

承 **SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL**

客戶名稱 CUSTOMER	:	
客戶料號 CUSTOMER'S P/N	:	
料號 PART NUMBER	:	WAN8010F245H0X
規格 DESCRIPTION	:	Chip Antenna 8010 M-Ant 2.4~2.5G Type 03,04,05
版本 VERSION	:	V2.5
日期 ISSUE DATE	:	2018/11/27

客戶承認 CUSTOMER APPROVED	

工 程 部 R&D CENTER				
承 認 APPROVAL	確 認 CHECKED	製 作 DRAWN		
Ray	James	Thor		





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OneWave Electronic Co., Ltd.

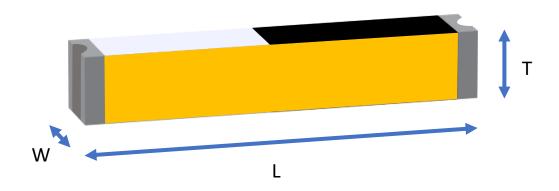
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8010 Chip antenna

For Bluetooth / WLAN Applications



P/N: WAN8010F245H03 WAN8010F245H04 WAN8010F245H05

	Dimension (mm)		
L	8.01 ± 0.20		
W	1.03 ± 0.20		
Т	1.25 ± 0.20		



Part Number Information

WAN 8010 F 245 H 0X
A B C D E F

Α	Product Series	Antenna		
В	Dimension L x W	8.0X1.0mm (+-0.2mm)		
C	Material	High K material		
D	Working Frequency	2.4 ~ 2.5GHz		
Ε	Feeding mode	Monopole & Single Feeding		
F	Antenna type	0X=03,04,05 / Type=03,04,05		

1. Electrical Specification

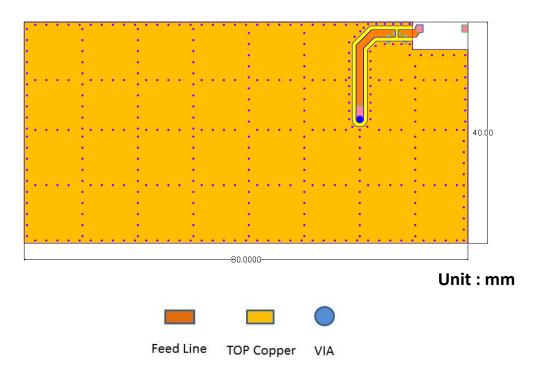
Specification				
	WAN8010F245H03			
Part Number	WAN8010F245H04			
	WAN8010F245H05			
Central Frequency	2450	MHz		
Bandwidth	100 (Min.)	MHz		
Return Loss	-10 (Max)	dB		
Peak Gain	3.53	dBi		
Impedance	50	Ohm		
Operating Temperature	-40∼+85	°C		
Maximum Power	4	W		
Resistance to Soldering Heats	10 (@ 260℃)	sec.		
		•		
Polarization	Linear			
Azimuth Beamwidth	Omni-directional			
Termination	Cu / Sn (Leadless)			

Remark: Bandwidth & Peak Gain was measured under evaluation board of next page



2. Recommended PCB Pattern

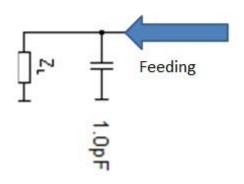
Evaluation Board Dimension



Suggested Matching Circuit

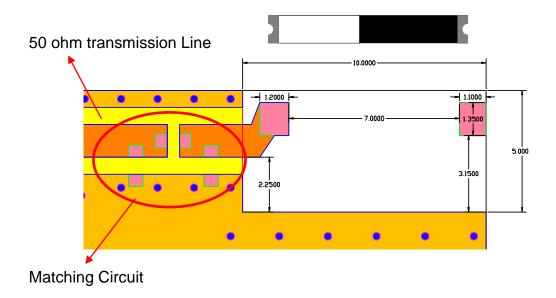
Important information:

High precision inductors are recommended for matching components $\pm 0.1 \sim 0.3 \mathrm{nH}$, capacitance $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{pF}$

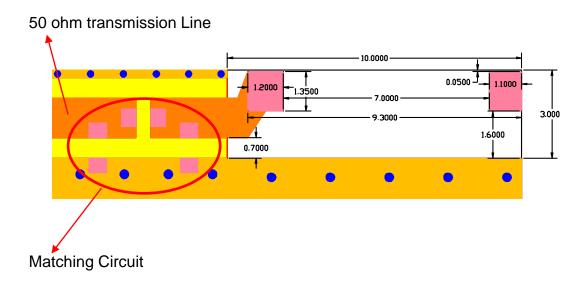


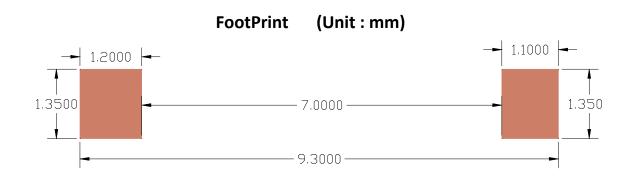


Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=10.0*5.0mm)



♦ Layout Dimensions in Clearance area(Size=10.0*3.0mm)

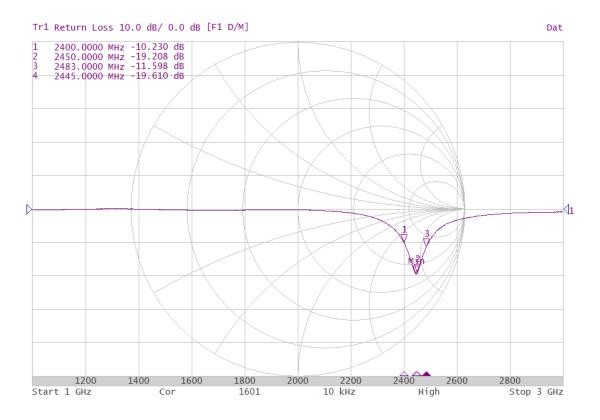






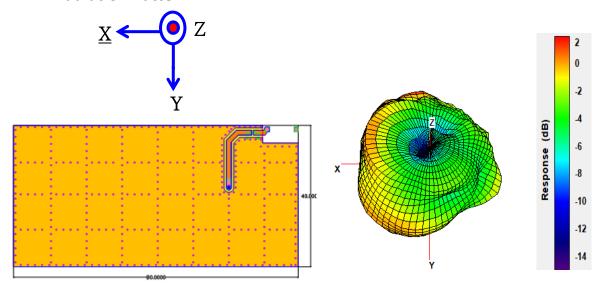
3. Measurement Results

Return Loss



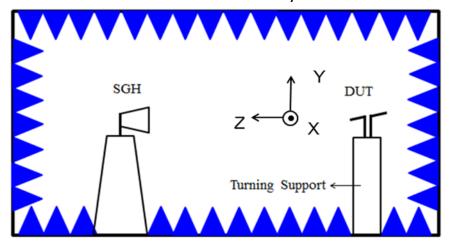


Radiation Pattern



	Efficiency	Peak Gain	Directivity
2400MHz	69.25 %	3.41 dBi	5.42 dBi
2450MHz	75.82 %	3.53 dBi	5.38 dBi
2500MHz	68.55 %	3.26 dBi	5.17 dBi

Chamber Coordinate System





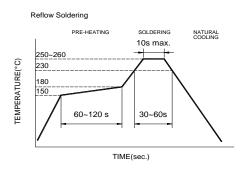
4.Reliability and Test Condictions

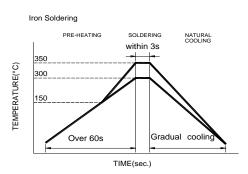
ITEM	REQUIREMENTS	TEST CONDITION
Solderability	1. Wetting shall exceed 90% coverage 2. No visible mechanical damage TEMP (°C) 230°C 4±1 sec. 60sec	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec. Solder temperature:230±5°C Duration:4±1sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin
Solder heat Resistance	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ± 6% TEMP (°C) 260°C 150°C 10±0.5 sec.	Pre-heating temperature:150°C /60sec. Solder temperature:260±5°C Duration:10±0.5sec. Solder:Sn-Ag3.0-Cu0.5 Flux for lead free: rosin
Component Adhesion (Push test)	No visible mechanical damage	The device should be reflow soldered(230±5°C for 10sec.) to a tinned copper substrate A dynometer force gauge should be applied the side of the component. The device must with-ST-F 0.5 Kg without failure of the termination attached to component.
Component Adhesion (Pull test)	No visible mechanical damage	Insert 10cm wire into the remaining open eye bend ,the ends of even wire lengths upward and wind together. Terminal shall not be remarkably damaged.
Thermal shock	1. No visible mechanical damage 2. Central Freq. change :within ±6% Phase Temperature(°C) Time(min) 1 +85±5°C 30±3 2 Room Within Temperature 3sec 3 -40±2°C 30±3 4 Room Within Temperature 3sec	+85°C=>30±3min -40°C=>30±3min Test cycle:10 cycles The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.
Resistance to High Temperature	No visible mechanical damage Central Freq. change :within ±6% No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: 85±5°C Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.
Resistance to Low Temperature	No visible mechanical damage Central Freq. change :within ±6% No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature:-40±5°C Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.
Humidity	No visible mechanical damage Central Freq. change :within ±6% No disconnection or short circuit.	Temperature: 40±2°C Humidity: 90% to 95% RH Duration: 1000±12hrs The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 2~3 hours before measuring.



5. Soldering and Mounting

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. The minimum amount of solder can lead to damage from the stresses caused by the difference in coefficients of expansion between solder, chip and substrate. The terminations are suitable for all wave and re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.





Recommended temperature profiles for re-flow soldering in Figure 1.

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended.

- Preheat circuit and products to 150°C
- Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- 280[°]C tip temperature (max)
- 1.0mm tip diameter (max)
- Limit soldering time to 3 sec.



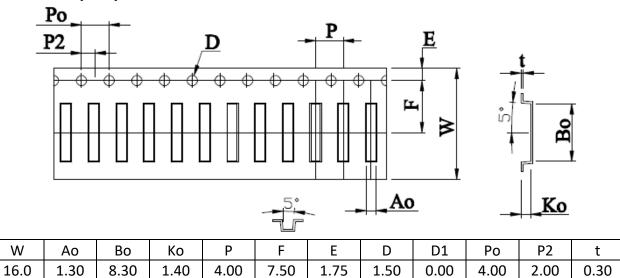
6.Packaging Information

♦ Tape Specification:

±0.30

±0.10

±0.10



±0.10

±0.10

±0.10

±0.10

±0.10

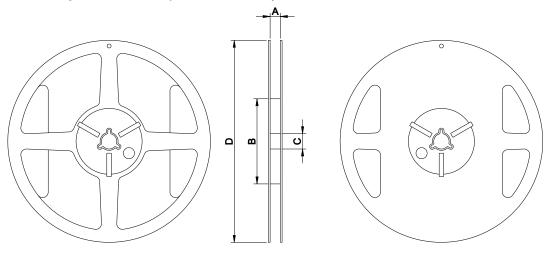
±0.05

♦ Reel Specification: (7", Φ180 mm)

±0.10

±0.10

±0.10



7" x 16 mm

Tape Width(mm)	A(mm)	B(mm)	C(mm)	D(mm)	Chip/Reel(pcs)
16	16±1.0	60±2	13.5±0.5	178±2	3000



7. Storage and Transportation Information

Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

- 1. Temperature and humidity conditions: -10~ 40°C and 30~70% RH.
- 2. Recommended products should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.
- 3. The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

Transportation Conditions

- 1. Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
- 2. The use of tweezers or vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
- 3. Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.