SAR TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen KVD Communication Equipment Limited

GSM/WCDMA Smartphone

Model No.: X11

Additional Model No.: /

Prepared for Address	 Shenzhen KVD Communication Equipment Limited Lenovo R&D Center 2F-B, South First Road, High-tec Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 		
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Date of receipt of test sample	: Sep 30, 2018		
Number of tested samples	: 1		
Serial number	: Prototype		
Date of Test	: Oct 08, 2018~Oct 17, 2018		
Date of Report	: Oct 19, 2018		

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	SAR TEST REPORT			
Report Reference No	LCS180930005AEB			
Date Of Issue:	Oct 19, 2018			
Testing Laboratory Name:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.			
Address	1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China			
Testing Location/ Procedure:	Full application of Harmonised standards			
	Partial application of Harmonised standards			
	Other standard testing method			
Applicant's Name:	Shenzhen KVD Communication Equipment Limited			
Address:	Lenovo R&D Center 2F-B, South First Road, High-tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China			
Test Specification:				
Standard :	IEEE Std C95.1, 2005/IEEE Std 1528 TM -2013/ FCC Part 2.1093			
Test Report Form No	LCSEMC-1.0			
TRF Originator:	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.			
Master TRF	Dated 2014-09			
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Test Item Description:	-			
Trade Mark:				
Model/Type Reference:	X11			
Operation Frequency:	GSM 850/PCS1900,WCDMA Band II/V,WLAN2.4G,Bluetooth4.0			
Modulation Type:	GSM(GMSK,8PSK),WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA(QPSK),WIFI(DS SS,OFDM),Bluetooth(GFSK,8DPSK,π/4DQPSK)			
Ratings	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(2250mAh) Recharged by DC 5V/1A TRAVEL CHARGER			
Result:	Positive			
Compiled by:	Supervised by: Approved by:			
Complica by:				

Vera Deng/ File administrators

Calvin Weng/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

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SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	LCS180930005AEB	<u>Oct 19, 2018</u> Date of issue		
Type / Model	· V 11			
	. All			
EUT	: GSM/WCDMA Smartphone	•		
Applicant	: Shenzhen KVD Communio	cation Equipment Limited		
Address				
Telephone	: /			
Fax	: /			
Manufacturer	: Shenzhen KVD Communio	cation Equipment Limited		
Address	: Lenovo R&D Center 2F-B, S Park, Nanshan District, Sher			
Telephone				
Fax	: /			
Factory	: Shenzhen KVD Communio	cation Equipment Limited		
Address	: Lenovo R&D Center 2F-B, S Park, Nanshan District, Sher			
Telephone				
Fax	: /			

Positive

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

Revison History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	Oct 19, 2018	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

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<u>SHENZ</u>	HEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB	
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1.TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Test Standards

<u>IEEE Std C95.1, 2005</u>: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz. It specifies the maximum exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20 cm of the user in the uncontrolled environment. <u>IEEE Std 1528™-2013</u>: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. <u>FCC Part 2.1093</u>: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance : Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and

<u>KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance :</u> Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

<u>KDB648474 D04:</u>Handset SAR v01r03: SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets <u>KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz</u>:SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz <u>KDB865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting</u>: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

KDB248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR: SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS KDB941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures: 3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode: SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power . And Test device is identical prototype.

1.3. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Sep 30, 2018
Testing commenced on	:	Oct 08, 2018
Testing concluded on	:	Oct 17, 2018

1.4. Product Description

The**Shenzhen KVD Communication Equipment Limited**'s Model:**X11**or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows,for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

General Description	
Product Name:	GSM/WCDMA Smartphone
Model/Type reference:	X11
Listed Model(s):	1
Model Declaration:	1
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS, 8-PSK for EDGE, QPSK for UMTS
Device category:	Portable Device
Exposure category:	General population/uncontrolled environment
EUT Type:	Production Unit
Hardware Version	ZX_V1.2
Software Version:	DOOGEE-X11-Android go-20180922
Power supply:	DC 3.8V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(2250mAh)
Fower supply.	Recharged by DC 5V/1A TRAVEL CHARGER
Hotspot:	Supported, power not reduced when Hotspot open
VoIP	Supported

The EUT is GSM,WCDMA, mobile phone. the mobile phone is intended for speech and Multimedia Message Service (MMS) transmission. It is equipped with GPRS/EDGE class 12 for GSM850, PCS1900, WCDMA Band II,Band V,and Bluetooth, WiFi2.4G,camera functions. For more information see the following datasheet

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Technical Characteristics	
GSM	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS, EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900/GPRS850/GPRS1900/EDGE850/EDGE1900
Frequency	GSM850: 824.2~848.8MHz
Frequency:	GSM1900: 1850.2~1909.8MHz
Power Class:	GSM850:Power Class 4
	PCS1900:Power Class 1
Modulation Type:	GMSK for GSM/GPRS; GMSK/8PSK For EGPRS
Antenna Gain:	0dBi(Max.) for GSM 850 Band;
	0dBi(Max.) for PCS 1900 Band;
GSM Release Version:	R99
GPRS Multislot Class:	12
EGPRS Multislot Class:	12
DTM Mode:	Not Supported
UMTS	
Support Networks:	UMTS FDD Band II/V
Operation Band:	UMTS FDD Band I/V
Fraguanay/Bangai	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4~1907.6MHz
FrequencyRange:	WCDMA Band V: 826.4~846.6MHz
Modulation Type:	QPSK for WCDMA/HSUPA/HSDPA
Power Class:	Class 3
WCDMA Release Version:	R8
HSDPA Release Version:	Release 8
HSUPA Release Version:	Release 6
DC-HSUPA Release Version:	Not Supported
Antenna Gain:	0dBi(Max.) for WCDMA 850 Band; 0dBi(Max.) for WCDMA 1900 Band;

WIFI 2.4G	
Supported Standards:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20 and HT40)
Operation frequency:	2412-2462MHz for 11b/g/n(HT20)
Operation frequency.	2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Channel number:	IEEE 802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(HT20): 11; 802.11n(HT40): 7
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna Description	PIFA Antenna;-1dBi(Max.) for WLAN
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.0
Modulation:	GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK (BT V4.0)
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna Description	PIFA Antenna;-1dBi(Max.) for BT

1.5. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for X11are follows:

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Report SAR ₁₋₉ (W/kg)	Hotspot (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Body-worn (Report SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)
01055			(Separation Distance 10mm)	
	GSM 850	0.467	0.712	0.712
PCE	GSM1900	0.496	1.027	1.027
	WCDMA Band V	0.362	0.561	0.561
	WCDMA Band II	0.530	1.226	1.226
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.164	0.297	0.297

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Classment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	
Hotspot	WCDMA Band II	1.226	PCE	1 522	
поізроі	WIFI2.4G	0.297	DTS	1.523	

2.TEST ENVIRONMENT

2.1. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Si	te Description
EN	AC Lab.

FCC Registration Number. is 254912
 Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.
 ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.
 UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.
 TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.
 TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001
 NVLAP Registration Code is 600167-0.

2.2. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

2.3. SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)				
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)			
Spatial Average(averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4			
Spatial Peak(averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.6	8.0			
Spatial Peak(hands/wrists/ feet/anklesaveraged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0			

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

2.4. Equipments Used during the Test

				Calibr	ation
Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due
PC	Lenovo	G5005	MY42081102	N/A	N/A
SAR Measurement system	SATIMO	4014_01	SAR_4014_01	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	Angilent	E4438C	MY42081396	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Multimeter	Keithley	MiltiMeter 2000	4059164	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
S-parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US38432944	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Wireless Communication Test Set	R & S	CMU200	105988	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Wideband Radia Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	1201.0002K50	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
E-Field PROBE	SATIMO	SSE2	SN 45/15 EPGO281	02/04/2018	02/03/2019
DIPOLE 835	SATIMO	SID 835	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 1800	SATIMO	SID 1800	SN 07/14 DIP 1G800-301	09/01/2018	08/31/2021
DIPOLE 1900	SATIMO	SID 1900	SN 30/14 DIP 1G900-333	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
DIPOLE 2450	SATIMO	SID 2450	SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306	10/01/2018	09/30/2021
COMOSAR OPEN Coaxial Probe	SATIMO	OCPG 68	SN 40/14 OCPG68	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
SARLocator	SATIMO	VPS51	SN 40/14 VPS51	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Communication Antenna	SATIMO	ANTA57	SN 39/14 ANTA57	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Mobile Phone POSITIONING DEVICE	SATIMO	MSH98	SN 40/14 MSH98	N/A	N/A
DUMMY PROBE	SATIMO	DP60	SN 03/14 DP60	N/A	N/A
SAM PHANTOM	SATIMO	SAM117	SN 40/14 SAM117	N/A	N/A
Liquid measurement Kit	HP	85033D	3423A03482	11/18/2017	11/17/2018
Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB4331256	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41497725	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	06/16/2018	06/15/2019
Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	0D2L51502	06/16/2018	06/15/2019

Note:

- 1) Per KDB865664D01 requirements for dipole calibration, the test laboratory has adopted three year extended calibration interval. Each measured dipole is expected to evalute with following criteria at least on annual interval.
- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated values;

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- c) The most recent return-loss results, measued at least annually, deviates by no more than 20% from the previous measurement;
- d) The most recent measurement of the real or imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually is within 5 Ω from the provious measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.

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3.SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

3.1. SARMeasurement Set-up

The OPENSAR system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (KUKA) with controller and software.

KUKA Control Panel (KCP)

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with a Video Positioning System(VPS).

The stress sensor is composed with mechanical and electronic when the electronic part detects a change on the electro-mechanical switch, It sends an "Emergency signal" to the robot controller that to stop robot's moves

A computer operating Windows XP.

OPENSAR software

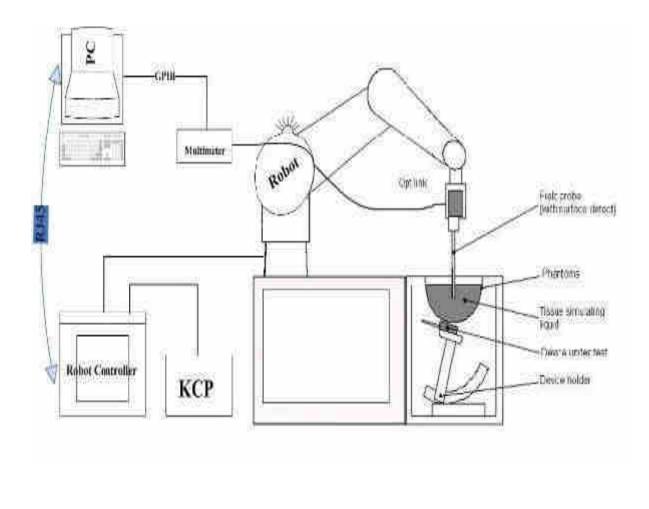
Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand right-hand and body usage.

The Position device for handheld EUT

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes .

System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.



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3.2. OPENSAR E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EPGO281(manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

Probe Specification

ConstructionSymmetrical design with triangular core Interleaved sensors Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

CalibrationISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

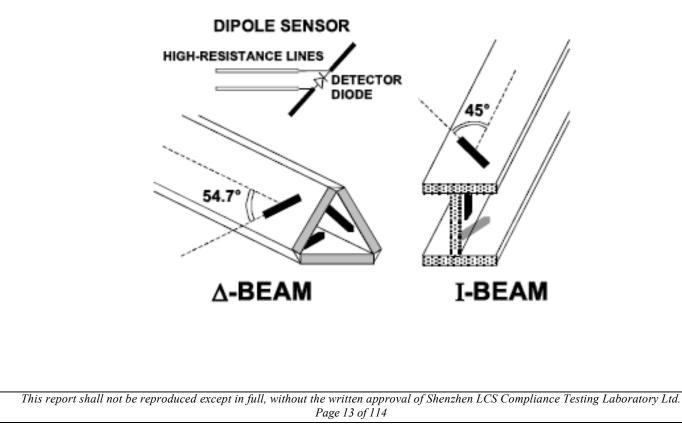
Frequency	450MHz to 6GHz; Linearity:0.25dB(450 MHz to 6GHz)
Directivity	0.25 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	0.01W/kg to > 100 W/kg; Linearity: 0.25 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16mm) Tip diameter: 5 mm (Body: 8 mm) Distance from probe tip to sensor centers: 2.5 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones



Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



3.3. Phantoms

The SAM Phantom SAM117 is constructed of a fiberglass shell ntegrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1, EN62209-2:2010. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of allpredefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robo

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

3.4. Device Holder

In combination with the Generic Twin PhantomSAM117, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



Device holder supplied by SATIMO

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3.5. Scanning Procedure

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot.Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

	\leq 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 - 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 12 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-6 \; \mathrm{GHz:} \leq 10 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension measurement plane orienta above, the measurement re corresponding x or y dimen at least one measurement p	tion, is smaller than the solution must be ≤ the ision of the test device with

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x7 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Maximum zoom scan	spatial res	olution: Ax _{Zopm} , Ay _{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz; ≤ 8 mm 2 - 3 GHz; ≤ 5 mm [*]	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz} \leq 5 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \\ 4-6 \; \mathrm{GHz} \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm}^* \end{array}$	
	uniform	grīd: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	$\leq 5~{ m mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \leq 4 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 4-5 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \leq 3 \; \mathrm{mm} \\ 5-6 \; \mathrm{GHz} : \leq 2 \; \mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoun} (1): between I st two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4 \ \mathrm{mm}$	$\begin{array}{l} 3-4~\mathrm{GHz}\leq3~\mathrm{mm}\\ 4-5~\mathrm{GHz}\leq2.5~\mathrm{mm}\\ 5-6~\mathrm{GHz}\leq2~\mathrm{mm} \end{array}$	
-	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤1.5-Δz ₂ ,	ma(n-1) min	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		\geq 30 mm	$3-4$ GHz: ≥ 28 mm $4-5$ GHz: ≥ 25 mm $5-6$ GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

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Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

3.6. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The OPENSAR software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files . The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The OPENSAR software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion fact	tor ConvFi
- Diode compress	sion point Dcpi
Device parameters: - Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters: - Conductivity	σ
- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the OPENSAR components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DCtransmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

 $a_{i0} - a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field

dcpi = diode compression point

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E – fieldprobes :

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- f = carrier frequency [GHz]
- Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

with SAR

R = local specific absorption rate in mW/g Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

3.7. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

General considerations

This standard specifies two handset test positions against the head phantom – the "cheek" position and the "tilt" position.

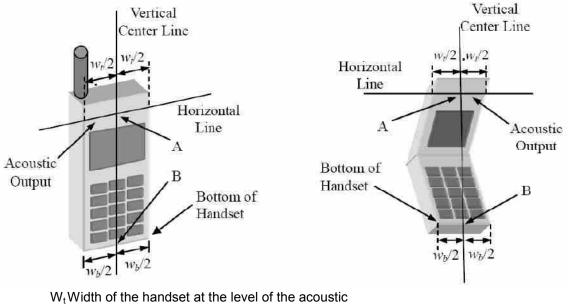
The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field

$$P_{(\text{pwe})} = \frac{E_{\text{tot}}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{(\text{pwe})} = H_{\text{tot}}^2.37.7$

Where P_{pwe}=Equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

E_{tot}=total electric field strength in V/m

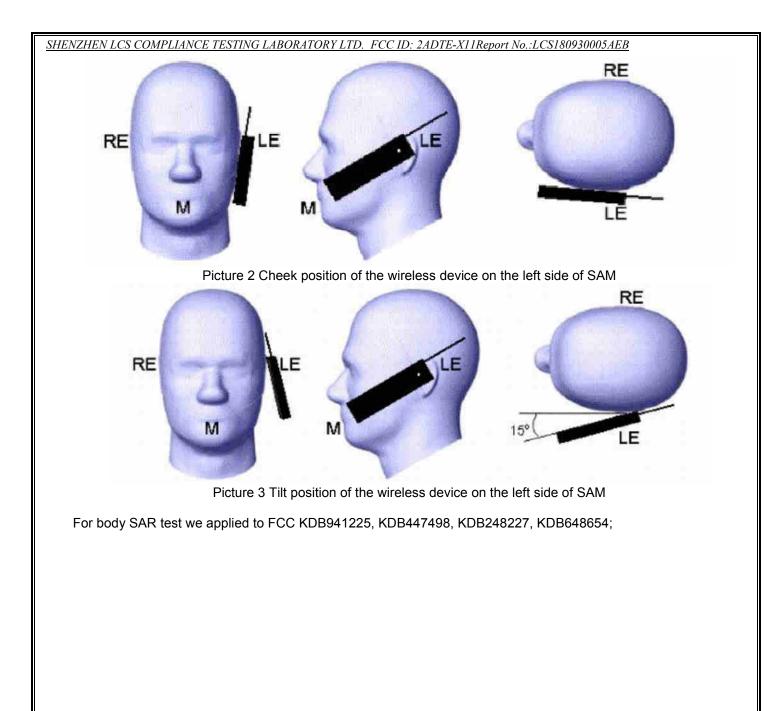
H_{tot}=total magnetic field strength in A/m



- W_bWidth of the bottom of the handset
- A Midpoint of the widthwtof the handset at the level of the acoustic output
- B Midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset

Picture 1-a Typical "fixed" case handset Picture 1-b Typical "clam-shell" case handset

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3.8. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

	The composition of the tissue simulating liquid													
Ingredient	750	MHz	8351	ИНz	1800	MHz	1900	MHz	2450MHz		2600MHz		5000MHz	
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.3	41.45	52.5	54.5	40.2	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2	60.3	71.4	65.5	78.6
Preventol	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40	0.00	0.00
Triton X- 100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	17.2	10.7

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Body		
(MHz)	E r 翁辉龙(Calvin)	$\sigma(S/m)$	ε _r	$\sigma(S/m)$	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

3.9. Tissue equivalent liquid properties

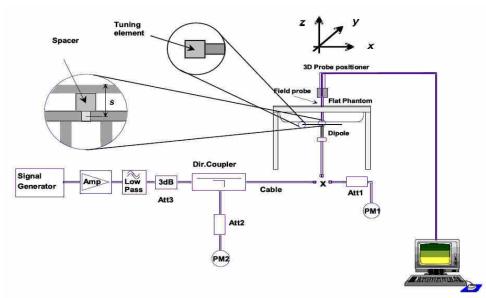
Dielectric Performance of Head and Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Measured Tar		t Tissue	Measured Tissue				Liquid	
	Frequency (MHz)	σ	ε _r	σ	Dev.	ε _r	Dev.	Temp.	Test Data
835H	835	0.90	41.50	0.89	-1.11%	40.41	-2.63%	20.1	10/08/2018
1900H	1800	1.40	40.00	1.38	-1.43%	39.68	-0.80%	20.6	10/10/2018
2450H	2450	1.80	39.20	1.82	1.11%	39.86	1.68%	21.0	10/16/2018
835B	835	0.97	55.20	0.96	-1.03%	54.54	-1.20%	21.2	10/09/2018
1900B	1800	1.52	53.30	1.53	0.66%	53.68	0.70%	21.3	10/11/2018
2450B	2450	1.95	52.70	1.92	-1.54%	51.75	-1.80%	20.5	10/17/2018

3.10. System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the decice test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system (± 10 %).



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20 dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Photo of Dipole Setup

Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Referring to KDB 865664D01V01r04, if dipoles are verified in return loss (<-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration), and in impedance (within 5 ohm of prior calibration), the annual calibration is not necessary and the calibration interval can be extended. While calibration intervals not exceed 3 years.

SID835SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303 Extend Dipole Calibrations										
Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)				
2018-10-01	-24.49		54.9		2.8					

SID1900 SN 30/14 DIP 1G900-333 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	
2018-09-01	-22.98		50.9		6.7		

SID2450SN 07/14 DIP 2G450-306 Extend Dipole Calibrations

Date of Measurement	Return-Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Real Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)	Imaginary Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
2018-10-01	-22.59		44.7		-1.1	

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR₁g (W/Kg)	SAR _{10g} (W/Kg)	Drift (%)	1W Ta SAR _{1g}	arget SAR _{10g}	perce	Difference percentage 1g 10g		Date
						(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	ig	log		
		100 mW	0.984	0.638							
Head	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.84	6.38	1.02	9.60	6.20	2.50%	2.90%	20.1	10/08/2018
		100 mW	0.974	0.636							
Body	835	Normalize to 1 Watt	9.74	6.36	-1.95	9.90	6.39	-1.62%	-0.47%	21.2	10/09/2018
		100 mW	3.930	2.004							
Head	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	39.30	20.04	1.90	39.84	20.20	0.69%	-2.95%	20.6	10/10/2018
		100 mW	4.211	2.055							
Body	1900	Normalize to 1 Watt	42.11	20.55	-0.33	43.33	21.59	5.70%	1.73%	21.3	10/11/2018
		100 mW	5.255	2.385							
Head	2450	Normalize to 1 Watt	52.55	23.85	-0.64	53.89	24.15	-2.49%	-1.24%	21.0	10/16/2018
		100 mW	5.248	2.384							
Body	2450	Normalize to 1 Watt	52.48	23.84	-1.62	54.65	24.58	-3.97%	-3.01%	20.5	10/17/2018

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3.11. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

3.11.1 Conducted power measurement

a. For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator connection with RF cable, at maximum powerin each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

b. Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.

c. For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously

Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

d. Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

3.11.2 GSM Test Configuration

SAR tests for GSM 850 and GSM 1900, a communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link. Using CMU200 the power level is set to "5" for GSM 850, set to "0" for GSM 1900. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5. the EGPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslots is 5.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

3.11.3 UMTS Test Configuration

3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

In the following procedures, the mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.3 This is referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure in the following SAR test guidance, where the primary mode is identified in the applicable wireless mode test procedures and the secondary mode is wireless mode being considered for SAR test reduction by that procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, it is identified as "otherwise" in the applicable procedures; SAR measurement is required for the secondary mode.

Output power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the high, middle and low channels according to procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA/HSDPA or by applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) are required in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the handset or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations must be clearly identified.

Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

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1) Body-Worn Accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreaing code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the handset, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

2) Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH shouldbe configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain aconstant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(β c, β d), and HS-DPCCHpower offset parameters (Δ ACK, Δ NACK, Δ CQI) should be set according to values indicated in theTable below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, numberof HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set

Table 2: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β _c	β_d	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β _{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: \triangle_{ACK} , \triangle_{NACK} and \triangle_{CQI} = 8 $\Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15*\beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d = 12/15, β_{hs}/β_c = 24/15.

Note3:For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c =11/15 and β_d =15/15.

HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the "Release 6 HSPA Data Devices" section of this document, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA Handset' and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 3: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub- set	βc	βd	β _d (SF)	β _c /β _d	${\beta_{hs}}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} 47/15 β _{ed2} 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
		11 . 1	,	1		1	1 (1	G1 1		1. 7		1	T . 1

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SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB	
5 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ 64 15/15 ⁽⁴⁾ 30/15 24/15 134/15 4 1 1.0 0.0 21	81
Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , $\Delta NACK$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \underline{\beta}_{hs}/\underline{\beta}_{c} = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\beta}_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_{c}$.	
Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta c/\beta d$ =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH,	E-
DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.	
Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achie	ved by
setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 10/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.	
Note 4: For subtest 5 the Bc/Bd ratio of 15/15 for the TEC during the measurement period (TE1_TE0) is achie	ved hv

Note 4: For subtest 5 the $\beta c/\beta d$ ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta c = 14/15$ and $\beta d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

3.11.4 WIFI Test Configuration

The SAR measurement and test reduction procedures are structured according to either the DSSS or OFDM transmission mode configurations used in each standalone frequency band and aggregated band. For devices that operate in exposure configurations that require multiple test positions, additional SAR test reduction may be applied. The maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, are used to determine initial SAR test requirements for the 802.11 transmission modes in a frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel for the initial test configuration. SAR measurement and test reduction for the remaining 802.11 modes and test channels are determined according to measured or specified maximum output power and reported SAR of the initial measurements. The general test reduction and SAR measurement approaches are summarized in the following:

1. The maximum output power specified for production units are determined for all applicable 802.11 transmission modes in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. Maximum output power is measured for the highest maximum output power configuration(s) in each frequency band according to the default power measurement procedures.

2. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an "initial test configuration" is first determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band according to the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units.

a. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

b. SAR is measured for OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures. Additional frequency band specific SAR test reduction may be considered for individual frequency bands

c. Depending on the reported SAR of the highest maximum output power channel tested in the initial test configuration, SAR test reduction may apply to subsequent highest output channels in the initial test configuration to reduce the number of SAR measurements.

3. The Initial test configuration does not apply to DSSS. The 2.4 GHz band SAR test requirements and 802.11b DSSS procedures are used to establish the transmission configurations required for SAR measurement.

4. An "initial test position" is applied to further reduce the number of SAR tests for devices operating in next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode exposure configurations that require multiple test positions .

a. SAR is measured for 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure using the exposure condition established by the initial test position.

b. SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration.

802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on the maximum average output channel.

5. The Initial test position does not apply to devices that require a fixed exposure test position. SAR is measured in a fixed exposure test position for these devices in 802.11b according to the 2.4 GHz DSSS procedure or in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations using the initial test configuration procedures.

6. The "subsequent test configuration" procedures are applied to determine if additional SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission modes that have not been tested in the initial test configuration. SAR test exclusion is determined according to reported SAR in the initial test configuration and maximum output power specified or measured for these other OFDM configurations.

2.4 GHz and 5GHz SAR Procedures

Separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations in the 2.4 GHz band to simplify DSSS test requirements. For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions. When SAR measurement is required for an OFDM configuration, the initial test configuration, subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied. The SAR test exclusion requirements for 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are described in section 5.2.2.

1. 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. Page 24 of 114 SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- a. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (section 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- b. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.
- 1. 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements

When SAR measurement is required for 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM configurations, the measurement and test reduction procedures for OFDM are applied (section 5.3). SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.

- a. When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration
- b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. SAR Test Requirements for OFDM Configurations

When SAR measurement is required for 802.11 a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations, each standalone and frequency aggregated band is considered separately for SAR test reduction. When the same transmitter and antenna(s) are used for U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, additional SAR test reduction applies. When band gap channels between U-NII-2C band and 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band are supported, the highest maximum output power transmission mode configuration and maximum output power channel across the bands must be used to determine SAR test reduction, according to the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration procedures, the 802.11 transmission configuration with the highest specified maximum output power and the channel within a test configuration with the highest measured maximum output power should be clearly distinguished to apply the procedures.

. 3. OFDM Transmission Mode SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection Requirements

The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures (section 4). When multiple configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is determined according to the following steps applied sequentially.

- a. The largest channel bandwidth configuration is selected among the multiple configurations with the same specified maximum output power.
- b. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power and largest channel bandwidth, the lowest order modulation among the largest channel bandwidth configurations is selected.
- c. If multiple configurations have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth and lowest order modulation, the lowest data rate configuration among these configurations is selected.
- d. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.

After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following. These channel selection procedures apply to both the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s), with respect to the default power measurement procedures or additional power measurements required for further SAR test reduction. The same procedures also apply to subsequent highest output power channel(s) selection.

- a. Channels with measured maximum output power within 1/4 dB of each other are considered to have the same maximum output.
- b. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.
- c. When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

Initial Test Configuration Procedures

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. For configurations with the same specified or measured maximum output power, additional transmission mode and test channel selection procedures are required (see section 5.3.2). SAR test reduction of subsequent highest output test channels is based on the reported SAR of the initial test configuration. For next to the ear, hotspot mode and UMC mini-tablet exposure configurations where multiple test positions are required, the initial test position procedure is applied to minimize the number of test positions required for SAR measurement using the initial test configuration transmission mode.23 For fixed exposure conditions that do not

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have multiple SAR test positions, SAR is measured in the transmission mode determined by the initial test configuration. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until the reported SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

4. Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. The initial test position procedure is applied to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple transmission modes, the procedures in section 5.3.2 are applied to determine the test configuration. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. The subsequent test configuration and SAR measurement procedures are described in the following.

- a. When SAR test exclusion provisions of KDB Publication 447498 are applicable and SAR measurement is not required for the initial test configuration, SAR is also not required for the next highest maximum output power transmission mode subsequent test configuration(s) in that frequency band or aggregated band and exposure configuration.
- b. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- c. The number of channels in the initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration can be different due to differences in channel bandwidth. When SAR measurement is required for a subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than that in the initial test configuration, all channels in the subsequent test configuration that overlap with the larger bandwidth channel tested in the initial test configuration should be used to determine the highest maximum output power channel. This step requires additional power measurement to identify the highest maximum output power channel in the subsequent test configuration to determine SAR test reduction.

1). SAR should first be measured for the channel with highest measured output power in the subsequent test configuration.

2). SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the subsequent test configuration is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the subsequent test configuration is > 1.2 W/kg or until all required channels are tested.

a) For channels with the same measured maximum output power, SAR should be measured using the channel closest to the center frequency of the larger channel bandwidth channel in the initial test configuration.

- d. SAR measurements for the remaining highest specified maximum output power OFDM transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration (highest maximumoutput) or subsequent test configuration(s) (subsequent next highest maximum output power) is determined by applying the subsequent test configuration procedures in this section to the remaining configurations according to the following:
- 1) replace "subsequent test configuration" with "next subsequent test configuration" (i.e., subsequent next highest specified maximum output power configuration)
- 2) replace "initial test configuration" with "all tested higher output power configurations.

3.12. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

3.13. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within 5%.

4.TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that "Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance."

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR testreduction.

2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, for GSM / GPRS / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SARshould correspond to the highest frame-average maximum output power configuration, considering the possibility ofe.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set inGPRS (2 Tx slot)forGSM850/GSM1900 band due to their highest frame-average power.

3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS / EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (3 Tx slots)for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Conducted power measurement results for GSM850/PCS1900 <SIM1>

		Tune- up		Conducted (dBm)	•	Division	Tune- up		e power (d	
GSI	VI 850	Max	128/ 824.2	/Frequend 190/ 836.6	251/ 848.8	Factors	Max	128/ 824.2	Frequency 190/ 836.6	251/8 48.8
G	SM	33.00	32.61	32.58	32.58	-9.03dB	23.97	23.58	23.55	23.55
0000	1TX slot	32.50	32.30	32.32	32.35	-9.03dB	23.47	23.27	23.29	23.32
GPRS	2TX slot	31.50	31.01	30.98	30.84	-6.02dB	25.48	24.99	24.96	24.82
(GMS	3TX slot	30.00	29.51	29.49	29.72	-4.26dB	25.74	25.25	25.23	25.46
K)	4TX slot	28.50	28.02	28.02	28.23	-3.01dB	25.49	25.01	25.01	25.22
EGPR	1TX slot	26.50	25.97	25.99	26.35	-9.03dB	17.47	16.94	16.96	17.32
S	2TX slot	25.00	24.50	24.50	24.13	-6.02dB	18.98	18.48	18.48	18.11
(8PSK	3TX slot	23.50	23.01	22.99	22.57	-4.26dB	19.24	18.75	18.73	18.31
)	4TX slot	22.00	21.52	21.47	21.08	-3.01dB	18.99	18.51	18.46	18.07
		Tune- up		Conducted (dBm)			Tune- up	Averag	e power (d	Bm)
GSM	1 1900	up	Channe	/Frequence	cy(MHz)	Division	up	Channel/	Frequency	(MHz)
001	11000	Max	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909.8	Factors	Max.	512/ 1850.2	661/ 1880	810/ 1909. 8
G	SM	30.00	29.63	29.67	29.63	-9.03dB	20.97	20.60	20.64	20.60
GPRS	1TX slot	29.50	29.42	29.42	29.37	-9.03dB	20.47	20.39	20.39	20.34
(GMS	2TX slot	28.50	28.01	27.99	27.74	-6.02dB	22.48	21.99	21.97	21.72
K)	3TX slot	27.00	26.53	26.50	26.81	-4.26dB	22.74	22.27	22.24	22.55
	4TX slot	25.50	25.00	25.01	25.32	-3.01dB	22.49	21.99	22.00	22.31
EGPR	1TX slot	26.00	25.52	25.53	25.77	-9.03dB	16.97	16.49	16.50	16.74
S	2TX slot	24.50	23.98	24.01	23.56	-6.02dB	18.48	17.96	17.99	17.54
(8PSK	3TX slot	23.00	22.50	22.53	22.13	-4.26dB	18.74	18.24	18.27	17.87
)	4TX slot	21.50	20.97	21.01	20.58	-3.01dB	18.49	17.96	18.00	17.57

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SHENZHEN LCS COMP	HENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB									
		<sim2></sim2>								
		Burst	Average Conducted powe	r (dBm)						
GSM	1 850		Channel/Frequency(MHz							
		128/824.2	190/836.6	251/848.8						
GS	SM	32.39	32.38	32.41						
	1TX slot	32.30	32.28	32.20						
GPRS 2TX slot		30.82	30.79	30.56						
(GMSK)			29.28	29.26						
	4TX slot	27.79	27.83	27.73						
	1TX slot	25.80	25.79	25.78						
EDGE	2TX slot	24.28	24.32	23.94						
(8PSK)	3TX slot	22.79 22.81		22.37						
	4TX slot			20.87						
		Burst	Average Conducted powe	r (dBm)						
GSM	1900		Channel/Frequency(MHz							
		512/1850.2	661/1880	810/1909.8						
GS	SM	29.52	29.49	29.48						
	1TX slot	29.32	29.30	29.09						
GPRS	2TX slot	27.81	27.82	27.55						
(GMSK)	3TX slot	26.29	26.29	26.25						
	4TX slot	24.78	24.79	24.85						
	1TX slot	25.33	25.33	25.28						
EDGE	2TX slot	23.83	23.82	23.46						
(8PSK)	3TX slot	22.32	22.32	21.94						
	4TX slot	20.78	20.81	20.47						

Notes:

1. Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.00dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.00dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.00dB

2. According to the conducted power as above, the GPRS measurements are performed with 2Txslot for GPRS850 and 3TxslotGPRS1900.

3. This EUT owns two SIM cards(SIM 1 support GSM/UMTS, SIM 2 support GSM),after we perform the pretest for these two SIM card, we found the SIM 1 is the worst case ,so its result is recorded in this report.

<UMTS Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

C.

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station E5515C referred to theSetup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
 - A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

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Sub-test	βε	βa	βd (SF)	β₀/βd	βHS (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
			3. TAA, AACK	and ANACK = 30/	To with $p_{hs} = 3$	surro p_r , and	
	with $\beta_{hs} = 2$	$4/15 \cdot \beta_c$.				702U	d Acai = 24/15
Note 3:	$CM = 1$ for β , DPCCH the I	_σ /β _d =12/15, β	I on the rela	For all other cor tive CM difference releases.			Hand HS-

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base StationR&S CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI

viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI

d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βα	βa	βα (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	β _{ec}	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81
Note 1 Note 2	: CM =		$B_{d} = 12/2$	15 , β _{hs} /β _c	=24/15. F	For all ot	her combinatio		DPDCH, I	OPCCH,	HS- DPC	CCH, E-D	PDCH
	: CM = and E : For su	1 for β∂β -DPCCH ıbtest 1 tl	B _d =12/΄ the MF he β₀/β	l5, β _{hs} /β _c PR is bas _d ratio of	=24/15. F ed on the 11/15 for	For all ot e relative the TFC	• •	e. easure	ement per	iod (TF1,	TF0) is	achieved	
Note 2	: CM = and E : For su setting : For su	1 for β∂/β -DPCCH ibtest 1 tl g the sign ibtest 5 tl	β _d =12/΄ the MF he β₀/β nalled g he β₀/β	I5, β _{hs} /β _c PR is bas d ratio of ain facto d ratio of	=24/15. F ed on the 11/15 for rs for the 15/15 for	For all ot relative the TFC reference the TFC	her combinatio CM difference during the mo	e. easure TF1) te easure	ement per $\beta_c = 10/2$ ement per	iod (TF1, I5 and β iod (TF1,	, TF0) is d = 15/15 , TF0) is	achieved achieved	by
Note 2 Note 3	CM = and E For su setting For su setting In cas	1 for β _o /β -DPCCH ibtest 1 tl g the sign ibtest 5 tl g the sign	$B_d = 12/2$ the MF he β_c/β halled g he β_c/β halled g ng by l	I5, β _{hs} /β _c PR is bas d ratio of ain facto d ratio of ain facto JE using	=24/15. F ed on the 11/15 for rs for the 15/15 for rs for the	For all other relative the TFC reference the TFC reference	her combinatio CM difference during the mo ce TFC (TF1, during the mo	e. easure TF1) to easure TF1) to	ement peri $\beta_c = 10/2$ ement peri $\beta_c = 14/2$	iod (TF1, I5 and β iod (TF1, I5 and β	, TF0) is d = 15/15 , TF0) is d = 15/15	achieved achieved	by

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General Note

1. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.

2. By design, AMR and HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

3. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

		FDD Ba	and V result	(dBm)	FDD	Band II resu	lt (dBm)	
Item	Band	Т	est Channel		Test Channel			
Rom	Dana	4132/	4183/	4233/	9262/	9400/	9538/	
		826.4	836.6	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	
	12.2kbps	23.35	23.27	23.30	23.35	23.34	23.54	
RMC	64kbps	23.07	22.95	23.04	23.33	22.99	23.18	
RIVIC	144kbps	23.04	22.56	22.82	23.30	22.75	23.06	
	384kbps	22.91	22.22	22.74	22.94	22.43	22.89	
	Subtest 1	22.71	22.82	22.84	22.98	22.89	22.91	
HSDPA	Subtest 2	22.84	22.70	22.78	22.73	22.86	22.78	
HSDPA	Subtest 3	22.76	22.75	22.80	22.82	22.79	22.76	
	Subtest 4	22.85	22.88	22.90	22.76	22.73	22.87	
	Subtest 1	22.72	22.80	22.88	22.83	22.82	22.72	
	Subtest 2	22.78	22.80	22.80	22.90	22.75	22.86	
HSUPA	Subtest 3	22.77	22.77	22.79	22.83	22.84	22.79	
	Subtest 4	22.84	22.85	22.72	22.77	22.77	22.86	
	Subtest 5	22.75	22.71	22.85	22.85	22.73	22.79	

Conducted Power Measurement Results(WCDMA Band II/V) <\$ IM1>

Note:1.When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/2dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode. 2.This EUT owns two SIM cards(SIM 1 support GSM/UMTS, SIM 2 support GSM).

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data rate (Mbps)	Average Output Power (dBm)
			1	14.62
	1	2412	2	14.53
	I	2412	5.5	14.46
			11	14.20
			1	14.33
IEEE 802.11b	6	2437	2	14.28
	0	2437	5.5	14.20
			11	14.15
			1	14.50
	11	2462	2	14.36
		2462	5.5	14.32
			11	14.08
			6	14.92
			9	14.86
			12	14.62
IEEE 802.11g	1	2412	18	14.82
ICEE OUZ. I IY	I	2412	24	14.25
			36	14.02
			48	14.00
			54	13.25

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ENZHEN LCS COMPLIAN	CE TESTING LABORATO	DRY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE	-X11Report No.:LCS18093000	<u>)5AEB</u>
			6	14.56
			9	14.35
			12	14.33
	G	0407	18	14.28
	6	2437	24	14.20
			36	14.16
			48	14.10
			54	14.08
			6	14.28
			9	14.22
			12	14.18
	11	2462	18	14.10
			24	13.72
			36	13.58
			48	13.62
			54	13.56
			MCS0	12.95
			MCS1	12.71
			MCS2	12.65
		0440	MCS3	12.60
	1	2412	MCS4	12.55
			MCS5	12.53
			MCS6	11.52
			MCS0	11.45
			MCS0	12.65
	6			
			MCS1	12.59
			MCS2	12.55
IEEE 802.11n		2437	MCS3	12.46
HT20			MCS4	11.93
			MCS5	11.86
			MCS6	11.77
			MCS7	11.59
			MCS0	12.55
			MCS1	12.42
			MCS2	12.40
	11		MCS3	12.35
		2462	MCS4	12.30
			MCS5	12.30
			MCS6	12.25
			MCS7	12.20
			MCS0	12.58
			MCS1	12.53
			MCS2	12.50
	3	2422	MCS3	12.46
	3	2422	MCS4	12.44
			MCS5	12.40
			MCS6	12.39
			MCS7	12.35
	<u> </u>		MCS0	12.86
			MCS0 MCS1	12.75
IEEE 802.11n				
HT40			MCS2	12.68
	6	2437	MCS3	12.65
	-		MCS4	11.57
			MCS5	11.55
			MCS6	11.46
			MCS7	11.29
			MCS0	12.25
			MCS1	12.22
	9	2452	MCS2	12.20
	Ĭ	2102	MCS3	11.85
			MCS4	11.75
			MIC SZ	

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB				
	MCS5	11.53		
	MCS6	11.50		
	MCS7	11.28		

Note:SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is \leq 1.2 W/kg.

<bi conducted="" power=""></bi>						
Mode	channel	Frequency	Conducted AVG output power			
Mode	Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)			
	0	2402	-0.495			
BLE	39	2441	-0.586			
	78	2480	-0.956			
	0	2402	-0.356			
GFSK	39	2441	-0.495			
	78	2480	-0.842			
	0	2402	2.452			
π/4-DQPSK	39	2441	2.312			
	78	2480	1.925			
	0	2402	2.868			
8DPSK	39	2441	2.681			
	78	2480	2.105			

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\left[\sqrt{f(GHz)}\right] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

• f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

- · Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Turn up	Separation Distance	Frequency	Exclusion
Power (dBm)	(mm)	(GHz)	Thresholds
3.0	5	2.45	0.6

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied todetermine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is0.6< 3.0, SAR testing is not required.

4.2. Manufacturing tolerance

	GSM 8	50 (GMSK) (Burst Ave	rage Power)			
	Channel				Chann	Chan
				el 128	el 190	el 25
	Target	(dBm)		32.0	32.0	32.0
	Tolerand	e ±(dB)		1.0	1.0	1.0
	GSM 19	000 (GMSK) (Burst Ave	erage Power)			
	Char	nnel		Chann	Chann	Char
				el 512	el 661	el 81
	Target	(dBm)		29.0	29.0	29.0
	Tolerand	e ±(dB)		1.0	1.0	1.0
	GSM 850 (GMSK) (Bu	urst Average Power)				
Channel	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251			
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			
	GSM 1900 (GMSK) (B	urst Average Power)				
Channel	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810			
Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0			
Tolerance ±(dB) 1.0 1.0 1.0						
GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)						
Channel	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251			
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0			
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0			

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SHENZHEN	I LCS COMP	PLIANCE T	ESTING LABORA	TORY L	TD. FCC ID: 2ADT	E-X11Report No	.:LCS18093	0005AEB
		GSM 19	900 (GMSK) (B	urst A	verage Power)			
Chanr	nel	Cha	annel 512	C	Channel 661	Channe	el 810	
Target (o	dBm)		29.0		29.0	29.	0	
Tolerance	e ±(dB)		1.0		1.0	1.0)	
					<sim1></sim1>			
	GS	M 850 GI	PRS (GMSK) (I	Burst /	Average Power)			
		Ch	annel		128	190		251
	4 T	xslot	Target (dB	m)	31.5	31.5		31.5
	11	XSIOL	Tolerance ±	(dB)	1.0	1.0		1.0
	<u>от</u>	xslot	Target (dB	m)	30.5	30.0		30.0
	21	XSIOL	Tolerance ±	(dB)	1.0	1.0		1.0
	<u>от</u>	valat	Target (dB	m)	29.0	28.5		29.0
	31	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
	4 -	valat	Target (dB		27.5	27.5		27.5
	4 1	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
					(8PSK) (Burst /	Average Pow	er)	
		Ch	annel		128	190		251
	4 -		Target (dB	m)	25.0	25.0		25.5
	11	xslot	Tolerance ±	,	1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB	· · ·	24.0	24.0		24.0
	21	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB		22.5	22.0		22.0
	31	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB		21.0	20.5		20.5
	4 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
					GMSK) (Burst		ver)	
		Ch	annel	0	512	661	,	810
			Target (dB	m)	28.5	28.5		28.5
	1 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB	· /	27.5	27.0		27.0
	2 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB	· /	26.0	26.0		26.0
	3 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB	· /	24.0	24.5		24.5
	4 T	xslot	Tolerance ±			1.0		1.0
					E (8PSK) (Burst			1.0
		Ch	annel	2001	512	661		810
			Target (dB	m)	25.0	25.0		25.0
	1 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
			Target (dB		23.0	23.5		23.0
	2 T	xslot	Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
					22.0	22.0		21.5
	3 T	xslot	Target (dB					
			Tolerance ±		1.0	1.0		1.0
	4 T	xslot	Target (dB	,	20.0	21.5		20.0
			Tolerance ±	(aB)	1.0	1.0		1.0

GSM Speech <sim2></sim2>					
	GSM 850 (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)				
Channel	Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251		
Target (dBm)	32.0	32.0	32.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	GSM 1900 (GMSK) (B	Surst Average Power)			
Channel	Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810		
Target (dBm)	29.0	29.0	29.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

GSM Speech <sim2></sim2>					
GSM 850 GPRS (GMSK) (Burst Average Power)					
Channel 128 190 251					
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	31.5	31.5	31.5	

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	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	Target (dBm)	30.0	30.0	30.0	
2 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5	
3 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
4 Typelet	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0	
4 Txslot	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	GSM850EGPRS	(8PSK) (Burst Av	verage Power)		
Ch	annel	128	190	251	
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.0	25.0	25.0	
I TXSIOL	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.5	23.5	23.5	
2 1 25101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	21.5	
5 1 25101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	20.5	20.5	20.0	
4 1 2 5 1 0 1	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
		(GMSK) (Burst A	verage Power)		
Ch	annel	512	661	810	
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	28.5	28.5	28.5	
1 1 × 3101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	27.0	27.0	27.0	
2 1 × 3101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	25.5	25.5	25.5	
5 1 × 5101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0	
4 1 X3101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	GSM 1900 EDGE				
Ch	annel	512	661	810	
1 Txslot	Target (dBm)	24.5	24.5	24.5	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
2 Txslot	Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	22.5	
2 1,300	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
3 Txslot	Target (dBm)	21.5	21.5	21.0	
0 120101	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
4 Txslot	Target (dBm)	20.0	20.0	19.5	
	Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	

UMTS<SIM1>

UMT	SBand V				
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
23.0	23.0	23.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0			
UMTSBand V I	ISDPA(sub-test 1)				
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
22.0	22.0	22.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0			
UMTSBand V I	ISDPA(sub-test 2)				
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
22.0	22.0	22.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0			
UMTS Band V	HSDPA(sub-test 3)				
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
22.0	22.0	22.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0			
Tolerance ±(dB) 1.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 4) 1.0					
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
22.0	22.0	22.0			
1.0	1.0	1.0			
UMTSBand V I	HSUPA(sub-test 1)				
Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233			
	UMT Channel 4132 23.0 1.0 UMTSBand V I Channel 4132 22.0 1.0 UMTSBand V I Channel 4132 22.0 1.0 UMTS Band V Channel 4132 22.0 1.0 UMTSBand V I Channel 4132 22.0 1.0 UMTSBand V I	UMTSBand V Channel 4132 Channel 4183 23.0 23.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 1) Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 2) 1.0 Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 2) Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTS Band V HSDPA(sub-test 3) 1.0 Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 4) Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSDPA(sub-test 4) Channel 4132 Channel 4183 22.0 22.0 1.0 1.0 UMTSBand V HSUPA(sub-test 1)			

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Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0				
	UMTSBand V HSUPA(sub-test 2)						
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233				
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0				
	UMTSBand V I	HSUPA(sub-test 3)					
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233				
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0				
	UMTS Band V	HSUPA(sub-test 4)					
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233				
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0				
	UMTSBand V HSUPA(sub-test 5)						
Channel	Channel 4132	Channel 4183	Channel 4233				
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0				
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0				

UMTSBand II					
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	23.0	23.0	23.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISDPA(sub-test 1)	•		
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	UMTS Band II I	HSDPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
	UMTSBand II H	ISDPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISDPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISUPA(sub-test 1)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISUPA(sub-test 2)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISUPA(sub-test 3)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISUPA(sub-test 4)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		
		ISUPA(sub-test 5)			
Channel	Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538		
Target (dBm)	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0		

WiFi 2.4G

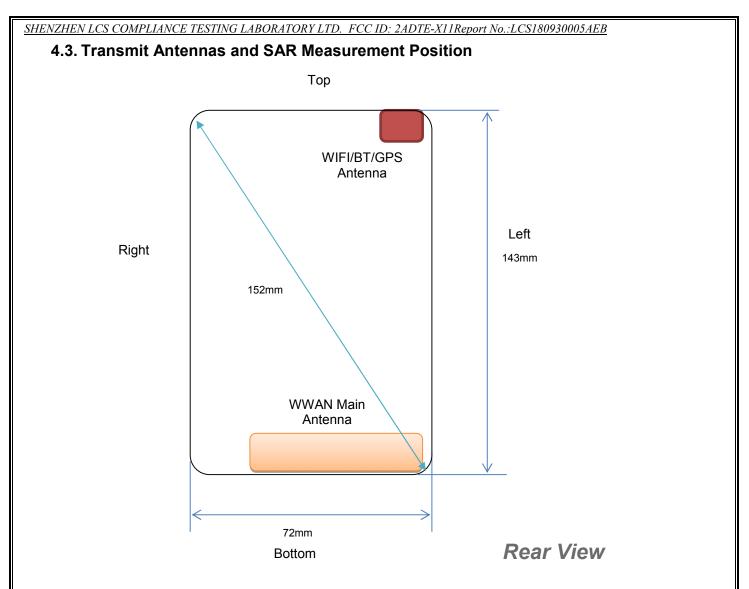
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IEEE 802.11b (Average)				
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11	
Target (dBm)	14.0	14.0	14.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
IEEE 802.11g (Average)				
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11	
Target (dBm)	14.0	14.0	14.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
IEEE 802.11n HT20 (Average)				
Channel	Channel 1	Channel 6	Channel 11	
Target (dBm)	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
IEEE 802.11n HT40 (Average)				
Channel	Channel 3	Channel 6	Channel 9	
Target (dBm)	12.0	12.0	12.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	

Bluetooth V4.0

BLE (Average)				
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78	
Target (dBm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
GFSK (Average)				
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78	
Target (dBm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
8DPSK (Average)				
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78	
Target (dBm)	2.0	2.0	1.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	
π/4DQPSK (Average)				
Channel	Channel 0	Channel 39	Channel 78	
Target (dBm)	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Tolerance ±(dB)	1.0	1.0	1.0	

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Antenna information:

WWAN Main Antenna	GSM/UMTS TX/RX
WLAN/GPS/BT Antenna	WLAN/BT TX/RX

Note:

1). Per KDB648474 D04, because the overall diagonal distance of this devices is 152mm<160mm, it is considered as "Phablet" device.

2). Per KDB648474 D04, 10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR < 1.2 W/Kg.

3). According to the KDB941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02, the edges with less than 25 mm distance to the antennas need to be tested for SAR.

Distance of The Antenna to the EUT surface and edge (mm)										
Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right Side										
WWAN	<5	<5	133	<5	<5	<5				
BT/WLAN	<5	<5	<5	134	<5	52				

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode										
Antennas Front Back Top Side Bottom Side Left Side Right S						Right Side				
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes				
BT/WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No				

General Note: Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, When the overall device length and width are ≥9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm, SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located with 25mm from that surface or edge.

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4.4. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

Reported SAR=Measured SAR*10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10} Scaling factor=10^{(Ptarget-Pmeasured))/10}

Reported SAR= Measured SAR* Scaling factor

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift) Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	Duty Cycle
Speech for GSM850/1900	1:8
GPRS850	1:2.67
GPRS1900	1:2.67
UMTS	1:1
WLAN2450	1:1

4.4.1 SAR Results

SAR Values [GSM 850] Maximum SAR1-g results(W/kg) Conducted Power Freq. Test Allowed Scaling Graph Time Ch. Power Drift (MHz) slots Position Power Factor Measured Reported Results (dBm) (%) (dBm) -Head<SIM1> measured / reported SAR numbers 0.427 Voice Plot 1 128 824.2 Left Cheek 0.36 1.094 0.467 32.61 33.00 0.214 128 824.2 32.61 0.196 Voice 33.00 -1.02 1.094 Left Tilt 1.094 128 824.2 Voice **Right Cheek** 32.61 33.00 1.68 0.265 0.290 128 824.2 Voice Right Tilt 32.61 33.00 -0.28 1.094 0.187 0.205 measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (hotspot open, distance 10mm)<SIM1> 824.2 2Txslots 128 Front 31.01 -3.76 1.256 0.507 0.637 32.00 1.256 Plot 2 128 824.2 2Txslots Rear 31.01 32.00 -3.85 0.567 0.712 128 824.2 2Txslots Left 31.01 32.00 1.52 1.256 0.364 0.457 128 824.2 2Txslots 31.01 32.00 -1.32 1.256 0.332 0.417 Right 824.2 128 2Txslots Bottom 31.01 32.00 0.28 1.256 0.305 0.383

Remark:

1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (3Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (2Tx slots) mode for head.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

	SAR Values [GSM 1900]											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	time slots	Test Position	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results		
			measu	red / reported	I SAR numbers	-Head <s< td=""><td>SIM1></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></s<>	SIM1>					
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Cheek	29.67	30.00	0.21	1.079	0.261	0.282			
661	1880.0	Voice	Left Tilt	29.67	30.00	-1.57	1.079	0.159	0.172			
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Cheek	29.67	30.00	3.42	1.079	0.460	0.496	Plot 3		
661	1880.0	Voice	Right Tilt	29.67	30.00	-1.65	1.079	0.206	0.222			
		measi	ured / reported SA	AR numbers -	– Body (hotspor	t open, dis	stance 10m	nm) <sim1></sim1>				
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Front	26.81	27.00	-0.01	1.045	0.738	0.771			
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Rear	26.81	27.00	-3.37	1.045	0.983	1.027	Plot 4		
512	1850.2	3Txslots	Rear	26.53	27.00	1.39	1.114	0.721	0.803			
661	1880.0	3Txslots	Rear	26.50	27.00	-0.06	1.122	0.654	0.734			
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Left	26.81	27.00	-1.02	1.045	0.512	0.535			
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Right	26.81	27.00	-1.22	1.045	0.315	0.329			
810	1909.8	3Txslots	Bottom	26.81	27.00	2.62	1.045	0.433	0.452			

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Remark:

1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. The frame average of GPRS (3Tx slots) higher than GSM and sample can support VoIP function, tested at GPRS (3Tx slots) mode for head.

3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

	SAR Values [WCDMA Band V]												
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Power		Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} res Measured	ults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results			
measured / reported SAR numbers –Head <sim1></sim1>													
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left Cheek	23.35	24.00	0.54	1.161	0.312	0.362	Plot 5			
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left Tilt	23.35	24.00	-1.02	1.161	0.165	0.192				
4132	826.4	RMC*	Right Chee	k 23.35	24.00	-1.32	1.161	0.193	0.224				
4132	826.4	RMC*	Right Tilt	23.35	24.00	3.65	1.161	0.152	0.177				
		meas	ured / reported	I SAR numbers	- Body (hotspot	t open, dis	stance 10m	m) <sim1></sim1>					
4132	826.4	RMC*	Front	23.35	24.00	-0.29	1.161	0.387	0.449				
4132	826.4	RMC*	Rear	23.35	24.00	-1.09	1.161	0.483	0.561	Plot 6			
4132	826.4	RMC*	Left	23.35	24.00	-1.02	1.161	0.212	0.246				
4132	826.4	RMC*	Right	23.35	24.00	1.03	1.161	0.135	0.157				
4132	826.4	RMC*	Bottom	23.35	24.00	3.57	1.161	0.166	0.193				

Remark:

1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

3. RMC* - RMC 12.2kbps mode;

	SAR Values [WCDMA Band II]												
	Chan		Trat	Condu	Maximum	Power	O a a l'in ai	SAR _{1-g} res	ults(W/kg)	Orrest			
Ch.	Fred	nel Type	Test Position	cted Power (dBm)	Allowed Drift Power (%)		Scaling Factor	Measured	Reported	Graph Results			
	measured / reported SAR numbers –Head <sim1></sim1>												
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left Cheek	23.54	24.00	1.32	1.112	0.369	0.410				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left Tilt	23.54	24.00	-1.58	1.112	0.162	0.180				
9538	1907.6	RMC	RightCheek	23.54	24.00	-2.02	1.112	0.477	0.530	Plot 7			
9538	1907.6	RMC	Right Tilt	23.54	24.00	1.02	1.112	0.225	0.250				
		mea	asured / reported S/	AR numbers	- Body (hotspo	ot open, dis	stance 10m	m) <sim1></sim1>					
9538	1907.6	RMC	Front	23.54	24.00	1.25	1.112	0.712	0.792				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Rear	23.54	24.00	-1.57	1.112	1.103	1.226	Plot 8			
9262	1852.4	RMC	Rear	23.35	24.00	0.62	1.161	0.912	1.059				
9400	1880.0	RMC	Rear	23.34	24.00	-1.33	1.164	0.833	0.970				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Left	23.54	24.00	2.65	1.112	0.501	0.557				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Right	23.54	24.00	-1.25	1.112	0.362	0.403				
9538	1907.6	RMC	Bottom	23.54	24.00	1.69	1.112	0.455	0.506				

Remark:

1. The value with block color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

3. RMC* - RMC 12.2kbps mode;

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SHE	SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB											
	SAR Values [WIFI2.4G]											
Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Service	Test Position	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)	Scaling Factor	SAR1-g res Measured	sults(W/kg) Reported	Graph Results		
	measured / reported SAR numbers –Head <sim1></sim1>											
1	2412	DSSS	Left Cheek	14.92	15.00	-0.33	1.019	0.161	0.164	Plot 9		
1	2412	DSSS	Left Tilt	14.92	15.00	0.65	1.019	0.086	0.088			
1	2412	DSSS	Right Cheek	14.92	15.00	1.58	1.019	0.112	0.114			
1	2412	DSSS	Right Tilt	14.92	15.00	3.05	1.019	0.073	0.074			
		mea	sured / reported	SAR numbers	s - Body (hotspot	t open, dis	stance 10m	m) <sim1></sim1>				
1	2412	DSSS	Front	14.92	15.00	0.24	1.019	0.188	0.191			
1	2412	DSSS	Rear	14.92	15.00	0.42	1.019	0.292	0.297	Plot 10		
1	2412	DSSS	Left	14.92	15.00	1.56	1.019	0.125	0.127			
1	2412	DSSS	Тор	14.92	15.00	-1.62	1.019	0.083	0.085			

Remark:

1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is \leq 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

3. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions as the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $0.151[0.302^{*}(5.01/10.00)] \le 1.2 W/Kg$.

4.4.2 Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations and Estimated SAR

Per KDB447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion;

• (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

•0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm Per FCC KD B447498 D01,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1g SAR for all the transmitting antenna in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤1.6 W/Kg.When the sum is greater than the SAR limit,SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio.

$$Ratio = \frac{(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}}{(neak location separation mm)} < 0.04$$

(peak location separation,mm)

	Estimated stand alone SAR									
Communication system	Frequency (MHz)	Configuration	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR _{1-q} (W/kg)					
Bluetooth*	2450	Head	2.00	5	0.083					
Bluetooth*	2450	Hotspot	2.00	10	0.042					
Bluetooth*	2450	Body-worn	2.00	10	0.042					

Remark:

- 1. Bluetooth*- Including Lower power Bluetooth
- 2. Maximum average power including tune-up tolerance;
- 3. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SARtest exclusion
- 4. Body as body use distance is 10mm from manufacturer declaration of user manual

4.5. Simultaneous TX SAR Considerations

4.5.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from "FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters" are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11 a/b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

For the DUT, the BT and WiFi modules sharing same antenna, GSM, WCDMA modules sharing a single antenna; BT/WLAN and GSM/UMTS can simultaneous transmit;

Air-Interface	Band (MHz)	Туре	Simultaneous Transmissions	Voice over Digital Transport(Data)
	850	VO Yes,WLAN or E		N/A
GSM	1900	VO	Tes, WLAN OF BT	IN/A
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A
WCDMA	Band II/BandV	DT	Yes,WLAN or BT	N/A
WLAN	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EDGE,UMTS	Yes
BT	2450	DT	Yes,GSM,GPRS,EDGE,UMTS	N/A
Note:VO-Voice	Service only;DT-Digital Tra	ansport		

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

Note:

BT and WLAN can be active at the same time, but only with interleaving of packages switched on board level. That means that they don't transmit at the same time.

BT- Classical Bluetooth;

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4.5.2 Evaluation of Simultaneous SAR

Head Exposure Conditions

	Simultaneous transmission SAR forWIFI and GSM										
Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required				
Left Cheek	0.467	0.282	0.164	0.631	1.6	no	no				
Left Tilt	0.214	0.172	0.088	0.302	1.6	no	no				
Right Cheek	0.290	0.496	0.114	0.610	1.6	no	no				
Right Tilt	0.205	0.222	0.074	0.296	1.6	no	no				

Simultaneous transmission SAR forWiFi and GSM

Simultaneous transmission SAR forWiFi and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.362	0.410	0.164	0.574	1.6	no	no
Left Tilt	0.192	0.180	0.088	0.280	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.224	0.530	0.114	0.644	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.177	0.250	0.074	0.324	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR forBT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.467	0.282	0.083	0.550	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.214	0.172	0.083	0.297	1.6	no	no
Right Cheek	0.290	0.496	0.083	0.579	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.205	0.222	0.083	0.305	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR forBT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Left Cheek	0.362	0.410	0.083	0.493	1.6	no	no
LeftTilt	0.192	0.180	0.083	0.275	1.6	no	no
RightChek	0.224	0.530	0.083	0.613	1.6	no	no
Right Tilt	0.177	0.250	0.083	0.333	1.6	no	no

BodyHotspot Exposure Conditions

Simultaneous transmission SAR forWiFi and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.637	0.771	0.191	0.962	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.712	1.027	0.297	1.324	1.6	no	no
Left	0.457	0.535	0.127	1.020	1.6	no	no
Right	0.417	0.329	/	0.417	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.383	0.452	/	0.452	1.6	no	no
Тор	/	/	0.085	0.085	1.6	no	no

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Simultaneous transmission SAR forWiFi and UMTS								
Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	WiFi2.4G Reported SAR1-g (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required	
Front	0.449	0.792	0.191	0.983	1.6	no	no	
Rear	0.561	1.226	0.297	1.523	1.6	no	no	
Left	0.246	0.557	0.127	0.684	1.6	no	no	
Right	0.157	0.403	/	0.403	1.6	no	no	
Bottom	0.193	0.506	1	0.506	1.6	no	no	
Тор	/	/	0.085	0.085	1.6	no	no	

Simultaneous transmission SAR forBT and GSM

Test Position	GSM850 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	GSM1900 Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.637	0.771	0.042	0.813	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.712	1.027	0.042	1.069	1.6	no	no
Left	0.457	0.535	0.042	0.577	1.6	no	no
Right	0.417	0.329	/	0.417	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.383	0.452	/	0.452	1.6	no	no
Тор	/	/	0.042	0.042	1.6	no	no

Simultaneous transmission SAR forBT and UMTS

Test Position	UMTS Band V Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	UMTS Band II Reported SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	BT Estimated SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	MAX. ΣSAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	SAR _{1-g} Limit (W/kg)	Peak location separation ratio	Simut Meas. Required
Front	0.449	0.792	0.042	0.834	1.6	no	no
Rear	0.561	1.226	0.042	1.268	1.6	no	no
Left	0.246	0.557	0.042	0.599	1.6	no	no
Right	0.157	0.403	/	0.403	1.6	no	no
Bottom	0.193	0.506	/	0.506	1.6	no	no
Тор	/	/	0.042	0.042	1.6	no	no

Note:

- 1. The WiFi and BT share same antenna, so cannot transmit at same time.
- 2. The value with **block** color is the maximum values of standalone
- 3. The value with blue color is the maximum values of $\sum SAR_{1-a}$

4.6. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB865664, Repeated measurements are required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg. If the measured SAR value of the initial repeated measurement is < 1.45 W/kg with $\le 20\%$ variation, only one repeated measurement is required to reaffirm that the results are not expected to have substantial variations, which may introduce significant compliance concerns. A second repeated measurement is required only if the measured result for the initial repeated measurement is within 10% of the SAR limit and vary by more than 20%, which are often related to device and measurement setup difficulties. The following procedures are applied to determine if repeated measurements are required. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.19 The repeated measurement results must be clearly identified in the SAR report. All measured SAR, including the repeated results, must be considered to determine compliance and for reporting according to KDB 690783.Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

- 3) When the original highest measured SAR is \geq 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 4) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 5) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
- 6) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20

Frequency	RF			Repeated	Highest	First R	epeated
Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	Exposure Configuration	Test Position	SAR (yes/no)	Measured SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)	Measued SAR _{1-g} (W/Kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
950	GSM850	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.567	n/a	n/a
850	WCDMA Band V	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.483	n/a	n/a
1900	GSM1900	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.983	0.862	0.815
1900	WCDMA Band II	Standalone	Body-Front	no	1.103	1.012	0.862
2450	2.4GWLAN	Standalone	Body-Rear	no	0.292	n/a	n/a

Remark:

1. Second Repeated Measurement is not required since the ratio of the largest to smallest SAR for the orignal and first repeated measurement is not > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively)

4.7. General description of test procedures

- 1. The DUT is tested using CMU 200 communications testers as controller unit to set test channels and maximum output power to the DUT, as well as for measuring the conducted peak power.
- 2. Test positions as described in the tables above are in accordance with the specified test standard.
- 3. Tests in body position were performed in that configuration, which generates the highest time based averaged output power (see conducted power results).
- 4. Tests in head position with GSM were performed in voice mode with 1 timeslot unless GPRS/EGPRS/DTM function allows parallel voice and data traffic on 2 or more timeslots.
- 5. UMTS was tested in RMC mode with 12.2 kbit/s and TPC bits set to 'all 1'.
- 6. WiFi was tested in 802.11b/g/n mode with 1 Mbit/s and 6 Mbit/s. According to KDB 248227 the SAR testing for 802.11g/n is not required since When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 7. Required WiFi test channels were selected according to KDB 248227
- 8. According to FCC KDB pub 248227 D01, When there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power, the channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement and when there are multiple test channels with the same measured maximum output power and equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.
- 9. According to FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 this device has been tested with 10 mm distance to the phantom for operation in WiFi hot spot mode.
- 10. Per FCC KDB pub 941225 D06 the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR to cover WiFi hot spot function.
- 11. According to IEEE 1528 the SAR test shall be performed at middle channel. Testing of top and bottom channel is optional.
- 12. According to KDB 447498 D01 testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

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•< 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz •< 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

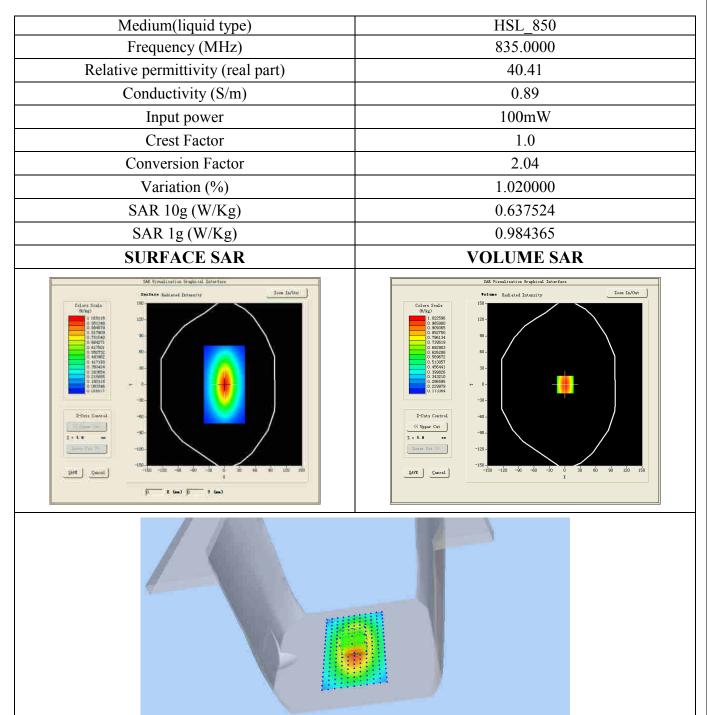
- ●≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 13. IEEE 1528-2003 require the middle channel to be tested first. This generally applies to wireless devices that are designed to operate in technologies with tight tolerances for maximum output power variations across channels in the band.
- 14. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is < 1.2 W/kg.
- 15. Per KDB648474 D04 require when the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, using the same wireless mode test configuration for voice and data, such as UMTS and Wi-Fi, and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface)
- 16. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- Per KDB648474 D04 require for phablet SAR test considerations, For Mobile Phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- 18. 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

4.8. Measurement Uncertainty (450MHz-6GHz)

Not required as SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is required in SAR reports only when the highest measured SAR in a frequency band is \geq 1.5 W/kg for 1-g SAR accoridng to KDB865664D01.

4.9. System Check Results

Test mode:835MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation Model:Dipole SID835 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN45/15 EPGO281) Test Date:Oct 08, 2018



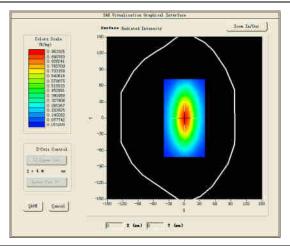
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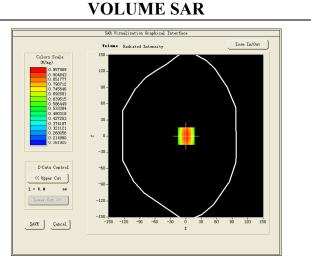


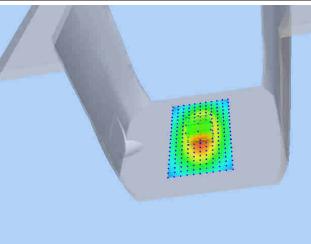
Test mode:835MHz(Body) Product Description:Validation Model:Dipole SID835 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN45/15 EPGO281) Test Date:Oct 09, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	MSL_850		
Frequency (MHz)	835.0000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	54.54		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.96		
Input power	100mW		
Crest Factor	1.0		
Conversion Factor	1.85		
Variation (%)	-1.950000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.635684		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.973985		

SURFACE SAR

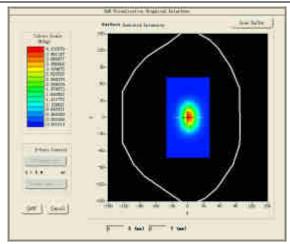


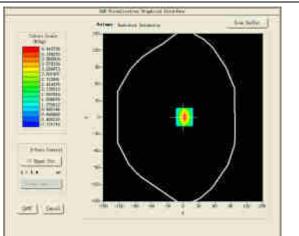


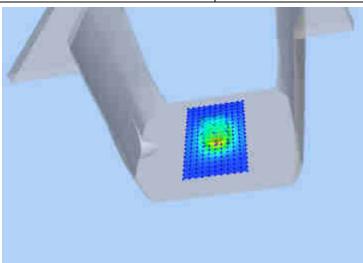


Test mode:1900MHz(Head) Product Description:Validation Model :Dipole SID1900 E-Field Probe:SSE2(SN45/15 EPGO281) Test Date:Oct 10, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	HSL_1900
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.10
Variation (%)	1.900000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.003685
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.929542
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

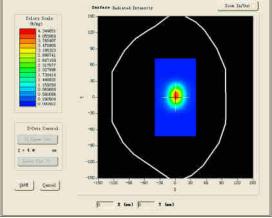


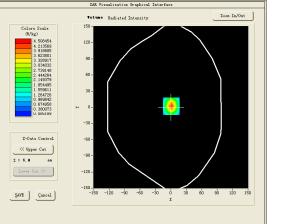


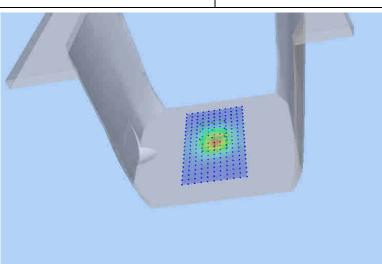


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Medium(liquid type)	MSL_1900		
Frequency (MHz)	1900.0000		
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.68		
Conductivity (S/m)	1.53		
Input power	100mW		
Crest Factor	1.0		
Conversion Factor	2.16		
Variation (%)	-0.330000		
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.054528		
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.21065		
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR		
54 Vinditation September Section	SAR Wirealization Graphical Interface		

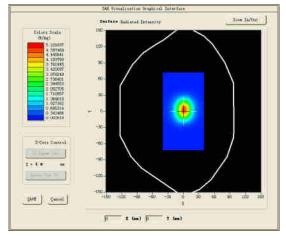


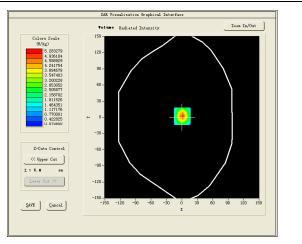


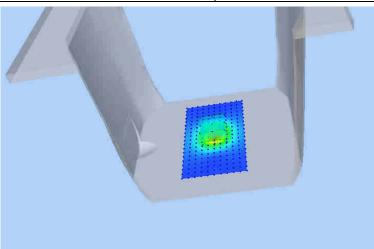


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Medium(liquid type)	HSL_2450
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.86
Conductivity (S/m)	1.82
Input power	100mW
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	2.21
Variation (%)	-0.640000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.3846985
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.254685
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR

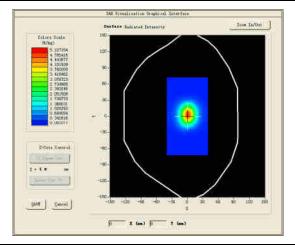


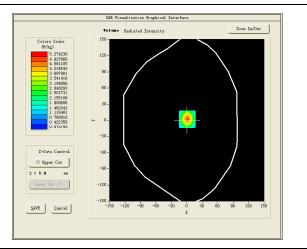


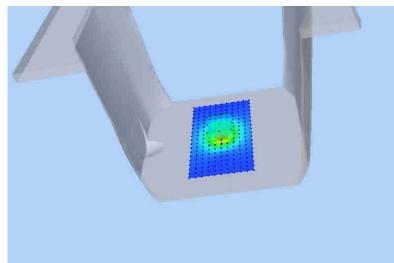


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SAR 1g (W/Kg) SURFACE SAR	5.248425 VOLUME SAR
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.384325
Variation (%)	-1.620000
Conversion Factor	2.28
Crest Factor	1.0
Input power	100mW
Conductivity (S/m)	1.92
Relative permittivity (real part)	51.75
Frequency (MHz)	2450.0000
Medium(liquid type)	MSL_2450







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4.10SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02;

#1

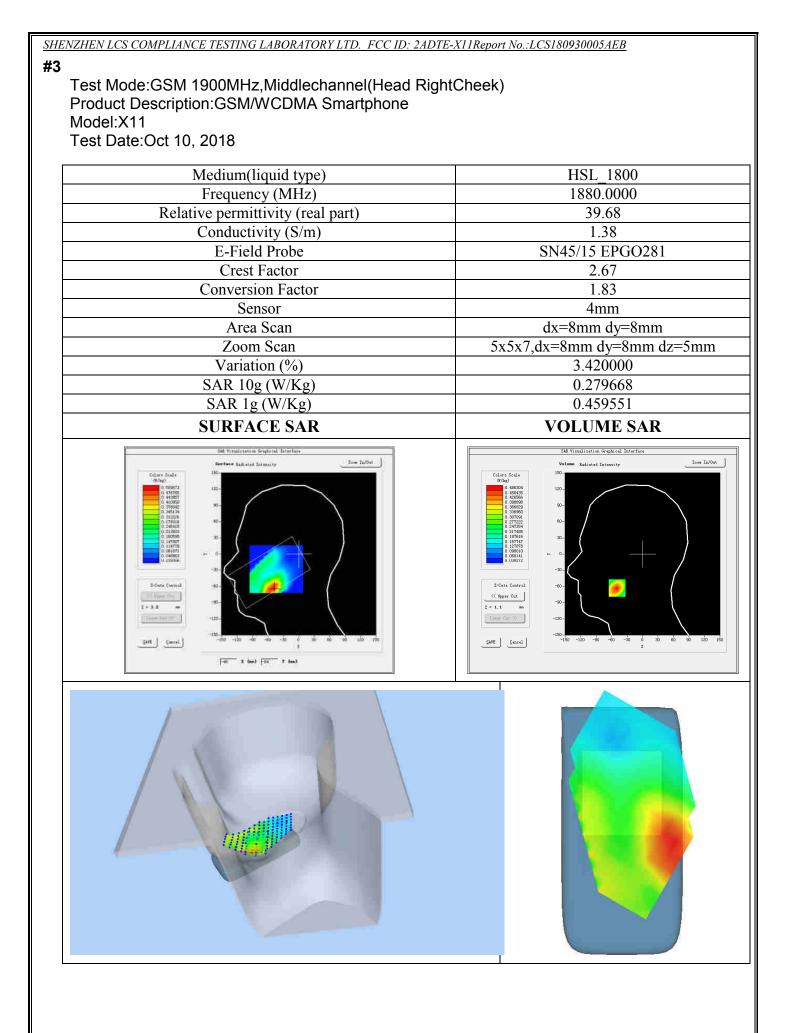
Test Mode:GSM 850MHz,Low channel(Head Left Cheek) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 08, 2018

1001 Date:001 00, 2010	
Medium(liquid type)	HSL_850
Frequency (MHz)	824.2000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.41
Conductivity (S/m)	0.89
E-Field Probe	SN45/15 EPGO281
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.78
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	0.360000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.304308
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.427177
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
348 Yanad testion Graphical Interface	SAR Vizualisation Graphical Interface
Clarit Scale Scale 0 Scale 0	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

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SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB #2 Test Mode:Hotspot GSM850MHz,Low channel(Body Rear Side) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 09, 2018 Medium(liquid type) MSL 850 Frequency (MHz) 824.2000 Relative permittivity (real part) 54.54 Conductivity (S/m) 0.96 **E-Field Probe** SN45/15 EPGO281 Crest Factor 2.67 **Conversion Factor** 1.85 Sensor 4mm Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm Variation (%) -3.850000 SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.403027 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.567401 SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR SAR Visualization Granh Zoon In/Out Ine Inder 396553 365790 335028 304265 273503 242740 211978 2-Cuts Control Z-Cuts Control < Upper Cut 2 + 1.0 z = 1.0 State Council SAVE Cancel 0

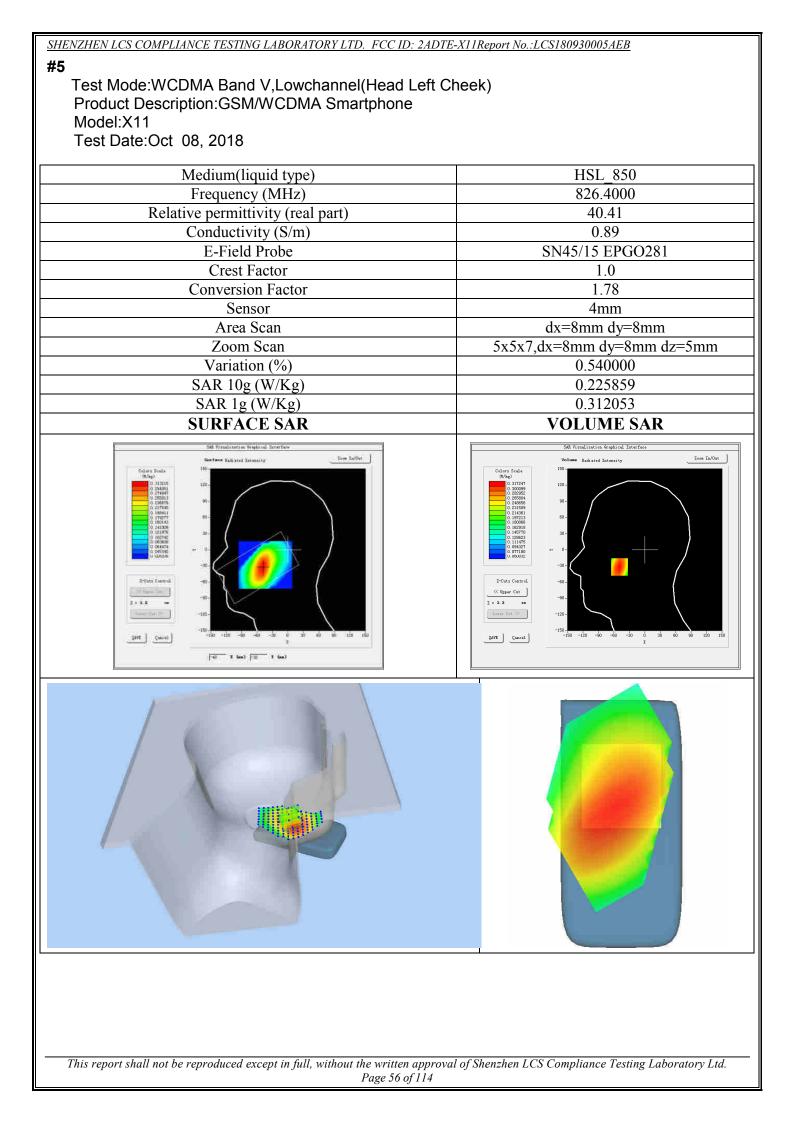
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#4 Test Mode: Hotspot GPRS1900MHz, Highchannel (Body Rear Side) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 11, 2018

Madium (li mid tom -)	MSL 1800
Medium(liquid type)	1909.8000
Frequency (MHz) Relative permittivity (real part)	53.68
Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m)	1.53
E-Field Probe	SN45/15 EPGO281
Crest Factor	2.67
Conversion Factor	1.87
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-3.370000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.596023
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.982629
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
344 Visualization Simplified Enterfun Derfans Kalination Franzischer Zeiter Införd	SAR Virualisation Graphical Interface Values Adjust Interface Zeon In/Out
	Calars Scale 0 (%c) 0 (%c)
his report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval o Page 55 of 114	of Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

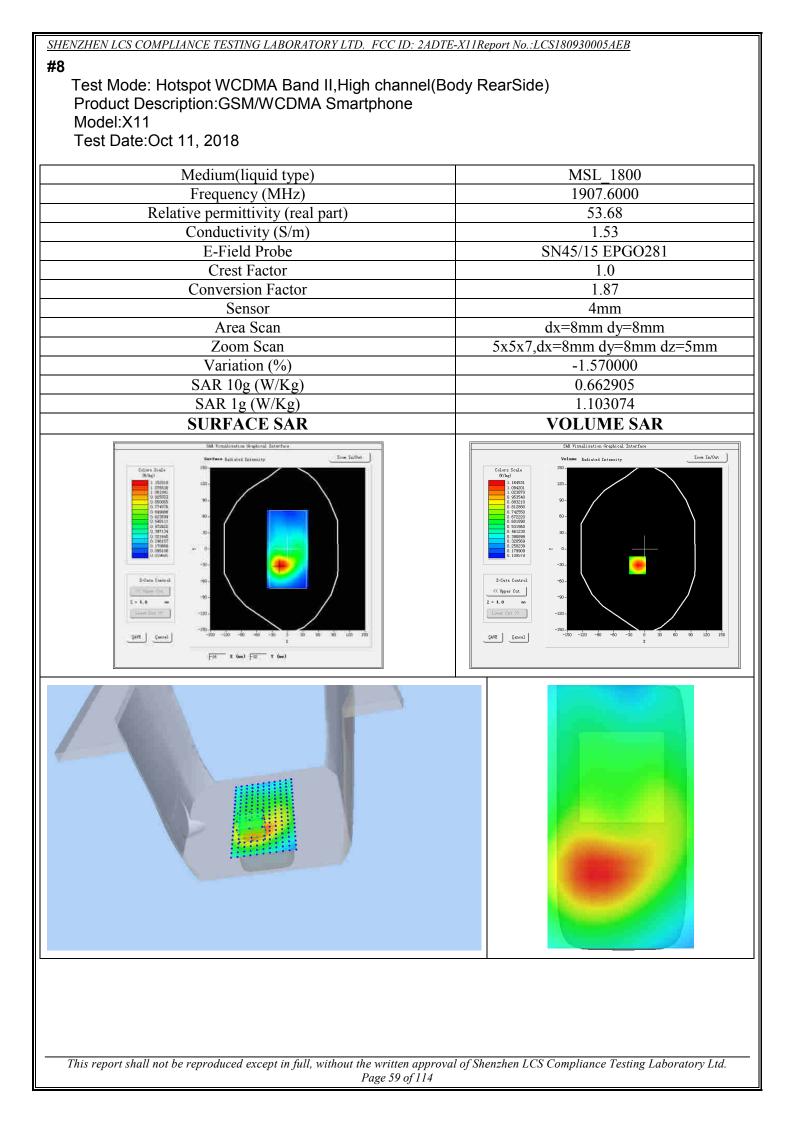


SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB #6 Test Mode: Hotspot WCDMA Band V, Low channel (BodyRearSide) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 09, 2018 Medium(liquid type) MSL 850 Frequency (MHz) 826.4000 Relative permittivity (real part) 54.54 Conductivity (S/m) 0.96 **E-Field Probe** SN45/15 EPGO281 Crest Factor 1.0 **Conversion Factor** 1.85 Sensor 4mm Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm Zoom Scan Variation (%) -1.090000 SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.353745 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.482592 **SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR** 148 Views Lighting Granting Interfac S&R Visualization Graphical Intert Ine In/Out Zoom In/Out Scale 47875 454755 430726 9669 3459 1056 8652 62494 38461 14427 90394 66361 42328 16295 Z-Cuts Control 2-Cats Genten << Upper Cut Z = 1.0 SANE Cancel SAVE Cancel (C 1 (an) (C 1 (an) This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. Page 57 of 114

#7

Test Mode:WCDMA Band II,Highchannel(Head Right Cheek) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 10, 2018

Medium(liquid type)	HSL 1800
Frequency (MHz)	1907.6000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.68
Conductivity (S/m)	1.38
E-Field Probe	SN45/15 EPGO281
Crest Factor	1.0
Conversion Factor	1.83
Sensor	4mm
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Variation (%)	-2.020000
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.302791
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.477214
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
Extract State (1)	$\begin{array}{c} \hline volume \ Ratisted \ Intensity \\ \hline column \ Solut \\ \hline 0 \ Solut \\ 0 \ Solut \ Solu$
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SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB #9 Test Mode:802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Low channel(Head Left Cheek) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 16, 2018 Medium(liquid type) HSL 2450 Frequency (MHz) 2412.0000 39.86 Relative permittivity (real part) Conductivity (S/m) 1.82 **E-Field Probe** SN45/15 EPGO281 Crest Factor 1.0 **Conversion Factor** 2.21 Sensor 4mm Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm Variation (%) -0.330000 SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.071110 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.161142 **SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR** ulination femplical Interfa undistation Graphical Interf Ine Inder Sern Turbet **Vy** Lai The second second **Gilars** Citypes Cut. SAVE Control SAVE Carrel T (m) (m)

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. Page 60 of 114 SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. FCC ID: 2ADTE-X11Report No.:LCS180930005AEB #10 Test Mode: Hotspot 802.11b(WiFi2.4G),Lowchannel(Body Rear Side) Product Description:GSM/WCDMA Smartphone Model:X11 Test Date:Oct 17, 2018 Medium(liquid type) MSL 2450 Frequency (MHz) 2412.0000 Relative permittivity (real part) 51.75 Conductivity (S/m) 1.92 **E-Field Probe** SN45/15 EPGO281 Crest Factor 1.0 2.28 **Conversion Factor** Sensor 4mm Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm Zoom Scan 5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm Variation (%) -0.420000 SAR 10g (W/Kg) 0.137113 SAR 1g (W/Kg) 0.291763 **SURFACE SAR VOLUME SAR** Iver In/Out lose Is/Out 2 + 1.0 7 1 4 4 SAVE Concel SAVE Cannel I (an) | T (an) 10

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	02/08/2018	Jez
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	02/08/2018	Jez
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	02/08/2018	Hum Muthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen STS Test Services Co., Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
А	02/08/2018	Initial release

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	
Manufacturer	MVG	
Model	SSE2	
Serial Number	SN 45/15 EPGO281	
Product Condition (new / used)	New	
Frequency Range of Probe	0.45 GHz-6GHz	
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.186 MΩ	
	Dipole 2: R2=0.194 MΩ	
	Dipole 3: R3=0.191 MΩ	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular		1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	<u> </u>	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular		1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular		1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

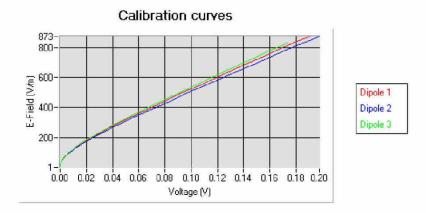
Calibration Parameters		
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

	Normy dipole $2 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$	
0.77	0.83	0.67

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
91	90	95

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula: $E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$



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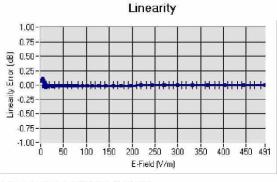
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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity:0+/-2.60% (+/-0.11dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency (MHz +/- 100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	<u>ConvF</u>
HL450	450	44.12	0.88	1.76
BL450	450	58.92	1.00	1.81
HL750	750	42.24	0.90	1.53
BL750	750	5685	0.99	1.59
HL.S.D	i kas	43.62	0.99	1.94
EI. \$59	1998	2872	0,98	1.85
TILSOO	389	42.47	1 000	1.62
BURG	19690	36997	1.09	1.67
DELLANDO	18725	42.24	1.40	1.83
TALLER	1812	5335	T.M.	1.87
HL 1900	TREE	40:79	T I AZ	1.10
BLIMO	1900	84.47	1 <u>1.3</u> 0	2.16
11.2000	2000	40.82	1.44	2.01
BLAND	2000	1 MADE	I.SS	2.99
11,2456	2450	36.73	1.81	121
SIL 24KG	2480	5323		2.24
HT 2000	2500	38.84	1.25	2.32
RIZER	2660	520	1 653 1	2.36
HENZOG	\$200	3680	4.84	2.48
BLAZAG	5200	51.21	1 818 i	2.82
10.8400	5400	3685	496	2,76
BL5400	5400	50.51	5.70	2.79
HL5600	5600	35.57	5.23	2.74
BL5600	5600	49.83	5.91	2.83
HL5800	5800	35.30	5.47	2.53
BL5800	5800	49.03	6.28	2.60

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 9mW/kg

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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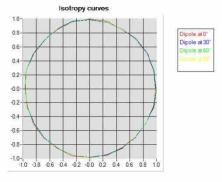
5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy:

-	Hem	isph	erical	1801	ro	py:
.	menn	ispin	cilical	1201	uo	Py.

0.04	dB
0.06	dB

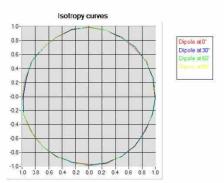


HL1800 MHz

A V10	1 cotrony
- AAIa	l isotropy:

- Hemispherical isotropy:

0.04 dB 0.08 dB



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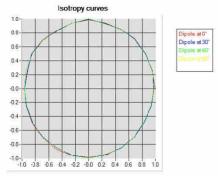


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

HL5600 MHz

- Axial isotropy:	0.06 dB
- Hemispherical isotropy:	0.08 dB



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Ref: ACR.348.1.15.SATU.A

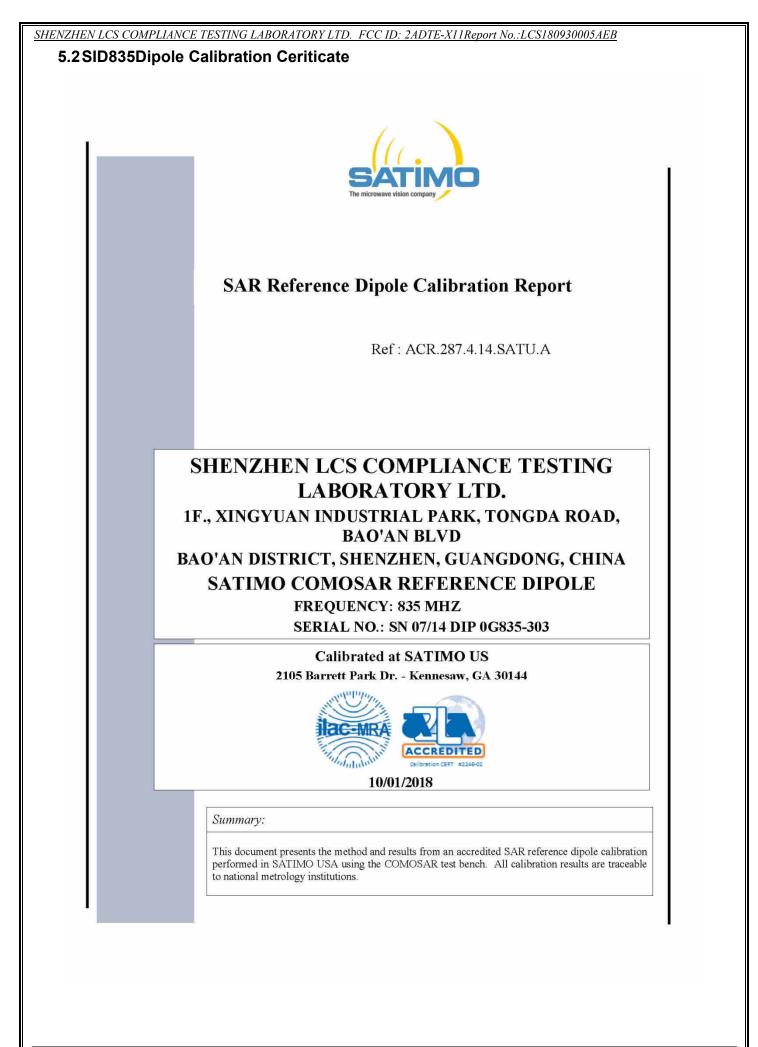
6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Next Calibration Date				
Flat Phantom	MVG	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2018	02/2021	
Reference Probe	MVG	EP 94 SN 37/08	10/2017	10/2018	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2015	12/2018	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2015	12/2018	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to Characterized prio test. No cal required. test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2015	12/2018	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2015	12/2018	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	150798832	10/2016	10/2018	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	Jez
Checked by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	10/14/2018	JES
Approved by :	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	10/14/2018	them Putthoushi

	Customer Name
Distribution :	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	10/14/2018	Initial release

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Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

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\$.	Vali	สมโอก measurement	
	7. 4.	Head Liquid Measurement	,Ž
	7.2	SAR Measurement Result With Head Liquid	<u>"</u> ø
	753	Rody Liquid Measurement	,ŝ
	7.A	SAR Measurement-Result With Early Liquid	
×.	List	of Equipment	

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOL				
Manufacturer Satimo				
Model	SID835			
Serial Number	SN 07/14 DIP 0G835-303			
Product Condition (new / used)	New			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 <u>RETURN LOSS</u>

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 **DIMENSION MEASUREMENT**

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length
3 - 300	0.05 mm

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %
3	

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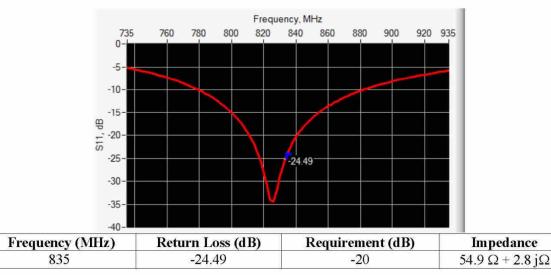
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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE



6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

Frequency MHz	Ln	L mm h mm		m	d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
Â	420.16 £1.%.		250.0 ±1 %		GİSRİM.	
450.	290:5 \$1,%.		:166.7±1.%.		6.05 £1 %.	
750	1760 61 %		100.0.zi/%.		63565.	1
885·] 181,0 fl %.	PASS	39.8 di W.	PASS	3,641.%	PASS
900	249.0 £1.%		833 11 %.		A5-2.%	
1450	di izisi		SIZEIN.	3.	ð.özl.a.	
2500	\$0.9 ±1.%		AR IN CODE		3.621.%i	
1640	79.031.%		45.7 =1.%			
1780	252 14		429年136		Altzi <i>y</i> i.	ſ
1800	72:0e1.\$,		417.41 %		NE HLAN]
3966	68.0±1.%.		385 H.S.	Ţ	Asei%.	
1950	663414		JAH M.		9.Sei X	
2060	04.9 £1.%	te.	375.71.81		3.6 21.%.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	ñ
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative per	Relative permittivity (s _r ')		ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

7.2 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT WITH HEAD LIQUID

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps' : 42.3 sigma : 0.92
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm

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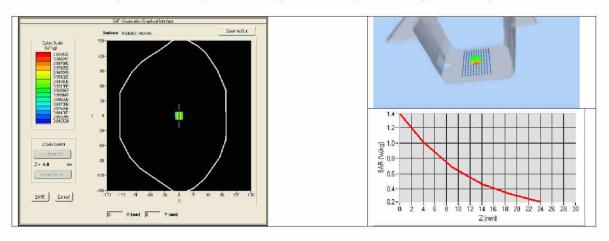


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.287.4.14.SATU.A

Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	835 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR ((W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.60 (0.96)	6.22	6.20 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	



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7.3 BODY LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r ')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
150	61.9 ±5 %		0.80 ±5 %	
300	58.2 ±5 %		0.92 ±5 %	
450	56.7 ±5 %		0.94 ±5 %	
750	55.5 ±5 %		0.96 ±5 %	
835	55.2 ±5 %	PASS	0.97 ±5 %	PASS
900	55.0 ±5 %		1.05 ±5 %	
915	55.0 ±5 %		1.06 ±5 %	
1450	54.0 ±5 %		1.30 ±5 %	
1610	53.8 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1800	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
1900	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2000	53.3 ±5 %		1.52 ±5 %	
2100	53.2 ±5 %		1.62 ±5 %	
2450	52.7 ±5 %		1.95 ±5 %	
2600	52.5 ±5 %	-	2.16 ±5 %	
3000	52.0 ±5 %		2.73 ±5 %	
3500	51.3 ±5 %		3.31 ±5 %	
5200	49.0 ±10 %		5.30 ±10 %	w.
A SOLV	No. P. A. P. A.	ĺ	142-410-5	
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Asses share resolution.	i Cirebal incluy # Smith	ę.
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm	
Frequency	835 MHz	
Input power	20 dBm	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Temperature	21 °C	
Lab Humidity	45 %	

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