

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on Danlaw Datalogger DCM970

FCC ID: 2AD9I-DCM970
ISED: 20087-DCM970

Test Report Reference: MDE_DANLA_1703_FCCb

Test Laboratory:

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Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12140-01-00

Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-15 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

§ 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

Note 1: (DTS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance v04, 2017-04-05". ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

Note 2: (FHSS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice DA 00-705, released March 30, 2000. Instead of applying ANSI C63.4-1992 which is referenced in the FCC Public Note, the newer ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

**Correlation of measurement requirements for
DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment
from
FCC and IC**

DTS equipment

| Measurement | FCC reference | IC reference |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Conducted emissions on AC Mains | § 15.207 | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8 |
| Occupied bandwidth | § 15.247 (a) (2) | RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (a) |
| Peak conducted output power | § 15.247 (b) (3), (4) | RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.4 (d) |
| Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5 |
| Transmitter spurious radiated emissions | § 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a) | RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5 |
| Band edge compliance | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5 |
| Power density | § 15.247 (e) | RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.2 (b) |
| Antenna requirement | § 15.203 / 15.204 | RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.3 |
| Receiver spurious emissions | – | – |

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (a) (2)

Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB)

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| WLAN b, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

IC RSS-Gen & IC TRC; Ch. 6.6 & Ch. 8

Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| WLAN b, high | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN b, low | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN b, mid | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN g, high | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN g, low | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid | S01_AM01 | N/A | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (b) (3)

Peak Power Output

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|---|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method | | | |
| WLAN b, high, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, low, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, mid, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, conducted | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (d)

Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| WLAN b, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (d)

Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|--|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range | | | |
| WLAN g, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (d)

Band Edge Compliance Conducted

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|--|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge | | | |
| WLAN b, high, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, low, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

§ 15.247 (d)

Band Edge Compliance Radiated

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|--|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge | | | |
| WLAN b, high, high | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high, high | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high, high | S01_AN01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247

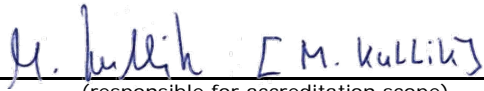
§ 15.247 (e)

Power Density

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

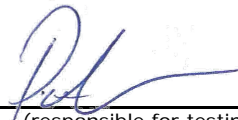
Final Result

| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| WLAN b, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN b, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN g, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, high | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, low | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |
| WLAN n 20 MHz, mid | S01_AM01 | Passed | Passed |



(responsible for accreditation scope)

Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik



(responsible for testing and report)

Patrick Lomax



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2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH
Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the ISED and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAKKS D-PL-12140-01-00
FCC Designation Number: DE0015
FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146
Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik
Report Template Version: 2018-01-10

2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: Patrick Lomax
Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers
Date of Report: 2018-08-03
Testing Period: 2018-07-06 to 2018-07-10

2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Danlaw Inc.
Address: 41131 Vincenti Dr
Novi, MI 48375
United States (USA)
Contact Person: Mr. Eugen Sumskas

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see Applicant Address
Address:
Contact Person:

3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

| | |
|--|--|
| Kind of Device product description | The EUT is an OBD2 dongle with 2.4 GHz WLAN. |
| Product name | Danlaw Datalogger DCM970 |
| Type | OBD2 Data Logger |
| Declared EUT data by the supplier | |
| Voltage Type | DC |
| Voltage Level | 13.2 V |
| Tested Modulation Type | DBPSK; OFDM: BPSK; OFDM: 64-QAM |
| General product description | The EUT is an OBD2 dongle including cellular 2G/3G technology and 2.4GHz WLAN. |
| The EUT provides the following ports: | OBD2 port (cable length: 0 m) |
| Tested datarates | WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s |
| Special software used for testing | QRCT3 software |

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

| Sample Name | Sample Code | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Sample #am01 | am01 | WiFi conducted sample |
| Sample Parameter | Value | |
| Serial No. | S168 | |
| HW Version | 1.1 | |
| SW Version | 1.1.1.0 | |
| Comment | | |

| Sample Name | Sample Code | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Sample #an01 | an01 | WiFi radiated sample |
| Sample Parameter | Value | |
| Serial No. | S162 | |
| HW Version | 1.1 | |
| SW Version | 1.1.1.0 | |
| Comment | | |

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

| Device | Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code) | Description |
|--------|---|-------------|
| - | - | - |

3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

| Device | Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N) | Description |
|--------|--|-------------|
| - | - | - |

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

| Setup | Combination of EUTs | Description and Rationale |
|----------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| S01_AM01 | Sample #am01, | conducted setup |
| S01_AN01 | Sample #an01, | radiated setup |

3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

WLAN
20 MHz Test Channels:
Channel:
Frequency [MHz]

| 2.4 GHz ISM 2400 - 2483.5 MHz | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|
| low | mid | high |
| 1 | 6 | 11 |
| 2412 | 2437 | 2462 |

3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (6 DB)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 30 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 7.5 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 52 %

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 6 dB Bandwidth [MHz] | Limit [MHz] | Margin to Limit [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 8.1 | 0.5 | 7.6 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 8.1 | 0.5 | 7.6 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 8.2 | 0.5 | 7.7 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

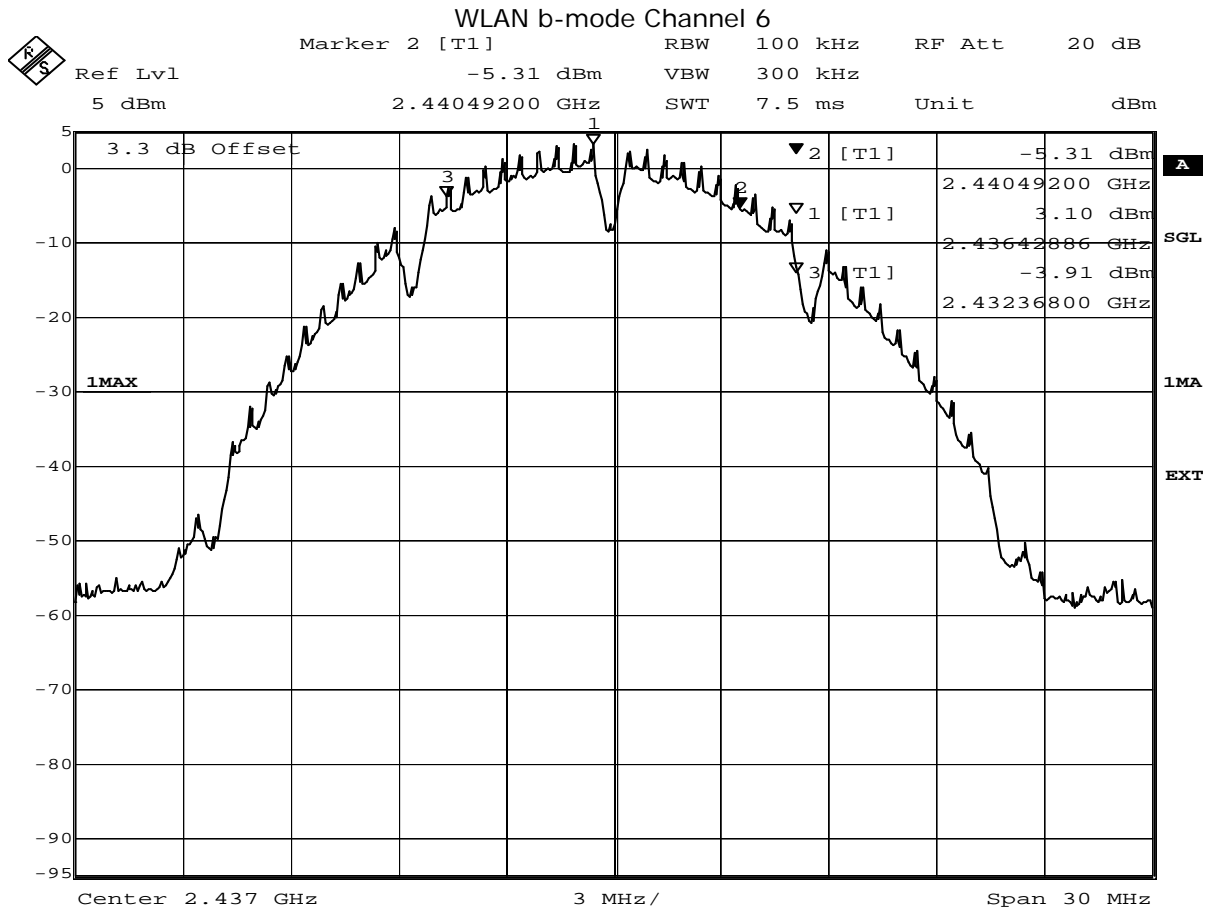
| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 6 dB Bandwidth [MHz] | Limit [MHz] | Margin to Limit [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 15.9 | 0.5 | 15.4 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 15.5 | 0.5 | 15.0 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 15.5 | 0.5 | 15.0 |

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 6 dB Bandwidth [MHz] | Limit [MHz] | Margin to Limit [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 15.8 | 0.5 | 15.3 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 15.5 | 0.5 | 15.0 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 15.5 | 0.5 | 15.0 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: 6dB Bandwidth
 Comment A: CH M: 2437 MHz; 6dB bandwidth (kHz):8124
 Date: 9.JUL.2018 15:15:57

4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 500 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 2000 kHz
- Span: 50 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 40 %

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 99 % Bandwidth [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 13.2 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 12.8 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 13.0 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 99 % Bandwidth [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 16.6 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 16.4 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 16.5 |

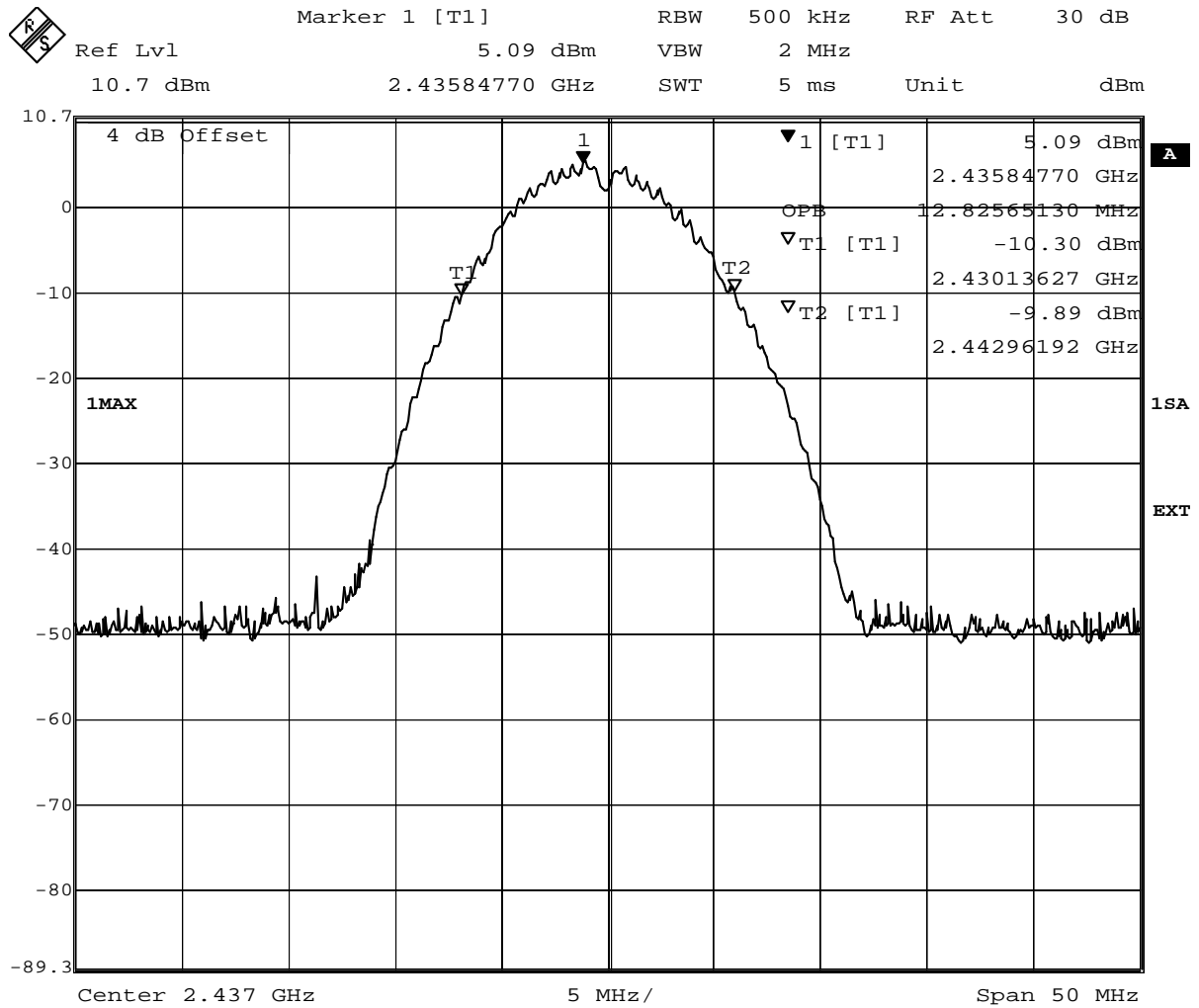
WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 99 % Bandwidth [MHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 17.6 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 17.5 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 17.5 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

WLAN b-mode Channel 6



Date: 10.JUL.2018 09:24:55

4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.3 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweeptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Frequency Hopping Systems:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = 10 log (Limit (W)/1mW)

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C
 Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
 Humidity: 52 %

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1
 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 13.9 | 30.0 | 16.1 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 15.9 | 30.0 | 14.1 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 14.1 | 30.0 | 15.9 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6
 Mbit/s

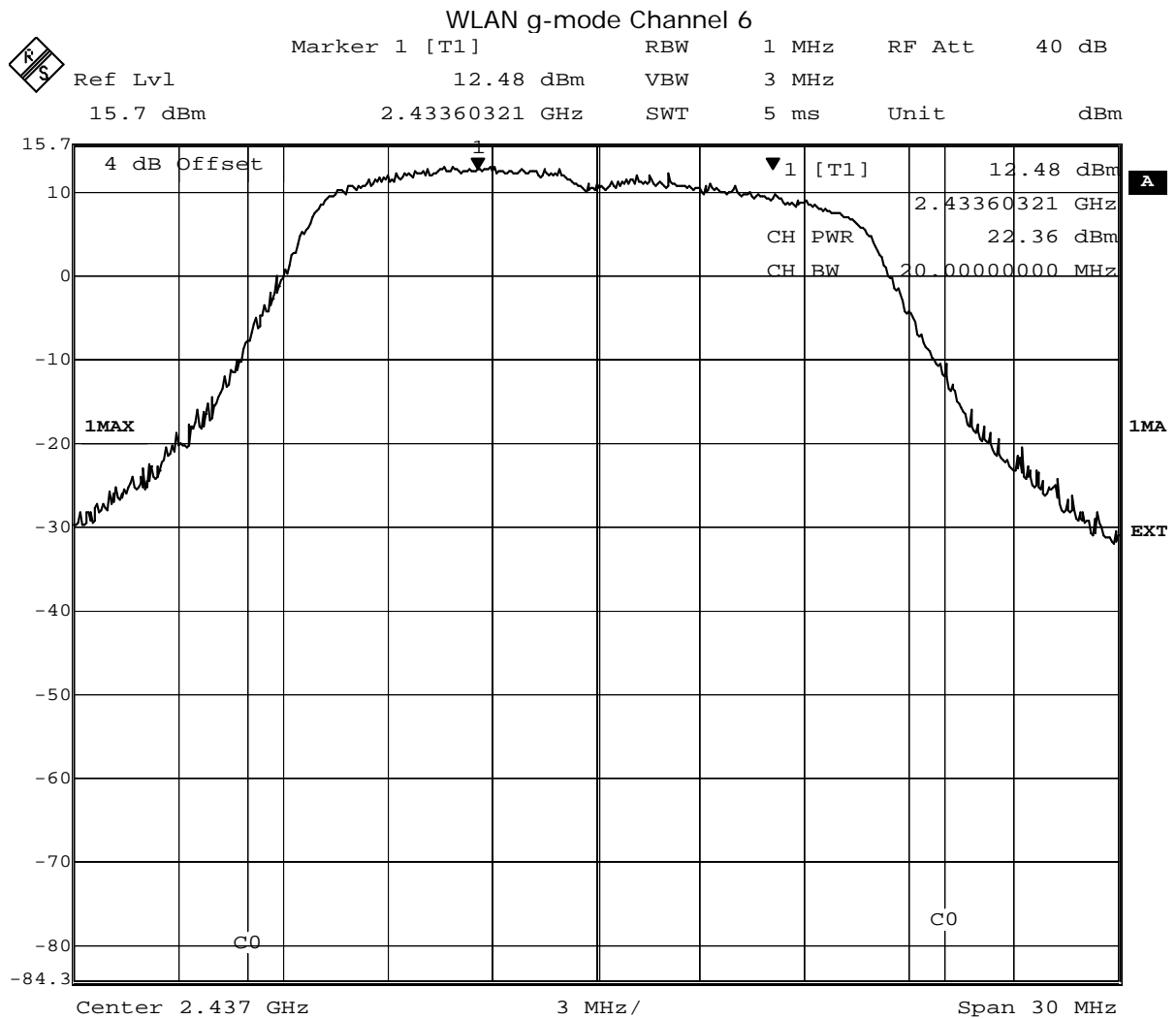
| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 20.0 | 30.0 | 10.0 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 22.4 | 30.0 | 7.6 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 20.5 | 30.0 | 9.5 |

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | 18.5 | 30.0 | 11.5 |
| | 6 | 2437 | 20.4 | 30.0 | 9.6 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 19.2 | 30.0 | 10.8 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 6.JUL.2018 15:43:58

4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.4 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Frequency range: 30 – 25000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2
- Sweep Time: 330 s
- Detector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test “band edge compliance conducted”. This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 60 %
WLAN b-Mode: 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 4783.8 | -49.4 | PEAK | 100 | 0.3 | -19.7 | 29.6 |
| 6 | 2437 | 4833.8 | -51.8 | PEAK | 100 | 3.1 | -17.0 | 34.8 |
| 11 | 2462 | 4883.8 | -48.4 | PEAK | 100 | 1.5 | -18.5 | 29.9 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

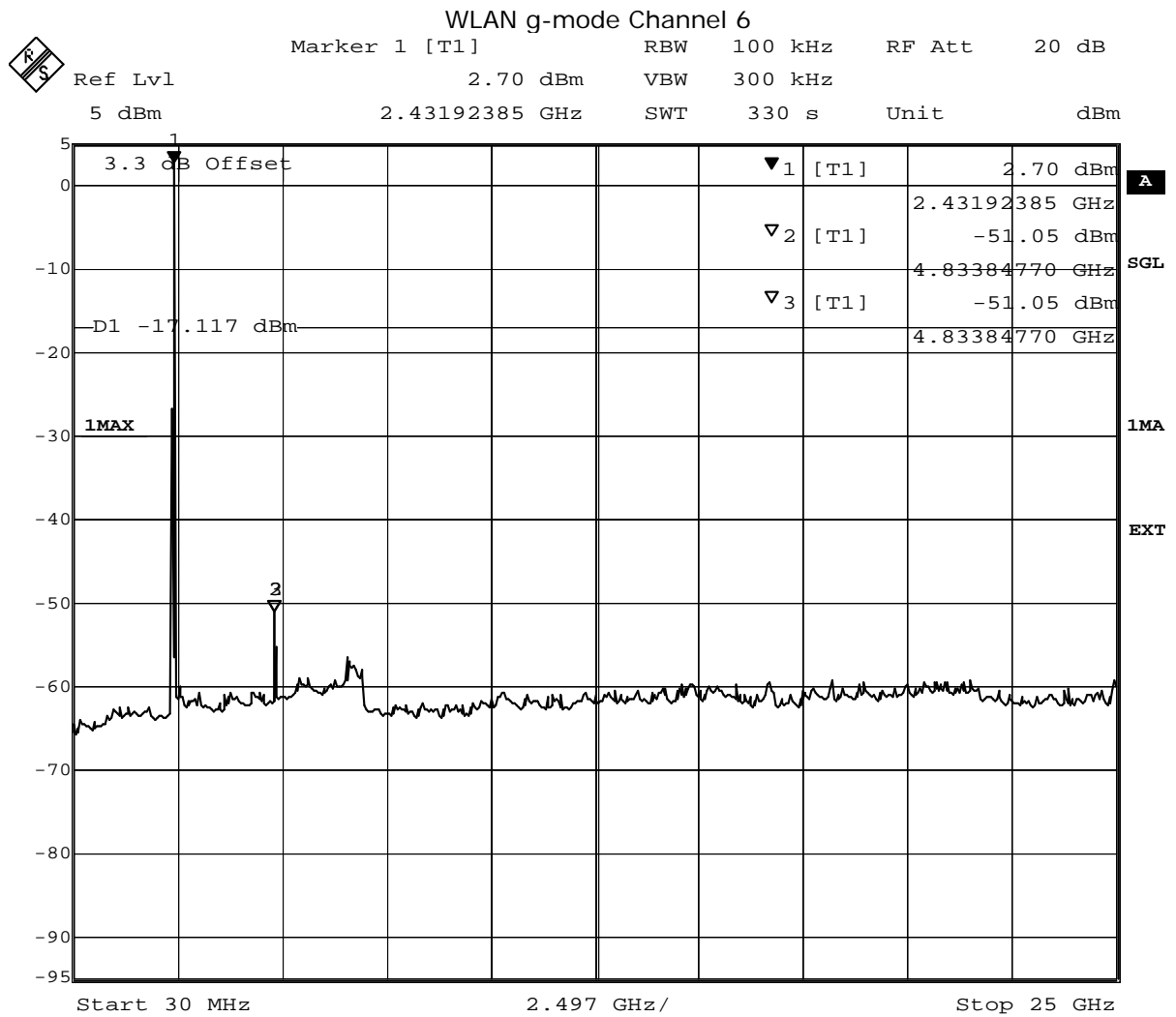
| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 4783.8 | -50.9 | PEAK | 100 | 0.0 | -20.0 | 30.8 |
| 6 | 2437 | 4833.8 | -51.1 | PEAK | 100 | 2.7 | -17.3 | 33.8 |
| 11 | 2462 | 4883.8 | -51.3 | PEAK | 100 | 1.7 | -18.3 | 33.0 |

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 4783.8 | -55.6 | PEAK | 100 | -1.6 | -21.6 | 34.0 |
| 6 | 2437 | 4833.8 | -56.7 | PEAK | 100 | 1.4 | -18.6 | 38.1 |
| 11 | 2462 | 4933.9 | -53.6 | PEAK | 100 | 0.3 | -19.7 | 33.9 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: spurious emissions
Comment A: CH M: 2437 MHz
Date: 6.JUL.2018 14:18:00

4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.5 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.0 x 2.0 m² in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz

- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$ around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by ± 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: $\pm 45^{\circ}$ around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90° .

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45° .

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size $\pm 45^{\circ}$ for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.
 The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

| Frequency in MHz | Limit ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$) |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 0.009 – 0.49 | 2400/F(kHz)@300m | 3 | (48.5 – 13.8)@300m |
| 0.49 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz)@30m | 3 | (33.8 – 23.0)@30m |
| 1.705 – 30 | 30@30m | 3 | 29.5@30m |

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

| Frequency in MHz | Limit ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$) |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 30 – 88 | 100@3m | 3 | 40.0@3m |
| 88 – 216 | 150@3m | 3 | 43.5@3m |
| 216 – 960 | 200@3m | 3 | 46.0@3m |
| 960 - 26000 | 500@3m | 3 | 54.0@3m |
| 26000 - 40000 | 500@3m | 1 | 54.0@3m |

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: $\text{Limit (dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m)} = 20 \log (\text{Limit } (\mu\text{V}/\text{m})/1\mu\text{V}/\text{m})$

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 28 °C
 Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
 Humidity: 35 %

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBµV/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dBµV/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|---------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBµV/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dBµV/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|---------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 37.5 | 11.9 | QP | 120 | 40.0 | 28.1 |
| 6 | 2437 | 37.6 | 27.7 | QP | 120 | 40.0 | 12.3 |

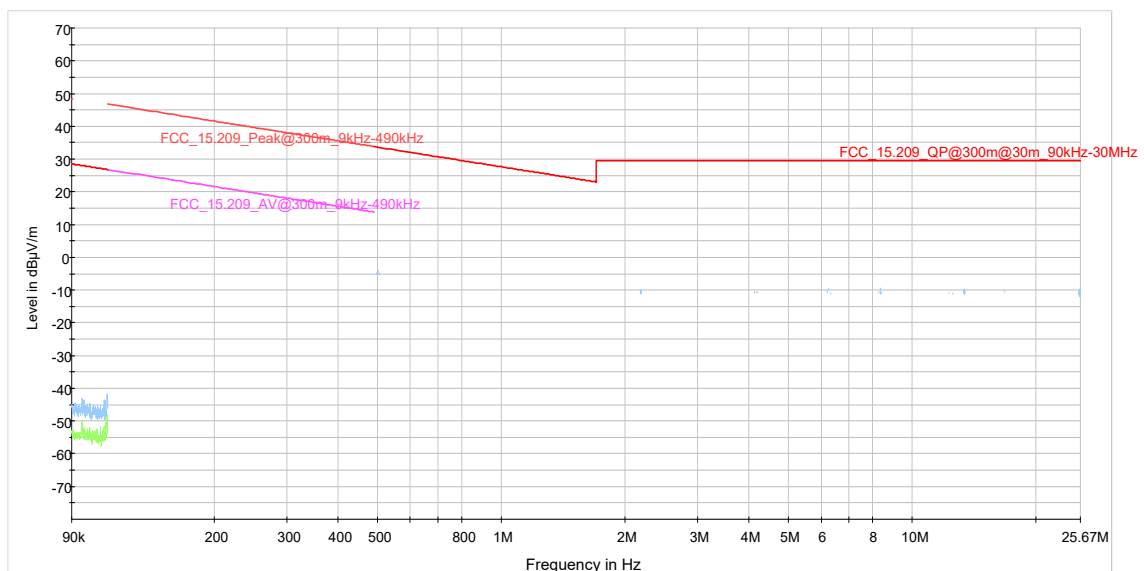
WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBµV/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dBµV/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|---------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

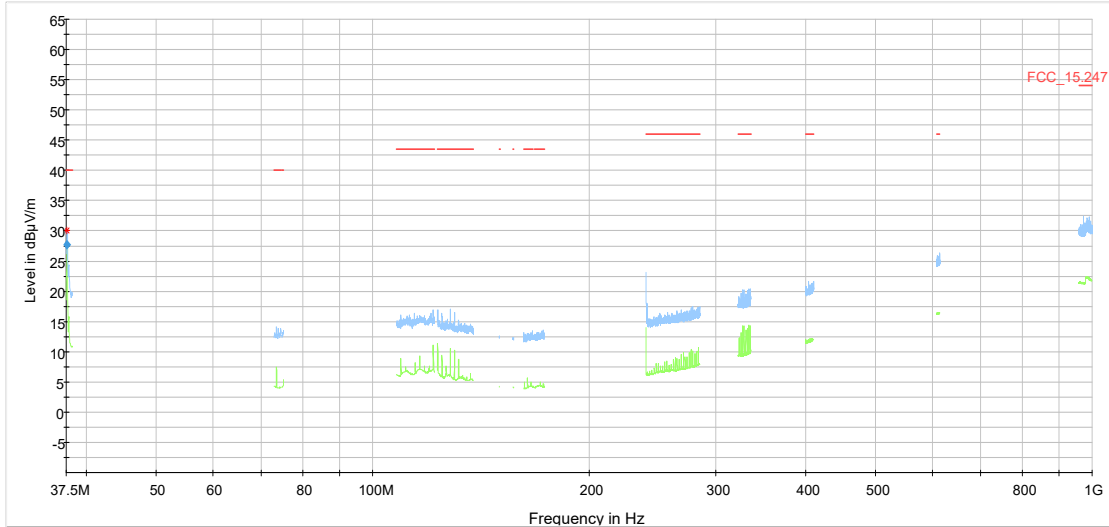
Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

WLAN g-mode Channel 6
 9 kHz – 30 MHz



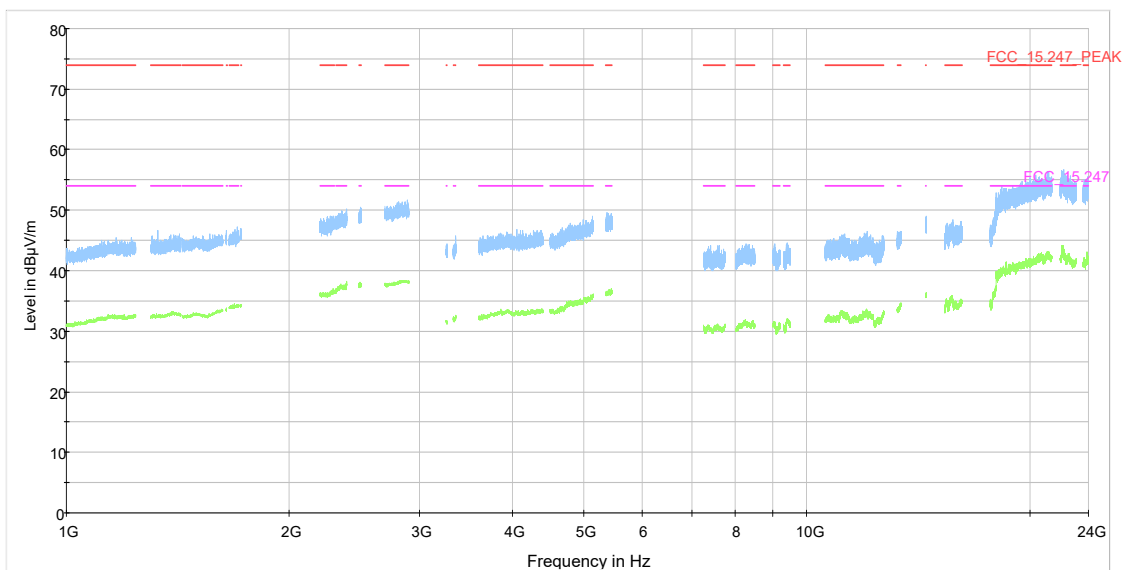
WLAN g-mode Channel 6
30 MHz – 1000 MHz



Final Result

| Frequency (MHz) | QuasiPeak (dBµV/m) | Limit (dBµV/m) | Margin (dB) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Height (cm) | Pol | Azimuth (deg) | Corr. (dB/m) | Comment |
|-----------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----|---------------|--------------|---------|
| 37.620000 | 27.67 | 40.00 | 12.33 | 1000.0 | 120.000 | 113.0 | V | 45.0 | 15.2 | |

WLAN g-mode Channel 6
1 GHz – 26 GHz



4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions

4.6 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions". The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Lower Band Edge:
Minimum frequency: 2397.0 MHz
Upper Band Edge
Maximum frequency: 2485.0 MHz
- Span:
Bluetooth: 6 MHz
WLAN: 25 / 45 / 85 MHz [depending on channel bandwidth]
- Detector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Sweptime: 7 ms
- Sweeps: 2000
- Trace: Maxhold

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."

4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 2400.0 | -53.8 | PEAK | 100 | 1.0 | -19.0 | 34.8 |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | -60.4 | PEAK | 100 | 1.7 | -18.3 | 42.0 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

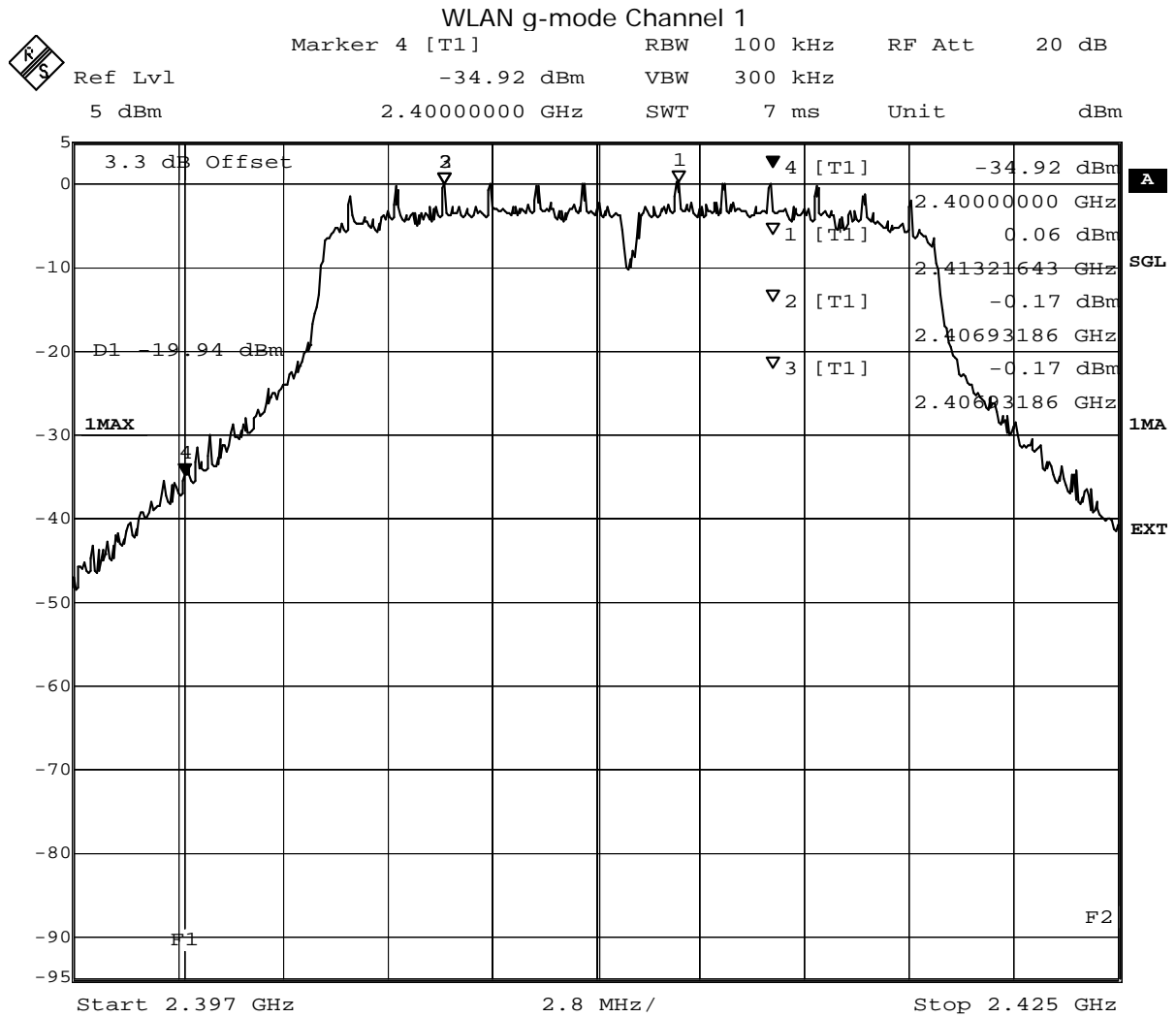
| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 2400.0 | -34.9 | PEAK | 100 | 0.1 | -19.9 | 15.0 |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | -52.3 | PEAK | 100 | 1.6 | -18.4 | 33.9 |

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 2412 | 2400.0 | -37.8 | PEAK | 100 | -0.7 | -20.7 | 17.1 |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | -56.0 | PEAK | 100 | 0.8 | -19.2 | 36.8 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Band Edge Compliance

Comment A: CH B: 2412 MHz

Date: 6.JUL.2018 14:28:55

4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

4.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (µV/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits (dBµV/m) |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| 0.009 – 0.49 | 2400/F(kHz)@300m | 3 | (48.5 – 13.8)@300m |
| 0.49 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz)@30m | 3 | (33.8 – 23.0)@30m |
| 1.705 – 30 | 30@30m | 3 | 29.5@30m |

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (µV/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits (dBµV/m) |
|------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 30 – 88 | 100@3m | 3 | 40.0@3m |
| 88 – 216 | 150@3m | 3 | 43.5@3m |
| 216 – 960 | 200@3m | 3 | 46.0@3m |
| 960 - 26000 | 500@3m | 3 | 54.0@3m |
| 26000 - 40000 | 500@3m | 1 | 54.0@3m |

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBµV/m) = 20 log (Limit (µV/m)/1µV/m)

4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 48.3 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 25.7 | BE |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 36.5 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 17.5 | BE |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 48.7 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 25.3 | BE |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 36.4 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 17.6 | BE |

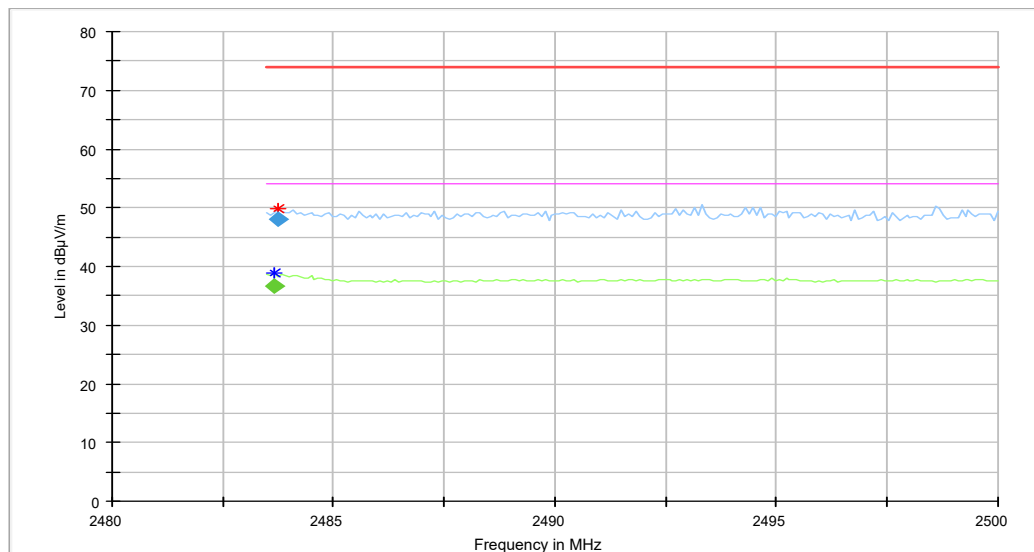
WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 48.2 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 25.8 | BE |
| 11 | 2462 | 2483.5 | 36.6 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 17.4 | BE |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

WLAN n-mode Channel 11



| Frequency (MHz) | MaxPeak (dB μ V/m) | CAverage (dB μ V/m) | Limit (dB μ V/m) | Margin (dB) | Meas. Time (ms) | Bandwidth (kHz) | Height (cm) | Pol | Azimuth (deg) | Elevation (deg) |
|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----|---------------|-----------------|
| 2483.665 | --- | 36.6 | 54.00 | 17.41 | 1000.0 | 1000.000 | 150.0 | V | 109.0 | 75.0 |
| 2483.748 | 48.2 | --- | 74.00 | 25.85 | 1000.0 | 1000.000 | 150.0 | H | -62.0 | 105.0 |

4.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions

4.8 POWER DENSITY

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 3 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 10 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 8.4 s
- Detector: Peak

4.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

...

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

4.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
Humidity: 52 %

WLAN b-Mode; 20 MHz; 1 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Power Density [dBm/3kHz] | Limit [dBm/3kHz] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | -12.0 | 8.0 | 20.0 |
| | 6 | 2437 | -10.3 | 8.0 | 18.3 |
| | 11 | 2462 | -11.2 | 8.0 | 19.2 |

WLAN g-Mode; 20 MHz; 6 Mbit/s

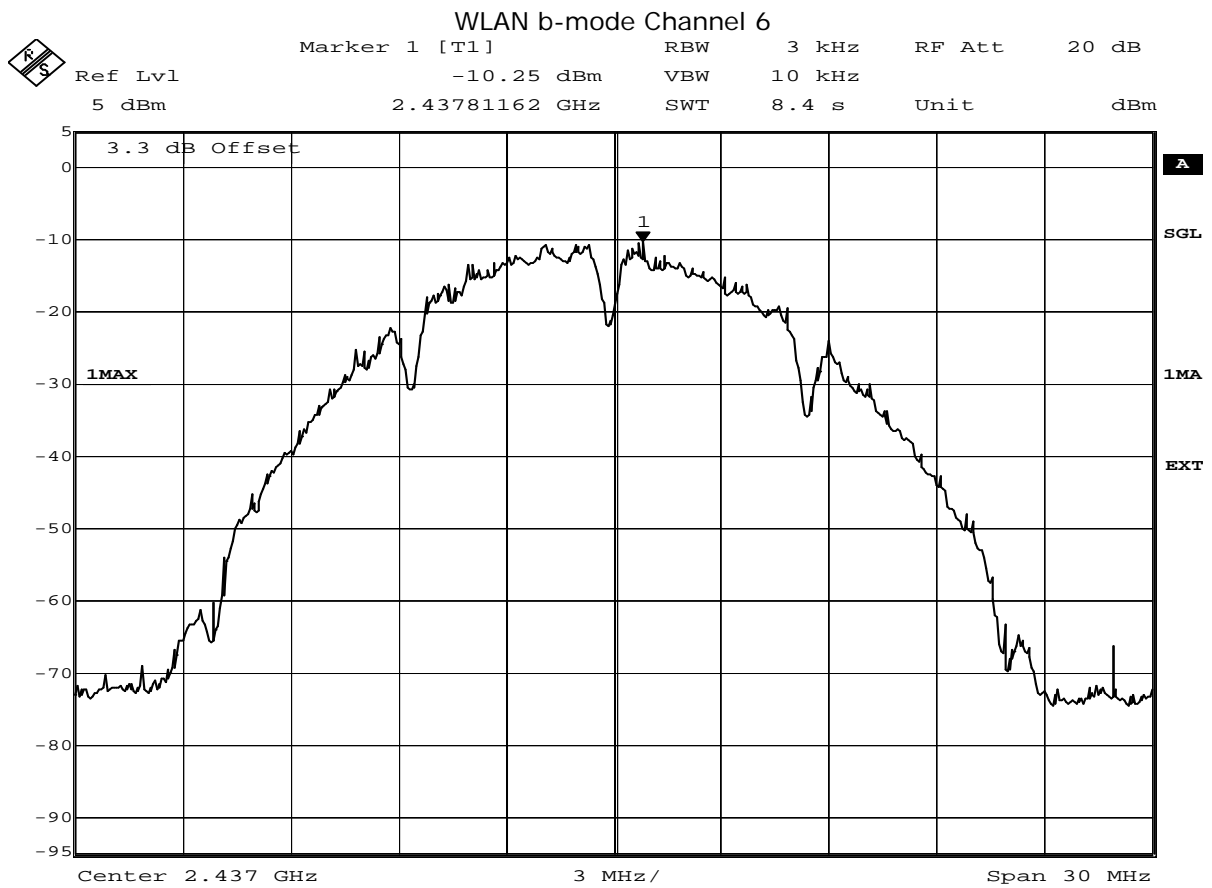
| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Power Density [dBm/3kHz] | Limit [dBm/3kHz] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | -14.0 | 8.0 | 22.0 |
| | 6 | 2437 | -10.4 | 8.0 | 18.4 |
| | 11 | 2462 | -10.7 | 8.0 | 18.7 |

WLAN n-Mode; 20 MHz; 72.2 Mbit/s

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Power Density [dBm/3kHz] | Limit [dBm/3kHz] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 1 | 2412 | -15.5 | 8.0 | 23.5 |
| | 6 | 2437 | -12.7 | 8.0 | 20.7 |
| | 11 | 2462 | -13.0 | 8.0 | 21.0 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Power Density
 Comment A: CH M: 2437 MHz;
 Date: 9.JUL.2018 15:20:46

4.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution

5 TEST EQUIPMENT

- 1 Radiated Emissions
Lab to perform radiated emission tests

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|----------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1.1 | NRV-Z1 | Sensor Head A | Rohde & Schwarz | 827753/005 | | |
| 1.2 | MFS | Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS | Datum GmbH | 002 | 2017-10 | 2018-10 |
| 1.3 | Opus10 TPR (8253.00) | ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 13936 | 2017-04 | 2019-04 |
| 1.4 | ESW44 | EMI Test Receiver | Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG | 101603 | 2018-05 | 2019-05 |
| 1.5 | Anechoic Chamber | 10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m ³ | Frankonia | none | 2018-06 | 2021-06 |
| 1.6 | FS-Z60 | Harmonic Mixer 40 - 60 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH | 100178 | 2016-12 | 2019-12 |
| 1.7 | FS-Z220 | Harmonic Mixer 140 - 220 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH | 101005 | 2017-03 | 2020-03 |
| 1.8 | SGH-05 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (140 - 220 GHz) | | 075 | | |
| 1.9 | HL 562 | Ultralog new biconicals | Rohde & Schwarz | 830547/003 | 2018-07 | 2020-07 |
| 1.10 | 5HC2700/12750-1.5-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 9942012 | | |
| 1.11 | ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg | Antenna Mast | Maturo GmbH | - | | |
| 1.12 | Fully Anechoic Room | 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h) | Albatross Projects | P26971-647-001-PRB | 2018-06 | 2021-06 |
| 1.13 | Fluke 177 | Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter) | Fluke Europe B.V. | 86670383 | 2018-04 | 2020-04 |
| 1.14 | HF 906 | Double-ridged horn | Rohde & Schwarz | 357357/002 | | |
| 1.15 | JS4-18002600-32-5P | Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz | Miteq | 849785 | | |
| 1.16 | FSW 43 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 103779 | 2016-12 | 2018-12 |
| 1.17 | 3160-09 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz | EMCO Elektronik GmbH | 00083069 | | |
| 1.18 | SGH-19 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (40 - 60 GHz) | | 093 | | |
| 1.19 | WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS | High Pass Filter | Wainwright | 09 | | |

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1.20 | 4HC1600/12750-1.5-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 9942011 | | |
| 1.21 | Chroma 6404 | AC Power Source | Chroma ATE INC. | 64040001304 | | |
| 1.22 | JS4-00102600-42-5A | Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz | Miteq | 619368 | | |
| 1.23 | TT 1.5 WI | Turn Table | Maturo GmbH | - | | |
| 1.24 | HL 562 Ultralog | Log.-per. Antenna | Rohde & Schwarz | 100609 | 2016-04 | 2019-04 |
| 1.25 | HF 906 | Double-ridged horn | Rohde & Schwarz | 357357/001 | 2018-03 | 2021-03 |
| 1.26 | FS-Z325 | Harmonic Mixer 220 - 325 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH | 101006 | 2017-03 | 2020-03 |
| 1.27 | 3160-10 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz | EMCO Elektronik GmbH | 00086675 | | |
| 1.28 | SGH-08 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (90 - 140 GHz) | | 064 | | |
| 1.29 | SGH-12 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal HornAntenna (60 - 90 GHz) | | 326 | | |
| 1.30 | 5HC3500/18000-1.2-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 200035008 | | |
| 1.31 | FS-Z140 | Harmonic Mixer 90 -140 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH | 101007 | 2017-02 | 2020-02 |
| 1.32 | HFH2-Z2 | Loop Antenna | Rohde & Schwarz | 829324/006 | 2018-01 | 2021-01 |
| 1.33 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | ThermoHygro Datalogger 12 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 12482 | 2017-03 | 2019-03 |
| 1.34 | ESR 7 | EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 101424 | 2016-11 | 2018-11 |
| 1.35 | JS4-00101800-35-5P | Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz | Miteq | 896037 | | |
| 1.36 | AS 620 P | Antenna mast | HD GmbH | 620/37 | | |
| 1.37 | Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell) | Antrieb TD1.5-10kg | Maturo GmbH | TD1.5-10kg/024/3790709 | | |
| 1.38 | SGH-03 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna (220 - 325 GHz) | | 060 | | |
| 1.39 | FS-Z90 | Harmonic Mixer 60 - 90 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz Messgerätebau GmbH | 101686 | 2017-03 | 2020-03 |
| 1.40 | ESIB 26 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 830482/004 | 2018-01 | 2020-01 |
| 1.41 | PAS 2.5 - 10 kg | Antenna Mast | Maturo GmbH | - | | |

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1.42 | AFS42-00101800-25-S-42 | Broadband Amplifier 25 MHz - 18 GHz | Miteq | 2035324 | | |
| 1.43 | AM 4.0 | Antenna mast | Maturo GmbH | AM4.0/180/11920513 | | |

2 Regulatory WLAN RF Test Solution
Regulatory WLAN RF Tests

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2.1 | MFS | Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS | Datum GmbH | 002 | 2017-10 | 2018-10 |
| 2.2 | TGA12101 | Arbitrary Waveform Generator | Aim and Thurlby Thandar Instruments | 284482 | | |
| 2.3 | EX520 | Digital Multimeter 12 (Multimeter) | Extech Instruments Corp | 05157876 | | |
| 2.4 | NRV Z1 A | Power Sensor | Rohde & Schwarz | 832279/013 | 2017-09 | 2018-09 |
| 2.5 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | T/H Logger 15 | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 13985 | 2017-04 | 2019-04 |
| 2.6 | TOCT Switching Unit | | 7layers, Inc. | 040107 | | |
| 2.7 | KWP 120/70 | Temperature Chamber Weiss 01 | Weiss | 59226012190010 | 2018-04 | 2020-04 |
| 2.8 | NRVD | Power Meter | Rohde & Schwarz | 832025/059 | 2017-09 | 2018-09 |
| 2.9 | FSU3 | Spectrum Analyser | Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG | 200046 | | |
| 2.10 | FSIQ26 | Signal Analyser | Rohde & Schwarz | 832695/007 | 2016-09 | 2018-09 |
| 2.11 | FSU26 | Spectrum Analyser | Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG | 100136 | 2018-01 | 2019-01 |
| 2.12 | Shielded Room 07 | Shielded Room 4m x 6m | | | | |
| 2.13 | SMIQ 03B | Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG | 832870/017 | 2016-06 | 2019-06 |
| 2.14 | NGSM 32/10 | Power Supply | Rohde & Schwarz | 2725 | 2017-06 | 2019-06 |

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

| Frequency MHz | Corr. dB | LISN insertion loss ESH3- Z5 dB | cable loss (incl. 10 dB atten- uator) dB |
|------------------|-------------|--|--|
| 0.15 | 10.1 | 0.1 | 10.0 |
| 5 | 10.3 | 0.1 | 10.2 |
| 7 | 10.5 | 0.2 | 10.3 |
| 10 | 10.5 | 0.2 | 10.3 |
| 12 | 10.7 | 0.3 | 10.4 |
| 14 | 10.7 | 0.3 | 10.4 |
| 16 | 10.8 | 0.4 | 10.4 |
| 18 | 10.9 | 0.4 | 10.5 |
| 20 | 10.9 | 0.4 | 10.5 |
| 22 | 11.1 | 0.5 | 10.6 |
| 24 | 11.1 | 0.5 | 10.6 |
| 26 | 11.2 | 0.5 | 10.7 |
| 28 | 11.2 | 0.5 | 10.7 |
| 30 | 11.3 | 0.5 | 10.8 |

Sample calculation

$U_{LISN} \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 $U = \text{Receiver reading}$
 LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

| Frequency MHz | AF HFH-Z2 | | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade) | d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d _{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | dB (1/m) | Corr. dB | | | | | | | |
| 0.009 | 20.50 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.01 | 20.45 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.015 | 20.37 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.02 | 20.36 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.025 | 20.38 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.03 | 20.32 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.05 | 20.35 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.08 | 20.30 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.1 | 20.20 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.2 | 20.17 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.3 | 20.14 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.49 | 20.12 | -79.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0.490001 | 20.12 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 0.5 | 20.11 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 0.8 | 20.10 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 1 | 20.09 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 2 | 20.08 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 3 | 20.06 | -39.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 4 | 20.05 | -39.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 5 | 20.05 | -39.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 6 | 20.02 | -39.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 8 | 19.95 | -39.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 10 | 19.83 | -39.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 12 | 19.71 | -39.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 14 | 19.54 | -39.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 16 | 19.53 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 18 | 19.50 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 20 | 19.57 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 22 | 19.61 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 24 | 19.61 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 26 | 19.54 | -39.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 28 | 19.46 | -39.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 30 | 19.73 | -39.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Table shows an extract of values

6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

($d_{Limit} = 3\text{ m}$)

| Frequency | AF R&S HL562 | Corr. | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) | d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d_{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | m | m |
| 30 | 18.6 | 0.6 | 0.29 | 0.04 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 50 | 6.0 | 0.9 | 0.39 | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.08 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 100 | 9.7 | 1.2 | 0.56 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.08 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 150 | 7.9 | 1.6 | 0.73 | 0.20 | 0.59 | 0.12 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 200 | 7.6 | 1.9 | 0.84 | 0.21 | 0.70 | 0.11 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 250 | 9.5 | 2.1 | 0.98 | 0.24 | 0.80 | 0.13 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 300 | 11.0 | 2.3 | 1.04 | 0.26 | 0.89 | 0.15 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 350 | 12.4 | 2.6 | 1.18 | 0.31 | 0.96 | 0.13 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 400 | 13.6 | 2.9 | 1.28 | 0.35 | 1.03 | 0.19 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 450 | 14.7 | 3.1 | 1.39 | 0.38 | 1.11 | 0.22 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 500 | 15.6 | 3.2 | 1.44 | 0.39 | 1.20 | 0.19 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 550 | 16.3 | 3.5 | 1.55 | 0.46 | 1.24 | 0.23 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 600 | 17.2 | 3.5 | 1.59 | 0.43 | 1.29 | 0.23 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 650 | 18.1 | 3.6 | 1.67 | 0.34 | 1.35 | 0.22 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 700 | 18.5 | 3.6 | 1.67 | 0.42 | 1.41 | 0.15 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 750 | 19.1 | 4.1 | 1.87 | 0.54 | 1.46 | 0.25 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 800 | 19.6 | 4.1 | 1.90 | 0.46 | 1.51 | 0.25 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 850 | 20.1 | 4.4 | 1.99 | 0.60 | 1.56 | 0.27 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 900 | 20.8 | 4.7 | 2.14 | 0.60 | 1.63 | 0.29 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 950 | 21.1 | 4.8 | 2.22 | 0.60 | 1.66 | 0.33 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1000 | 21.6 | 4.9 | 2.23 | 0.61 | 1.71 | 0.30 | 0.0 | 3 | 3 |

($d_{Limit} = 10\text{ m}$)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----|---|
| 30 | 18.6 | -9.9 | 0.29 | 0.04 | 0.23 | 0.02 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 50 | 6.0 | -9.6 | 0.39 | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.08 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 100 | 9.7 | -9.2 | 0.56 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.08 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 150 | 7.9 | -8.8 | 0.73 | 0.20 | 0.59 | 0.12 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 200 | 7.6 | -8.6 | 0.84 | 0.21 | 0.70 | 0.11 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 250 | 9.5 | -8.3 | 0.98 | 0.24 | 0.80 | 0.13 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 300 | 11.0 | -8.1 | 1.04 | 0.26 | 0.89 | 0.15 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 350 | 12.4 | -7.9 | 1.18 | 0.31 | 0.96 | 0.13 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 400 | 13.6 | -7.6 | 1.28 | 0.35 | 1.03 | 0.19 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 450 | 14.7 | -7.4 | 1.39 | 0.38 | 1.11 | 0.22 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 500 | 15.6 | -7.2 | 1.44 | 0.39 | 1.20 | 0.19 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 550 | 16.3 | -7.0 | 1.55 | 0.46 | 1.24 | 0.23 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 600 | 17.2 | -6.9 | 1.59 | 0.43 | 1.29 | 0.23 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 650 | 18.1 | -6.9 | 1.67 | 0.34 | 1.35 | 0.22 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 700 | 18.5 | -6.8 | 1.67 | 0.42 | 1.41 | 0.15 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 750 | 19.1 | -6.3 | 1.87 | 0.54 | 1.46 | 0.25 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 800 | 19.6 | -6.3 | 1.90 | 0.46 | 1.51 | 0.25 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 850 | 20.1 | -6.0 | 1.99 | 0.60 | 1.56 | 0.27 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 900 | 20.8 | -5.8 | 2.14 | 0.60 | 1.63 | 0.29 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 950 | 21.1 | -5.6 | 2.22 | 0.60 | 1.66 | 0.33 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1000 | 21.6 | -5.6 | 2.23 | 0.61 | 1.71 | 0.30 | -10.5 | 10 | 3 |

Sample calculation

$E\text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U\text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$
 U = Receiver reading
 AF = Antenna factor
 Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
 distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG}(d_{Limit}/d_{used})$
 Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.
 Tables show an extract of values.

6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 1000 | 24.4 | -19.4 |
| 2000 | 28.5 | -17.4 |
| 3000 | 31.0 | -16.1 |
| 4000 | 33.1 | -14.7 |
| 5000 | 34.4 | -13.7 |
| 6000 | 34.7 | -12.7 |
| 7000 | 35.6 | -11.0 |

| cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit, attenuator & pre-amp) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|--|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | | |
| 0.99 | 0.31 | -21.51 | 0.79 | | |
| 1.44 | 0.44 | -20.63 | 1.38 | | |
| 1.87 | 0.53 | -19.85 | 1.33 | | |
| 2.41 | 0.67 | -19.13 | 1.31 | | |
| 2.78 | 0.86 | -18.71 | 1.40 | | |
| 2.74 | 0.90 | -17.83 | 1.47 | | |
| 2.82 | 0.86 | -16.19 | 1.46 | | |

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 3000 | 31.0 | -23.4 |
| 4000 | 33.1 | -23.3 |
| 5000 | 34.4 | -21.7 |
| 6000 | 34.7 | -21.2 |
| 7000 | 35.6 | -19.8 |

| cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (inside chamber) | cable loss 3 (outside chamber) | cable loss 4 (switch unit, attenuator & pre-amp) | cable loss 5 (to receiver) | used for FCC 15.247 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | |
| 0.47 | 1.87 | 0.53 | -27.58 | 1.33 | |
| 0.56 | 2.41 | 0.67 | -28.23 | 1.31 | |
| 0.61 | 2.78 | 0.86 | -27.35 | 1.40 | |
| 0.58 | 2.74 | 0.90 | -26.89 | 1.47 | |
| 0.66 | 2.82 | 0.86 | -25.58 | 1.46 | |

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 7000 | 35.6 | -57.3 |
| 8000 | 36.3 | -56.3 |
| 9000 | 37.1 | -55.3 |
| 10000 | 37.5 | -56.2 |
| 11000 | 37.5 | -55.3 |
| 12000 | 37.6 | -53.7 |
| 13000 | 38.2 | -53.5 |
| 14000 | 39.9 | -56.3 |
| 15000 | 40.9 | -54.1 |
| 16000 | 41.3 | -54.1 |
| 17000 | 42.8 | -54.4 |
| 18000 | 44.2 | -54.7 |

| cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (High Pass) | cable loss 3 (pre-amp) | cable loss 4 (inside chamber) | cable loss 5 (outside chamber) | cable loss 6 (to receiver) |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB |
| 0.56 | 1.28 | -62.72 | 2.66 | 0.94 | 1.46 |
| 0.69 | 0.71 | -61.49 | 2.84 | 1.00 | 1.53 |
| 0.68 | 0.65 | -60.80 | 3.06 | 1.09 | 1.60 |
| 0.70 | 0.54 | -61.91 | 3.28 | 1.20 | 1.67 |
| 0.80 | 0.61 | -61.40 | 3.43 | 1.27 | 1.70 |
| 0.84 | 0.42 | -59.70 | 3.53 | 1.26 | 1.73 |
| 0.83 | 0.44 | -59.81 | 3.75 | 1.32 | 1.83 |
| 0.91 | 0.53 | -63.03 | 3.91 | 1.40 | 1.77 |
| 0.98 | 0.54 | -61.05 | 4.02 | 1.44 | 1.83 |
| 1.23 | 0.49 | -61.51 | 4.17 | 1.51 | 1.85 |
| 1.36 | 0.76 | -62.36 | 4.34 | 1.53 | 2.00 |
| 1.70 | 0.53 | -62.88 | 4.41 | 1.55 | 1.91 |

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

| Frequency MHz | AF EMCO 3160-09 dB (1/m) | Corr. dB | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) dB | cable loss 2 (pre- amp) dB | cable loss 3 (inside chamber) dB | cable loss 4 (switch unit) dB | cable loss 5 (to receiver) dB |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| 18000 | 40.2 | -23.5 | 0.72 | -35.85 | 6.20 | 2.81 | 2.65 |
| 18500 | 40.2 | -23.2 | 0.69 | -35.71 | 6.46 | 2.76 | 2.59 |
| 19000 | 40.2 | -22.0 | 0.76 | -35.44 | 6.69 | 3.15 | 2.79 |
| 19500 | 40.3 | -21.3 | 0.74 | -35.07 | 7.04 | 3.11 | 2.91 |
| 20000 | 40.3 | -20.3 | 0.72 | -34.49 | 7.30 | 3.07 | 3.05 |
| 20500 | 40.3 | -19.9 | 0.78 | -34.46 | 7.48 | 3.12 | 3.15 |
| 21000 | 40.3 | -19.1 | 0.87 | -34.07 | 7.61 | 3.20 | 3.33 |
| 21500 | 40.3 | -19.1 | 0.90 | -33.96 | 7.47 | 3.28 | 3.19 |
| 22000 | 40.3 | -18.7 | 0.89 | -33.57 | 7.34 | 3.35 | 3.28 |
| 22500 | 40.4 | -19.0 | 0.87 | -33.66 | 7.06 | 3.75 | 2.94 |
| 23000 | 40.4 | -19.5 | 0.88 | -33.75 | 6.92 | 3.77 | 2.70 |
| 23500 | 40.4 | -19.3 | 0.90 | -33.35 | 6.99 | 3.52 | 2.66 |
| 24000 | 40.4 | -19.8 | 0.88 | -33.99 | 6.88 | 3.88 | 2.58 |
| 24500 | 40.4 | -19.5 | 0.91 | -33.89 | 7.01 | 3.93 | 2.51 |
| 25000 | 40.4 | -19.3 | 0.88 | -33.00 | 6.72 | 3.96 | 2.14 |
| 25500 | 40.5 | -20.4 | 0.89 | -34.07 | 6.90 | 3.66 | 2.22 |
| 26000 | 40.5 | -21.3 | 0.86 | -35.11 | 7.02 | 3.69 | 2.28 |
| 26500 | 40.5 | -21.1 | 0.90 | -35.20 | 7.15 | 3.91 | 2.36 |

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

| Frequency GHz | AF EMCO 3160-10 dB (1/m) | Corr. dB |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 26.5 | 43.4 | -11.2 |
| 27.0 | 43.4 | -11.2 |
| 28.0 | 43.4 | -11.1 |
| 29.0 | 43.5 | -11.0 |
| 30.0 | 43.5 | -10.9 |
| 31.0 | 43.5 | -10.8 |
| 32.0 | 43.5 | -10.7 |
| 33.0 | 43.6 | -10.7 |
| 34.0 | 43.6 | -10.6 |
| 35.0 | 43.6 | -10.5 |
| 36.0 | 43.6 | -10.4 |
| 37.0 | 43.7 | -10.3 |
| 38.0 | 43.7 | -10.2 |
| 39.0 | 43.7 | -10.2 |
| 40.0 | 43.8 | -10.1 |

| cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) | d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d _{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | m | m |
| 4.4 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.4 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.5 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.6 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.7 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.7 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.8 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 4.9 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.0 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.1 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.1 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.2 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.3 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.4 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| 5.5 | | | | -15.6 | 3 | 0.5 |

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + \text{AF (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

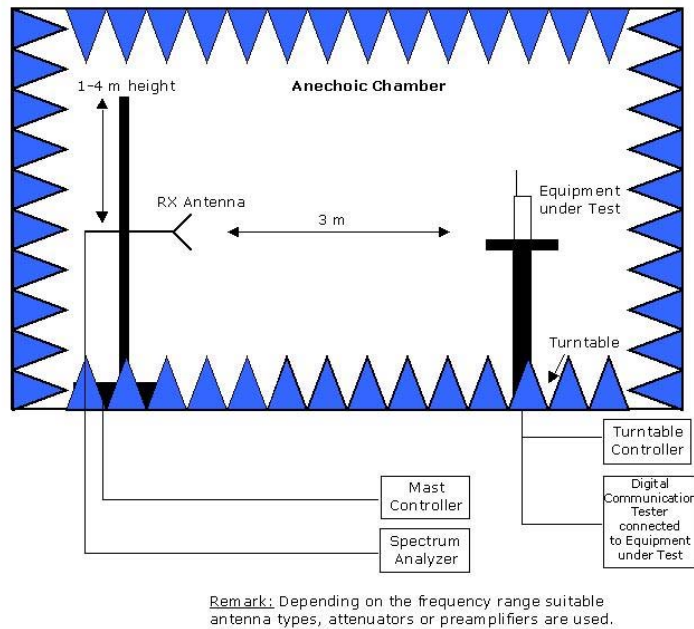
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

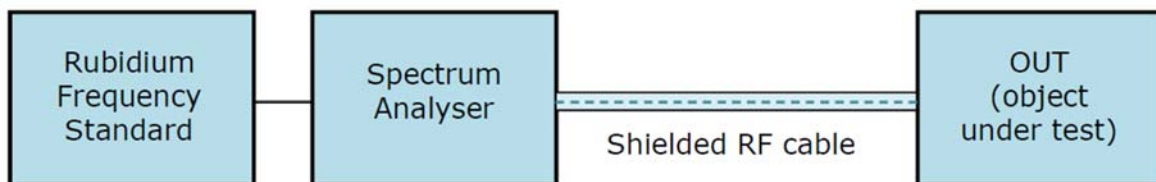
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7 SETUP DRAWINGS



Drawing 1: Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.



Drawing 2: Setup for conducted radio tests.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

| Test Case | Parameter | Uncertainty |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| AC Power Line | Power | ± 3.4 dB |
| Field Strength of spurious radiation | Power | ± 5.5 dB |
| 6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth | Power Frequency | ± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz |
| Conducted Output Power | Power | ± 2.2 dB |
| Band Edge Compliance | Power Frequency | ± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz |
| Frequency Stability | Frequency | ± 25 Hz |
| Power Spectral Density | Power | ± 2.2 dB |

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.