

Attn: Reviewing Engineer Federal Communications Commission 7435 Oakland Mills Road Columbia, MD 21046

MPE calculation. USA FCC and Inductry Canada IC application . Project MDE_HARMAN_1303_LevC _BT Model BE L003, BE L004, BE L005

7 layers AG Borsigstr.11 40880 Ratingen Germany

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FCC-ID: 2ACRLBEL005 IC ID: 12339A-BEL005

Maximum Permissible Exposure

as specified in Table 1B of 47 CFR 1.1310 – Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE), Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency range (MHz)	Power density (mW/cm²)	
300 - 1,500	f/1500	
1,500 - 100,000	1.0	

Antenna information:

2400.0 MHz- 2483.5 MHz: Bluetooth PCB Antenna:

Type: Internal
Polarization: Linear
Impedance: 50 Ohm
Frequency: 2.4 to 2.5GHz

Gain: -5 dB VSWR: <2.5

Calculations

The output power at antenna input terminal: fcc conducted, incl antenna gain .PSK Modulation:-4.04 dBm (0.39 mW); FSK modulation-7.14 dBm(0.19mW) [Worst Case Selection

Model L004 has been considered as worst case, due to highest output power value].

Prediction distance **R**: 20 cm Prediction frequency :2480 MHz

MPE limit **S**: 1 mW/cm²

Equation OET bulletin 65, page 18, edition 97-01: $S = P*G / (4\pi R^2)$

S = power density; P = power input to the antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna (20cm)



P = 0.96 dBm =(1.25)mW

G= -5.00 dBi

 $S = 0.00007847478683 \text{ mW/cm}^2$

Calculated maximum Power density (S)	Limit	Verdict
0.00007847478683 mW/cm ²	1.0 mW/cm ²	Pass

Yours sincerely

Aleksey Yevdokymov, Testing and certification project manager.

Ratingen, 3 October 2014