

# **RF Test Report**

#### For

Applicant Name: Xwireless LLC

Address: 11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD, USA

EUT Name: Mobile Phone

Brand Name: Vortex Model Number: ZG55

**Issued By** 

Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen,

China

Report Number: BTF240130R00104 Test Standards: 47 CFR Part 15E

Test Conclusion: Pass

FCC ID: 2ADLJ-ZG55

Test Date: 2024-02-01 to 2024-03-04

Date of Issue: 2024-03-06

Prepared By:

Address:

Chris Liu / Project Engineer

Date: 2024-03-06

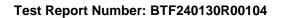
Approved By:

Ryan.CJ / EMC Manager

hris Li

Date: 2024-03-06

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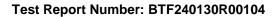


Revision History			
Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content	
R_V0	2024-03-06	Original	
Note: Once the	revision has been made, then prev	vious versions reports are invalid	



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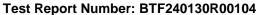
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#### Introduction

#### **Identification of Testing Laboratory**

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130

#### 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130
FCC Registration Number:	518915
Designation Number:	CN1330

#### 1.3 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BTF and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.





#### 2 Product Information

### 2.1 Application Information

Company Name:	Xwireless LLC
Address:	11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD, USA

#### 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Xwireless LLC
Address:	11565 Old Georgetown Road, Rockville, MD, USA

#### 2.3 Factory Information

Company Name:	BOPEL MOBILE TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD
Address:	RM603, 6/F, HANG PONT COMM BLDG, 31 TONKIN ST, CHEUNG SHA WAN, KOWLOON, HONG KONG

### 2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Mobile Phone
Test Model Number:	ZG55
Hardware Version:	N/A
Software Version:	N/A

#### 2.5 Technical Information

Power Supply:	DC 5V from adaptor or 3.8V from battery
Power Adaptor:	Model:X1-510 Input:AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 0.35A Output:5.0V==1.0A 5W
rower Adaptor.	Model:YD1.0AY-006 Input:AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 0.3A Output:5.0V==1.0A 5W
Operation Frequency Range	U-NII Band 1: 5.18~5.24 GHz U-NII Band 3: 5.745~5.825 GHz
Frequency Block	U-NII Band 1: 5.15~5.25 GHz U-NII Band 3: 5.725~5.85 GHz
Channel Bandwidth	802.11a: 20 MHz 802.11n: 20 MHz, 40 MHz 802.11ac: 20 MHz, 40 MHz
Antenna Type:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-2.17dBi
Note:	

Note

<sup>#:</sup> The antenna gain provided by the applicant, and the laboratory will not be responsible for the accumulated calculation results which covers the information provided by the applicant.



Test Report Number: BTF240130R00104

### 3 Summary of Test Results

#### 3.1 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

47 CFR Part 15E: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices

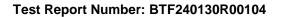
#### 3.2 Uncertainty of Test

Item	Measurement Uncertainty
Conducted Emission (150 kHz-30 MHz)	±2.64dB
Occupied Bandwidth	±69kHz
Transmitter Power, Conducted	±0.87dB
Power Spectral Density	±0.69dB
Conducted Spurious Emissions	±0.95dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions (above 1GHz)	1-6GHz: ±3.94dB
Tradiated opullous Emissions (above 10112)	6-18GHz: ±4.16dB
Radiated Spurious Emissions (30M - 1GHz)	±4.12dB

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

#### 3.3 Summary of Test Result

Item	Standard	Requirement	Result
Antenna requirement	47 CFR Part 15E	Part 15.203	Pass
Conducted Emission at AC power line	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)	Pass
Maximum conducted output power	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
Power spectral density	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)	Pass
Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15E	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)	Pass
Channel Availability Check Time	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(ii)	Pass
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)	Pass
Statistical Performance Check	47 CFR Part 15E	KDB 935210 D02, Clause 5.1 Table 2	Pass
Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iii)	Pass
Non-Occupancy Period Test	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(h)(2)(iv)	Pass
DFS Detection Thresholds	47 CFR Part 15E	KDB 905462 D02, Clause 5.2 Table 3	Pass
Band edge emissions (Radiated)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass





Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)	Pass
Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)	47 CFR Part 15E	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(1) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)	Pass

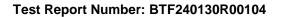
## **Test Configuration**

### **Test Equipment List**

Conducted Emission at AC power line								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date			
Pulse Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	00953	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Coaxial Switcher	SCHWARZBECK	CX210	CX210	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
V-LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	01073	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
LISN	AFJ	LS16/110VAC	16010020076	2023-02-23	2024-02-22			
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI3	101422	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			

<b>Duty Cycle</b>					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	/	V1.00	1	1	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

Maximum conducted output power								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date			
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	1			
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			



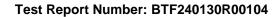


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MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

Power spectral density							
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date		
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	/	/		
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		

Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth							
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date		
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	/		
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		

Channel Availability Check Time								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date			
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	/	/			
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Adjustable Direct	Dongguan	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			





Current Regulated Power Supply	Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	31			
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

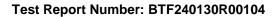
U-NII Detection Bandwidth								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date			
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	1			
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			

Statistical Performance Check							
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date		
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	/		
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15		

Channel Move Time, Channel Closing Transmission Time								
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date			
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	/			
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			
Programmable constant temperature	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15			

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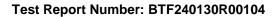


and humidity box					
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

Non-Occupancy Perio	Non-Occupancy Period Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	1	1	
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15	

DFS Detection Thresholds					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
RFTest software	1	V1.00	1	/	/
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	1	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMNUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

Band edge emissions (Radiated)						
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date	
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23	
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2023-11-16	2023-11-23	





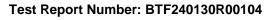
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 0m	21101566	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 m	21101568	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	2024-11-15
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI7	101032	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	FSQ40	100010	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Broadband Preamplilifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	80000	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ_EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	1	1	1
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2023-11-16	2024-11-15

Undesirable emission	Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 0m	21101566	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 m	21101568	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI7	101032	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	FSQ40	100010	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Broadband Preamplilifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	00008	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ_EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	1	1	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1



Test Report Number: BTF240130R00104

Undesirable emission	Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)				
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No	Inventory No	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 0m	21101566	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1 m	21101568	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	ESCI7	101032	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWA RZ	FSQ40	100010	2023-11-16	2024-11-15
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Broadband Preamplilifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718D	80000	2023-03-24	2024-03-23
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120D	2597	2022-05-22	2024-05-21
EZ_EMC	Frad	FA-03A2 RE+	1	1	/
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	1	1	1
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2023-11-16	2024-11-15



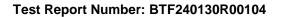


### 4.2 Test Auxiliary Equipment

The EUT was tested as an independent device.

### 4.3 Test Modes

No.	Test Modes	Description
TM1	802.11a mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11a modulation type. All data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ 6Mbps is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM2	802.11n mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11n modulation type. All bandwidth and data rates has been tested and found the data rate @ MCS0 is the worst case. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
ТМ3	802.11ac mode	Keep the EUT connect to AC power line and works in continuously transmitting mode with 802.11ac modulation type. Only the data of worst case is recorded in the report.
TM4	Normal Operating	Keep the EUT works in normal operating mode and connect to companion device





### 5 Evaluation Results (Evaluation)

### 5.1 Antenna requirement

Test Requirement:
-------------------

### 6 Radio Spectrum Matter Test Results (RF)

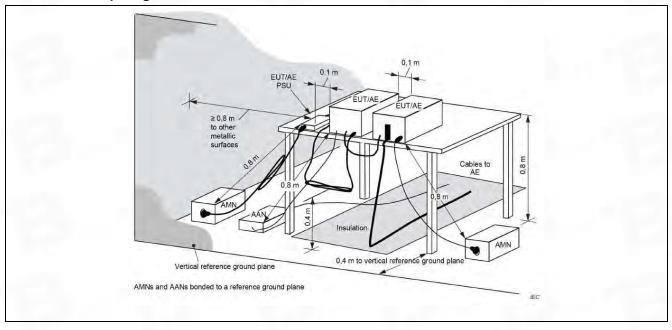
### 6.1 Conducted Emission at AC power line

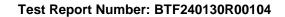
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.207(a)					
Test Method:		Refer to ANSI C63.10-2013 section 6.2, standard test method for ac power-line conducted emissions from unlicensed wireless devices				
	Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dl	BμV)			
Test Limit:		Quasi-peak	Average			
	0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*			
	0.5-5	56	46			
	5-30	60	50			
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.						

#### 6.1.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

#### 6.1.2 Test Setup Diagram:

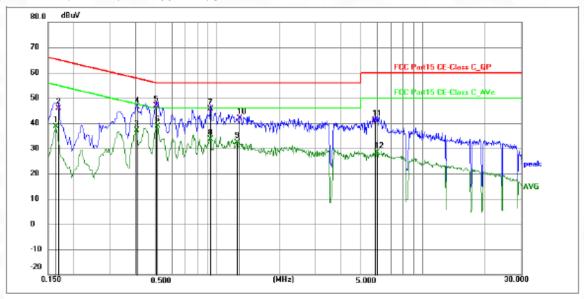






#### 6.1.3 Test Data:

TM1 / Line: Line / Band 1/Mode:802.11a/CH:M



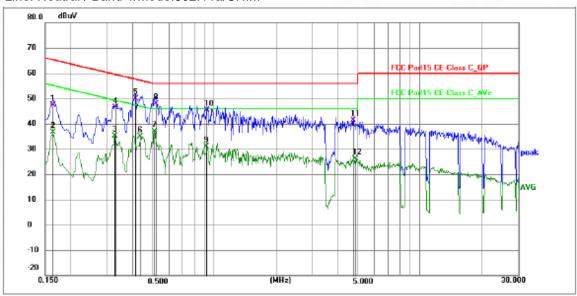
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBu∀)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.1635	28.26	10.48	38.74	55.28	-16.54	AVG	Р	
2	0.1680	35.31	10.49	45.80	65.06	-19.26	QP	Р	
3	0.4020	26.67	10.57	37.24	47.81	-10.57	AVG	Р	
4	0.4063	35.73	10.57	46.30	57.72	-11.42	QP	Р	
5	0.5054	36.22	10.58	46.80	56.00	-9.20	QP	Р	
6 *	0.5100	28.37	10.58	38.95	46.00	-7.05	AVG	Р	
7	0.9240	35.03	10.67	45.70	56.00	-10.30	QP	Р	
8	0.9240	22.86	10.67	33.53	46.00	-12.47	AVG	Р	
9	1.2480	21.75	10.66	32.41	46.00	-13.59	AVG	Р	
10	1.2884	31.14	10.66	41.80	56.00	-14.20	QP	Р	
11	5.8425	30.44	10.76	41.20	60.00	-18.80	QP	Р	
12	5.9684	17.64	10.77	28.41	50.00	-21.59	AVG	Р	

Note:Reading=Receiver reading
Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss
Level=Reading+Factor
Limit=Limit stated in standard
Margin=Measurement-Limits

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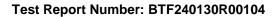






No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	Remark
1	0.1635	37.02	10.48	47.50	65.28	-17.78	QP	Р	
2	0.1635	26.18	10.48	36.66	55.28	-18.62	AVG	Р	
3	0.3255	24.65	10.57	35.22	49.57	-14.35	AVG	Р	
4	0.3300	35.73	10.57	46.30	59.45	-13.15	QP	Р	
5 *	0.4110	39.23	10.57	49.80	57.63	-7.83	QP	Р	
6	0.4334	24.31	10.57	34.88	47.19	-12.31	AVG	Р	
7	0.5100	26.30	10.58	36.88	46.00	-9.12	AVG	Р	
8	0.5190	37.31	10.59	47.90	56.00	-8.10	QP	Р	
9	0.9150	20.33	10.67	31.00	46.00	-15.00	AVG	Р	
10	0.9194	34.63	10.67	45.30	56.00	-10.70	QP	Р	
11	4.7355	30.79	10.71	41.50	56.00	-14.50	QP	Р	
12	4.8480	15.44	10.72	26.16	46.00	-19.84	AVG	Р	

N Note:Reading=Receiver reading
Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss
Level=Reading+Factor
Limit=Limit stated in standard
Margin=Measurement-Limits





### 6.2 Duty Cycle

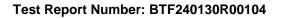
Test Requirement:	All measurements are to be performed with the EUT transmitting at 100% duty cycle at its maximum power control level; however, if 100% duty cycle cannot be achieved, measurements of duty cycle, x, and maximum-power transmission duration, T, are required for each tested mode of operation.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013 section 12.2 (b)
Test Limit:	No limits, only for report use.
Procedure:	<ul> <li>i) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.</li> <li>ii) Set RBW &gt;= EBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.</li> <li>iii) Set VBW &gt;= RBW.</li> <li>iv) Set detector = peak.</li> <li>v) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are &gt; 50/T, where T is defined in item a1) of 12.2, and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.</li> </ul>

#### 6.2.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

#### 6.2.2 Test Data:

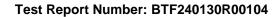
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





#### 6.3 Maximum conducted output power

0.5 Maximum cond	ucted output power
	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i)
	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii)
Toot Door increase.	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii)
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv)
	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2)
	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.3
	For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
	For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.  Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output
Test Limit:	power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
	For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.





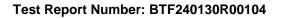
	For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W.
	If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the
	maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the
	directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ
	transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any
	corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point
	operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional
	applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same
	information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally
	installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain
	directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
	Method SA-1
	a) Set span to encompass the entire 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW of the signal.
	b) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
	c) Set VBW >= 3 MHz.
	d) Number of points in sweep >= [2 × span / RBW]. (This gives bin-to-bin spacing
	<= RBW / 2, so
	that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
	e) Sweep time = auto.
	f) Detector = RMS (i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
	g) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to
	enable triggering
	only on full power pulses. The transmitter shall operate at maximum power control
	level for the
Procedure:	entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no OFF
1 Toocdare.	intervals) or
	at duty cycle >= 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power
	control level,
	then the trigger shall be set to "free run."
	h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
	i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the 26 dB EBW or 99% OBW
	of the signal
	using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set
	equal to the
	EBW or OBW band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function,
	then sum the
	spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the 26 dB
	EBW or 99%
	OBW of the spectrum.
0.04 EUT 0	

#### 6.3.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:		
Temperature:	25.5 °C	
Humidity:	50.6 %	
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar	

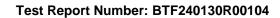
#### 6.3.2 Test Data:

Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





6.4 Power spectral	density
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(i) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(ii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iii) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(1)(iv) 47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(2)
To at NA attack	47 CFR Part 15.407(a)(3)(i)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.5  For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.
Test Limit:	Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
	For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band.  If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
	For the band 5.725-5.850 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.  If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter





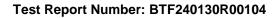
	conducted power.
	Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems,
	omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the
	same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is
	professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems
	employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed,
	point-to-point operations.
	a) Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the
	instructions in 12.3.2 for measuring maximum conducted output power using a
	spectrum
	analyzer or EMI receiver; that is, select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or their
	respective alternatives) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled,
	"Compute
	power" (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power
	measurement was performed using the power meter method PM.)
	b) Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum.
	c) Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
	1) If method SA-2 or SA-2A was used, then add [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty
	cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
	2) If method SA-3A was used and the linear mode was used in step h) of 12.3.2.7,
	add
Procedure:	1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and
	power averaging.
	d) The result is the PPSD.
	e) The procedure in item a) through item c) requires the use of 1 MHz resolution
	bandwidth to
	satisfy the 1 MHz measurement bandwidth specified by some regulatory authorities. This
	requirement also permits use of resolution bandwidths less than 1 MHz "provided
	that the
	measured power is integrated to show the total power over the measurement
	bandwidth" (i.e.,
	1 MHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth and integrated
	over 1 MHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
	1) Set RBW >= 1 / T, where T is defined in 12.2 a).
	2) Set VBW >= [3 × RBW].
	3) Care shall be taken such that the measurements are performed during a period
	of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

#### 6.4.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

#### 6.4.2 Test Data:

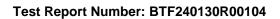
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





### 6.5 Emission bandwidth and occupied bandwidth

Test Method:  ANSI C63 10-2013, section 6.9.3 & 12.4 KDB 789033 D02, Clause C.2  U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use.  U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5,725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.  Emission bandwidth:  a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peal of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW. and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace	Test Requirement:	U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: 47 CFR Part 15.407(e)
Test Limit:  U-NII 1, U-NII 2A, U-NII 2C: No limits, only for report use. U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5,725-5,850 GHz and 5,850-5,895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.  Emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peal of the emission.  Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace	Toot Mothods	
U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.  Emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peal of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectrenvelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace	rest Method:	
a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth. b) Set the VBW > RBW. c) Detector = peak. d) Trace mode = max hold. e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peal of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth: a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace	Test Limit:	U-NII 3, U-NII 4: Within the 5.725-5.850 GHz and 5.850-5.895 GHz bands, the
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peal of the emission.  Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth:  a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW.  b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement.  c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectrenvelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.  d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.  e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		<ul><li>a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.</li><li>b) Set the VBW &gt; RBW.</li><li>c) Detector = peak.</li></ul>
measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.  Occupied bandwidth:  a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW.  b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of the emission.
Occupied bandwidth:  a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		measurement
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frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 time the OBW. b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectrenvelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center
the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specifie by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times
by the applicable requirement. c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		
Procedure:  C) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectre envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.  d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.  e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		by the
envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from
guidance is given in 4.1.5.2. d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace	Procedure:	maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral
range. e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and sing sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		guidance is given
sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and repo the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		
stabilizes) shall be used. f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode
f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth. g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		stabilizes) shall be
g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace		f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured
uata points are		g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are
recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points,		data points,
beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached;		total is reached;
that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99%		99.5% of the





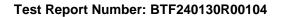
power bandwidth is
the difference between these two frequencies.
h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument
display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may
be reported in addition to the plot(s).
6 dB emission bandwidth: a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 >= RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the
frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower
frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

#### 6.5.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

#### 6.5.2 Test Data:

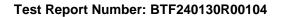
Please Refer to Appendix for Details.





### 6.6 Band edge emissions (Radiated)

6.6 Band edge em	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)	(1)						
		CFR Part 15.407(b)(2)						
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4)							
	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4) 47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)							
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, se		7.6					
rest iviethod.	For transmitters operat			seione outside of the				
	5.15-5.35 GHz band sh For transmitters operat 5.15-5.35 GHz band sh	nall not exceed an e.i.r. ing in the 5.25-5.35 GF	p. of −27 dBm/N łz band: All emis	IHz. ssions outside of the				
	For transmitters operated All emissions shall be low the band edge below the band edge, a linearly to a level of 15 from 5 MHz above or be	imited to a level of −27 e increasing linearly to and from 25 MHz above .6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz	dBm/MHz at 75 10 dBm/MHz at e or below the ba above or below t	MHz or more above 25 MHz above or and edge increasing the band edge, and				
	dBm/MHz at the band		0 ,					
	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz				
	0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15				
	<sup>1</sup> 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525		5.35-5.46				
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75				
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427					
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2				
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.	9.3-9.5				
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7				
T	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722. 2	13.25-13.4				
Test Limit:	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5				
	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2				
	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.525 25	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4				
	8.37625-8.38675 8.41425-8.41475 12.29-12.293 12.51975-12.52025 12.57675-12.57725 13.36-13.41	156.7-156.9 162.0125-167.17 167.72-173.2 240-285 322-335.4	2690-2900 3260-3267 3332-3339 3345.8-3358 3600-4400	22.01-23.12 23.6-24.0 31.2-31.8 36.43-36.5 ( <sup>2</sup> )				
	<sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.							
	<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6							
	The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in § 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in § 15.209shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in § 15.209shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in § 15.35apply to these measurements.							
	Except as provided els	ewhere in this subpart,	the emissions fr	rom an intentional				





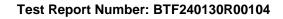
	radiator shall not excee	d the field strength levels spec	ified in the following table:						
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength	Measurement						
	1 7 7	(microvolts/meter)	distance						
		()	(meters)						
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300						
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30						
	1.705-30.0								
		30	30						
	30-88	100 **	3						
	88-216	150 **	3						
	216-960	200 **	3						
	Above 960	500	3						
	Above 1GHz:								
		EUT was placed on the top of meter fully-anechoic chambe							
		e position of the highest radia							
		neters away from the interferer							
		o of a variable-height antenna							
		varied from one meter to four							
		n value of the field strength. Bo							
	·	enna are set to make the meas							
	d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then								
	the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency								
		tenna was tuned to heights 1 r							
		ees to 360 degrees to find the	,						
		tem was set to Peak Detect Fu							
	Bandwidth with Maximu		diction and opecined						
			OdP lower than the limit						
		f the EUT in peak mode was 1							
		ould be stopped and the peak							
		emissions that did not have 1							
	re-tested one by one us	ing peak or average method a	s specified and then reported						
Procedure:	in a data sheet.								
	g. Test the EUT in the lo	west channel, the middle chai	nnel, the Highest channel.						
		rements are performed in X, Y,							
		found the X axis positioning v							
		ures until all frequencies meas							
	Remark:	area artii aii iraqaarialaa iriaac	area was complete.						
		Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- l	Droomn Footor						
		40GHz, the disturbance above							
		e plots are the highest emissio							
		oints had been displayed. The							
	emissions from the radio	ator which are attenuated mor	e than 20dB below the limit						
	·	ion, for frequencies above 1Gl	Tz the field strength limits						
		mits. However, the peak field s							
		m permitted average limits spe							
		of modulation. For the emission							
		only the peak measurement is	shown in the report.						
	1 The distributes as a bay	4 1001 In and and the	I						

#### 6.6.1 E.U.T. Operation:

Operating Environment:	Operating Environment:					
Temperature:	25.5 °C					
Humidity:	50.6 %					

4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been

displayed.

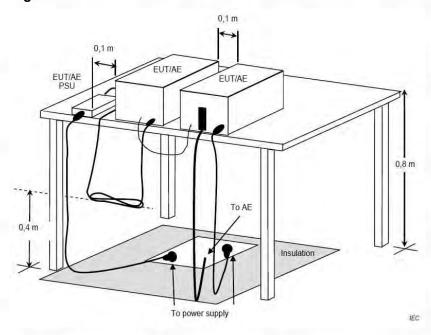




Atmospheric Pressure:

1010 mbar

#### 6.6.2 Test Setup Diagram:

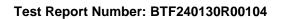






#### 6.6.3 Test Data:

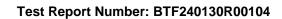
				UNII-1 802	2.11a_5180	MHz_Horiz	zontal			
1	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5137.640	46.00	5.28	51.28	68.20	-16.92	peak	Р	1
	2	5150.000	46.94	5.33	52.27	68.20	-15.93	peak	Р	1
				UNII-1 80	)2.11a _518	BOMHz_Ver	tical			
	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5112.640	44.75	5.35	50.10	68.20	-18.10	peak	Р	1
	2	5150.000	47.42	5.33	52.75	68.20	-15.45	peak	Р	
				UNII-1 802	2.11a _5240	MHz_Horiz	zontal			
	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5350.000	45.27	5.45	50.72	68.20	-17.48	peak	Р	
	2	5460.000	46.63	5.52	52.15	68.20	-16.05	peak	Р	
				UNII-1 80	)2.11a _524	40MHz_Ver	tical			
	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5350.000	45.72	5.45	51.17	68.20	-17.03	peak	Р	
	2	5460.000	47.75	5.52	53.27	68.20	-14.93	peak	Р	
				UNII-3 802	2.11a _5745	MHz_Horiz	zontal			
1	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5650.000	45.50	5.63	51.13	68.20	-17.07	peak	Р	
	2	5700.000	45.96	5.70	51.66	105.20	-53.54	peak	Р	
	2	5720.000	46.70	5.66	52.36	110.80	-58.44	peak	Р	
				UNII-3 80	)2.11a _574	45MHz_Ver	tical			
	No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
	1	5350.000	44.76	5.63	50.39	68.20	-17.81	peak	Р	
	2	5460.000	46.02	5.70	51.72	105.20	-53.48	peak	Р	
	2	5460.000	46.62	5.66	52.28	110.80	-58.52	peak	Р	7





No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
1	5855.000	(dBuV) 47.44	(dB/m) 5.73	(dBuV/m) 53.17	(dBuV/m) 110.80	(dB) -57.63	nook	Р	
2		46.68	5.74	52.42	105.20	-52.78	peak	P	
	5875.000	46.13				-16.41	peak	P	
2	5925.000	40.13	5.66	51.79	68.20	-10.41	peak	Р	
			UNII-3 80	2.11a _582	5MHz_ Ver	tical			
No.	Frequency		Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
1	(MHz) 5725.000	(dBuV) 47.72	(dB/m) 5.73	(dBuV/m) 53.45	(dBuV/m) 110.80	(dB) -57.35	nook	P	-
1							peak	<u>Р</u>	
2	5730.000	47.57	5.74	53.31	105.20	-51.89	peak	<u>Р</u>	-
2	5730.000	46.64	5.66	52.30	68.20	-15.90	peak	Р	
-		<u> </u>	JNII-1 802.1	1n(40)_519	OMHz_Ho	rizontal			
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5117.380	46.44	5.28	51.72	68.20	-16.48	peak	Р	
2	5150.000	47.38	5.33	52.71	68.20	-15.49	peak	Р	
			UNII-1 802.	11n(40) _5	190MHz_V	ertical			
Ī	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin		5.5	1
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5092.380	45.19	5.35	50.54	68.20	-17.66	peak	Р	
2	5150.000	47.86	5.33	53.19	68.20	-15.01	peak	Р	
		U	NII-1 802.1	1n(40) 52	30MHz Ho	rizontal			_
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	1		1
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5350.000	45.41	5.45	50.86	68.20	-17.34	peak	P	
2	5460.000	46.77	5.52	52.29	68.20	-15.91	peak	P	
			UNII-1 802.				•		
	-			· ,-			1	<u> </u>	7
No.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)			
1	5350.000	45.86	5.45	51.31	68.20	-16.89	peak	P	
2	5460.000	47.89	5.52	53.41	68.20	-14.79	peak	Р	
		U	NII-3 802.1	1n(40) _57	50MHz_Ho	rizontal			
No.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
INO.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	F/F	
1	5650.000	45.93	5.63	51.56	68.20	-16.64	peak	Р	
2	5700.000	46.39	5.70	52.09	105.20	-53.11	peak	Р	
2	5720.000	47.13	5.66	52.79	110.80	-58.01	peak	Р	1

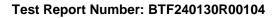
UNII-3 802.11a \_5825MHz\_Horizontal





			UNII-3 802.	11n(40) _5	750MHz_V	ertical			
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5350.000	45.19	5.63	50.82	68.20	-17.38	peak	Р	
2	5460.000	46.45	5.70	52.15	105.20	-53.05	peak	Р	
2	5460.000	47.05	5.66	52.71	110.80	-58.09	peak	Р	
	·		JNII-3802.11	n(40) _579	5MHz_Ho	rizontal	·		
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5855.000	46.97	5.73	52.70	110.80	-58.10	peak	Р	
2	5875.000	46.21	5.74	51.95	105.20	-53.25	peak	Р	
2	5925.000	45.66	5.66	51.32	68.20	-16.88	peak	Р	
			UNII-3 802.	11n(40)_57	95MHz_ V	ertical			
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	5725.000	47.25	5.73	52.98	110.80	-57.82	peak	Р	
2	5730.000	47.10	5.74	52.84	105.20	-52.36	peak	Р	
2	5730.000	46.17	5.66	51.83	68.20	-16.37	peak	Р	

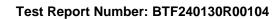
Note:Reading=Receiver reading Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss Level=Reading+Factor Limit=Limit stated in standard Margin=Measurement-Limits





### 6.7 Undesirable emission limits (below 1GHz)

Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(9)						
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10-2013, section 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12.7.6						
	limits set forth in § 15.2  Except as provided else	elow 1 GHz must comply with the comply with the complex of the field strength levels specifield strength.	ssions from an intentional				
Test Limit:	to the same of	(microvolts/meter)	distance (meters)				
	0.009-0.490 0.490-1.705 1.705-30.0 30-88 88-216 216-960 Above 960	2400/F(kHz) 24000/F(kHz) 30 100 ** 150 ** 200 **	300 30 30 3 3 3 3 3				
Procedure:	above the ground at a 3 degrees to determine the b. The EUT was set 3 degrees to determine the b. The EUT was set 3 degrees to determine the maximum polarizations of the anternation of	EUT was placed on the top of a meter semi-anechoic chamber he position of the highest radiator 10 meters away from the interpretation of a variable-height and a varied from one meter to four an value of the field strength. Both and are set to make the meast emission, the EUT was arranged to heights from 1 meter to 4 meterna was tuned to heights 1 meters to 360 degrees to find the tem was set to Peak Detect Furth Hold Mode. If the EUT in peak mode was 1 could be stopped and the peak emissions that did not have 10 sing quasi-peak method as specific the EUT in the middle chart rements are performed in X, Y, I found the X axis positioning was until all frequencies meast cable Loss+ Antenna Factor-FOMHz, the disturbance below 3 to plots are the highest emission to points had been displayed. The ator which are attenuated more than 1GHz was very low and the men testing, so only the above had a second to the second the point of the point of the point of the properties of the pr	er. The table was rotated 360 ion. rference-receiving antenna, renna tower. meters above the ground to the horizontal and vertical urement. ed to its worst case and then eters (for the test frequency neter) and the rotatable table maximum reading. Inction and Specified  OdB lower than the limit values of the EUT would be odB margin would be cified and then reported in a nel, the Highest channel. Z axis positioning for thich it is the worst case. Ured was complete.  Preamp Factor OMHz was very low. The ne could be found when amplitude of spurious ethan 20dB below the limit tharmonics were the highest				

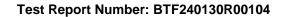




- a. For above 1GHz, the EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel, the middle channel, the Highest channel.
- h. The radiation measurements are performed in X, Y, Z axis positioning for Transmitting mode, and found the X axis positioning which it is the worst case.
- i. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete. Remark:
- 1. Level= Read Level+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- Preamp Factor
- 2. Scan from 18GHz to 40GHz, the disturbance above 18GHz was very low. The points marked on above plots are the highest emissions could be found when testing, so only above points had been displayed. The amplitude of spurious emissions from the radiator which are attenuated more than 20dB below the limit need not be reported.
- 3. As shown in this section, for frequencies above 1GHz, the field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.
- 4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been displayed.

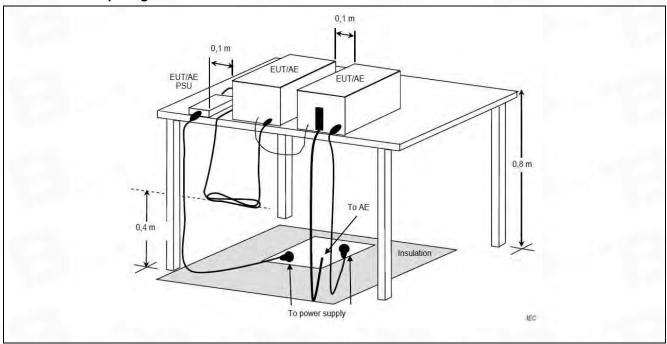
#### 6.7.1 E.U.T. Operation:

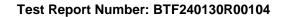
Operating Environment:	
Temperature:	25.5 °C
Humidity:	50.6 %
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar





#### 6.7.2 Test Setup Diagram:

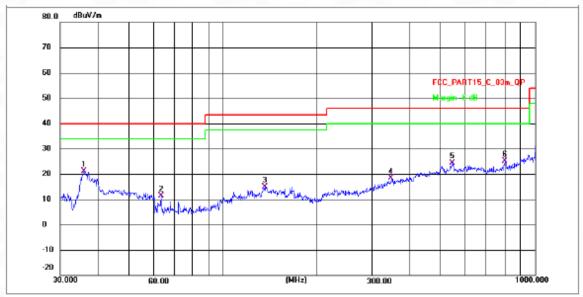






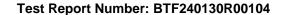
#### 6.7.3 Test Data:

TM1 / Polarization: Horizontal / Band 1/Mode:802.11a/CH:M



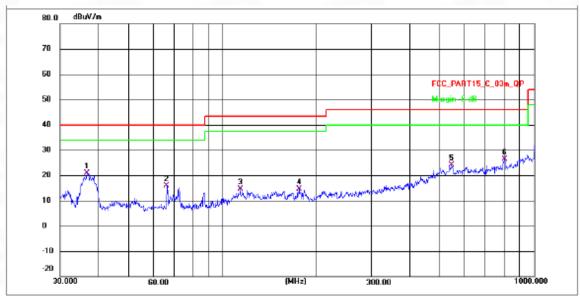
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	35.8117	39.62	-18.46	21.16	40.00	-18.84	QP	Р
2	63.0915	29.52	-18.16	11.36	40.00	-28.64	QP	P
3	136.2206	42.84	-27.91	14.93	43.50	-28.57	QP	P
4	347.4176	43.53	-25.05	18.48	46.00	-27.52	QP	Р
5	545.1825	45.92	-21.61	24.31	46.00	-21.69	QP	Р
6	801.7862	48.93	-23.69	25.24	46.00	-20.76	QP	Р

Note:Reading=Receiver reading
Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss
Level=Reading+Factor
Limit=Limit stated in standard
Margin=Measurement-Limits



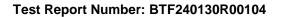






No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	36.5730	41.41	-20.60	20.81	40.00	-19.19	QP	Р
2	66.3823	35.90	-20.05	15.85	40.00	-24.15	QP	Р
3	113.9137	42.75	-28.10	14.65	43.50	-28.85	QP	Р
4	176.2685	42.15	-27.55	14.60	43.50	-28.90	QP	P
5	544.2274	45.62	-21.60	24.02	46.00	-21.98	QP	Р
6	807.4290	49.92	-23.60	26.32	46.00	-19.68	QP	Р

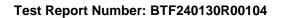
Note:Reading=Receiver reading
Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss
Level=Reading+Factor
Limit=Limit stated in standard
Margin=Measurement-Limits





### 6.8 Undesirable emission limits (above 1GHz)

0.0 Olidesilable e	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)								
Test Requirement:	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(2)								
rest requirement.	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(4)								
	47 CFR Part 15.407(b)(10)								
Test Method:		ection 12.7.4, 12.7.5, 12							
		ting in the 5.15-5.25 GH							
		hall not exceed an e.i.r.							
		ting in the 5.25-5.35 GH							
	5.15-5.35 GHz band sl	hall not exceed an e.i.r.	p. of −27 dBm/N	1Hz.					
		ting solely in the 5.725-							
		limited to a level of -27							
		e increasing linearly to							
		and from 25 MHz above							
		.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz							
		pelow the band edge in	creasing linearly	to a level of 27					
	dBm/MHz at the band MHz	eage. MHz	MHz	GHz					
	0.090-0.110	16.42 <b>-</b> 16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15					
	10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46					
	2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75					
	4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5					
	4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2					
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.	9.3-9.5					
	4.20725-4.20775	73-74.0	5	9.0-9.0					
	6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7					
	6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.	13.25-13.4					
	0.20770 0.20020	100 121.01	2	10.20 10.1					
	6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5					
Test Limit:	8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2					
	8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4					
		25							
	8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12					
	8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0					
	12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8					
	12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5					
	12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	( <sup>2</sup> )					
	13.36-13.41								
	Until February 1, 1999	9, this restricted band s	hall be 0.490-0.5	510 MHz.					
	<sup>2</sup> Above 38.6								
	The field strength of ou		in these frames	anda aball mat					
		missions appearing with							
		n in § 15.209. At freque the limits in § 15.209sh							
		entation employing a Cl							
		e with the emission limit							
		value of the measured							
	15.35apply to these m		emissions. The	provisions in g					
	Except as provided els	sewhere in this subpart,	the emissions fi	rom an intentional					
		ed the field strength lev							
	Frequency (MHz)	Field strength		Measurement					





		(microvolts/meter)	distance							
		,	(meters)							
	0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300							
	0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30							
	1.705-30.0	30	30							
	30-88	100 **	3							
	88-216	150 **	3							
	216-960	200 **	3							
	Above 960	500	3							
	Above 1GHz:	300	3							
		be FUT was placed on the ten of	a ratating table 1 F maters							
		the EUT was placed on the top of								
		a 3 meter fully-anechoic chamber								
		the position of the highest radiat								
		3 meters away from the interferen								
		top of a variable-height antenna t								
		t is varied from one meter to four								
		um value of the field strength. Bo								
	•	ntenna are set to make the meas								
		d emission, the EUT was arrange								
		ed to heights from 1 meter to 4 me								
		of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table								
		egrees to 360 degrees to find the								
		system was set to Peak Detect Fu	nction and Specified							
	Bandwidth with Maxi									
		el of the EUT in peak mode was 1								
		g could be stopped and the peak								
	reported. Otherwise t	the emissions that did not have 10	dB margin would be							
	re-tested one by one	using peak or average method as	s specified and then reported							
Procedure:	in a data sheet.									
	g. Test the EUT in the	e lowest channel, the middle char	nnel, the Highest channel.							
	h. The radiation mea	surements are performed in X, Y,	Z axis positioning for							
	Transmitting mode, a	ind found the X axis positioning w	hich it is the worst case.							
		edures until all frequencies meas								
	Remark:									
	1. Level= Read Leve	I+ Cable Loss+ Antenna Factor- F	Preamp Factor							
		to 40GHz, the disturbance above								
		ove plots are the highest emissior								
		e points had been displayed. The								
		adiator which are attenuated more								
	need not be reported		222 2223 232							
		ection, for frequencies above 1GH	the field strength limits							
		e limits. However, the peak field s								
		num permitted average limits spe								
		num permitted average innits spec								

#### 6.8.1 E.U.T. Operation:

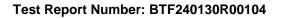
Operating Environment:			
Temperature:	25.5 °C		
Humidity:	50.6 %		
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar		

dB under any condition of modulation. For the emissions whose peak level is lower

than the average limit, only the peak measurement is shown in the report.

4. The disturbance above 18GHz were very low and the harmonics were the highest point could be found when testing, so only the above harmonics had been

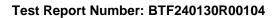
displayed.





#### 6.8.2 Test Data:

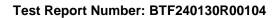
	I	1		1			1	1
No.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		
1	10400.000	73.32	-24.45	48.87	74.00	-25.13	peak	Р
2	15600.000	74.53	-21.50	53.03	74.00	-20.97	peak	Р
		l	JNII-1_802.	11a _5180M	Hz_Vertical			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin		
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10400.000	75.20	-21.50	53.70	74.00	-20.30	peak	Р
2	15600.000	75.43	-24.45	50.98	74.00	-23.02	peak	Р
		UI	NII-1_802.1	1a _5200MH	Iz_Horizonta	ıl		
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin		
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10480.000	73.66	-24.36	49.30	74.00	-24.70	peak	Р
2	15720.000	74.87	-21.40	53.47	74.00	-20.53	peak	Р
		l	JNII-1_802.	11a _5200M	Hz_Vertical			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	<b>.</b>	D/E
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10480.000	74.40	-24.36	50.04	74.00	-23.96	peak	Р
2	15720.000	74.63	-21.40	53.23	74.00	-20.77	peak	Р
		Ul	NII-1_802.1	1a _5240MF	Iz_Horizonta	ıl		
Ne	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Dotastas	D/E
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F
1	10480.000	73.03	-24.40	48.63	74.00	-25.37	peak	Р
2	15720.000	74.24	-21.42	52.82	74.00	-21.18	peak	Р
		l	JNII-1_802.	11a _5240M	Hz_Vertical			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	D-t- t	D./E
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F
1	11490.000	74.20	-24.40	49.80	74.00	-24.20	peak	Р
2	17235.000	74.43	-21.42	53.01	74.00	-20.99	peak	Р





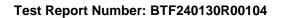
No.	Frequency	Donation of							
	. roquono,	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
140.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Dotoctor		
1	11490.000	68.89	-23.02	45.87	74.00	-28.13	peak	Р	
2	17235.000	70.91	-17.31	53.60	74.00	-20.40	peak	Р	
			UNII-3_802	2.11a _5745l	MHz_Vertica	al			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin			
No.		_					Detector	P/F	
1	11490.000	68.52	-23.02	45.50	74.00	-28.50	peak	Р	
2	17235.000	70.37	-17.31	53.06	74.00	-20.94	peak	Р	
		U	NII-3_802.1	1a _5785MH	lz_Horizonta	al ·			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin			
No.		_				- 1	Detector	P/F	
1	11570.000	67.96	-22.95	45.01	74.00	-28.99	peak	Р	
2	17355.000	69.98	-16.89	53.09	74.00	-20.91	peak	Р	
-			JNII-3_802.	11a _5785N	Hz_Vertical	<u>'</u>			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin			
No.		_				_	Detector	P/F	
1	` '	` '	· ·	, ,	· · ·	· · ·	peak	Р	
2	17355.000	70.58	-16.89	53.69	74.00	-20.31	peak	Р	
		U	NII-3 802 1	la 5825M⊦	Iz Horizonta	al .			
	F	1	_	_					
No.			1			_	Detector	P/F	
1				, ,			noak	D	
							<del>-</del>		
	11 11 0.000					21.01	poun		
			JNII-3_802.	11a _5825N	Hz_Vertical				
No	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/E	
140.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	DOUGGIO	171	
1	11650.000	67.55	-22.80	44.75	74.00	-29.25	peak	Р	
2	17475.000	69.40	-16.41	52.99	74.00	-21.01	peak	Р	
	No. 1 2 No. 1 2 No. 1 2 No. 1 2	No. Frequency (MHz)  1 11490.000 2 17235.000  No. Frequency (MHz) 1 11570.000 2 17355.000  No. Frequency (MHz) 1 11570.000 2 17355.000  No. Frequency (MHz) 1 11650.000 2 17475.000  No. Frequency (MHz) 1 11650.000 1 11650.000	No.       Frequency (MHz) (dBuV)       Reading (dBuV)         1       11490.000 68.52       70.37         2       17235.000 70.37         U         No.       Frequency (MHz) (dBuV)         1       11570.000 67.96         2       17355.000 69.98         No.       Frequency (MHz) (dBuV)         1       11570.000 68.73         2       17355.000 70.58         V       V         No.       Frequency (MHz) (dBuV)         1       11650.000 66.82         2       17475.000 68.84         No.       Frequency (MHz) (dBuV)         1       11650.000 67.55	Transister   Tra	Transistant	VIVII-3_802.11a_5745MHz_Vertical	Transistant	Value	VIVII-3   No.   Frequency   Reading   Factor   (dBuV)   (dBuV)

UNII-1_802.11n(40)_5190MHz_Horizontal											
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F			
1	10380.000	72.82	-24.37	(dBuV/m) 48.45	74.00	(dB) -25.55	peak	Р			
2	15570.000	74.03	-21.42	52.61	74.00	-21.39	peak	Р			



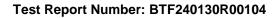


UNII-1_802.11n(40)_5190MHz_Vertical									
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	10380.000	74.01	-21.50	52.51	74.00	-21.49	peak	Р	
2	15570.000	74.24	-24.45	49.79	74.00	-24.21	peak	Р	



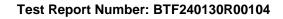


		UN	III-1_802.1	l1n(40)_5230	MHz_Horiz	ontal			
NI-	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Datasta	D/E	
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	10460.000	73.56	-24.40	49.16	74.00	-24.84	peak	Р	
2	2 15690.000 74.77 -21.42 53.35		53.35	74.00	-20.65	peak	Р		
		U	NII-1_802	.11n(40)_523	0MHz_Vert	tical			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	D 1 - 1	5/5	
No	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m	) (dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	10460.000	74.79	-24.40	50.39	74.00	-23.61	peak	Р	
2	15690.000	75.02	-21.42	53.60	74.00	-20.40	peak	Р	
	<u>'</u>	·	VII-3_802.	11n(40) _575	55MHz_Hor	izontal			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Datastas		1
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F	
1	11510.000	68.89	-23.02	45.87	74.00	-28.13	peak	Р	
2	17265.000	70.91	-17.31	53.60	74.00	-20.40	peak	Р	
		·	JNII-3_80	2.11n(40)_57	55MHz_Ve	rtical			_
Ī., Ī	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	T	
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		P/F	
1	11510.000	68.97	-23.02	45.95	74.00	-28.05	peak	Р	
2	17265.000	70.82	-17.31	53.51	74.00	-20.49	peak	Р	
		UN	III-3_802.1	l1n(40)_5795	MHz_Horiz	ontal			
No.	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin	Detector	P/F	
NO.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	F/F	
1	11590.000	67.56	-22.80	44.76	74.00	-29.24	peak	Р	
2	17385.000	69.58	-16.41	53.17	74.00	-20.83	peak	Р	
		U	NII-3_802	.11n(40)_579	5MHz_Vert	tical			
	Frequency	Reading	Factor	Level	Limit	Margin		1	
No.	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Detector	P/F	
	11590.000	67.54	-22.80	44.74	74.00	-29.26	peak	Р	
1	11590.000	07.54							



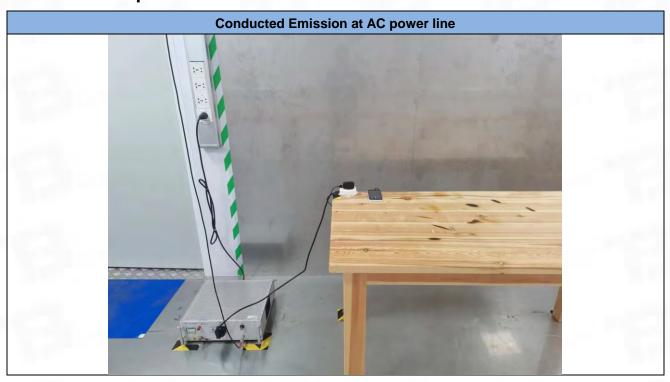


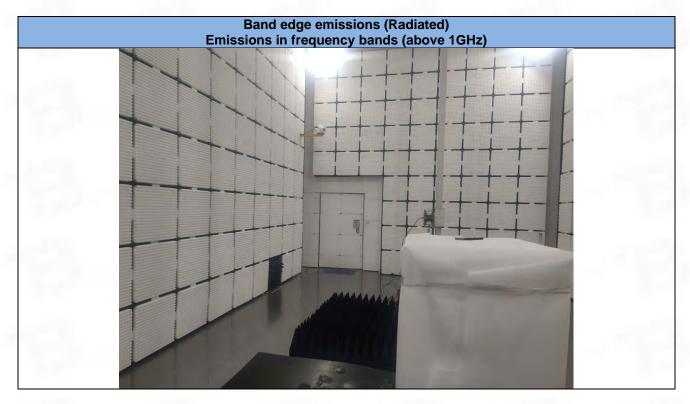
Note:Reading=Receiver reading
Factor=Antenna factor+Cable loss
Level=Reading+Factor
Limit=Limit stated in standard Margin=Measurement-Limits

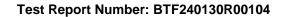




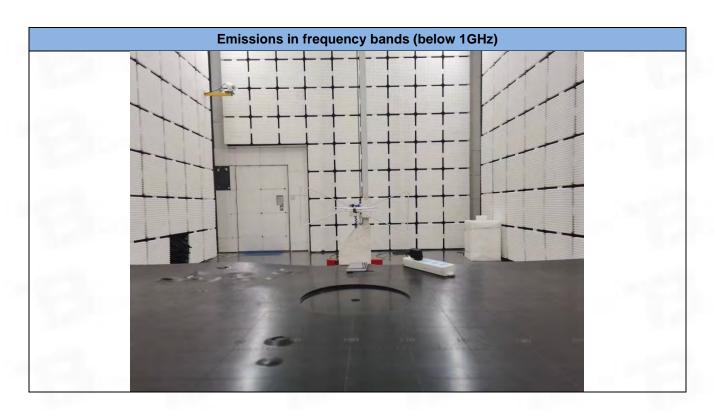
# **Test Setup Photos**

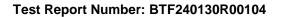








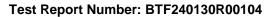






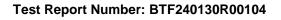
#### **EUT Constructional Details (EUT Photos)** 8

Please refer to the test report No.BTF240130R00101





# **Appendix**





# 1. Duty Cycle

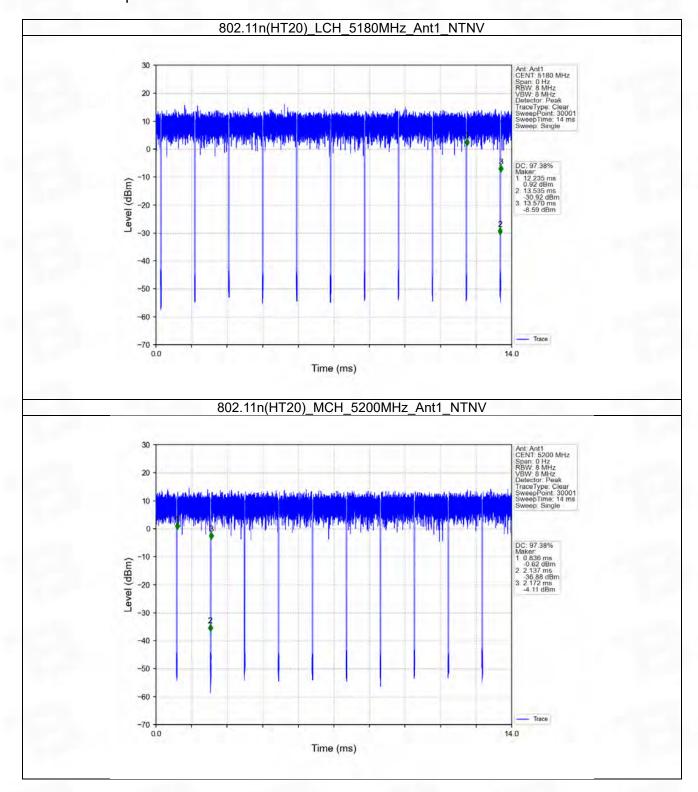
# 1.1 Ant1

# 1.1.1 Test Result

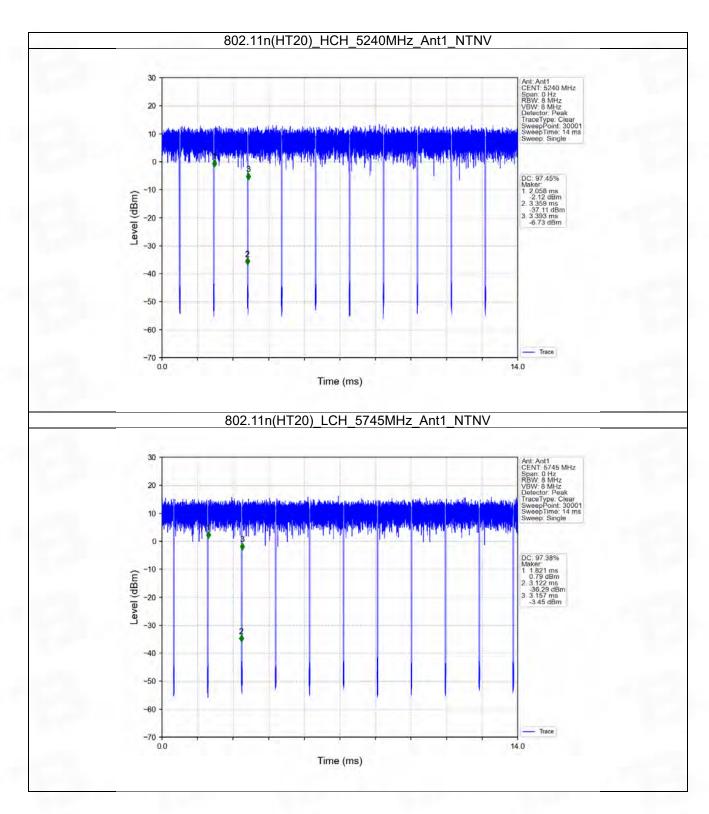
				,	Ant1		
Mode	TX	Frequency	T_on	Period	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle	Max. DC
Mode	Type	(MHz)	(ms)	(ms)	(%)	Correction Factor (dB)	Variation (%)
		5180	1.300	1.335	97.38	0.12	0.07
		5200	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
802.11n	SISO	5240	1.301	1.335	97.45	0.11	0.03
(HT20)	3130	5745	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
		5785	1.302	1.336	97.46	0.11	0.03
		5825	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
		5190	0.649	0.683	95.02	0.22	0.00
802.11n	SISO	5230	0.648	0.683	94.88	0.23	0.03
(HT40)	3130	5755	0.649	0.683	95.02	0.22	0.03
		5795	0.648	0.683	94.88	0.23	0.03
		5180	1.301	1.335	97.45	0.11	0.03
		5200	1.301	1.335	97.45	0.11	0.03
802.11ac	SISO	5240	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.07
(VHT20)	3130	5745	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
		5785	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
		5825	1.301	1.336	97.38	0.12	0.03
		5190	0.649	0.683	95.02	0.22	0.03
802.11ac	SISO	5230	0.649	0.683	95.02	0.22	0.03
(VHT40)	3130	5755	0.649	0.683	95.02	0.22	0.03
		5795	0.648	0.683	94.88	0.23	0.00



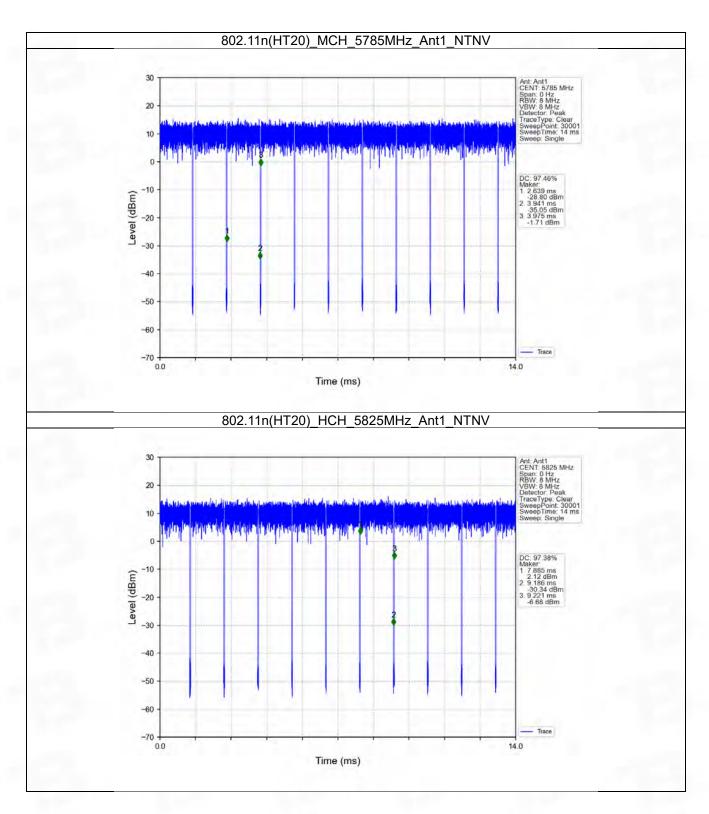
#### 1.1.2 Test Graph



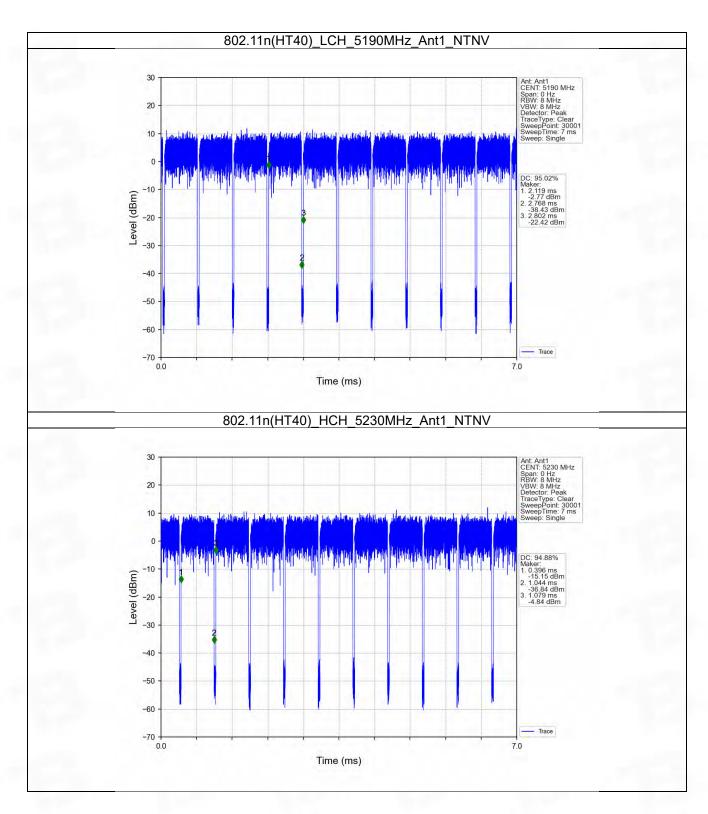




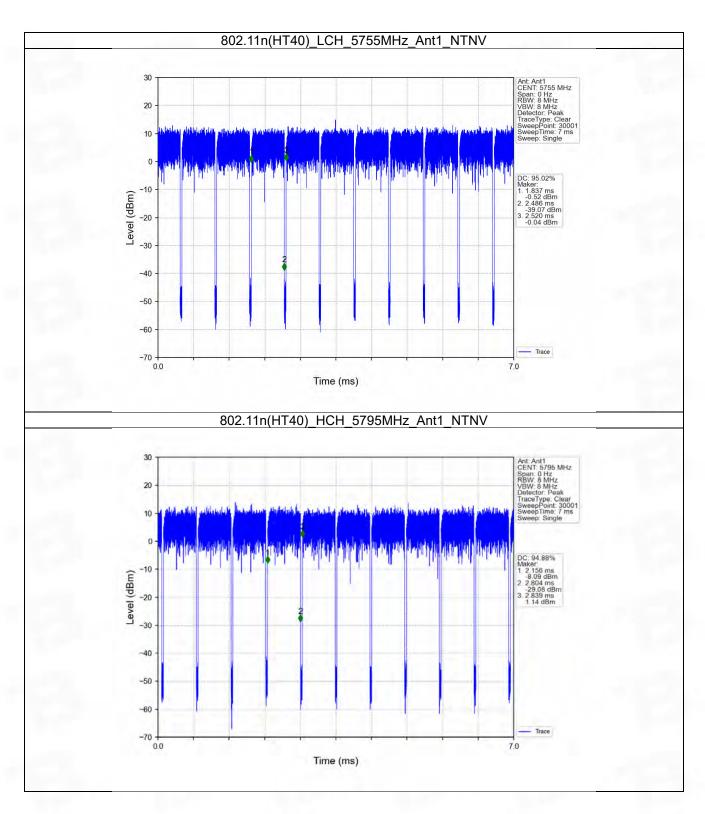




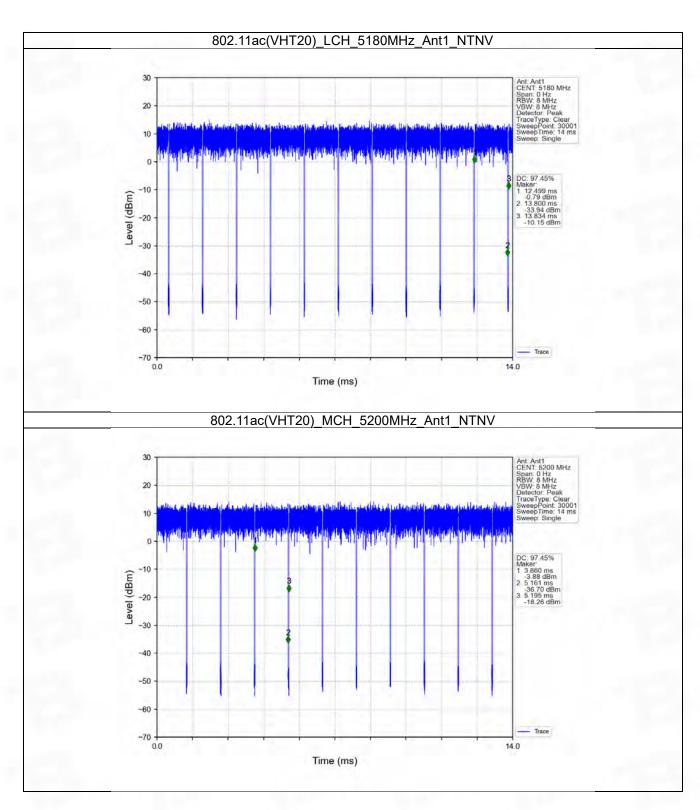




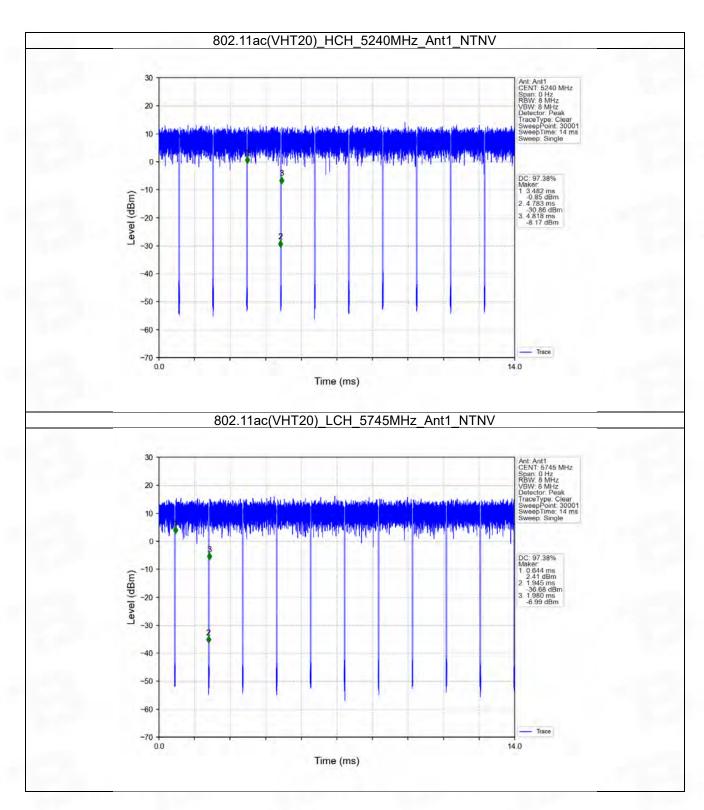




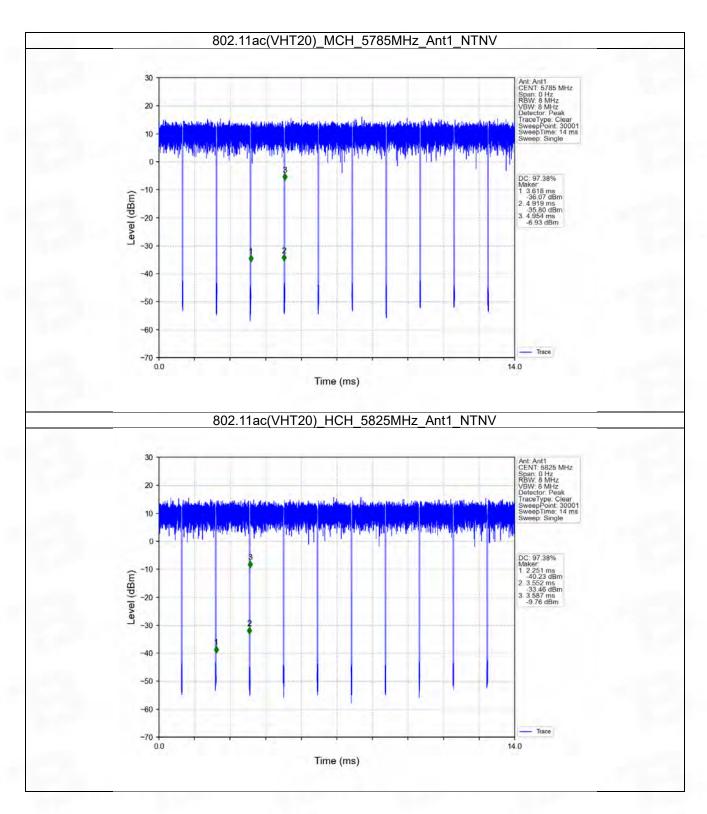




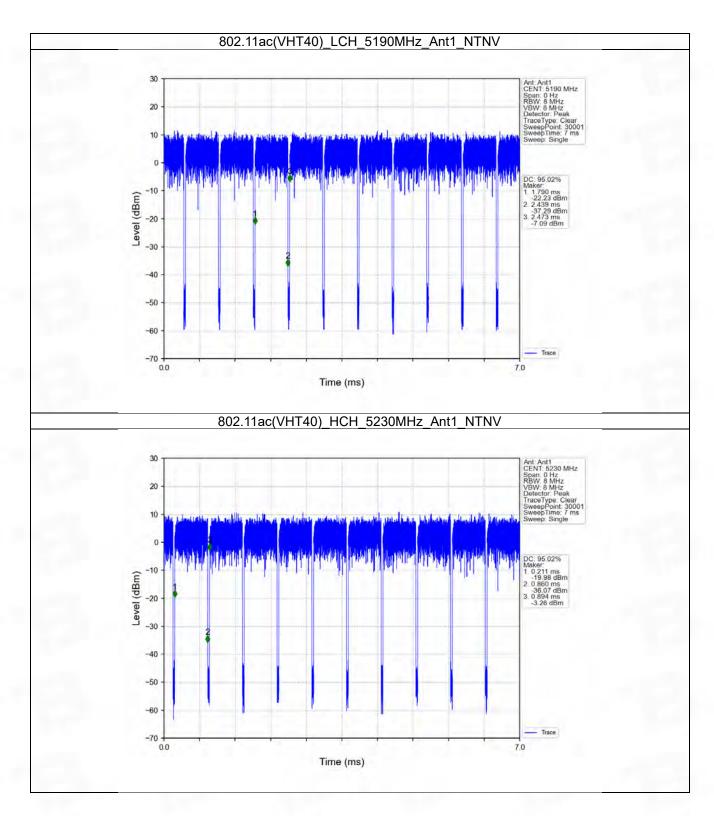




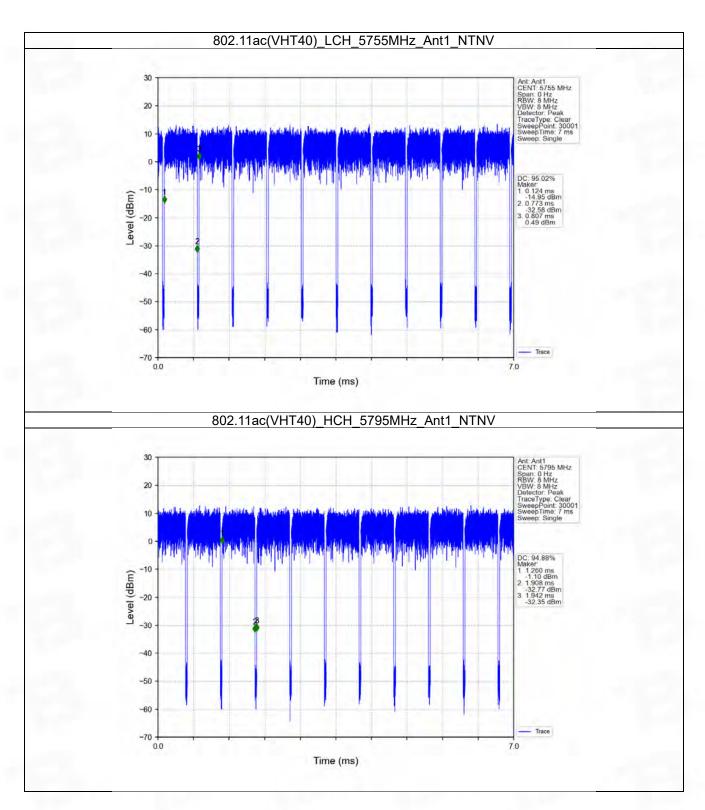


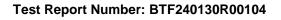












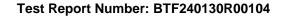


# 2. Bandwidth

## 2.1 OBW

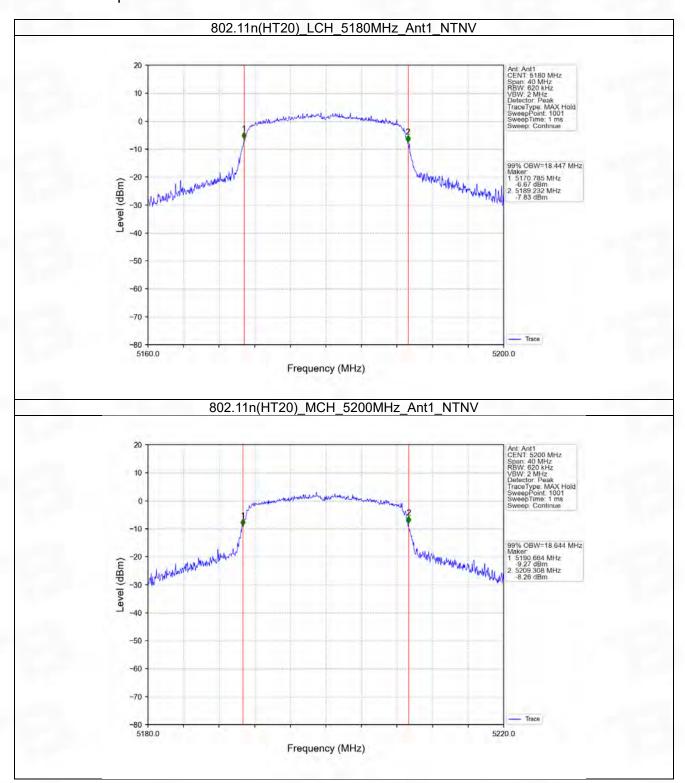
#### 2.1.1 Test Result

Mada	TX	Frequency	ANT	99% Occupied B	andwidth (MHz)	Vardiet
Mode	Туре	(MHz)	(MHz)	Result	Limit	Verdict
		5180	1	18.447	1	Pass
		5200	1	18.644	1	Pass
802.11n	SISO	5240	1	18.948	1	Pass
(HT20)	3130	5745	1	18.885	1	Pass
		5785	1	18.747	1	Pass
	5825	1	18.755	1	Pass	
		5190	1	37.043	1	Pass
802.11n	SISO	5230	1	37.424	1	Pass
(HT40)	3130	5755	1	37.625	1	Pass
		5795	1	37.603	1	Pass
		5180	1	17.956	1	Pass
		5200	1	18.657	1	Pass
802.11ac	SISO	5240	1	18.878	1	Pass
(VHT20)	3130	5745	1	19.023	1	Pass
		5785	1	18.839	1	Pass
		5825	1	18.938	1	Pass
		5190	1	37.017	1	Pass
802.11ac	SISO	5230	1	37.406	1	Pass
(VHT40)	3130	5755	1	37.575	1	Pass
		5795	1	37.473		Pass

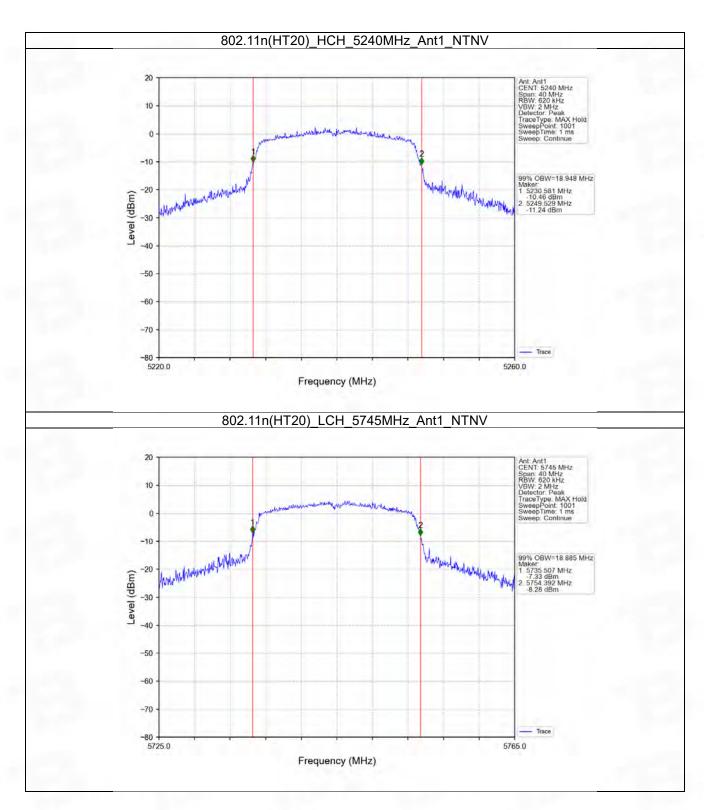




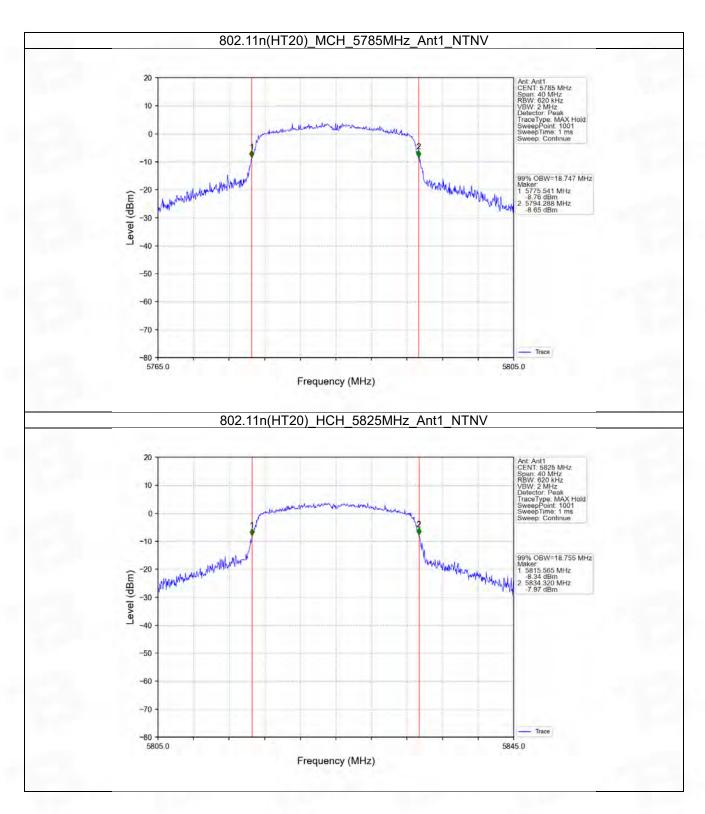
#### 2.1.2 Test Graph



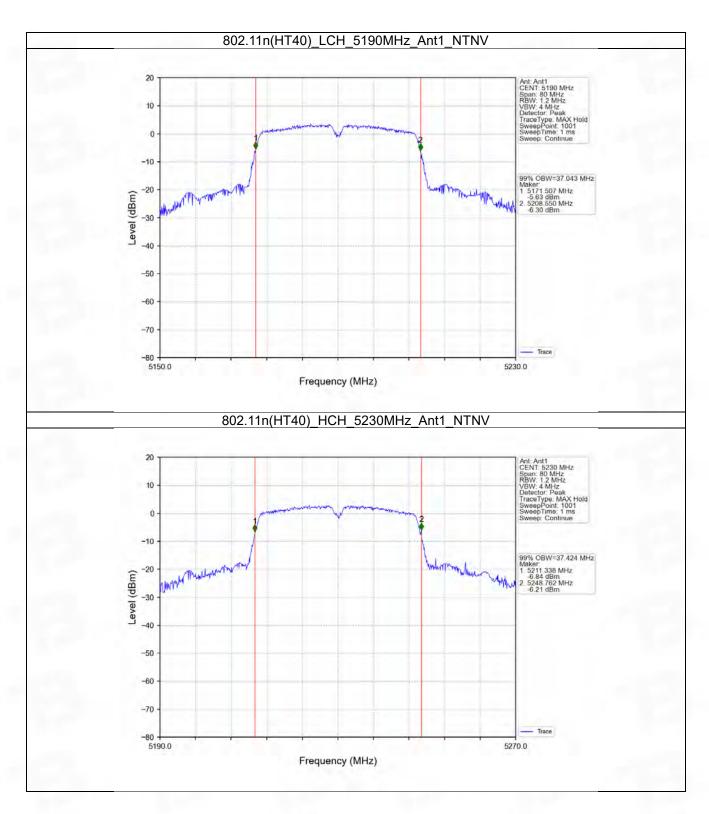




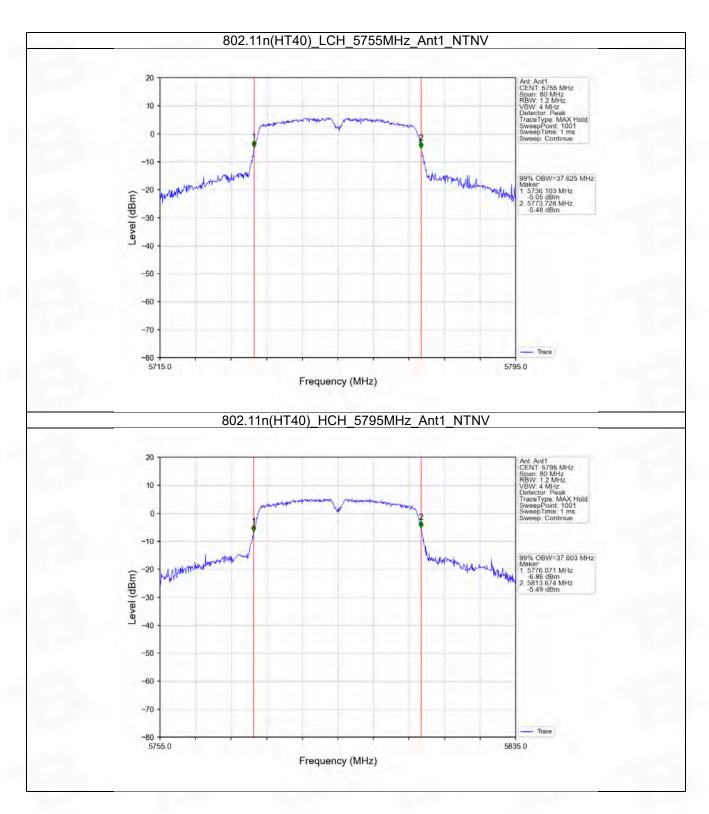




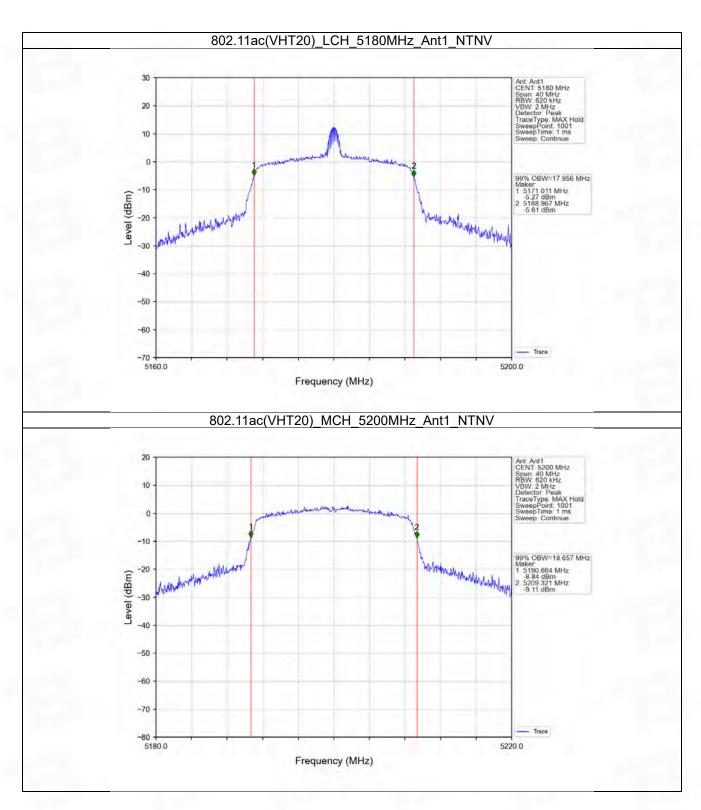




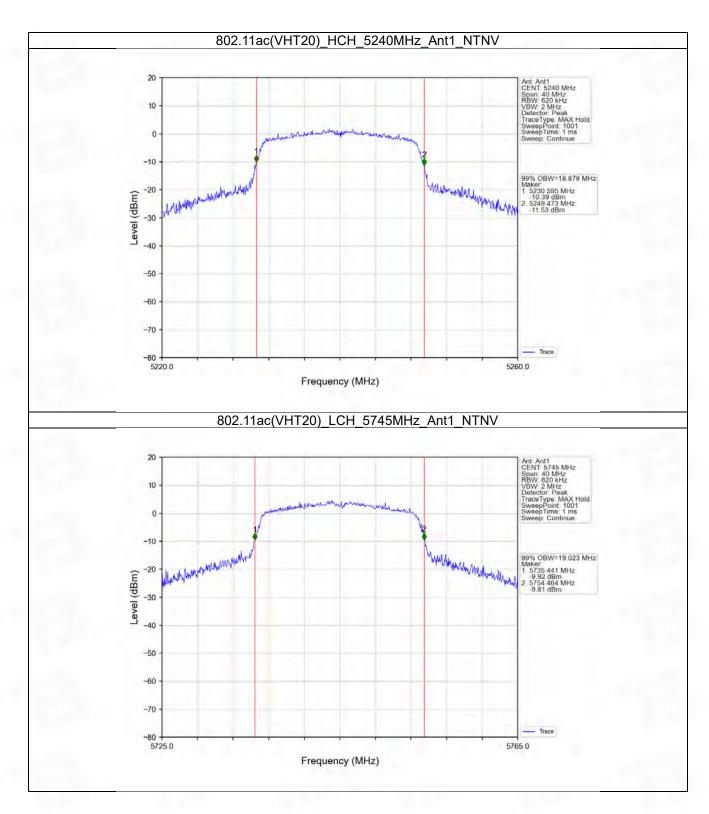




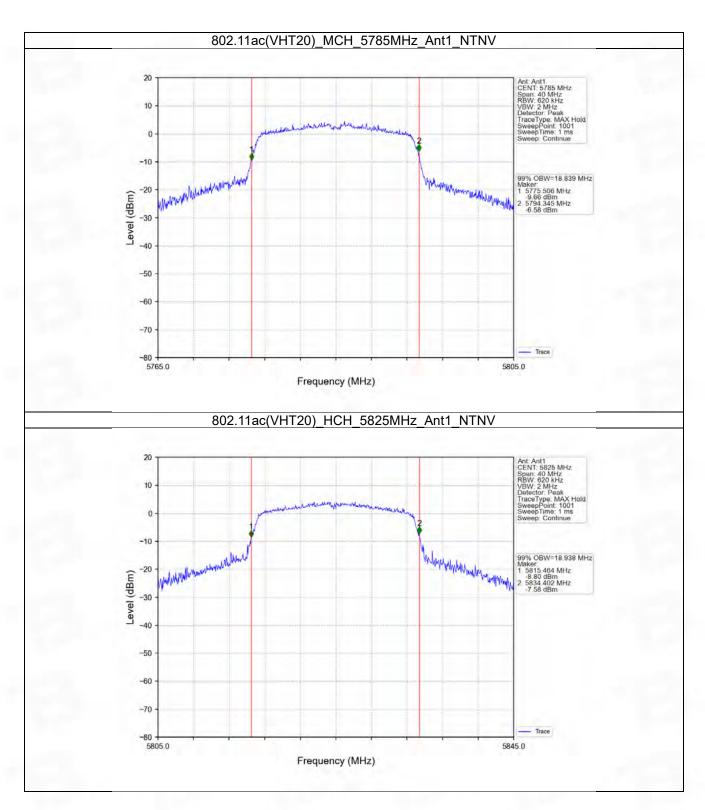




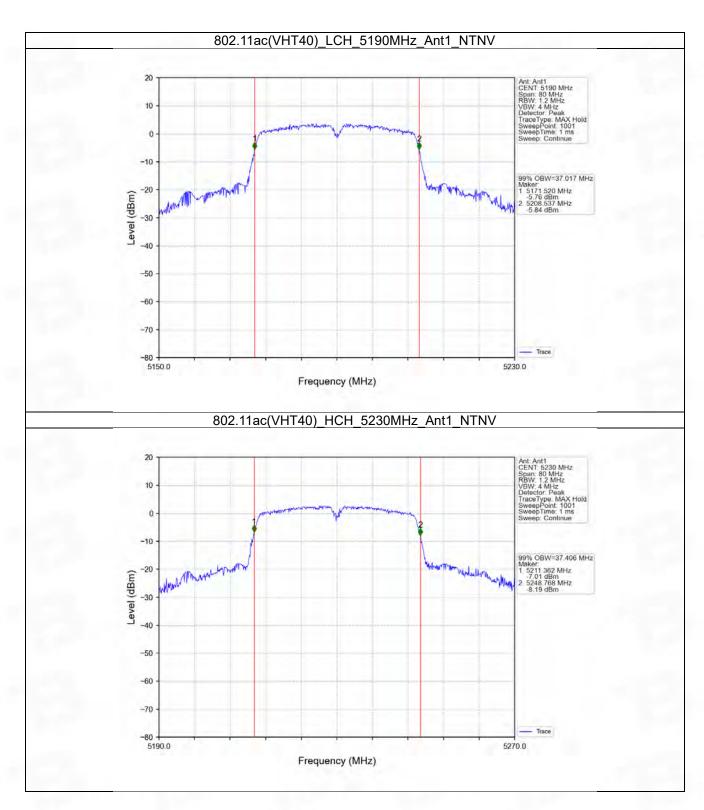




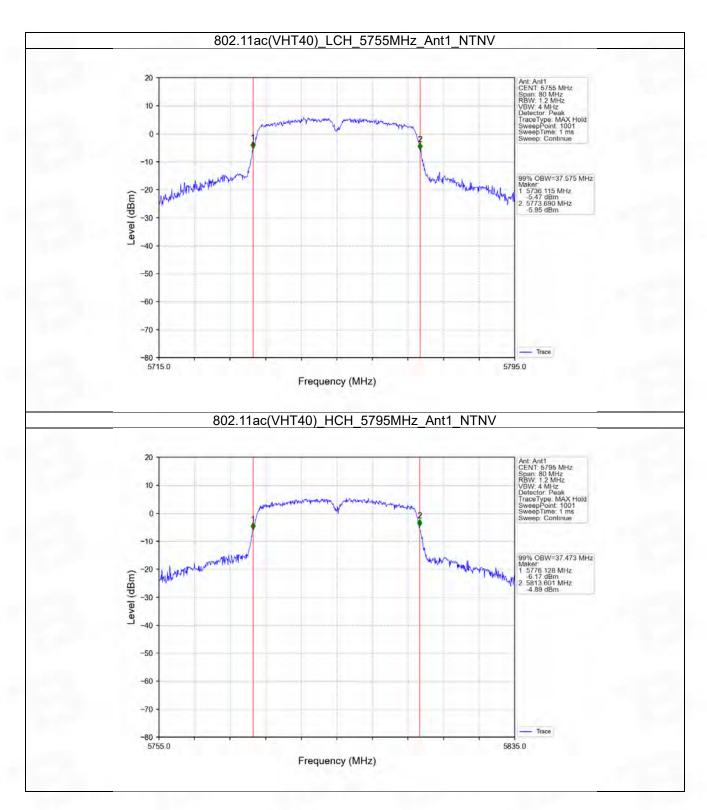


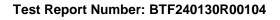














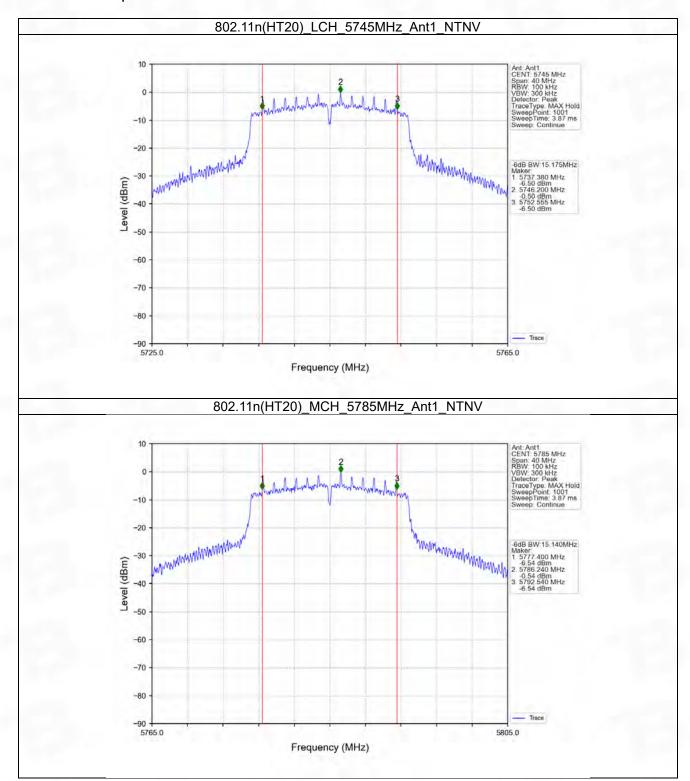
# 2.2 6dB BW

## 2.2.1 Test Result

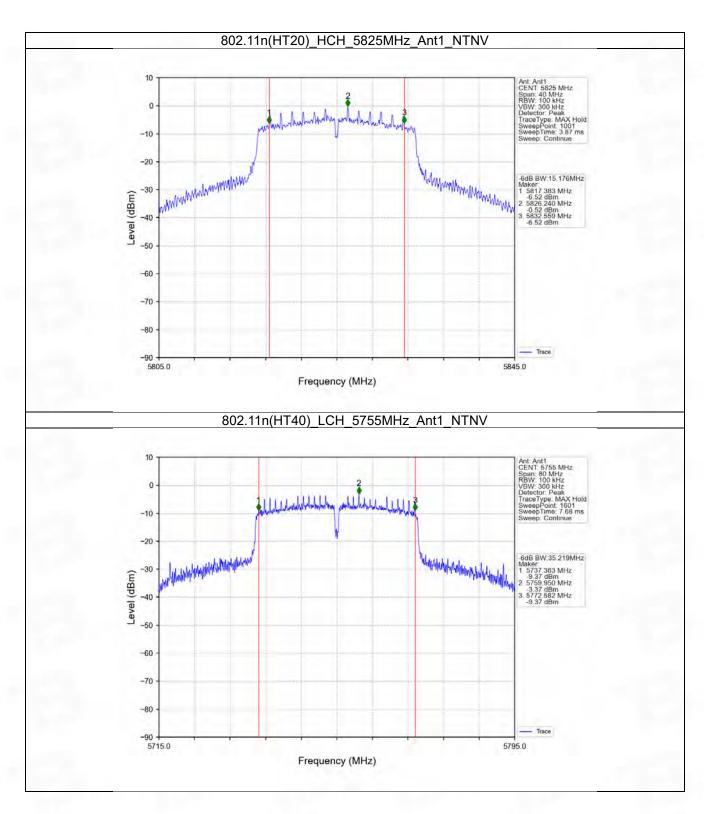
	T .						
Mode	TX	Frequency	ANT	6dB Bandw	idth (MHz)	Verdict	
Mode	Туре	(MHz)	ANI	Result	Limit	verdict	
802.11n (HT20)		5745	1	15.175	>=0.5	Pass	
	SISO	5785	1	15.140	>=0.5	Pass	
		5825	1	15.176	>=0.5	Pass	
802.11n	SISO	5755	1	35.219	>=0.5	Pass	
(HT40)		5795	1	35.182	>=0.5	Pass	
000 44		5745	1	15.155	>=0.5	Pass	
802.11ac	SISO	5785	1	15.110	>=0.5	Pass	
(VHT20)		5825	1	15.173	>=0.5	Pass	
802.11ac (VHT40)	CICO	5755	1	35.198	>=0.5	Pass	
	SISO	5795	1	35.218	>=0.5	Pass	



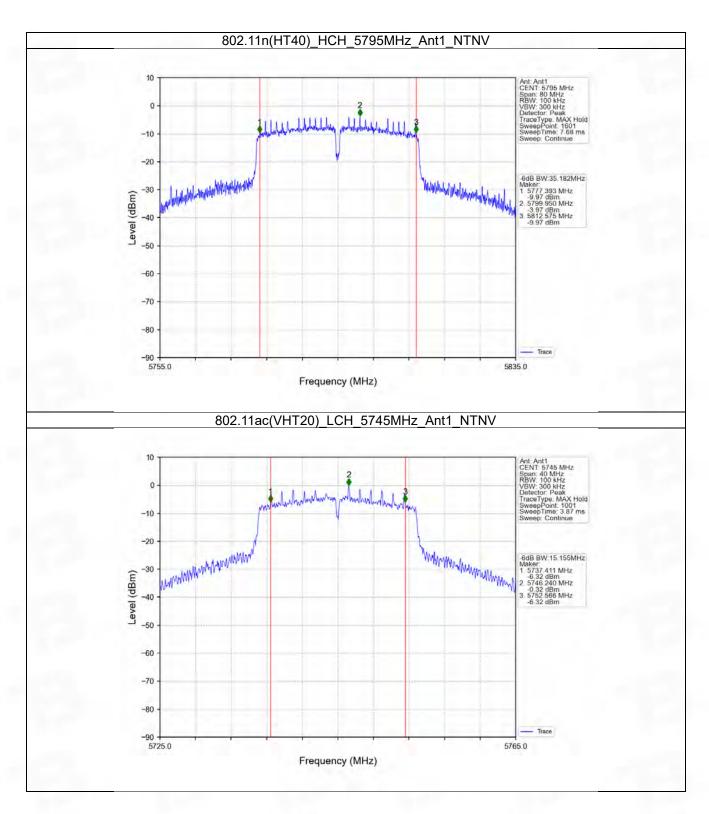
#### 2.2.2 Test Graph



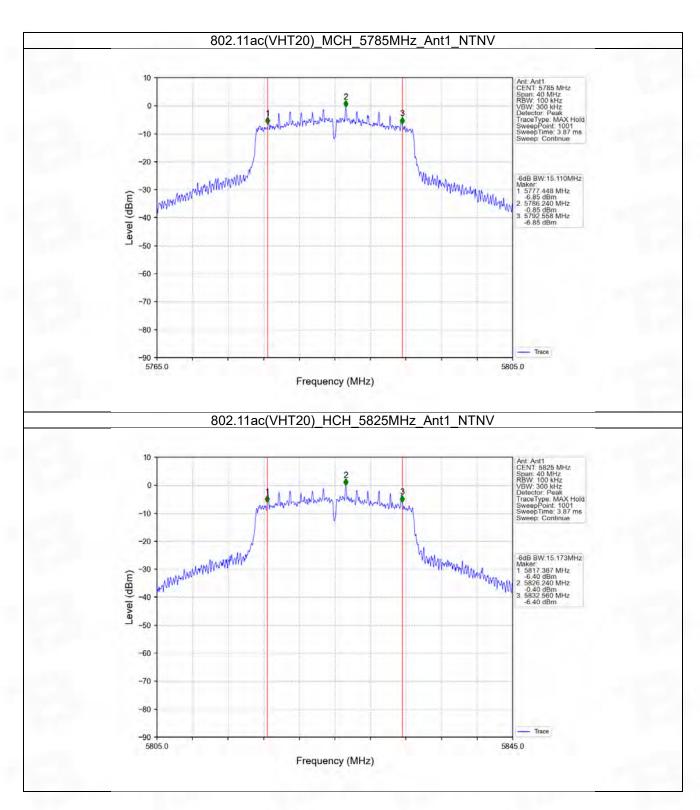




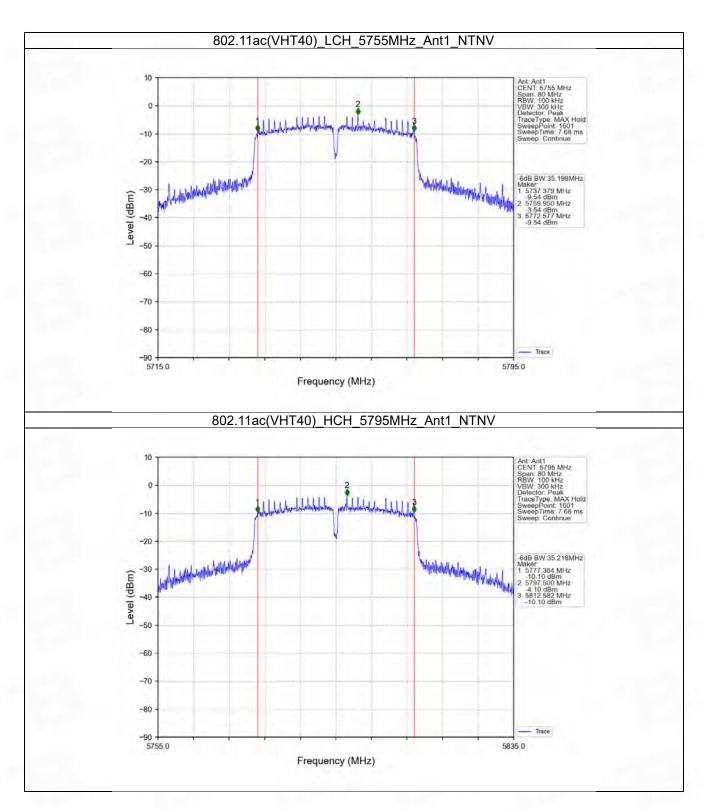


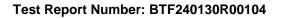














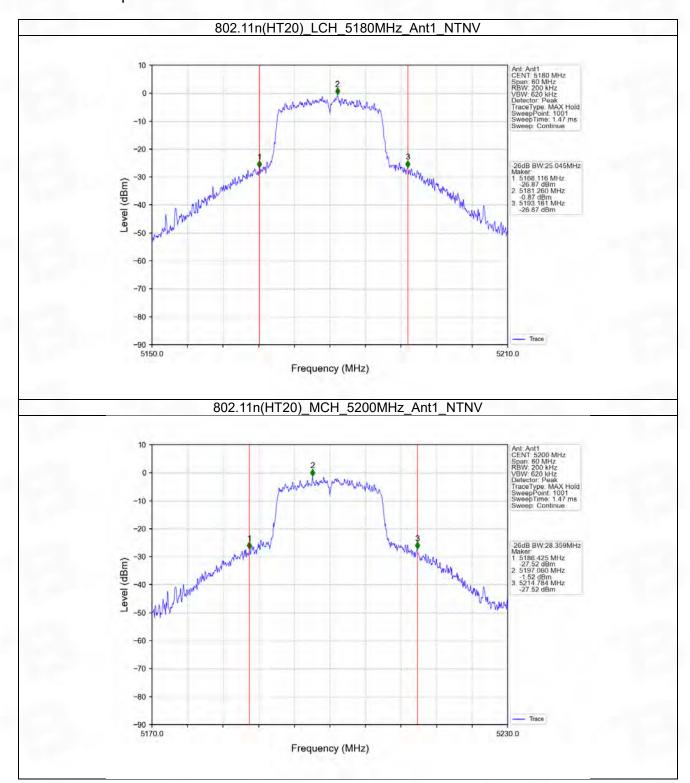
## 2.3 26dB BW

## 2.3.1 Test Result

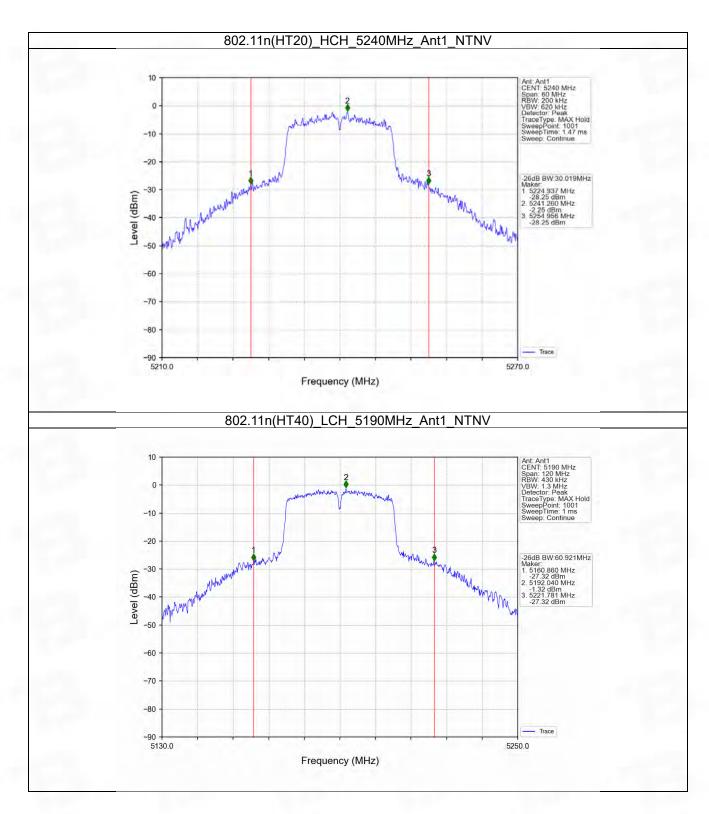
Mode	TX	Frequency	ANT	26dB Bandv	Vardiet		
Mode	Type	(MHz)	ANI	Result	Limit	Verdict	
000 44=		5180	1	25.045	1	Pass	
802.11n (HT20)	SISO	5200	1	28.359	1	Pass	
(П120)		5240	1	30.019	1	Pass	
802.11n	SISO	5190	1	60.921	1	Pass	
(HT40)	3130	5230	1	69.700	1	Pass	
000 11		5180	1	27.073	1	Pass	
802.11ac	SISO	5200	1	27.226	1	Pass	
(VHT20)		5240	1	30.659	1	Pass	
802.11ac	CICO	5190	1	65.087	1	Pass	
(VHT40)	SISO	5230	1	71.207	1	Pass	



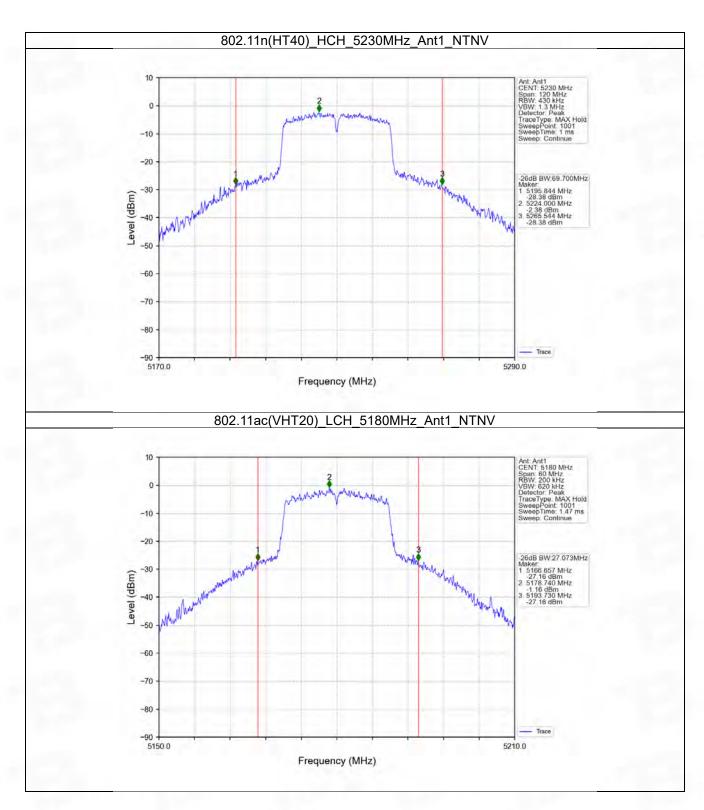
#### 2.3.2 Test Graph



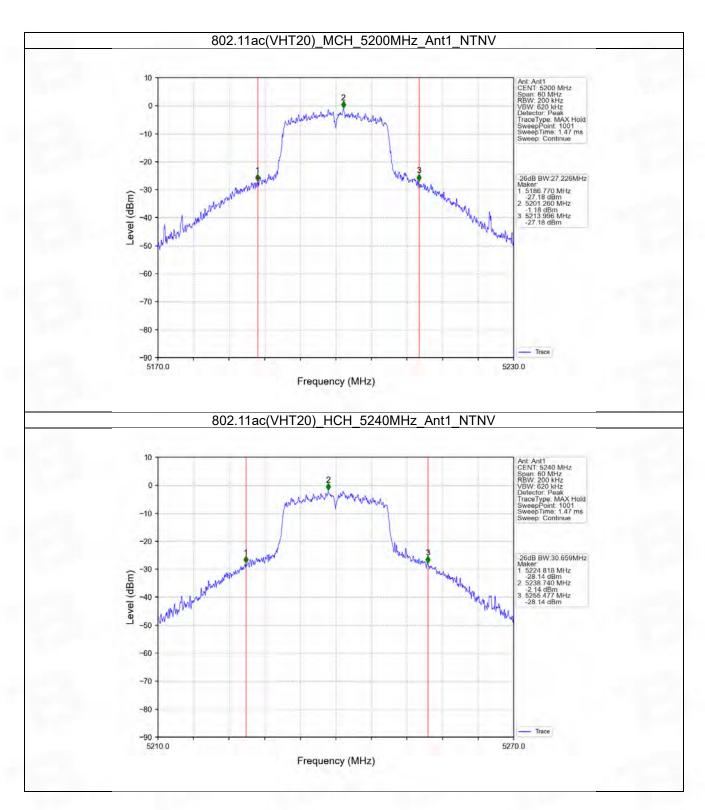




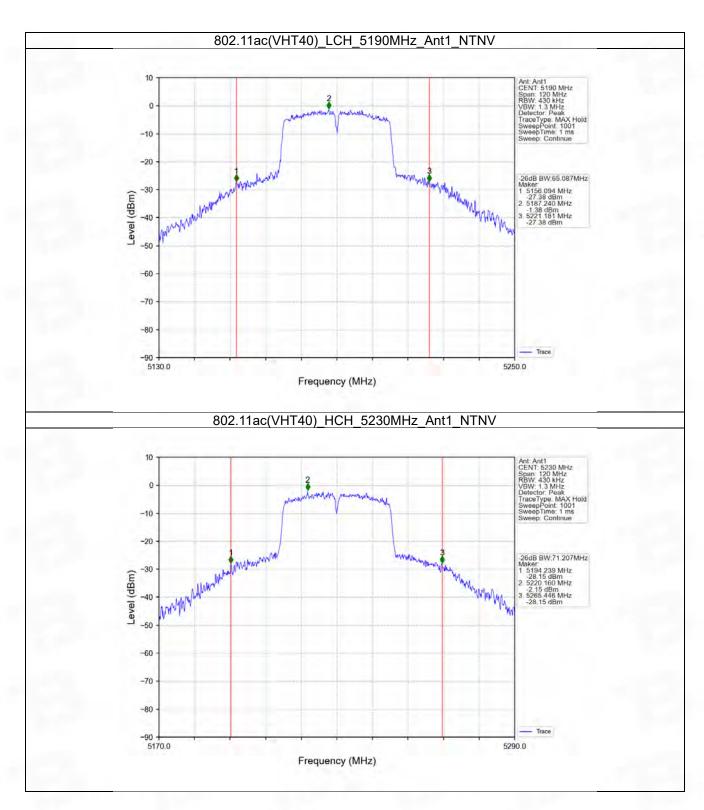


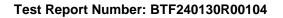












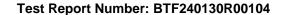


# 3. Maximum Conducted Output Power

### 3.1 Power

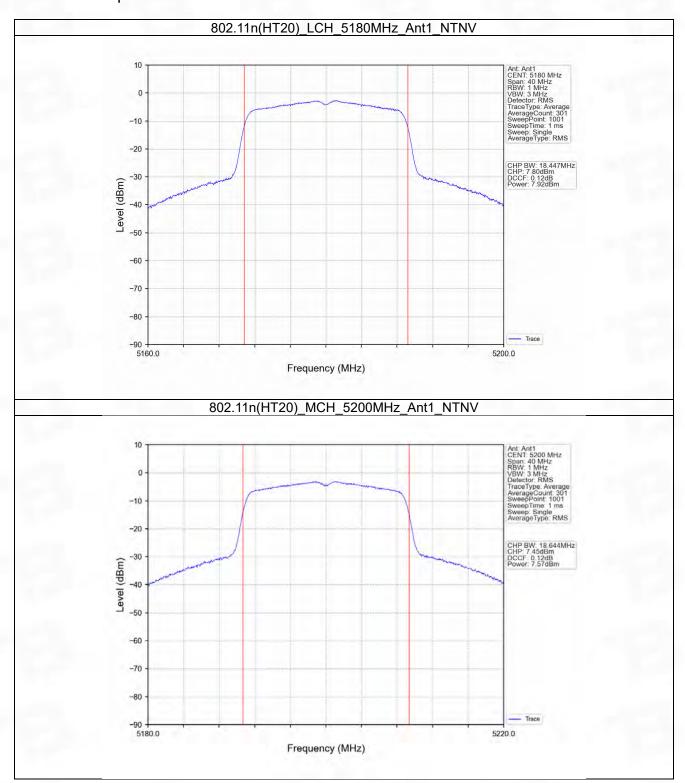
#### 3.1.1 Test Result

Mode TX Type		Frequency	Maximum Average Condu	\/ordigt	
		(MHz)	ANT1	Limit	Verdict
7,5-2	5180	7.92	<=23.98	Pass	
		5200	7.57	<=23.98	Pass
802.11n	CICO	5240	6.67	<=23.98	Pass
(HT20)	SISO	5745	9.55	<=30	Pass
		5785	9.05	<=30	Pass
		5825	9.09	<=30	Pass
		5190	7.90	<=23.98	Pass
802.11n	CICO	5230	7.36	<=23.98	Pass
(HT40)	SISO	5755	10.31	<=30	Pass
		5795	9.78	<=30	Pass
		5180	7.80	<=23.98	Pass
		5200	7.64	<=23.98	Pass
802.11ac	CICO	5240	6.87	<=23.98	Pass
(VHT20)	SISO	5745	9.43	<=30	Pass
		5785	8.95	<=30	Pass
		5825	9.18	<=30	Pass
		5190	8.07	<=23.98	Pass
802.11ac	CICO	5230	7.28	<=23.98	Pass
(VHT40)	SISO	5755	10.17	<=30	Pass
		5795	9.85	<=30	Pass

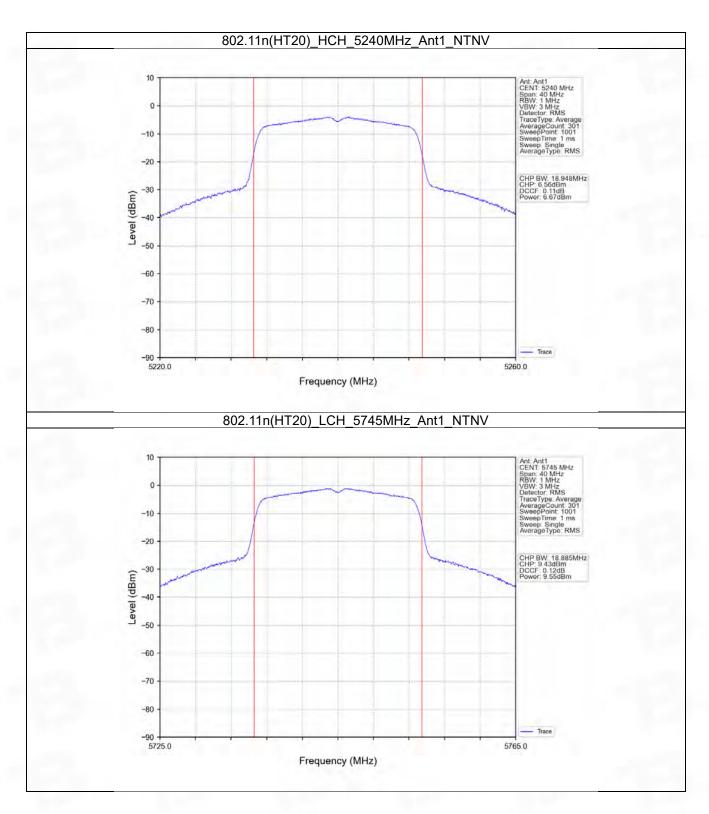




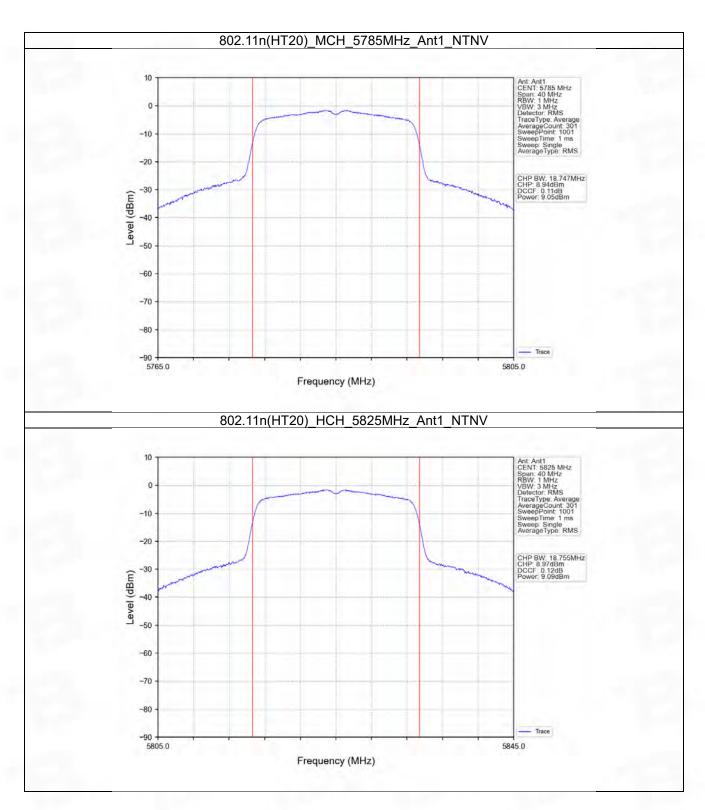
#### 3.1.2 Test Graph



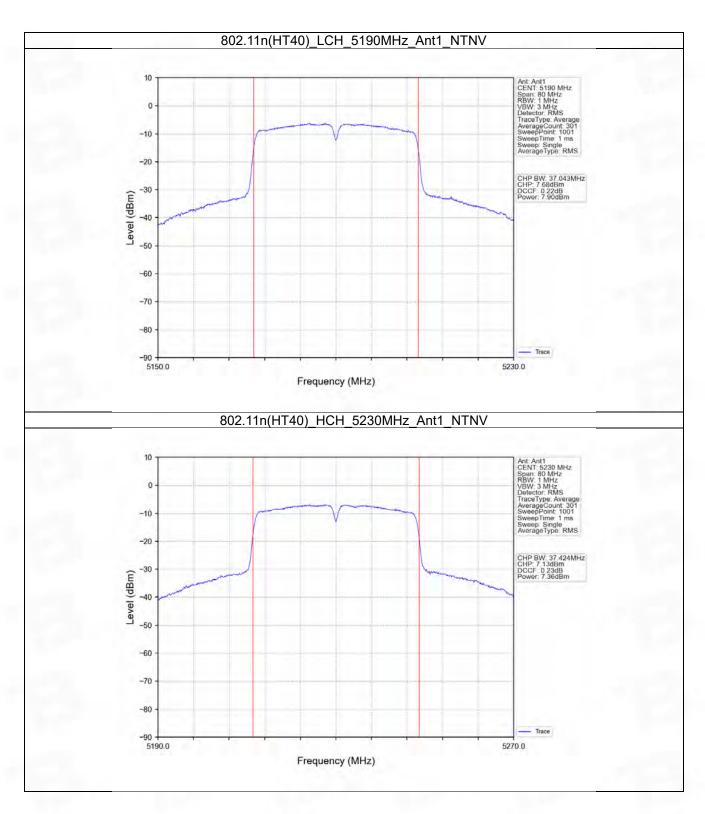




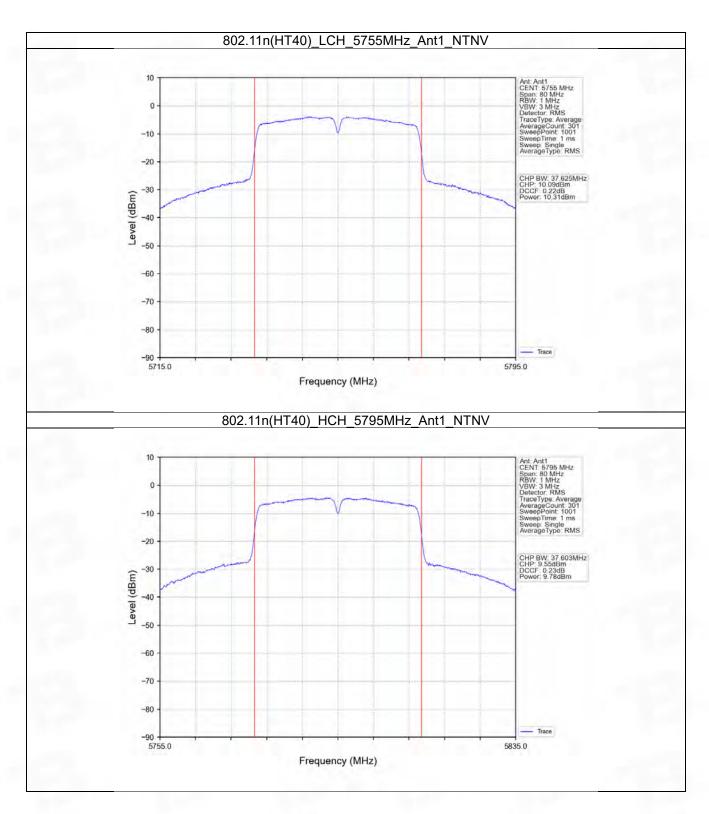




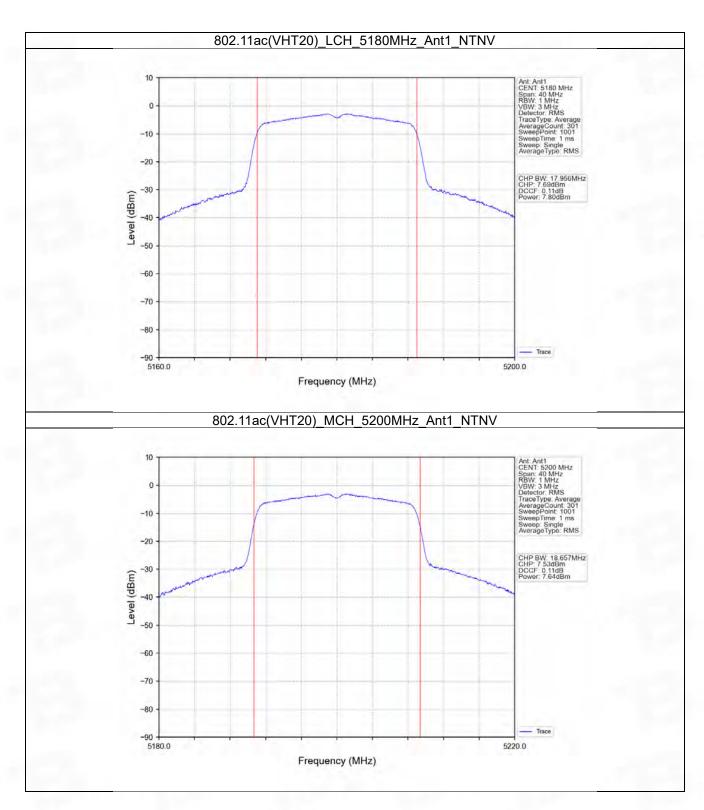




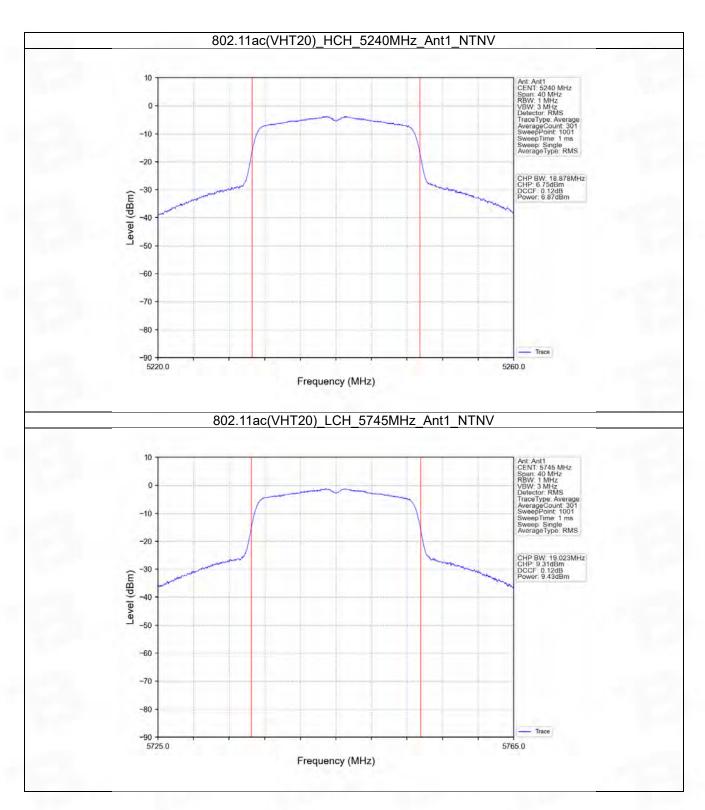




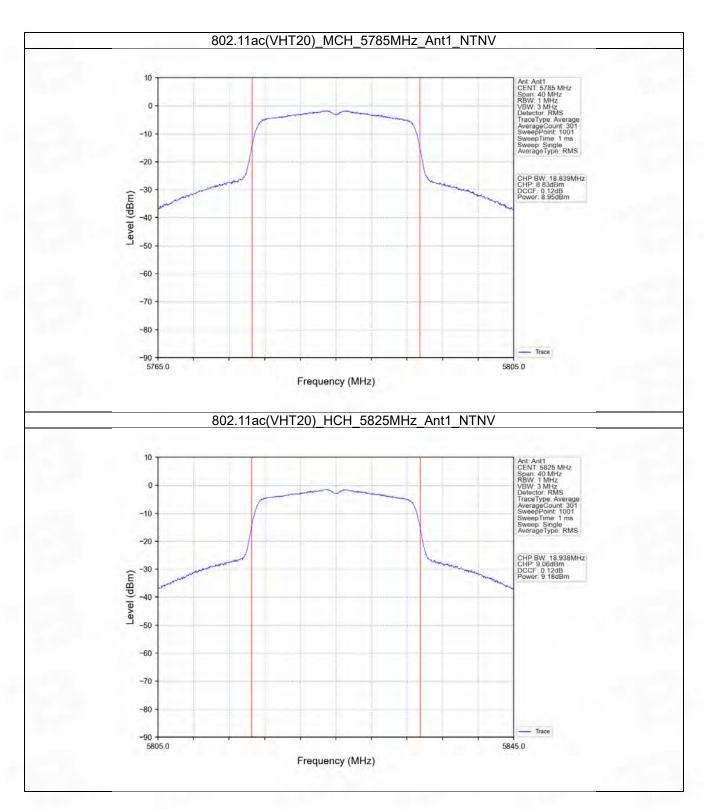




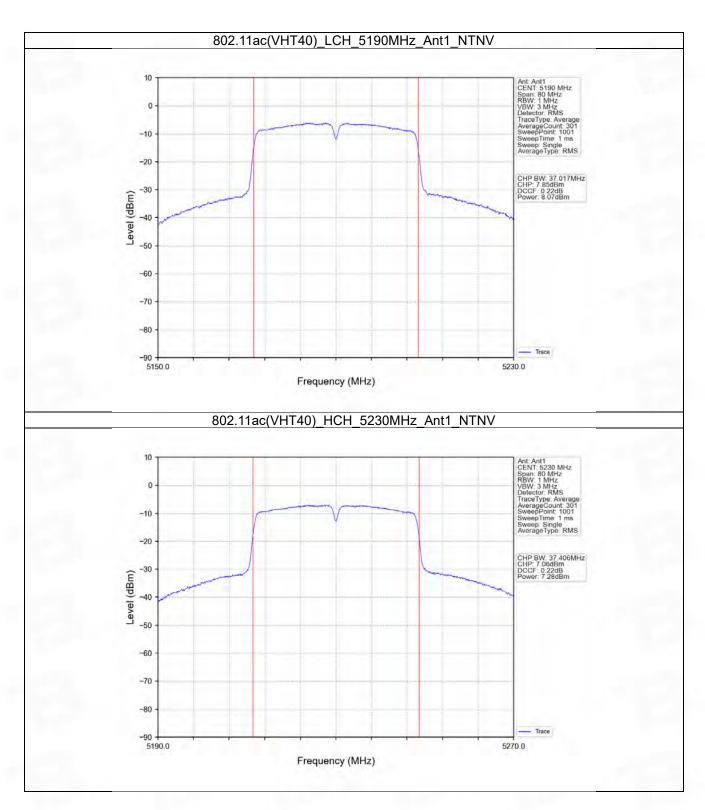




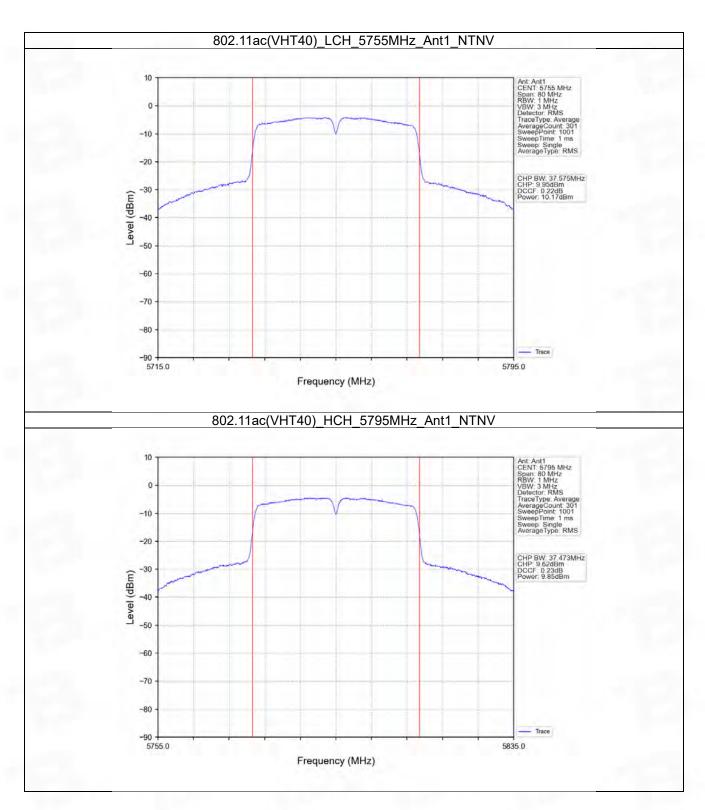


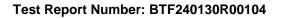












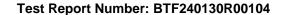


# 4. Maximum Power Spectral Density

## 4.1 PSD

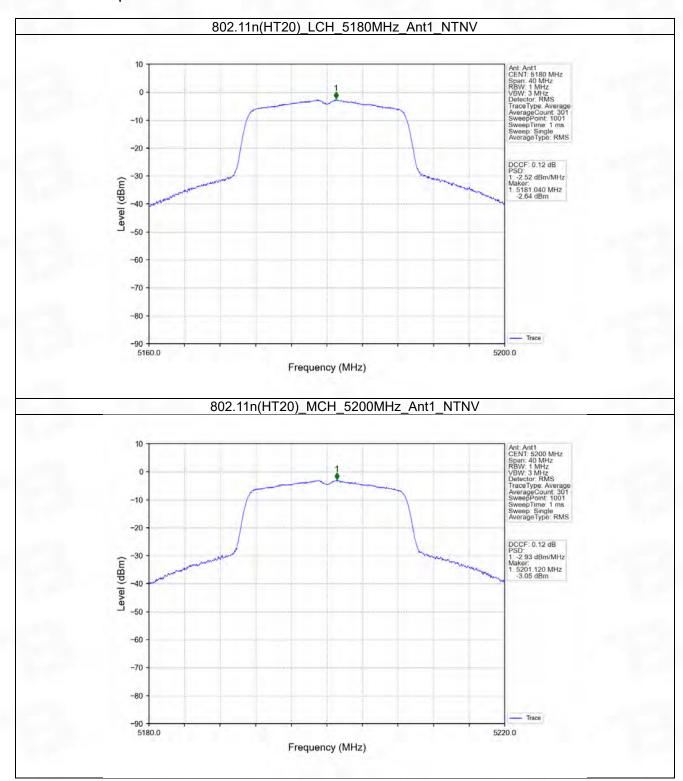
#### 4.1.1 Test Result

Mode	TX	Frequency	Maximum PS	Maximum PSD (dBm/MHz)				
Mode	Type	(MHz)	ANT1	Limit	Verdict			
802.11n		5180	-2.52	<=11	Pass			
(HT20)	SISO	5200	-2.93	<=11	Pass			
(11120)		5240	-3.92	<=11	Pass			
802.11n	SISO	5190	-6.04	<=11	Pass			
(HT40)		5230	-6.72	<=11	Pass			
902 1100	SISO	5180	-2.65	<=11	Pass			
802.11ac (VHT20)		5200	-2.78	<=11	Pass			
(11120)		5240	-3.43	<=11	Pass			
802.11ac	SISO	5190	-5.87	<=11	Pass			
(VHT40)	3130	5230	-6.56	<=11	Pass			
Note1: Antenna (	Note1: Antenna Gain: Ant1: -2.17dBi;							

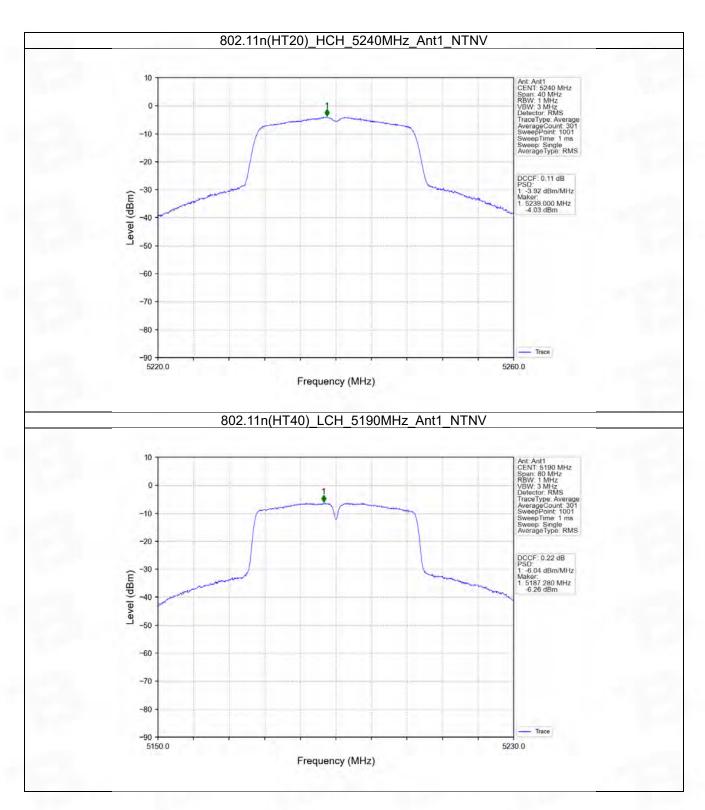




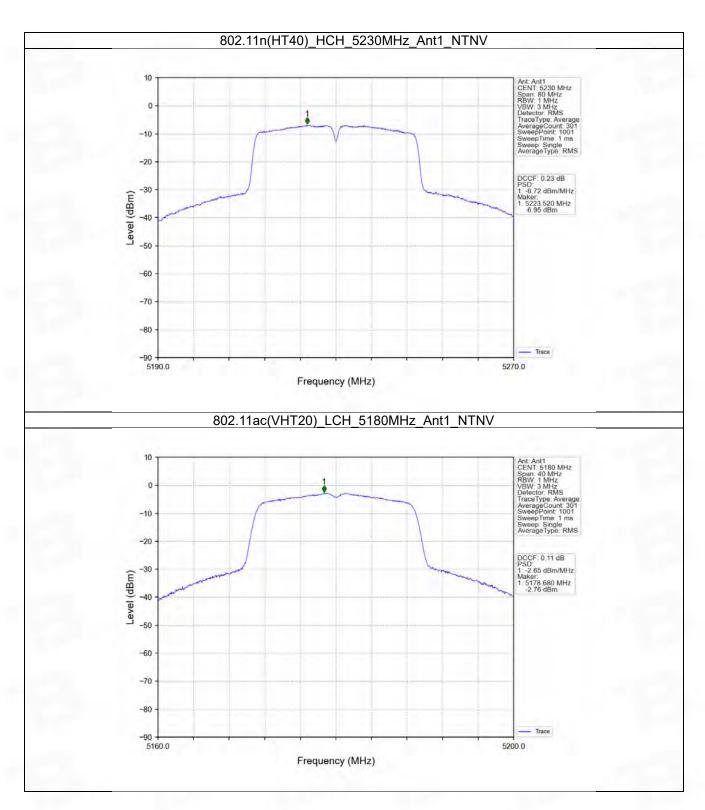
#### 4.1.2 Test Graph



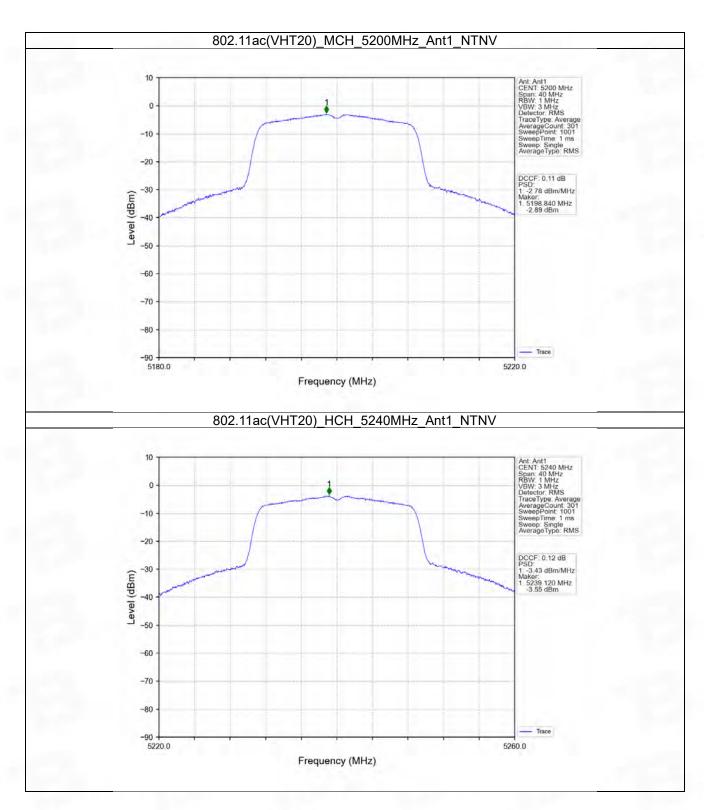




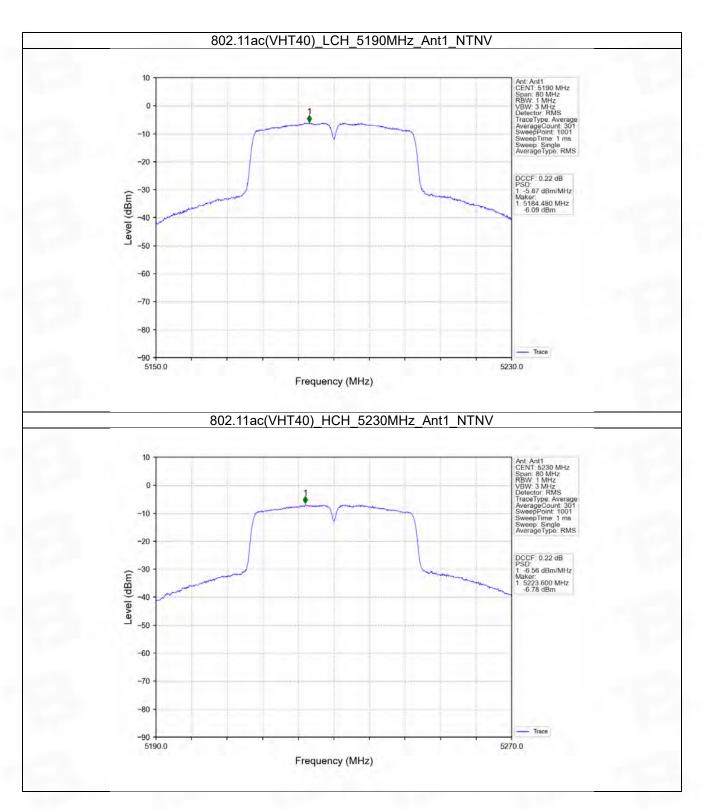


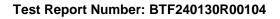














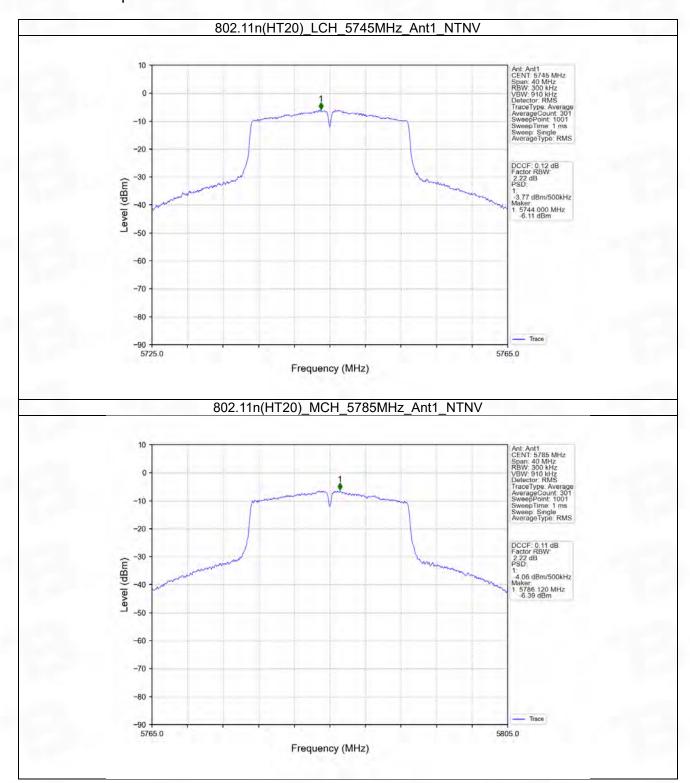
### 4.2 PSD-Band3

## 4.2.1 Test Result

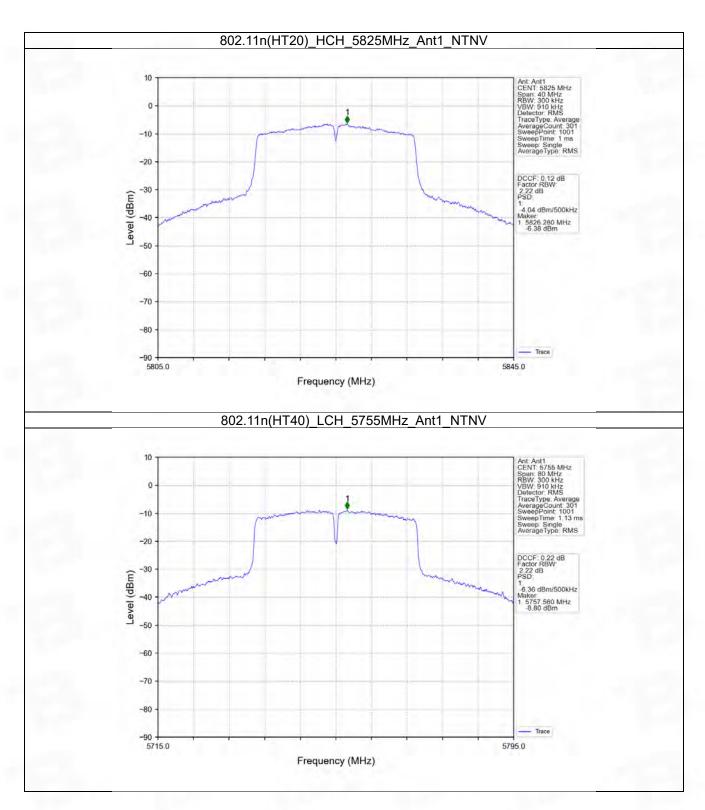
Mode	TX	Frequency	Maximum PSD	Verdict	
iviode	Type	(MHz)	ANT1	Limit	verdict
000 115		5745	-3.77	<=30	Pass
802.11n	SISO	5785	-4.06	<=30	Pass
(HT20)		5825	-4.04	<=30	Pass
802.11n	SISO	5755	-6.36	<=30	Pass
(HT40)		5795	-7.06	<=30	Pass
000 11		5745	-3.75	<=30	Pass
802.11ac (VHT20)	SISO	5785	-4.47	<=30	Pass
(VH120)		5825	-4.08	<=30	Pass
802.11ac	SISO	5755	-6.65	<=30	Pass
(VHT40)	SISO	5795	-7.08	<=30	Pass
Note1: Antenna	Gain: Ant1: -2.2	25dBi;			



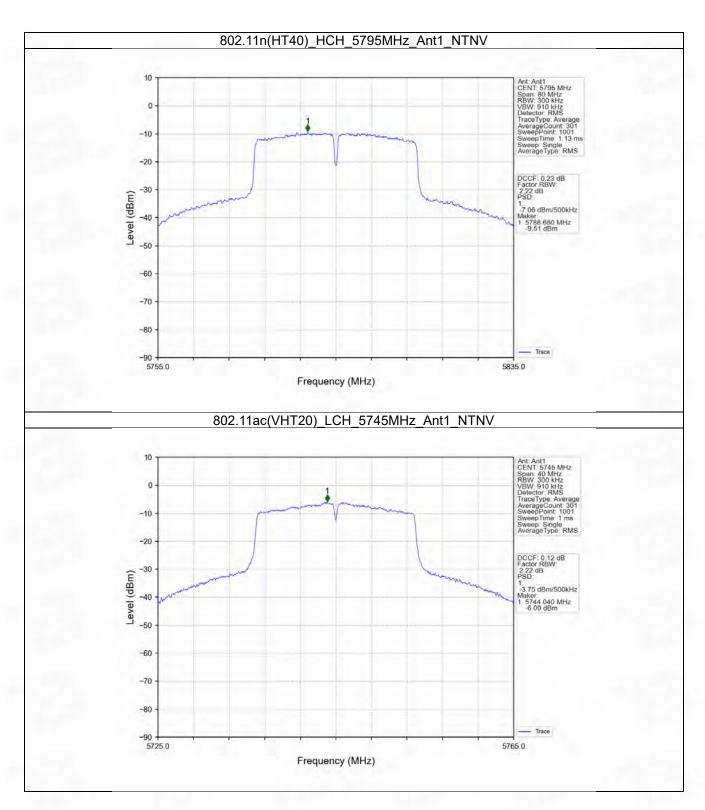
#### 4.2.2 Test Graph



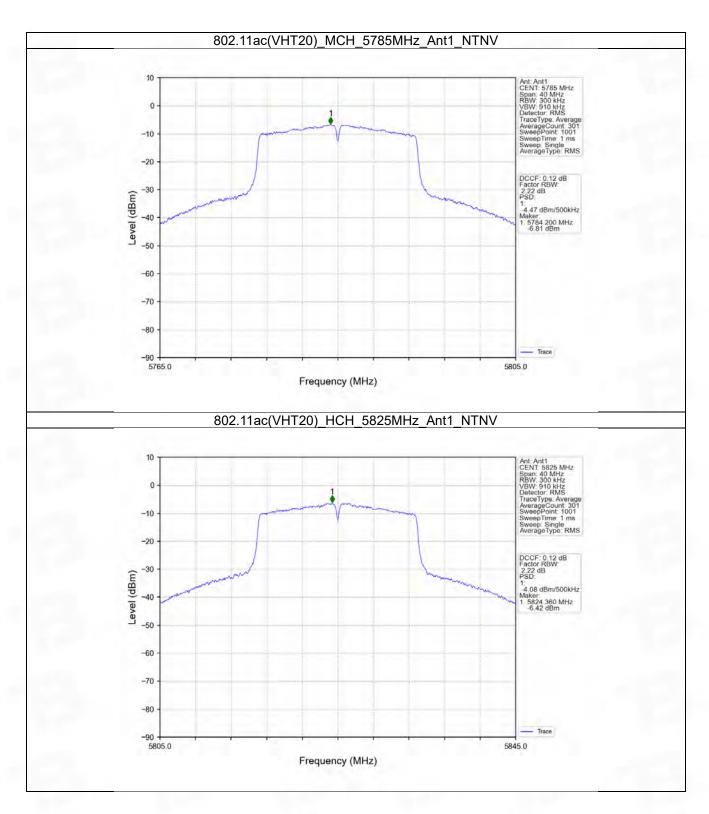




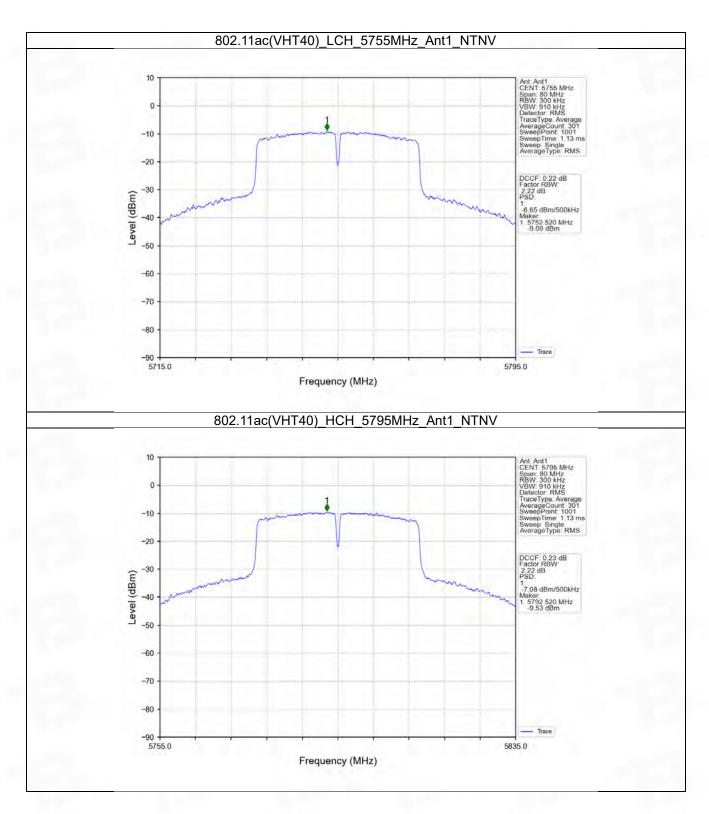


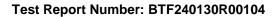














# 5. Frequency Stability

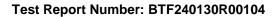
#### 5.1 Ant1

#### 5.1.1 Test Result

		_		Ant1			
Mode	TX	Frequency	Temperature	Voltage	Measured Frequency	Limit	Verdict
Wode	Type	(MHz)	(°C)	(VAC)	(MHz)	(MHz)	
				102	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5180.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5179.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5179.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5180	-10	120	5179.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5180.060	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5180.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5180.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
				102	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5200.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5200.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5200	-10	120	5199.940	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5200.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5199.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
000 44			30	120	5199.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
802.11n	SISO	0	40	120	5200.060	5150 to 5250	Pass
(HT20)			50	120	5199.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	102	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
				120	5239.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5239.900	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5240	-10	120	5240.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5239.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5239.940	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5240.060	5150 to 5250	Pass
				102	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5744.920	5725 to 5850	Pass
				138	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
		E745	-30	120	5744.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5745	-20	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-10	120	5744.920	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5745.060	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass

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Page 104 of 109

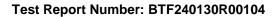




			30	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			50	120	5745.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-		30	102	5784.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	
			20				Pass
			20	138	5784.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-30	120	5784.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5705	-20	120	5784.900	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5785	-10	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5784.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5785.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5785.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
	_		50	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
				102	5825.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5825.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
				138	5824.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-30	120	5825.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-20	120	5824.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5825	-10	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5825.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			50	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
				102	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5189.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5189.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5190	-10	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
				102	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
802.11n	SISO			138	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
(HT40)	0100		-30	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5230	-10	120	5229.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5229.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5229.920	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5230.080	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
				102	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
				138	5754.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5755	-30	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-20	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-10	120	5754.960	5725 to 5850	Pass

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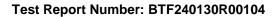




	1		0	120	E7EE 000	5725 to 5050	Dooo
			10	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
					5755.000	5725 to 5850 5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5755.000		Pass
			40	120	5755.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-		50	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			00	102	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
				138	5795.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-30	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-20	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5795	-10	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5795.040	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5795.080	5725 to 5850	Pass
			50	120	5794.920	5725 to 5850	Pass
				102	5180.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5180.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5180	-20	120	5179.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-10	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5180.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5180.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5179.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5180.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5200		102	5199.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5199.940	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5199.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5200.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-10	120	5199.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
000 44			0	120	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
802.11ac	SISO		10	120	5200.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
(VHT20)			30	120	5200.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5200.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5199.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
				102	5240.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5240.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5240.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5240.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5240	-10	120	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5240.020	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5239.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5239.940	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5240.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5239.980	5150 to 5250	Pass
	-		- 50	102	5744.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5744.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5745	20	138	5744.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-30				Pass
			-30	120	5745.020	5725 to 5850	

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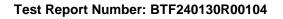




			-20	120	5744.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-10	120	5745.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5744.960	5725 to 5850	
1		_	50	120			Pass
	-		50		5745.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			00	102	5784.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5785.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
		-		138	5785.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
		-	-30	120	5784.880	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5705	-20	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5785	-10	120	5784.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5785.060	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5784.940	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5784.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5785.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			50	120	5784.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
				102	5825.020	5725 to 5850	Pass
			20	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
				138	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-30	120	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			-20	120	5824.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5825	-10	120	5824.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
			0	120	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			10	120	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			30	120	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
			40	120	5824.980	5725 to 5850	Pass
			50	120	5825.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
				102	5189.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			20	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5189.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5190	-10	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5190.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5189.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			40	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5190.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
802.11ac	SISO			102	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
(VHT40)	3130		20	120	5230.040	5150 to 5250	Pass
				138	5229.920	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-30	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			-20	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5230	-10	120	5229.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
			0	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			10	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			30	120	5229.960	5150 to 5250	Pass
		<u> </u>	40	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
			50	120	5230.000	5150 to 5250	Pass
		5755		102	5754.920	5725 to 5850	Pass
		5755	20	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass

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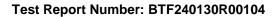
		138	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-30	120	5754.920	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-20	120	5754.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-10	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	0	120	5754.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	10	120	5754.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	30	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	40	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	50	120	5755.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
		102	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	20	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
		138	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-30	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	-20	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
5795	-10	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	0	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	10	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	30	120	5795.000	5725 to 5850	Pass
	40	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass
	50	120	5794.960	5725 to 5850	Pass

# 6. Form731

### 6.1 Form731

### 6.1.1 Test Result

Lower Freq (MHz)	High Freq (MHz)	MAX Power (W)	MAX Power (dBm)
5180	5240	0.0062	7.92
5745	5825	0.0090	9.55
5190	5230	0.0064	8.07
5755	5795	0.0107	10.31







BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

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