



5.5. Peak to Average Ratio Measurement

5.5.1.Test Limit

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. The spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level.

5.5.2.Test Procedure Used

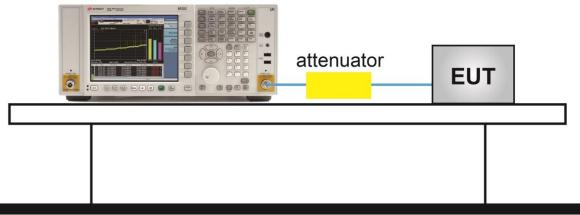
ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.2.3.4 (CCDF).

5.5.3.Test Setting

- 1. Set the resolution / measurement bandwidth \geq signal's occupied bandwidth
- 2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve
- 3. Record the maximum PARR level associated with a probability of 0.1%

5.5.4.Test Setup

Spectrum Analyzer

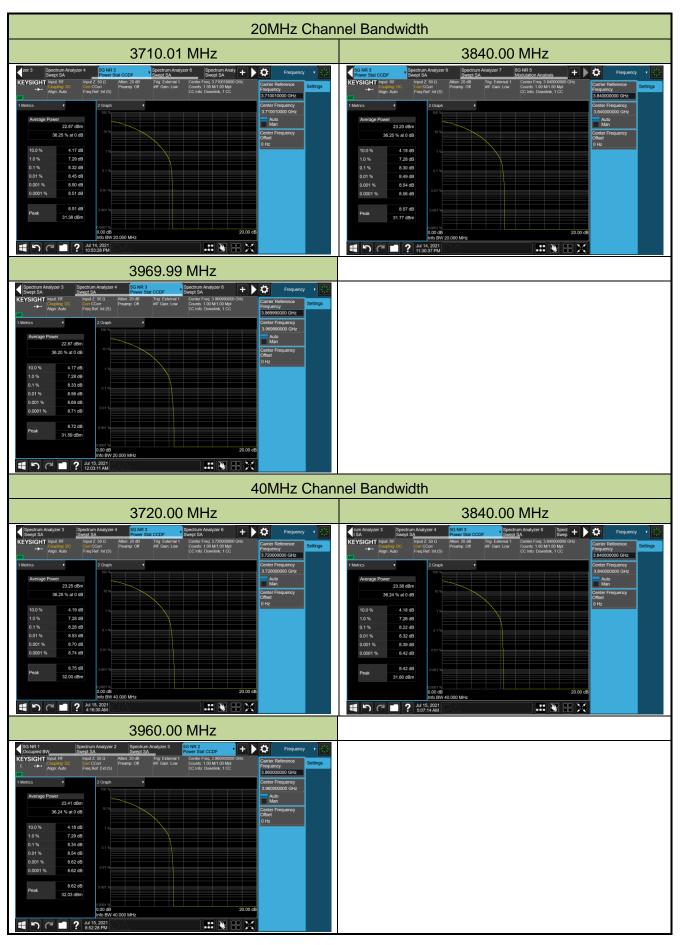


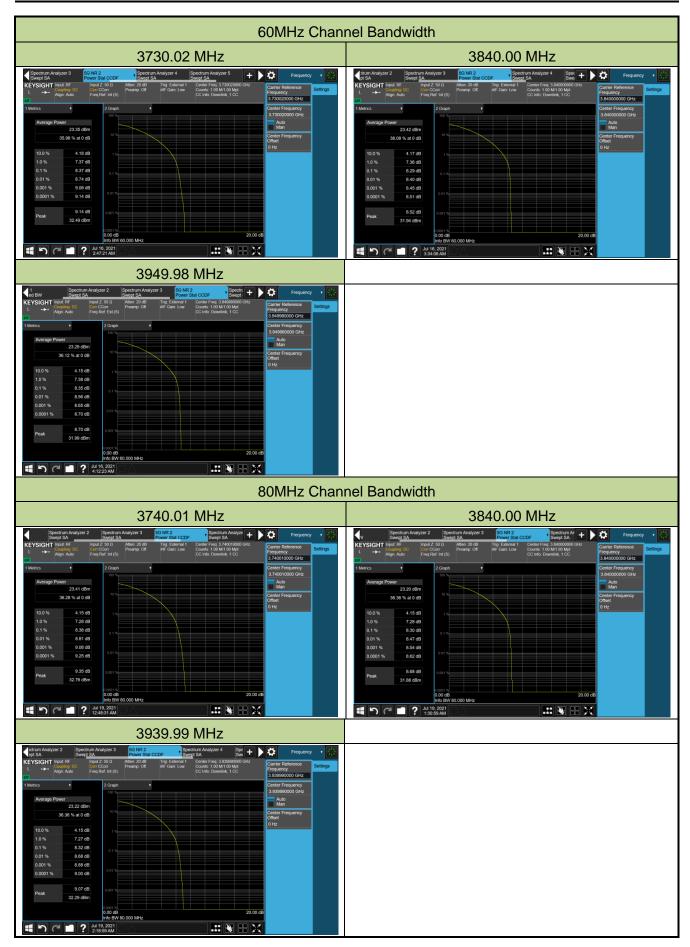


5.5.5.Test Result

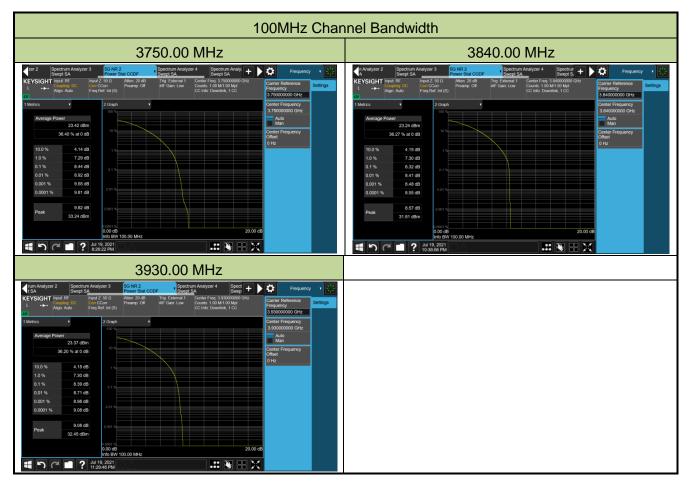
Test Engineer	Peter Xu	Peter Xu		Test Site		SR2		
Test Date	2021/07/14 ~	2021/07/14 ~ 2021/07/19		Test Configuration		n77		
Frequency	Channel	Peak to Average		Limit		Result		
(MHz)	Bandwidth (MHz)	Ratio (dB)		(dB)				
3710.01	20	8.32		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3840.00	20	8.30		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3969.99	20	8.33		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3720.00	40	8.28		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3840.00	40	8.22		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3960.00	40	8.34		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3730.02	60	8.37		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3840.00	60	8.29		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3949.98	60	8.35		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3740.01	80	8.38		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3840.00	80	8.30		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3939.99	80	8.32		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3750.00	100	8.44		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3840.00	100	8.32		≤ 13.00		Pass		
3930.00	100	8.39		≤ 13.00		Pass		













5.6. Transmitter Unwanted Emission (Band Edge) Measurement

5.6.1.Test Limit

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. The emission limit equal to -13dBm.

This device can be impelement MIMO function, so the limit of spurious emissions needs to be reduced by 10*log(Numbers_{Ant}) according to FCC KDB 662911 D01 guidance.

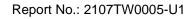
The limit is adjusted to -13 dBm - $10*\log(4) = -19.02dBm$

5.6.2.Test Procedure Used

ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.7

5.6.3.Test Setting

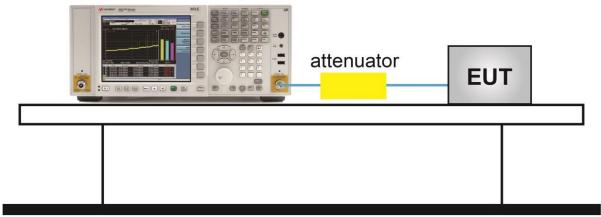
- 1. Set the analyzer frequency to low or high channel.
- 2. RBW = The nominal RBW shall be in the range of 1% of the anticipated OBW;
- 3. VBW ≥ 3*RBW
- 4. Sweep time = auto
- 5. Detector = power averaging (rms)
- 6. Set sweep trigger to "free run."
- 7. User gate triggered such that the analyzer only sweeps when the device is transmitting at full power
- 8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. To accurately determine the average power over the on and off time of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100, or if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.
- 9. Used power integration when using a measurement bandwidth smaller than the specified bandwidth.





5.6.4.Test Setup

Spectrum Analyzer





5.6.5.Test Result

Test Engineer	Peter Xu	Test Site	SR2
Test Date	2021/07/15 ~ 2021/07/19	Test Configuration	n77 (Single Carrier)

