

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013

For CLOSE COUPLED 5.8 GHz CHARGER PAD

FCC ID:2ADNG-NF 130 Model Name: NF-130

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Prepared for

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Revision History

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
V1	3/21/2017	Initial Issue	
V2	4/25/2017	Corrected 5862 GHz frequencies to 5862.5 MHz	Dave Weaver
V3	4/25/2017	Corrected operating mode – various sections	Dave Weaver
V4	5/2/2017	Corrected frequency in table in section 12.2	Dave Weaver

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	ENERGOUS CORPORATION			
FCC ID	2ADNG-NF 130			
Model Name	NF-130			
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013			
	SAR Limi	its (W/Kg)		
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)	Extremities (hands, wrists, ankles, etc.) (10g of tissue)		
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6	4		
DE Eveneure Conditions	Equipment Class - Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)			
RF Exposure Conditions	8CC			
Standalone	0.390 W/kg			
Simultaneous	0.790 W/kg			
Date Tested	3/17/2017			
Test Results	Pass			

UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Approved & Released By:

Prepared By:

Dave Weaver

Program Manager

UL Verification Services Inc.

Prepared By:

Henry Wong

Laboratory Engineer

UL Verification Services Inc.

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- o 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01
- o 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- o 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- o 680106 D01 RF Exposure Wireless Charging Apps v02

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

o Guidance provided in a KDB enquiry to support the testing.

3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

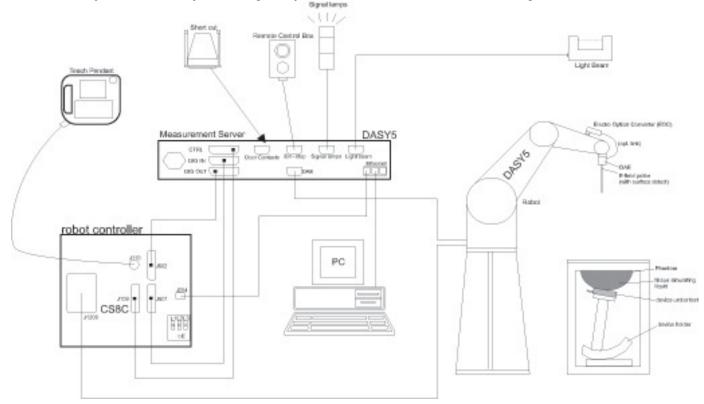
47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab D	
SAR Lab E	
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0.

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$
	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Z_{00m}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \ge 28 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz:} \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \ge 22 \text{ mm}$	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40001647	8/23/2017
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1082	9/13/2017
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	11/8/2017
Thermometer	Fisher Scientific	Traceable	150378159	5/13/2017

System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3546A00784	9/2/2017
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U11347	8/30/2017
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U09516	9/27/2017
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481A	1926A16917	10/17/2017
Power Sensor	Agilent	8481A	2702A76223	9/14/2017
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1808938	N/A
Bi-directional coupler	Werlatone, Inc.	C8060-102	2710	N/A
DC Power Supply	HP	E3610A	KR24104150	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3773	4/19/2017
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab 1)	SPEAG	DAE4	1258	5/10/2017
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1138	9/22/2017
Thermometer (SAR Lab 1)	EXTECH	445703	445703	3/24/2017

Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY55196007	7/8/2017
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY52260009	1/5/2018

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg and the measured 10-g SAR within a frequency band is < 3.75 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

6.1. DUT Description

The NF-130 is an RF based charging system that provides a wireless solution for small-sized and low powered devices.				
Device Dimension	Overall (Height x Diameter): 13 mm x 99 mm			
	S/N	IMEI	Notes	
Test sample information	MLK I024E	N/A		
Hardware Version	NF130T-Rev1.0			
Software Version	3.0.3.23			

6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
ISM band	5.8 GHz	FH	100%
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	BLE	NA

6.3. Maximum Output Power from Tune-up Procedure

RF Air interface	Mode	Max. RF Output Pow er (dBm)
ISM Band	FH	30.0
Blue	-6.0	

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

The DUT is a wireless charger. The DUT is designed for desktop operation. Testing was performed at 10 cm in accordance with KDB 680106.

The DUT was initially evaluated using a portable SAR probe to determine the worst case orientation for final testing. The top surface was found to have the highest SAR.

The DUT does not transmit unless a suitable device is within range of the charger. The DUT was evaluated with a suitable load to enable charging.

Wireless	RF Exposure	DUT-to-User	Test	SAR
technologies	Conditions	Separation	Position	Required
ISM Band	Standalone	100 mm	Тор	Yes
BLE	Standalone	100 mm	NA	No

8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18° C to 25° C and within $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

For SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ϵr and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%. This is limited to frequencies \leq 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Н	ead	Body		
raiget i requericy (wiriz)	$\varepsilon_{\rm r}$	σ (S/m)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80	
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92	
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94	
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97	
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05	
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06	
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30	
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40	
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52	
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95	
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73	
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07	
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18	
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30	
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42	
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53	
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65	
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77	
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88	
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00	

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

SAR		Tissue	Band	Frequency	Relative Permittivity (cr)			Conductivity (σ)			
Room	Date	Туре	(MHz)	(MHz)	Measured	Target	Delta ±5 %	Measured	Target	Delta ±5 %	
				5800	47.06	48.20	-2.37	6.12	6.00	1.92	
1	3/17/2017	Body	5800	5700	47.19	48.34	-2.38	5.98	5.88	1.67	
				5865	47.06	48.20	-2.37	6.19	6.00	3.12	

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8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0 ±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.
 For 5 GHz band Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

System Check Results

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

SAR	SAR _ Tissue Dipole	Dinala Tyma	Dipole	Mea	sured Resul	ts for 1g SAF	R	Mea	sured Result	s for 10g SA	R	Plot	
Roon	Date	Type	Dipole Type _Serial #	Cal. Due Data	Zoom Scan to 100 mW		Target (Ref. Value)		Zoom Scan to 100 mW		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta ±10 %	No.
1	3/17/2017	Body	D5GHzV2 SN:1138 (5.8 GHz)	9/22/2017	7.450	74.50	75.70	-1.59	2.070	20.70	21.10	-1.90	1,2

9. Conducted Output Power Measurements

Measured Results

Band	Mode	Freq.	Avg Pwr	Max Output	SAR Test
(GHz)		(MHz)	(dBm)	Power (dBm)	(Yes/No)
5.8	FH	5862.5	30.0	30	Yes

10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance:

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

Frequency		RF Exposure	Dist.		Freg.	Power	(dBm)	1-g SAF	R (W/kg)	10-g SA	R (W/kg)	Plot
Band	Mode	Conditions	(mm)	Test Position	(MHz)	Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	Meas.	Scaled	No.
5800	FH	Body	100	Тор	5862.5	30.0	30.0	0.390	0.390	0.178	0.178	1

10.1. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations & Estimated SAR

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances > 50 mm were determined using the procedure in KDB 447498 §4.3.1.b.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f_(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

SAR Test Exclusion:

Antenna	Tx Interface	Frequency	Output	Power	Separation Distances (mm)	Calculated Threshold Value
		(MHz)	dBm	m W		
BLE	BLE	2480	-6.00	0	100.00	595.3 mW -EXEM PT-

The estimated 1g SAR value for transmitters with a separation distance >50mm is 0.4W/kg

11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is <0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 or 2 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 or 3.6 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 or 3.75 W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 or 3 (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)
5800	ISM Band	Standalone Top		No	0.390

Note(s):

Repeated Measurement is not required since the highest measured value is < 0.8 W/kg.

12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

12.1. Simultaneous Transmission Condition

RF Exposure Condition	Item	Capable Transmit Configurations				
Body	1	5.8GHz	+	BLE		

12.2. Sum of the SAR for 5.8GHz & BLE

Test	Standalo (W/	∑1-gSAR (W/kg)		
Position	5.8GHz	ВТ	WWAN+BT	
	1	3	1+3	
Front	0.390	0.400	0.790	

Appendixes

Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App A Setup Photos

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App B System Check Plots

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App C Highest Test Plots

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App D Tissue Ingredients

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App E Probe Cal. Certificate

11681248-S1V1 SAR_App F Dipole Cal. Certificate

END OF REPORT