

Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 1014

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.788$  S/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.43$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phonton parameters used: 1 = 2+30 WHz, 0 = 1.700 S/III,  $\varepsilon_r = 39.43$ , p = 1000 kg/III

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

 Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3846; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2021-04-26

Date: 05.19.2021

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn777; Calibrated: 2021-01-08
- Phantom: MFP\_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 105.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

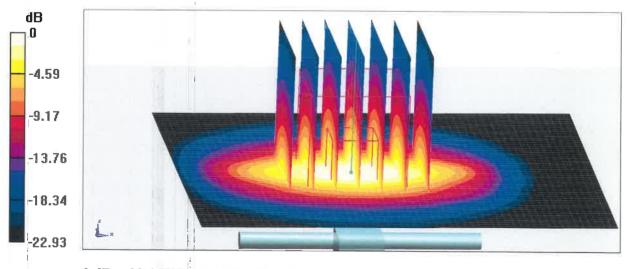
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.89 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.5%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



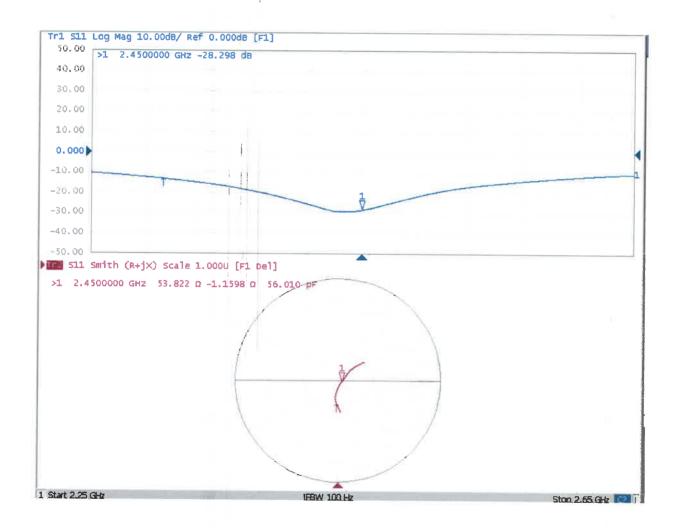
0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z21-60202



Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

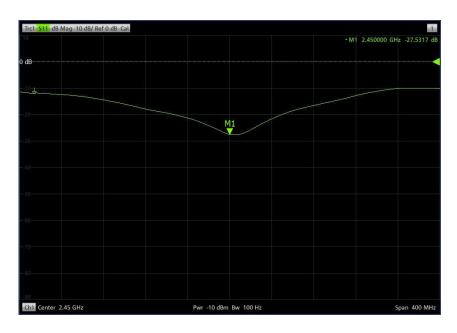
# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

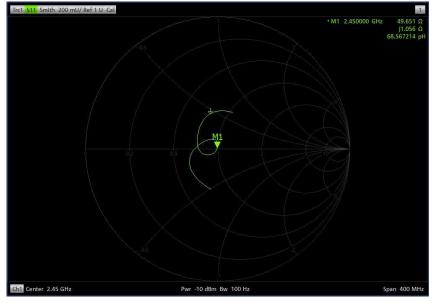


## Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Dipole	Date of Measurement	Return Loss (dB)	Delta (%)	Impedance (ohm)	Delta (ohm)
Head	May 19, 2021	-28.3	-2.71	53.8	-4.17
2450MHz	May 17, 2022	-27.5	-2.71	49.7	<del>-4</del> .1 <i>1</i>

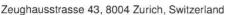
Note: The return loss is <-20dB, within 20% of prior calibration; the impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration. Therefore the verification results meet the requirement of extended calibration.





#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG







Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage

C Service suisse d etalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura

S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

**TUV-CN (Auden)** 

Certificate No

EX-7506 May22

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object EX3DV4 - SN:7506

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5,

QA CAL-25.v7

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date May 31, 2022

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3) ℃ and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03525/03524)	Apr-23
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03524)	Apr-23
OCP DAK-3.5 (weighted)	SN: 1249	20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK3.5-1249_Oct21)	Oct-22
OCP DAK-12	SN: 1016	20-Oct-21 (OCP-DAK12-1016_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	04-Apr-22 (No. 217-03527)	Apr-23
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Oct-21 (No. DAE4-660_Oct21)	Oct-22
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	27-Dec-21 (No. ES3-3013_Dec21)	Dec-22

Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-22

Name Function Signature

Calibrated by Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician

Approved by Sven Kühn Technical Manager S.

Issued: June 9, 2022

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX-7506\_May22

Page 1 of 22

#### Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

Service suisse d'étalonnage

Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

DCP CF A, B, C, D

crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization  $\varphi$ 

 $\varphi$  rotation around probe axis

Polarization 0

 $\vartheta$  rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e.,  $\vartheta$  = 0 is

normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC/IEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for the Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-Held and Body-Worn Wireless Communication Devices Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency Range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020.
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \le 900\,\text{MHz}$  in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800\,\text{MHz}$ : R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal. DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- · PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
  power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum
  calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \le 800\,\text{MHz}$ ) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800\,\text{MHz}$ . The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50\,\text{MHz}$  to  $\pm 100\,\text{MHz}$ .
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

#### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k = 2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.55	0.41	0.51	±10.1%
DCP (mV) B	101.0	101.2	101.0	±4.7%

#### **Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		Α	В	С	D	VR	Max	Max
ř			dB	dB√μV		dB	mV	dev.	Unc <sup>E</sup> k = 2
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	168.8	±3.0%	±4.7%
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		148.7		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		169.0		
10352	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	8.05	78.46	15.33	10.00	60.0	±0.7%	±9.6%
	**	Y	1.85	62.88	8.16		60.0		
		Z	20.00	89.04	18.97		60.0		
10353	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	20.00	87.88	16.92	6.99	80.0	±0.7%	±9.6%
	\$\\ \tag{\alpha}	Υ	0.99	61.21	6.41		80.0		
		Z	20.00	91.32	18.80		80.0		
10354	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	20.00	89.40	16.28	3.98	95.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
		Y	0.45	60.00	4.99		95.0		
		Z	20.00	96.88	19.94		95.0		
10355	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	20.00	89.67	15.25	2.22	120.0	±0.9%	±9.6%
		Y	0.26	60.00	4.47		120.0		
		Z	20.00	103.58	21.55		120.0		
10387	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	1.60	65.88	14.66	1.00	150.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Y	1.66	67.52	15.39		150.0		
		Z	1.58	66.08	14.70		150.0		
10388	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	2.13	67.53	15.44	0.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	2.18	68.33	16.01		150.0		
		Z	2.11	67.44	15.47		150.0		
10396	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	2.96	71.05	19.00	3.01	150.0	±0.8%	±9.6%
		Y	2.56	69.87	18.62		150.0		
		Z	3.00	71.97	19.70		150.0		
10399	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	3.45	66.91	15.65	0.00	150.0	±1.1%	±9.6%
		Y	3.49	67.29	15.93		150.0		
		Z	3.43	66.82	15.65		150.0		
10414	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40 MHz	X	4.82	65.58	15.51	0.00	150.0	±1.0%	±9.6%
		Y	4.77	65.82	15.67		150.0		
		Z	4.77	65.52	15.51		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

B Linearization parameter uncertainty for maximum specified field strength.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm A}$  The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E $^{\rm 2}$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

# Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

## **Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$V^{-1}$	T1 ms V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
X	43.2	324.64	35.96	7.93	0.00	5.05	1.43	0.21	1.01
у	36.1	268.59	35.44	6.39	0.00	4.96	1.40	0.06	1.00
Z	39.8	300.98	36.25	7.05	0.00	5.06	1.74	0.10	1.01

#### **Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle	-119.1°
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Note: Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.

### Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

#### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
450	43.5	0.87	11.32	11.32	11.32	0.16	1.30	±13.3%
750	41.9	0.89	10.44	10.44	10.44	0.62	0.80	±12.0%
835	41.5	0.90	10.39	10.39	10.39	0.49	0.80	±12.0%
900	41.5	0.97	9.93	9.93	9.93	0.55	0.82	±12.0%
1450	40.5	1.20	9.14	9.14	9.14	0.37	0.80	±12.0%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.40	0.86	±12.0%
1900	40.0	1.40	8.43	8.43	8.43	0.33	0.86	±12.0%
2100	39.8	1.49	8.42	8.42	8.42	0.34	0.86	±12.0%
2300	39.5	1.67	8.06	8.06	8.06	0.36	0.90	±12.0%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.36	0.90	±12.0%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.37	0.90	±12.0%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.21	7.21	7.21	0.35	1.30	±13.1%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.80	6.80	6.80	0.35	1.30	±13.1%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.78	6.78	6.78	0.30	1.35	±13.1%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.75	6.75	6.75	0.40	1.60	±13.1%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.68	6.68	6.68	0.40	1.60	±13.1%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.40	1.70	±13.1%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.53	6.53	6.53	0.40	1.70	±13.1%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.47	6.47	6.47	0.40	1.70	±13.1%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.42	6.42	6.42	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
4950	36.3	4.40	6.23	6.23	6.23	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.45	5.45	5.45	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5600	35.5	5.07	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	±13.1%
5800	35.3	5.27	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	±13.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ±10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4–9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ±110 MHz.

Certificate No: EX-7506\_May22

Assessed at 13 MHz is 9–19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to  $\pm 110$  MHz. F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to  $\pm 5\%$ . The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

May 31, 2022 EX3DV4 - SN:7506

## Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7506

## Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity <sup>F</sup> (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k = 2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.20	2.50	±18.6%

 $<sup>^{\</sup>text{C}}$  Frequency validity at 6.5 GHz is -600/+700 MHz, and  $\pm700$  MHz at or above 7 GHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration

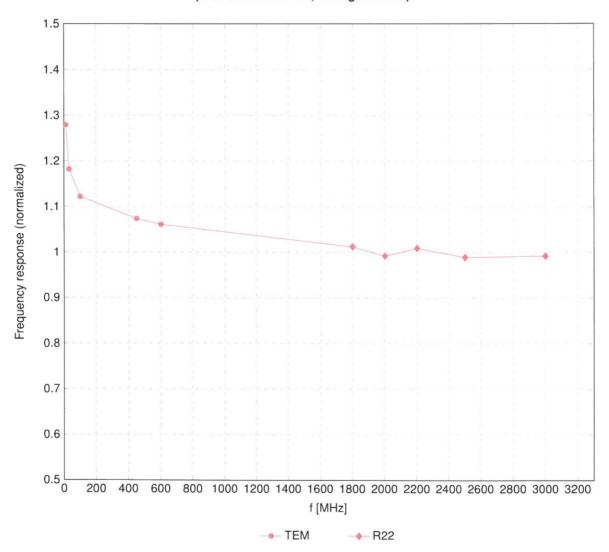
Certificate No: EX-7506\_May22

frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. F At frequencies 6–10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\varepsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to  $\pm 10\%$  if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ±1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ±2% for frequencies between 3–6 GHz; and below ±4% for frequencies between 6–10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

# Frequency Response of E-Field

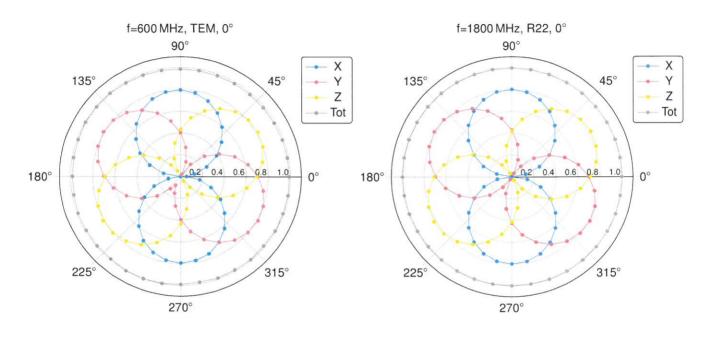
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide:R22)

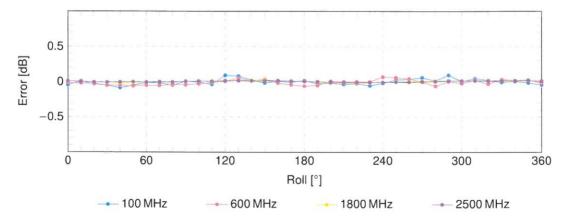


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

May 31, 2022

# Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

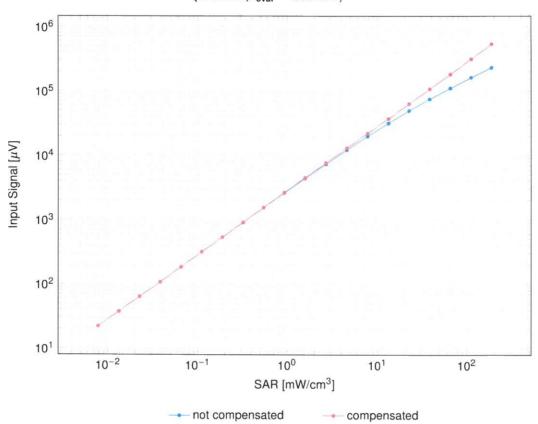


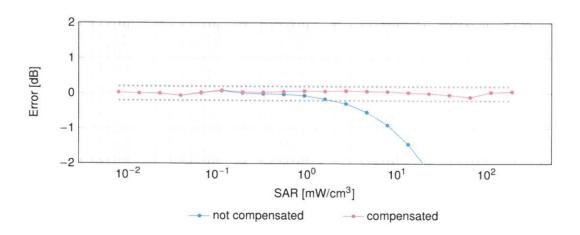


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

# $\textbf{Dynamic Range } f(\textbf{SAR}_{\textbf{head}})$

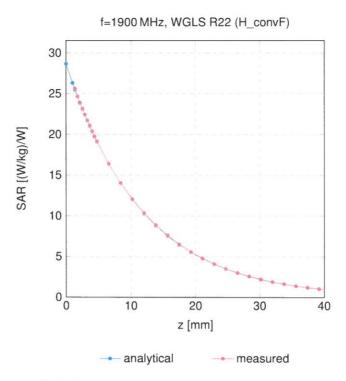
(TEM cell,  $f_{eval} = 1900 \, MHz$ )





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ±0.6% (k=2)

## **Conversion Factor Assessment**



# **Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid**

