The MPE Data of NKE-2255

Type NKE-2255-6HS, NKE-2255-7, NKE-2255-9
X-band Scanner Unit

REV1.0 26th July 2019

Manufacture

Japan Radio Co., Ltd.

Address

NAKANO CENTRAL PARK EAST

10-1, Nakano 4-chome, Nakano-ku

Tokyo 164-0001, Japan

Authorization

Evaluated by

Mr. Toshihiro Saitoh

Marine Radar Group

Signature

Data

26th July 2019

Authorized by

Mr. Masaru Kawaguchi

Manager of Marine Radar Group

M. Kawaguchi

Signature

26th July 2019

Data

1. Regulation

47 CFR §1.1310 Radiofrequency radiation exposure
Table 1. LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

(A) Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure

Frequency range [MHz]	Power density [mW/cm ²]	Averaging time [minutes]
1,5000-100,000	5.0	6

2. Result

Power density of NKE-2255-6HS, NKE-2255-7 and NKE-2255-9 are satisfied MPE limits (5.0mW/cm²) in all region.

Calculated Maximum power density in all region

NKE-2255-6HS	NKE-2255-7	NKE-2255-9
1.348 mW/cm ²	0.934 mW/cm ²	0.576 mW/cm ²

3. Details

EUT	NKE-2255-6HS	NKE-2255-7	NKE-2255-9	
P	16250 mW			
f	9410 MHz			
λ	3.188 cm			
G	30.1 dBi	30.5 dBi	31.9 dBi	
R _{nf}	2407.0 cm	3476.0 cm	5638.1 cm	
R _{ff}	5776.8 cm	8342.4 cm	13531.4 cm	
S _{nf}	1.348 mW/cm ²	0.934 mW/cm ²	0.576 mW/cm ²	
$S_t _{max}$	II.	"	<i>''</i>	
$ S_{ff} _{max}$	0.040 mW/cm ²	0.021 mW/cm ²	0.011 mW/cm ²	

- ※
 P is maximum average power of the EUT. (Peak Power 25kW, Maximum Duty Cycle 0.00065)
- **x** f is typical value.
- **% G** is measured value refer to "The Test Data of Antenna".

Calculated by prediction method refer to "OET Bulletin 65" as follows:

$$R_{nf}=\frac{D^2}{4\lambda}$$

$$R_{ff} = \frac{0.6D^2}{\lambda}$$

$$S_{nf}=\frac{16\eta P}{\pi D^2}$$

$$S_t = \frac{S_{nf}R_{nf}}{R} \rightarrow S_t|_{max} = \frac{S_{nf}R_{nf}}{R_{nf}} = S_{nf}$$

$$S_{ff} = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2} \rightarrow S_{ff}|_{max} = \frac{PG}{4\pi R_{ff}^2}$$

P : average power

 λ : wavelength

 η : aperture efficiency

G: antenna gain

D: maximum dimension of antenna

 $R_{nf}\;\;$: distance to extending of near-field

 $egin{aligned} R_{ff} & : \mbox{distance to beginning of far-field} \ S_{nf} & : \mbox{power density in near-field region} \end{aligned}$

 $\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{t}}$: power density in transition region

 $\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{ff}}$: power density in far-field region