

























## 5.5. Frequency Stability Measurement

#### 5.5.1.Test Limit

N/A

#### 5.5.2.Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.6

#### 5.5.3.Test Setting

#### Frequency Stability Under Temperature Variations:

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20°C operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to highest. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10°C decreased per stage until the lowest temperature reached.

## Frequency Stability Under Voltage Variations:

Set chamber temperature to 20°C. Use a variable AC power supply / DC power source to power the EUT and set the voltage to rated voltage. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and recorded the frequency.

Reduce the input voltage to specify extreme voltage variation (±15%) and endpoint, record the maximum frequency change.



## 5.5.4.Test Setup





## 5.5.5.Test Result

Product	Flexi Zone 2400	Temperature	25°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2019/04/10

Voltage	Power	Temp	Frequency Tolerance (ppm)				
(%)	(VAC)	(°C)	0 minutes	2 minutes	5 minutes	10 minutes	
		- 30	-6.39	-4.89	-3.17	-2.66	
		- 20	-5.34	-3.04	-1.31	0.50	
		- 10	3.24	3.94	5.87	5.91	
		0	2.59	2.86	3.55	4.95	
100%	120	+ 10	4.24	5.49	7.77	6.87	
		+ 20 (Ref)	3.58	5.44	7.20	7.67	
		+ 30	3.55	5.22	6.91	7.74	
		+ 40	6.23	6.52	8.25	7.63	
		+ 50	5.29	6.58	6.46	5.25	
115%	138	+ 20	5.12	6.73	6.93	7.06	
85%	102	+ 20	5.92	8.33	6.79	5.19	



## 5.6. Band Edge Measurement

#### 5.6.1.Test Limit

Emissions below 2483.5 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least  $40 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at the channel edge at 2483.5 MHz,  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at 5 MHz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at X MHz from the channel edge where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

Emissions above 2495 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge at 2495 MHz and X MHz from this channel edge and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X MHz from this channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

This device can be impelement MIMO function, so the limit of spurious emissions needs to be reduced by 10\*log(Numbers<sub>Ant</sub>) according to FCC KDB 662911 D01 guidance.

Eg.: The limit is adjusted to 40 + 10 log (P) dB - 10\*log(2) = -13 dBm

#### 5.6.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 6.1

ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.7

#### 5.6.3.Test Setting

- 1. Set the analyzer frequency to low or high channel.
- 2. RBW = 100kHz
- 3. VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
- 4. Sweep time = auto
- 5. Detector = power averaging (rms)
- 6. Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- 7. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over the on and off time of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100, or if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.



## 5.6.4.Test Setup

# Spectrum Analyzer





#### 5.6.5.Test Result

Product	Flexi Zone 2400	Temperature	25°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2019/04/14

Test Mode	Modulation	Frequency	Max Band I	Edge (dBm)	Limit	Result
		(MHz)	Chain D Chain M		(dBm)	
Devel 50	400 414	2488.5	-39.90	-37.48	≤ -13.00	Pass
Band 53	16QAM	2490.0	-35.89	-33.45	≤ -16.00	Pass





## 5.7. Conducted Spurious Emissions Measurement

## 5.7.1.Test Limit

Emissions below 2483.5 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least  $40 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at the channel edge at 2483.5 MHz,  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at 5 MHz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at X MHz from the channel edge where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

Emissions above 2495 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge at 2495 MHz and X MHz from this channel edge and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X MHz from this channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

This device can be impelement MIMO function, so the limit of spurious emissions needs to be reduced by 10\*log(Numbers<sub>Ant</sub>) according to FCC KDB 662911 D01 guidance.

Eg.: The limit is adjusted to 55 + 10 log (P) dB - 10\*log(2) = -28 dBm

## 5.7.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 6.1

ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.7

## 5.7.3.Test Setting

- 1. Set the analyzer frequency to low or high channel.
- 2. RBW = 100kHz or 1MHz
- 3. VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
- 4. Sweep time = auto
- 5. Detector = power averaging (rms)
- 6. Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- 7. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over the on and off time of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100, or if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.



## 5.7.4.Test Setup

# Spectrum Analyzer





## 5.7.5.Test Result

Product	Flexi Zone 2400	Temperature	25°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	SR2	Test Date	2019/04/14

Test Mode	Modulation	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Spurious Emissions (dBm)		Limit (dBm)	Result
			Chain D Chain M			
9kHz ~ 1GHz	2					
		2488.5	-60.14	-59.64	≤ -28.00	Pass
Band 53	16QAM	2489.0	-60.04	-59.94	≤ -28.00	Pass
		2490.0	-59.99	-54.08	≤ -28.00	Pass
1GHz ~ 26.5GHz						
		2488.5	-35.29	-34.88	≤ -28.00	Pass
Band 53	16QAM	2489.0	-34.81	-35.05	≤ -28.00	Pass
		2490.0	-35.31	-35.63	≤ -28.00	Pass











## 5.8. Radiated Spurious Emissions Measurement

## 5.8.1.Test Limit

Emissions below 2483.5 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least  $40 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at the channel edge at 2483.5 MHz,  $43 + 10 \log (P) dB$  at 5 MHz from the channel edge, and 55 + 10 log (P) dB at X MHz from the channel edge where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

Emissions above 2495 MHz are attenuated below the transmitter power (P) measured in watts by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies between the channel edge at 2495 MHz and X MHz from this channel edge and 55 + 10 log (P) dB on all frequencies more than X MHz from this channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth.

## 5.8.2.Test Procedure Used

KDB 971168 D01v03r01 - Section 5.8

ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.2.7

## 5.8.3.Test Setting

- 1. RBW = 100kHz or 1MHz
- 2. VBW ≥ 3\*RBW
- 3. Sweep time = auto
- 4. Detector = power averaging (rms)
- 5. Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- 6. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over the on and off time of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100, or if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time
- 7. The trace was allowed to stabilize



## 5.8.4.Test Setup







## 5.8.5.Test Result

Product	Flexi Zone 2400	Temperature	25°C
Test Engineer	Kevin Ker	Relative Humidity	54%
Test Site	AC1	Test Date	2019/04/14

Frequency	Ant. Pol.	SG Reading	Cable Loss	Substitute	EIRP	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	(H/V)	(dBm)	(dB)	Antenna	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
				Gain (ubi)			
166.8	H	-69.8	0.2	-0.2	-70.2	-28.0	-42.2
215.3	Н	-69.3	0.2	-2.8	-72.3	-28.0	-44.3
4978.0	Н	-66.5	1.1	12.6	-55.0	-28.0	-27.0
7465.5	Н	-60.7	1.3	11.2	-50.8	-28.0	-22.8
31.0	V	-61.2	0.1	0.1	-61.2	-28.0	-33.2
100.3	V	-60.9	0.1	0.9	-60.1	-28.0	-32.1
4969.5	V	-65.6	1.1	12.6	-54.1	-28.0	-26.1
7465.5	V	-61.1	1.3	11.2	-51.2	-28.0	-23.2
2489.0MHz						_	
210.9	Н	-65.4	0.2	-2.7	-68.3	-28.0	-40.3
749.3	Н	-69.2	0.4	0.7	-68.9	-28.0	-40.9
4978.0	Н	-62.1	1.1	12.6	-50.6	-28.0	-22.6
7467.0	Н	-59.8	1.3	11.2	-49.9	-28.0	-21.9
30.0	V	-60.6	0.1	0.6	-60.1	-28.0	-32.1
89.7	V	-59.3	0.1	-2.5	-61.9	-28.0	-33.9
4978.0	V	-63.2	1.1	12.6	-51.7	-28.0	-23.7
7467.0	V	-60.1	1.3	11.2	-50.2	-28.0	-22.2
2490.0MHz							
167.7	Н	-68.0	0.2	-0.4	-68.6	-28.0	-40.6
211.4	Н	-66.4	0.2	-2.7	-69.3	-28.0	-41.3
4986.5	Н	-65.8	1.1	12.6	-54.3	-28.0	-26.3
7470.0	Н	-60.8	1.3	11.2	-50.9	-28.0	-22.9
31.0	V	-62.3	0.1	0.1	-62.3	-28.0	-34.3
100.3	V	-60.6	0.1	-2.9	-63.6	-28.0	-35.6
4978.0	V	-65.7	1.1	12.6	-54.2	-28.0	-26.2
7470.0	V	-60.1	1.3	11.2	-50.2	-28.0	-22.2

Note: EIRP (dBm) = SG Reading (dBm) - Cable Loss (dB) + Substitute Antenna Gain (dBi)



## 6. CONCLUSION

The data collected relate only the item(s) tested and show that the Flexi Zone 2400, FCC ID:

2AD8UFZMFWH201 is in compliance with Part 25 of the FCC Rules.

The End