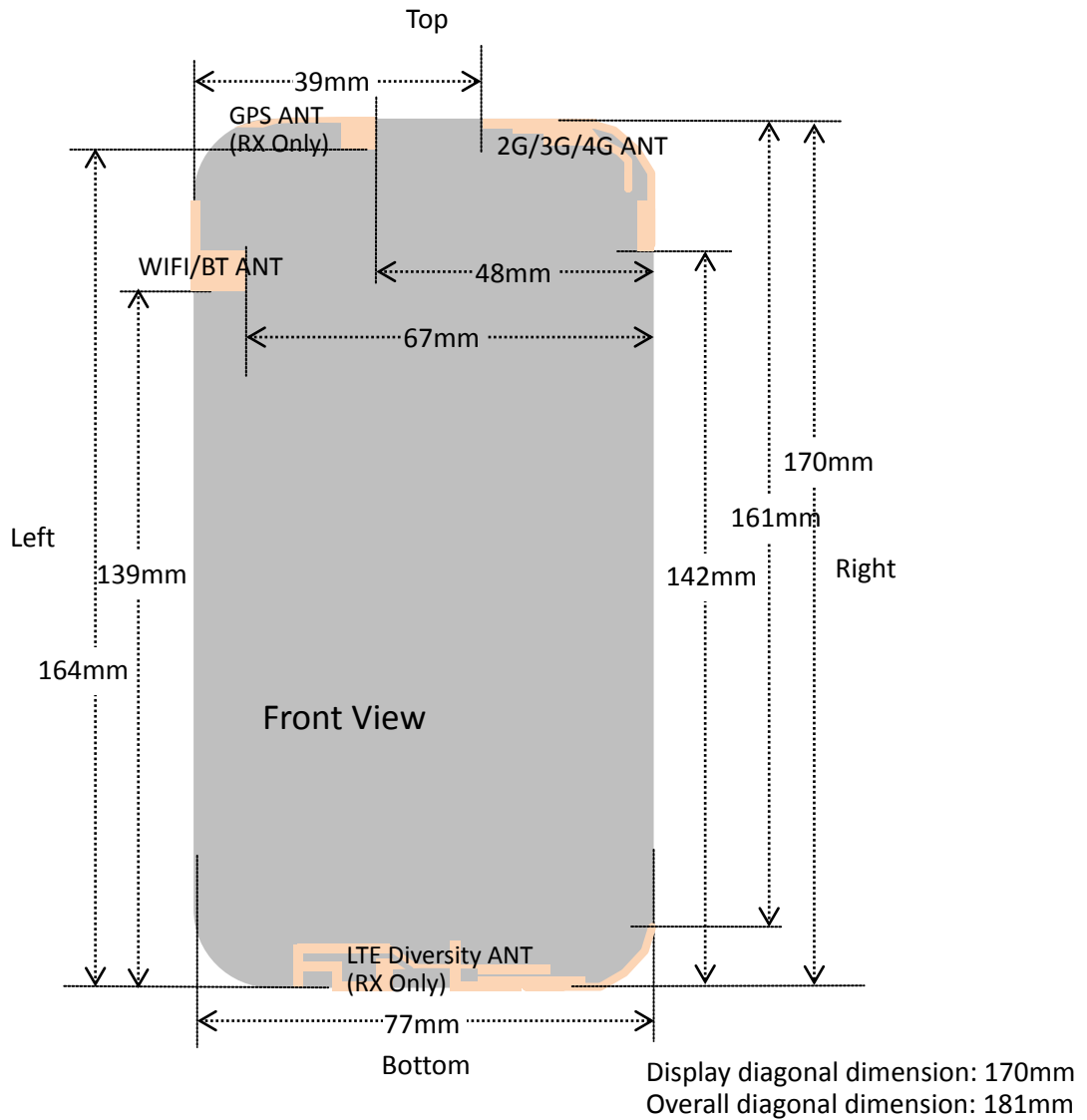


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	142mm	<25mm	39mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	139mm	67mm	<25mm

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} * 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.

15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

➤ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1q} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	190	836.6	32.18	0.05	32.5	0.117	1.076	0.126
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	190	836.6	32.18	0.02	32.5	0.156	1.076	0.168
	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	190	836.6	32.18	-0.09	32.5	0.271	1.076	0.292
1	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	190	836.6	32.18	-0.04	32.5	0.295	1.076	0.317
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	30.37	-0.08	30.5	0.155	1.030	0.160
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	30.37	0.03	30.5	0.212	1.030	0.218
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	30.37	0.11	30.5	0.290	1.030	0.299
2	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	30.37	0.20	30.5	0.421	1.030	0.434
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT										
Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1q} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4183	836.6	22.24	-0.01	22.5	0.251	1.062	0.267
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4183	836.6	22.24	0.03	22.5	0.284	1.062	0.302
	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4183	836.6	22.24	0.01	22.5	0.344	1.062	0.365
3	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4183	836.6	22.24	0.25	22.5	0.373	1.062	0.396
	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.07	22.0	0.305	1.021	0.311
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.12	22.0	0.338	1.021	0.345
	Band IV/RMC	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	21.91	-0.01	22.0	0.676	1.021	0.690
4	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.01	22.0	0.814	1.021	0.831
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.05	22.0	0.809	1.021	0.826
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	21.67	0.01	22.0	0.731	1.079	0.789
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	21.43	-0.03	21.5	0.653	1.016	0.663
	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.84	-0.04	22.0	0.331	1.038	0.344
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.07	22.0	0.475	1.038	0.493
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.19	22.0	0.709	1.038	0.736
5	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.27	22.0	0.890	1.038	0.924
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.09	22.0	0.884	1.038	0.918
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9400	1880.0	21.67	0.34	22.0	0.878	1.079	0.947
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	21.43	0.07	21.5	0.766	1.016	0.778
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT										
Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1q} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1q} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Right Cheek	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.05	23.0	0.409	1.057	0.432
	Band2/RB#49	Right Tilted	18900	1880.0	22.76	-0.07	23.0	0.556	1.057	0.588
	Band2/RB#49	Left Cheek	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.06	23.0	0.724	1.057	0.765
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.05	23.0	1.01	1.057	1.068
6	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.24	0.24	22.5	1.05	1.062	1.115
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.24	0.18	22.5	1.02	1.062	1.083
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	19100	1900.0	21.48	0.12	21.5	0.933	1.005	0.938
	Band4/RB#99	Right Cheek	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.06	23.0	0.452	1.007	0.455
	Band4/RB#99	Right Tilted	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.05	23.0	0.478	1.007	0.481
	Band4/RB#99	Left Cheek	20050	1720.0	22.97	-0.04	23.0	0.775	1.007	0.780
7	Band4/RB#99	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	22.97	-0.07	23.0	0.878	1.007	0.884

	Band4/RB#99	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	22.97	-0.03	23.0	0.875	1.007	0.881
	Band4/RB#99	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.09	0.02	22.5	0.829	1.099	0.911
	Band4/RB#99	Left Tilted	20300	1745.0	21.93	0.08	22.0	0.796	1.016	0.809
	Band7/RB#99	Right Cheek	21100	2535.0	21.79	0.18	22.0	0.271	1.050	0.285
	Band7/RB#99	Right Tilted	21100	2535.0	21.79	0.08	22.0	0.237	1.050	0.249
8	Band7/RB#99	Left Cheek	21100	2535.0	21.79	0.10	22.0	0.737	1.050	0.774
	Band7/RB#99	Left Tilted	21100	2535.0	21.79	0.04	22.0	0.588	1.050	0.617
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.22	0.04	23.5	0.162	1.067	0.173
	Band5/RB#24	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.22	0.09	23.5	0.204	1.067	0.218
	Band5/RB#24	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.22	0.13	23.5	0.399	1.067	0.426
9	Band5/RB#24	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.22	0.08	23.5	0.431	1.067	0.460
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RBHead SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#49	Right Cheek	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.02	22.0	0.248	1.062	1.03	0.271
	Band38/RB#49	Right Tilted	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.07	22.0	0.193	1.062	1.03	0.211
10	Band38/RB#49	Left Cheek	37850	2580.0	21.74	-0.08	22.0	0.400	1.062	1.03	0.438
	Band38/RB#49	Left Tilted	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.03	22.0	0.307	1.062	1.03	0.336
	Band41/RB#49	Right Cheek	40140	2545.0	21.74	-0.13	22.0	0.169	1.062	1.03	0.185
	Band41/RB#49	Right Tilted	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.09	22.0	0.114	1.062	1.03	0.125
11	Band41/RB#49	Left Cheek	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.24	22.0	0.384	1.062	1.03	0.420
	Band41/RB#49	Left Tilted	40140	2545.0	21.74	-0.06	22.0	0.307	1.062	1.03	0.336
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Right Cheek	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.09	22.0	0.364	1.062	0.387
	Band2/RB#49	Right Tilted	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.03	22.0	0.417	1.062	0.443
	Band2/RB#49	Left Cheek	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.11	22.0	0.621	1.062	0.660
12	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.02	22.0	0.990	1.062	1.051
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.06	22.0	0.983	1.062	1.044
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	21.18	-0.07	21.5	0.835	1.076	0.898
	Band2/RB#49	Left Tilted	19100	1900.0	21.19	0.01	21.5	0.802	1.074	0.861
	Band4/RB#24	Right Cheek	20050	1720.0	21.95	-0.13	22.0	0.295	1.012	0.299
	Band4/RB#24	Right Tilted	20050	1720.0	21.95	-0.09	22.0	0.388	1.012	0.393
	Band4/RB#24	Left Cheek	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.11	22.0	0.674	1.012	0.682
13	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	21.95	-0.08	22.0	0.911	1.012	0.922
	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.05	22.0	0.908	1.012	0.919
	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.51	0.00	22.0	0.826	1.119	0.924
	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20300	1745.0	20.93	-0.01	21.0	0.771	1.016	0.783
	Band7/RB#24	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	20.77	-0.06	21.0	0.531	1.054	0.560
	Band7/RB#24	Right Tilted	20850	2510.0	20.77	-0.10	21.0	0.422	1.054	0.445
	Band7/RB#24	Left Cheek	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.02	21.0	0.849	1.054	0.895

	Band7/RB#24	Left Cheek	21100	2535.0	20.75	-0.09	21.0	0.923	1.059	0.977
14	Band7/RB#24	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	20.15	0.06	20.5	0.951	1.084	1.031
	Band7/RB#24	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	20.15	0.02	20.5	0.947	1.084	1.027
	Band7/RB#24	Left Tilted	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.05	21.0	0.719	1.054	0.758
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.07	0.02	22.5	0.182	1.104	0.201
	Band5/RB#0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.07	0.09	22.5	0.268	1.104	0.296
	Band5/RB#0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.07	0.01	22.5	0.351	1.104	0.388
15	Band5/RB#0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.07	0.03	22.5	0.433	1.104	0.478
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RBHead SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#24	Right Cheek	37850	2580.0	20.66	0.03	21.0	0.188	1.081	1.008	0.205
	Band38/RB#24	Right Tilted	37850	2580.0	20.66	0.07	21.0	0.117	1.081	1.008	0.127
16	Band38/RB#24	Left Cheek	37850	2580.0	20.66	0.04	21.0	0.328	1.081	1.008	0.357
	Band38/RB#24	Left Tilted	37850	2580.0	20.66	-0.01	21.0	0.275	1.081	1.008	0.300
	Band41/RB#24	Right Cheek	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.06	21.0	0.209	1.052	1.008	0.222
	Band41/RB#24	Right Tilted	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.09	21.0	0.124	1.052	1.008	0.131
17	Band41/RB#24	Left Cheek	40140	2545.0	20.78	0.05	21.0	0.318	1.052	1.008	0.337
	Band41/RB#24	Left Tilted	40140	2545.0	20.78	0.02	21.0	0.251	1.052	1.008	0.266
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 100%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
18	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	21.52	0.01	22.0	0.796	1.117	0.889
	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	21.16	0.03	21.5	0.736	1.081	0.796
	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	19100	1900.0	21.34	0.06	21.5	0.685	1.038	0.711
19	Band4/RB#0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.55	0.06	22.0	0.697	1.109	0.773
20	Band7/RB#0	Left Cheek	20850	2510.0	20.74	0.10	21.0	0.764	1.062	0.811
	Band7/RB#0	Left Cheek	21100	2535.0	20.61	0.13	21.0	0.626	1.094	0.685
	Band7/RB#0	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	20.13	0.05	20.5	0.691	1.089	0.752
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
21	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	06	2437	16.67	0.02	17.0	0.182	1.079	1.02	0.200
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	06	2437	16.67	0.17	17.0	0.092	1.079	1.02	0.101
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	06	2437	16.67	0.17	17.0	0.058	1.079	1.02	0.064
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	06	2437	16.67	-0.24	17.0	0.044	1.079	1.02	0.048
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				

Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Averaged over 1g
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➤ WLAN 5 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
22	5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Cheek	48	5240	8.61	-0.22	9.0	0.228	1.094	1.01	0.252
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Right Tilted	48	5240	8.61	0.27	9.0	0.059	1.094	1.01	0.065
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Cheek	48	5240	8.61	-0.13	9.0	0.014	1.094	1.01	0.015
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left Tilted	48	5240	8.61	0.00	9.0	0.017	1.094	1.01	0.019
23	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Right Cheek	149	5745	6.40	-0.08	6.5	0.279	1.023	1.02	0.291
	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Right Tilted	149	5745	6.40	0.13	6.5	0.078	1.023	1.02	0.081
	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Left Cheek	149	5745	6.40	-0.10	6.5	0.052	1.023	1.02	0.054
	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Left Tilted	149	5745	6.40	-0.08	6.5	0.026	1.023	1.02	0.027
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS, when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 35.48mW(15.5dBm) and 50.12mW(17.0dBm), the scaled SAR would be $0.200 \times (35.48/50.12) = 0.142 \text{ W/Kg} < 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
	GSM850/Voice	Front	190	836.6	32.18	-0.01	32.5	0.086	1.076	0.093	
24	GSM850/Voice	Back	190	836.6	32.18	-0.05	32.5	0.108	1.076	0.116	
	GSM1900/Voice	Front	512	1850.2	30.37	0.12	30.5	0.100	1.030	0.103	
25	GSM1900/Voice	Back	512	1850.2	30.37	-0.02	30.5	0.183	1.030	0.188	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	
	Band V/RMC	Front	4183	836.6	22.24	0.01	22.5	0.117	1.062	0.124	
26	Band V/RMC	Back	4183	836.6	22.24	0.07	22.5	0.160	1.062	0.170	
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.02	22.0	0.151	1.021	0.154	
27	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.21	22.0	0.204	1.021	0.208	
	Band II/RMC	Front	9262	1852.4	21.84	-0.17	22.0	0.193	1.038	0.200	
28	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.17	22.0	0.360	1.038	0.374	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Front	18900	1880.0	22.76	-0.07	23.0	0.267	1.057	0.282
29	Band2/RB#49	Back	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.02	23.0	0.408	1.057	0.431
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.05	23.0	0.129	1.007	0.130
30	Band4/RB#49	Back	20050	1720.0	22.97	-0.04	23.0	0.313	1.007	0.315
	Band7/RB#99	Front	21100	2535.0	21.79	-0.37	22.0	0.294	1.050	0.309
31	Band7/RB#99	Back	21100	2535.0	21.79	-0.19	22.0	0.468	1.050	0.491
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	23.22	-0.06	23.5	0.130	1.067	0.139
32	Band5/RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	23.22	0.01	23.5	0.171	1.067	0.182
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RBBody SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#49	Front	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.07	22.0	0.153	1.062	1.008	0.164
33	Band38/RB#49	Back	37850	2580.0	21.74	-0.03	22.0	0.213	1.062	1.008	0.228
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.10	22.0	0.156	1.062	1.008	0.167
34	Band41/RB#49	Back	40140	2545.0	21.74	-0.10	22.0	0.222	1.062	1.008	0.238
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RBBody SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Front	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.09	22.0	0.134	1.062	0.142
35	Band2/RB#49	Back	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.13	22.0	0.376	1.062	0.399
	Band4/RB#24	Front	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.01	22.0	0.108	1.012	0.109
36	Band4/RB#24	Back	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.06	22.0	0.318	1.012	0.322
	Band7/RB#24	Front	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.08	21.0	0.291	1.054	0.307
37	Band7/RB#24	Back	20850	2510.0	20.77	-0.05	21.0	0.505	1.054	0.532
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RBBody SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Front	20525	836.5	22.07	0.07	22.5	0.086	1.104	0.095
38	Band5/RB#0	Back	20525	836.5	22.07	0.04	22.5	0.172	1.104	0.190
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RBBody SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#24	Front	37850	2580.0	20.66	-0.19	21.0	0.096	1.081	1.008	0.105
39	Band38/RB#24	Back	37850	2580.0	20.66	-0.34	21.0	0.168	1.081	1.008	0.183
	Band41/RB#24	Front	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.11	21.0	0.103	1.052	1.008	0.109
40	Band41/RB#24	Back	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.18	21.0	0.177	1.052	1.008	0.188
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	16.67	-0.10	17.0	0.062	1.079	1.02	0.068
41	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	16.67	0.17	17.0	0.096	1.079	1.02	0.106
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 5 GHz Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Front	48	5240	8.61	0.00	9.0	0.020	1.094	1.01	0.022
42	5.2GHz/802.11a	Back	48	5240	8.61	0.00	9.0	0.118	1.094	1.01	0.130
	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Front	149	5745	6.40	0.17	6.5	0.072	1.023	1.02	0.075
43	5.8GHz/802.11ac20	Back	149	5745	6.40	0.00	6.5	0.224	1.023	1.02	0.234
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Averaged over 1g				

Note:

1. Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
2. Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
7. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
9. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

> GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	128	824.2	31.32	-0.07	31.5	0.132	1.042	0.138
	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	128	824.2	31.32	0.06	31.5	0.173	1.042	0.180
	GPRS850/2 slots	Right	128	824.2	31.32	0.03	31.5	0.103	1.042	0.107
44	GPRS850/2 slots	Top	128	824.2	31.32	-0.13	31.5	0.182	1.042	0.190
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Front	661	1880.0	27.27	-0.20	27.5	0.170	1.054	0.179
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	661	1880.0	27.27	0.02	27.5	0.301	1.054	0.317
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Right	661	1880.0	27.27	0.09	27.5	0.137	1.054	0.144
45	GPRS1900/4 slots	Top	661	1880.0	27.27	-0.33	27.5	0.363	1.054	0.383
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

> WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4183	836.6	22.24	0.01	22.5	0.117	1.062	0.124
26	Band V/RMC	Back	4183	836.6	22.24	0.07	22.5	0.160	1.062	0.170
	Band V/RMC	Right	4183	836.6	22.24	0.02	22.5	0.092	1.062	0.098
	Band V/RMC	Top	4183	836.6	22.24	-0.11	22.5	0.158	1.062	0.168
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.02	22.0	0.151	1.021	0.154
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.21	22.0	0.204	1.021	0.208
	Band IV/RMC	Right	1312	1712.4	21.91	0.09	22.0	0.106	1.021	0.108
46	Band IV/RMC	Top	1312	1712.4	21.91	-0.14	22.0	0.349	1.021	0.356
	Band II/RMC	Front	9262	1852.4	21.84	-0.17	22.0	0.193	1.038	0.200
	Band II/RMC	Back	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.17	22.0	0.360	1.038	0.374
	Band II/RMC	Right	9262	1852.4	21.84	0.01	22.0	0.148	1.038	0.154
47	Band II/RMC	Top	9262	1852.4	21.84	-0.08	22.0	0.404	1.038	0.419
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

> LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Front	18900	1880.0	22.76	-0.07	23.0	0.267	1.057	0.282
	Band2/RB#49	Back	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.02	23.0	0.408	1.057	0.431
	Band2/RB#49	Right	18900	1880.0	22.76	0.06	23.0	0.172	1.057	0.182
48	Band2/RB#49	Top	18900	1880.0	22.76	-0.17	23.0	0.477	1.057	0.504
	Band4/RB#49	Front	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.05	23.0	0.129	1.007	0.130
	Band4/RB#49	Back	20050	1720.0	22.97	-0.04	23.0	0.313	1.007	0.315
	Band4/RB#49	Right	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.01	23.0	0.135	1.007	0.136
49	Band4/RB#49	Top	20050	1720.0	22.97	0.06	23.0	0.421	1.007	0.424
	Band7/RB#99	Front	21100	2535.0	21.79	-0.37	22.0	0.294	1.050	0.309
31	Band7/RB#99	Back	21100	2535.0	21.79	-0.19	22.0	0.468	1.050	0.491
	Band7/RB#99	Right	21100	2535.0	21.79	0.11	22.0	0.159	1.050	0.167
	Band7/RB#99	Top	21100	2535.0	21.79	-0.33	22.0	0.311	1.050	0.327
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	23.22	-0.06	23.5	0.130	1.067	0.139
32	Band5/RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	23.22	0.01	23.5	0.171	1.067	0.182
	Band5/RB#24	Right	20525	836.5	23.22	0.09	23.5	0.086	1.067	0.092
	Band5/RB#24	Top	20525	836.5	23.22	0.04	23.5	0.156	1.067	0.166
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#49	Front	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.07	22.0	0.153	1.062	1.008	0.164
33	Band38/RB#49	Back	37850	2580.0	21.74	-0.03	22.0	0.213	1.062	1.008	0.228
	Band38/RB#49	Right	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.02	22.0	0.116	1.062	1.008	0.124
	Band38/RB#49	Top	37850	2580.0	21.74	0.09	22.0	0.173	1.062	1.008	0.185
	Band41/RB#49	Front	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.10	22.0	0.156	1.062	1.008	0.167
34	Band41/RB#49	Back	40140	2545.0	21.74	-0.10	22.0	0.222	1.062	1.008	0.238
	Band41/RB#49	Right	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.04	22.0	0.108	1.062	1.008	0.116
	Band41/RB#49	Top	40140	2545.0	21.74	0.07	22.0	0.197	1.062	1.008	0.211
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#49	Front	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.09	22.0	0.134	1.062	0.142
	Band2/RB#49	Back	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.13	22.0	0.376	1.062	0.399
	Band2/RB#49	Right	18900	1880.0	21.74	0.01	22.0	0.139	1.062	0.148
50	Band2/RB#49	Top	18900	1880.0	21.74	-0.13	22.0	0.465	1.062	0.494
	Band4/RB#24	Front	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.01	22.0	0.108	1.012	0.109
	Band4/RB#24	Back	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.06	22.0	0.318	1.012	0.322
	Band4/RB#24	Right	20050	1720.0	21.95	0.07	22.0	0.102	1.012	0.103
51	Band4/RB#24	Top	20050	1720.0	21.95	-0.00	22.0	0.430	1.012	0.435
	Band7/RB#24	Front	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.08	21.0	0.291	1.054	0.307
37	Band7/RB#24	Back	20850	2510.0	20.77	-0.05	21.0	0.505	1.054	0.532
	Band7/RB#24	Right	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.03	21.0	0.141	1.054	0.149
	Band7/RB#24	Top	20850	2510.0	20.77	0.09	21.0	0.314	1.054	0.331
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#0	Front	20525	836.5	22.07	0.07	22.5	0.086	1.104	0.095
38	Band5/RB#0	Back	20525	836.5	22.07	0.04	22.5	0.172	1.104	0.190
	Band5/RB#0	Right	20525	836.5	22.07	0.01	22.5	0.101	1.104	0.112
	Band5/RB#0	Top	20525	836.5	22.07	0.05	22.5	0.145	1.104	0.160
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ TDD-LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RBBBody SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band38/RB#24	Front	37850	2580.0	20.66	-0.19	21.0	0.096	1.081	1.008	0.105
39	Band38/RB#24	Back	37850	2580.0	20.66	-0.34	21.0	0.168	1.081	1.008	0.183
	Band38/RB#24	Right	37850	2580.0	20.66	0.09	21.0	0.075	1.081	1.008	0.082
	Band38/RB#24	Top	37850	2580.0	20.66	0.13	21.0	0.132	1.081	1.008	0.144
	Band41/RB#24	Front	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.11	21.0	0.103	1.052	1.008	0.109
40	Band41/RB#24	Back	40140	2545.0	20.78	-0.18	21.0	0.177	1.052	1.008	0.188
	Band41/RB#24	Right	40140	2545.0	20.78	0.10	21.0	0.088	1.052	1.008	0.093
	Band41/RB#24	Top	40140	2545.0	20.78	0.07	21.0	0.129	1.052	1.008	0.137
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	06	2437	16.67	-0.10	17.0	0.062	1.079	1.02	0.068
41	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	06	2437	16.67	0.17	17.0	0.096	1.079	1.02	0.106
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	06	2437	16.67	0.08	17.0	0.014	1.079	1.02	0.015
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	06	2437	16.67	-0.05	17.0	0.025	1.079	1.02	0.028
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

➤ WLAN 5GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Front	48	5240	8.61	0.00	9.0	0.020	1.094	1.01	0.022
42	5.2GHz/802.11a	Back	48	5240	8.61	0.00	9.0	0.118	1.094	1.01	0.130
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Left	48	5240	8.61	0.05	9.0	0.007	1.094	1.01	0.008
	5.2GHz/802.11a	Top	48	5240	8.61	0.12	9.0	0.010	1.094	1.01	0.011
	5.8GHz/802.11 ac20	Front	149	5745	6.40	0.17	6.5	0.072	1.023	1.02	0.075
43	5.8GHz/802.11 ac20	Back	149	5745	6.40	0.00	6.5	0.224	1.023	1.02	0.234
	5.8GHz/802.11 ac20	Left	149	5745	6.40	0.04	6.5	0.015	1.023	1.02	0.016
	5.8GHz/802.11 ac20	Top	149	5745	6.40	0.02	6.5	0.082	1.023	1.02	0.086
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
- For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluate on can be excluded.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8W/kg.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.4 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)				
				Original	1 st Repeated		2 nd Repeated	
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	0.814	0.809	1.01	/	/
Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	0.890	0.884	1.01	/	/
Band2/1RB#49	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	1.05	1.02	1.03	/	/
Band2/50%RB#49	Left Tilted	18900	1880.0	0.990	0.983	1.01	/	/
Band4/1RB#99	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	0.878	0.875	1	/	/
Band4/50%RB#24	Left Tilted	20050	1720.0	0.911	0.908	1	/	/
Band7/50%/RB#24	Left Cheek	21350	2560.0	0.951	0.947	1	/	/
Band7/100%RB#0	Left Cheek	20850	2510.0	0.764	0.762	1	/	/
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population				1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8W/kg$
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45W/kg$, only one repeated measurement is required.

15.5 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
		Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	9.0	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.332	0.166	0.166

Note:

- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

➤ Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + WLAN 2.4 GHz/5.2GHz/5.8GHz
WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth		

Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band, WLAN 5.2GHz Band, WLAN 5.8GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

15.6 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

➤ Head Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.126	0.200	0.326	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.126	0.332	0.458
	Right Tilted	0.168	0.101	0.269		Right Tilted	0.168	0.332	0.500
	Left Cheek	0.292	0.064	0.356		Left Cheek	0.292	0.332	0.624
	Left Tilted	0.317	0.048	0.365		Left Tilted	0.317	0.332	0.649

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.160	0.200	0.360	GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.160	0.332	0.492
	Right Tilted	0.218	0.101	0.319		Right Tilted	0.218	0.332	0.550
	Left Cheek	0.299	0.064	0.363		Left Cheek	0.299	0.332	0.631
	Left Tilted	0.434	0.048	0.482		Left Tilted	0.434	0.332	0.766

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.267	0.200	0.467	WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.267	0.332	0.599
	Right Tilted	0.302	0.101	0.403		Right Tilted	0.302	0.332	0.634
	Left Cheek	0.365	0.064	0.429		Left Cheek	0.365	0.332	0.697
	Left Tilted	0.396	0.048	0.444		Left Tilted	0.396	0.332	0.728

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.311	0.200	0.511	WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.311	0.332	0.643
	Right Tilted	0.345	0.101	0.446		Right Tilted	0.345	0.332	0.677
	Left Cheek	0.690	0.064	0.754		Left Cheek	0.690	0.332	1.022
	Left Tilted	0.831	0.048	0.879		Left Tilted	0.831	0.332	1.163

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.344	0.200	0.544	WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.344	0.332	0.676
	Right Tilted	0.493	0.101	0.594		Right Tilted	0.493	0.332	0.825
	Left Cheek	0.736	0.064	0.800		Left Cheek	0.736	0.332	1.068
	Left Tilted	0.947	0.048	0.995		Left Tilted	0.947	0.332	1.279

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.432	0.200	0.632	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.432	0.332	0.764
	Right Tilted	0.588	0.101	0.689		Right Tilted	0.588	0.332	0.920

	Left Cheek	0.765	0.064	0.829			Left Cheek	0.765	0.332	1.097
	Left Tilted	1.115	0.048	1.163			Left Tilted	1.115	0.332	1.447

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.455	0.200	0.655		LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.455	0.332	0.787
	Right Tilted	0.481	0.101	0.582			Right Tilted	0.481	0.332	0.813
	Left Cheek	0.780	0.064	0.844			Left Cheek	0.780	0.332	1.112
	Left Tilted	0.924	0.048	0.972			Left Tilted	0.924	0.332	1.256

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.201	0.200	0.401		LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.201	0.332	0.533
	Right Tilted	0.296	0.101	0.397			Right Tilted	0.296	0.332	0.628
	Left Cheek	0.426	0.064	0.490			Left Cheek	0.426	0.332	0.758
	Left Tilted	0.478	0.048	0.526			Left Tilted	0.478	0.332	0.810

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.560	0.200	0.760		LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.560	0.332	0.892
	Right Tilted	0.445	0.101	0.546			Right Tilted	0.445	0.332	0.777
	Left Cheek	1.031	0.064	1.095			Left Cheek	1.031	0.332	1.363
	Left Tilted	0.758	0.048	0.806			Left Tilted	0.758	0.332	1.090

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.271	0.200	0.471		LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.271	0.332	0.603
	Right Tilted	0.211	0.101	0.312			Right Tilted	0.211	0.332	0.543
	Left Cheek	0.438	0.064	0.502			Left Cheek	0.438	0.332	0.770
	Left Tilted	0.336	0.048	0.384			Left Tilted	0.336	0.332	0.668

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.222	0.200	0.422		LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.222	0.332	0.554
	Right Tilted	0.131	0.101	0.232			Right Tilted	0.131	0.332	0.463
	Left Cheek	0.420	0.064	0.484			Left Cheek	0.420	0.332	0.752
	Left Tilted	0.336	0.048	0.384			Left Tilted	0.336	0.332	0.668

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.126	0.252	0.378	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.126	0.291	0.417
	Right Tilted	0.168	0.065	0.233		Right Tilted	0.168	0.081	0.249
	Left Cheek	0.292	0.015	0.307		Left Cheek	0.292	0.054	0.346
	Left Tilted	0.317	0.019	0.336		Left Tilted	0.317	0.027	0.344

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.160	0.252	0.412	GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.160	0.291	0.451
	Right Tilted	0.218	0.065	0.283		Right Tilted	0.218	0.081	0.299
	Left Cheek	0.299	0.015	0.314		Left Cheek	0.299	0.054	0.353
	Left Tilted	0.434	0.019	0.453		Left Tilted	0.434	0.027	0.461

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.267	0.252	0.519	WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.267	0.291	0.558
	Right Tilted	0.302	0.065	0.367		Right Tilted	0.302	0.081	0.383
	Left Cheek	0.365	0.015	0.380		Left Cheek	0.365	0.054	0.419
	Left Tilted	0.396	0.019	0.415		Left Tilted	0.396	0.027	0.423

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.311	0.252	0.563	WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.311	0.291	0.602
	Right Tilted	0.345	0.065	0.410		Right Tilted	0.345	0.081	0.426
	Left Cheek	0.690	0.015	0.705		Left Cheek	0.690	0.054	0.744
	Left Tilted	0.831	0.019	0.850		Left Tilted	0.831	0.027	0.858

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.344	0.252	0.596	WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.344	0.291	0.635
	Right Tilted	0.493	0.065	0.558		Right Tilted	0.493	0.081	0.574
	Left Cheek	0.736	0.015	0.751		Left Cheek	0.736	0.054	0.790
	Left Tilted	0.947	0.019	0.966		Left Tilted	0.947	0.027	0.974

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.432	0.252	0.684	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.432	0.291	0.723
	Right Tilted	0.588	0.065	0.653		Right Tilted	0.588	0.081	0.669
	Left Cheek	0.765	0.015	0.780		Left Cheek	0.765	0.054	0.819
	Left Tilted	1.115	0.019	1.134		Left Tilted	1.115	0.027	1.142

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.455	0.252	0.707	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.455	0.291	0.746
	Right Tilted	0.481	0.065	0.546		Right Tilted	0.481	0.081	0.562
	Left Cheek	0.780	0.015	0.795		Left Cheek	0.780	0.054	0.834
	Left Tilted	0.924	0.019	0.943		Left Tilted	0.924	0.027	0.951

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.201	0.252	0.453	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.201	0.291	0.492
	Right Tilted	0.296	0.065	0.361		Right Tilted	0.296	0.081	0.377
	Left Cheek	0.426	0.015	0.441		Left Cheek	0.426	0.054	0.480
	Left Tilted	0.478	0.019	0.497		Left Tilted	0.478	0.027	0.505

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.560	0.252	0.812	LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.560	0.291	0.851
	Right Tilted	0.445	0.065	0.510		Right Tilted	0.445	0.081	0.526
	Left Cheek	1.031	0.015	1.046		Left Cheek	1.031	0.054	1.085
	Left Tilted	0.758	0.019	0.777		Left Tilted	0.758	0.027	0.785

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.271	0.252	0.523	LTE Band 38	Right Cheek	0.271	0.291	0.562
	Right Tilted	0.211	0.065	0.276		Right Tilted	0.211	0.081	0.292
	Left Cheek	0.438	0.015	0.453		Left Cheek	0.438	0.054	0.492
	Left Tilted	0.336	0.019	0.355		Left Tilted	0.336	0.027	0.363

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.222	0.252	0.474	LTE Band 41	Right Cheek	0.222	0.291	0.513
	Right Tilted	0.131	0.065	0.196		Right Tilted	0.131	0.081	0.212
	Left Cheek	0.420	0.015	0.435		Left Cheek	0.420	0.054	0.474
	Left Tilted	0.336	0.019	0.355		Left Tilted	0.336	0.027	0.363

> **Body worn Simultaneous Transmission**

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.093	0.068	0.161	GSM850	Front	0.093	0.166	0.259
	Back	0.116	0.106	0.222		Back	0.116	0.166	0.282

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.103	0.068	0.171	GSM 1900	Front	0.103	0.166	0.269
	Back	0.188	0.106	0.294		Back	0.188	0.166	0.354

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.068	0.192	WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.166	0.290
	Back	0.170	0.106	0.276		Back	0.170	0.166	0.336

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.068	0.222	WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.166	0.320
	Back	0.208	0.106	0.314		Back	0.208	0.166	0.374

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.068	0.268	WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.166	0.366
	Back	0.374	0.106	0.480		Back	0.374	0.166	0.540

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.068	0.350	LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.166	0.448
	Back	0.431	0.106	0.537		Back	0.431	0.166	0.597

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.068	0.198	LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.166	0.296
	Back	0.322	0.106	0.428		Back	0.322	0.166	0.488

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.068	0.207	LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.166	0.305
	Back	0.190	0.106	0.296		Back	0.190	0.166	0.356

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.068	0.377	LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.166	0.475
	Back	0.532	0.106	0.638		Back	0.532	0.166	0.698

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.068	0.232	LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.166	0.330
	Back	0.228	0.106	0.334		Back	0.228	0.166	0.394

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.068	0.235	LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.166	0.333
	Back	0.238	0.106	0.344		Back	0.238	0.166	0.404

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.093	0.022	0.115	GSM850	Front	0.093	0.075	0.168
	Back	0.116	0.130	0.246		Back	0.116	0.234	0.350

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.103	0.022	0.125	GSM 1900	Front	0.103	0.075	0.178
	Back	0.188	0.130	0.318		Back	0.188	0.234	0.422

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.022	0.146	WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.075	0.199
	Back	0.170	0.130	0.300		Back	0.170	0.234	0.404

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.022	0.176	WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.075	0.229
	Back	0.208	0.130	0.338		Back	0.208	0.234	0.442

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Front	0.200	0.022	0.222	WCDMA	Front	0.200	0.075	0.275

Band II	Back	0.374	0.130	0.504		Band II	Back	0.374	0.234	0.608
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WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.022	0.304		LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.075	0.357
	Back	0.431	0.130	0.561			Back	0.431	0.234	0.665

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.022	0.152		LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.075	0.205
	Back	0.322	0.130	0.452			Back	0.322	0.234	0.556

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.022	0.161		LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.075	0.214
	Back	0.190	0.130	0.320			Back	0.190	0.234	0.424

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.022	0.331		LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.075	0.384
	Back	0.532	0.130	0.662			Back	0.532	0.234	0.766

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.022	0.186		LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.075	0.239
	Back	0.228	0.130	0.358			Back	0.228	0.234	0.462

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.022	0.189		LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.075	0.242
	Back	0.238	0.130	0.368			Back	0.238	0.234	0.472

➤ Hotspot mode Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.138	0.068	0.206		GSM850	Front	0.138	0.166	0.304
	Back	0.180	0.106	0.286			Back	0.180	0.166	0.346
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.107	/	0.107			Right	0.107	/	0.107
	Top	0.190	0.028	0.218			Top	0.190	0.166	0.356
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.179	0.068	0.247		GSM 1900	Front	0.179	0.166	0.345
	Back	0.317	0.106	0.423			Back	0.317	0.166	0.483
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.144	/	0.144			Right	0.144	/	0.144
	Top	0.383	0.028	0.411			Top	0.383	0.166	0.549
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.068	0.192		WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.166	0.290
	Back	0.170	0.106	0.276			Back	0.170	0.166	0.336
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.098	/	0.098			Right	0.098	/	0.098
	Top	0.168	0.028	0.196			Top	0.168	0.166	0.334
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.068	0.222		WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.166	0.320
	Back	0.208	0.106	0.314			Back	0.208	0.166	0.374
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.108	/	0.108			Right	0.108	/	0.108
	Top	0.356	0.028	0.384			Top	0.356	0.166	0.522
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.068	0.268		WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.166	0.366
	Back	0.374	0.106	0.480			Back	0.374	0.166	0.540
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166

	Right	0.154	/	0.154			Right	0.154	/	0.154
	Top	0.419	0.028	0.447			Top	0.419	0.166	0.585
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.068	0.350		LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.166	0.448
	Back	0.431	0.106	0.537			Back	0.431	0.166	0.597
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.182	/	0.182			Right	0.182	/	0.182
	Top	0.504	0.028	0.532			Top	0.504	0.166	0.670
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.068	0.198		LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.166	0.296
	Back	0.322	0.106	0.428			Back	0.322	0.166	0.488
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.136	/	0.136			Right	0.136	/	0.136
	Top	0.435	0.028	0.463			Top	0.435	0.166	0.601
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.068	0.207		LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.166	0.305
	Back	0.190	0.106	0.296			Back	0.190	0.166	0.356
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.112	/	0.112			Right	0.112	/	0.112
	Top	0.166	0.028	0.194			Top	0.166	0.166	0.332
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.068	0.377		LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.166	0.475
	Back	0.532	0.106	0.638			Back	0.532	0.166	0.698
	Left	/	0.015	0.015			Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.167	/	0.167			Right	0.167	/	0.167
	Top	0.331	0.028	0.359			Top	0.331	0.166	0.497
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
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LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.068	0.232	LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.166	0.330
	Back	0.228	0.106	0.334		Back	0.228	0.166	0.394
	Left	/	0.015	0.015		Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.124	/	0.124		Right	0.124	/	0.124
	Top	0.185	0.028	0.213		Top	0.185	0.166	0.351
	Bottom	/	/	/		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.068	0.235	LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.166	0.333
	Back	0.238	0.106	0.344		Back	0.238	0.166	0.404
	Left	/	0.015	0.015		Left	/	0.166	0.166
	Right	0.116	/	0.116		Right	0.116	/	0.116
	Top	0.211	0.028	0.239		Top	0.211	0.166	0.377
	Bottom	/	/	/		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.138	0.022	0.160	GSM850	Front	0.138	0.075	0.213
	Back	0.180	0.130	0.310		Back	0.180	0.234	0.414
	Left	/	0.008	0.008		Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.107	/	0.107		Right	0.107	/	0.107
	Top	0.190	0.011	0.201		Top	0.190	0.086	0.276
	Bottom	/	/	/		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.179	0.022	0.201	GSM 1900	Front	0.179	0.075	0.254
	Back	0.317	0.130	0.447		Back	0.317	0.234	0.551
	Left	/	0.008	0.008		Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.144	/	0.144		Right	0.144	/	0.144
	Top	0.383	0.011	0.394		Top	0.383	0.086	0.469
	Bottom	/	/	/		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)	WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.022	0.146	WCDMA Band V	Front	0.124	0.075	0.199
	Back	0.170	0.130	0.300		Back	0.170	0.234	0.404
	Left	/	0.008	0.008		Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.098	/	0.098		Right	0.098	/	0.098
	Top	0.168	0.011	0.179		Top	0.168	0.086	0.254
	Bottom	/	/	/		Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.022	0.176		WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.154	0.075	0.229
	Back	0.208	0.130	0.338			Back	0.208	0.234	0.442
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.108	/	0.108			Right	0.108	/	0.108
	Top	0.356	0.011	0.367			Top	0.356	0.086	0.442
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.022	0.222		WCDMA Band II	Front	0.200	0.075	0.275
	Back	0.374	0.130	0.504			Back	0.374	0.234	0.608
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.154	/	0.154			Right	0.154	/	0.154
	Top	0.419	0.011	0.430			Top	0.419	0.086	0.505
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.022	0.304		LTE Band 2	Front	0.282	0.075	0.357
	Back	0.431	0.130	0.561			Back	0.431	0.234	0.665
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.182	/	0.182			Right	0.182	/	0.182
	Top	0.504	0.011	0.515			Top	0.504	0.086	0.590
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.022	0.152		LTE Band 4	Front	0.130	0.075	0.205
	Back	0.322	0.130	0.452			Back	0.322	0.234	0.556
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.136	/	0.136			Right	0.136	/	0.136
	Top	0.435	0.011	0.446			Top	0.435	0.086	0.521
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.022	0.161		LTE Band 5	Front	0.139	0.075	0.214
	Back	0.190	0.130	0.320			Back	0.190	0.234	0.424
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016

	Right	0.112	/	0.112			Right	0.112	/	0.112
	Top	0.166	0.011	0.177			Top	0.166	0.086	0.252
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.022	0.331		LTE Band 7	Front	0.309	0.075	0.384
	Back	0.532	0.130	0.662			Back	0.532	0.234	0.766
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.167	/	0.167			Right	0.167	/	0.167
	Top	0.331	0.011	0.342			Top	0.331	0.086	0.417
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.022	0.186		LTE Band 38	Front	0.164	0.075	0.239
	Back	0.228	0.130	0.358			Back	0.228	0.234	0.462
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.124	/	0.124			Right	0.124	/	0.124
	Top	0.185	0.011	0.196			Top	0.185	0.086	0.271
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.2GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	5.8GHz WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.022	0.189		LTE Band 41	Front	0.167	0.075	0.242
	Back	0.238	0.130	0.368			Back	0.238	0.234	0.472
	Left	/	0.008	0.008			Left	/	0.016	0.016
	Right	0.116	/	0.116			Right	0.116	/	0.116
	Top	0.211	0.011	0.222			Top	0.211	0.086	0.297
	Bottom	/	/	/			Bottom	/	/	/

➤ **Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion**

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

15.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	1/k(b)	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Uncertainty Component	Section	Uncert. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(C _i) (1 g)	(C _i) (10 g)	Std. Unc. (1 g)	Std. Unc. (10 g)	V _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	±7.4%	N	1	1	1	±7.4%	±7.4%	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	±1.2%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±0.49%	±0.49%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	±0.9%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±0.36%	±0.36%	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	±0.9%	R	√3	1	1	±0.52%	±0.52%	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	±0.25%	R	√3	1	1	±0.14%	±0.14%	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.46%	±0.46%	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerances	E.6.2	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.23%	±0.23%	∞
Probe positioning tolerance with respect to the phantom shell surface	E.6.3	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.68%	±1.68%	∞
Interpolation, extrapolation, and integration algorithm For max. SAR Evaluation.	E.5	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	±4.6%	N	1	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	M-1
Device Holder	E.4.1	±5.2%	N	1	1	1	±5.2%	±5.2%	M-1
Power Drift	6.6.2	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.89%	±2.89%	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.31%	±2.31%	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.33%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.6%	±2.6%	M
Liquid dielectric constant (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.25%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.75%	±0.85%	M
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.3%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±0.59%	±0.53%	∞
Liquid Dielectric Constant - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.1%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.15%	±0.17%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (RSS)							±11.56%	±11.50%	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Level, k = 2)							±23.11%	±23.0%	

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2013

15.8 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

16 Reference

- [1]. FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”
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- [5]. FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS”, October 2015
- [6]. FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “RF EXPOSURE PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT AUTHORIZATION POLICIES FOR MOBILE AND PORTABLE DEVICES”, October 2015
- [7]. FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR WIRELESS HANDSETS”, October 2015
- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES”, October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES”, Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS /EDGE”, December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, “SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES”, October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, “SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz”, August 2015

Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 08:10:02

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN: 4d154

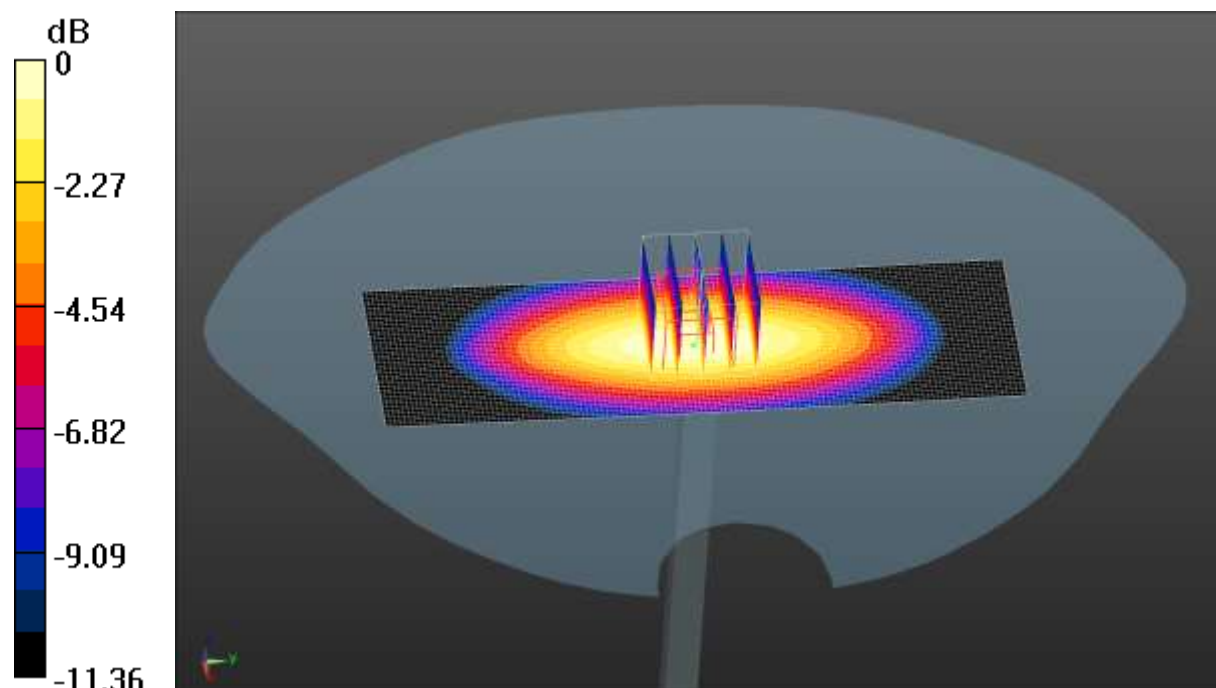
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
 Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 33.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.762 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 08:09:52

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID1800; Serial: SN:09/15 DIP IG800-360

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.874$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

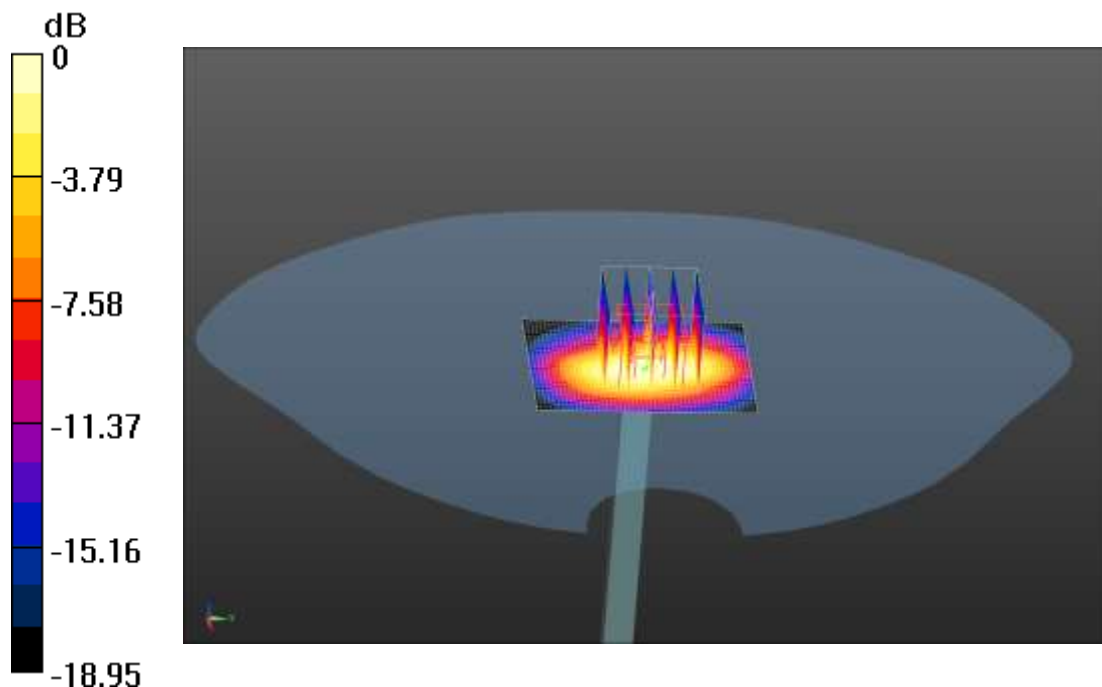
- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 39.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.53 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.795 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.26 W/kg



0 dB = 2.26 W/kg = 3.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 08:28:59

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

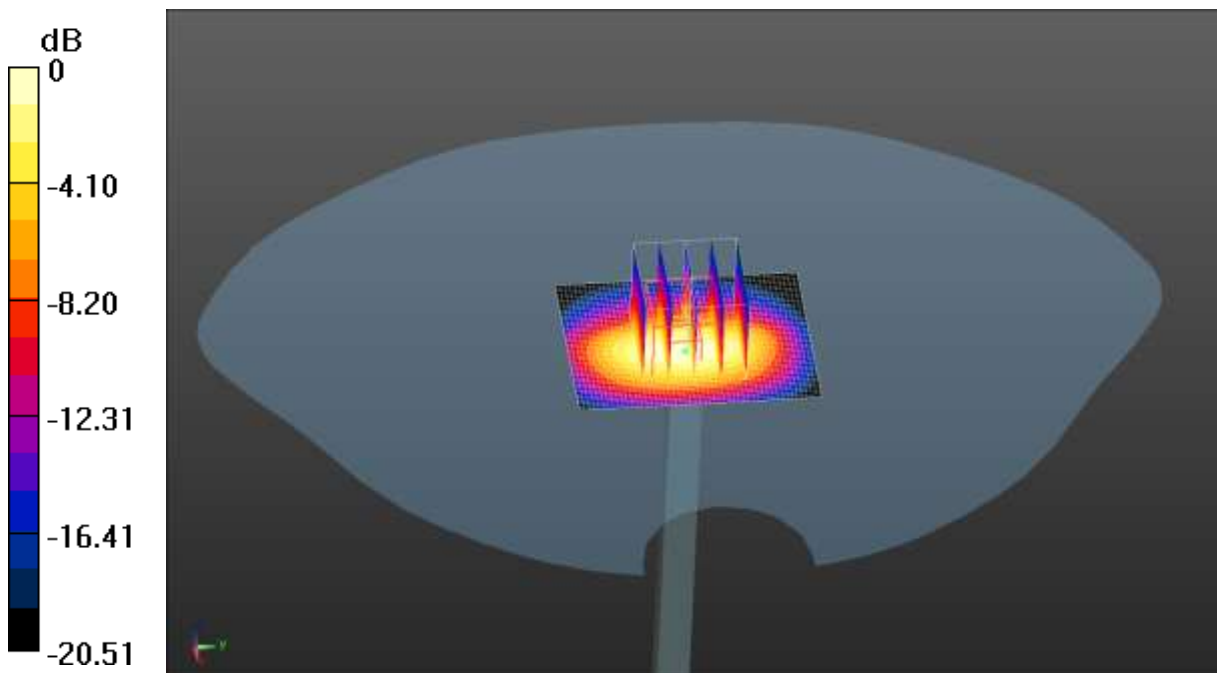
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.412 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.528$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
 Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 40.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.817 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg



0 dB = 2.42 W/kg = 3.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 08:27:56

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN:910

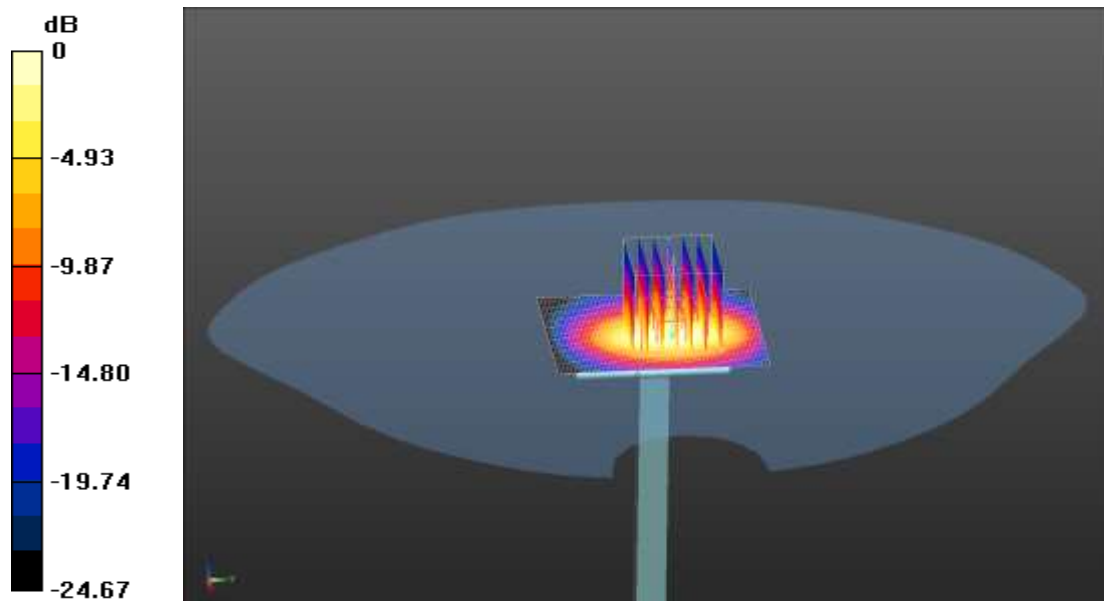
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.821 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.682$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.46 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 39.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.991 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.34 W/kg = 5.24 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 08:05:38

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.001 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.569$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

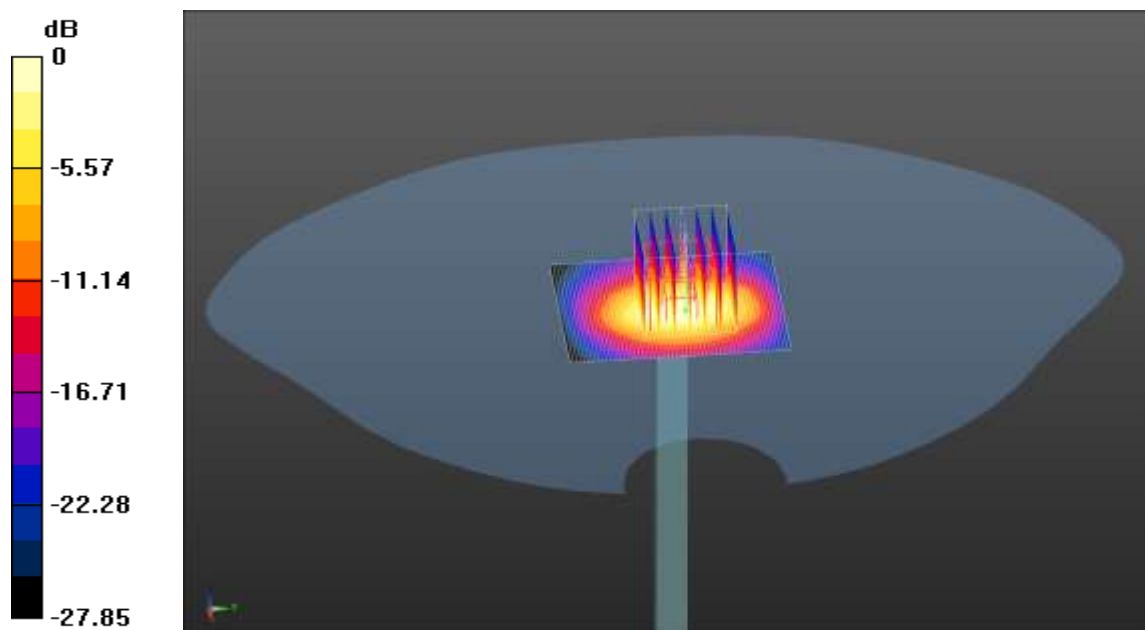
- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 43.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.987 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.89 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.52 W/kg



0 dB = 3.52 W/kg = 5.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 08:39:43

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN:1182

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.575$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.251$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 5GHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 5GHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (8x8x7) (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

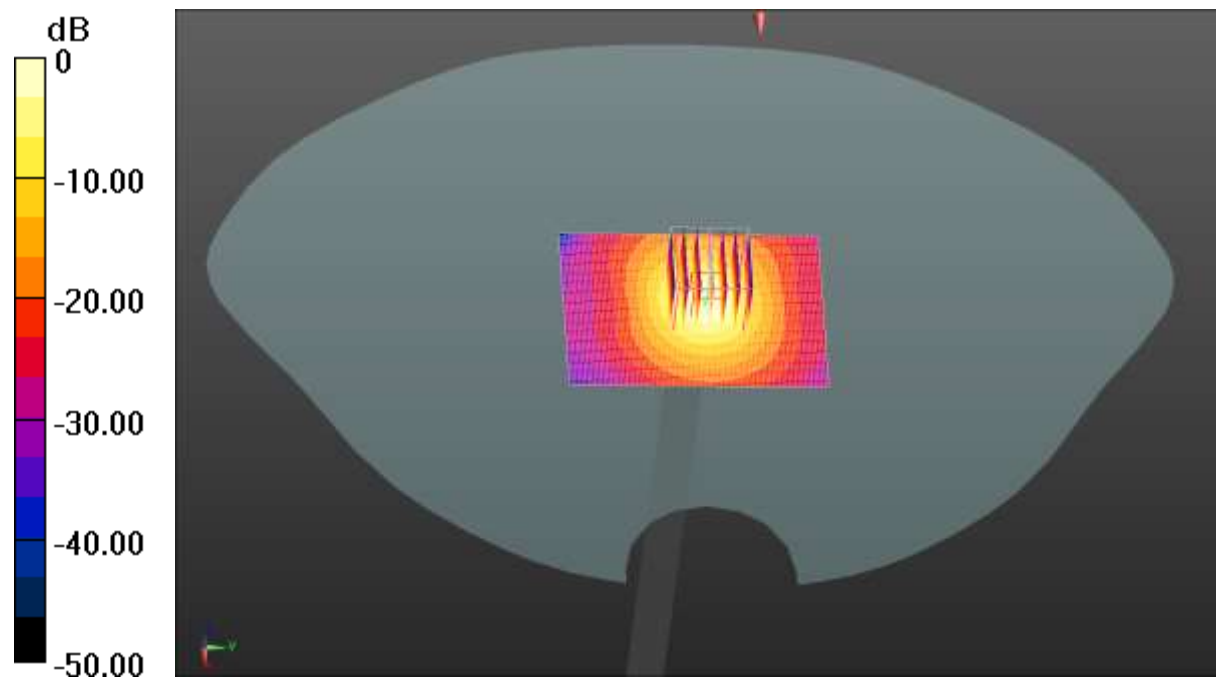
Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 47.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 6.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



0 dB = 15.3 W/kg = 11.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 08:12:56

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: SN:1182

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.327 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.455$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

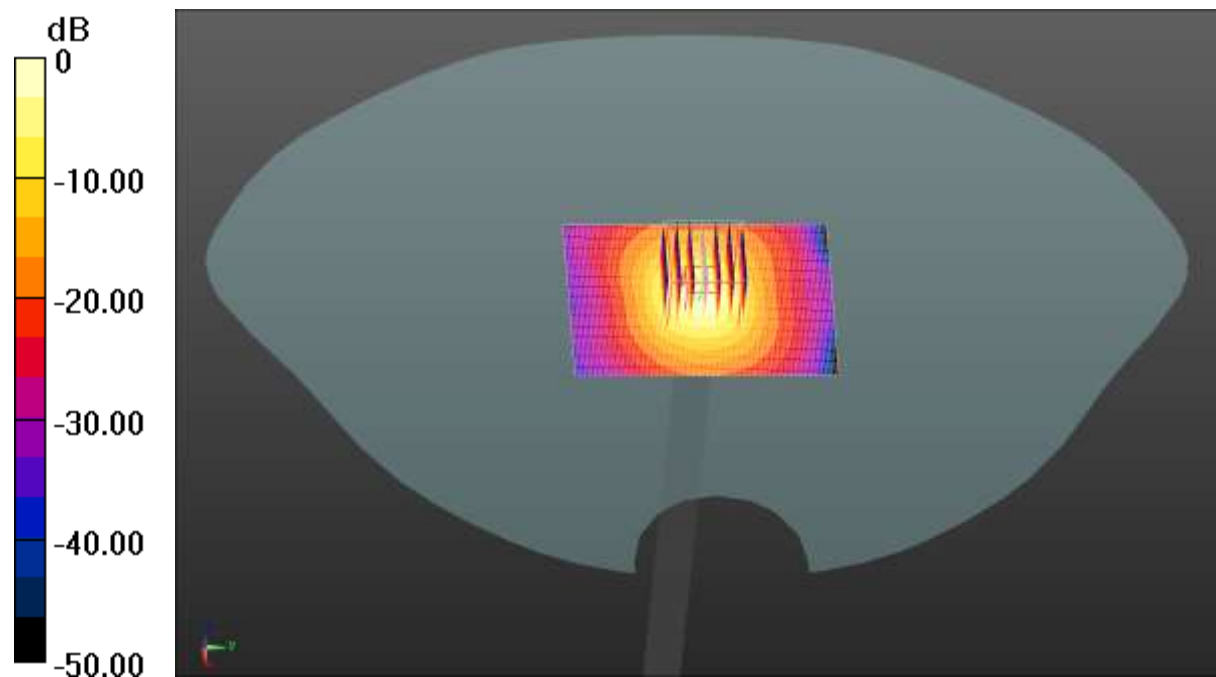
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 5GHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.2 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 5GHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (8x8x7) (7x7x12)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
 Reference Value = 50.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 6.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.85 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 08:42:47

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 850 Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

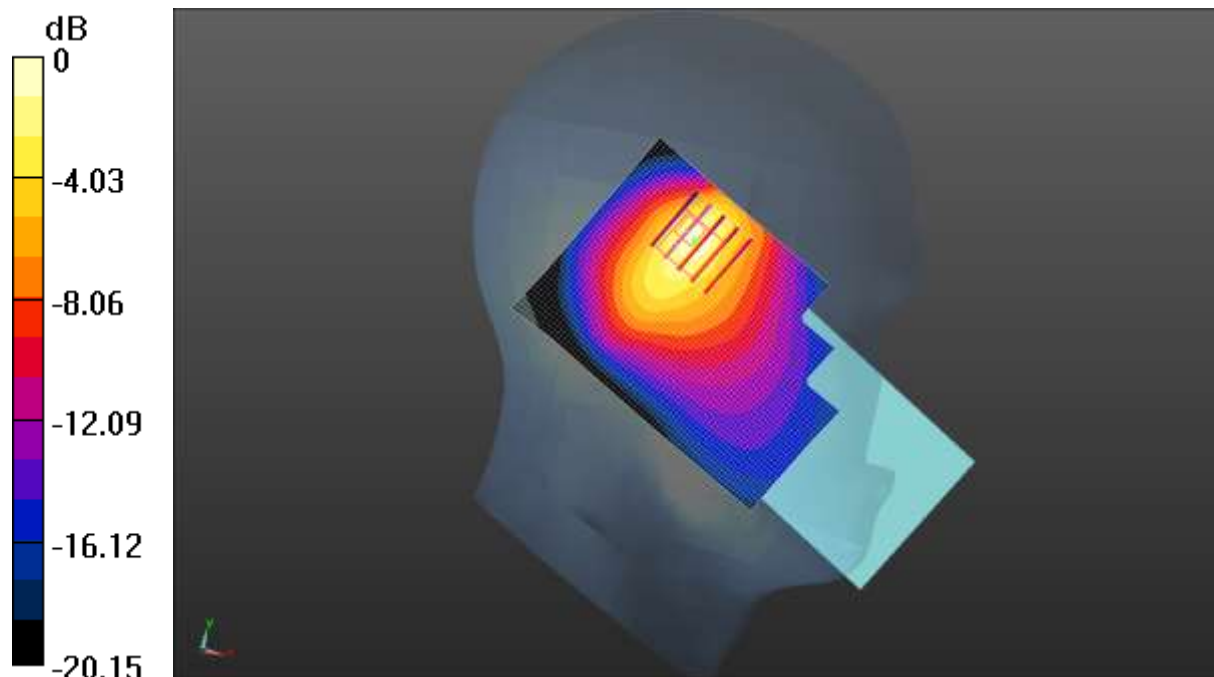
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.295 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 W/kg

GSM 850 Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.487 W/kg



0 dB = 0.487 W/kg = -3.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 09:01:55

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

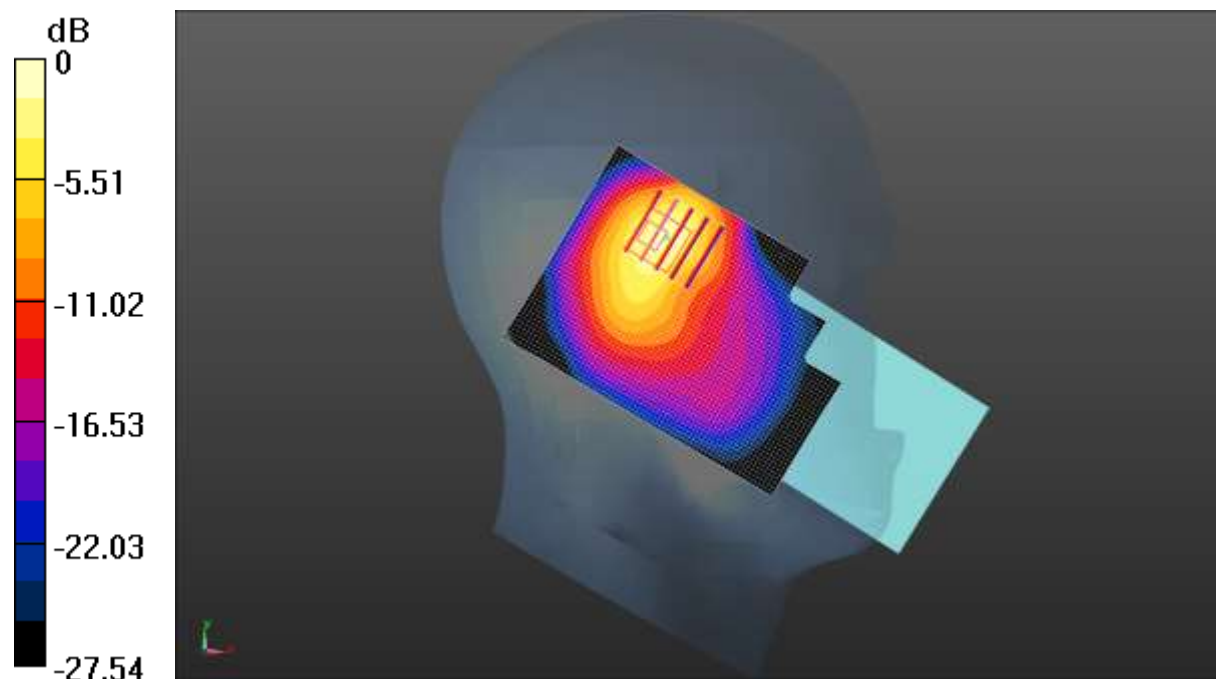
Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.399 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 1900 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.616 W/kg

GSM 1900 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 13.31 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.941 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.421 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.742 W/kg



0 dB = 0.742 W/kg = -1.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 11:44:25

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 850 Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.81 V/m; Power Drift = 0.25 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

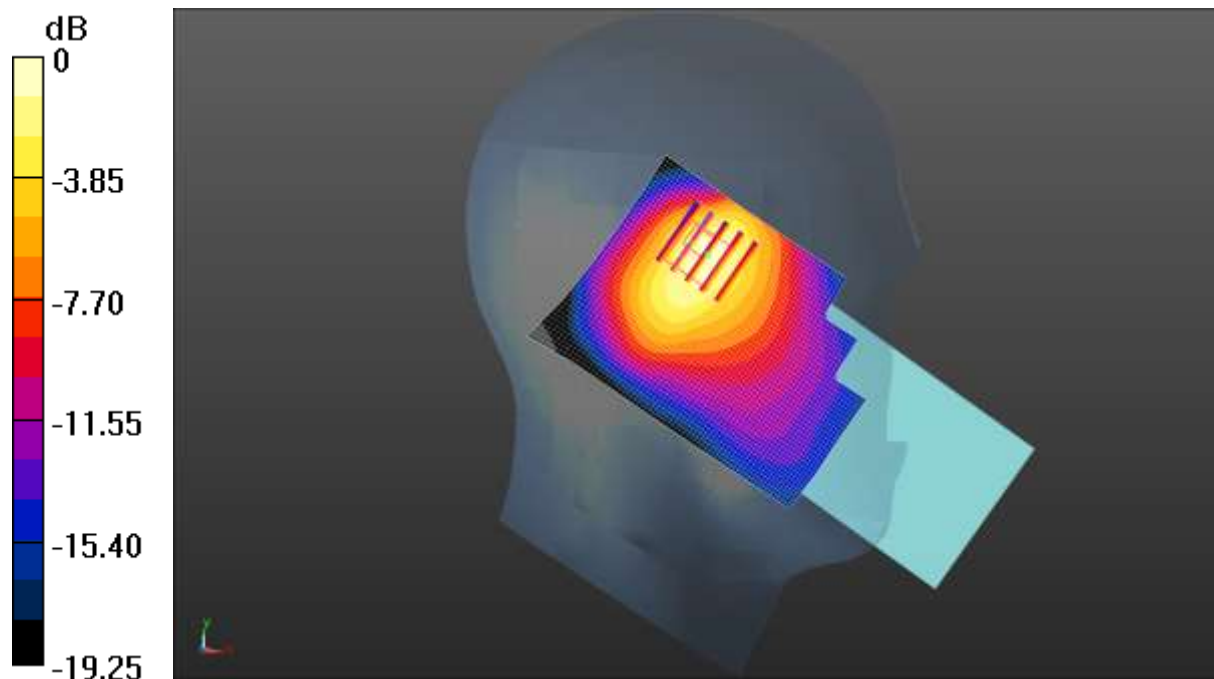
SAR(1 g) = 0.373 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.693 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.464 W/kg



0 dB = 0.464 W/kg = -3.33 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 12:08:10

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.329$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.713$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.945 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

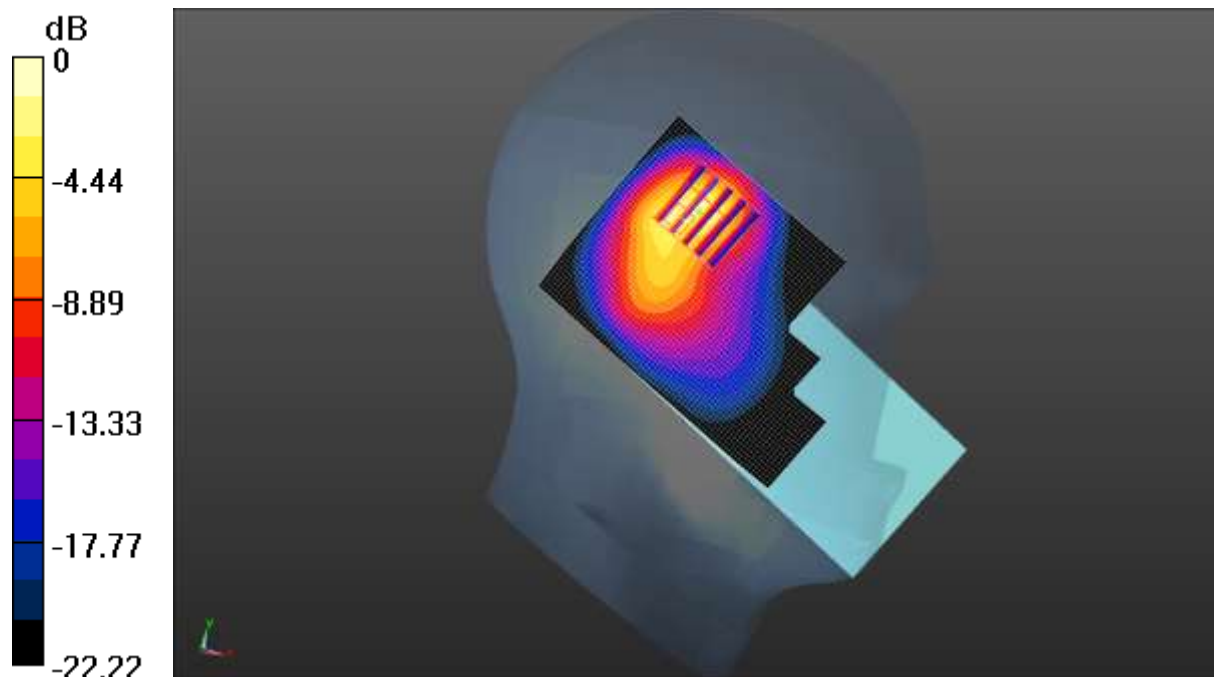
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.814 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



0 dB = 1.40 W/kg = 1.46 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 13:06:14

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1900 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.27 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg

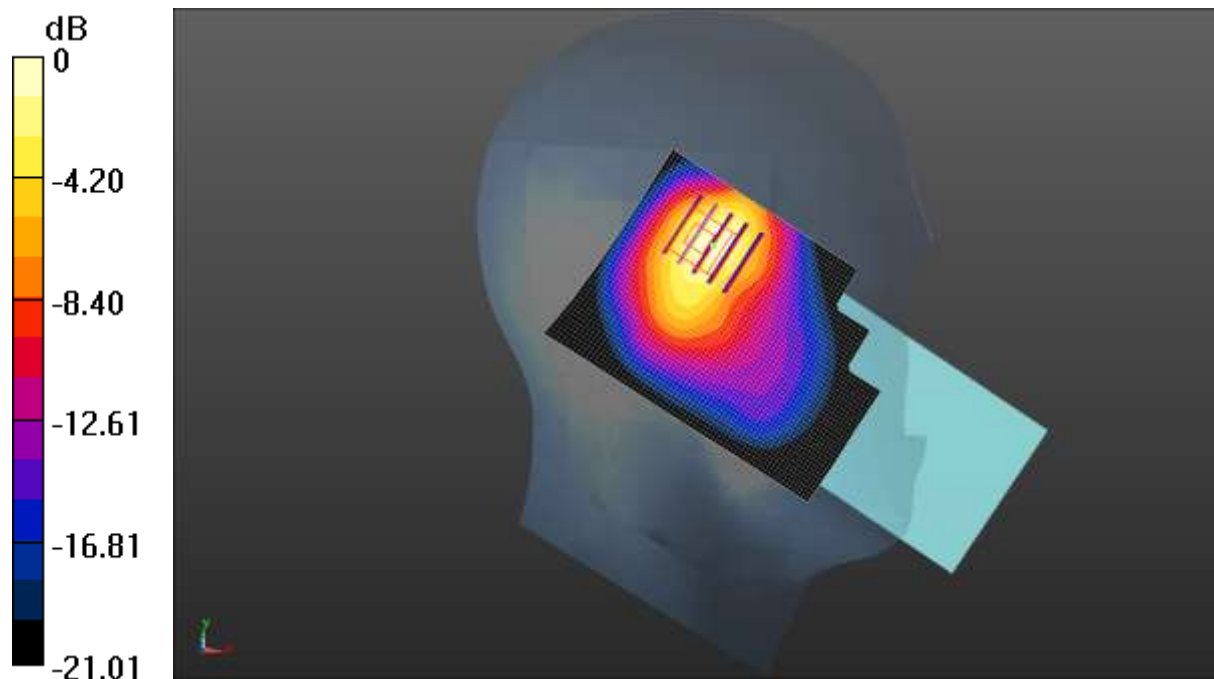
SAR(1 g) = 0.890 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.417 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.55 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg = 0.68 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 16:36:21

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.404$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.685$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

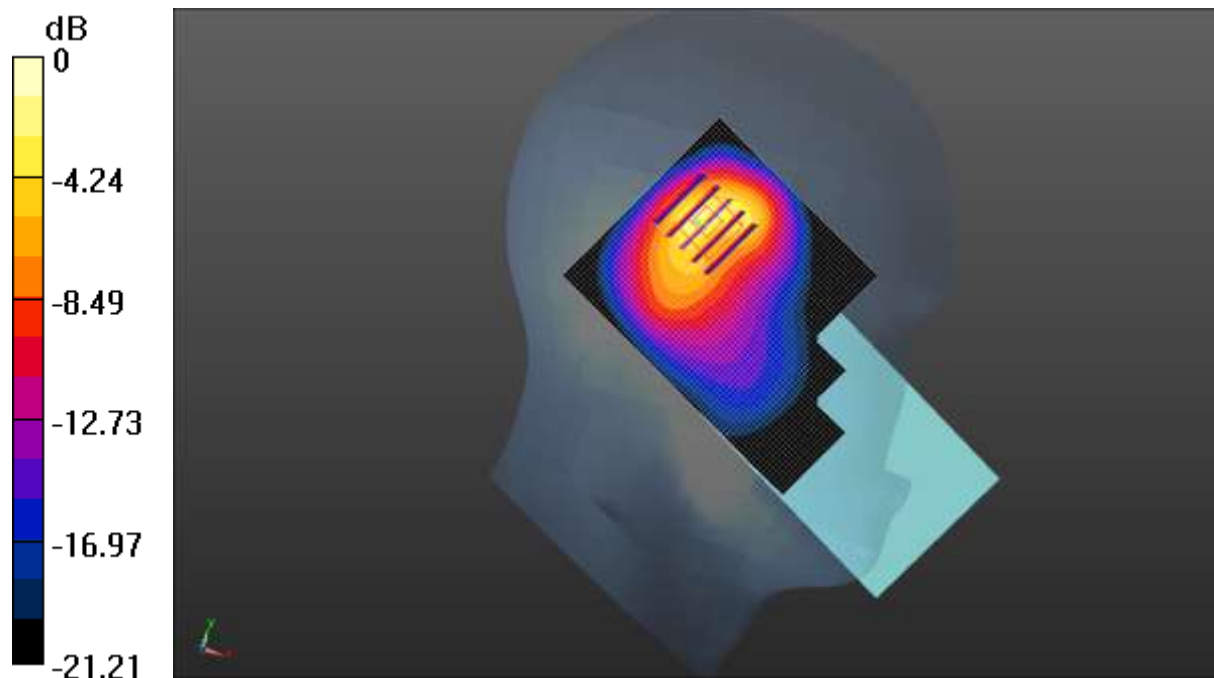
0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.24 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.488 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg



0 dB = 1.88 W/kg = 2.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 20:04:37

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

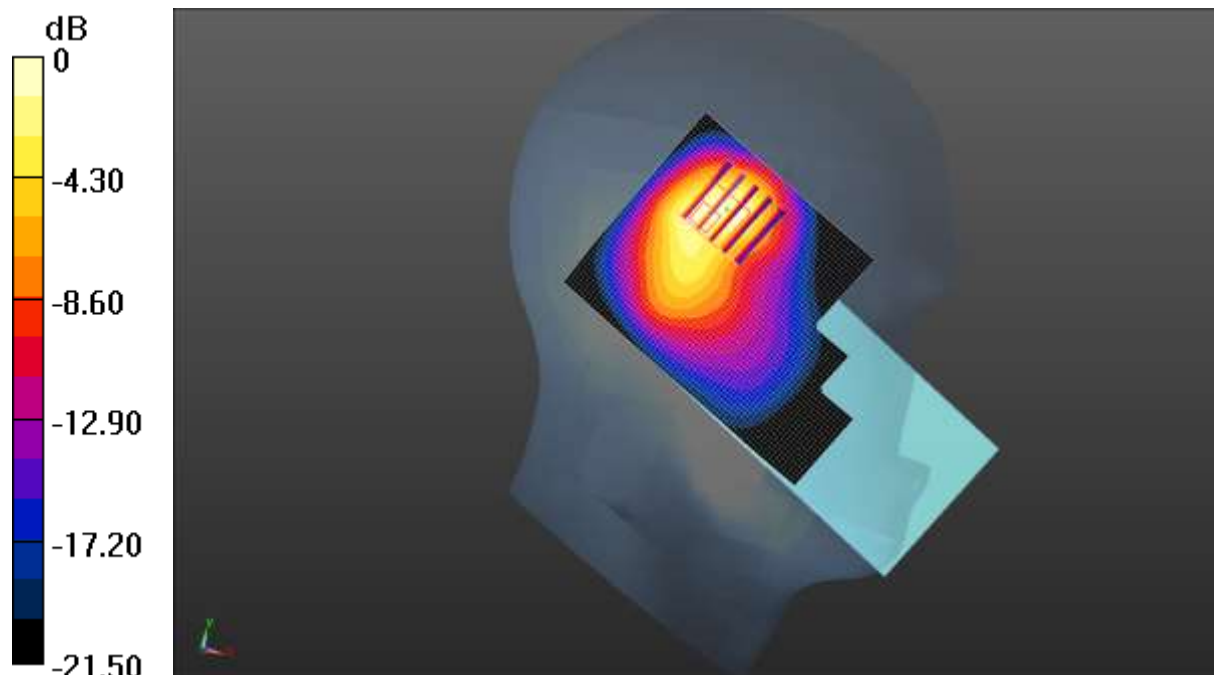
SAR(1 g) = 0.878 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.402 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg



0 dB = 1.00 W/kg = 0.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 09:06:57

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2535 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.852 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.542$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

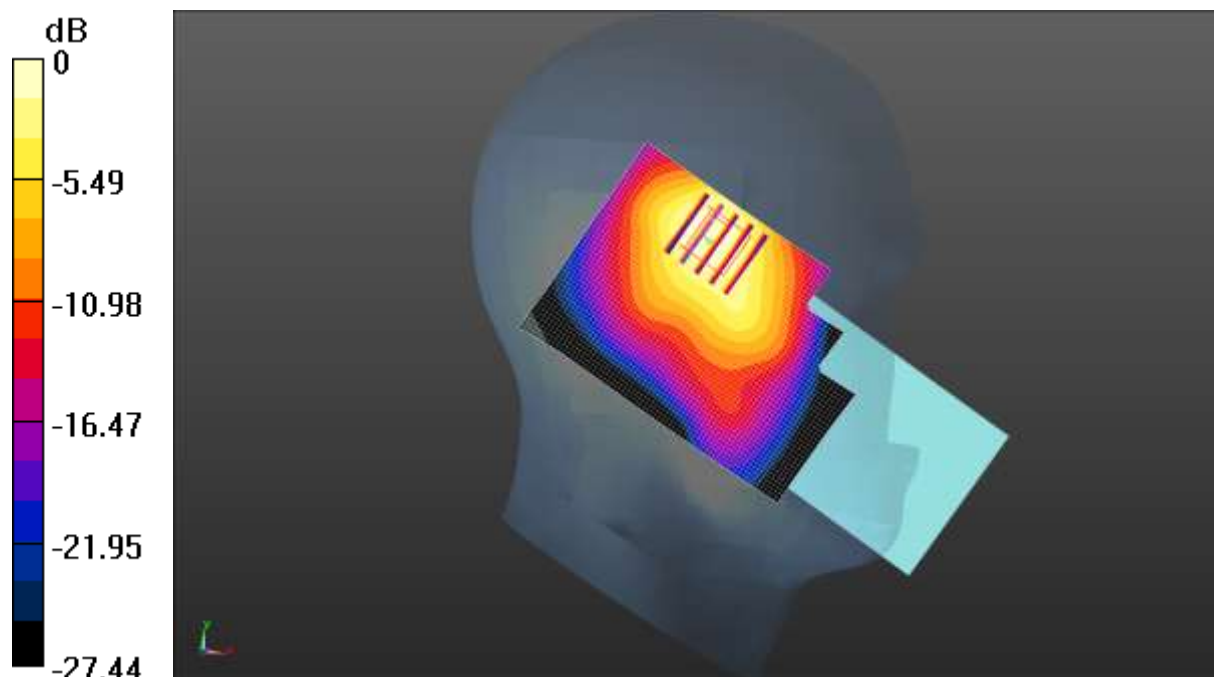
SAR(1 g) = 0.737 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg



0 dB = 1.19 W/kg = 0.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 16:23:25

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;
 Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

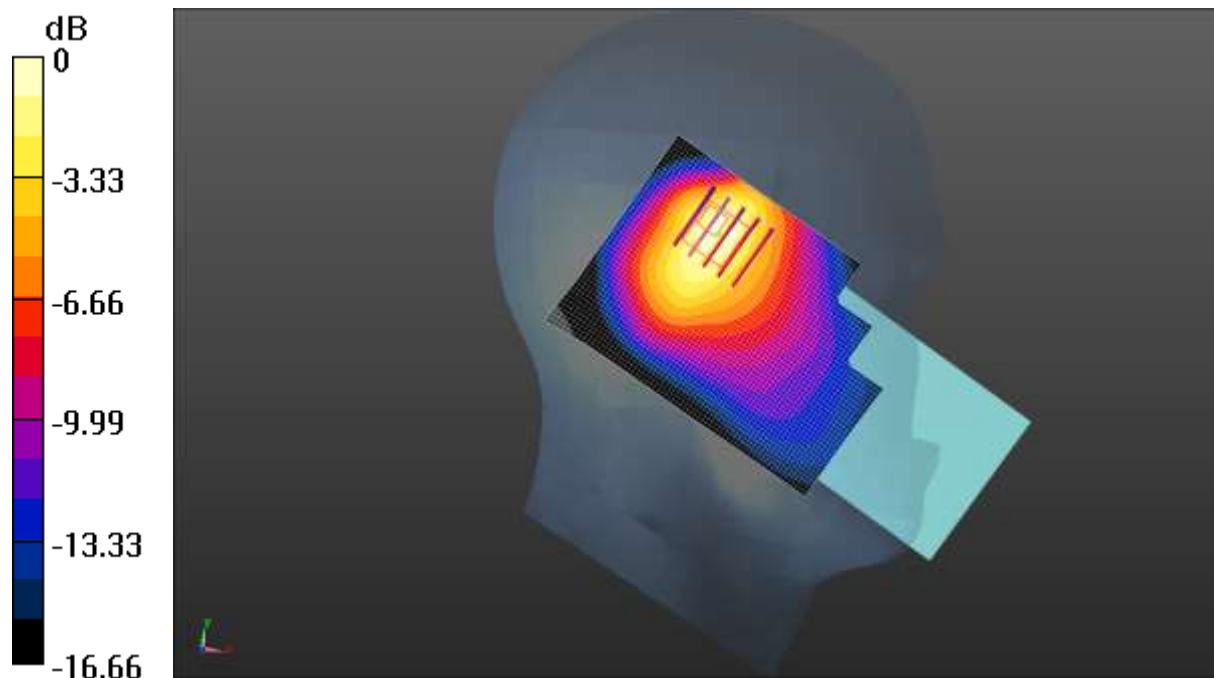
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 17.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.431 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.858 W/kg

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.483 W/kg



0 dB = 0.483 W/kg = -3.16 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 15:31:21

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2580$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.885$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.093$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

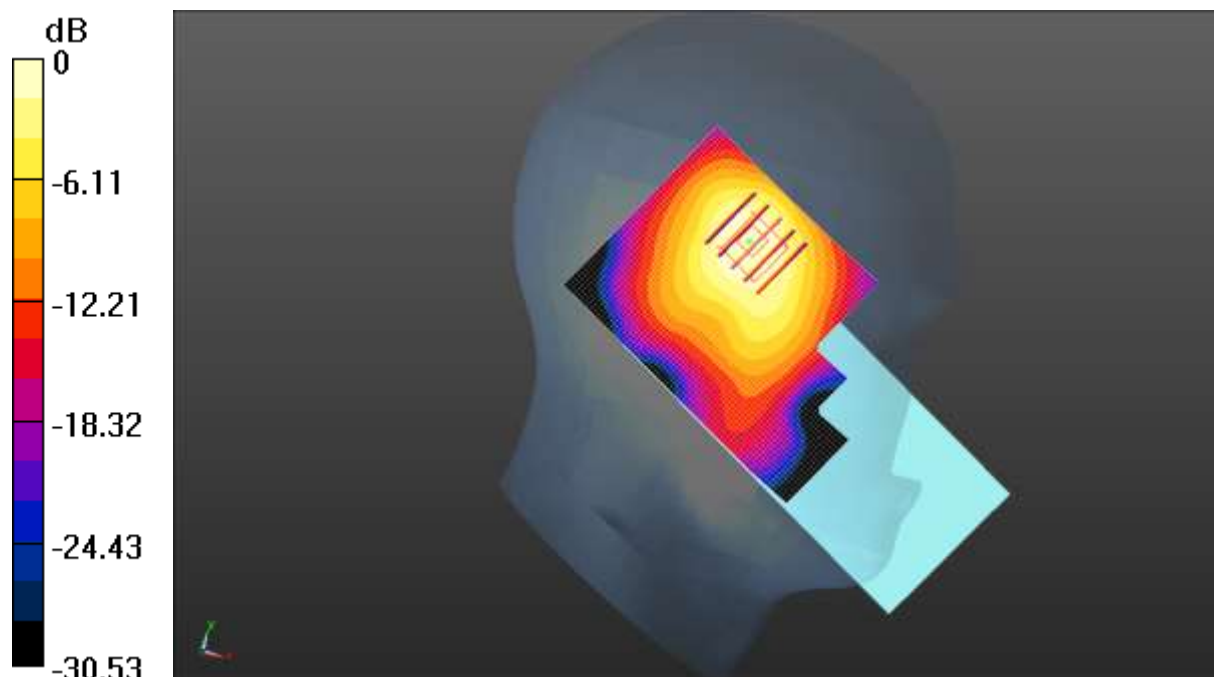
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 38 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.759 W/kg

LTE Band 38 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 8.329 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.797 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.625 W/kg



0 dB = 0.625 W/kg = -2.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 16:53:36

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2545 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2545$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.865$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.417$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 41 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.728 W/kg

LTE Band 41 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

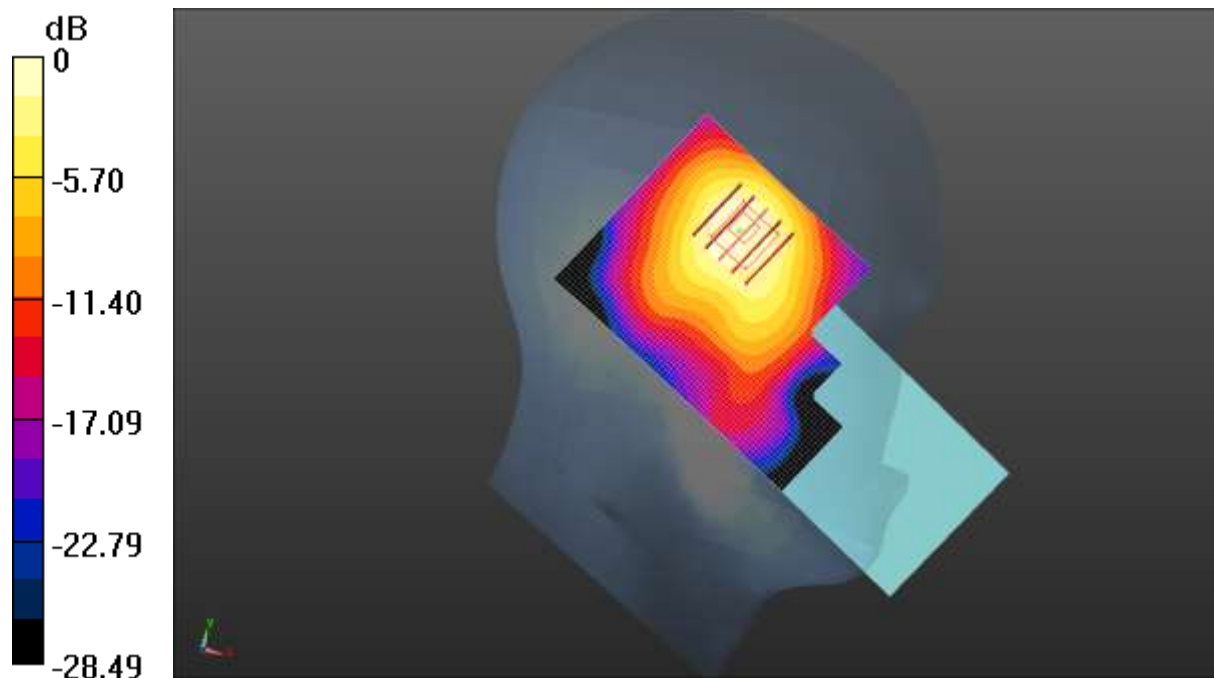
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.404 V/m; Power Drift = 0.24 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.773 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.384 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.605 W/kg



0 dB = 0.605 W/kg = -2.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 17:53:23

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

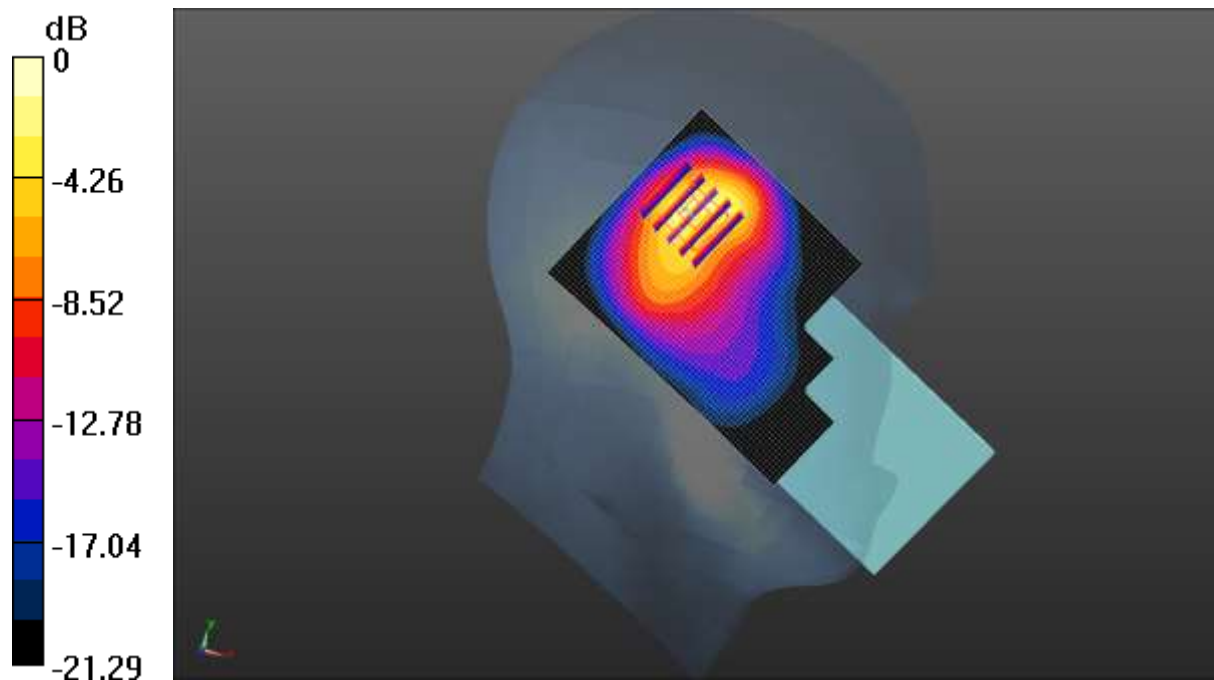
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 19.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.23 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.990 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 21:26:11

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.344 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

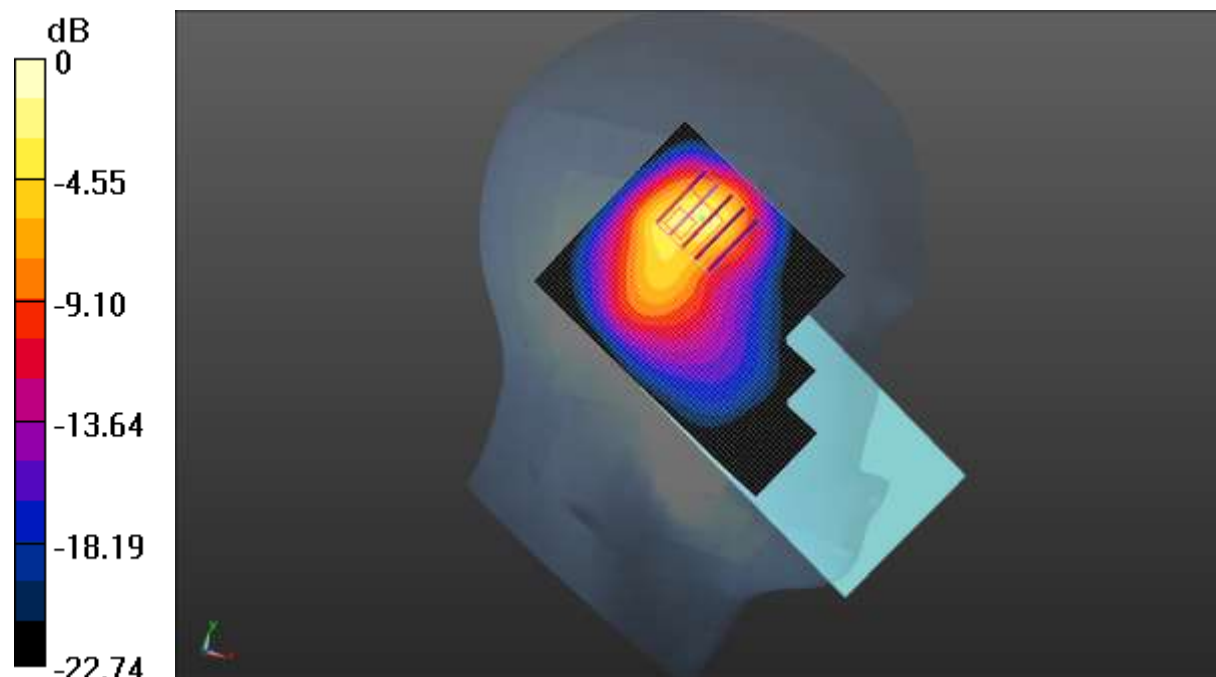
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 W/kg



0 dB = 1.57 W/kg = 1.96 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 10:09:24

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2560 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.874 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.275$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

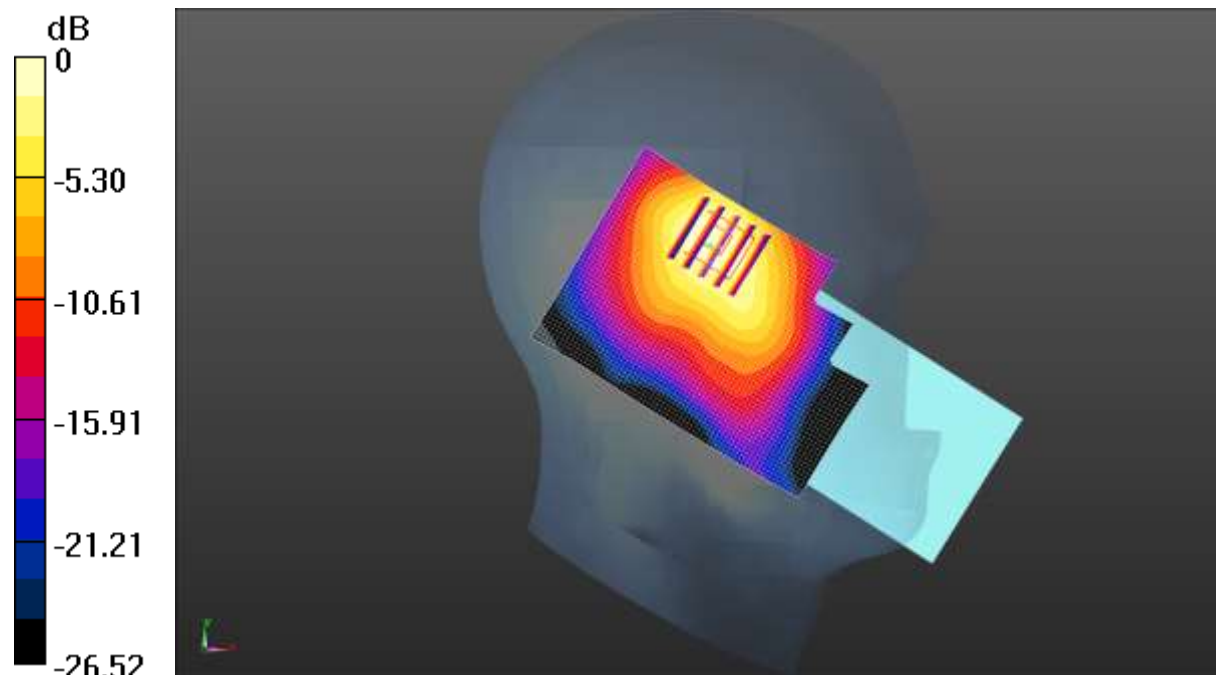
SAR(1 g) = 0.951 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.489 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.60 W/kg



0 dB = 1.60 W/kg = 2.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 15:16:38

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

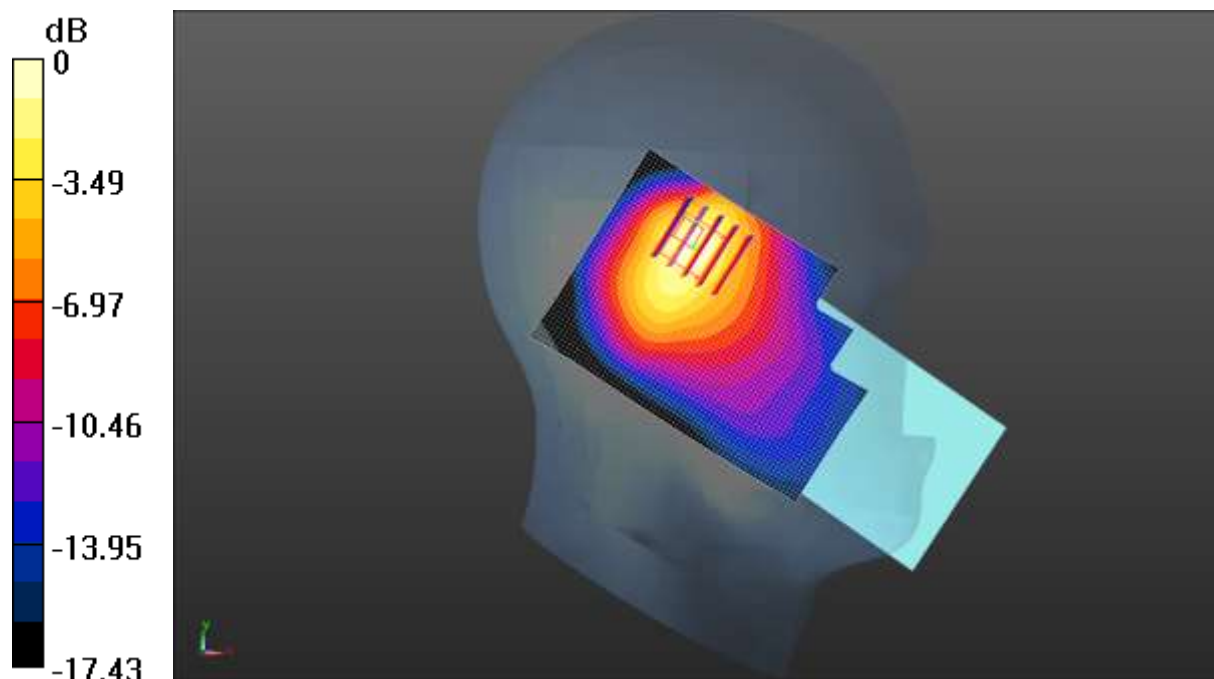
SAR(1 g) = 0.433 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.838 W/kg

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.511 W/kg



0 dB = 0.511 W/kg = -2.92 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 16:03:59

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.885 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.093$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 38 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.427 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg

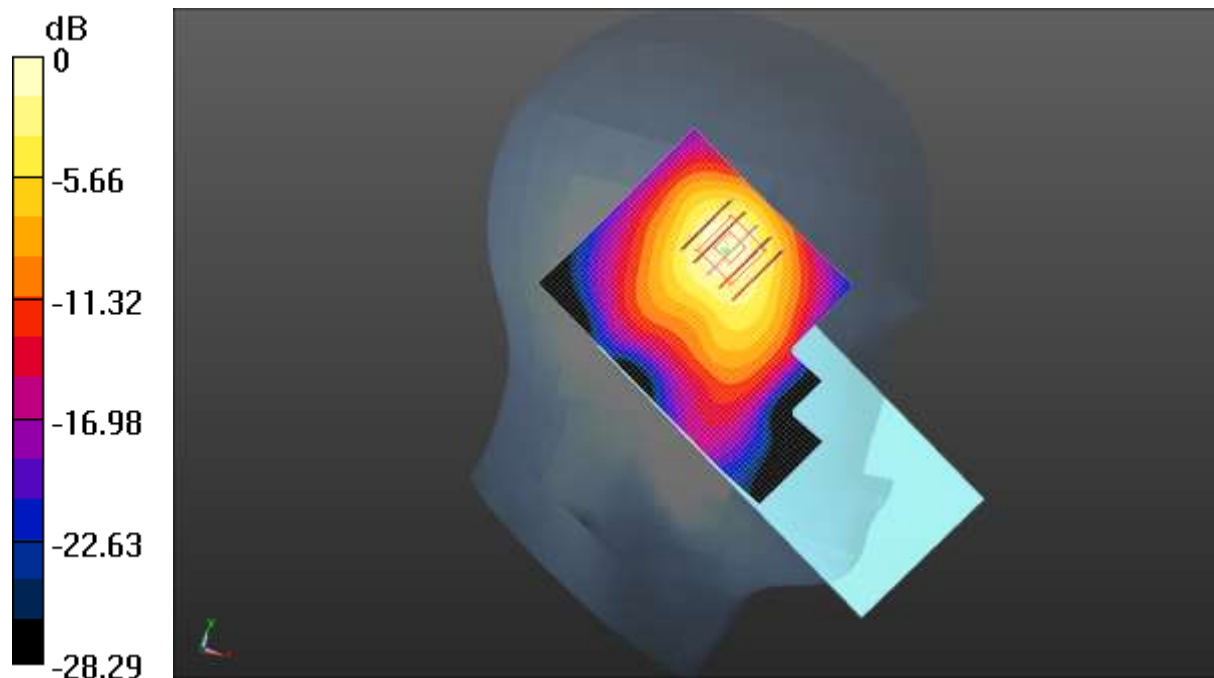
SAR(1 g) = 0.328 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.517 W/kg

LTE Band 38 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.632 W/kg



0 dB = 0.632 W/kg = -1.99 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 17:17:54

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2545 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2545 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.417$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 41 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.584 W/kg

LTE Band 41 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

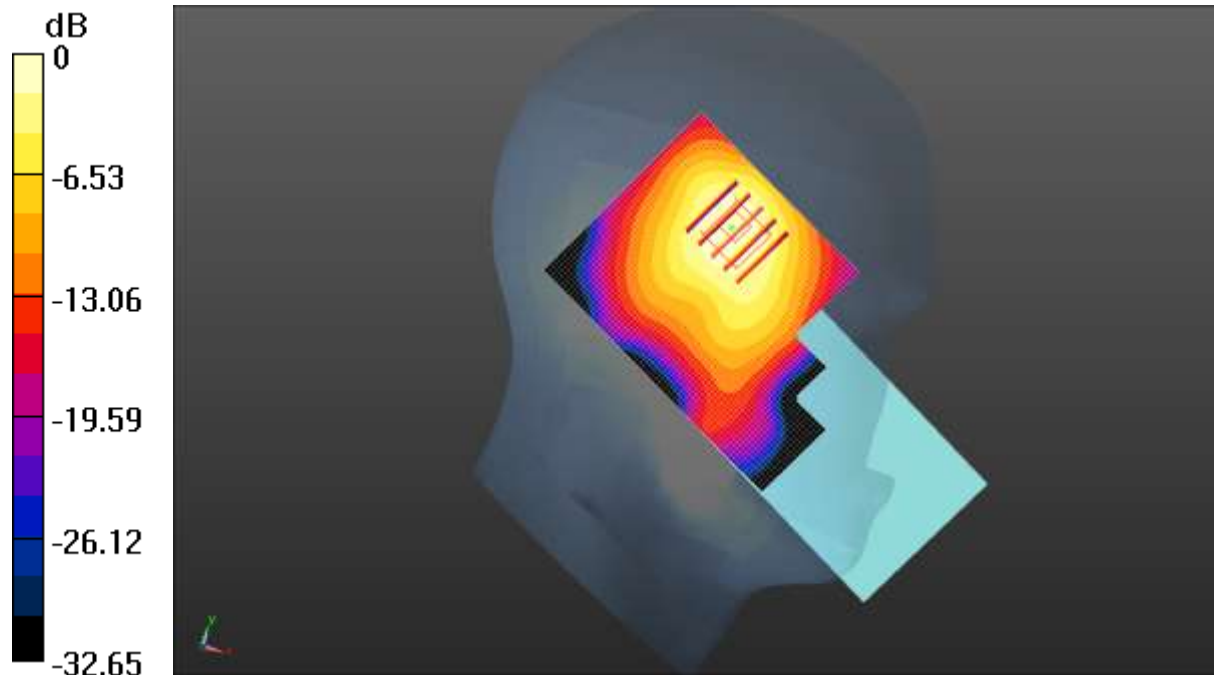
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.325 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.637 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 W/kg



0 dB = 0.507 W/kg = -2.95 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 19:05:59

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.857 W/kg

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

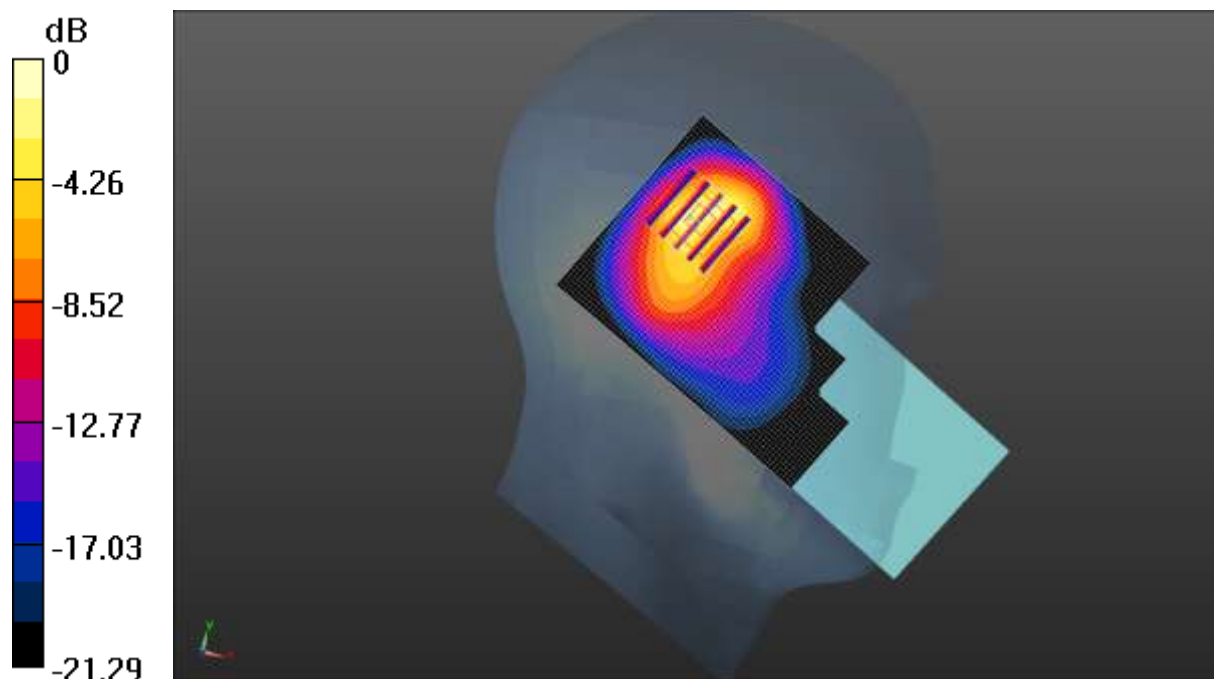
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.796 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



0 dB = 1.39 W/kg = 1.43 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 22:39:07

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.358$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.135$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.818 W/kg

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Left Tilted/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

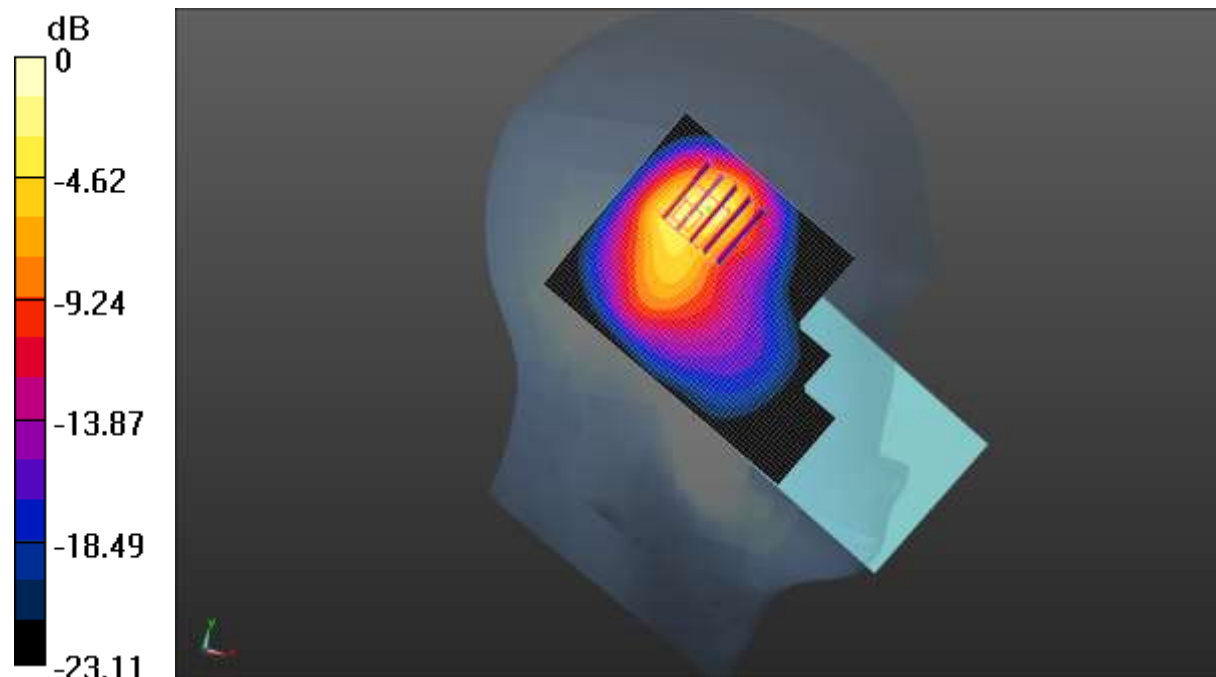
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.697 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 11:13:48

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2535 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.852 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.542$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 100%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

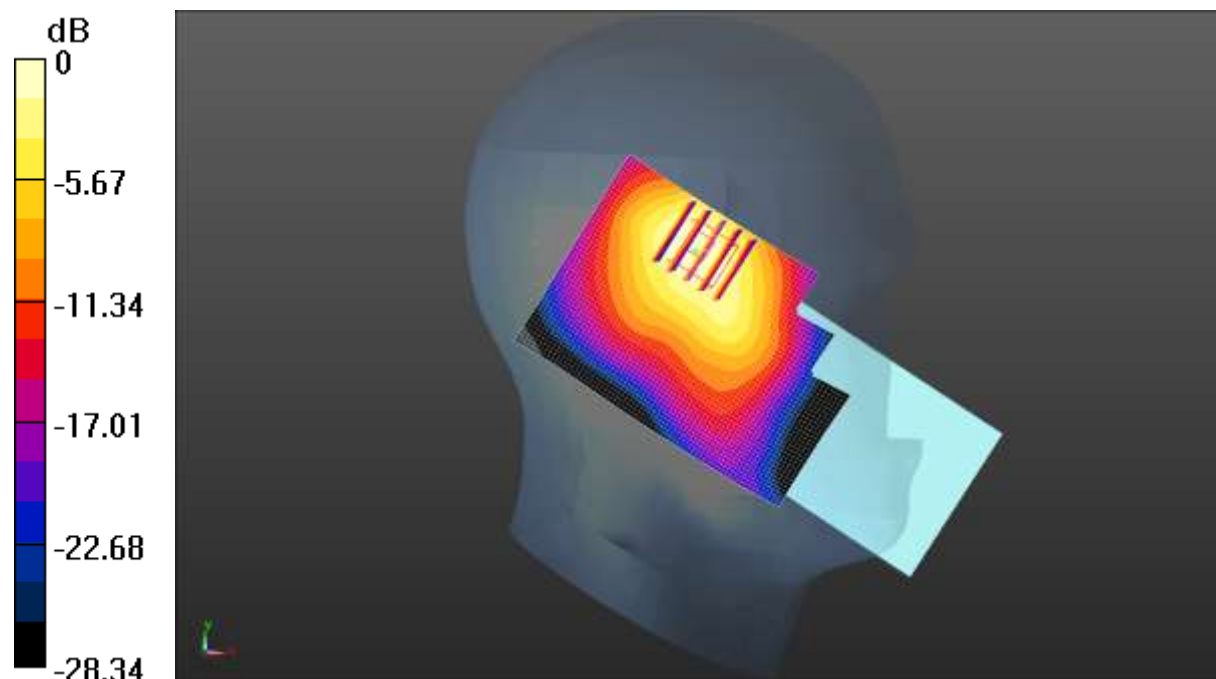
SAR(1 g) = 0.764 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

LTE Band 7 100%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg



0 dB = 1.25 W/kg = 0.97 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 23:12:50

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE7j; Serial: 4#

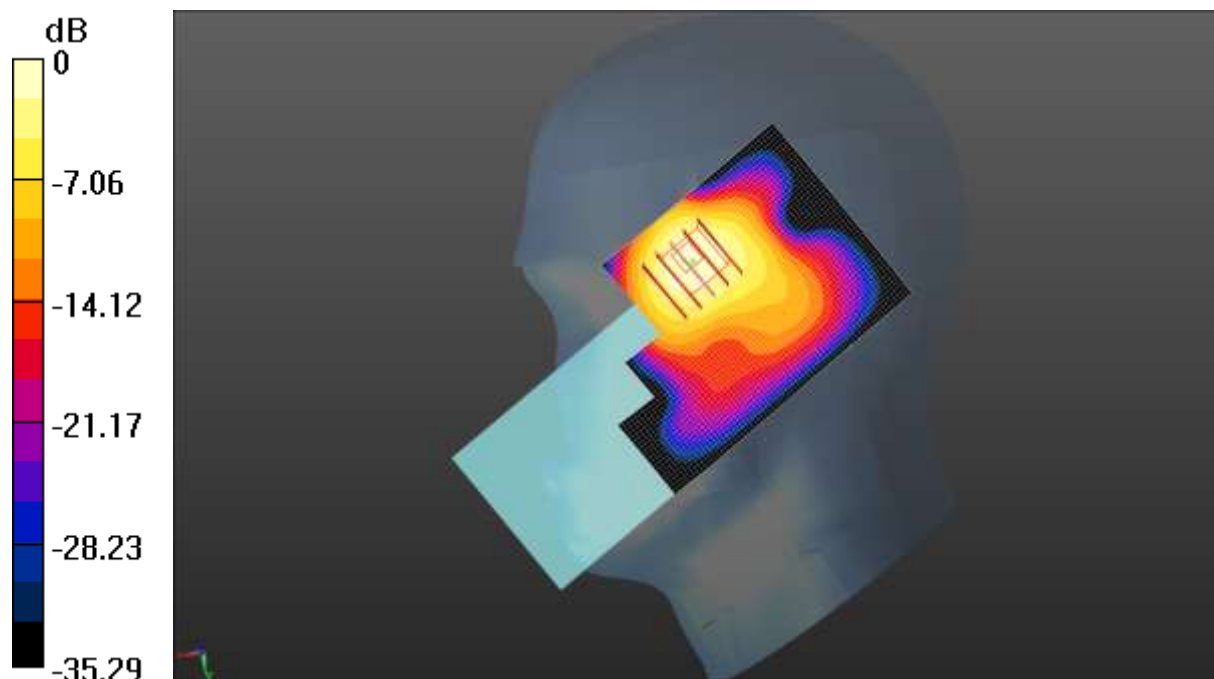
Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);
 Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.796$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.377 W/kg

WIFI Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 4.378 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.458 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.182 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 W/kg



0 dB = 0.319 W/kg = -4.96 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 13:54:10

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.612 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.975$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5.2G WIFI Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 W/kg

5.2G WIFI Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

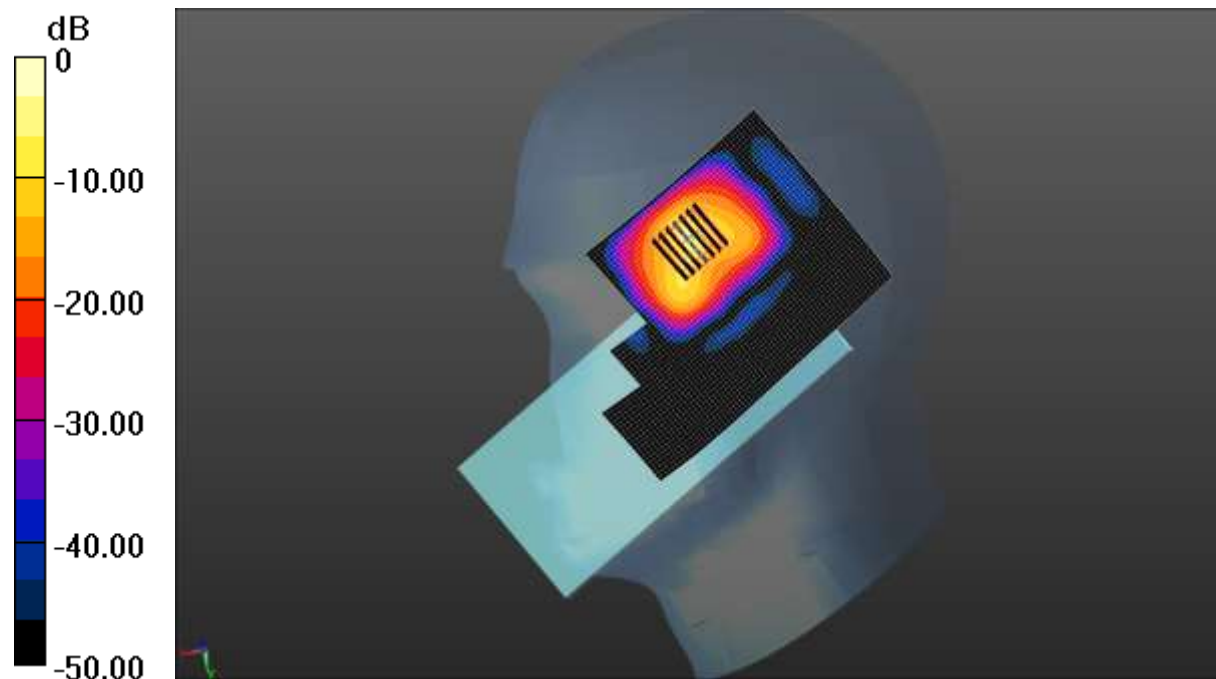
Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.003 V/m; Power Drift = -0.22 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.228 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 W/kg



0 dB = 0.648 W/kg = -1.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 17:48:27

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac20 WiFi 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.294$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.822$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5.8G WIFI Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.451 W/kg

5.8G WIFI Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

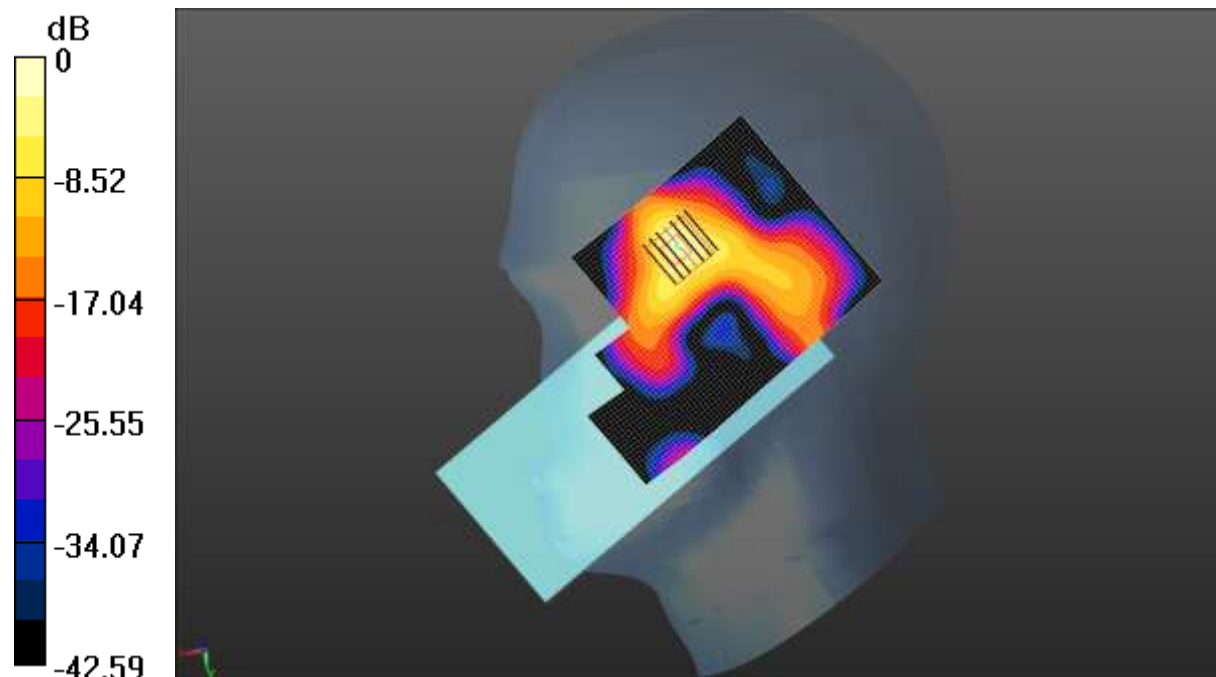
grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 3.312 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.279 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.780 W/kg



0 dB = 0.780 W/kg = -1.08 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 09:48:25

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

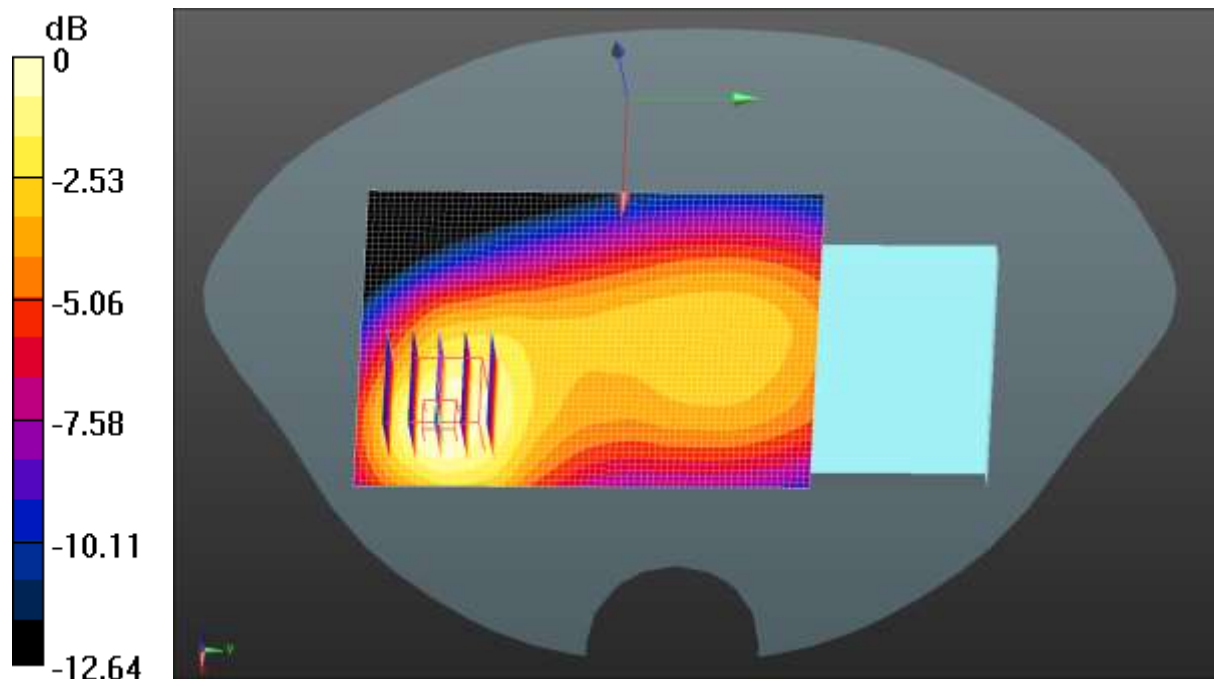
Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 850 Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.167 W/kg

GSM 850 Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
 Reference Value = 9.646 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.108 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 W/kg



0 dB = 0.148 W/kg = -8.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 09:30:57

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

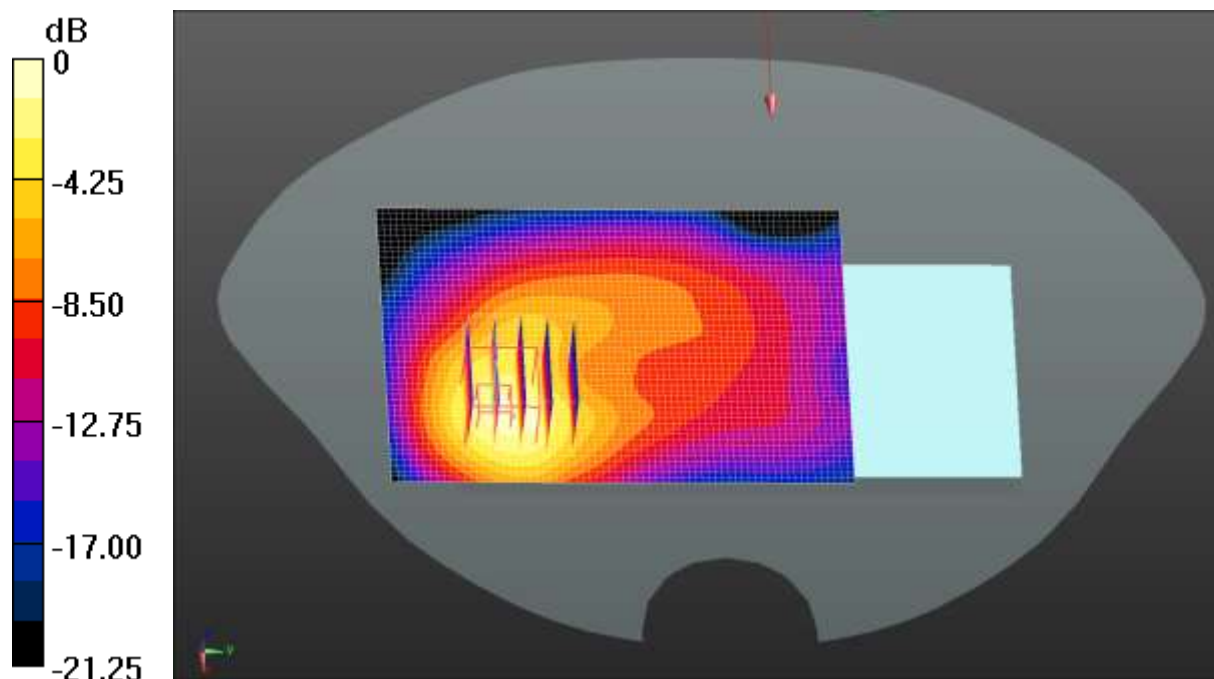
Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.399 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.252 W/kg

GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 5.265 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg



0 dB = 0.294 W/kg = -5.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 12:25:25

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.886$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 850 Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 W/kg

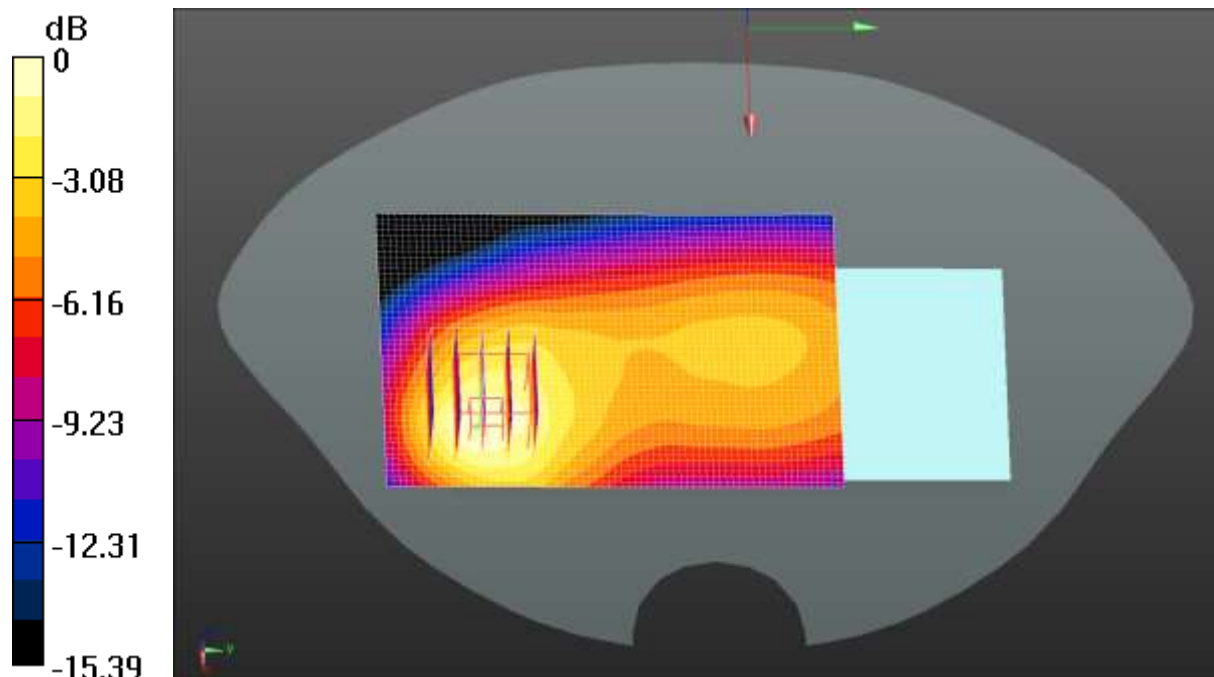
SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.101 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.241 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 10:50:23

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.329$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.713$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.297 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

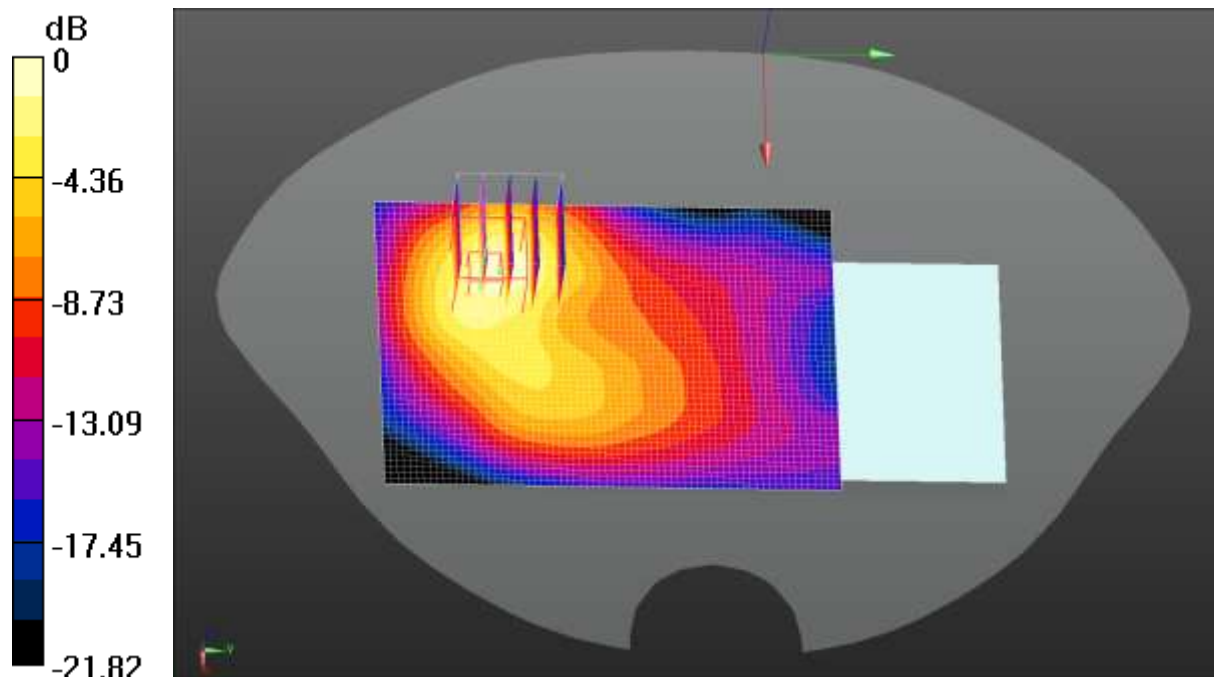
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.203 V/m; Power Drift = 0.21 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.204 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.108 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.313 W/kg



0 dB = 0.313 W/kg = -5.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 13:43:49

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.114 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.710 W/kg

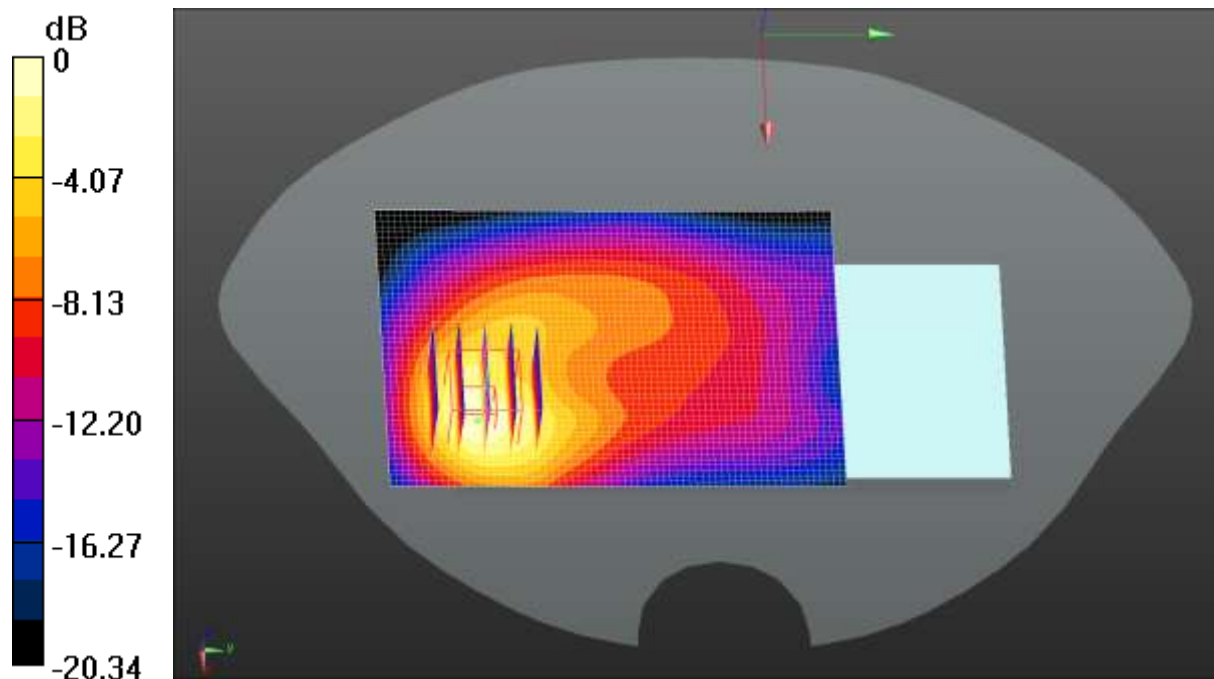
SAR(1 g) = 0.360 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.548 W/kg



0 dB = 0.548 W/kg = -2.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 15:23:43

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;
 Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

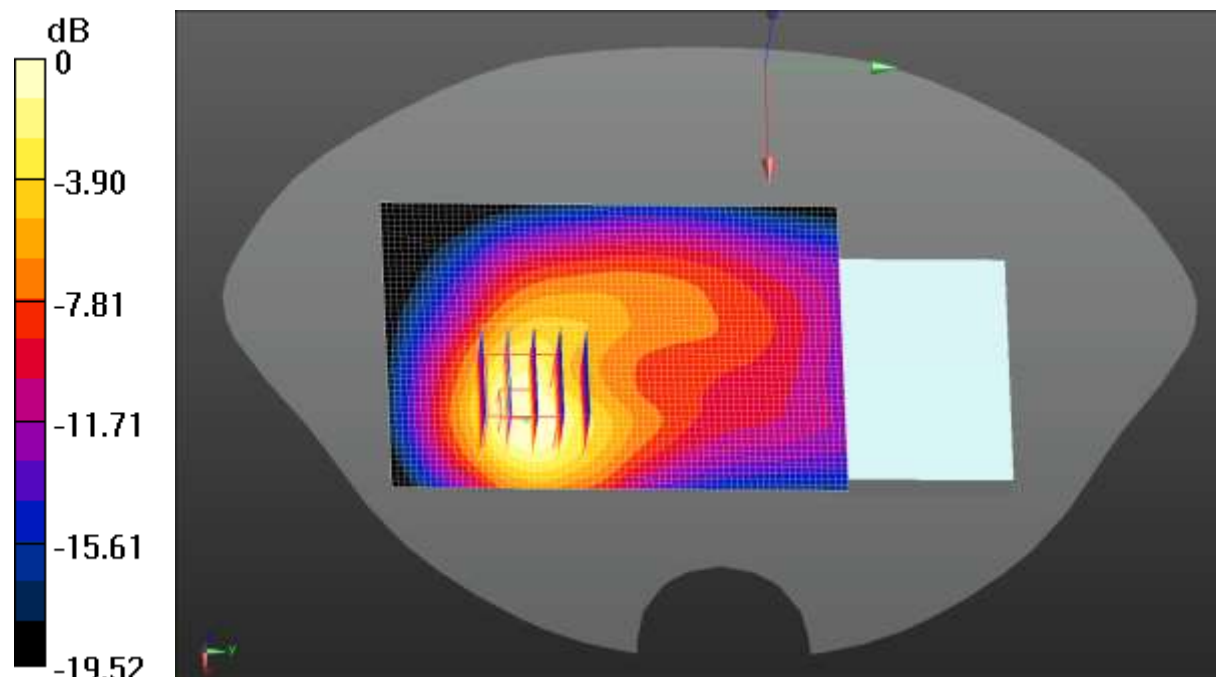
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.694 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 8.376 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.801 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.408 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 W/kg



0 dB = $0.603 \text{ W/kg} = -2.20 \text{ dBW/kg}$

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 23:25:32

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.426 W/kg

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

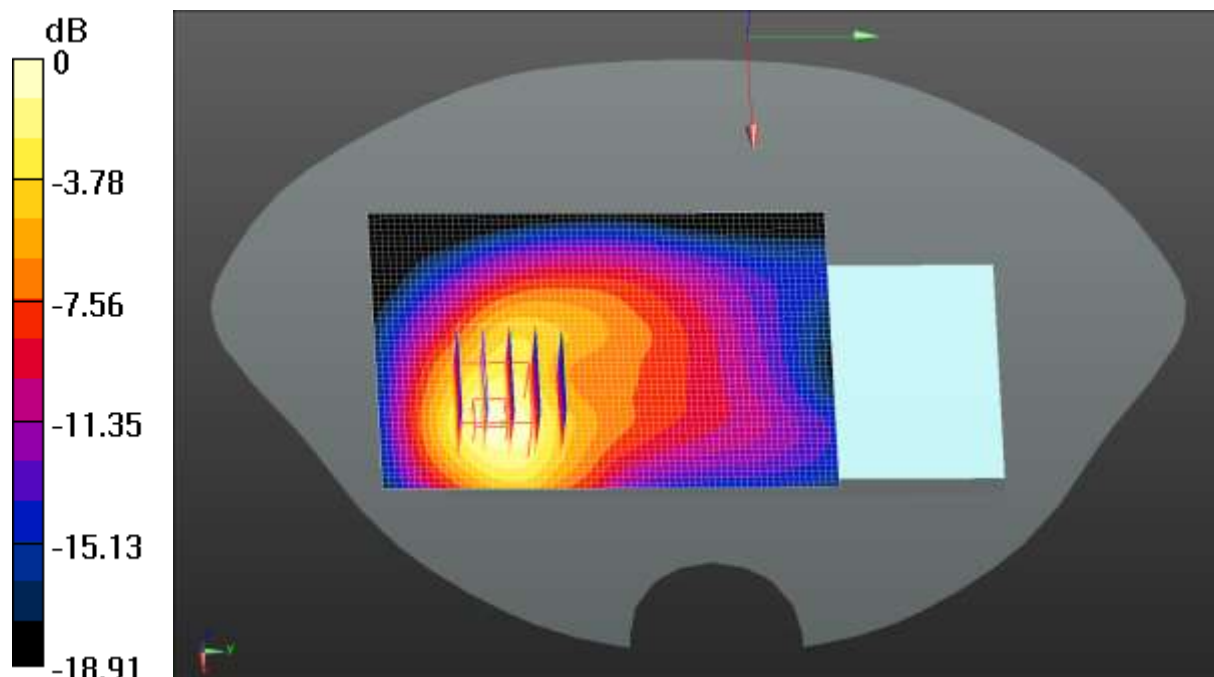
0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.805 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.592 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.313 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg



0 dB = 0.470 W/kg = -3.28 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 12:13:39

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2535$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.852$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.542$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.612 W/kg

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

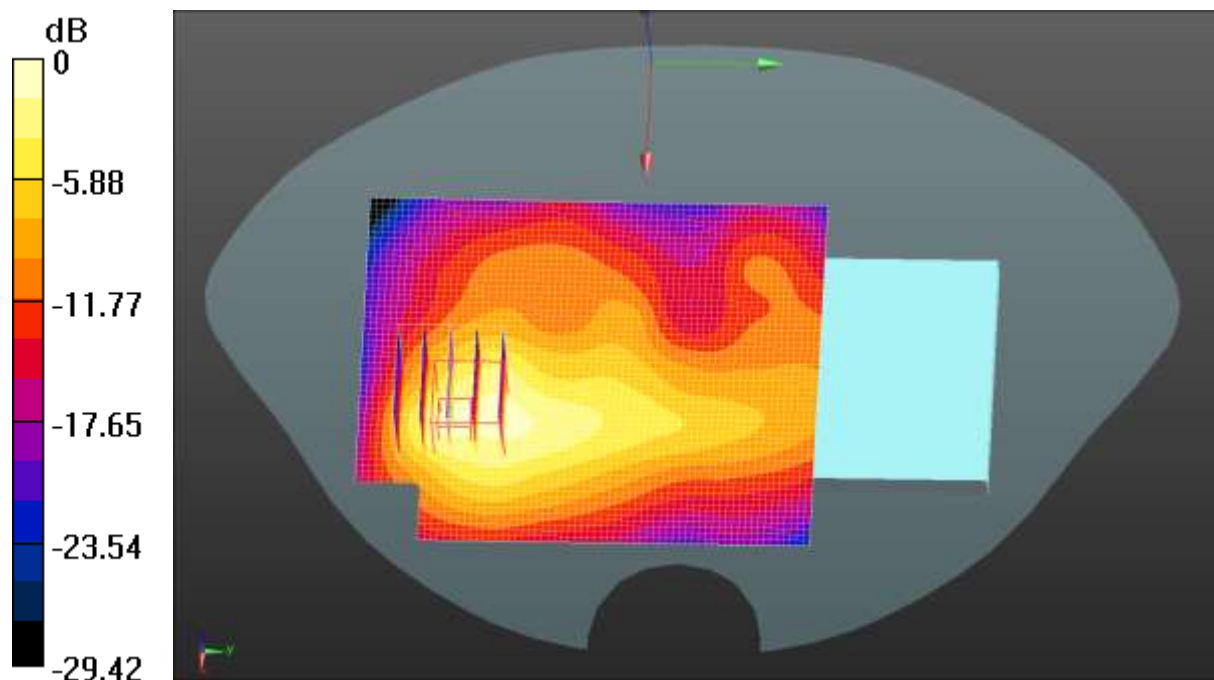
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.270 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.468 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.834 W/kg



0 dB = 0.834 W/kg = -0.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 13:39:31

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz;
 Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

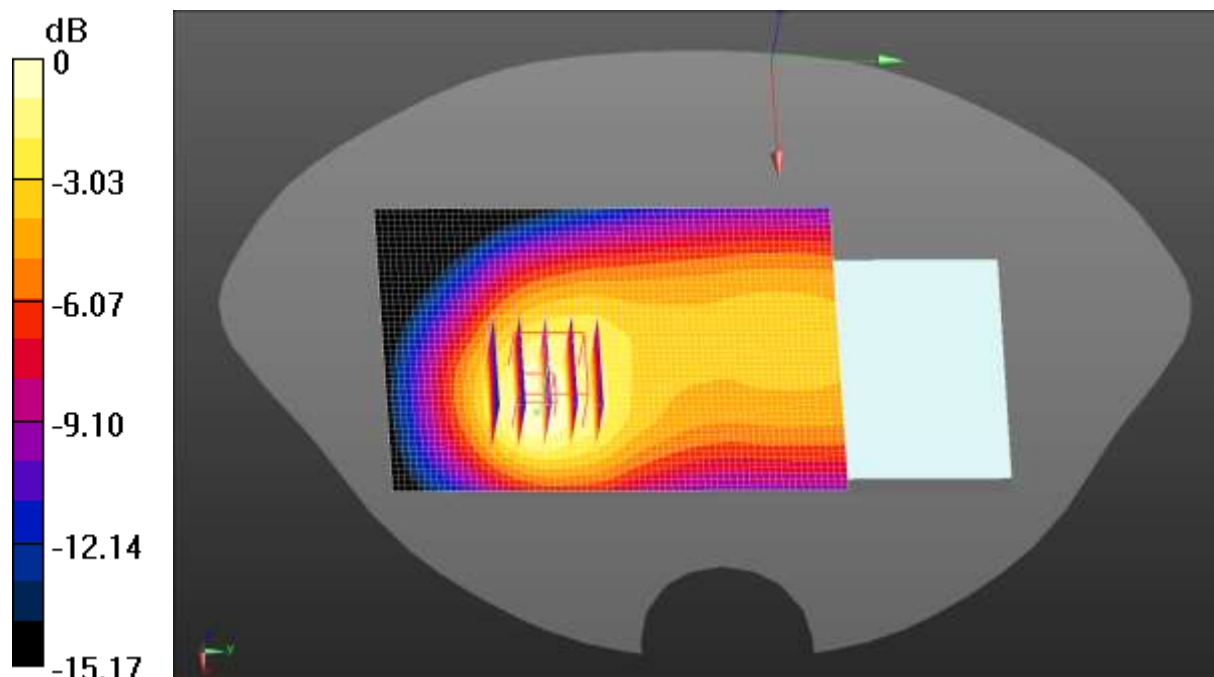
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 11.14 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.238 W/kg

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.251 W/kg



0 dB = 0.251 W/kg = -6.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 13:47:30

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2580$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.885$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.093$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

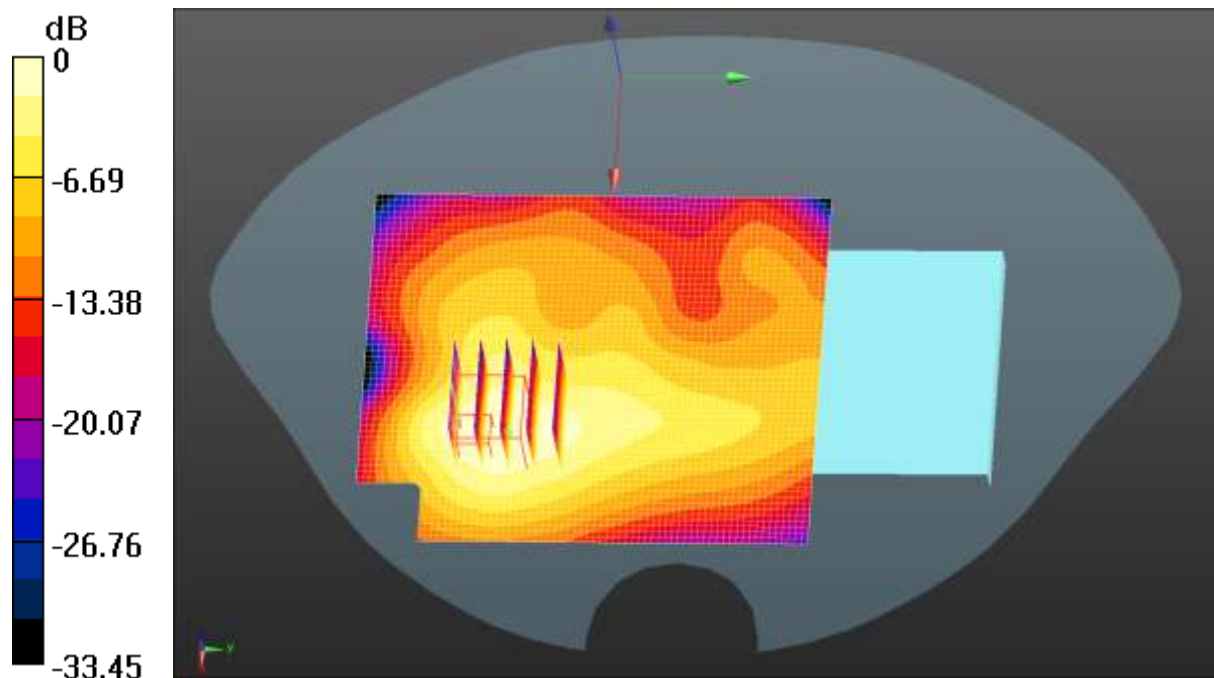
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 38 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

LTE Band 38 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 4.224 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.213 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 W/kg



0 dB = 0.374 W/kg = -4.27 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 18:26:46

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2545 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2545$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.865$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.417$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 41 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.362 W/kg

LTE Band 41 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

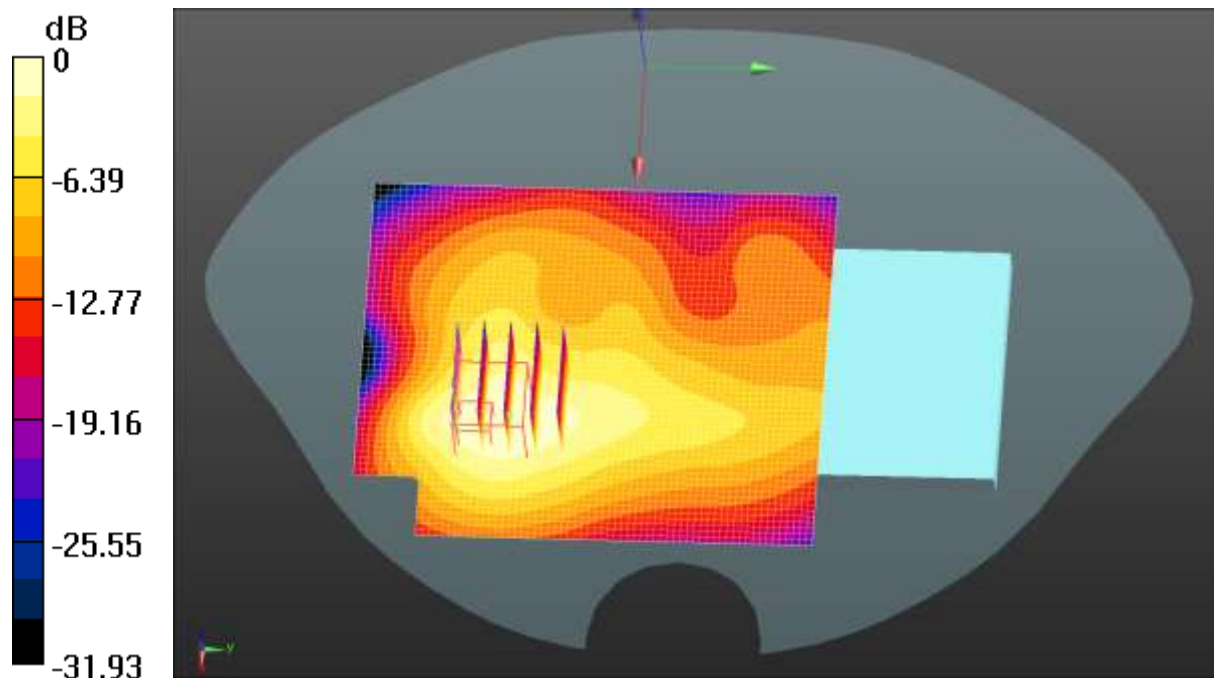
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.280 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.222 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 W/kg



0 dB = 0.394 W/kg = -4.05 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 15:39:31

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

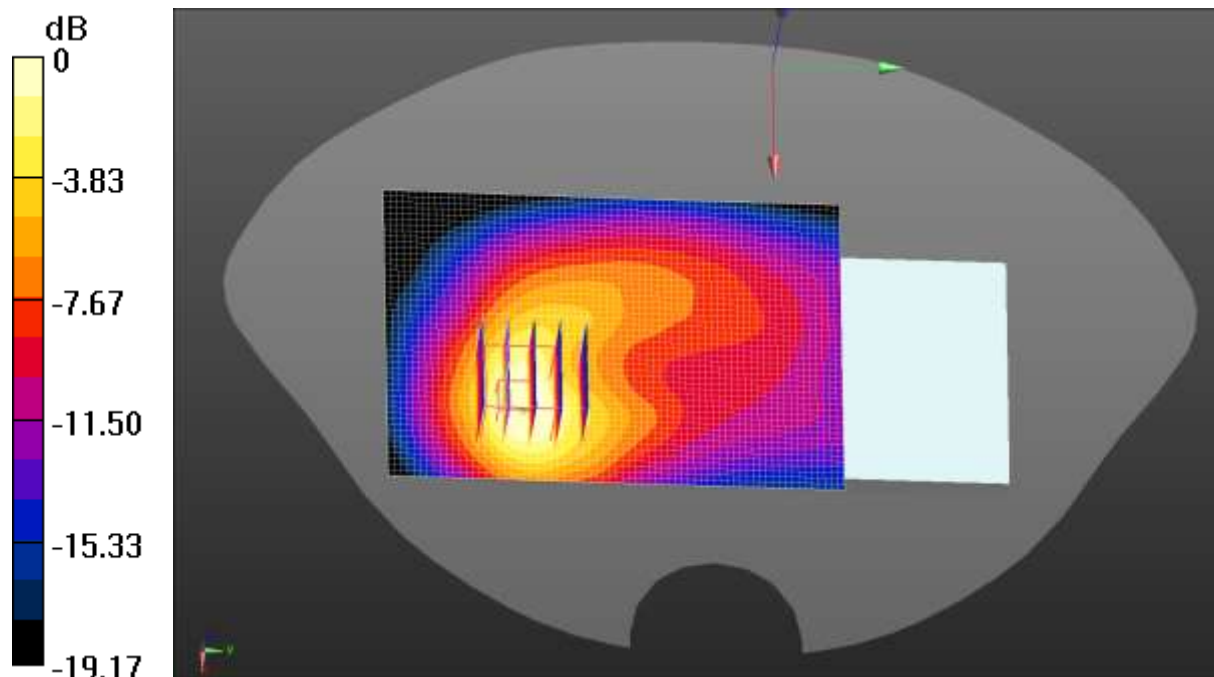
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.641 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 7.295 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.745 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.376 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 W/kg



0 dB = 0.553 W/kg = -2.57 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 00:18:43

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.344 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

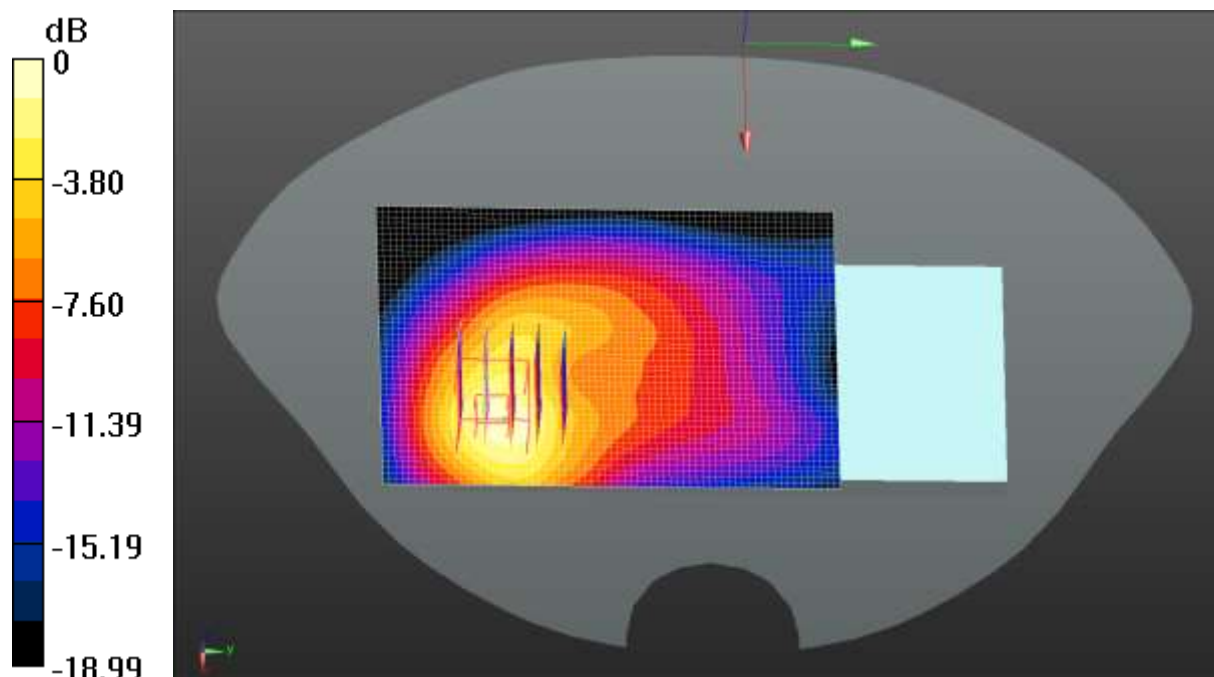
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.834 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.318 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 W/kg



0 dB = 0.479 W/kg = -3.20 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 12:43:38

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2535 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2535 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.852 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.542$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(61x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.694 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

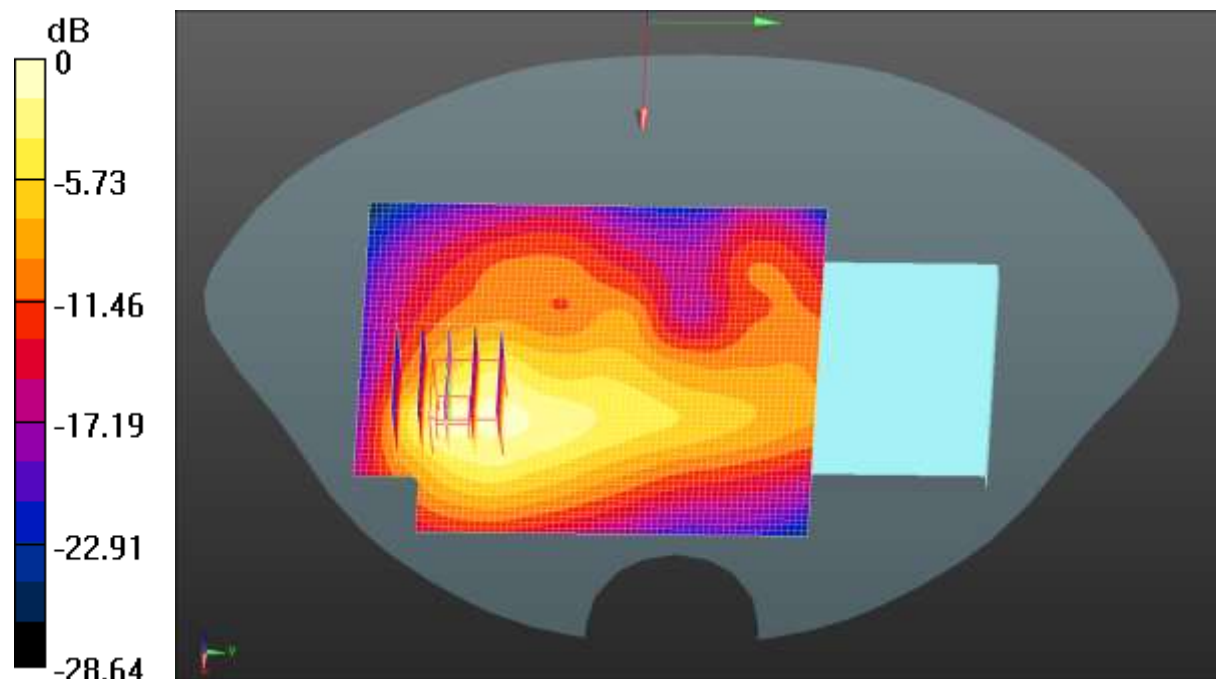
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.505 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.246 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 W/kg



0 dB = 0.901 W/kg = -0.45 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 14:33:23

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.886 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.385$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.291 W/kg

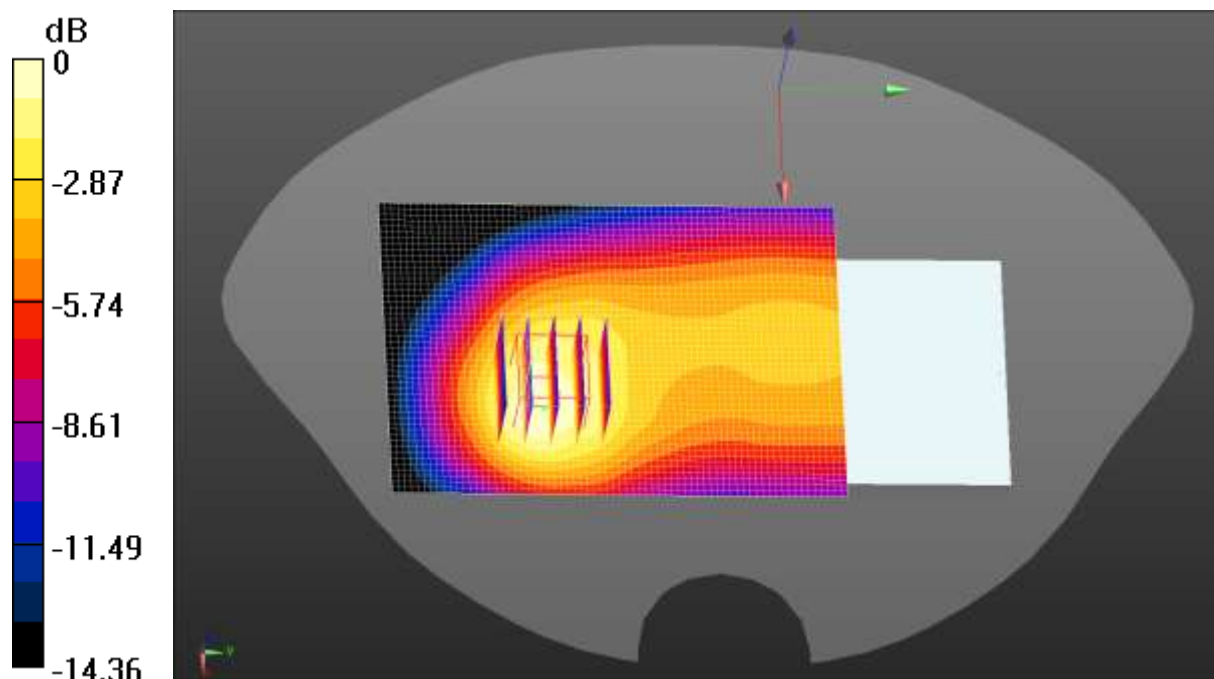
SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.251 W/kg



0 dB = 0.251 W/kg = -6.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 14:21:44

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2580 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.885 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.093$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 38 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.273 W/kg

LTE Band 38 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

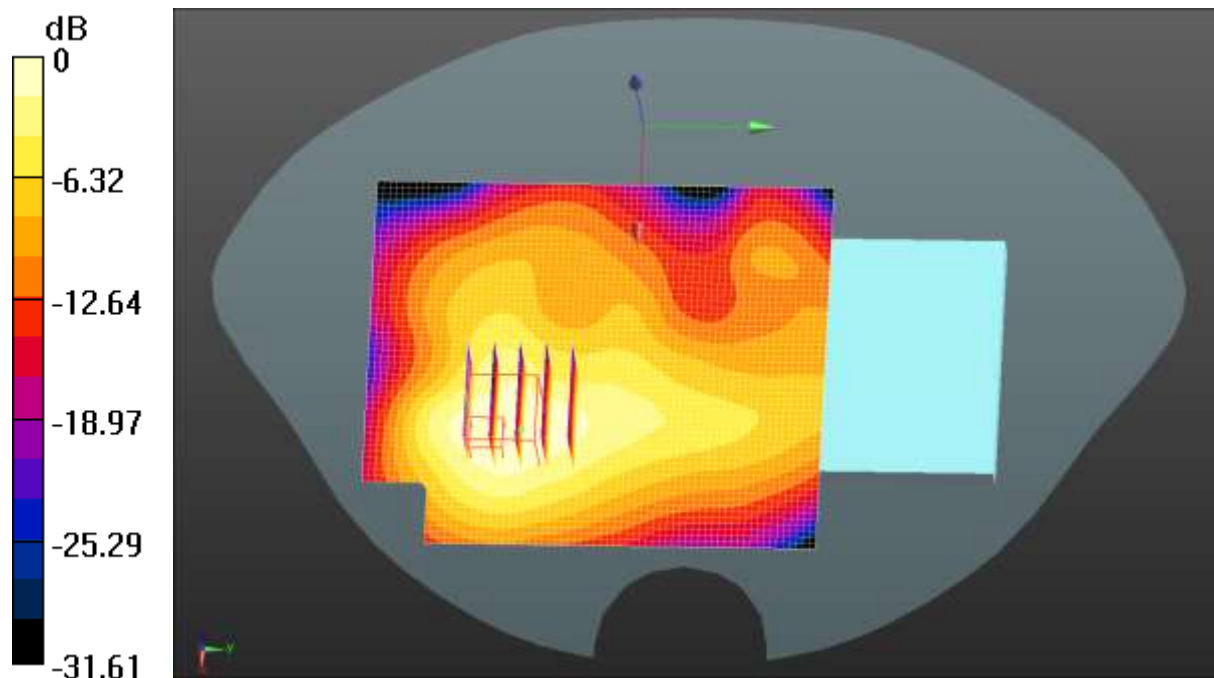
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.595 V/m; Power Drift = -0.34 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.389 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.168 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



0 dB = 0.289 W/kg = -5.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 19:11:16

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-TDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2545 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59956

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2545 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.417$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 41 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (61x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 W/kg

LTE Band 41 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

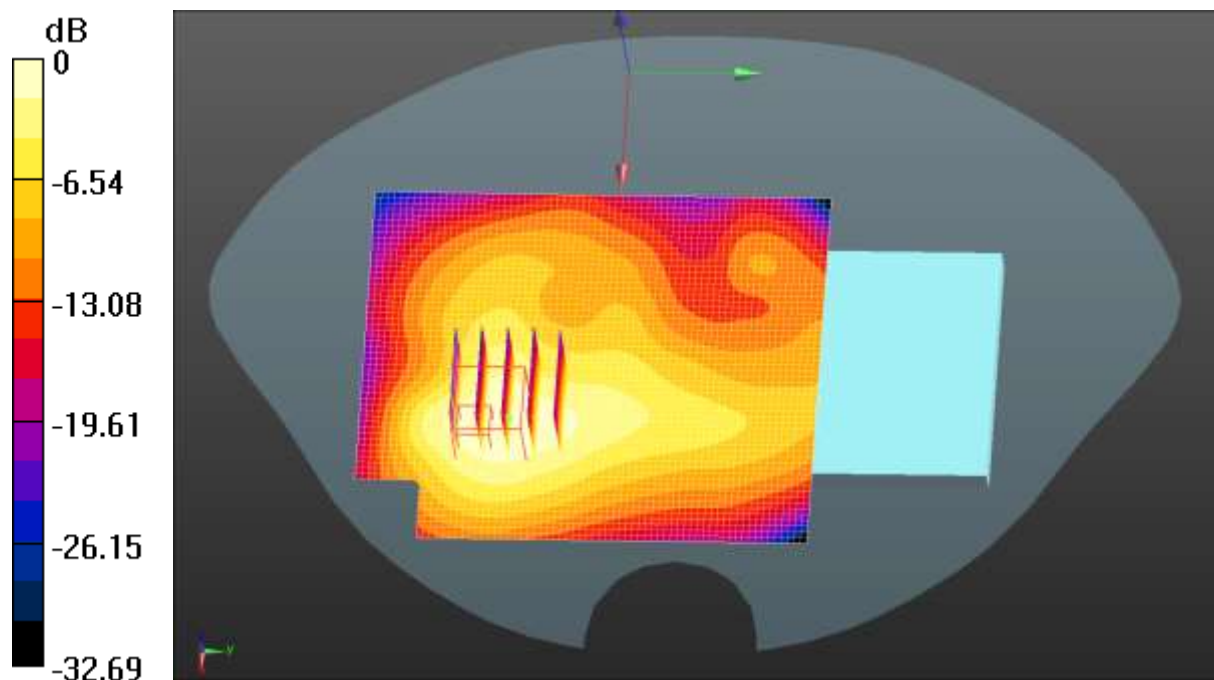
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.877 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 W/kg



0 dB = 0.316 W/kg = -5.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 22:30:25

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);
 Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.796$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

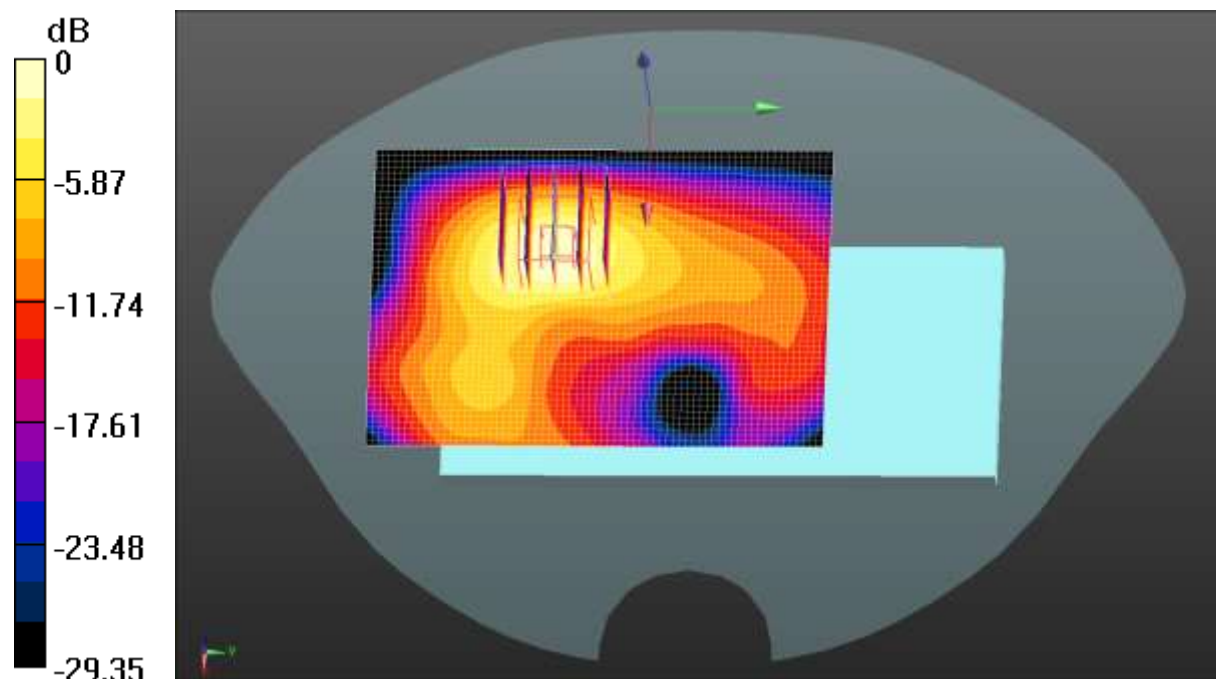
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.165 W/kg

WIFI Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
 Reference Value = 1.969 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.096 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.177 W/kg



0 dB = 0.177 W/kg = -7.52 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 14:56:11

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.612 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.975$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5.2G WIFI Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.299 W/kg

5.2G WIFI Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

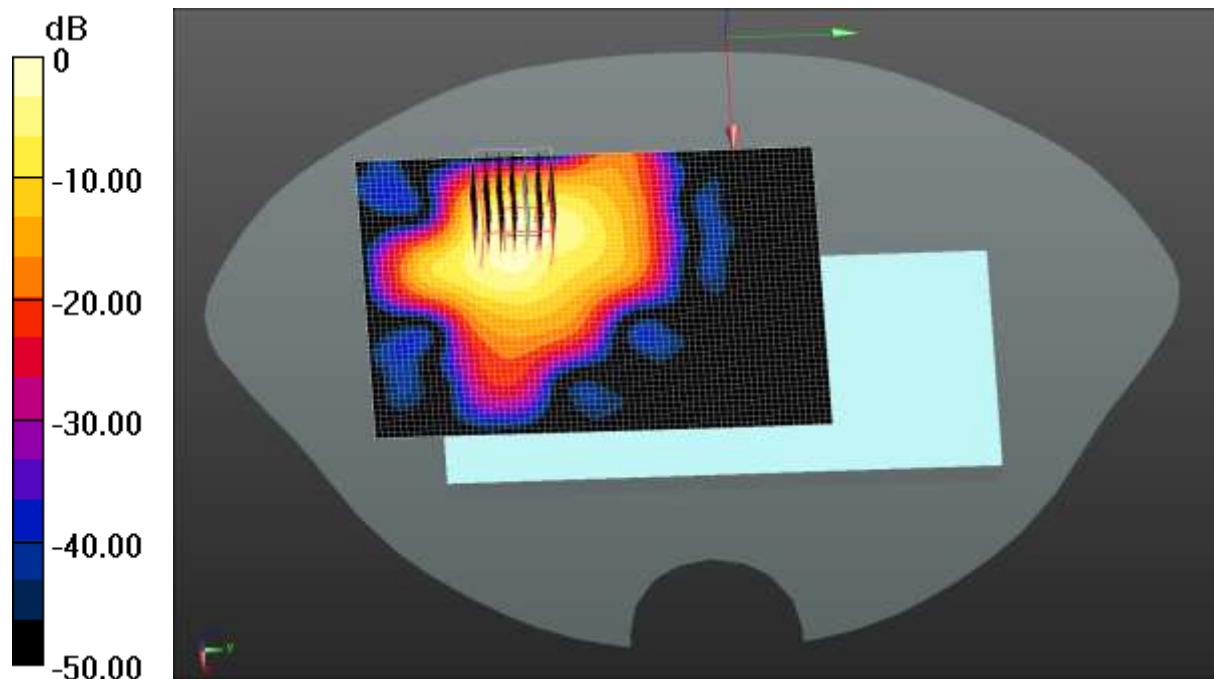
grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 0.925 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg



0 dB = 0.278 W/kg = -5.56 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.09.2020 16:05:36

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11ac20 WiFi 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.294$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.822$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5.8G WIFI Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.001 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.656 W/kg

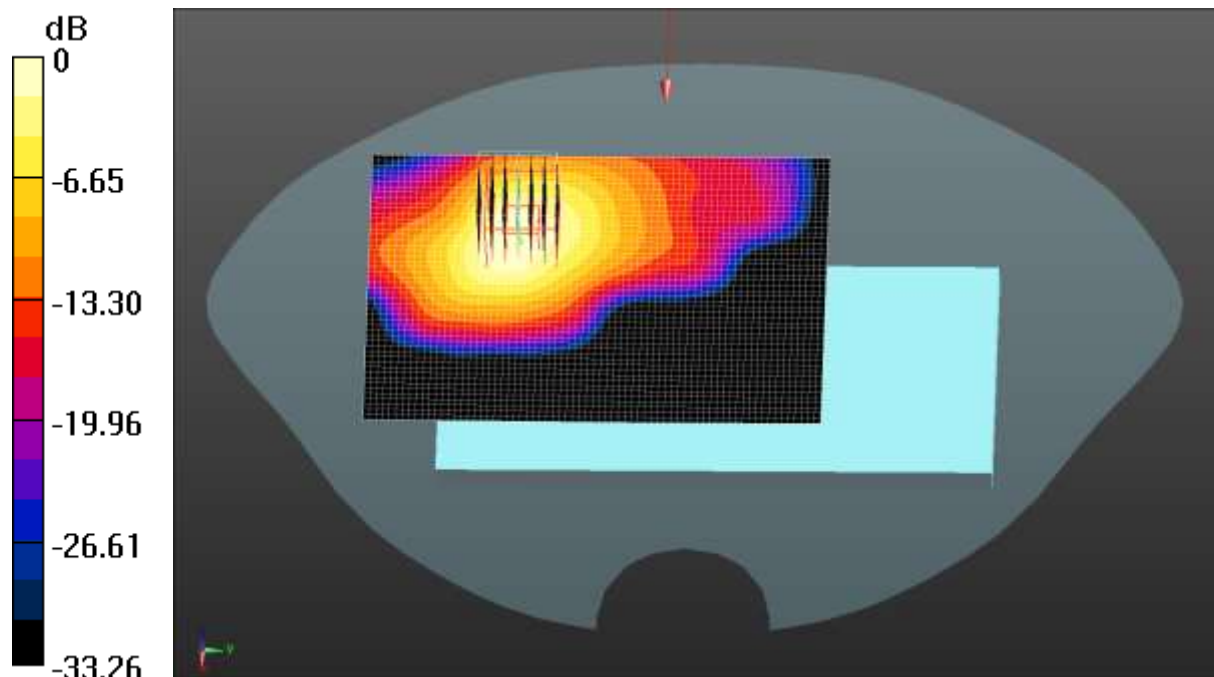
SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.559 W/kg

5.8G WIFI Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 W/kg



0 dB = 0.416 W/kg = -3.81 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.07.2020 10:41:22

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(2 Slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.869$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.621$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GPRS 850 2Slots Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg

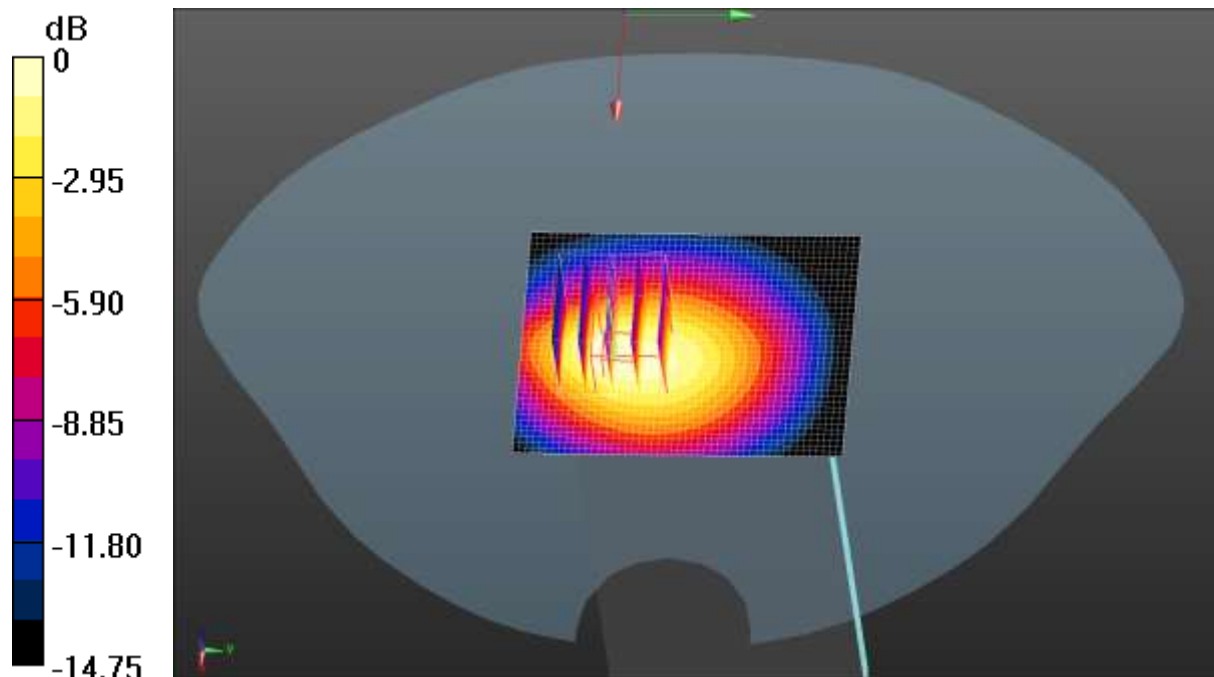
SAR(1 g) = 0.182 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.267 W/kg

GPRS 850 2Slots Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.248 W/kg



0 dB = 0.248 W/kg = -6.06 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 10:15:37

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(4 Slots) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

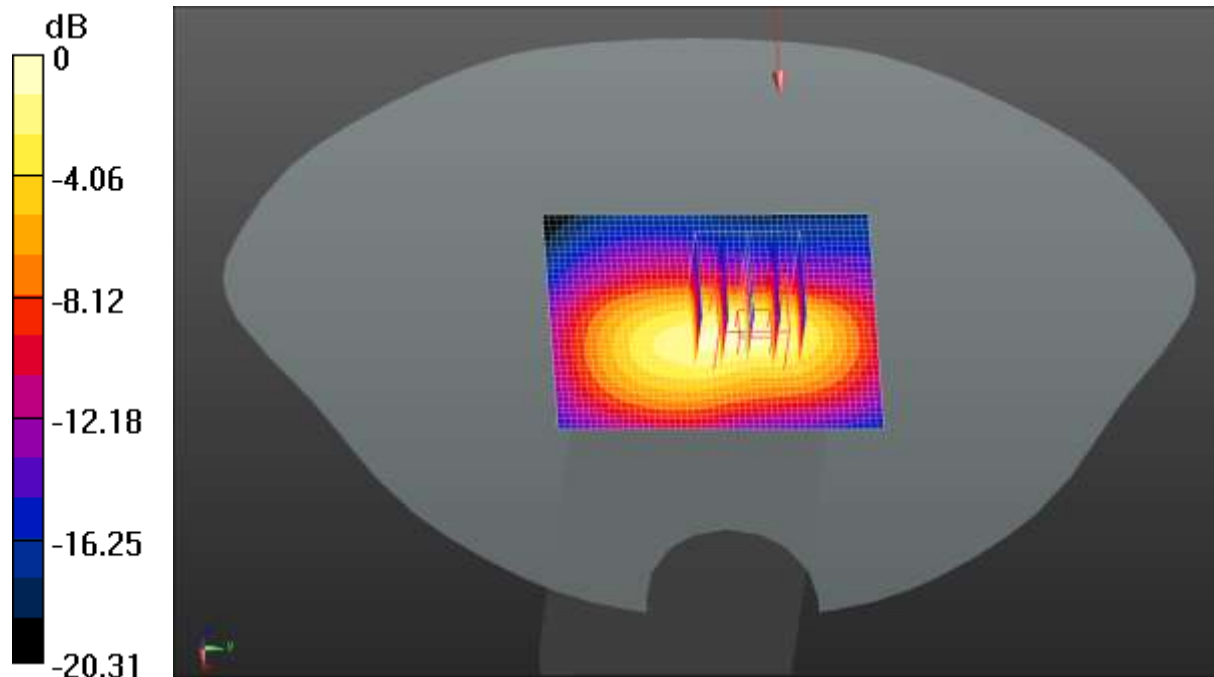
Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.399 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.456 W/kg

GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 15.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.33 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.363 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 W/kg



0 dB = 0.518 W/kg = -2.86 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 10:35:16

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.329$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.713$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.469 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

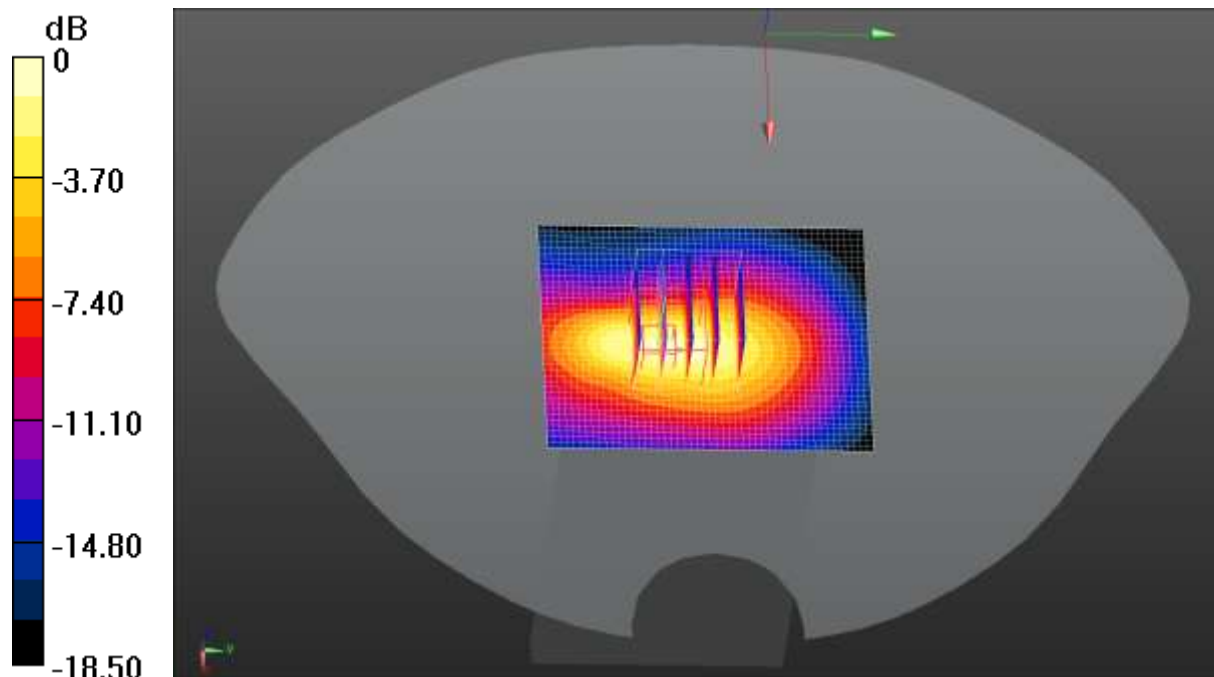
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.684 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.349 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 W/kg



0 dB = 0.541 W/kg = -2.67 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 14:17:49

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.399$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.748$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1900 Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg

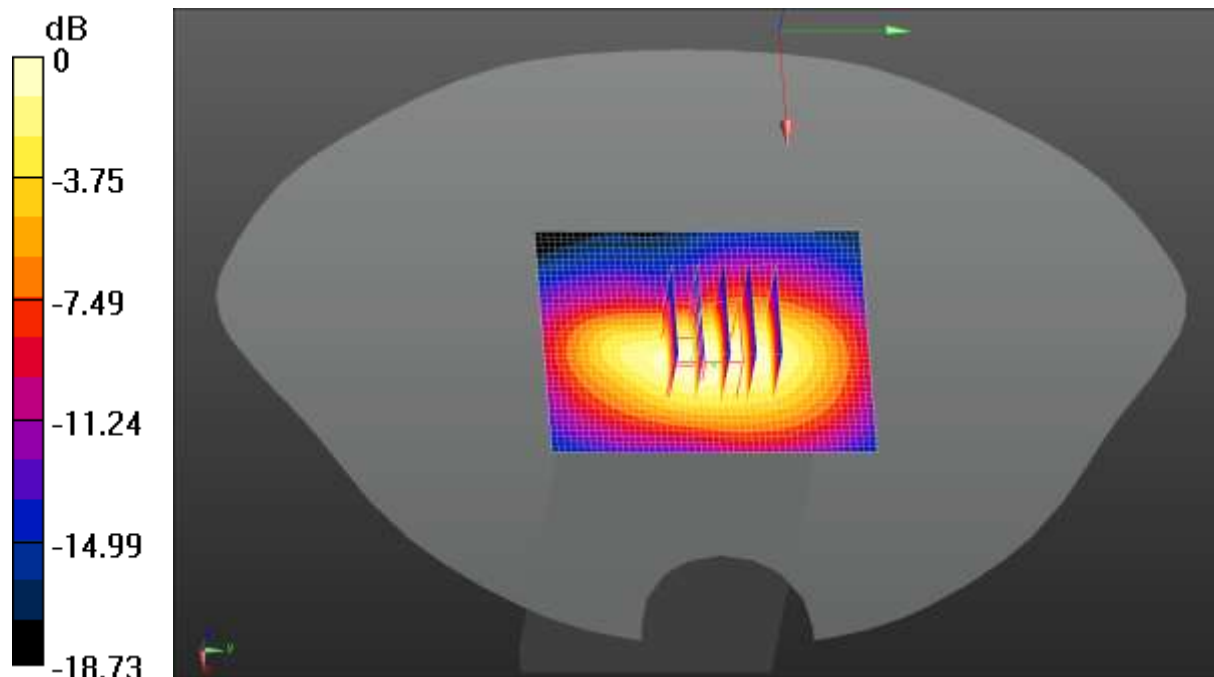
SAR(1 g) = 0.404 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.476 W/kg



0 dB = 0.476 W/kg = -3.22 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 14:45:43

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;
 Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

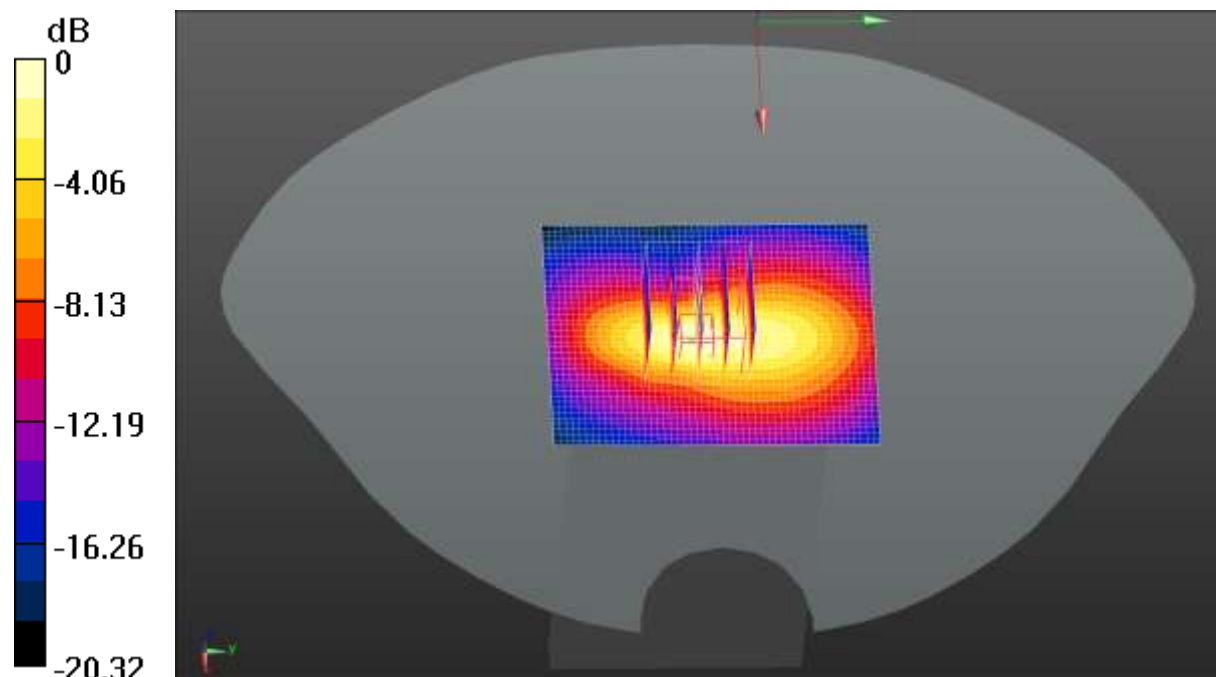
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Top/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.762 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Top/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 22.79 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.477 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 W/kg



0 dB = 0.770 W/kg = -1.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 23:53:41

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.344$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.675 W/kg

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

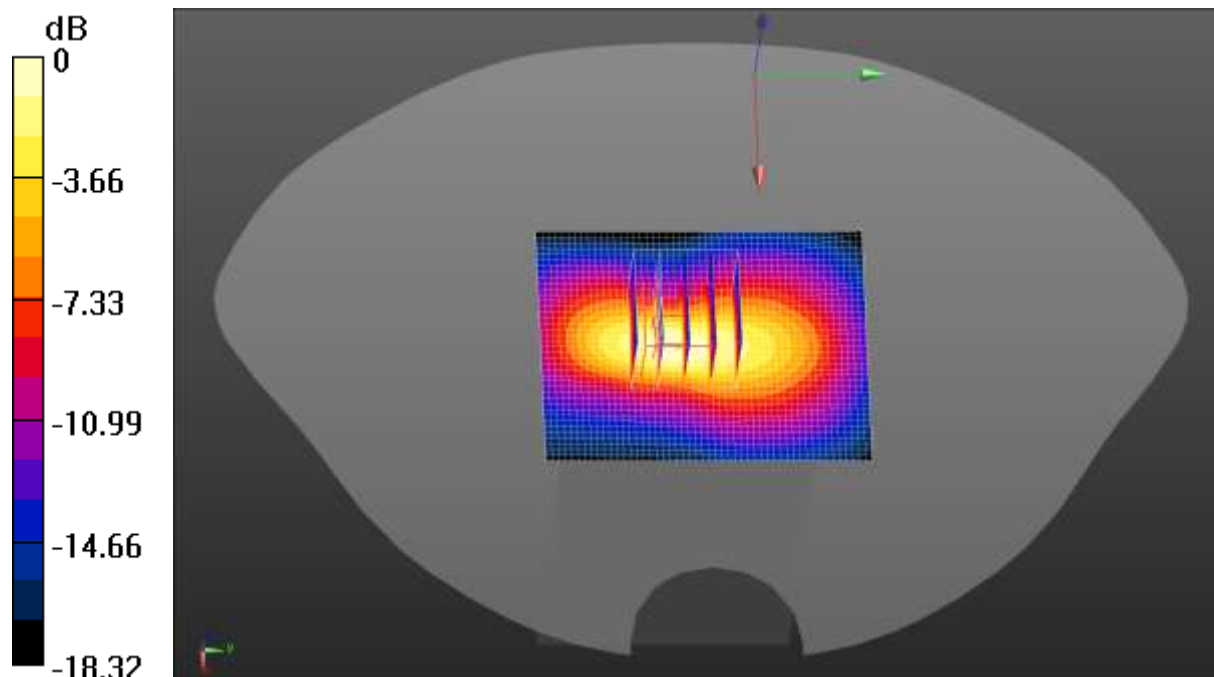
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.834 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.421 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



0 dB = 0.663 W/kg = -1.78 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 15:06:57

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.408 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.607$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Top/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.739 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Top/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

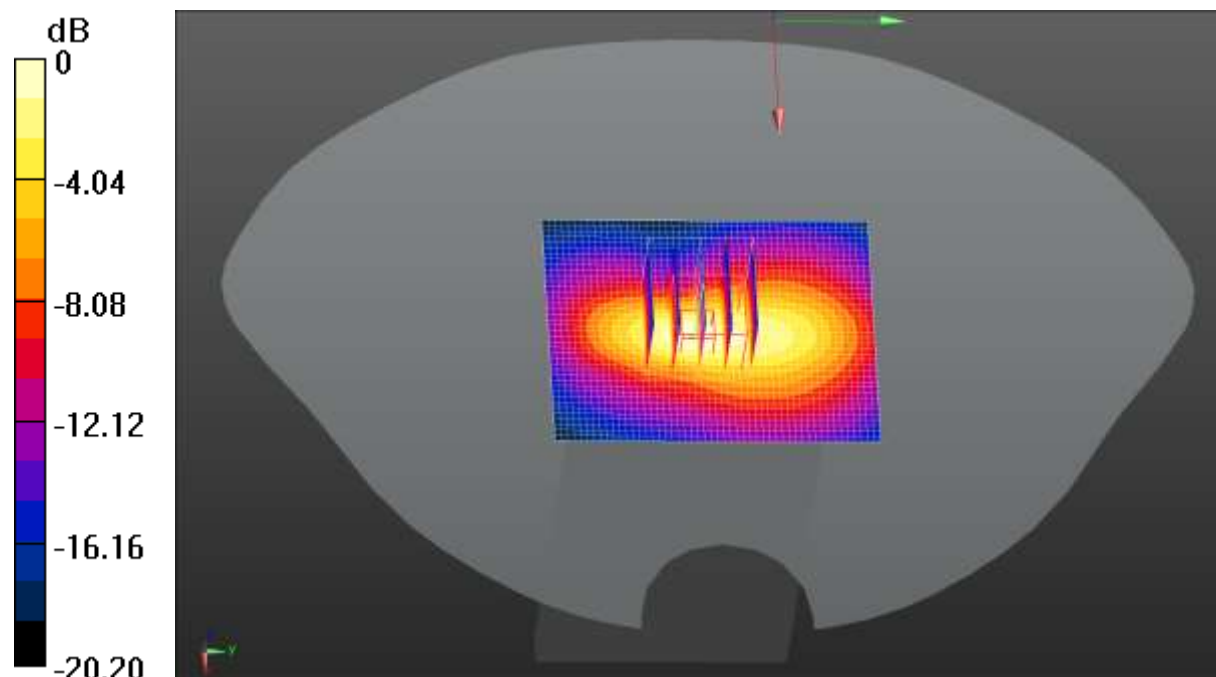
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.962 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.465 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.762 W/kg



0 dB = 0.762 W/kg = -1.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.12.2020 00:04:54

DUT: Mobile Phone; Type: CE9; Serial: 1#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.344 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.376$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 07.27.2020
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Top/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.689 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Top/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

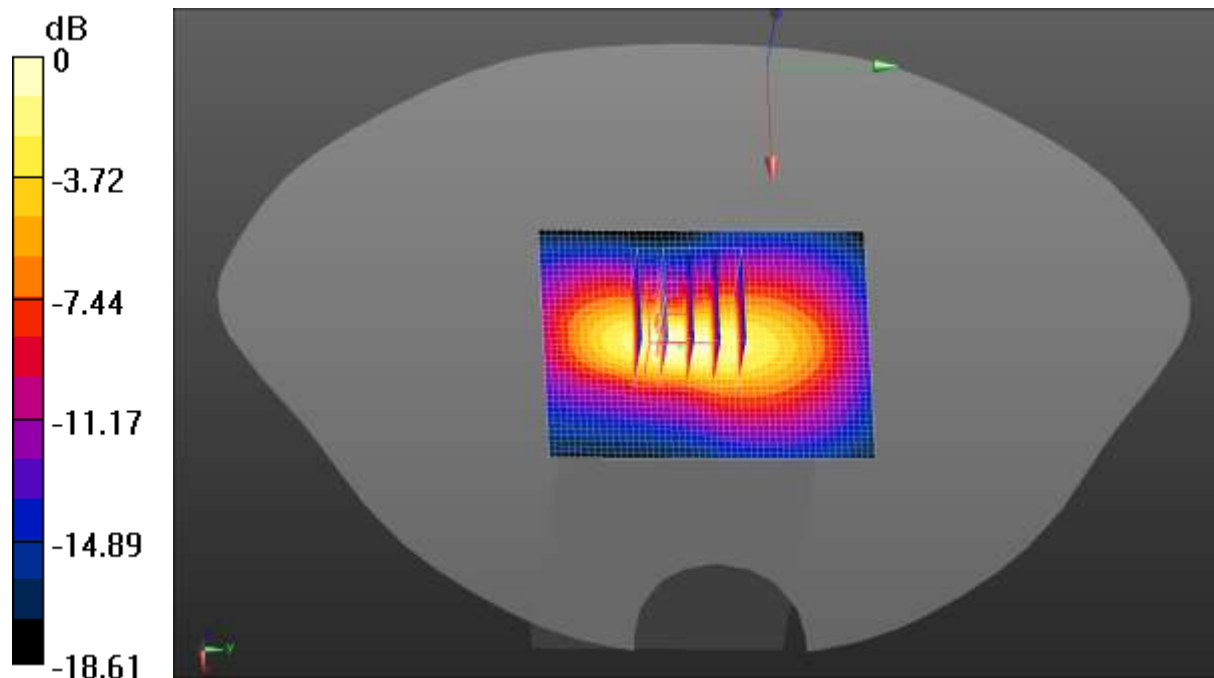
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.74 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.856 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.430 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.680 W/kg



0 dB = 0.680 W/kg = -1.67 dBW/kg

Appendix C: System Calibration Certificate

Calibration information for E-field probes



In Collaboration with
s p e a g
CALIBRATION LABORATORY



中国认可
国际互认
校准
CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

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E-mail: ctll@chinattl.com [Http://www.chinattl.cn](http://www.chinattl.cn)

Client

CCIS

Certificate No: Z19-60260

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3924

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-004-01
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: August 30, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05125)	Jun-20
Reference10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01133)	Feb-20
Reference20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	09-Feb-18(CTTL, No.J18X01132)	Feb-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7307	24-May-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-7307_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb -20
DAE4	SN 917	07-Dec-18(SPEAG, No.DAE4-917_Dec18)	Dec -19
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGeneratorMG3700A	6201052605	18-Jun-19 (CTTL, No.J19X05127)	Jun-20
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan -20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: August 31, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).



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Probe EX3DV4

SN: 3924

Calibrated: August 30, 2019

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)