

# TEST REPROT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: 2ADQJ-YSP88459SM

Equipment Under Test : WiFi/BT Combo Module

Model Name : BWR-YSP88459-SMA

Variant Model Name(s) : -

Applicant : ESSYS CO.,LTD.

Manufacturer : ESSYS CO.,LTD.

Date of Receipt : 2023.02.20

Date of Test(s) : 2023.02.20 ~ 2023.04.13

Date of Issue : 2023.04.14

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above. This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

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Tested by:



Teo Kim

Technical  
Manager:



Jinhyoung Cho

**SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory**

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## 1. General Information

### 1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)

- 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
- 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
- Designation number: KR0150

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### 1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : ESSYS CO.,LTD.

Address : 55, Gaetbeol-ro, Yeonsu-gu, Incheon, South Korea, 21999

Contact Person : Kim, Sung-hoon

Phone No. : +82 32 215 0923

### 1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company : ESSYS CO.,LTD.

Address : 55, Gaetbeol-ro, Yeonsu-gu, Incheon, Republic of Korea

### 1.4. Description of EUT

<b>Kind of Product</b>	WiFi/BT Combo Module
<b>Model Name</b>	BWR-YSP88459-SMA
<b>Variant Model Name</b>	-
<b>Serial Number</b>	Conducted Sample: C-001 Radiated Sample: R-001
<b>Power Supply</b>	DC 3.3 V
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz (Bluetooth)
<b>Modulation Technique</b>	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
<b>Number of Channels</b>	79 channels (Bluetooth)
<b>Antenna Type</b>	Pattern antenna
<b>Antenna Gain<sup>*</sup></b>	Core 0: 2.28 dB i
<b>H/W Version</b>	1.1
<b>S/W Version</b>	1.0

## 1.5. Declaration by the Manufacturer

- Adaptive Frequency Hopping is supported and use at least 20 channels.

## 1.6. Information about the FHSS characteristics:

### 1.6.1. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The nominal hop rate is 1 600 hops/s.

### 1.6.2. Equal Hopping Frequency Use

The channels of this system will be used equally over the long-term distribution of the hopsets.

### 1.6.3. Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

02, 05, 31, 24, 20, 10, 43, 36, 30, 23, 40, 06, 21, 50, 44, 09, 71, 78, 01, 13, 73, 07, 70, 72, 35, 62, 42, 11, 41, 08, 16, 29, 60, 15, 34, 61, 58, 04, 67, 12, 22, 53, 57, 18, 27, 76, 39, 32, 17, 77, 52, 33, 56, 46, 37, 47, 64, 49, 45, 38, 69, 14, 51, 26, 79, 19, 28, 65, 75, 54, 48, 03, 25, 66, 05, 16, 68, 74, 59, 63, 55

### 1.6.4. System Receiver Input Bandwidth

Each channel bandwidth is 1 MHz.

The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 1.6.5. Equipment Description

15.247(a) (1) that the Rx input bandwidths shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

15.247(g): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system is designed to comply with all of the regulations in Section 15.247 when the transmitter is presented with a continuous data (or information) system.

15.247(h): In accordance with the Bluetooth Industry Standard, the system does not coordinate its channels selection/ hopping sequence with other frequency hopping systems for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

## 1.7. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMA100B	106887	Oct. 13, 2022	Annual	Oct. 13, 2023
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103210	Dec. 07, 2022	Annual	Dec. 07, 2023
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Aug. 26, 2022	Annual	Aug. 26, 2023
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000560	Sep. 14, 2022	Annual	Sep. 14, 2023
Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	122660	Jul. 06, 2022	Annual	Jul. 06, 2023
BRIDGE COUPLER	MARKI MICROWAVE INC	CBR16-0012	1542	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHKX3.0/18G-6SS	21	Jun. 09, 2022	Annual	Jun. 09, 2023
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	11	Oct. 24, 2022	Annual	Oct. 24, 2023
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Feb. 09, 2023	Annual	Feb. 09, 2024
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100669	May 06, 2022	Annual	May 06, 2023
DC Power Supply	R&S	HMP2020	102130	Apr. 22, 2022	Annual	Apr. 22, 2023
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 04, 2022	Annual	Aug. 04, 2023
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18	10117	Jun. 13, 2022	Annual	Jun. 13, 2023
Preamplifier	TESTEK	TK-PA1840H	130016	Jan. 11, 2023	Annual	Jan. 11, 2024
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 23, 2021	Biennial	Aug. 23, 2023
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	01126	Feb. 09, 2023	Annual	Feb. 09, 2024
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 28, 2023	Annual	Feb. 28, 2024
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	9170-540	Nov. 30, 2022	Annual	Nov. 30, 2023
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Jan. 18, 2023	Annual	Jan. 18, 2024
Turn Table	Innco systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	Innco systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/3833 0516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Antenna Mast	Innco systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/3833 0516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L x W x H (9.6 m x 6.4 m x 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	MWX221-NMSNMS (4 m)	J1023142	Apr. 04, 2023	Semi-Annual	Oct. 04, 2023
Coaxial Cable	Qualwave Inc.	QA500-18-NN-10 (10 m)	22200114	Apr. 04, 2023	Semi-Annual	Oct. 04, 2023
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182287	Feb. 18, 2023	Semi-Annual	Aug. 18, 2023
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182288	Feb. 18, 2023	Semi-Annual	Aug. 18, 2023
Coaxial Cable	RADIALL	TESTPRO 3	182291	Feb. 18, 2023	Semi-Annual	Aug. 18, 2023
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L x W x H (6.5 m x 3.5 m x 3.5 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	100911	Feb. 24, 2023	Annual	Feb. 24, 2024
Two-Line V-Network	R&S	ENV216	100190	May 13, 2022	Annual	May 13, 2023

### Note;

For equipment listed above that has a calibration date or calibration due date that falls within the test date range, care was taken to ensure that this equipment was used after the calibration date and before the calibration due date

## 1.8. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: Part15 Subpart C		
Section(s)	Test Item(s)	Result
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	Complied
15.247(a)(1) 15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	Complied
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Complied
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Complied
15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied

## 1.9. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedure for Compliance Testing of unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

## 1.10. Sample Calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

### 1.10.1. Conducted Test

Offset value (dB) = Directional coupler (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

### 1.10.2. Radiation Test

Field strength level (dB $\mu$ V/m) = Measured level (dB $\mu$ V) + Antenna factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB) + Duty factor (dB)

## 1.11. Information of software for test

- Using the software of BLUETOOL (Version 1.9.5.3) to testing of EUT.

## 1.12. Test Report Revision

Revision	Report Number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL003975	2023.04.14	Initial

## 1.13. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty	
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	0.33 dB	
20 dB Bandwidth	6.79 kHz	
Conducted Spurious Emission	0.87 dB	
Time of Occupancy	0.02 ms	
AC Conducted Emission	4.00 dB	
Radiated Emission, 9 kHz to 30 MHz	H	3.40 dB
	V	3.40 dB
Radiated Emission, below 1 GHz	H	4.50 dB
	V	5.10 dB
Radiated Emission, above 1 GHz	H	3.70 dB
	V	3.90 dB

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor  $k = 2$  to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

## 1.14. Device Capabilities

Frequency	Mode	SISO		MIMO
		Core 0	Core 1	Core 0 + Core 1
2.4 GHz	Bluetooth & Bluetooth Low Energy	O	X	X
	802.11b/g/n	X	O	X
5 GHz	802.11a	O	O	X
	802.11n/ac	O	O	O

### 1.15. Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Peak Output Power (dB m)
GFSK	1	Low	2 402	<b><u>0.20</u></b>
		Middle	2 441	-1.80
		High	2 480	-1.69
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2	Low	2 402	<b><u>1.92</u></b>
		Middle	2 441	0.21
		High	2 480	0.84
8DPSK	3	Low	2 402	<b><u>1.96</u></b>
		Middle	2 441	0.26
		High	2 480	0.83

**Note;**

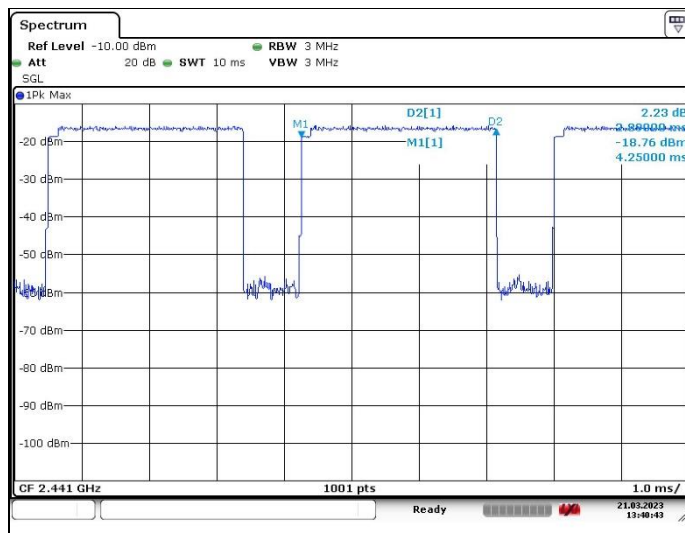
1. For transmitter radiated spurious emissions, conducted spurious emission, carrier frequency separation and number of hopping frequencies, GFSK / DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
2. For 20 dB bandwidth and maximum peak conducted output power, GFSK / DH5,  $\pi/4$ DQPSK / 2DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.
3. For Time of Occupancy, GFSK / DH1, DH3, DH5 and 8DPSK / 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5 are tested as worst condition.



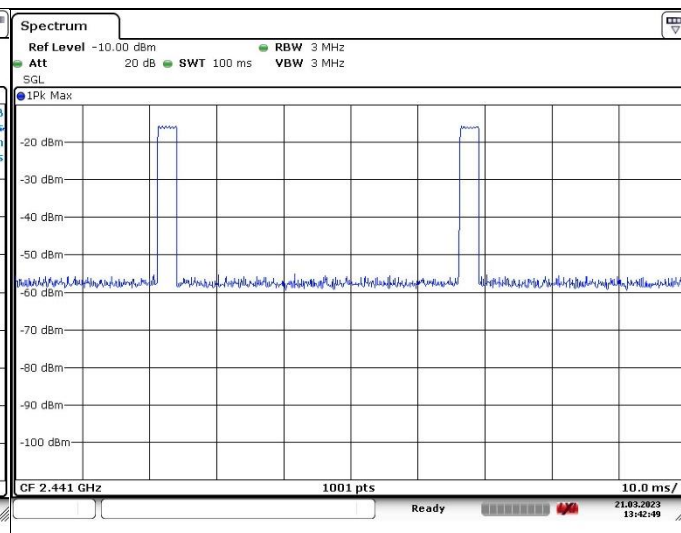
## 1.16. Duty Cycle Correction Factor of EUT

According to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 9, as a “duty cycle correction factor”, pulse averaging with 20 log (worst case dwell time / 100 ms) has to be used for average result.

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time 3DH5 packet is observed;  
the period to have 3DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is  $2.89 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.80 \text{ ms}$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100 ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period.  $[100 \text{ ms} / 57.80 \text{ ms}] = 2 \text{ hops}$

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.78 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time:

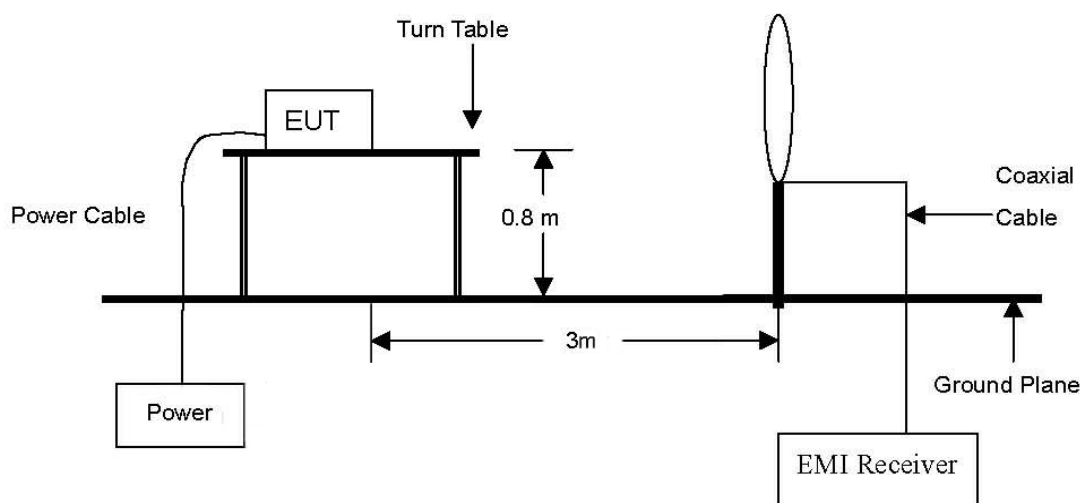
$$20 \times \log (5.78 \text{ ms} / 100 \text{ ms}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$$

## 2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emissions

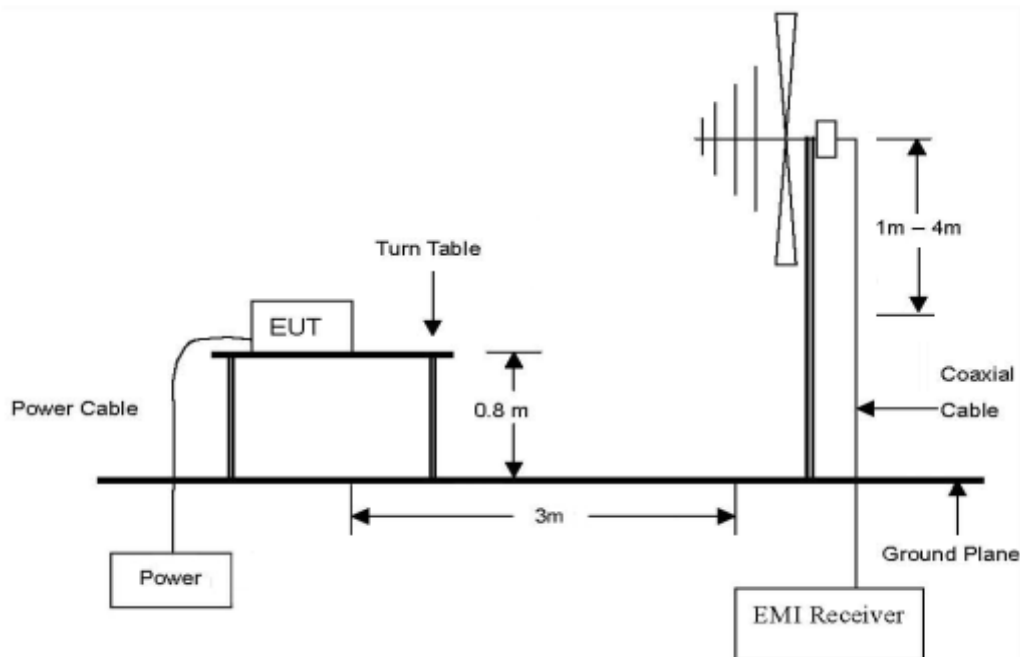
### 2.1. Test Setup

#### 2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

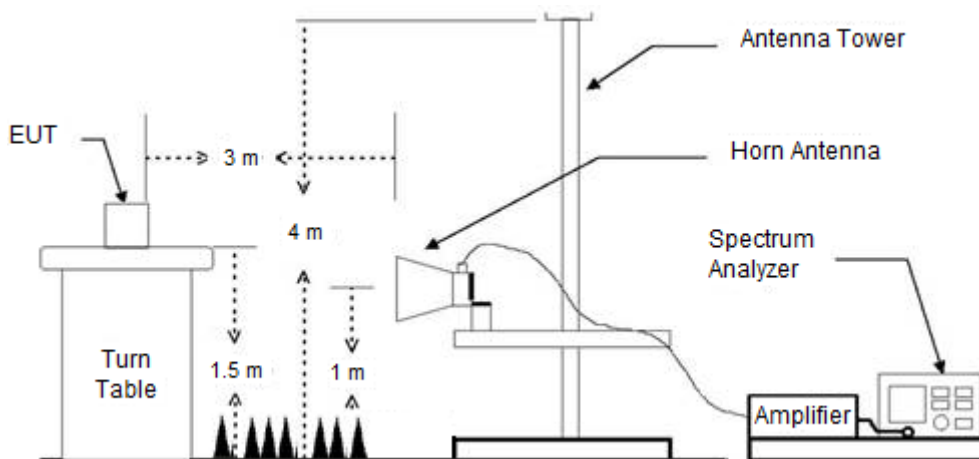
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz.



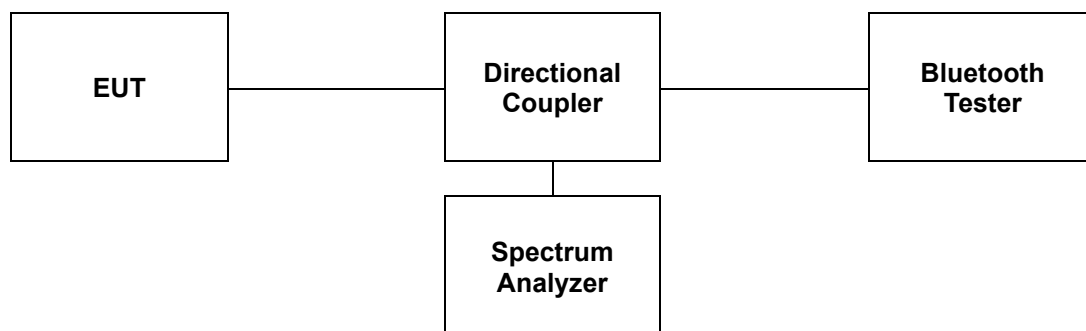
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission. The spurious emissions were investigated from 1 GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.



## 2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions



## 2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ( $\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$ )	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(kHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(kHz)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

\*\* Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

## 2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

### 2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 MHz

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

### 2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 MHz

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 GHz and 1.5 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 GHz. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 GHz, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. For measurements below 1 GHz resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.
6. For measurements Above 1 GHz resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and as applicable for average measurements.

#### Note;

1. Definition of DUT Axis.  
The test orthogonal plan of EUT was investigated with three axis described in the test setup photo.  
The Y-axis was worst-case, all radiated testing of EUT was performed with Y-axis.

### **2.3.3. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions**

#### **2.3.3.1. Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions**

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

RBW  $\geq$  100 kHz

VBW = 300 kHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### **2.3.3.2. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions**

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer.

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW = 3 MHz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

#### **2.3.3.3. TDF function**

- For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.

So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.

## 2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C  
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

### 2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emission below 1 000 MHz

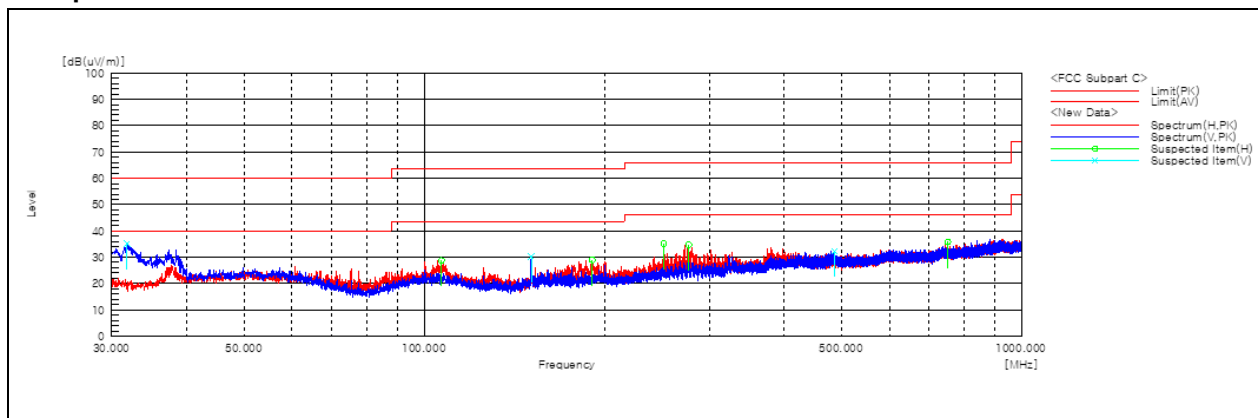
The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP + CL (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
31.82	47.00	Peak	V	16.02	-27.77	<b>35.25</b>	40.00	4.75
150.97	43.20	Peak	V	13.80	-26.71	30.29	43.50	13.21
251.61	42.60	Peak	H	18.60	-26.06	35.14	46.00	10.86
276.95	42.00	Peak	H	18.55	-25.86	34.69	46.00	11.31
485.33	35.90	Peak	V	22.70	-26.14	32.46	46.00	13.54
751.80	35.10	Peak	H	26.70	-25.99	35.81	46.00	10.19
Above 800.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Remark;

- Spurious emissions for all channels and modes were investigated and almost the same below 1 GHz.
- Reported spurious emissions are in **EDR / 3DH5 / Low channel** as worst case among other modes.
- Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.  
(Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
- According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.
- Test from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz was performed using the software of EP5RE(V5.3.70) from TOYO

#### - Test plot



## 2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emission above 1 000 MHz

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 MHz was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

### Operating Mode: GFSK

#### A. Low Channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.64	Peak	V	28.04	6.37	-	60.05	74.00	13.95
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.29	54.00	18.71
*2 339.68	27.52	Peak	V	28.16	6.39	-	62.07	74.00	11.93
*2 339.68	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	37.31	54.00	16.69
*2 390.00	25.47	Peak	V	28.28	6.63	-	60.38	74.00	13.62
*2 390.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.62	54.00	18.38

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### B. Middle Channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



C. High Channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	25.94	Peak	V	28.27	6.35	-	60.56	74.00	13.44
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.80	54.00	18.20
*2 495.72	27.53	Peak	V	28.29	6.33	-	62.15	74.00	11.85
*2 495.72	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	37.39	54.00	16.61
*2 500.00	25.97	Peak	V	28.30	6.32	-	60.59	74.00	13.41
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.83	54.00	18.17

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Operating Mode: 8DPSK**

A. Low Channel (2 402 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	25.12	Peak	V	28.04	6.37	-	59.53	74.00	14.47
*2 310.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	34.77	54.00	19.23
*2 371.53	27.26	Peak	V	28.24	6.49	-	61.99	74.00	12.01
*2 371.53	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	37.23	54.00	16.77
*2 390.00	26.01	Peak	V	28.28	6.63	-	60.92	74.00	13.08
*2 390.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	36.16	54.00	17.84

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

B. Middle Channel (2 441 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

C. High Channel (2 480 MHz)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	26.10	Peak	V	28.27	6.35	-	60.72	74.00	13.28
*2 483.50	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.96	54.00	18.04
*2 496.44	27.66	Peak	V	28.29	6.33	-	<b>62.28</b>	74.00	11.72
*2 496.44	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	37.52	54.00	16.48
*2 500.00	25.82	Peak	V	28.30	6.32	-	60.44	74.00	13.56
*2 500.00	-	Average	-	-	-	-24.76	35.68	54.00	18.32

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
Above 1 000.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

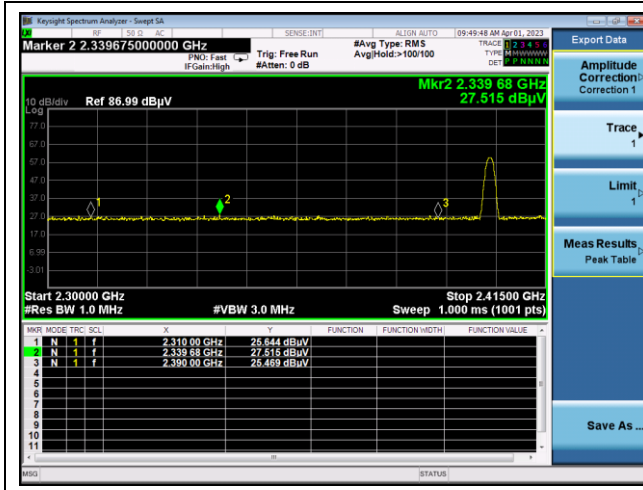
**Remark;**

1. “\*” means the restricted band.
2. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (DF) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (DF).
5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.
6. The maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, to perform an average measurement is unnecessary.

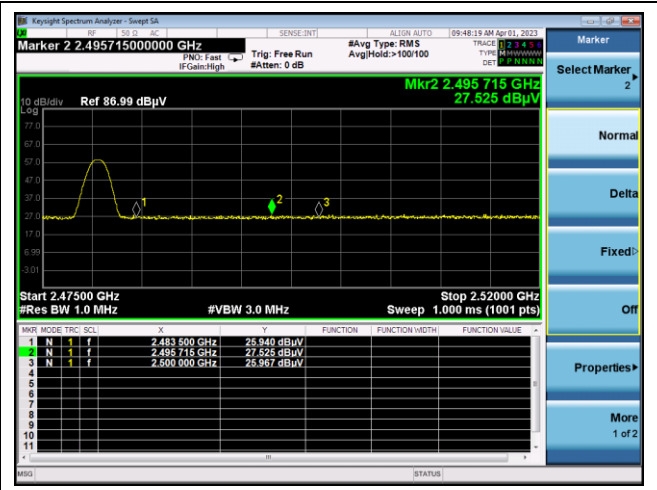
## - Test plots

### Operating Mode: GFSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)

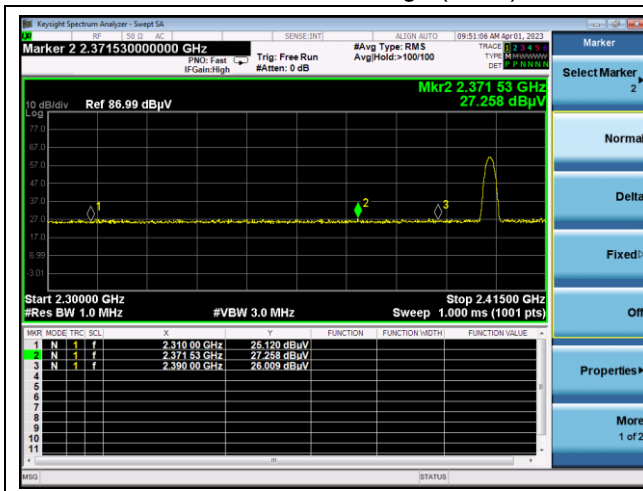


High channel band edge (Peak)

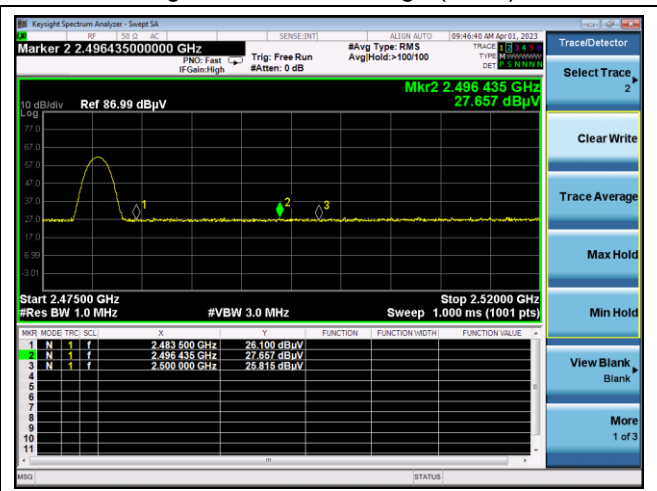


### Operating Mode: 8DPSK

Low channel band edge (Peak)



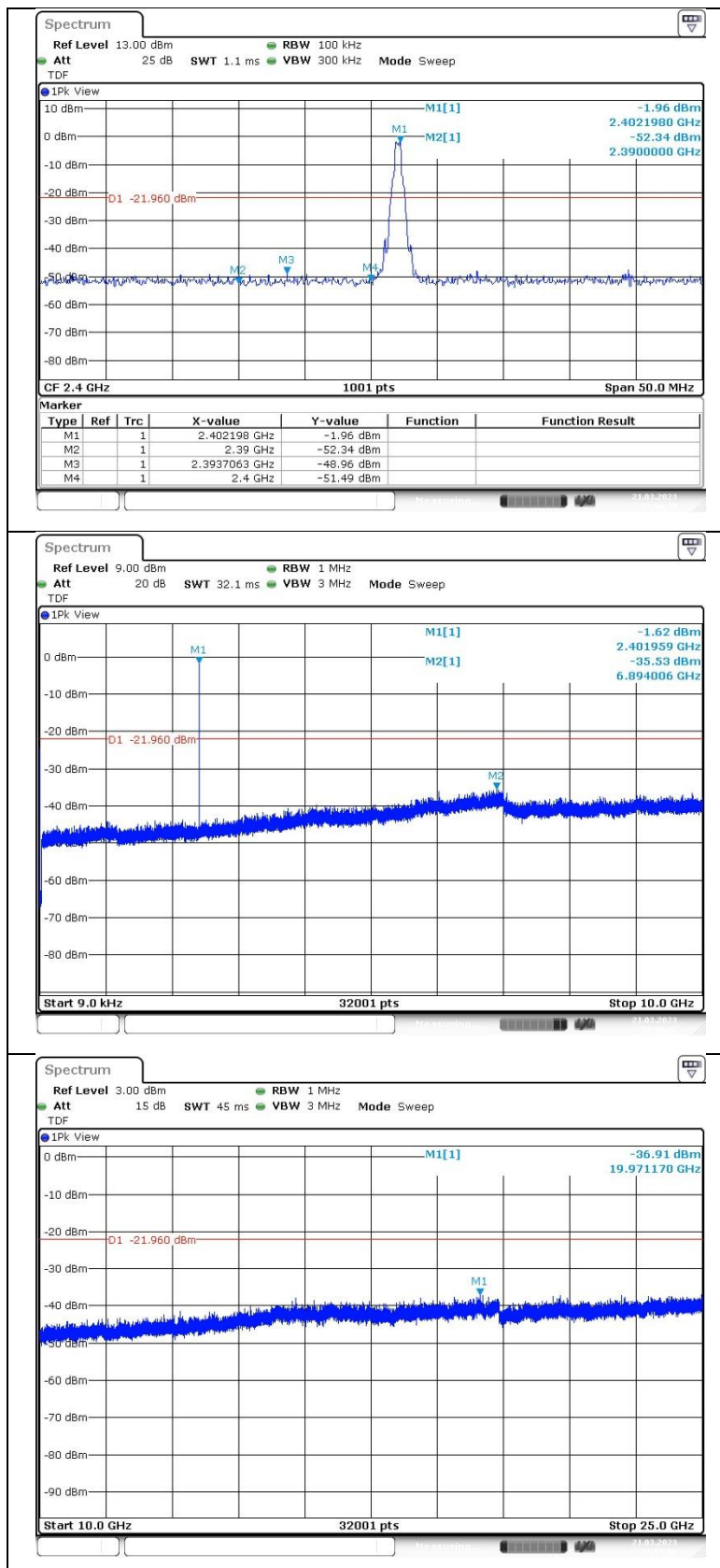
High channel band edge (Peak)



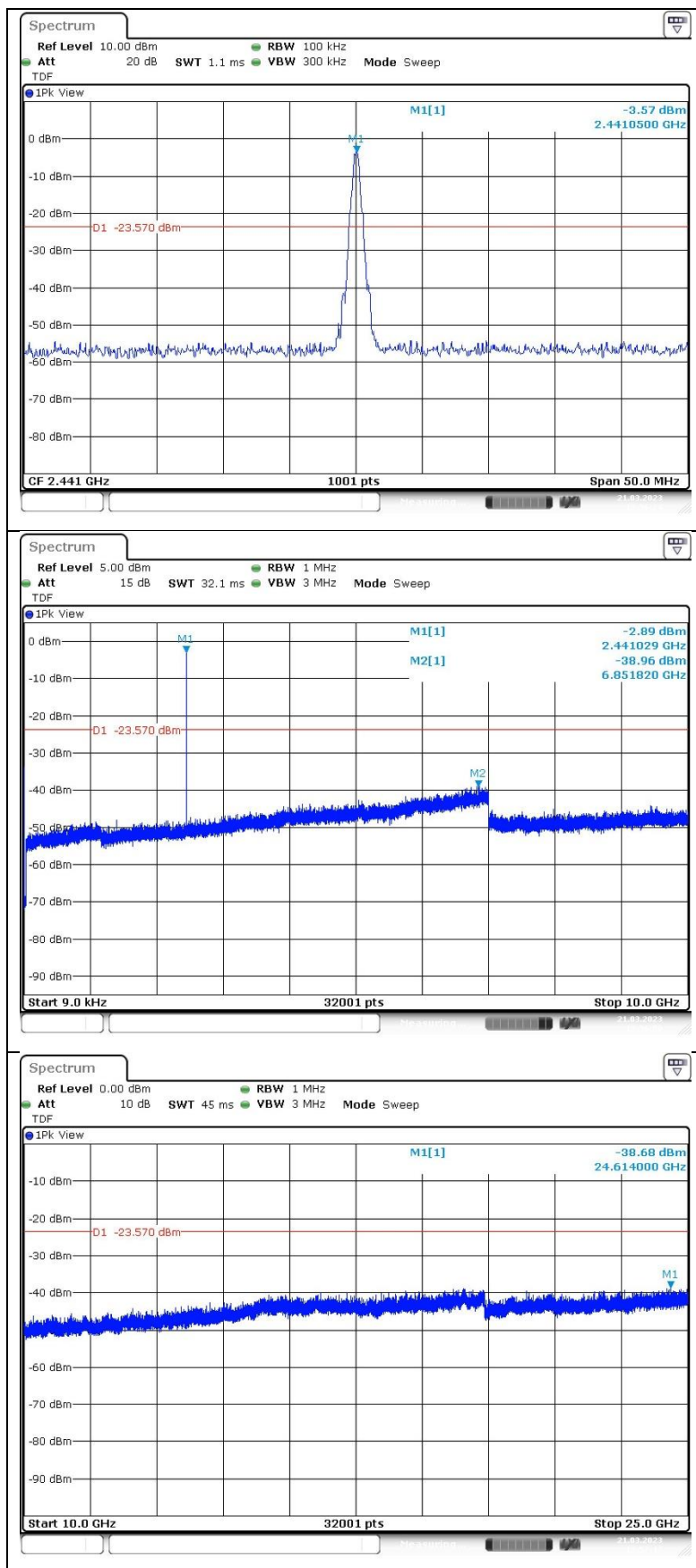
### 2.4.3. Plot of Spurious Conducted Emissions

Operating Mode: GFSK\_hopping function turned off

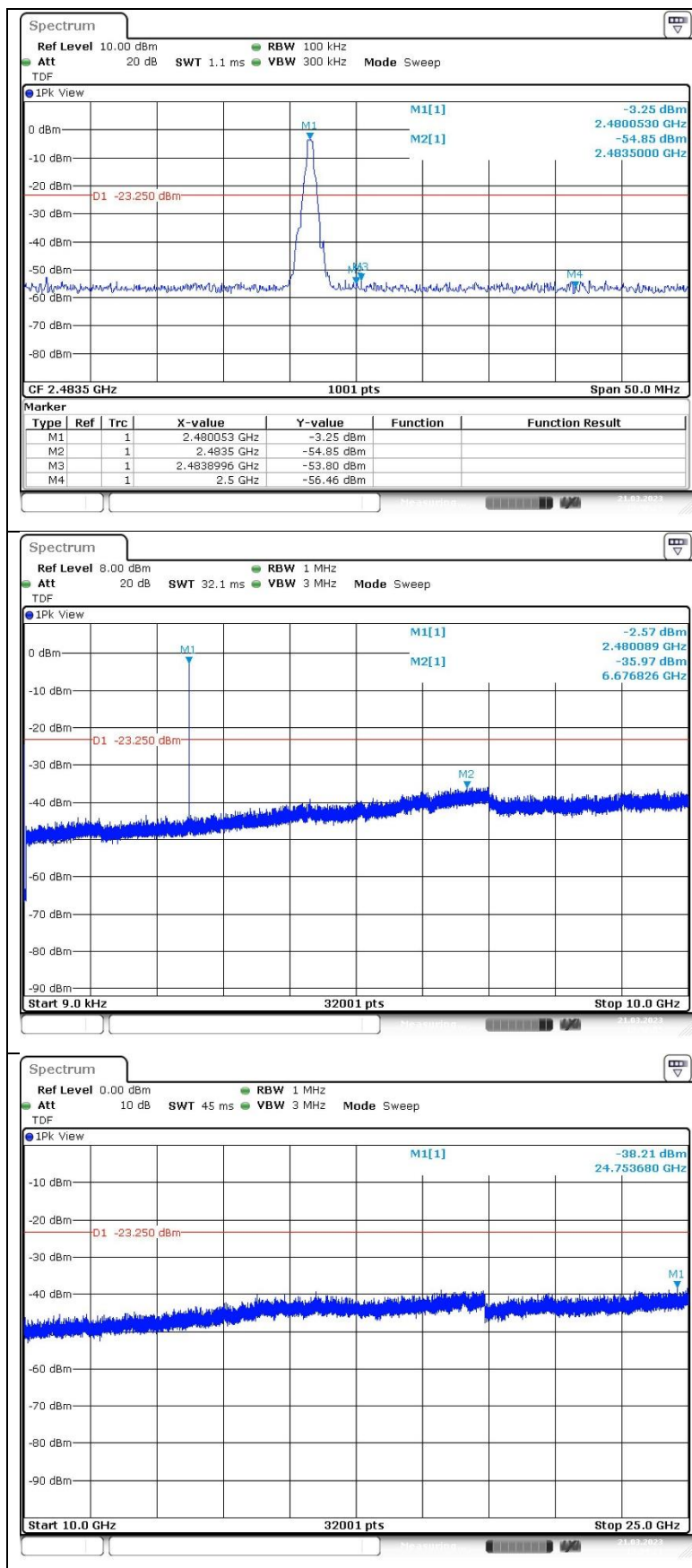
Low channel



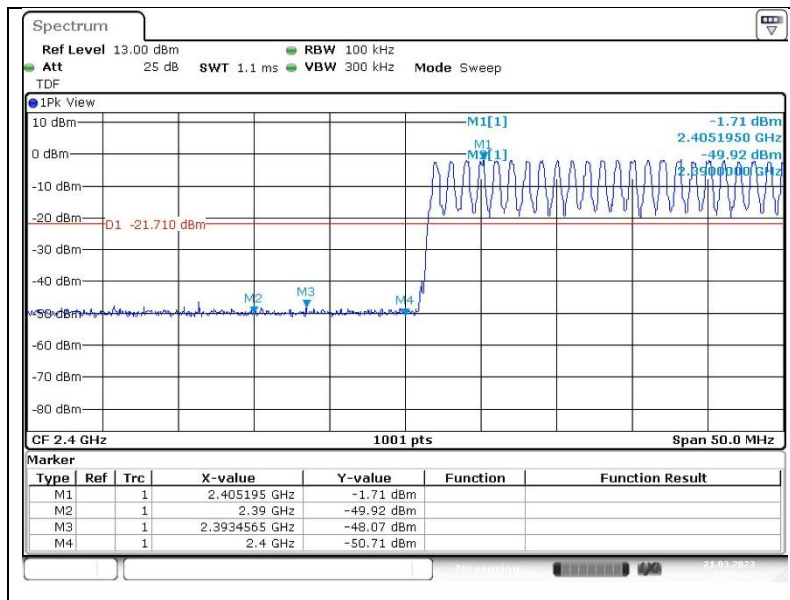
## Middle channel



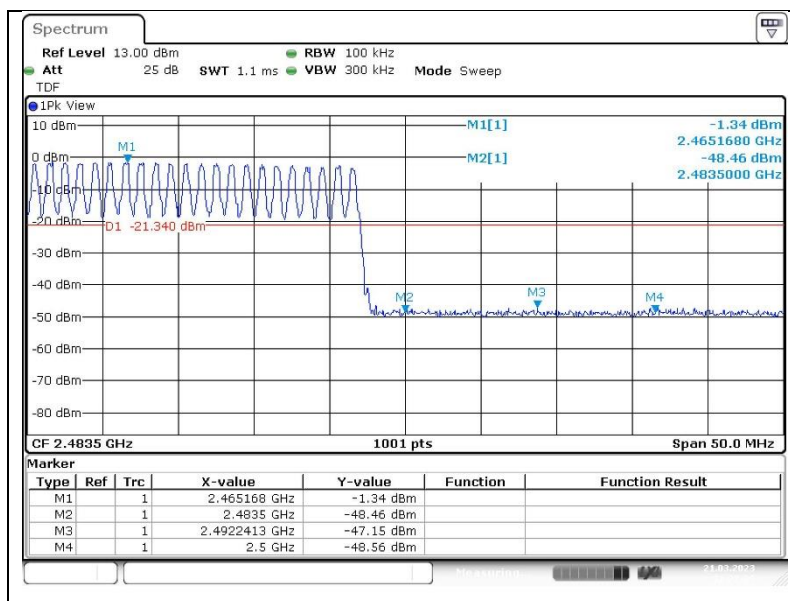
## High channel



**Operating Mode: GFSK\_hopping function turned on**  
**Band edge compliance**  
 Low channel



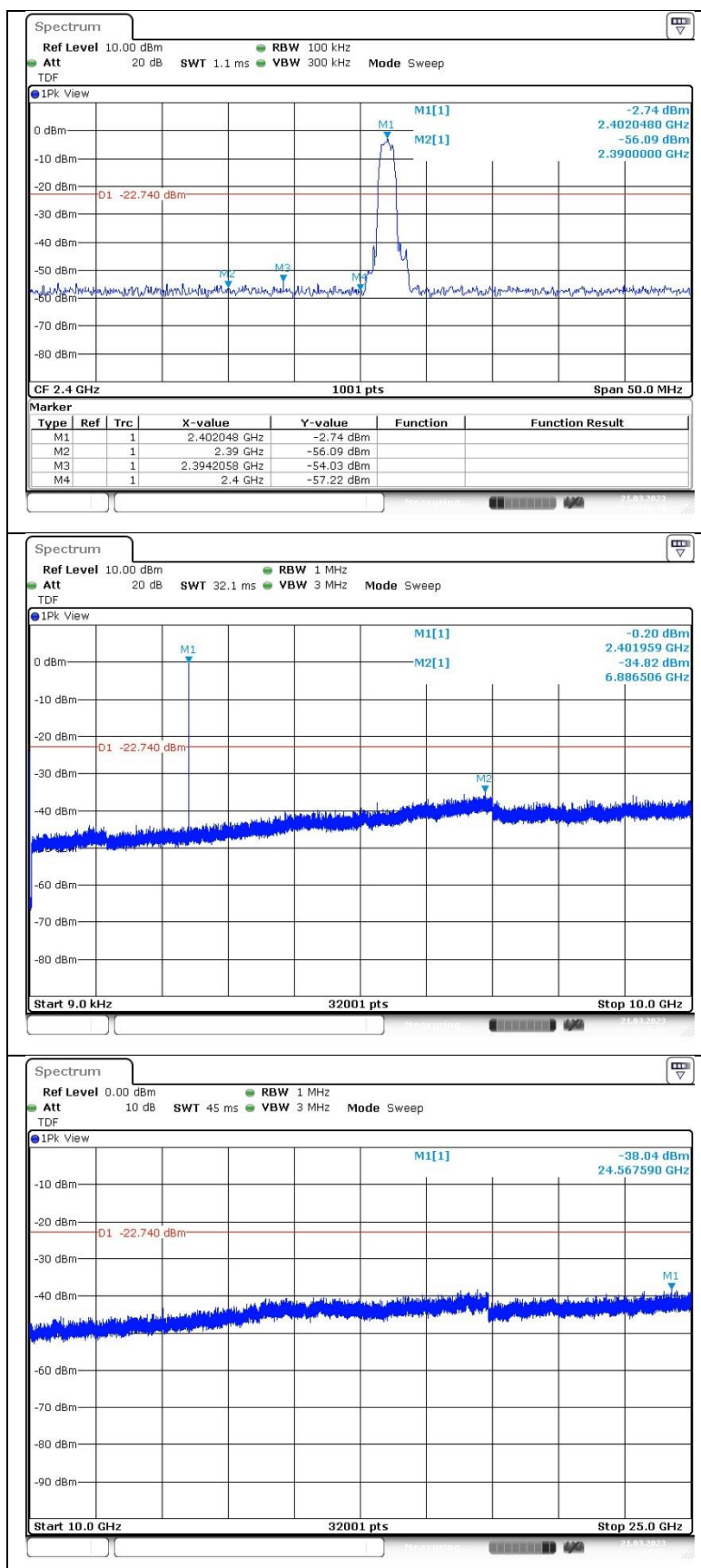
High channel



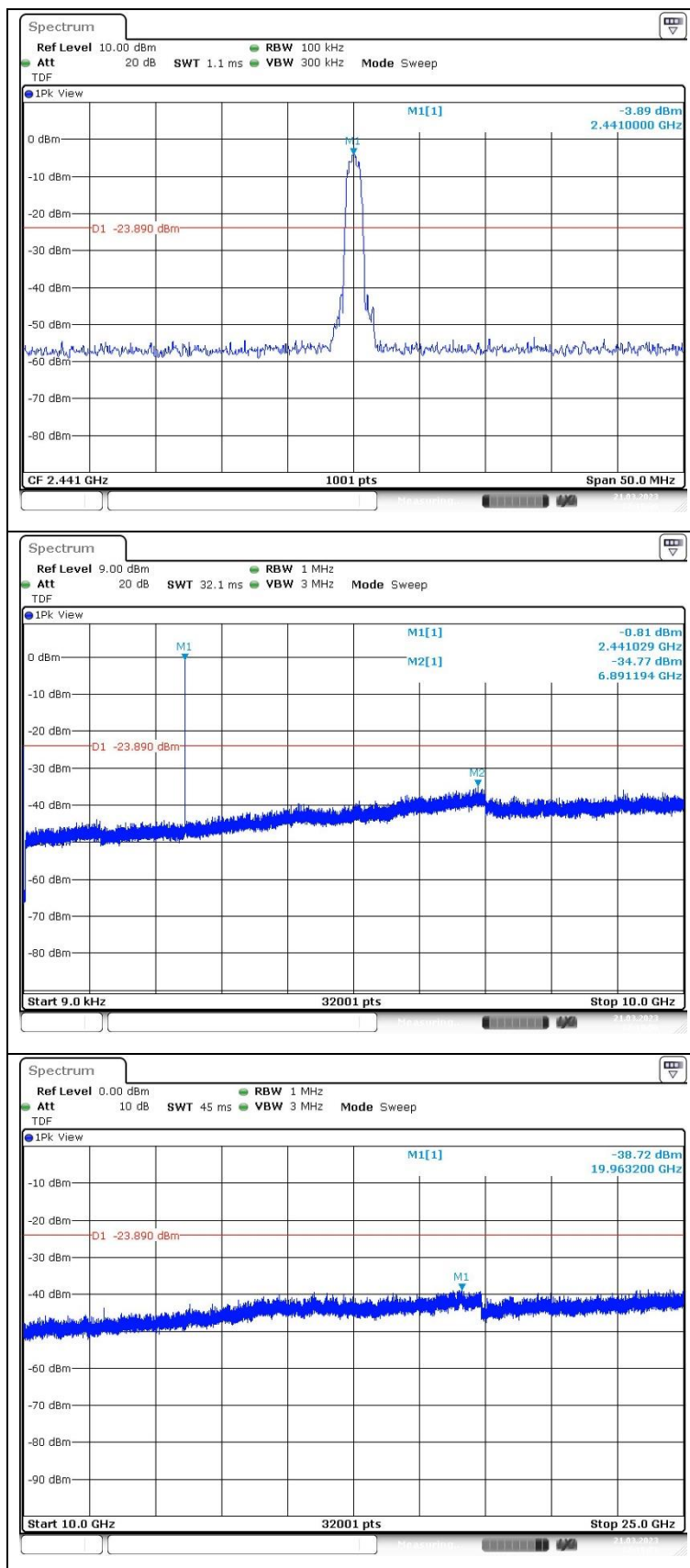


## Operating Mode: 8DPSK\_hopping function turned off

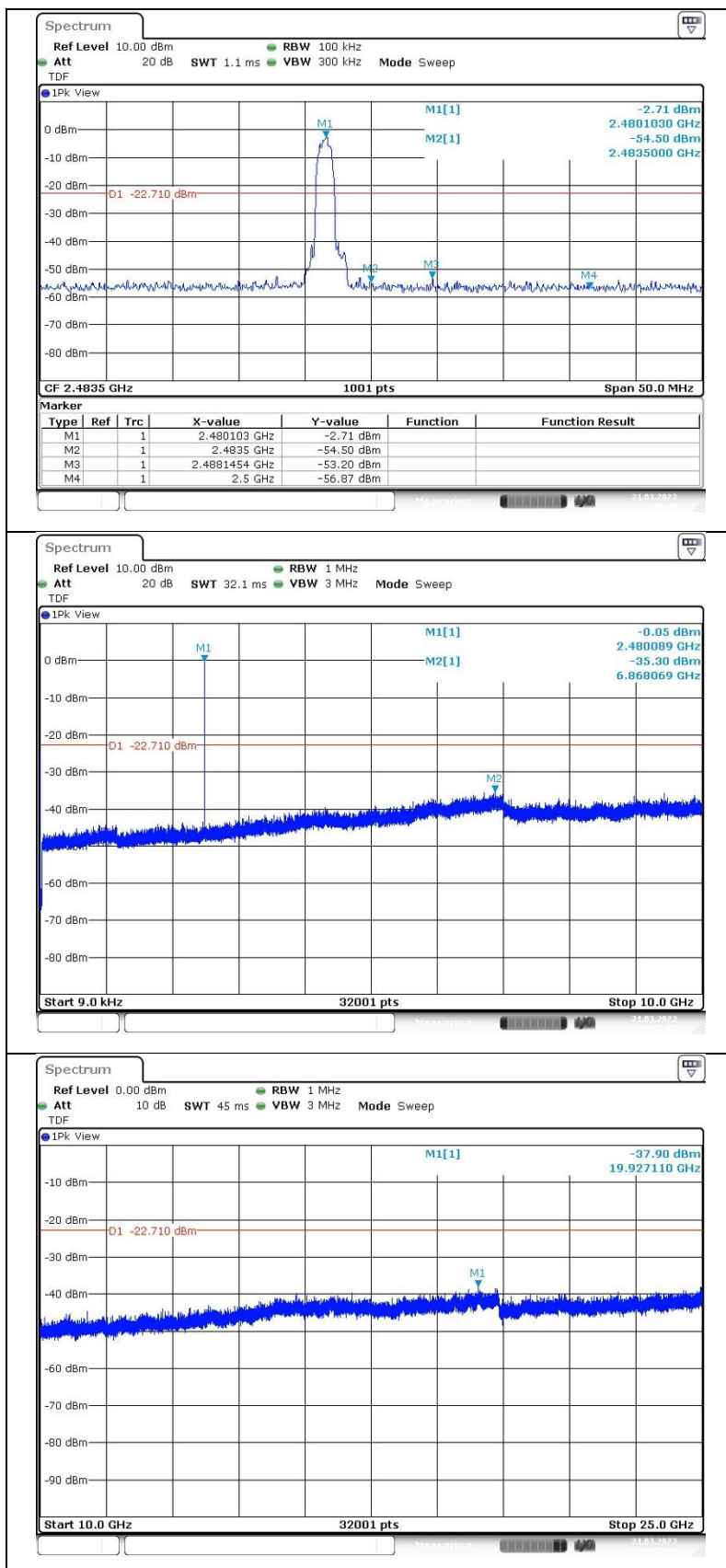
Low channel



## Middle channel



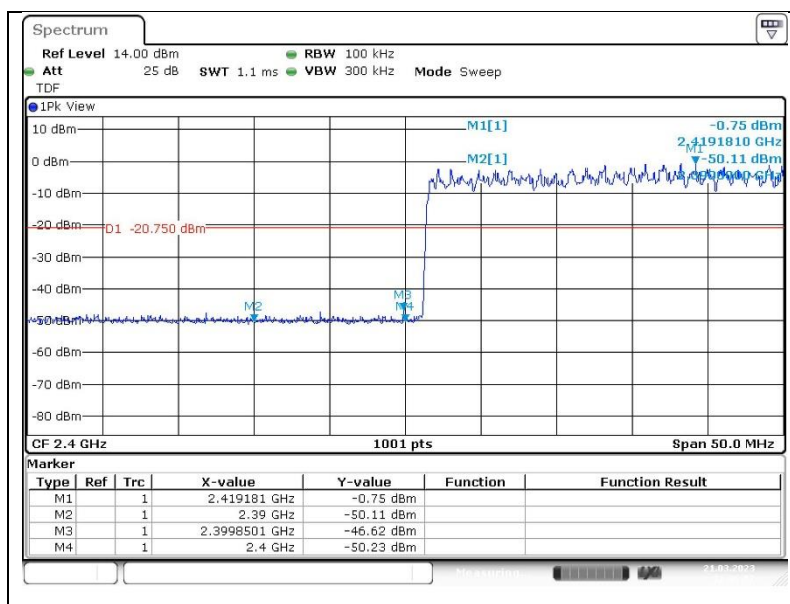
## High channel



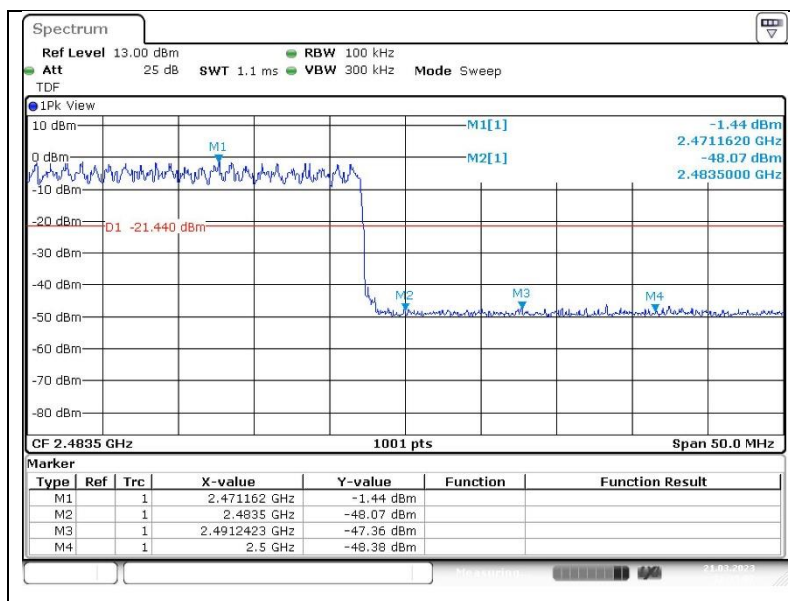
## Operating Mode: 8DPSK\_hopping function turned on

### Band edge compliance

Low channel

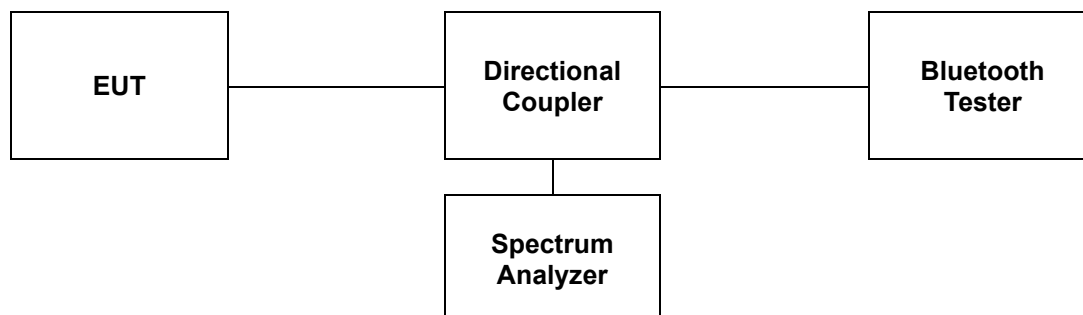


High channel



### 3. 20 dB Bandwidth

#### 3.1. Test Setup



#### 3.2. Limit

Limit: Not Applicable

#### 3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows ANSI C63.10-2013.

The 20 dB bandwidth was measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to RF antenna connector (conducted measurement) while EUT was operating in transmit mode at the appropriate center frequency.

Use the following spectrum analyzer setting:

1. Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth.
2. RBW  $\geq 1\%$  to 5 % of the 20 dB bandwidth.
3. VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW
4. Sweep = auto
5. Detector = peak
6. Trace = max hold

The marker-to-peak function to set the mark to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

### 3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) °C  
 Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Operation Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
GFSK	1	Low	2 402	1.040
		Middle	2 441	1.049
		High	2 480	1.049
π/4DQPSK	2	Low	2 402	1.367
		Middle	2 441	1.364
		High	2 480	1.361
8DPSK	3	Low	2 402	1.316
		Middle	2 441	1.349
		High	2 480	1.346