

RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

1. PRODUCT INFORMATION

FCC ID	2ACVU-CKW104RB		
Product Description	Medical Keyboard		
Model Name	CKW104R		
Frequency Band (Operating)	□WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz □WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz □WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5825GHz ⊠Others (2.4G: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480GHz)		
Device Category	 Portable (<20cm separation) Mobile (>20cm separation) Others: 		
Antenna Diversity	Single antenna Multiple antennas Tx diversity Rx diversity Tx/Rx diversity		
Max. Output Power	2.371mW		
Antenna Gain	-12.55dBi		
Minimum Assessment Distance	5mm		
Evaluation Applied	☐MPE Evaluation ⊠SAR Evaluation		
Evaluation Result	Pass		



2. PORTABLE DEVICE EVALUATION METHOD AND LIMIT

Following FCC KDB 447498 D01 "General SAR test exclusion guidance" The corresponding SAR Exclusion Threshold condition, listed below:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] [if(GHz)] s 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ñ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- > f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
- > Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.
- ➤ The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.</p>
- 2) At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50mm) (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100MHz to 1500 MHz;
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)-10] mW at > 1500 MHz and \leq 6 GHz;
- 3) At frequencies below 100 MHz, the following may be considered for SAR test exclusion.
 - a) The threshold at the corresponding test separation distance at 100 MHz in step 2) is multiplied by [1 + log(100/f(MHz))] for test separation distances > 50 mm and < 200 mm.
 - b) The threshold determined by the equation in a) for 50 mm and 100 MHz is multiplied by 1/2 for test separation distances ñ 50 mm.
 - c) SAR measurement procedures are not established below 100 MHz. When SAR test exclusion cannot be applied, a KDB inquiry is required to determine SAR evaluation requirements for any test results to be acceptable.



3. MOBILE DEVICE EVALUATION METHOD AND LIMIT

Human exposure to RF emissions from mobile devices (47 CFR §2.1091) may be evaluated based on the MPE limits adopted by the FCC for electric and magnetic field strength and/or power density, as appropriate, since exposures are assumed to occur at distances of 20 cm or more from persons.

Frequency	E-field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field	Power Density	Averaging Time
Range		Strength (H)	(S)	E ² , H ² or S
(MHz)		(A/m)	(mW/cm ²)	(Minutes)
0.3 1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34 30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f ²)*	30
30 300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300 1500			f/1500	30
1500 100,000			1.0	30

LIMITS FOR GENERAL POPULATION / UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

*Note:

1. f= Frequency in MHz * Plane-wave Equivalent Power Density

2. The averaging time for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure to fixed transmitters is not applicable for mobile and portable transmitters. See 47 CFR §§2.1091 and 2.1093 on source-based time-averaging requirement for mobile and portable transmitters.

$S=PG/4\pi R^2$

Where:

S=power density

P=power input to antenna

G=power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator R=distance to the center of radiation of the antenna



4. RF OUTPUT POWER

4.1 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

For peak power test:

- 1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
- 2. Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a channel.
- 3. RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
- 4. VBW ≥RBW.
- 5. Sweep: Auto.
- 6. Detector function: Peak.
- 7. Trace: Max hold.

Allow trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

03:49:42 PM Sep 05, 2023 Peak Search 401902402402 GHz Avg Type: Log-Pw Avg|Hold:>100/100 PNO: Fast 🖵 Trig: Free Run #Atten: 40 dB Next Peak Mkr1 2.401 902 GHz 3.749 dBm l0 dB/div Ref 30.00 dBm Next Pk Right Next Pk Left Marker Delta Mkr→CF Mkr→RefLvi More 1 of 2 Center 2.402000 GHz Span 5.000 MHz Res BW 1.5 MHz #VBW 5.0 MHz Sweep 1.066 ms (1000 pts)

Test Graphs of RF Output Power



5. MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Max Output power (mW)	Calculation on Value (Note 1)	Threshold Value
2.4G	2402	2.371	0.735	3.0

Note 1: Calculation Value =[(max. power of channel, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}]$.

Fox example: 2.371/5*√2.402=0.735≤ 3.0

Note 2: Max Power (mW) = $10^{A(Max power (dBm)/10)}$

According to KDB447498 D01 V06, threshold at which no SAR required is ≤3.0 for 1-g SAR, separation distance is 5mm, and no simultaneous SAR measurement is required.