SAR Test Report

Product Name: Mobile phone

Model No. : V1

FCC ID : 2ADOV-IRULUV1

Applicant: USA111 INC.

Address: 5885 Green Pointe Dr. Suite B

Groveport OH, 43125 United States

Date of Receipt: Nov. 26, 2014

Date of Test : Nov. 26, 2014

Issued Date : Dec. 26, 2014

Report No. : 14C0015R-HP-US-P03V01

Report Version: V1.1



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: Dec. 26, 2014

Report No.: 14C0015R-HP-US-P03V01

QuieTek

Mobile phone Product Name Applicant : USA111 INC.

: 5885 Green Pointe Dr. Suite B Groveport OH, 43125 United States Address

Manufacturer : SHENZHEN GOTRON ELECTRONIC CO., LTD

Address : Room 15C, Block C of Electronic& Technology Building,2070

Shennan Middle Road, Shenzhen 518000 P.R.China

Model No. V1

FCC ID 2ADOV-IRULUV1

: iRULU Brand Name : DC 3.7V **EUT Voltage**

Applicable Standard: IEEE Std. 1528-2013, 47CFR § 2.1093

FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02 FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03

FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01,D04,D05,D06

Test Result Max. SAR Measurement (1g)

Head: 0.506 W/kg; Body-worn: 0.645 W/kg

Hotspots: 0.645 W/kg; Simultaneous transmission 0.809 W/kg

Performed Location: Suzhou EMC Laboratory

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech

Development Zone., Suzhou, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

FCC Registration Number: 800392

Documented By

Alsce Ni Drewn Cas

Reviewed By

Approved By



Laboratory Information

We, **QuieTek Corporation**, are an independent EMC and safety consultancy that was established the whole facility in our laboratories. The test facility has been accredited/accepted(audited or listed) by the following related bodies in compliance with ISO 17025, EN 45001 and specified testing scope:

Taiwan R.O.C. : BSMI, NCC, TAF

Germany : TUV Rheinland

Norway : Nemko, DNV

USA : FCC

Japan : VCCI

China : CNAS

The related certificate for our laboratories about the test site and management system can be downloaded from QuieTek Corporation's Web Site : http://www.quietek.com/tw/ctg/cts/accreditations.htm
The address and introduction of QuieTek Corporation's laboratories can be founded in our Web site : http://www.quietek.com/

If you have any comments, Please don't hesitate to contact us. Our contact information is as below:

HsinChu Testing Laboratory:

No.75-2, 3rd Lin, Wangye Keng, Yonghxing Tsuen, Qionglin Shiang, Hsinchu County 307, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL:+886-3-592-8859 E-Mail: service@quietek.com

LinKou Testing Laboratory:

No.5-22, Ruishukeng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Suzhou Testing Laboratory:

No.99 Hongye Rd., Suzhou Industrial Park Loufeng Hi-Tech Development Zone., SuZhou, China



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History of This Test Report

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
14C0015R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.0	Initial Issued Report	Dec. 08, 2014
14C0015R-HP-US-P03V01	V1.1	Changed the BT power and modified some bugs in the report	Dec. 26, 2014



1. General Information

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	Mobile phone
Model No.	V1
IMEI1	356878021570535
IMEI2	356878021570543
Device Category	Portable
EUT Category	identical prototype
RF Exposure Environment	Uncontrolled
Antenna Type	Internal
GPS	
Class of SRD	Class 3
2G	
Support Band	GSM850/PCS1900
GPRS Class	Class 12
Uplink	GSM 850: 824~849MHz
	PCS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink	GSM 850: 869~894MHz
	PCS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
Release Version	R99
Type of modulation	GMSK for GSM/GPRS
Antenna Gain	GSM850: -2.0dBi
	PCS1900: -2.0dBi
3G	
Support Band	WCDMA Band II/ WCDMA Band V
Uplink	WCDMA Band II: 1852.4~1907.6MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 824~849MHz
Downlink	WCDMA Band II: 1932.4~1987.6MHz
	WCDMA Band V: 869~894MHz
Release Version	Rel-6
Type of modulation	QPSK for Uplink
Antenna Gain	WCDMA BAND II: -2.0dBi
	WCDMA BAND V: -2.0dBi
Wi-Fi	
Wi-Fi Frequency	802.11b/g/n(20MHz): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11n(40MHz): 2422 ~ 2452 MHz;

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Type of modulation	802.11b: DSSS; 802.11g/n: OFDM		
	802.11b: 1/2/5.5/11 Mbps		
Data Rate	802.11g: 6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps		
	802.11n: up to 150 Mbps		
Peak Antenna Gain	-3.0dBi		
Bluetooth			
Bluetooth Frequency	2402~2480MHz		
Bluetooth Version	V3.0, V4.0		
Type of modulation	FHSS		
Data Rate	1Mbps(GFSK), 2Mbps(Pi/4 DQPSK), 3Mbps (8DPSK)		
Antenna Gain	-3.0dBi		
Components			
Battery	Brand Name: iRULU		
	M/N: EB615268VU		
	Rated Voltage and Capacitance: 3.7V/2800mAh		
	S/N: GX1BB17GS-B		

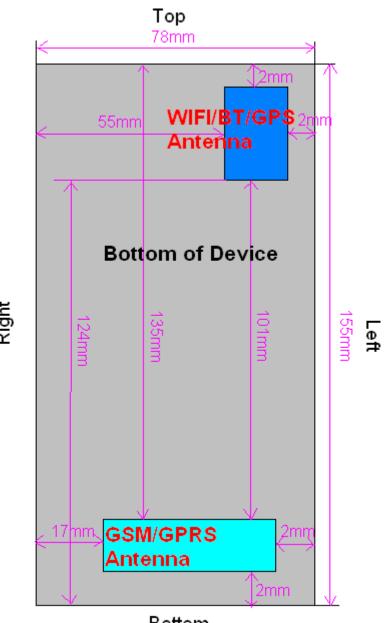


1.2. Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

Items	Required	Actual
Temperature (°C)	18-25	21.5± 2
Humidity (%RH)	30-70	52

1.3. EUT Antenna Locations

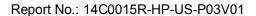


Bottom

Mobile Test Positions for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Тор	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

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GPRS1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 guidance, page 2. The antenna photo shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.



1.4. Simultaneous Transmission Configurations

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneously transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 3) procedures.

Table 1-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

		Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	
			Accessory		
Ref.	Simultaneous Transmit Configurations	IEEE1528	FCC	FCC	Note
		Supp C	KDB447498	KDB941225	
		Сирр С	D01v05r02	D06v01r01	
1	GSM850 Voice + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
2	GPRS850 Data + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
3	PCS1900 Voice + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
4	GPRS1900 Data + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
5	WCDMA Band II Voice + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
6	WCDMA Band II Data + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
7	WCDMA Band V Voice + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
8	WCDMA Band V Data + BT	Yes	Yes	No	
9	GSM850 Voice + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	No	
10	PCS1900 Voice + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	No	
11	GPRS850 Data + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	No	No	Yes	GPRS + Wi-Fi Hotspot
12	GPRS1900 Data + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	No	No	Yes	GPRS + Wi-Fi Hotspot
13	WCDMA Band II Voice + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	No	
14	WCDMA Band II Data + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	No	No	Yes	WCDMA + Wi-Fi Hotspot
15	WCDMA Band V Voice + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	No	
16	WCDMA Band V Data + 2.4GHz Wi-Fi	No	No	Yes	WCDMA + Wi-Fi Hotspot
Note:	Bluetooth and Wi-Fi share the same ante	enna and can	not transmit sin	nultaneously.	



1.5. SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/ Bluetooth

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05R02, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances<50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{Max\ Power\ of\ Channel\ (mW)}{Test\ Separation\ Dist\ (mm)}*\sqrt{Frequency(GHz)} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum output power of WIFI and the antenna to use separation distance, WIFI SAR was not required;

 $[(7.94\text{mW/5})^* \sqrt{2.412}]=2.47<3.0 \text{ for Head}; \quad [(7.94\text{mW/10})^* \sqrt{2.412}]=1.24<3.0 \text{ for Body.}$

Based on the maximum output power of Bluetooth and the antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required;

[$(0.562 \text{mW/5})^* \sqrt{2.480}$]=0.177<3.0 for Head; [$(0.562 \text{mW/10})^* \sqrt{2.480}$]=0.089<3.0 for Body.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS Data.

When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.

1.6. Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

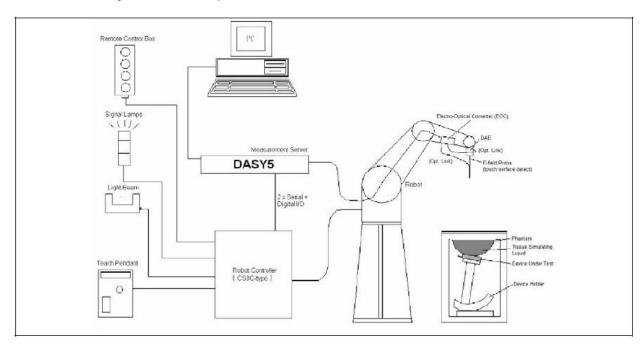
1.7. Guidance Documents

- 1) FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01-D06 (2G, 3G and Hotspot)
- 2) FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02(General SAR Guidance)
- 3) FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03(SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- 4) FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02(SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets)
- 5) FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02(SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters)



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1. Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2. Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2013 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3. Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7x7x7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4. Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

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$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}}\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$

$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2}\left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2}\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2. DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1. Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Model	EX3DV4					
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in s charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to or DGBE)	0 0				
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)					
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)					
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)					
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm					
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any e (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz w 30%.	ch enables				



2.3. Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY5 probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4. DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5. Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller



2.6. Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.





2.7. Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8. SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1. The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

INGREDIENT	835MHz	835MHz	1900MHz	1900MHz
(% Weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	52.4	54.90	40.5
Salt	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50
Sugar	57.6	45.0	0.00	58.0
HEC	0.40	1.00	0.00	0.50
Preventol	0.10	0.20	0.00	0.50
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00



3.2. Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using DASY5 Dielectric Probe Kit and Agilent Vector Network Analyzer E5071C

Head Tissue Simulant Measurement								
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	arameters	Tissue Temp.				
[MHz]	Description	٤ _r	σ [s/m]	[°C]				
835 MHz	Reference result	41.50	0.90	N/A				
	± 5% window	39.43 to 43.58	0.86 to 0.95	IN/A				
	26-11-2014	41.4	0.91	21.0				
	Reference result	40.00	1.40	N/A				
1900 MHz	± 5% window	38.00 to 42.00	1.33 to 1.47	IN/A				
	26-11-2014	38.15	1.41	21.0				

Body Tissue Simulant Measurement									
Frequency	Description	Dielectric P	arameters	Tissue Temp.					
[MHz]	Description	٤ _٢	σ [s/m]	[°C]					
835 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	N/A					
	26-11-2014	52.62	0.92	21.0					
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	N/A					
	26-11-2014 50.92 1.48								



3.3. Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Target Frequency	He	ad	Во	dy
(MHz)	٤ _r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_{r}	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

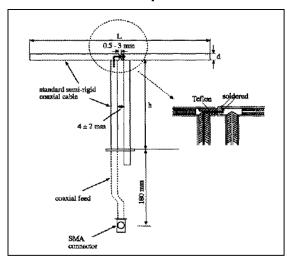
(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1. SAR System Validation

4.1.1. Validation Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

Frequency	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
835MHz	161.0	89.8	3.6
1900MHz	68.0	39.5	3.6



4.1.2. Validation Result

System Performance Check at 835MHz and 1900MHz for Head										
Validation Kit: D835V2-SN 4d094										
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]						
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.59 8.63 to 10.55	6.21 5.59 to 6.83	N/A						
	26-11-2014	9.80	6.44	21.0						
Validation K	(it: D1900V2-SN 5d	121								
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp [°C]						
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	41.1 21.3 36.99 to 45.21 19.17 to 23.43		N/A						
	26-11-2014	38.20	19.48	21.0						
System Per	R values are normali formance Check at (it: D835V2-SN 4d09	835MHz and 1900N								
Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp [°C]						
835 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	9.42 8.48 to 10.36	6.15 5.54 to 6.77	N/A						
	26-11-2014	9.40	6.12	21.0						
Validation Kit: D1900V2-SN 5d121										

Frequency [MHz]	Description	SAR [w/kg] 1g	SAR [w/kg] 10g	Tissue Temp. [°C]
1900 MHz	Reference result ± 10% window	39.7 35.73 to 43.67	20.9 18.81 to 22.99	N/A
	26-11-2014	38.88	19.96	21.0

Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power.



4.2. SAR Measurement Procedure

The DASY5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

σ: represents the simulated tissue conductivity

p: represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).



4.3. Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r02, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.



4.4. Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of Wi-Fi simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \geq 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the Wi-Fi transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the Wi-Fi transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.



4.5. SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

4.5.1. Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

4.5.2. Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

4.5.3. Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

4.5.4. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is ≤ 75% of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.



The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of β c=9 and β d=15, and power offset parameters of Δ ACK= Δ NACK =5 and Δ CQI=2 is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

4.5.5. SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is \leq 75 % of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under "Release 6 HSPA data devices"

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

Sub- test	βε	βα	β _d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	βες	β_{ed}	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E- TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed1} : 47/15 β _{ed2} : 47/15		2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 *\beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.



5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Type Exposure	Uncontrolled
	Environment Limit
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body)	1.60 W/kg
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08 W/kg
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist)	4.00 W/kg



6. Test Equipment List

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cali. Due Date
Stäubli Robot TX60L	Stäubli	TX60L	F10/5C90A1/A/01	N/A
Controller	Stäubli	SP1	S-0034	N/A
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D835V2	4d094	2016.02.26
Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D1900V2	5d121	2016.02.26
SAM Twin Phantom	Speag	SAM	TP-1561/1562	N/A
Device Holder	Speag	SD 000 H01 HA	N/A	N/A
Data	Speag	DAE4	1220	2015.01.21
Acquisition Electronic				
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3710	2015.03.03
SAR Software	Speag	DASY5	V5.2 Build 162	N/A
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZVA-183-S+	N657400950	N/A
Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D	20160	N/A
Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	117088	2015.03.28
Vector Network	Agilent	E5071C	MY48367267	2015.03.28
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2015.03.28
Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0905006	2015.11.01
Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0846014	2015.11.01



7. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty									
Measurement uncertainty for 300 MHz to 3 GHz averaged over 1 gram / 10 gram.									
Error Description	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std.Unc.	Std. nc.	(Vi)	
	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	Veff	
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	8	
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞	
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞	
Boundary Effects	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞	
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞	
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞	
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞	
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞	
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞	
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞	
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞	
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	8	
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞	
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞	
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145	
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5	
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞	
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.64	0.43	±1.8%	±1.2%	∞	
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.64	0.43	±1.6%	±1.1%	8	
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0%	R	√3	0.6	0.49	±1.7%	±1.4%	∞	
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5%	N	1	0.6	0.49	±1.5%	±1.2%	∞	
Combined Std. Uncerta	inty					±11.0%	±10.8%	387	
Expanded STD Uncerta	inty					±22.0%	±21.5%		

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8. Conducted Power Measurement

Mode	Frequency	Avg. Burst	Duty Cycle	Frame Power	Max. Power	Scaling
	(MHz)	Power (dBm)	Factor (dB)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Factor
Max. Power <sim1< td=""><td>></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></sim1<>	>					
	824.2	32.37	-9	23.37	32.5	1.030
GSM850	836.4	32.36	-9	23.36	32.5	1.033
	848.8	32.44	-9	23.44	32.5	1.014
	824.2	32.32	-9	23.32	32.5	1.042
GPRS850(1 Slot)	836.4	32.33	-9	23.33	32.5	1.040
	848.8	32.40	-9	23.40	32.5	1.023
	824.2	31.43	-6	25.43	32.0	1.140
GPRS850(2 Slot)	836.4	31.42	-6	25.42	32.0	1.143
	848.8	31.64	-6	25.64	32.0	1.086
	824.2	29.76	-4.25	25.51	30.0	1.057
GPRS850(3 Slot)	836.4	29.70	-4.25	25.45	30.0	1.072
	848.8	29.88	-4.25	25.63	30.0	1.028
	824.2	28.92	-3	25.92	29.1	1.042
GPRS850(4 Slot)	836.4	28.88	-3	25.88	29.1	1.052
	848.8	29.08	-3	26.08	29.1	1.005
	1850.2	30.47	-9	21.47	30.5	1.007
PCS1900	1880.0	30.33	-9	21.33	30.5	1.040
	1909.8	30.20	-9	21.20	30.5	1.072
	1850.2	30.43	-9	21.43	30.5	1.016
GPRS1900(1 Slot)	1880.0	30.31	-9	21.31	30.5	1.045
	1909.8	30.16	-9	21.16	30.5	1.081
	1850.2	29.45	-6	23.45	29.5	1.012
GPRS1900(2 Slot)	1880.0	29.34	-6	23.34	29.5	1.038
	1909.8	29.26	-6	23.26	29.5	1.057
	1850.2	27.72	-4.25	23.47	28.0	1.067
GPRS1900(3 Slot)	1880.0	27.58	-4.25	23.33	28.0	1.102
	1909.8	27.49	-4.25	23.24	28.0	1.125
	1850.2	26.83	-3	23.83	27.0	1.040
GPRS1900(4 Slot)	1880.0	26.77	-3	23.77	27.0	1.054
	1909.8	26.69	-3	23.69	27.0	1.074
Max. Power <sim2< td=""><td>></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></sim2<>	>					
GSM850	836.4	32.36	-9	23.36	32.5	1.033
PCS1900	1880.0	30.33	-9	21.33	30.5	1.040

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Note 1: Scaling Factor = Max. Power(mW) / Avg. Burst Power(mW)

- 2: This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.
- 3: Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged powers were calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 4: The bolded GPRS modes were selected for SAR testing according to the highest frame-averaged output power table per KDB 941225 D03v01.
- 5: GPRS(GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.

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WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA

		Band	l II (1900	MHz)	Band V (850MHz)			
Mada	3GPP		Channel		Channel			1400
Mode	Subtest		Con	ducted F	Power (dl	3m)		MPR
		9262	9400	9538	4132	4182	4233	
WCDMA R99	1	22.85	22.37	22.86	24.36	23.57	24.18	N/A
	1	21.98	21.61	21.79	23.31	22.58	23.15	0
Dale HODDA	2	21.59	21.33	21.45	23.06	22.37	22.98	0
Rel5 HSDPA	3	21.61	21.52	21.58	23.13	22.28	23.00	0.5
	4	21.46	21.39	21.41	23.17	22.34	23.06	0.5
	1	21.89	21.41	21.61	23.31	22.58	23.16	0.0
	2	21.67	21.32	21.57	23.17	22.39	23.06	2.0
Rel6 HSUPA	3	21.54	21.24	21.37	23.06	22.24	22.94	1.0
	4	21.34	21.28	21.32	23.15	22.40	23.10	2.0
	5	21.44	21.38	21.41	23.01	22.13	23.06	0.0

Note: UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

Mode	Band II (1900MHz)	Normal Power	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	
Wode	Channel	(dBm)	IVIAX. FOWEI (UDIII)	Scaling Factor	
	9262	22.85	23.0	1.035	
WCDMA R99	9400	22.37	23.0	1.156	
	9538	22.86	23.0	1.033	
Mode	Band V (850MHz)	Normal Power	May Dower (dPm)	Society Easter	
wode	Channel	(dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	
	4132	24.36	24.5	1.033	
WCDMA R99	4182	23.57	24.5	1.239	
	4233	24.18	24.5	1.076	



WLAN output power

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)
802.11b	01	2412	8.68	9.0
	06	2437	8.51	9.0
	11	2462	8.44	9.0
802.11g	01	2412	7.27	7.5
	06	2437	7.39	7.5
	11	2462	7.18	7.5
802.11n (20MHz)	01	2412	7.62	8.0
	06	2437	7.49	8.0
	11	2462	7.55	8.0
802.11n (40MHz)	03	2422	6.69	7.0
	06	2437	6.38	7.0
	09	2452	6.43	7.0



BT output power

Test Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Max. Power (dBm)
DH5	01	2402	-2.95	-2.5
	40	2441	-2.59	-2.5
	79	2480	-2.52	-2.5
BLE	00	2400	-6.09	-5.0
	19	2440	-6.52	-5.0
	39	2480	-5.30	-5.0



9. Test Results

9.1. SAR Test Results Summary

SA	AR I	MEASI	JREME	ENT			

Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Test Mode: GSM850 <SIM1>

Test Mode. Galwioso Silvi i										
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequ Channel	ency MHz	Frame Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.37			1.030		1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	0.09	0.089	1.033	0.092	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.44			1.014		1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	-0.03	0.078	1.033	0.081	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	128	824.2	23.37			1.030		1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	-0.06	0.130	1.033	0.134	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	251	848.8	23.44			1.014		1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	-0.17	0.034	1.033	0.035	1.6	
Test Mode: GS	SM850 <si< td=""><td>M2></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></si<>	M2>								
Right-Cheek	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	0.20	0.091	1.033	0.094	1.6	



Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations

Test Mode: GSM850

Test Position Body (10mm gap)	Antenna	Frequency		Frame	Power	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled	Limit
	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	128	824.2	23.37			1.030		1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	189	836.4	23.36	0.11	0.323	1.033	0.334	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	251	848.8	23.44			1.014		1.6

Hotspot SAR Configurations

Test Mode: GPRS850-4slot

Back	Fixed	128	824.2	25.92			1.042		1.6
Back	Fixed	189	836.4	25.88	0.01	0.500	1.052	0.526	1.6
Back	Fixed	251	848.8	26.08		-	1.005		1.6
Front	Fixed	189	836.4	25.88	0.17	0.276	1.052	0.290	1.6
Left side	Fixed	189	836.4	25.88	-0.01	0.260	1.052	0.274	1.6
Right side	Fixed	189	836.4	25.88	-0.11	0.268	1.052	0.282	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	189	836.4	25.88	-0.19	0.127	1.052	0.134	1.6



Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Test Mode: PCS1900 <SIM1>

Test Position	Antenna	Frequ	ency	Frame Power	Power Drift	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled SAR 1g	Limit	
Head	Position	Channel	MHz	(dBm)	(<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	21.47			1.007	1	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880	21.33	0.05	0.118	1.040	0.123	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.20			1.072	1	1.6	
Left-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.33	0.11	0.012	1.040	0.012	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	512	1850.2	21.47			1.007	1	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880	21.33	0.11	0.086	1.040	0.089	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.20			1.072	-	1.6	
Right-Tilted	Fixed	661	1880.0	21.33	0.03	0.012	1.040	0.012	1.6	
Test Mode: PCS	Test Mode: PCS1900 <sim2></sim2>									
Left-Cheek	Fixed	661	1880	21.33	0.07	0.117	1.040	0.122	1.6	



Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations

Test Mode: PCS1900

Test Position Body (10mm gap)	Antenna	Frequency		Frame	Power	SAR 1g	Scaling	Scaled	Limit
	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	(W/kg)	Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	512	1850.2	21.47			1.007		1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	661	1880	21.33	0.08	0.353	1.040	0.367	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	810	1909.8	21.20			1.072		1.6

Hotspot SAR Configurations

Test Mode: GPRS1900-4slot

Back	Fixed	512	1850.2	23.83			1.040		1.6
Back	Fixed	661	1880	23.77	-0.06	0.523	1.054	0.551	1.6
Back	Fixed	810	1909.8	23.69			1.074		1.6
Front	Fixed	661	1880	23.77	0.17	0.245	1.054	0.258	1.6
Left side	Fixed	661	1880	23.77	-0.16	0.219	1.054	0.231	1.6
Right side	Fixed	661	1880	23.77	0.15	0.107	1.054	0.113	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	661	1880	23.77	-0.07	0.230	1.054	0.242	1.6



Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Test Mode: WCDMA Band II

Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequ Channel	ency MHz	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Left-Cheek	Fixed	9262	1852.4	22.85			1.035		1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.12	0.438	1.156	0.506	1.6
Left-Cheek	Fixed	9538	1907.6	22.86			1.033		1.6
Left-Tilt	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.17	0.141	1.156	0.163	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	9262	1852.4	22.85			1.035		1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.07	0.158	1.156	0.183	1.6
Right-Cheek	Fixed	9538	1907.6	22.86			1.033		1.6
Right-Tilt	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.10	0.160	1.156	0.185	1.6



SAR MEASUREMENT	
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2	Relative Humidity (%): 52
Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2	Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Body-worn Accessory SAR Configurations

Test Mode: WCDMA Band II

Test Position Body (10mm gap)	Antenna Position	Frequ Chann el	uency MHz	Conduct ed Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	9262	1852.4	22.85			1.035		1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.06	0.558	1.156	0.645	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	9538	1907.6	22.86			1.033		1.6

Hotspot SAR Configurations

Test Mode: WCDMA Band II

1000 Model Weblin	Dana n								
Back	Fixed	9262	1852.4	22.85			1.035		1.6
Back	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.06	0.558	1.156	0.645	1.6
Back	Fixed	9538	1907.6	22.86			1.033		1.6
Front	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.08	0.302	1.156	0.349	1.6
Left side	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	-0.08	0.158	1.156	0.183	1.6
Right side	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	-0.00	0.390	1.156	0.451	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	9400	1880	22.37	0.00	0.219	1.156	0.253	1.6



Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2 Relative Humidity (%): 52

Liquid Temperature (°C): 21.0 ± 2 Depth of Liquid (cm):>15

Product: Mobile phone

Test Mode: WCDMA Band V

Tool Model. VV O DIVIV (Dalla V										
Test Position Head	Antenna Position	Frequency Channel MHz		Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (<±0.2)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
		Ondinio.		(dBiii)	(\±0.2)			(VV/Ng)		
Left-Cheek	Fixed	4132	826.4	24.36			1.033		1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.03	0.086	1.239	0.107	1.6	
Left-Cheek	Fixed	4233	846.6	24.18			1.076		1.6	
Left-Tilt	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	0.09	0.064	1.239	0.079	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	4132	826.4	24.36			1.033		1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	0.04	0.084	1.239	0.104	1.6	
Right-Cheek	Fixed	4233	846.6	24.18			1.076		1.6	
Right-Tilt	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	0.12	0.042	1.239	0.052	1.6	



SAR MEASUF	REMENT								
Ambient Temperature (°C): 21.5 ± 2				Relative Humidity (%): 52					
Liquid Tempera	ture (°C): 2	21.0 ± 2			Depth of	Liquid (cm):>15		
Product: Mobile	Product: Mobile phone								
Body-worn Ac	cessory S	AR Confi	guration	s					
Test Mode: WCD	MA Band V	′							
Test Position	Antenna	Frequency		Conducted	Power	SAR	Cooling	Scaled	Limit
Body (10mm gap)	Position	Channel	MHz	Power (dBm)	Drift (<±0.2)	1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	SAR 1g (W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	Fixed	4132	826.4	24.36			1.033		1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.06	0.337	1.239	0.418	1.6
Body-worn	Fixed	4233	846.6	24.18		-	1.076		1.6
Hotspot SAR Configurations									
Test Mode: WCD	Test Mode: WCDMA Band V								
Back	Fixed	4132	826.4	24.36		1	1.033		1.6
Back	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.06	0.337	1.239	0.418	1.6
Back	Fixed	4233	846.6	24.18		1	1.076		1.6
Front	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.01	0.141	1.239	0.175	1.6
Left side	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	0.03	0.177	1.239	0.219	1.6
Right side	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.16	0.186	1.239	0.230	1.6
Bottom	Fixed	4182	836.4	23.57	-0.10	0.054	1.239	0.067	1.6
Note: when the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing for low and high channel is optional, refer to KDB 447498.									

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9.2. SAR Test Notes

9.2.1. Test position and configuration

Head SAR was performed with the device configured in the positions according to IEEE1528. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.

9.2.2. Body SAR with Headset

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r02, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

9.2.3. Hotspot Operation Mode

During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with Wi-Fi) was not activated.

9.2.4. Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 IV.C.1.iii,simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is≤1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 4.3.2 2,the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

Estimated SAR=
$$\frac{\sqrt{f(GHz)}}{7.5} * \frac{\text{(Max Power of channel, mW)}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Estimated SAR for Bluetooth

Mode	Frequency	Maximum	Separation	Estimated	Separation	Estimated
		Allowed	Distance	SAR	Distance	SAR
		Power	(Head)	(Held-to-Ear)	(Body)	(Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	-2.5	5	0.024	10	0.012

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WIFI	2412	9.0	5	0.329	10	0.164

9.2.5. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Wi-Fi

Configuration	Modo	Max. Scaled SAR	Wi-Fi SAR	∑ SAR
	Mode	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Head	GSM850	0.134	0.329	0.463
Head	PCS1900	0.123	0.329	0.452
Head	WCDMA Band II	0.506	0.329	0.835
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.107	0.329	0.436
Body-Worn	GSM850	0.334	0.164	0.498
Body-Worn	PCS1900	0.367	0.164	0.531
Body-Worn	WCDMA Band II	0.645	0.164	0.809
Body-Worn	WCDMA Band V	0.418	0.164	0.582

Note 1: Wi-Fi SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth

Configuration	Mode	Max. Scaled SAR	Bluetooth SAR	∑SAR
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Head	GSM850	0.134	0.024	0.158
Head	PCS1900	0.123	0.024	0.147
Head	WCDMA Band II	0.506	0.024	0.530
Head	WCDMA Band V	0.107	0.024	0.131
Body-Worn	GSM850	0.334	0.012	0.346
Body-Worn	PCS1900	0.367	0.012	0.379
Body-Worn	WCDMA Band II	0.645	0.012	0.657
Body-Worn	WCDMA Band V	0.418	0.012	0.430

Note 1: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

2: Body worn at 10mm.

^{2:} Body worn at 10mm.



Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4G Wi-Fi SAR (W/kg)	∑ SAR (W/kg)
	Back	0.526	0.164	0.690
	Front	0.290	0.164	0.454
	Тор		0.164	0.164
Body	Bottom	0.134	0.164	0.298
	Left	0.274	0.164	0.438
	Right	0.282	0.164	0.446
	-	GPRS1900 SAR	2.4G Wi-Fi SAR	Σ SAR
Simult Tx	Configuration	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	Back	0.551	0.164	0.715
	Front	0.258	0.164	0.422
	Тор		0.164	0.164
Body	Bottom	0.242	0.164	0.406
	Left	0.231	0.164	0.395
	Right	0.113	0.164	0.277
Circuit To	O a a fi a u a a ti a a	WCDMA Band II	2.4G Wi-Fi SAR	∑ SAR
Simult Tx	Configuration	SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	Back	0.645	0.164	0.809
	Front	0.349	0.164	0.513
Dody	Тор		0.164	0.164
Body	Bottom	0.253	0.164	0.417
	Left	0.183	0.164	0.347
	Right	0.451	0.164	0.615
Cimult Ty	Configuration	WCDMA Band V	2.4G Wi-Fi SAR	∑ SAR
Simult Tx	Configuration	SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
	Back	0.418	0.164	0.582
	Front	0.175	0.164	0.339
Dody	Тор		0.164	0.164
Body	Bottom	0.067	0.164	0.231
	Left	0.219	0.164	0.383
	Right	0.230	0.164	0.394



9.2.6. Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02.



Appendix A. SAR System Validation Data

Date/Time: 26-11-2014

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle:

1:1; Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

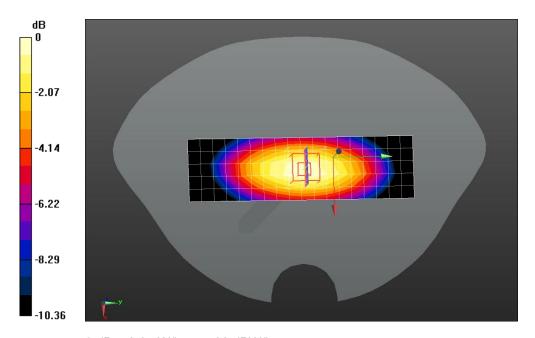
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Area Scan (6x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm, Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 W/kg

Configuration/System Check GSM850 Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 53.791 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.64 W/kg



0 dB = 2.64 W/kg = 4.22 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Head 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.41 S/m; ϵ r = 38.15; ρ = 1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0 DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

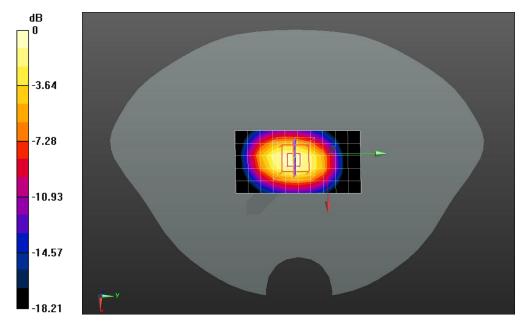
Configuration/System Check Head 1900MHz/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.43 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Head 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 85.802 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.87 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 W/kg



0 dB = 10.8 W/kg = 10.33 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Communication System Band: D835 (835.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 835 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ϵ r = 52.62; ρ = 1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0 DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

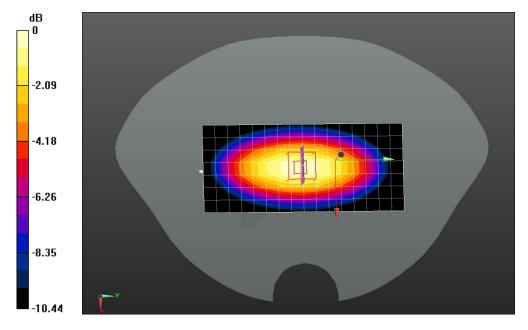
Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Area Scan (8x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.35 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Body 835MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 52.328 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg



0 dB = 2.54 W/kg = 4.05 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab System Check Body 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 10000, CW; Communication System Band: D1900 (1900.0 MHz); Duty Cycle: 1:1; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.48 S/m; ϵ r = 50.92; ρ = 1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section; Input Power=250mW Ambient temperature (°C): 21.5, Liquid temperature (°C): 21.0 DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

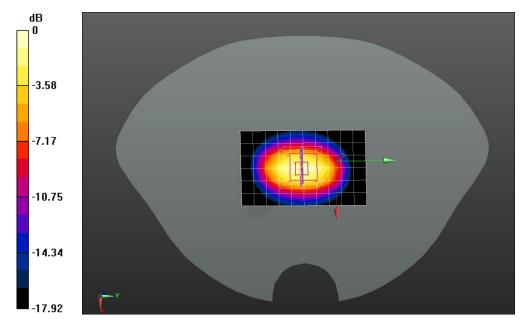
Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.8 W/kg

Configuration/System Check Body 1900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 85.743 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 W/kg



0 dB = 10.9 W/kg = 10.37 dBW/kg



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Date/Time: 26-11-2014

Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle:

1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

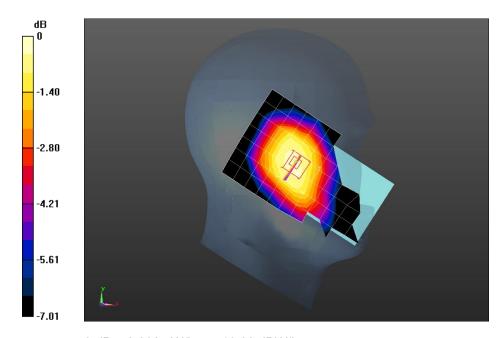
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0870 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.446 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0927 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0927 W/kg = -10.33 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle:

1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

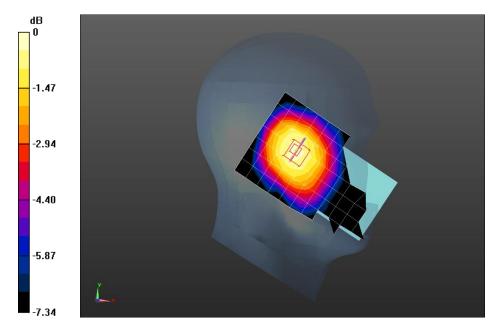
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0807 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.731 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0825 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0825 W/kg = -10.84 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle:

1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

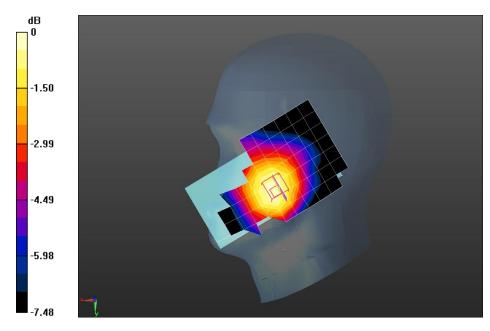
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.131 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.721 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.130 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 W/kg



0 dB = 0.135 W/kg = -8.70 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle:

1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

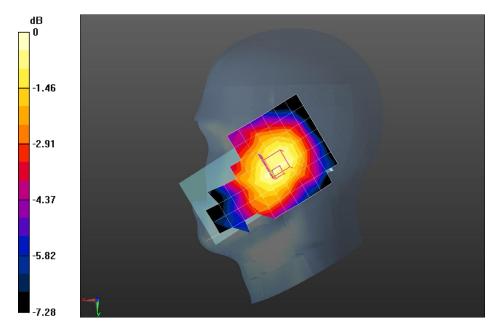
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0339 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.970 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0430 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0368 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0368 W/kg = -14.34 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Touch-Right<SIM2>

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM (0); Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle:

1:8.3; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

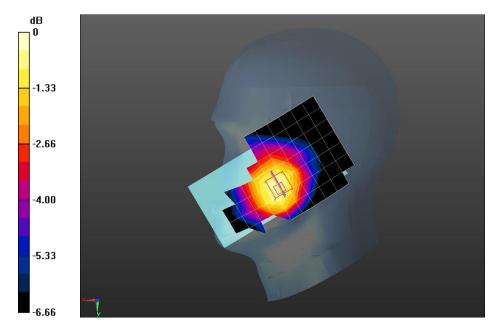
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0904 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.823 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0963 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0963 W/kg = -10.16 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: GSM850; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

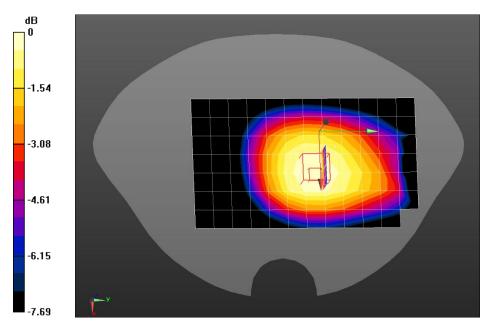
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 16.556 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.403 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.323 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.250 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.335 W/kg



0 dB = 0.335 W/kg = -4.75 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Body-Back(4up) DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

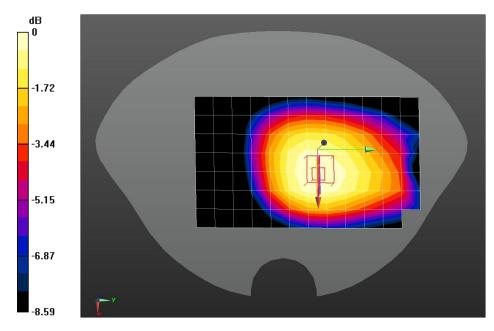
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.521 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 20.308 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.623 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 W/kg



0 dB = 0.519 W/kg = -2.85 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GSM850 Mid Body-Front(4up) DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

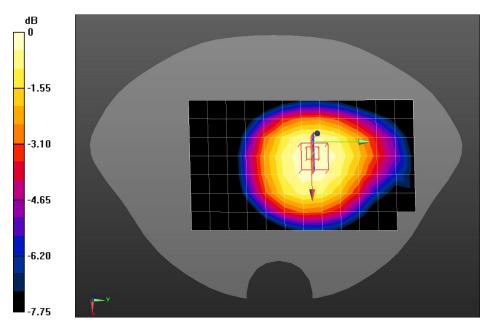
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 W/kg

Configuration/GSM850 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.591 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.351 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.215 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.288 W/kg



0 dB = 0.288 W/kg = -5.41 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

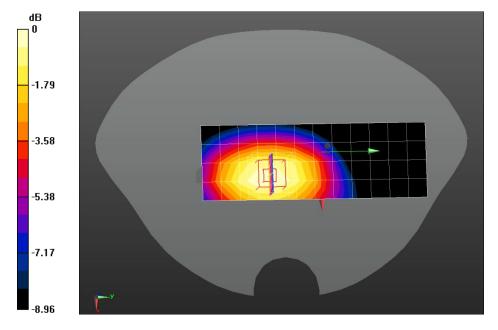
Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.784 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.260 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 W/kg



0 dB = 0.276 W/kg = -5.59 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

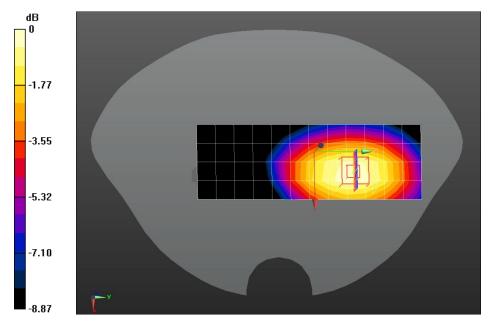
Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.166 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.268 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.283 W/kg



0 dB = 0.283 W/kg = -5.48 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: GSM 850; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; $\rho = 0.93$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.6$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

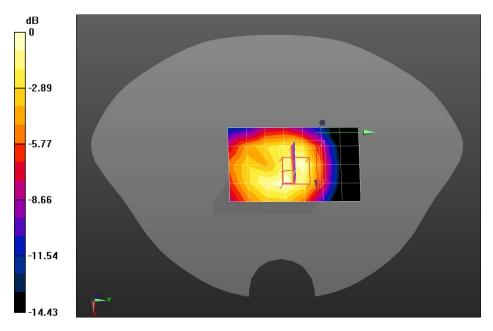
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS850 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 8.913 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.205 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.127 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.139 W/kg



0 dB = 0.139 W/kg = -8.57 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\epsilon = 39.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

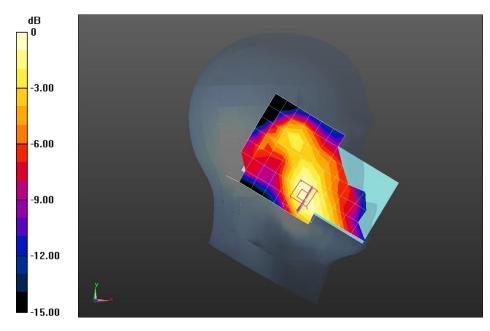
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.538 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.176 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 W/kg



0 dB = 0.125 W/kg = -9.03 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3;

Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

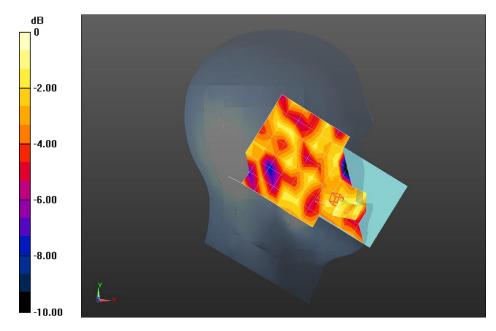
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0144 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm,

dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.761 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = n.a. Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0169 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0169 W/kg = -17.72 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

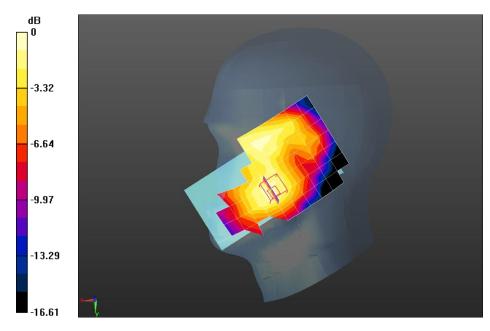
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0828 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 4.828 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.053 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0924 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0924 W/kg = -10.34 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\epsilon = 39.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

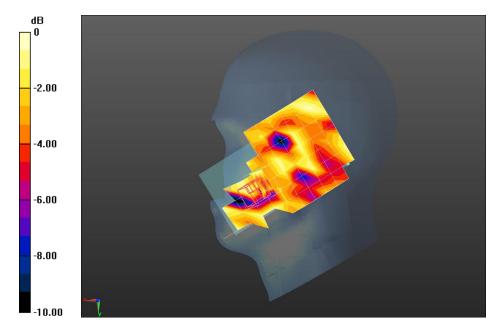
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0139 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 1.631 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0200 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00912 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0149 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0149 W/kg = -18.27 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 39.26$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

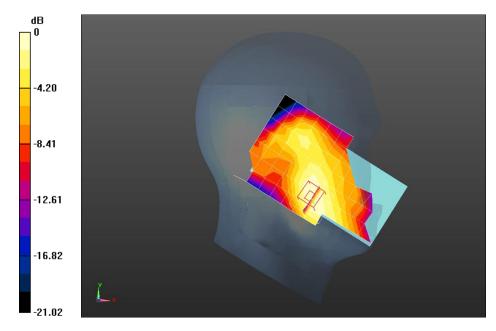
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.451 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.176 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 W/kg



0 dB = 0.124 W/kg = -9.07 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab PCS1900 Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, Generic GSM; Communication System Band: PCS1900; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon = 50.98$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3;

Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

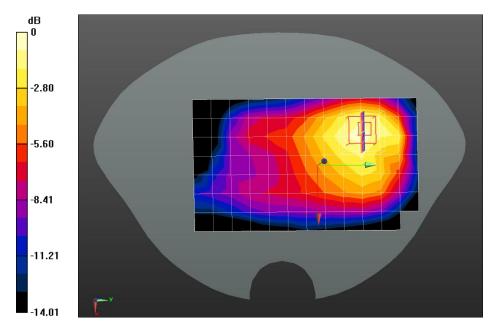
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 W/kg

Configuration/PCS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.757 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.353 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg



0 dB = 0.367 W/kg = -4.35 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back(4up)
DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; $\rho = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

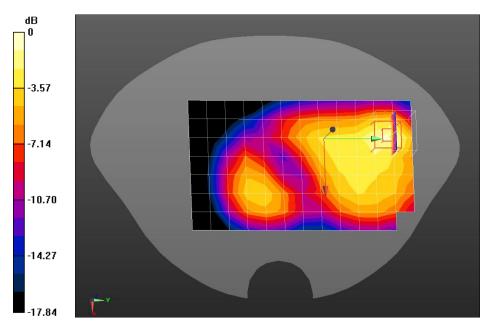
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.554 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.851 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.907 W/kg

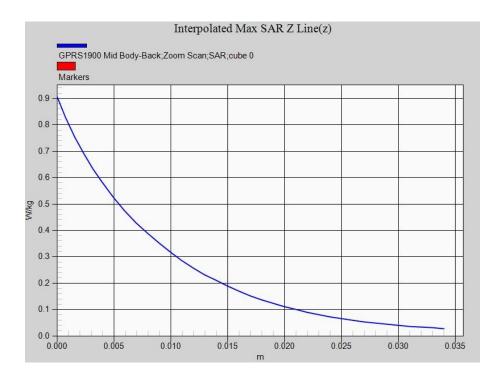
SAR(1 g) = 0.523 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg



0 dB = 0.583 W/kg = -2.34 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front(4up)
DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; $\rho = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 1.46$ S

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

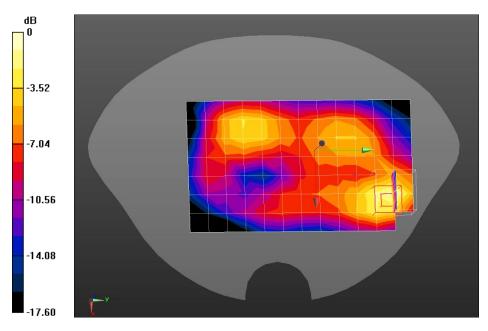
Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.236 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 2.915 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 W/kg



0 dB = 0.258 W/kg = -5.88 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; $\rho = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

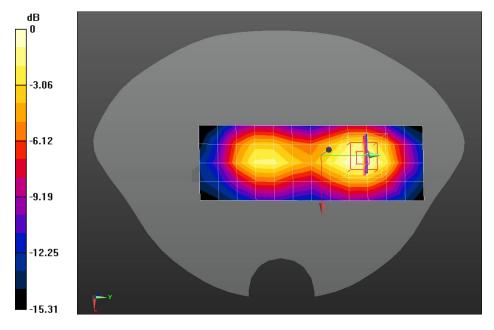
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.502 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.240 W/kg



0 dB = 0.240 W/kg = -6.20 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; $\rho = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

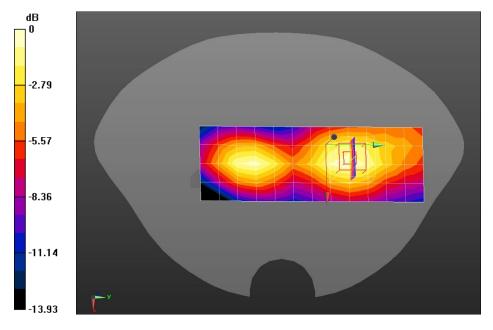
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.244 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.114 W/kg



0 dB = 0.114 W/kg = -9.43 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom(4up)

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EGPRS-4 Slot (0); Communication System Band: PCS 1900; Duty

Cycle: 1:2.1 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; $\rho = 1.46$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 50.98$; ϵ

1000 kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

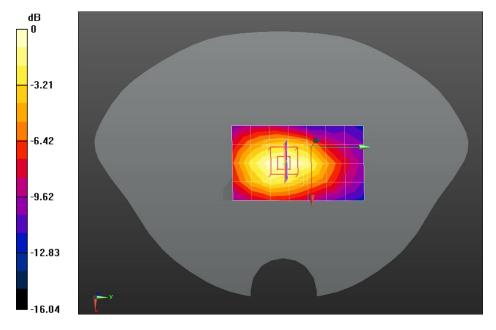
Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg

Configuration/GPRS1900 Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 13.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg



0 dB = 0.252 W/kg = -5.99 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\epsilon = 38.68$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

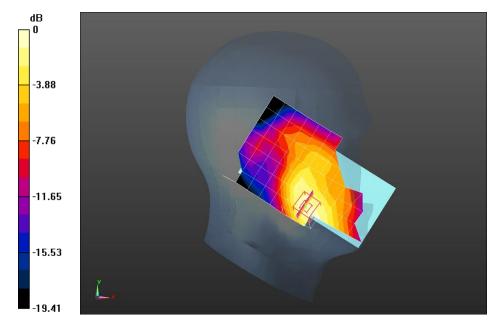
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.451 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.117 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.694 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



0 dB = 0.480 W/kg = -3.19 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\epsilon = 38.68$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

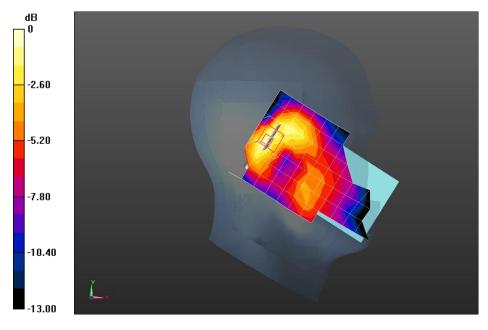
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.229 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg



0 dB = 0.156 W/kg = -8.07 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right
DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 38.68$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

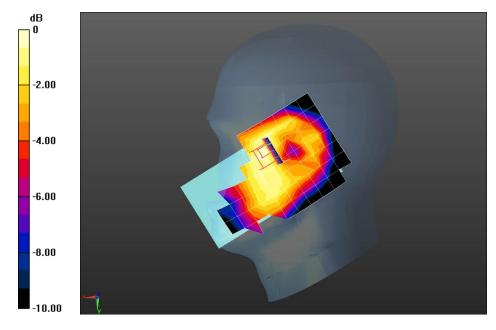
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.167 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.368 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.239 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.167 W/kg



0 dB = 0.167 W/kg = -7.77 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\epsilon = 38.68$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

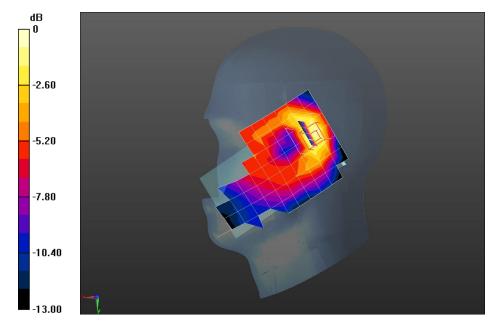
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.929 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.275 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 W/kg



0 dB = 0.173 W/kg = -7.62 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab
WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back
DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 S/m; ϵ r = 52.45; ρ = 1000

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014

Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

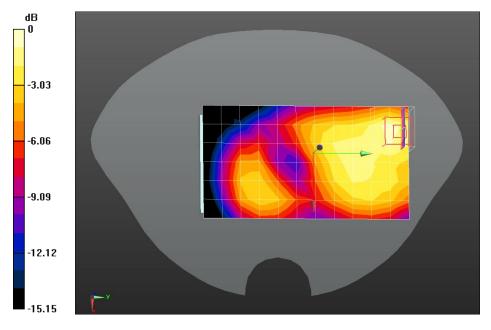
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.707 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.923 W/kg

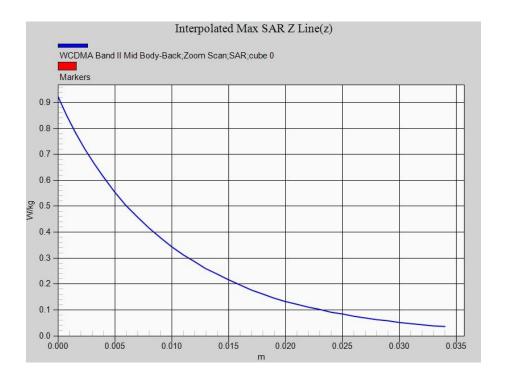
SAR(1 g) = 0.558 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 W/kg



0 dB = 0.614 W/kg = -2.12 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

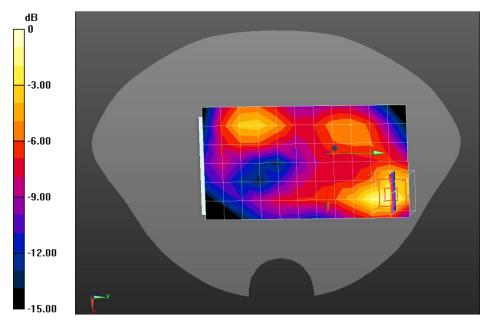
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 3.296 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.544 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.302 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.161 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 W/kg



0 dB = 0.343 W/kg = -4.65 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Left side

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

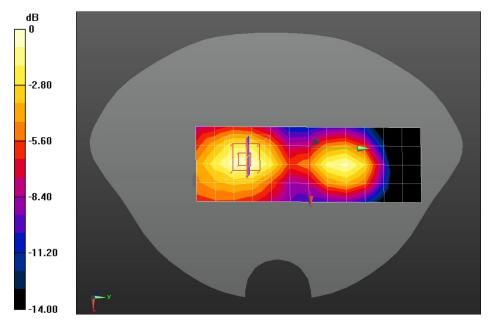
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.164 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.373 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.248 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.173 W/kg



0 dB = 0.173 W/kg = -7.62 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Right side

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

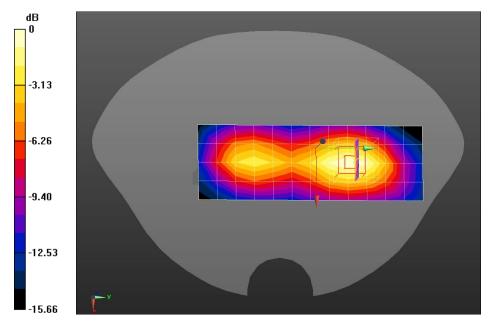
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.432 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 10.963 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.390 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg



0 dB = 0.427 W/kg = -3.70 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band II UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle: 1:1.0; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 52.45$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

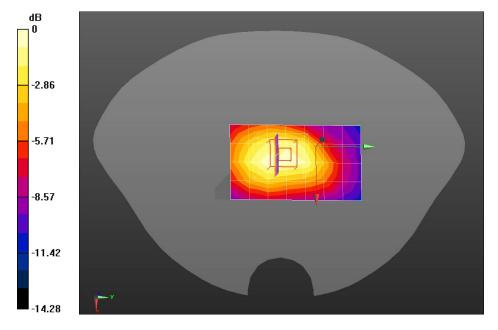
Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.220 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band II Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 12.114 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 W/kg



0 dB = 0.233 W/kg = -6.33 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left **DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.93$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

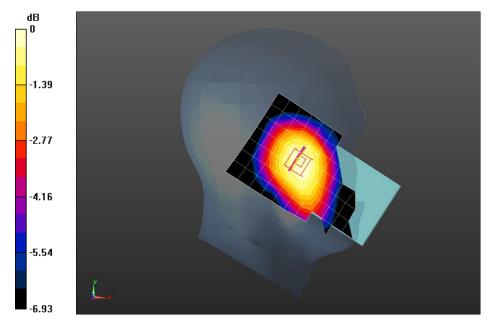
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0863 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.551 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.086 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0889 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0889 W/kg = -10.51 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.93$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Left Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

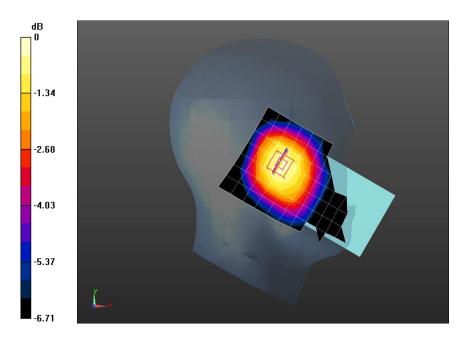
Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0665 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Left/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 6.784 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0760 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.064 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0675 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0675 W/kg = -11.71 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.93$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$ C): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

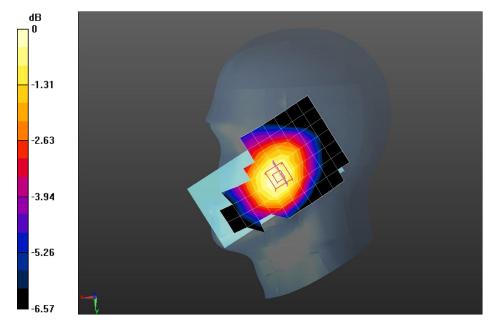
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0855 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Touch-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.565 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0990 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0882 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0882 W/kg = -10.55 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right **DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1**

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 40.93$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Right Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1561
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

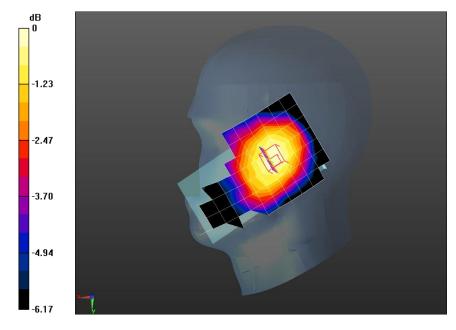
Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0429 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Tilt-Right/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 5.751 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0434 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0434 W/kg = -13.63 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

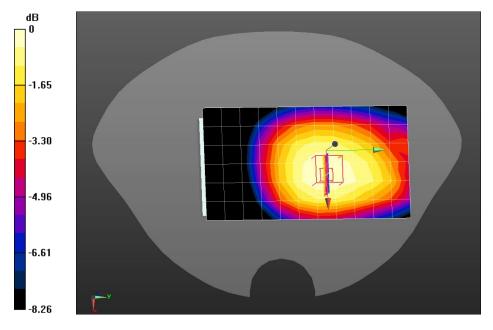
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 15.079 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

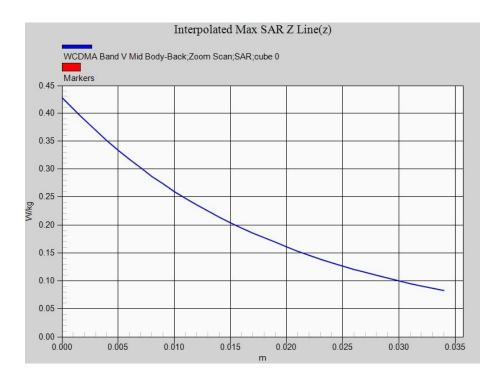
SAR(1 g) = 0.337 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.352 W/kg



0 dB = 0.352 W/kg = -4.53 dBW/kg



Z-Axis Plot





Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

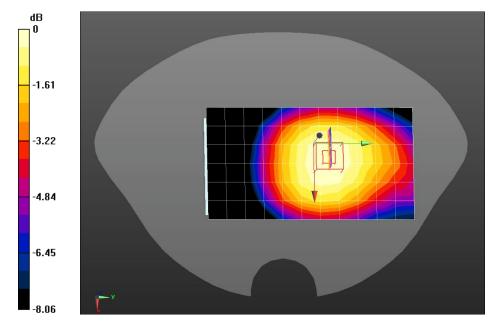
Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 9.733 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.174 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.147 W/kg



0 dB = 0.147 W/kg = -8.33 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Left side

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Left side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

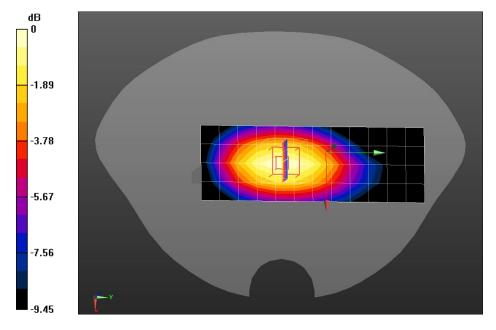
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Left side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.044 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.189 W/kg



0 dB = 0.189 W/kg = -7.24 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab

WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Right side

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Right side/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

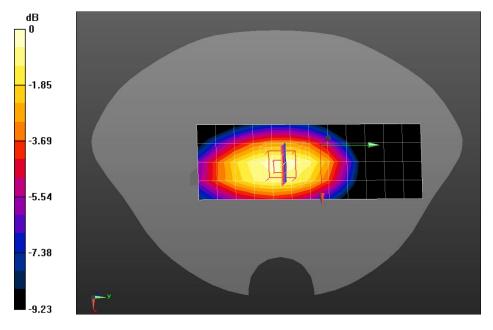
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Right side/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 14.333 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.265 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.186 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.129 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg



0 dB = 0.200 W/kg = -6.99 dBW/kg



Test Laboratory: QuieTek Lab WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom

DUT: Mobile phone; Type: V1

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Communication System Band: Band V UTRA/FDD; Duty Cycle:

1:1.0; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon r = 53.55$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m3; Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.5, Liquid temperature ($^{\circ}$): 21.0

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3710; ConvF(9.22, 9.22, 9.22); Calibrated: 04/03/2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1220; Calibrated: 22/01/2014
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1562
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

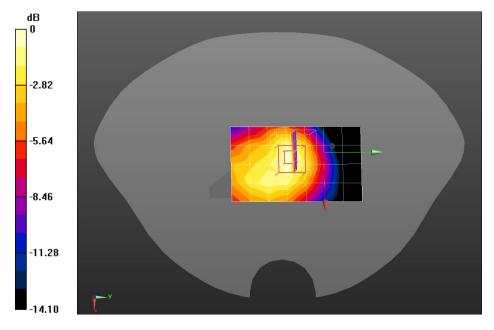
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0579 W/kg

Configuration/WCDMA Band V Mid Body-Bottom/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm, Reference Value = 7.453 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0910 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0590 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0590 W/kg = -12.29 dBW/kg



Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs

Test Setup Photographs

Left Head (EUT Cheek)

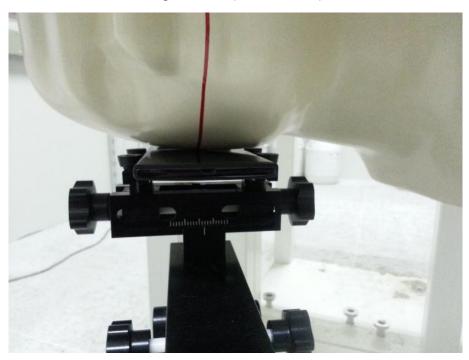


Left Head (EUT Tilted)

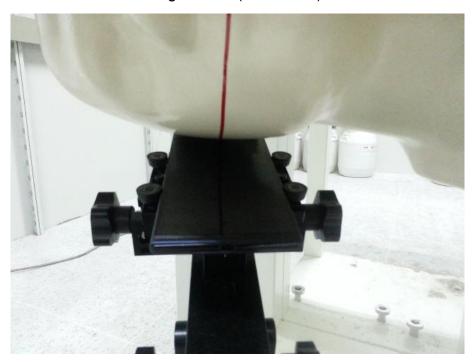




Right Head (EUT Cheek)



Right Head (EUT Tilted)







Body SAR Back 10mm

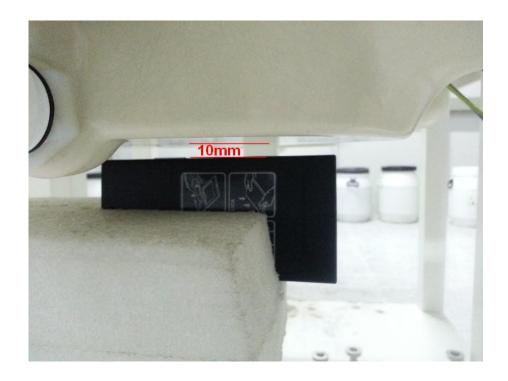


Body SAR Front 10mm



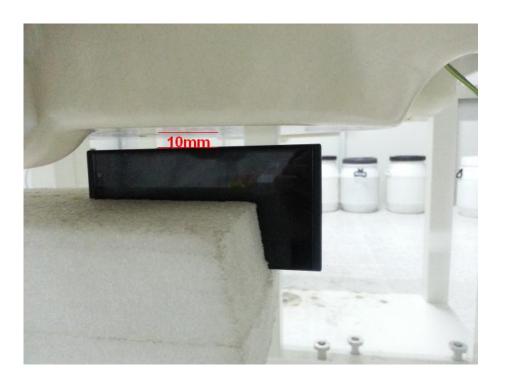


Body SAR Bottom 10mm for GSM/UMTS



Body SAR Left Side 10mm for GSM/UMTS





Body SAR Right Side 10mm for GSM/UMTS



Depth of the liquid in the phantom – Zoom in

Note: The position used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003







EUT Photographs

(1) EUT Photo



(2) EUT Photo





(3) EUT Photo



(4) EUT Photo





Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage C Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Quietek (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3710 Mar14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3710

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

March 4, 2014 Calibration date:

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Function Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: March 4, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar14 Page 1 of 11

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space
ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013
 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
 NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no
 uncertainty required).

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EX3DV4 - SN:3710 March 4, 2014

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3710

Manufactured: July 21, 2009 Calibrated:

March 4, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

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EX3DV4-SN:3710 March 4, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)	
Norm (µV/(V/m) ²) ^A	0.51	0.56	0.44	± 10.1 %	
DCP (mV) ^B	100.3	97.6	101.3		

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^b (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	137.9	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		136.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		139.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the



EX3DV4-SN:3710 March 4, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.42	10.42	10.42	0.17	2.22	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	9.76	9.76	9.76	0.62	0.69	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.56	9.56	9.56	0.57	0.69	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.42	9.42	9.42	0.53	0.72	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	7.74	7.74	7.74	0.41	0.94	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.72	7.72	7.72	0.49	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.39	1.03	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.87	6.87	6.87	0.60	0.80	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.55	0.88	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.91	4.91	4.91	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.63	4.63	4.63	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.43	4.43	4.43	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Certificate No: EX3-3710_Mar14

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Fat frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip disposer from the boundary.

diameter from the boundary.



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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity F	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.53	10.53	10.53	0.10	1.00	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	9.28	9.28	9.28	0.39	0.93	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.22	9.22	9.22	0.65	0.72	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.04	9.04	9.04	0.75	0.67	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	7.36	7.36	7.36	0.80	0.62	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.25	7.25	7.25	0.55	0.76	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.80	0.58	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.67	6.67	6.67	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.29	6.29	6.29	0.44	1.02	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.22	4.22	4.22	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.91	3.91	3.91	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

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Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

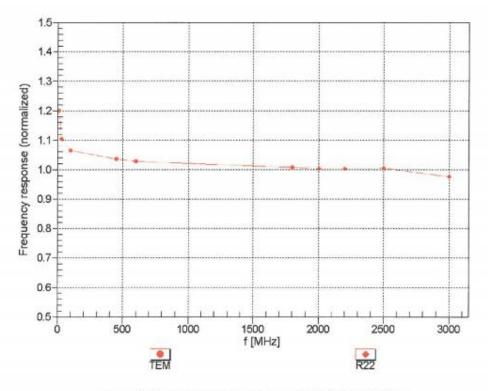
At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration, SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than \pm 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below \pm 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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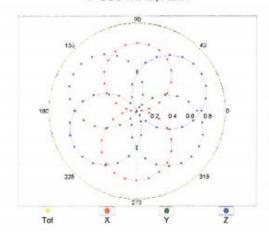
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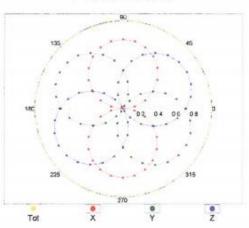


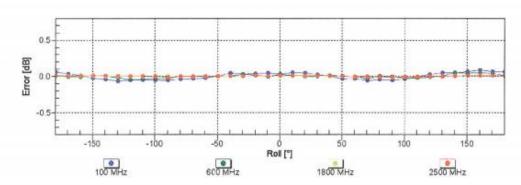
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$









Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

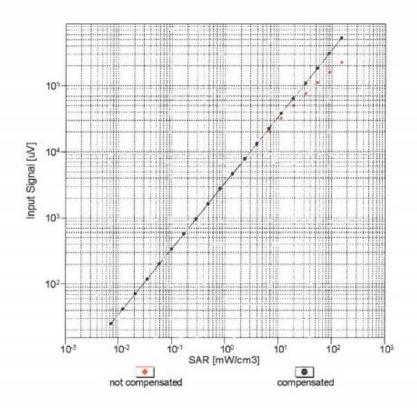
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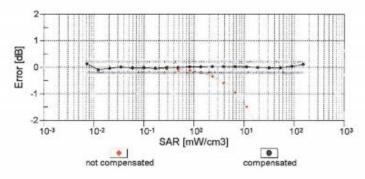
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)



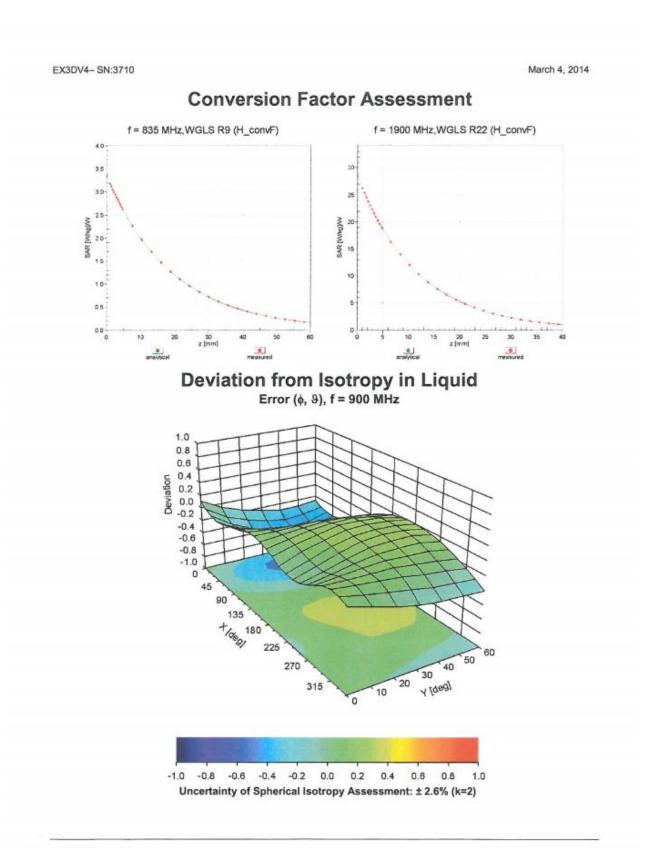


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3710

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-19.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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