

TEST REPORT

Part 15 Subpart E 15.407 & RSS-247 (Issue 2)

Equipment under test Car Dash CAM

Model name Q1000

FCC ID 2ADTG-Q1000

IC 12594A-Q1000

Applicant THINKWARE CORPORATION

Manufacturer THINKWARE CORPORATION

Date of test(s) 2022.02.28 ~ 2022.03.31

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Issued to

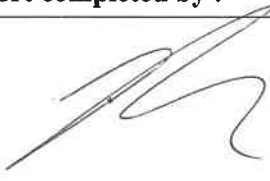

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Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2022.04.04	KES-RF1-22T0023	Initial

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1. General information

Applicant: THINKWARE CORPORATION
Applicant address: A, 9FL., Samwhan Hipex, 240, Pangyoyeok-ro, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea
Test site: KES Co., Ltd.
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Test Facility: FCC Accreditation Designation No.: KR0100, Registration No.: 444148
ISED Registration No.: 4769B
FCC rule part(s): 15.407
IC rule part(s): RSS-247
FCC ID: 2ADTG-Q1000
IC Certification: 12594A-Q1000
Test device serial No.: Production Pre-production Engineering

1.1. EUT description

Equipment under test: Car Dash CAM
Frequency range: 2 402 Mhz ~ 2 480 Mhz (BLE 1 Mbps)
2 412 Mhz ~ 2 462 Mhz (802.11b/g/n_HT20)
2 422 Mhz ~ 2 452 Mhz (802.11n_HT40)
5 180 Mhz ~ 5 240 Mhz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20)
5 190 Mhz ~ 5 230 Mhz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40)
Model: Q1000
Modulation technique: GFSK, CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK, OFDM,
QPSK, BPSK 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
Antenna specification: (BLE & WLAN) Chip Antenna // 2.4 GHz Peak gain: -2.008 dBi
// 5 GHz Peak gain: 5.818 dBi
Power source: DC 12 V, 24 V
Number of channels: 2 402 Mhz ~ 2 480 Mhz (BLE 1 Mbps) : 40 ch
2 412 Mhz ~ 2 462 Mhz (802.11b/g/n_HT20) : 11 ch
2 422 Mhz ~ 2 452 Mhz (802.11n_HT40) : 7 ch
5 180 Mhz ~ 5 240 Mhz (802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20) : 4 ch
5 190 Mhz ~ 5 230 Mhz (802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40) : 2 ch
H/W Version: HELIOS_PP_V3.0
S/W Version: Ver 0.06.00 (micom : V131)

1.2. Test configuration

The **THINKWARE CORPORATION // Car Dash CAM // Q1000**

FCC ID: 2ADTG-Q1000 // IC: 12594A-Q1000 was tested according to the specification of EUT, the EUT must comply with following standards and KDB documents.

FCC Part 15.407
 ISED RSS-247 Issue 2 and RSS-Gen Issue 5
 KDB 789033 D02 v02r01
 ANSI C63.10-2013

1.3. Derivative Model Information

N/A

1.4. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
-	-	-	-	-

1.5. Sample calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided

For all conducted test items :

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 2.05 + 10 = 12.05 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

For Radiation test :

$$\text{Field strength level (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = \text{Measured level (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Antenna factor (dB)} + \text{Cable loss (dB)} - \text{Amplifier gain (dB)}$$

1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item		Uncertainty
Uncertainty for Conduction emission test		2.46 dB
Uncertainty for Radiation emission test (include Fundamental emission)	Below 1GHz	4.40 dB
	Above 1GHz	5.94 dB

Note. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

1.7. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
00	2 402	BLE 1 Mbps
.	.	.
20	2 442	BLE 1 Mbps
.	.	.
39	2 480	BLE 1 Mbps

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
1	2 412	802.11b/g/n_HT20
.	.	.
6	2 437	802.11b/g/n_HT20
.	.	.
11	2 462	802.11b/g/n_HT20

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
3	2 422	802.11n_HT40
.	.	.
7	2 437	802.11n_HT40
.	.	.
9	2 452	802.11n_HT40

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
36	5 180	802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20
.	.	.
40	5 200	802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20
.	.	.
48	5 240	802.11a/n_HT20/ac_VHT20

Ch.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode
38	5 190	802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40
46	5 230	802.11n_HT40/ac_VHT40

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2. Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Section in RSS-247 & Gen	Parameter	Test results
15.407(a)	RSS-247 6.2	26 dB bandwidth & 99 % bandwidth	N/A ¹⁾
15.407(a)	-	6 dB bandwidth (UNII-3)	N/A ¹⁾
15.407(a)	RSS-247 6.2	Maximum conducted output power	Pass
15.407(a)	RSS-247 6.2	Power spectral density	N/A ¹⁾
15.407(g)	RSS-Gen 6.11	Frequency stability	N/A ¹⁾
15.205 15.209 15.407(b)	RSS-247 6.2 RSS-Gen 8.9, 8.10	Radiated restricted band and emission	Pass
15.207	RSS-Gen 8.8	AC power line conducted emissions	N/A ¹⁾

Note :

1. This product is equipped with an approved module, please refer to
 FCC Report No.: TCT171018E032
 IC Report No : EC1905007RI04
 for details.
2. The product is set to a lower target power compared to the module in the complete product as below:
 802.11a : 26 -> 23
 802.11n_HT20 : 17 -> 13
 802.11ac_VHT20 : 17 -> 13
 802.11n_HT40 : 17 -> 13
 802.11ac_VHT40 : 17 -> 13

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3. Test results

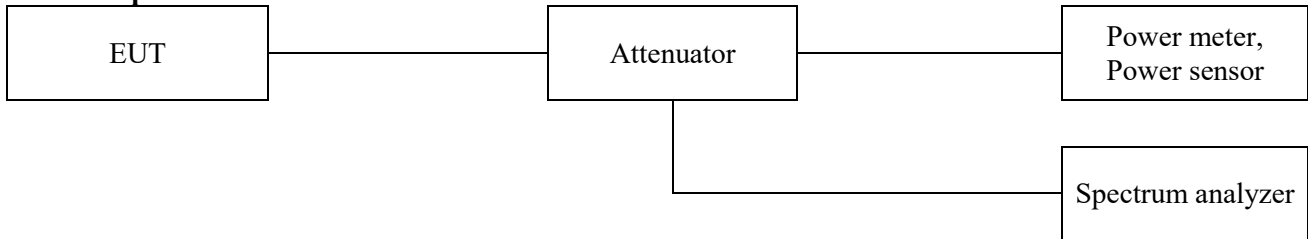
3.1. Maximum conducted output power

Test procedure

KDB 789033 D02 v02r01– Section E.3.a) or b)

Used test method is Section E.3.b)

Test setup



Section E.3.a)

Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- i. Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
 - The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
 - At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- ii. If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- iii. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- iv. Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log (1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log (1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25 %).

Section E.3.b)

Method PM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter):

Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

Limit

FCC

Band	EUT Category		Limit
UNII-1		Outdoor access point	1 W (30 dBm)
	✓	Indoor access point	
		Fixed point-to-point access point	
		Mobile and portable client device	250 mW (24 dBm)
UNII-2A			250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB*
UNII-2C			250 mW or 11 dBm + 10logB*
UNII-3			1 W (30 dBm)

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IC

Band	Limit
5150~5250 MHz	EIRP shall not exceed 200 mW or $10+10\log B^*$, dBm
5250~5350 MHz	Conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or 11 dBm + $10\log B^*$ EIRP shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17+10\log B^*$, dBm
5470~5600 MHz and 5650~5725 MHz	Conducted output power shall not exceed 250 mW or 11 dBm + $10\log B^*$ EIRP shall not exceed 1.0 W or $17+10\log B^*$, dBm
5725~5850 MHz	Conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W

Note.

1. FCC Limit B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth.
2. IC Limit B is the 99% emission bandwidth in megahertz.

Test results

Mode : 12 V

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Detector mode	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
				FCC	IC
802.11 a	5 180	AV	7.55	30.00	22.12
	5 200	AV	7.32		22.12
	5 240	AV	7.07		22.11
802.11 n_HT20	5 180	AV	5.69	30.00	22.43
	5 200	AV	5.16		22.43
	5 240	AV	4.59		22.43
802.11 ac_VHT20	5 180	AV	5.89	30.00	22.43
	5 200	AV	5.26		22.43
	5 240	AV	4.73		22.43
802.11 n_VHT40	5 190	AV	5.23	30.00	23.01
	5 230	AV	4.84		23.01
802.11 ac_VHT40	5 190	AV	5.22	30.00	23.01
	5 230	AV	4.78		23.01

Mode : 24 V

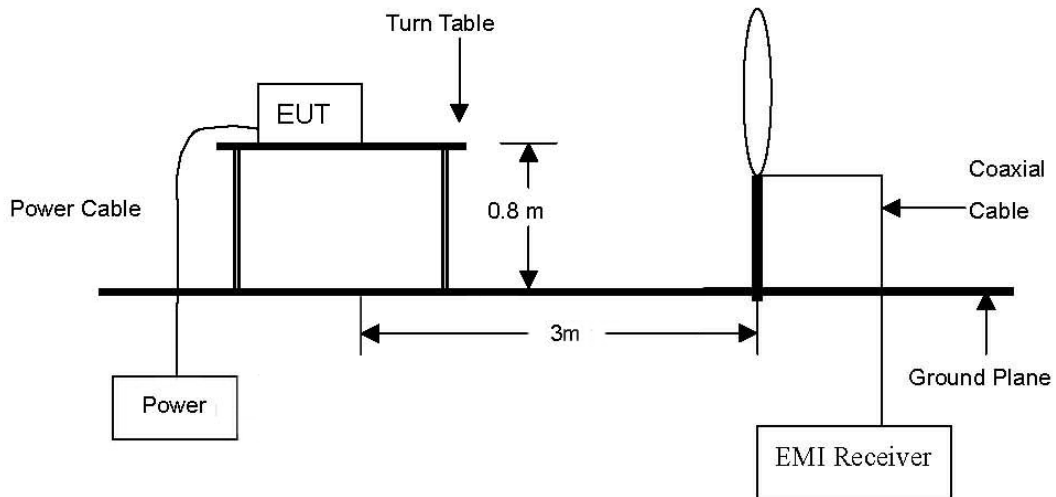
Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Detector mode	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	
				FCC	IC
802.11 a	5 180	AV	7.76	30.00	22.12
	5 200	AV	7.51		22.12
	5 240	AV	7.35		22.11
802.11 n_HT20	5 180	AV	5.92	30.00	22.43
	5 200	AV	5.53		22.43
	5 240	AV	4.84		22.43
802.11 ac_VHT20	5 180	AV	6.02	30.00	22.43
	5 200	AV	5.64		22.43
	5 240	AV	5.04		22.43
802.11 n_VHT40	5 190	AV	5.47	30.00	23.01
	5 230	AV	5.11		23.01
802.11 ac_VHT40	5 190	AV	5.46	30.00	23.01
	5 230	AV	5.13		23.01

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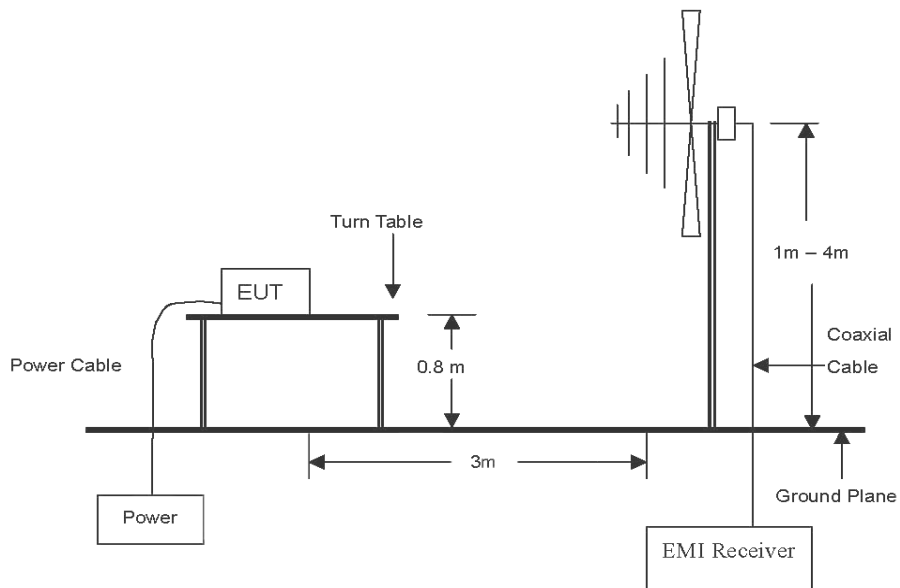
3.2. Radiated restricted band and emissions

Test setup

The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions.

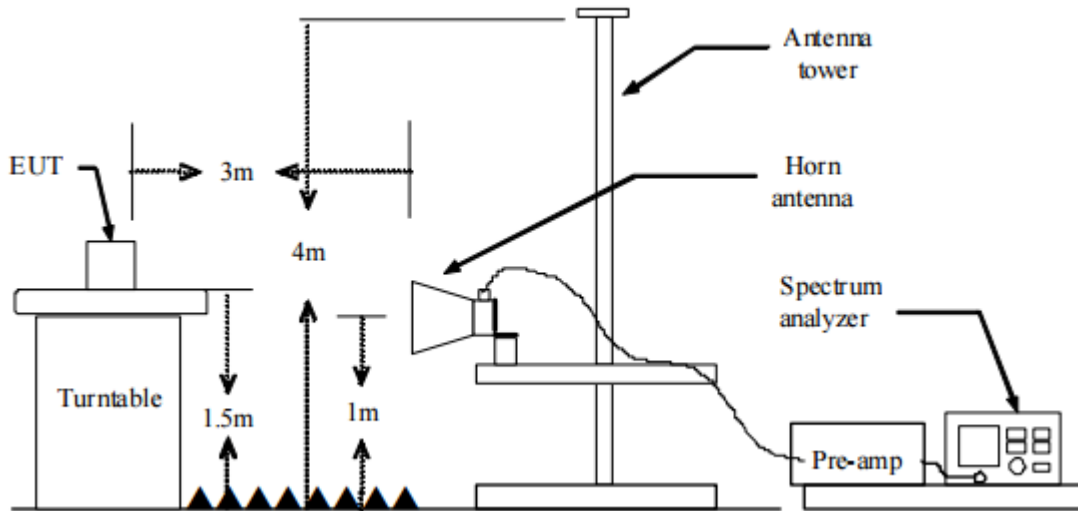


The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



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The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz emissions, whichever is lower.



Test procedure

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.11 & 11.12 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Test procedure below 30 MHz

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel, ground parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement. It was determined that **parallel** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **parallel**.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum hold mode.

Test procedure above 30 MHz

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna, and its height are varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

5. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f < 1$ GHz:

- ① Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
- ② RBW = 100 kHz
- ③ VBW \geq RBW
- ④ Detector = quasi peak
- ⑤ Sweep time = auto
- ⑥ Trace = max hold

6. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \geq 1$ GHz: Peak

- ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- ② RBW = 1 MHz
- ③ VBW ≥ 3 MHz
- ④ Detector = peak
- ⑤ Sweep time = auto
- ⑥ Trace = max hold
- ⑦ Trace was allowed to stabilize

7. Spectrum analyzer settings for $f \geq 1$ GHz: Average

- ① Analyzer center frequency was set to the frequency of the radiated spurious emission of interest
- ② RBW = 1 MHz
- ③ VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- ④ Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) \leq (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- ⑤ Averaging type = power(i.e., RMS)
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- ⑥ Sweep = auto
- ⑦ Trace = max hold
- ⑧ Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- ⑨ A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step ⑤, then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step ⑤, then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Note.

1. $f < 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 40 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 40\log(D_m/D_s)$
 $f \geq 30$ MHz, extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade of distance. $F_d = 20\log(D_m/D_s)$
 Where:
 F_d = Distance factor in dB
 D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 D_s = Specification distance in meters
2. Field strength(dB μ V/m) = Level(dB μ V) + CF (dB) + or DCF(dB)
3. Margin(dB) = Limit(dB μ V/m) - Field strength(dB μ V/m)
4. Emissions below 18 GHz were measured at a 3 meter test distance while emissions above 18 GHz were measured at a 1 meter test distance with the application of a distance correction factor.
7. The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y and Z, it was determined that **X orientation** was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in **X orientation**.
8. The worst-case emissions are reported however emissions whose levels were not within 20 dB of respective limits were not reported.
9. According to exploratory test no any obvious emission were detected from 9 kHz to 30 MHz. Although these tests were performed other than open field site, adequate comparison measurements were confirmed against 30 m open field site. Therefore sufficient tests were made to demonstrate that the alternative site produces results that correlate with the ones of tests made in an open field based on KDB 414788.

Limit

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values :

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μ V/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	300	2400/F(kHz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000/F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100**
88 ~ 216	3	150**
216 ~ 960	3	200**
Above 960	3	500

**Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 ~ 72 MHz, 76 ~ 88 MHz, 174 ~ 216 MHz or 470 ~ 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

According to 15.407(b), (b) Undesirable emission limits: Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15–5.25 GHz band: all emissions outside of the 5.15–5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
 - i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
 - ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in § 15.207.
- (7) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (8) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

According to RSS-247 6.2 The equipment output power and e.i.r.p. shall be measured in terms of average value. If the transmission is in bursts, the provisions of RSS-Gen for pulsed operation shall apply.

(1) For transmitters with operating frequencies in the band 5150-5250 MHz, all emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band.

(2) For transmitters operating in the band 5250-5350 MHz Devices shall comply with the following:

- a) All emissions outside the band 5250-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p.; or
- b) All emissions outside the band 5150-5350 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. and its power shall comply with the spectral power density for operation within the band 5150-5250 MHz. The device, except devices installed in vehicles, shall be labelled or include in the user manual the following text “for indoor use only.”

(3) For transmitters operating in the band 5470-5600 MHz and 5650-5725 MHz, Emissions outside the band 5470-5725 MHz shall not exceed -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. However, devices with bandwidth overlapping the band edge of 5725 MHz can meet the emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz e.i.r.p. at 5850 MHz instead of 5725 MHz.

(4) For the band 5725-5850 MHz, Devices operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi can have unwanted emissions that comply with either the limits in this section or in section 5.5 until six (6) months after the publication date of this standard for certification. Certified devices that do not comply with emission limits in this section shall not be manufactured, imported, distributed, leased, offered for sale or sold after April 1, 2018.

Devices operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less can have unwanted emissions that comply with either the limits in this section or in section 5.5 until April 1, 2018 for certification. Certified devices that do not comply with emission limits in this section shall not be manufactured, imported, distributed, leased, offered for sale or sold after April 1, 2020.

Devices operating in the band 5725-5850 MHz shall have e.i.r.p. of unwanted emissions comply with the following:

- a) 27 dBm/MHz at frequencies from the band edges decreasing linearly to 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges;
- b) 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges;
- c) 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edges decreasing linearly to -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz above or below the band edges; and
- d) -27 dBm/MHz at frequencies more than 75 MHz above or below the band edges.

Duty cycle

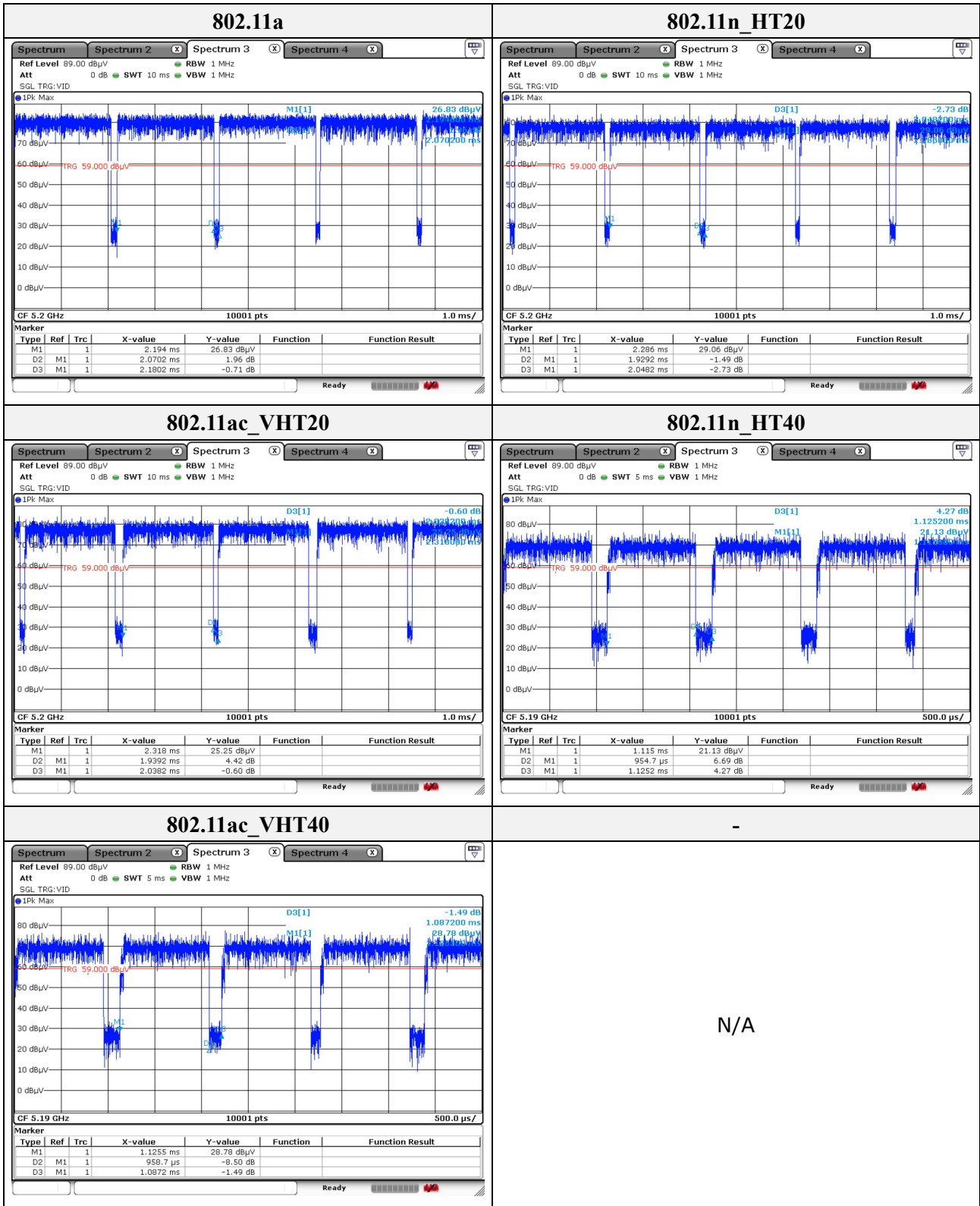
Regarding to KDB 789033 D02 v02r01, B)2)b), the maximum duty cycles of all modes were investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below.

Set RBW \geq OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

Test mode	T _{on} time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty cycle (Linear)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle correction factor (dB)
802.11a	2.070 2	2.180 2	0.950	94.954	0.22
802.11n_HT20	1.929 2	2.048 2	0.942	94.190	0.26
802.11ac_VHT20	1.939 2	2.038 2	0.951	95.143	0.22
802.11n_HT40	0.954 7	1.125 2	0.848	84.847	0.71
802.11ac_VHT40	0.958 7	1.087 2	0.882	88.181	0.55

Duty cycle (Linear) = T_{on} time/Period

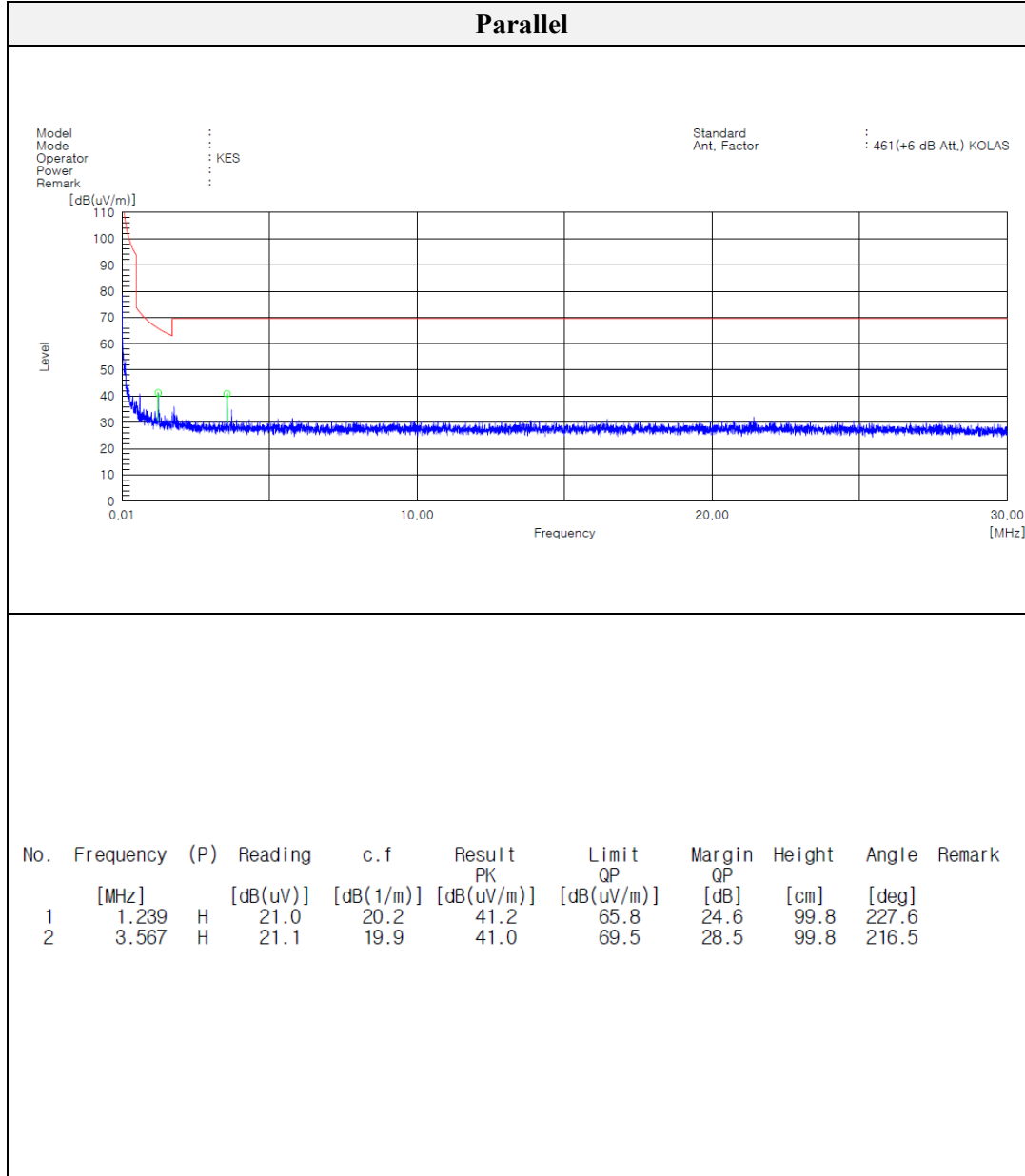
DCF(Duty cycle correction factor (dB)) = 10log(1/duty cycle)



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Test results (Below 30 MHz)

Mode: 24 V_802.11a
 Channel: 36 (Worst Case)
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter



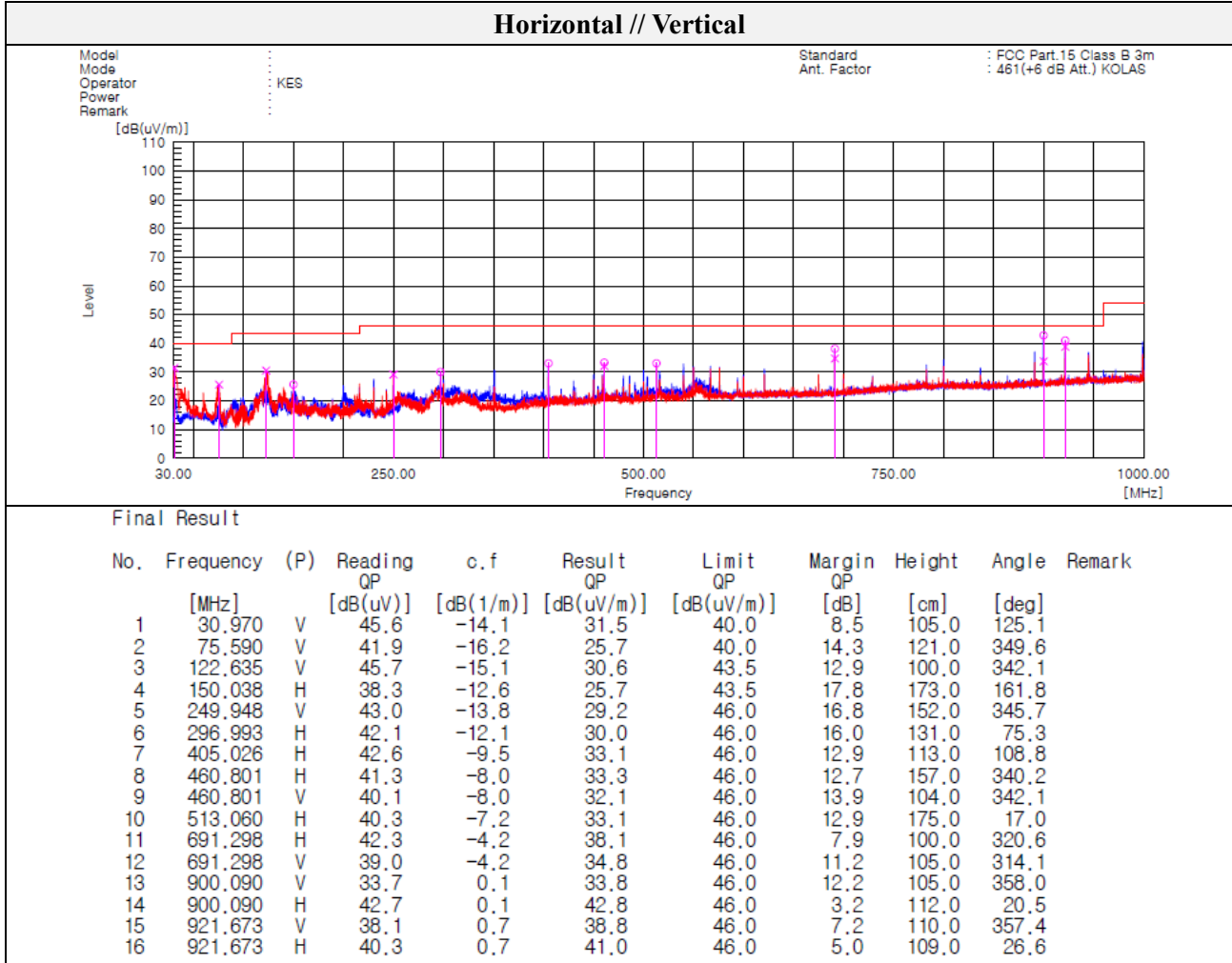
Note.

1. No spurious emission were detected under 30 MHz, the above test result is the peak result.

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Test results (Below 1 000 MHz) – Worst case

Mode: 24 V_802.11a
 Channel: 36 (Worst Case)
 Distance of measurement: 3 meter



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