# HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2ADINS6707X

Equipment : 5G Samrtphone

Brand Name : NUU

Model Name : S6707X

Marketing Name : NUU X10 5G, X10 5G

Results : PASS

Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.

Applicant : 16/F, CEO Tower, 77 Wing Hong Street, Cheung

Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Suncupid (ShenZhen) Electronic Ltd.

Manufacturer : Baolong Industrial City, Longgang District,

ShenZhen Hi-Tech Road, Building 1, A7, China.

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2019

The product was received on Aug. 13, 2024 and testing was started from Sep. 04, 2024 and completed on Sep. 07, 2024. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2019 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Qua Grange





Report No.: HA480507

Sporton International Inc. Wensan Laboratory

No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan

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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix C. Test Setup Photos

## History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA480507	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 11, 2024

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### 1. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	Sun Cupid Technology (HK) Ltd.
Equipment Name	5G Samrtphone
Brand Name	NUU
Model Name	S6707X
IMEI	35091516003005
FCC ID	2ADINS6707X
HW Version	V01
SW Version	S6707X-AM-U-MV12804-01.f
EUT Stage	Engineering samples
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz GSM1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 2370 MHz LTE Band 67: 663 MHz ~ 1800 MHz LTE Band 68: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz LTE Band 67: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz 5G NR n66: 2315 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n66: 2305 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz 5G NR n66: 8550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz 5G NR n83: 2550 MHz ~ 2620 MHz 5G NR n86: 1710 MHz ~ 698 MHz 5G NR n86: 1710 MHz ~ 2680 MHz 5G NR n87: 3450 MHz ~ 2690 MHz 5G NR n88: 2570 MHz ~ 2600 MHz 5G NR n86: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz 5G NR n87: 3450MHz ~ 3800 MHz 5G NR n78: 3450MHz ~ 3800 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5700 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is supported) LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11a/n HT20/HT40 WLAN 5GHz 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Daisy Peng</u>

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### 2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 3786) and the FCC designation No. TW3786 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No.58, Aly. 75, Ln. 564, Wenhua 3rd, Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333010, Taiwan TEL:+886-3-327-0838 FAX: +886-3-327-0855				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR15-HY				

### 3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2019
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v06r04
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v04
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r06

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#### 4. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
	GSM850	VO	Vac	WLAN, BT	CMDC Vains	
GSM	GSM1900	7 0	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	Full
GSIVI	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	Full
	EDGE1900	VD	ies	WLAN, BT	Google Meet	
	Band 2			WLAN, BT		
UMTS	Band 4	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	Full
UWIS	Band 5			WLAN, BT		Full
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT	\/-!.TE	
LTE	Band 13	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	ies	5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Week	Full
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT	-	
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		
LTE (TDD)	Band 48	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE / Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n7			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n25			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n30			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n38			LTE, WLAN, BT	VoNR	
5G NR	n40	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	/	Full
	n41			LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	
	n48			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	n78			LTE, WLAN, BT		
	2450			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR		
	5200			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, BT	VoWiFi	
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, BT	1	Full
	5500			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, BT	Google Meet <sup>(1)</sup>	
	5800			GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, BT		
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM, WCDMA, LTE, 5G NR, WLAN 5GHz	NA	NA

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Type Transport:

VO= Voice only

DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

#### Remark:

- For protocols not listed in Table 6.1 of ANSI C63.19:2019, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.

  Because features of Google Meet allow the option of voice-only communications, Meet has been tested for HAC/T-Coil compatibility to ensure the best user experience.
- This is partial report for CMRS voice T-Coil testing. VOIP test report will be separately submitted.

  Due the GSM/UMTS/LTE/5GFR1 and WIFI operation doesn't support Time average SAR feature, therefore, GSM/UMTS/LTE/5GFR1 and WIFI operation were assessment at the maximum power level to meet HAC T-coil compliance.

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#### 5. T-Coil coupling mode requirements

#### 5.1 T-Coil coupling qualifying field strengths

When measured as specified in this standard, there are two groups of qualifying measurement points:

Primary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its T-Coil signal, desired ABM signal,  $\geq -18$  dB(A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter. These measurements shall be made with the WD operating at a reference input level as specified in Table 6.1. simultaneously, the qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field  $\leq -38$  dB(A/m).

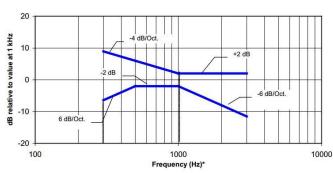
Secondary group: A qualifying measurement point shall have its weighted magnetic noise, undesired ABM field ≤-38 dB(A/m). This group inherently includes all the members of the primary group.

These levels are designed to be compatible with hearing aids that produce the same acoustic output level for either an acoustic input level of 65 dB SPL or a magnetic input level of −25 dB(A/m) (56.2 mA/m) 39 at either 1.0 kHz or 1.6 kHz. The hearing aid operational measurements are performed per ANSI S3.22-2014

#### 5.2 Frequency Response

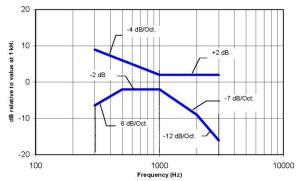
The frequency response of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this subclause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4 and Figure 6.5 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3 kHz.

Figure 6.4—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field ≤-15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz



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NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 6.5—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a maximum field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

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#### 5.3 Desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field qualification requirements

#### <Non-2G GSM operating modes>

The goal of this requirement is to ensure an adequate area where desired ABM signal is sufficiently strong to be heard clearly and a larger area where undesired ABM field is sufficiently low as to avoid undue annoyance. Qualifying measurement points shall fulfill the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and

secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 75 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 300 contiquous measurement points

Additionally, to avoid an oddly shaped area of low noise, the secondary group shall include at least one longitudinal column of at least 10 contiguous qualifying points and at least one transverse row containing at least 15 contiguous qualifying points.

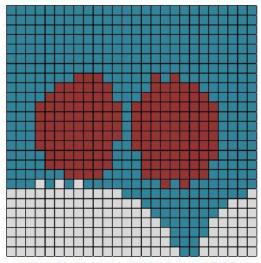
Figure 6.6 is an example of a qualifying scan. The total number of primary group qualifying measurement points is 161, which is ≥75. The total number of secondary group qualifying points is 536, which is ≥300

The secondary group has a longitudinal column of 26, which is ≥10, and a transverse row also of 26 contiguous points, which is ≥15

#### <2G GSM operating modes>

If the 2G GSM operating mode(s) are selected for qualification, the qualifying measurement points shall fulfil the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2; both the primary and secondary group requirements shall be met:

- The primary group shall include at least 25 measurement points
- The secondary group shall include at least 125 contiquous measurement points



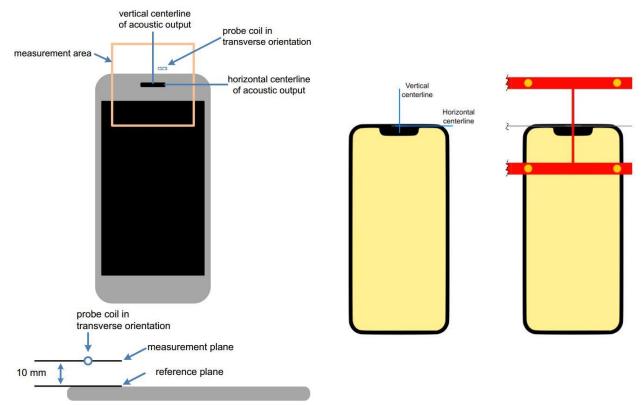
Red (primary group): AB desired ABM signal M1  $\ge$  18 dB(A/m) and undesired ABM field  $\le$  38 dB(A/m) Blue and red (secondary group): undesired ABM field  $\le$  38 dB(A/m)

Figure 6.6—An example of a qualifying desired ABM signal, undesired ABM field scan:

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#### 5.4T-Coil measurement and reference plane



Measurement and reference planes probe orientation for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

Device Under Test Positioning under the Test Arch

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#### The T-Coil measurement plane, reference plane and other measurement parameters shall be:

- a. The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- b. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 1 0 mm in front of, the reference plane.
- c. The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the acoustic output (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on or near a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the reference axis and resultant measurement area shall be noted in the test report.
- d. The measurement area shall be 50 mm by 50 mm. The measurement area for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field may be located where the transverse magnetic measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement area should be in the vicinity of the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.
- e. Measurements of desired ABM signal strength and undesired ABM field are made at 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm or 4 mm intervals in an X-Y measurement area pattern over the entire measurement area (676 measurement points total); either all measured, or measured plus interpolated, per ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4
- f. Desired ABM signal frequency response is measured at a single location at or near the maximum
- g. desired ABM signal strength location.
- h. The actual locations of the measurement points shall be noted in the test report.

#### 6. Test procedure for T-Coil signal

This subclause describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. Measurements shall be performed over a measurement area 50 mm square, in the measurement plane, as specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3. The measurement area shall be scanned with a uniform measurement point spacing of 2.0 mm ± 0.5 mm in each X-Y axis of the plane, yielding 676 measurement points with approximately even spacing throughout the area

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Optionally, measurement point spacing may be increased to 4 mm, with interpolation employed to yield the required 676 equivalent measurement points distributed uniformly over the 50 mm square measurement area. Interpolated points shall be derived from the average of the linear representations of the field strengths of the nearest two or four equidistant measured points. The area of measurement is increased to a 52 mm square so that edge rows and columns of the required 50 mm square can be either measured or interpolated, with none extrapolated.

In addition to measuring the desired ABM signal levels, the weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. Weighting of the unintended and undesired ABM field shall be by the spectral and temporal weighting described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.4 through D.6

In order to assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal shall be made at the same locations. Measurements shall not include undesired influence from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load might be necessary. However, even then with a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load there could still be RF leakage from the WD, which could interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be done with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well. If tested with the display in the off state this shall be documented in the test report

Measurements shall be performed with the probe coil oriented in the transverse direction, as illustrated in ANSI 63.19-2019 A.3, that is, aligned in the plane of the measurement area and perpendicular to the long dimension of the WD. A multi-stage sequence consists of first measuring the field strength of the desired T-Coil signal (desired ABM signal) that is useful to a hearing aid T-Coil at each specified measurement point. The undesired magnetic component (undesired ABM field) is then measured in the same transverse orientation at each of the same measurement points. At a single location only, taken at or near the highest desired ABM signal reading, the desired ABM signal frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage. The flowchart in ANSI 63.19-2019 Figure 6.3 illustrates this three-stage process.

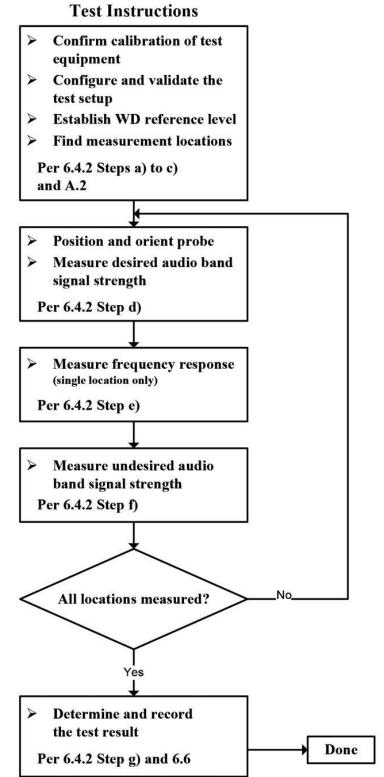
To minimize the need to test every WD operating mode to the telecoil requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 Clause 6, it is permissible to exclude some subset of supported configurations. For a given WD, every mode that supports voice communication shall be considered for telecoil testing. However, if it can be demonstrated that a certain configuration will not be the worst-case telecoil configuration, such configurations may be excluded from the full telecoil scans of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4. 34 For example, operating modes may be pre-screened by scanning for both desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field at a lower measurement point density than the final scans, thus saving considerable testing time by eliminating configurations that are excellent performers from more detailed testing for worst-case. In any case, the specific methods and criteria used to determine

which configurations are excluded for a WD shall be explicitly stated and justified in the test report. To be considered for exclusion from telecoil testing, operating modes shall also be shown to pass the frequency response requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.

Many factors could affect telecoil test results. RF power level and amplitude modulation characteristics as well as the specific current paths within the WD associated with the RF output stage(s), the display, and processing circuitry could affect the undesired ABM field. Audio codec implementation and acoustic receiver characteristics could also affect the desired ABM signal). Therefore, any justifications for exclusions should be thorough documented. If an operating mode is under user control and instructions on how to place the WD in a less interfering condition is in the user instructions, those instructions may be followed in configuring the device for testing

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Test flow for T-Coil signal test



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#### HAC T-COIL TEST REPORT

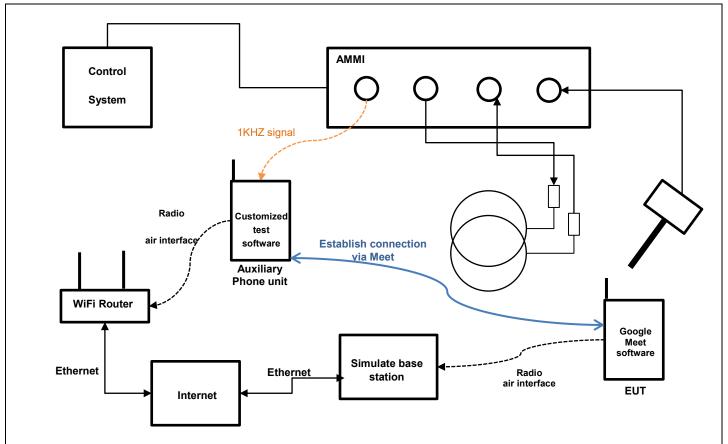
The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining desired ABM signal and undesired ABM field. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of desired ABM signal level. An alternative procedure, yielding equivalent results, using a broadband excitation is described in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.5.

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- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation shall be performed. This may be done using a TMFS or Helmholtz Coil. Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within tolerance of the expected values.
- b. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.3.2.
- c. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load (if necessary to control RF interference in the measurement equipment) as shown in section 6.1 or section 6.2.
- d. The drive level to the WD is set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 Table 6.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in the 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (desired ABM signal) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz, or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as specified in 6.4.3, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. 35 The same drive level will be used for the desired ABM signal frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- e. At each measurement location over the measurement area and in the transverse orientation, measure and record the desired 1 kHz T-Coil magnetic signal (desired ABM signal) as described in Step c).
- f. At or near a location representing a maximum in the just-measured desired ABM signal, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (desired ABM signal at fi) as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.4.5.2 in each individual ISO 266:1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in Step c), and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input—output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated or half-band integrated probe output, as described in ANSI 63.19-2019 D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB(A/m).) Compare the frequency response found to the requirements of ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.3.
- g. At the same locations measured in Step d), measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (undesired ABM field) with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using the specified spectral weighting, the half-band integrator followed by the temporal weighting.
- h. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy both the minimum desired ABM signal level and the maximum undesired ABM field level specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.2. Compare this to the requirements in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4 and record the result.
- i. Calculate and record the location and number of the measurement points that satisfy the maximum undesired ABM field level and distribution requirements specified in ANSI 63.19-2019 section 6.6.4.

#### **Test Setup Diagram for OTT Voice Calling**

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#### **General Note:**

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to KDB 285076 D02:
  - OTT Voice calling input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. OTT voice, such as that enabled when a user opts to communicate in a voice-only mode using the Google Meet application, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over the internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN).
- 3. Google Meet application support code and bitrate are listed in section 9, and the customized Google Meet software is installed on a mobile phone that is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables the audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing, which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- 4. This device comes with the preinstalled OTT application that supports the voice-only communication option on the Google Meet application and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via Google Meet server.
- 5. The test setup used for Google Meet OTT voice-only communication is via the data application unit on the simulate base station, connected to the internet via the Google Meet server to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section 9. An assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA, NR).
- 6. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS, which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice-only communication between auxiliary device and device under test, the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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#### <Define the input level for OTT Voice Calling>

The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(\*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Step	Cianal tuna	anal type		Target Level		
Step	Signal type	Gain value	Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0	
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23		
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24		
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20	

(\*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value.

(\*\*) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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## 7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type /Medal	Serial Number	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3104	Mar. 12, 2024	Mar. 11, 2025
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Jun. 18, 2024	Jun. 17, 2025
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 02, 2023	Nov. 01, 2024
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	115793	Nov. 20, 2023	Nov. 19, 2024
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMX500	101931	Sep. 12, 2023	Sep. 11, 2024
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR

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Note:

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<sup>1.</sup> NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

#### 8. T-Coil testing for OTT Voice Calling

#### **General Notes:**

- According to the ANSI C63.19-2019 section 6.3.3, using a frequency near the center of the frequency band perform T-coil evaluation.
- Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume, HAC mode on.
- Hearing Aid mode (Phone -> Setting -> Accessibility-> Hearing aids) was set to on for improving the audio signal performance for HAC T-Coil compliance.
- The device supported a pre-installed application, Google Meet, whose features allow the option of voice-only communications. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with an application providing voice functionality need to be considered for HAC testing.
- 5. Google Meet / Google Fi only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 6. The test setup used for OTT Voice call is the DUT connect to the CMW500/CMX500 and via the data application unit on CMW500/CMX500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500/CMX500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary OTT unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02 requirement.
- 7. Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (Primary Group, Secondary Group, longitudinal contiguous points, transverse row contiguous points, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- Air Interface Investigation:
  - Through Internal radio configuration investigation (e.g. bandwidth, modulation data rate, subcarrier spacing, and resource blocks) that the worst radio configuration was document as below table.
  - Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths.
  - OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services the identical RF air interface is used for LTE and WIFI. Therefore, according to HA471902B VoLTE, VoNR and VoWiFi test results from the air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of the air interface is used for OTT T-Coil testing.
    - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 48/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -NR FDD worst configuration and band: NR n25/100MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -NR TDD worst configuration and band: NR n41/100MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
    - -WLAN DTS worst configuration: 802.11b/1Mbps
    - -WLAN NII worst configuration: WLAN 5.2GHz/11n/MCS0

#### <Codec Investigation>

#### **EDGE**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	203	205	210		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	437	434	438		
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	22	22	22	Transversal (Y)	GSM850 / 189
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

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#### <u>HSPA</u>

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	270	269	268		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	499	498	498	Transversal (Y)	
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	26	26	26		B2 / 9400
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

#### LTE FDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	251	248	244		
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	487	485	483	Transversal (Y)	
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	25	25	25		B66 / 20M / 26340
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26		
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS		

#### LTE TDD

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 6kbps Opus 75kbps Opus 75kbps		Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	249	251	252			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	474	475	475			
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	25	25	25	Transversal (Y)	B48 / 20M / 55830	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

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#### **5G NR FDD**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	165	170	172			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	406	406	406			
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	18	18	18	Transversal (Y)	n25 / 100M / 376500	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

#### **5G NR TDD**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps	Opus 75kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	102	106	106			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	336	335	335			
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	16	16	16	Transversal (Y)	n41 / 100M / 518598	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

#### **WLAN**

Codec	Opus 6kbps	Opus 40kbps Opus 75kbps		Orientation	Band / Channel	
Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	199	195	198			
Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	435	429	436			
Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	20	20	20	Transversal (Y)	2.4GHz WLAN / 6	
Secondary Group Max Transverse	26	26	26			
Frequency Response	PASS	PASS	PASS			

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#### <Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Radio Configuration	Channel	Codec	Ant Status	Probe Position	Primary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Contiguous Point Count	Secondary Group Max Longitudinal	Group Max	Frequency Response Margin (dB)	
1	GSM850	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189	Opus 6kbps	ANT 0	Transversal (Y)	203	437	22	26	1.05	-48.88
2	GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661	Opus 6kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	210	430	21	26	1.7	-49.05
3	WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Opus 75kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	268	498	26	26	0.49	-48.77
4	WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413	Opus 75kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	274	495	26	26	1.55	-48.98
5	WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Opus 75kbps	ANT 0	Transversal (Y)	272	494	26	26	0.58	-48.91
6	LTE Band 66	20M/QPSK/1/0	132322	Opus 75kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	244	483	25	26	0.13	-48.65
7	LTE Band 48	20M/QPSK/1/0	55830	Opus 6kbps	ANT 4	Transversal (Y)	249	474	25	26	1.62	-48.99
8	FR1 n25	100M/QPSK/1/1	376500	Opus 6kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	165	406	18	26	0.61	-48.87
9	FR1 n41	100M/QPSK/1/1	518598	Opus 6kbps	ANT 3	Transversal (Y)	102	336	16	26	1.81	-48.83
10	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Opus 40kbps	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	195	429	20	26	0.43	-48.73
11	WLAN5GHz	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	40	Opus 40kbps	ANT 5	Transversal (Y)	198	416	22	26	0.05	-48.69

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#### 9. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABMd)	Ci (ABMu)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMd)	Standard Uncertainty (ABMu)		
Probe Sensitivity									
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %		
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %		
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %		
		Probe Sy	stem						
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %		
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %		
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %		
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %		
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %		
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %		
		Test Sig	ınal						
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %		
		Position	ing						
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %		
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %		
	External Contributions								
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %		
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %		
		± 4.1 %	± 6.1 %						
	K	= 2							
	± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %							

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification

Uncertainty Budget of audio band magnetic measurement

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### SPORTON LAB. HAC T-COIL TEST REPORT

#### 10. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2019, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", Aug. 2019.
- FCC KDB 285076 D01v06r04, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v04, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Feb 2022
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r06, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Jul. 2022
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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