FCC/ISED



TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

Personal Ground Station

ISSUED TO Yuneec Technology Co., Limited

Unit 2301, 23/F, 9 Chong Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.



Tested by:

Ye Hongji

Date

Jul. 14. 2620

BALUN

Approved by:

Wei Yanquan
(Chief Engineer)

Date

Output

Date

Date

Output

Date

Date

Date

Output

Date

Date

Date

Date

Output

Date

Date

Date

Date

Date

Output

Date

Report No.: BL-EC2060327-602
EUT Name: Personal Ground Station

Model Name: ST16E

Brand Name: YUNEECS

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

RSS-Gen (Issue 5, March 2019) RSS-247 (Issue 2, February 2017)

FCC ID: 2ACS5-ST16E ISED Number: 11554B-ST16E

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Jun. 28, 2020 ~ Jun. 30, 2020

Date of Issue: Jul. 14, 2020

NOTE: This test report of test results only related to testing samples, which can be duplicated completely for the legal use with the approval of the applicant; it shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. Any objections should be raised within thirty days from the date of issue. To validate the report, please contact us.



Revision History

Version Rev. 01 Issue Date

<u>Jul. 14, 2020</u>

Revisions Content

Initial Issue

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	ADMIN	STRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)	5
	1.1	Identification of the Testing Laboratory	5
	1.2	Identification of the Responsible Testing Location	5
	1.3	Laboratory Condition	5
	1.4	Announce	6
2	PRODU	ICT INFORMATION	7
;	2.1	Applicant Information	7
;	2.2	Manufacturer Information	7
;	2.3	Factory Information	7
;	2.4	General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)	7
:	2.5	Technical Information	8
:	2.6	Additional Instructions	9
SL	JMMARY	OF TEST RESULTS	10
2	2.7	Test Standards	10
	2.7 2.8	Test Standards Verdict	
	2.8		11
3	2.8	Verdict	11 12
3	2.8 GENER	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS	11 12 12
3	2.8 GENER 3.1	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS Test Environments	11 12 12 12
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS Test Environments Test Equipment List	11 12 12 12 13
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2 3.3	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS Test Environments Test Equipment List Measurement Uncertainty	11 12 12 12 13
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS Test Environments Test Equipment List Measurement Uncertainty Description of Test Setup	11 12 12 12 13 14
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.4.1	Verdict	11 12 12 13 14 14 14
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2	Verdict AL TEST CONFIGURATIONS Test Environments Test Equipment List Measurement Uncertainty Description of Test Setup For Antenna Port Test For AC Power Supply Port Test	11 12 12 13 14 14 14 15
3	2.8 GENER 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.4.3	Verdict	11 12 12 13 14 14 14 15



	3.5.1	For conducted test items:	. 17
	3.5.2	For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:	. 17
4	TEST I	TEMS	. 18
	4.1	Antenna Requirements	. 18
	4.1.1	Relevant Standards	. 18
	4.1.2	Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction	. 18
	4.1.3	Antenna Gain	. 18
	4.2	Output Power	. 19
	4.2.1	Test Limit	. 19
	4.2.2	Test Setup	. 19
	4.2.3	Test Procedure	. 19
	4.2.4	Test Result	. 20
	4.3	6dB Bandwidth	. 21
	4.3.1	Limit	. 21
	4.3.2	Test Setup	. 21
	4.3.3	Test Procedure	. 21
	4.3.4	Test Result	. 21
	4.4	Conducted Spurious Emission	. 22
	4.4.1	Limit	. 22
	4.4.2	Test Setup	. 22
	4.4.3	Test Procedure	. 22
	4.4.4	Test Result	. 23
	4.5	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)	. 24
	4.5.1	Limit	. 24
	4.5.2	Test Setup	. 24
	4.5.3	Test Procedure	. 24
	4.5.4	Test Result	. 25
	4.6	Conducted Emission	. 26
	4.6.1	Limit	. 26
	4.6.2	Test Setup	. 26
	4.6.3	Test Procedure	. 26
	4.6.4	Test Result	. 26



4.7	Radiated Spurious Emission	27
4.7.1	Limit	27
4.7.2	Test Setup	27
4.7.3	Test Procedure	27
4.7.4	Test Result	30
4.8	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)	31
4.8.1	Limit	31
4.8.2	Test Setup	31
4.8.3	Test Procedure	31
4.8.4	Test Result	31
4.9	Power Spectral density (PSD)	32
4.9.1	Limit	32
4.9.2	Test Setup	32
4.9.3	Test Procedure	32
4.9.4	Test Result	32
ANNEX A	TEST RESULT	33
A.1	Output Power	33
A.2	Bandwidth	33
A.3	Conducted Spurious Emissions	33
A.4	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)	33
A.5	Conducted Emissions	34
A.6	Radiated Emission	36
A.7	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)	40
A.8	Power Spectral Density (PSD)	41
ANNEX B	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	41
ANNEX C	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	41
ANNEX D	EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS	41



1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Addross	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

	responding resuming account.
Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Addroop	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform
	electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of
	test site are 11524A-1.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a
A compalitation	accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.
Accreditation	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American
Certificate	Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) according to ISO/IEC
	17025.The accreditation certificate is 4344.01.
	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National
	Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe
Description	Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R.
	China 518055

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature	20°C to 25°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa



1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v6.4.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (7) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Yuneec Technology Co., Limited
Addross	Unit 2301, 23/F, 9 Chong Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong
Address	Kong.

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Yuneec International (China) Co., Ltd.
Addroso	No.388 East Zhengwei Road, Jinxi Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu 215324,
Address	China

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Yuneec International (China) Co., Ltd.
Address	No.388 East Zhengwei Road, Jinxi Town, Kunshan, Jiangsu 215324,
Address	China

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Personal Ground Station
Model Name Under Test	ST16E
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model	N/A
name differentiation	N/A
Serial Number	CAFBB22A09805012
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A



2.5 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	2.4G WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
	5G WIFI 802.11a
	2.4G ISM Band (OFDM modulation), GPS

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Modulation Technology	DTS
Modulation Type	OFDM
	☐ Mobile
Product Type	□ Portable
	☐ Fix Location
	The frequency range used is 2412MHz – 2472 MHz;
	$f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1)*100 \text{ kHz}, \text{ where}$
Frequency Range	- f _c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz,
	- N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 601.
	The frequency block is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz.
Antenna Type	Dipole Antenna
Antenna Gain	3 dBi (This value is provided by the applicant.)
About the Droduct	Low channel (2412 MHz), Middle channel (2442 MHz), High channel
About the Product	(2472 MHz)



2.6 Additional Instructions

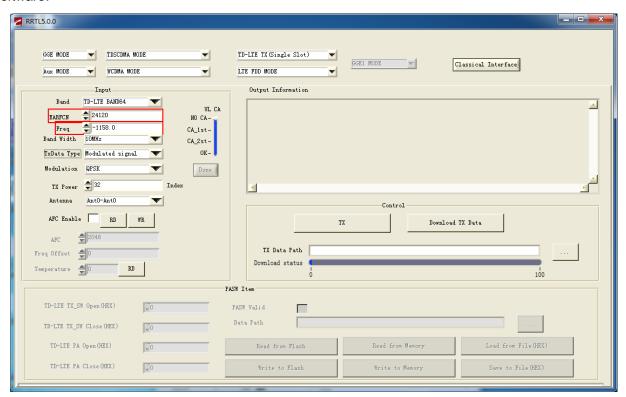
EUT Software Settings:

		Special software is used.
Mode		The software provided by client to enable the EUT under
		transmission condition continuously at specific channel
		frequencies individually.

During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

Power level setup in software			
Test Software Version	RRTL5.0.0		
Support Units	Description	Manufacturer	Model
(Software installation media)	Notebook	Lenovo	K43c-80
Mode	Channel	S	Soft Set
	2412		32
OFDM	2442		32
	2472		32

Run software:





SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

2.7 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
2	KDB Publication 558074 D01v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES
3	RSS-Gen (Issue 5, Mar. 2019)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
4	RSS-247 (Issue 2, February 2017)	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
5	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices



2.8 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	ISED Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203; 15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (6)	N/A	Pass ^{Note 1}
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (4)	ANNEX A.1	Pass Note 3
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (1)	ANNEX A.2	Pass Note 3
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.3	Pass Note 3
5	Band Edge(Authorized- band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.4	Pass Note 3
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted- band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247(d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247(e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (2)	ANNEX A.8	Pass Note 3
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-Gen, 7.1.2	N/A	N/A Note 2

Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1.

Note ²: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

Note ³: Because the RF module installed in the EUT is electronically and mechanically identical to the original certified module in the test report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.), so Conducted Emission & Radiated Spurious Emission & Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge) were retested in this report. Other test items please refer to the BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) on Jun. 29, 2020.



3 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

3.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	45% - 55%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa - 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.6 V

3.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-30	103118	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
Switch Unit with OSP- B157	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	OSP120	101270	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	MY53220118	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
EMI Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESRP	101036	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2020.06.09	2021.06.08
Bluetooth Tester	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CBT	101005	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215		
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
Attenuator (20 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091		
Attenuator (6 dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189		
Temperature Chamber	AHK	SP20	1412	2020.06.10	2021.06.09
Test Antenna- Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2017.11.09	2020.11.08
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2018.08.22	2020.08.21
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2019.07.22	2021.07.21
Test Antenna- Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB- 180400KF	J211060273	2019.01.06	2021.01.05
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2017.02.21	2022.02.20
Anechoic Chamber	EMC Electronic Co., Ltd	20.10*11.60 *7.35m	N/A	2018.08.08	2021.08.07
Shielded Enclosure	ChangNing	CN-130701	130703		
Signal Generator	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	SMB100A	177746	2020.06.08	2021.06.07
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5225F	1037	2020.02.19	2021.02.18
Power Amplifier	OPHIR RF	5273F	1016	2020.02.19	2021.02.18
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	C5982-10	109275	N/A	N/A
Directional Coupler	Werlantone	CHP-273E	S00801z-01	N/A	N/A
Sound Level Meter	B&K	NL-20	00844023	2019.11.12	2020.11.11
Ear Simulator	B&K	4185	2409449	2019.11.12	2020.11.11



Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Ear Simulator	B&K	4195	2418189	2019.11.12	2020.11.11
Audio analyzer	B&K	UPL 16	100129	2019.11.12	2020.11.11

3.3 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Measurement	Value
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±4%
RF output power, conducted	±1.4 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±2.5 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	±2.8 dB
All emissions, radiated	±5.4 dB
Temperature	±1°C
Humidity	±4%

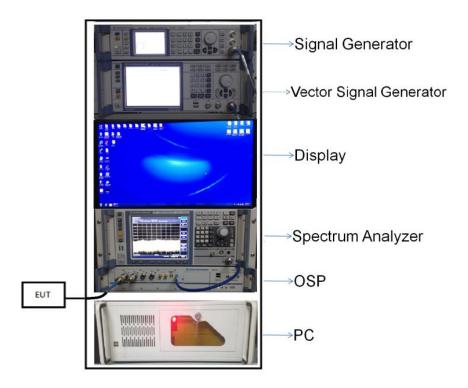


3.4 Description of Test Setup

3.4.1 For Antenna Port Test

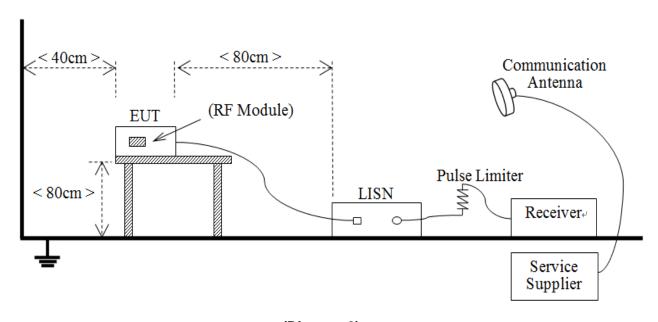
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT: Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



(Diagram 1)

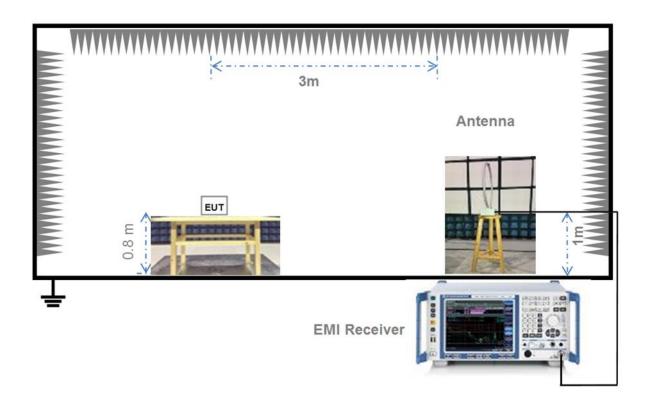
3.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

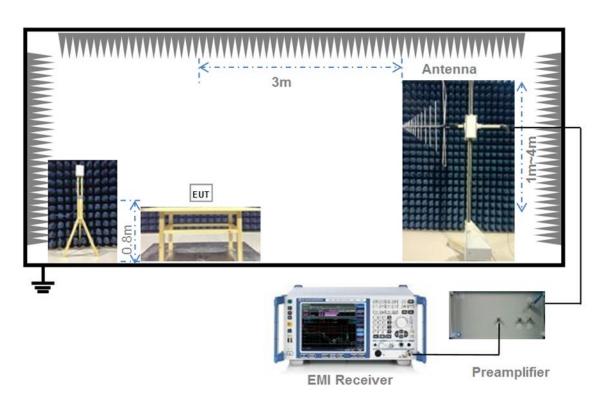


3.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



(Diagram 3)

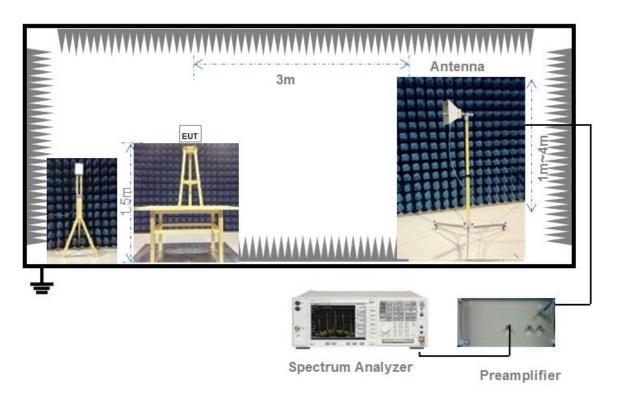
3.4.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)



3.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)



3.5 Measurement Results Explanation Example

3.5.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

3.5.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)



4 TEST ITEMS

4.1 Antenna Requirements

4.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

4.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
Compliance with 15.203, use of a	
standard antenna jack or electrical	The antenna is the unique connector with a wire antenna.
connector is prohibited.	

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

4.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



4.2 Output Power

4.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

4.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

- a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.
- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
- 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal as described in Section 6.0.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle to the measurement result.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.



Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T \leq 16.7 microseconds.)

4.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.



4.36dB Bandwidth

4.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

4.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

4.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.



4.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

4.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

4.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to \geq 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.



Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

4.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.



4.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

4.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

4.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.



Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

4.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.



4.6 Conducted Emission

4.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range	Conducted Limit (dBµV)		
(MHz)	Quai-peak	Average	
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46	
0.50 - 5	56	46	
0.50 - 30	60	50	

4.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

4.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.



4.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

4.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

- 1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- 2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

4.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.3 to 4.4.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).



- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

E = EIRP - 20log D + 104.8

where:

 $E = electric field strength in dB\mu V/m$,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz



> 1000 MHz	1 MHz
------------	-------

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle \geq 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than \pm 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) VBW \geq 3 x RBW.
- e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
- 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
- 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
- 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
- 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).



Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \ge 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

4.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.



4.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

4.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

4.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

4.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.



4.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

4.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

4.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.4.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

4.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz \leq RBW \leq 100 kHz.

Set the VBW \geq 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

4.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.



ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Note: Please refer to the Report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.)

A.2 Bandwidth

Note: Please refer to the Report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.)

A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Note: Please refer to the Report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.)

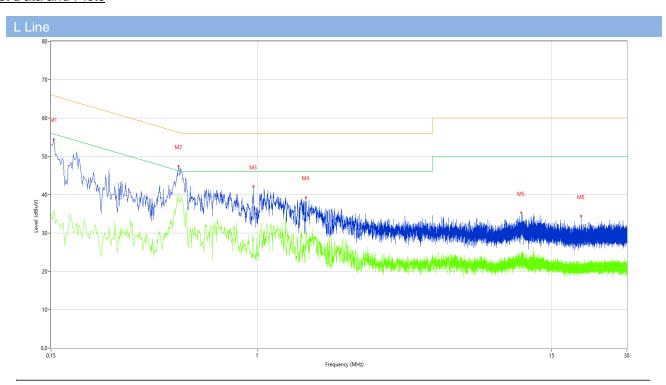
A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: Please refer to the Report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.)



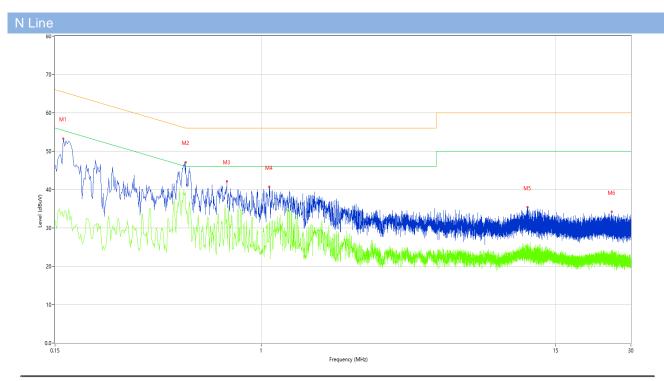
A.5 Conducted Emissions

Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1*	0.150	49.68	11.16	66.00	-16.32	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.150	34.66	11.16	56.00	-21.34	AV	L	Pass
2*	0.486	44.05	11.13	56.24	-12.19	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.486	39.79	11.13	46.24	-6.45	AV	L	Pass
3*	0.964	34.76	11.21	56.00	-21.24	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.964	28.77	11.21	46.00	-17.23	AV	L	Pass
4*	1.562	33.34	11.15	56.00	-22.66	Peak	L	Pass
4**	1.562	27.02	11.15	46.00	-18.98	AV	L	Pass
5*	11.348	26.08	10.98	60.00	-33.92	Peak	L	Pass
5**	11.348	23.97	10.98	50.00	-26.03	AV	L	Pass
6*	19.664	17.99	11.43	60.00	-42.01	Peak	L	Pass
6**	19.664	22.16	11.43	50.00	-27.84	AV	L	Pass





No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Line	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dBuV)	(dB)			
1*	0.156	49.13	11.13	65.67	-16.54	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.156	35.05	11.13	55.67	-20.62	AV	N	Pass
2*	0.500	44.06	11.10	56.00	-11.94	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.500	35.60	11.10	46.00	-10.40	AV	N	Pass
3*	0.730	35.96	11.31	56.00	-20.04	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.730	31.22	11.31	46.00	-14.78	AV	N	Pass
4*	1.076	34.92	11.22	56.00	-21.08	Peak	N	Pass
4**	1.076	29.23	11.22	46.00	-16.77	AV	N	Pass
5*	11.582	27.23	10.94	60.00	-32.77	Peak	N	Pass
5**	11.582	25.90	10.94	50.00	-24.10	AV	N	Pass
6*	25.140	23.03	11.21	60.00	-36.97	Peak	N	Pass
6**	25.140	23.37	11.21	50.00	-26.63	AV	N	Pass



A.6 Radiated Emission

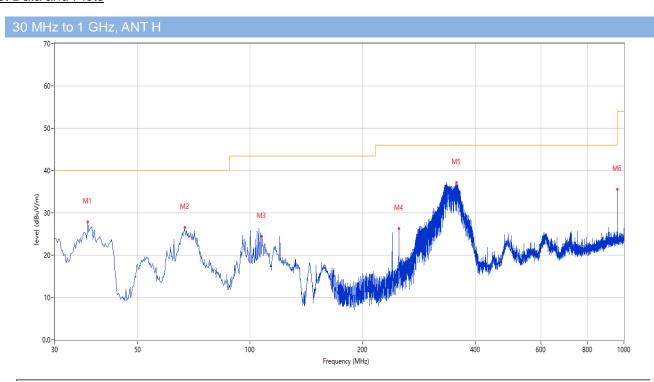
Note ¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note ²: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

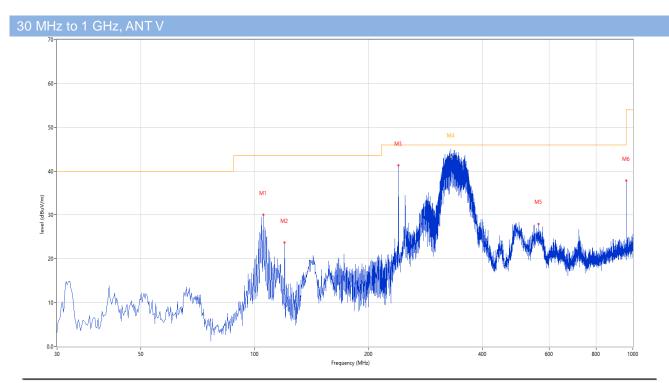
Note ⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Test Data and Plots



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	36.790	27.89	-26.61	40.0	-12.11	Peak	152.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	66.860	26.50	-26.86	40.0	-13.50	Peak	313.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	107.357	24.47	-25.51	43.5	-19.03	Peak	188.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	249.947	26.30	-24.72	46.0	-19.70	Peak	292.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	356.647	37.09	-21.85	46.0	-8.91	Peak	313.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	959.987	35.61	-10.48	46.0	-10.39	Peak	155.00	100	Vertical	Pass



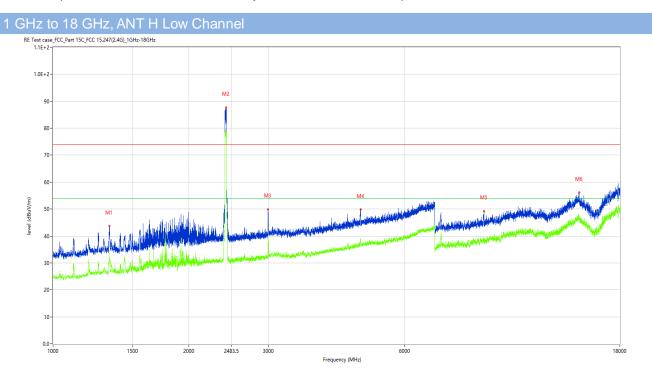


No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	105.418	30.06	-25.53	43.5	-13.44	Peak	291.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	119.967	23.72	-27.27	43.5	-19.78	Peak	285.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	240.005	41.31	-24.75	46.0	-4.69	Peak	357.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	329.798	45.71	-22.70	46.0	-0.29	Peak	288.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
4*	329.798	43.24	-22.70	46.0	-2.76	QP	288.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	562.773	27.97	-17.64	46.0	-18.03	Peak	348.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	959.987	37.82	-10.48	46.0	-8.18	Peak	285.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

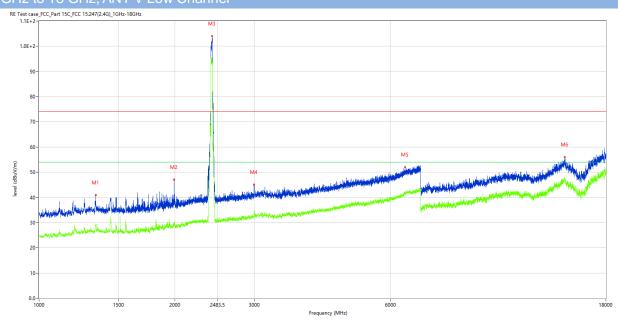
Note 2: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1333.000	43.75	-15.91	74.0	-30.25	Peak	154.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1**	1333.000	31.40	-15.91	54.0	-22.60	AV	154.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	2417.500	87.71	-11.84	74.0	13.71	Peak	199.00	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	2417.500	75.08	-11.84	54.0	21.08	AV	199.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3	2992.500	49.92	-9.18	74.0	-24.08	Peak	154.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	2992.500	37.60	-9.18	54.0	-16.40	AV	154.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	4798.000	49.85	-2.48	74.0	-24.15	Peak	152.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	4798.000	38.50	-2.48	54.0	-15.50	AV	152.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	8999.250	49.26	2.79	74.0	-24.74	Peak	113.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	8999.250	39.31	2.79	54.0	-14.69	AV	113.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	14639.500	56.12	12.00	74.0	-17.88	Peak	32.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	14639.500	46.37	12.00	54.0	-7.63	AV	32.00	100	Vertical	Pass



1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V Low Channel



No.	Frequency	Results	Factor	Limit	Over Limit	Detector	Table	Height	Antenna	Verdict
	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(Degree)	(cm)		
1	1336.000	40.87	-15.92	74.0	-33.13	Peak	157.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1336.000	28.58	-15.92	54.0	-25.42	AV	157.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	1991.500	47.09	-14.05	74.0	-26.91	Peak	133.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	1991.500	29.30	-14.05	54.0	-24.70	AV	133.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	2415.500	104.03	-11.52	74.0	30.03	Peak	133.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3**	2415.500	95.39	-11.52	54.0	41.39	AV	133.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
4	2994.500	45.00	-9.03	74.0	-29.00	Peak	3.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4**	2994.500	34.02	-9.03	54.0	-19.98	AV	3.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	6470.000	51.98	1.55	74.0	-22.02	Peak	155.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	6470.000	41.78	1.55	54.0	-12.22	AV	155.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	14603.750	56.03	12.38	74.0	-17.97	Peak	15.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	14603.750	47.54	12.38	54.0	-6.46	AV	15.00	100	Horizontal	Pass



A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Test Data

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

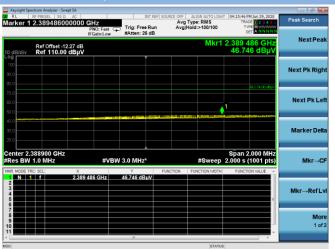
Test Mode	Test	Frequency	Level	Factor	Limit Line	Margin	Domork	Verdict
	Channel	(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	Remark	verdict
	Low	2390	65.283	-12.27	74	-8.717	PEAK	Pass
OEDM		2390	46.746	-12.27	54	-7.254	AVERAGE	Pass
OFDM	1.12.1	2483.5	64.170	-11.34	74	-9.83	PEAK	Pass
	High	2483.5	39.582	-11.34	54	-14.418	AVERAGE	Pass

Test plots

LOW CHANNEL, PEAK

LOW CHANNEL, AV





LOW CHANNEL, PEAK

LOW CHANNEL, AV





A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Note: Please refer to the Report No. BL-EC2040295 (FCC ID: 2ACS5-YUNOFDM) (which issued by Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.)

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2060327-AR.pdf".

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2060327-AW.pdf".

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-EC2060327 -Al.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--