FCC §1.1307 (b) – RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, clause 2.1.4 – MPE-Based Exemption:

An alternative to the SAR-based exemption is provided in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C), for a much wider frequency range, from 300 kHz to 100 GHz, applicable for separation distances greater or equal to $\lambda/2\pi$, where λ is the free-space operating wavelength in meters. The MPE-based test exemption condition is in terms of ERP, defined as the product of the maximum antenna gain and the delivered maximum time-averaged power. For this case, a RF source is an RF exempt device if its ERP (watts) is no more than a frequency-dependent value, as detailed tabular form in Appendix B. These limits have been derived based on the basic specifications on Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) considered for the FCC rules in § 1.1310(e)(1).

Table to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

| RF Source frequency (MHz) | Threshold ERP (watts) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 0.3-1.34 | 1,920 R ² . |
| 1.34-30 | 3,450 R ² /f ² . |
| 30-300 | $3.83 R^2$. |
| 300-1,500 | 0.0128 R ² f. |
| 1,500-100,000 | 19.2R ² . |

f = frequency in MHz;

R = minimum separation distance from the body of a nearby person (appropriate units, e.g., m);

Test Result:

For worst case:

| Mode | Frequency Range (MHz) | Tune-up Output Power | | Antenna Gain | | ERP | | Evaluation Distance | MPE-Based Exemption |
|---------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | (dBm) | (mW) | (dBi) | (dBd) | (dBm) | (mW) | (cm) | (mW) |
| BDR/EDR | 2402-2480 | 4.5 | 2.82 | 1.7 | -0.45 | 4.05 | 2.54 | 20 | 768 |

Note 1: The tune-up power was declared by the applicant.

Note 2: 0dBd=2.15dBi.

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliant.