

Test Report Serial Number: Test Report Date: Project Number: 45461674 R1.0 15 July 2021

1536

EMC Test Report - New Certification

Applicant:



Zenner USA 15280 Addison Rs Suite 240 Addison, TX, 75001, USA

FCC ID:

2ACOA-WM3	
Product Model Number / HVIN	
100-0024-001	
100-0025-001	

IC Registration Number

26631-WM3

Product Marketing Name / PMN

Stealth Reader

In Accordance With:

CFR Title 47, Part 15 Subpart C (§15.247), Part 15 Subpart B

Digital Transmission System (DTS)

RSS-Gen, RSS-247 Issue 2

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

Approved By:

Ben Hewson, President

Celltech Labs Inc. 21-364 Lougheed Rd. Kelowna, BC, V1X 7R8 Canada







Industry Canada



Test Lab Certificate: 2470.01

IC Registration 3874A-1

FCC Registration: CA3874

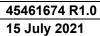




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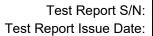
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1.0 DOCUMENT CONTROL

Revision History								
Samples Tested By: Art Voss, P.Eng.		Date(s) of Evaluation:		28 June - 13 July, 2021				
Repo	Report Prepared By: Art Voss, P.Eng. Report Reviewed By:		oort Reviewed By:	Ben Hewson				
Report		ription of Revision	Revised Revised		Revision Date			
Revision	Desc	ription of Revision	Section	Ву	Revision Date			
0.1	Initial Draft Release		n/a	Art Voss	14 July 2021			
0.2	Revised Draft - Additional HVIN		n/a	Art Voss	15 July 2021			
1.0	0 Initial Release			Art Voss	15 July 2021			



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2.0 CLIENT AND DUT INFORMATION

Client Information					
Applicant Name	Zenner USA				
	15280 Addison Rd, Suite 240				
Applicant Address	Addison, TX, 75001				
	USA				
	DUT Information				
Device Identifier(s):	FCC ID: 2ACOA-WM3				
Device identifier(s).	ISED ID: 26631-WM3				
Davica Madal(s) / HV/INI:	100-0024-001				
Device Model(s) / HVIN:	100-0025-001				
Device Marketing Name / PMN:	Stealth Reader				
Test Sample Serial No.:	9998092				
Device Type:	Digital Transceiver				
FCC Equipment Class:	Digital Transmission System (DTS)				
PCC Equipment Class.	Spread Spectrum Transmitter (DSS)				
ISED Equipment Class:	Spread Spectrum/Digital Device (902-928MHz)				
	MESH Mode (DSS): 902-928MHz				
Transmit Every paner	Drive-By Mode (DSS): 902-928MHz				
Transmit Frequency Range:	Lora Mode (DSS): 902-915MHz				
	Lora Mode (DTS): 902-915MHz				
	MESH Mode (DSS): 500mW (27dBm)				
Marriet Marr Bata d Outrast Barrers	Drive-By Mode (DSS): 500mW (27dBm)				
Manuf. Max. Rated Output Power:	Lora Mode (DSS): 500mW (27dBm)				
	Lora Mode (DTS): 100mW (20dBm)				
Antenna Type and Gain:	0dBi Max*, Helical				
Modulation:	FSK				
DUT Power Source:	3.6 VDC Li-Metal				
DUT Dimensions [LxWxH] (cm)	H x W x D: 13X13X4.5				
Deviation(s) from standard/procedure:	None				
Modification of DUT:	None				

^{*} Information regarding antenna type and gain provided by applicant.



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3.0 SCOPE

Preface:

This Certification Report was prepared on behalf of:

Zenner USA

,(the 'Applicant"), in accordance with the applicable Federal Communications Commission (FCC) CFR 47 and Innovation, Scientific and Economic Development (ISED) Canada rules parts and regulations (the 'Rules'). The scope of this investigation was limited to only the equipment, devices and accessories (the 'Equipment') supplied by the Applicant. The tests and measurements performed on this Equipment were only those set forth in the applicable Rules and/or the Test and Measurement Standards they reference. The Rules applied and the Test and Measurement Standards used during this evaluation appear in the Normative References section of this report. The limits set forth in the technical requirements of the applicable Rules were applied to the measurement results obtained during this evaluation and ,unless otherwise noted, these limits were used as the Pass/Fail criteria. The Pass/Fail statements made in this report apply to only the tests and measurements performed on only the Equipment tested during this evaluation. Where applicable and permissible, information including test and measurement data and/or results from previous evaluations of same or similar equipment, devices and/or accessories may be cited in this report.

Device Operation:

The Zenner USA Model/HVIN: 100-0024-001 & 100-0025-001 (WM3) are utility meter (water meter) digital data transceivers operating in the 902-928MHz band. The WM3 is a hybrid device consisting of three (3) modes of Digital Spread Spectrum and one (1) mode of Digital Transmitter System. The DSS modes are MESH, Drive-By and Long Range (LoRa) operating with 20dB bandwidths of 230kHz, 400kHz and 150kHz, respectively. The MESH and Drive-By modes transmit on 50 hopping channels between 902 and 928MHz. The LoRa mode transmits on 64 hopping channels between 902 and 915MHz. The DTS mode is also a LoRa transmitter operating with a DTS bandwidth in excees of 500kHz between 902 and 915MHz. All modes modulate using FSK. Both model varaints are identical with the exception of the interface cable used to connect to the metering equipment.

Requirement:

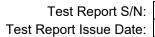
The transceivers of this *equipment* are subject to emissions evaluation in accordance with FCC: 47 CFR 2, 15C, ISED: RSS-Gen, and RSS-247. As per FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada Safety Code 6, an RF Exposure (MPE) evaluation is required for this *Equipment* and the results of the RF Exposure (MPE) evaluation appear in a separate report.

Application:

This is an application for a New Certification.

Scope

The scope of this investigation is limited to the evaluation and reporting of the wanted and unwanted spurious emissions in accordance with the rule parts cited in Normative References section of this report.



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4.0 TEST SUMMARY

	TEST SUMMARY							
Section	Description of Test	Procedure Applicable F Reference Part(s) FC		Applicable Rule Part(s) ISED	Test Date	Result		
7.0	Occupied Bandw idth	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§2.1049	RSS-Gen (6.7)	30 June 2021	Pass		
8.0	DTS Bandw idth	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-Gen (6.7) RSS-247 (5.2)(a)	30 June 2021	Pass		
9.0	20dB Bandw idth	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(a)(1)(i)	RSS-Gen (6.7) RSS-247 (5.1)(c)	4 July 2021	Pass		
10.0	Conducted Pow er (Fundamental)	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05 KDB 558074 D01v05	§2.1046 §15.247(b)(2) §15.247(b)(3)	RSS-Gen (6.12) RSS-247 (5.4)(a) RSS-247 (5.4)(d)	3 July 2021	Pass		
11.0	Pow er Spectral Density	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(e)	RSS-247 (5.2)(b)	4 July 2021	Pass		
12.0	FHSS Hopping Characteristics	ANSI C63.4-2014 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(a)(1)(iii) RSS-247 (5		30 June, 3, 4, 13 July, 2021	Pass		
13.0	FHSS Channel Separation	ANSI C63.4-2014 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 (5.1)(b)	30 June, 3, 4, 13 July, 2021	Pass		
14.0	FHSS Time of Occupancy	ANSI C63.4-2014 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 (5.1)(d)	30 June, 3, 4, 13 July, 2021	Pass		
15.0	Conducted Tx Spurious Emissions Band Edge	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§2.1051 §15.247(d)	RSS-Gen (6.13) RSS-247 (5.5)	4 July 2021	Pass		
16.0	Conducted Tx Spurious Emissions	ANSI C63.10-2013 KDB 558074 D01v05	§2.1051 §15.247(d)	RSS-Gen (6.13) RSS-247 (5.5)	4 July 2021	Pass		
17.0	Radiated Tx Spurious Emissions And Restricted Band	ANSI C63.4-2014 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.109 §15.247(d)	RSS-Gen (6.13)	5 July 2021	Pass		
18.0	Radiated Rx Spurious Emissions	ANSI C63.4-2014 KDB 558074 D01v05	§15.109	RSS-Gen (7.4) ICES-003(6.2)	5 July 2021	Pass		



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Test Station Day Log							
Date	Temp Humidity Press		Barometric Pressure (kPa)	Test Station	Tests Performed Section(s)		
28 June 2021	29.2	18	101.1	EMC	7		
30 June 2021	30.0	18	101.6	EMC	7, 12, 13, 14		
2 July 2021	28.6	16	100.9	EMC	9		
3 July 2021	27.6	14	100.7	EMC	10		
4 July 2021	28.4	15	101.9	EMC	9, 11 - 16		
5 July 2021	24.0	47	101.4	OATS	17, 18		
13 July 2021	28.6	17	101.9	EMC	12, 13, 14		

EMC - EMC Test Bench **OATS** - Open Area Test Site

TC - Temperature Chamber

LISN - LISN Test Area

ESD - ESD Test Bench

IMM - Immunity Test Area

RI - Radiated Immunity Chamber

SAC - Semi-Anechoic Chamber

I attest that the data reported herein is true and accurate w ithin the tolerance of the Measurement Instrument Uncertainty; that all tests and measurements were performed in accordance with accepted practices or procedures; and that all tests and measurements were performed by me or by trained personnel under my direct supervision. The results of this investigation are based solely on the test sample(s) provided by the client which were not adjusted, modified or altered in any manner whatsoever, except as required to carry out specific tests or measurements. This test report has been completed in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025.

Stable Yours

Art Voss, P.Eng. Technical Manager Celltech Labs Inc. A. F. VOSS
31327

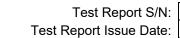
Comment of the state of

15 July 2021 Date



5.0 NORMATIVE REFERENCES

	Normative References
ISO/IEC 17025:2017	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories
ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard of Procedures for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise
	Emissions from Low-Voltage Electric and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of
	Unlicensed Wireless Devices
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 2:	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
Title 47:	Telecommunication
Part 15:	Radio Frequency Devices
Sub Part C (15.247)	Intentional Radiators
ISED	Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada
RSS-Gen Issue 5A1:	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification
March 2019	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment
ISED	Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada
	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification
RSS-247 Issue 2:	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs)
February 2017	and Licensed-Exempt Local Area Network (LE_LAN) Devices
FCC KDB	OET Major Guidance Publications, Knowledge Data Base
558074 D01v05r02	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS)
	Operating Under Section 15.247



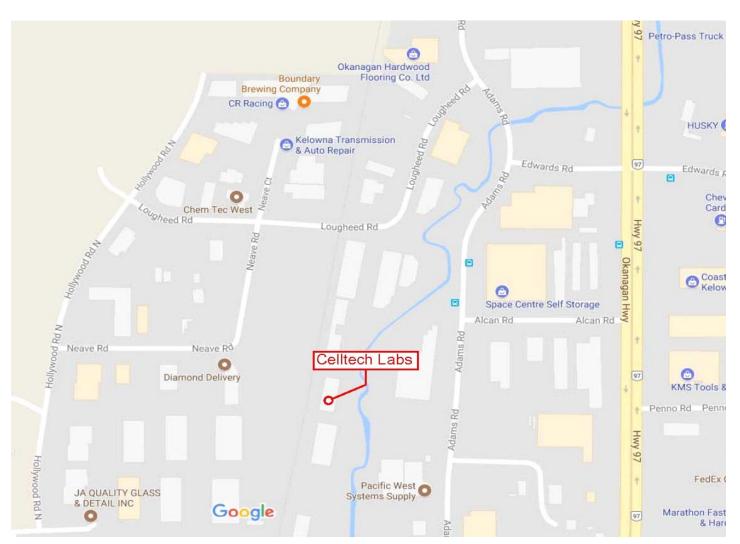
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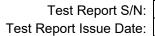


6.0 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

Facility and Accreditation:

The facilities used to evaluate this device outlined in this report are located at 21-364 Lougheed Road, Kelowna, British Columbia, Canada V1X7R8. The radiated emissions site (OATS) conforms to the requirements set forth in ANSI C63.4 and is filed and listed with the FCC under Test Firm Registration Number CA3874 and Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada under Test Site File Number ISED 3874A-1. Celltech is accredited to ISO 17025, through accrediting body A2LA and with certificate 2470.01.





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7.0 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Test Procedure	
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1046, §15.247(b)(3), RSS-Gen (6.1.2), RSS-247 (5.4)(d),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.3.2.1), ANSI C63.10 (6.9.3)
General Procedure	
KDB 558074 (8.3.2.1)	8.3.2.1 General
	Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth.
C63.10 (6.9.3)	6.9.3 Occupied bandwidth—power bandwidth (99%) measurement procedure
	The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:
	a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
	b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
	c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
	d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
	e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
	f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1

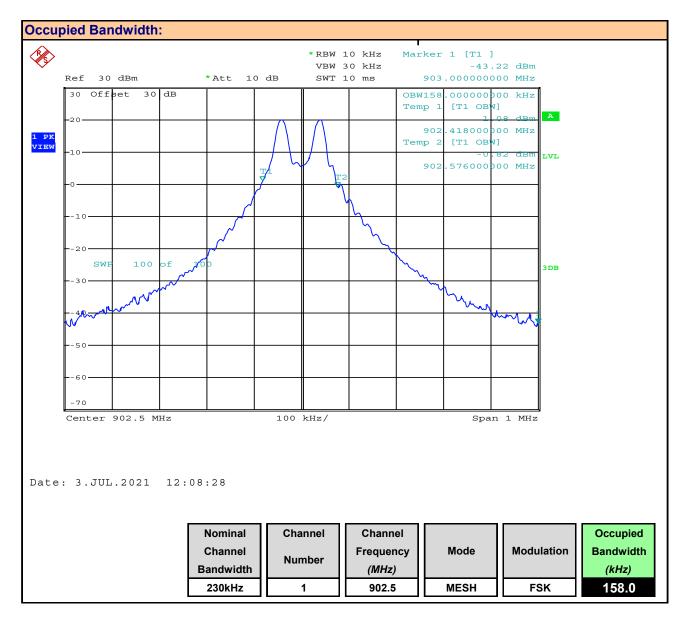
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as described above using the 99% Occupied Bandwidth function. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device. The DUT was set to transmit at its maximum Duty Cycle. The 99% Occupied Bandwidth was measured and recorded and used for the basis for measuring the Conducted Output Power (See Section 10.0) and Power Spectral Density (See Section 11.0).



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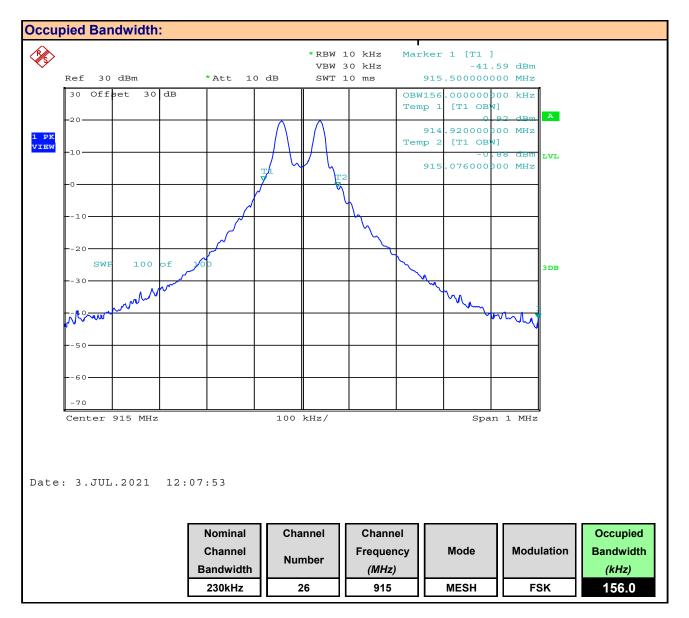
Plot 8.1 - Occupied Bandwidth, MESH, Ch 1





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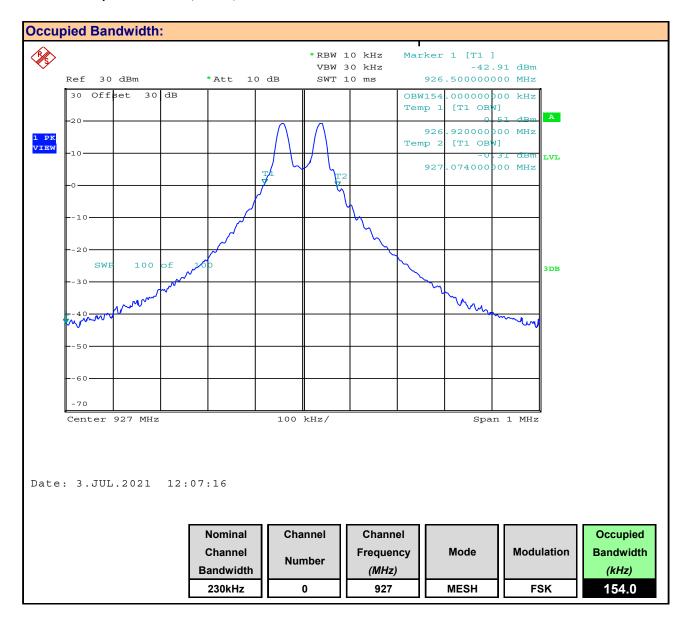
Plot 8.2 - Occupied Bandwidth, MESH, Ch 26





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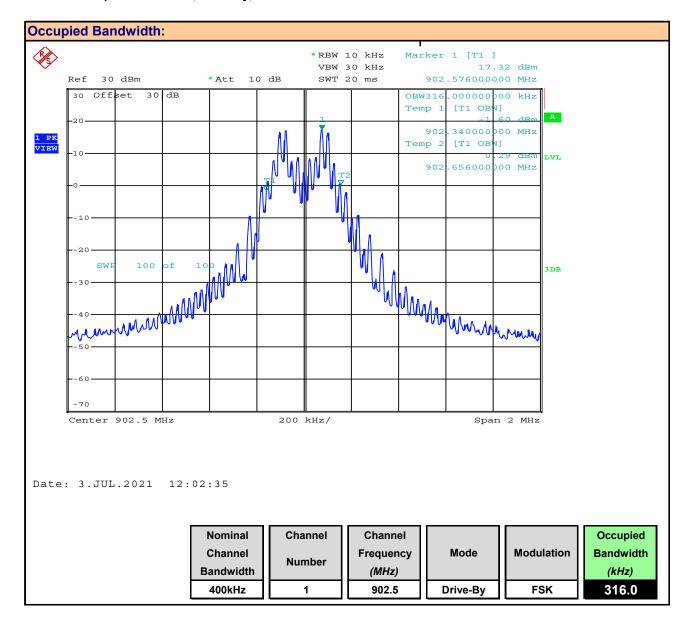
Plot 8.3 - Occupied Bandwidth, MESH, Ch 0





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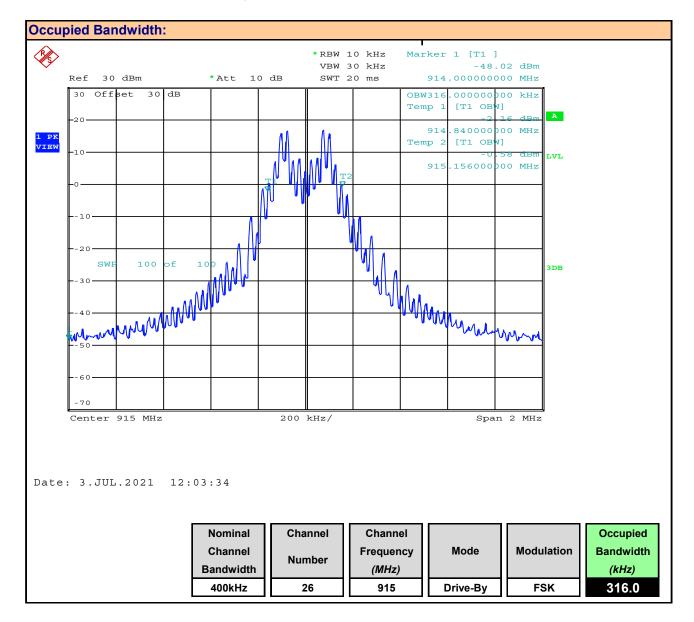
Plot 8.4 - Occupied Bandwidth, Drive-By, Ch 1





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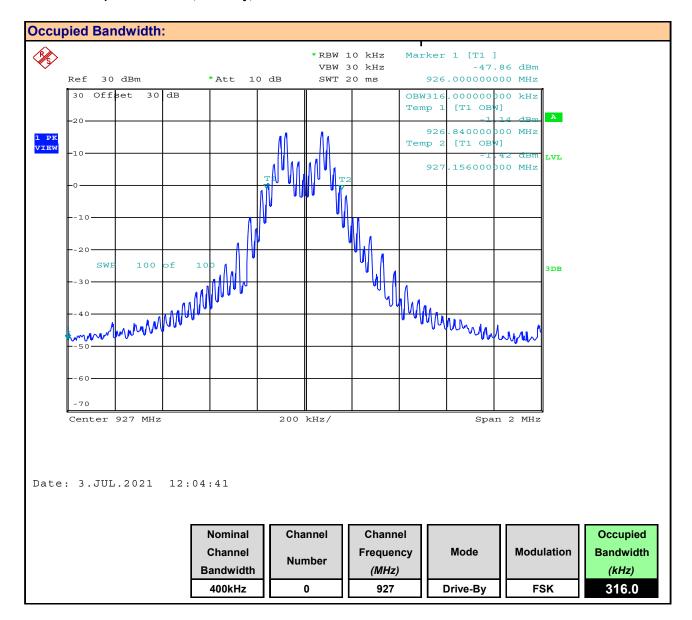
Plot 8.5 - Occupied Bandwidth, Drive-By, Ch 26





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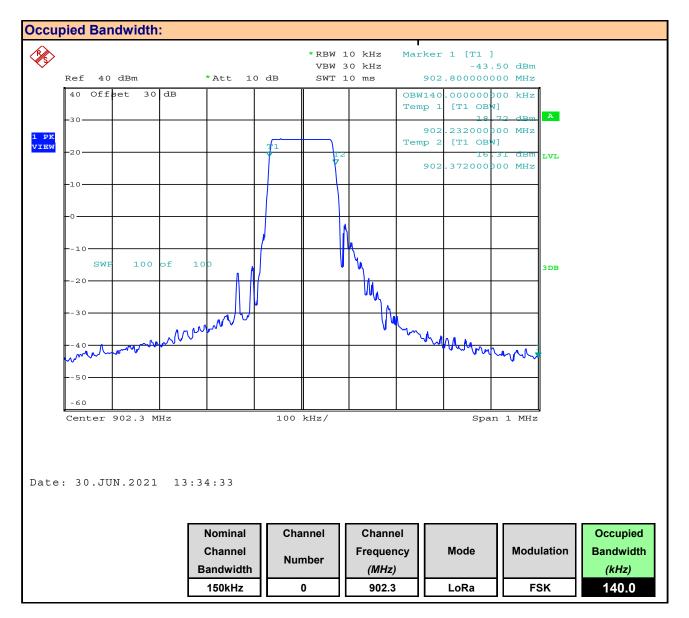
Plot 8.6 - Occupied Bandwidth, Drive-By, Ch 0





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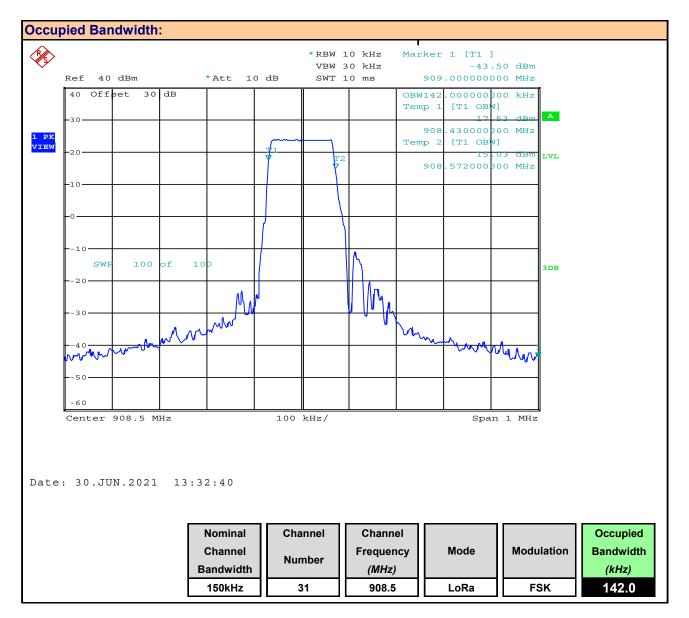
Plot 8.7 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (FHSS), Ch 0





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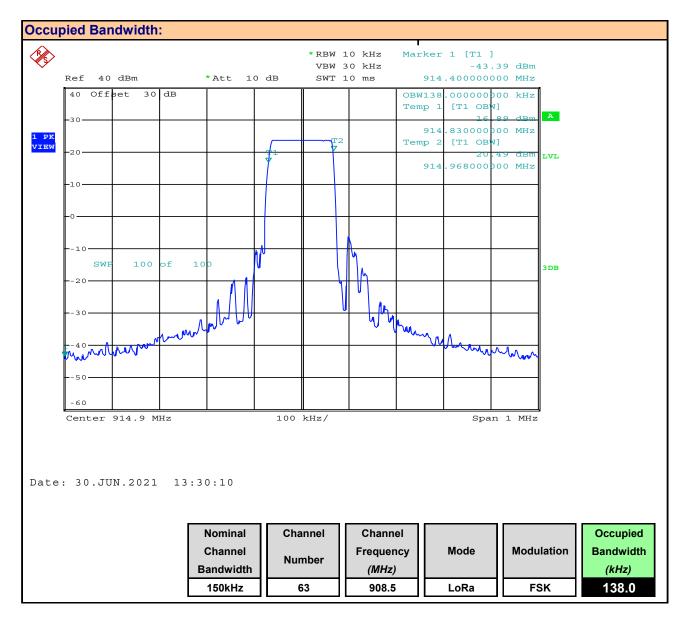
Plot 8.8 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (FHSS), Ch 31





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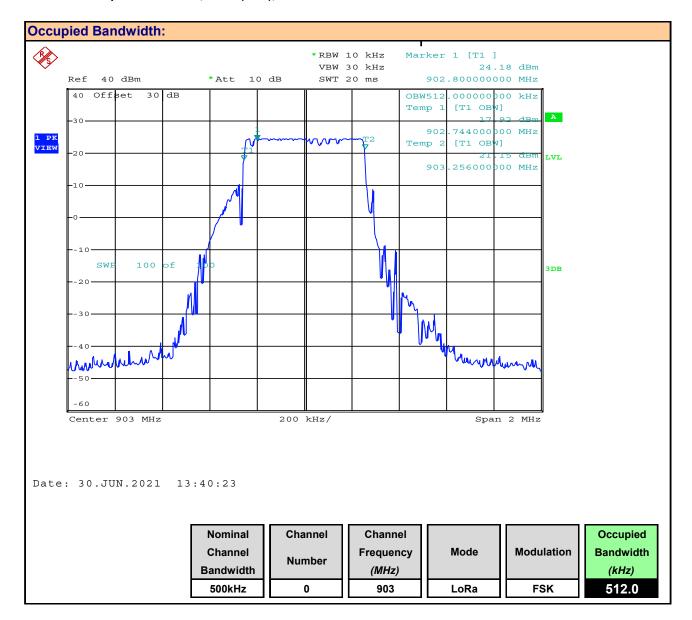
Plot 8.9 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (FHSS), Ch 63





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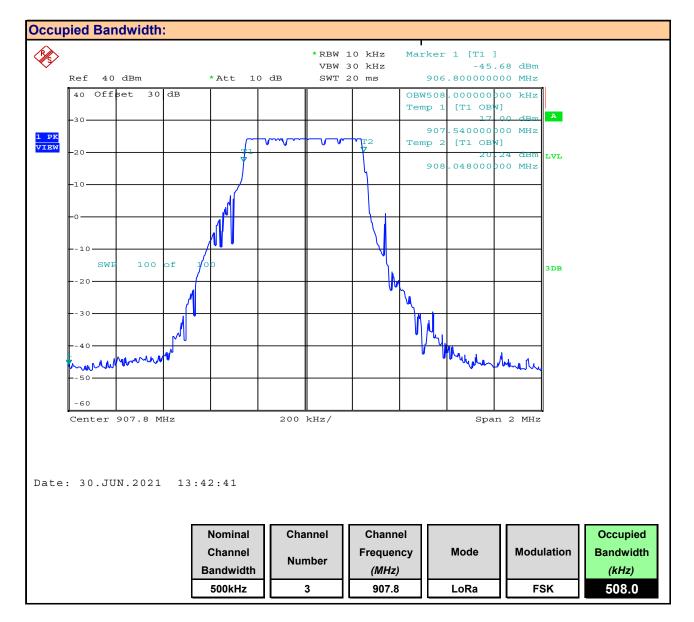
Plot 8.10 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (DTS), Ch 0





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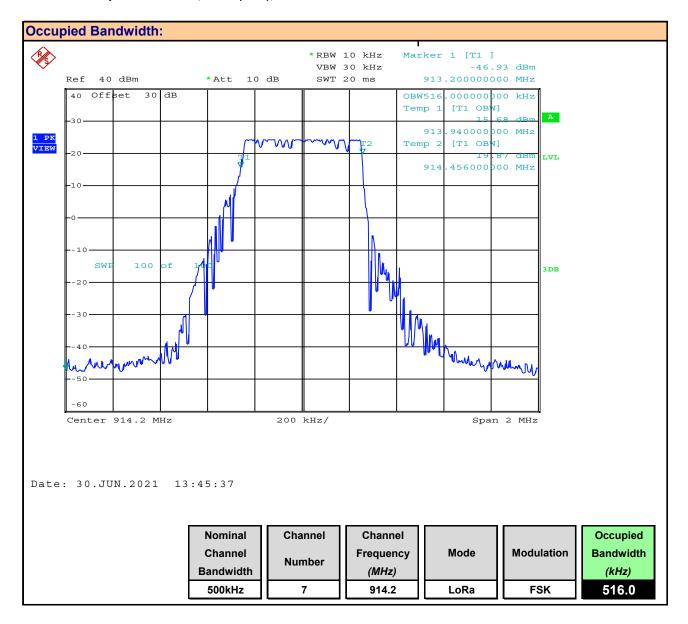
Plot 8.11 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (DTS), Ch 3





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Plot 8.12 - Occupied Bandwidth, LoRa (DTS), Ch 7





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Table 7.1 – Summary of Occupied Bandwidth Measurements (DTS)

Occupied Bandwidth Measurement Results:								
	Equipment	Channel	Channel		Nominal	Measured		
Mode			Ereaueneu	Modulation	Channel	Occupied	Emission	
wode	Class	Number	Frequency	Modulation	Bandwidth	Bandwidth	Daaissatas	
			(MHz)		(kHz)	(kHz)	Designator	
		1	902.5			158.0	158KF1D	
MESH		26	915.0		230kHz	156.0	156KF1D	
		0	927.0			154.0	154KF1D	
		1	902.5		400kHz	316.0	316KF1D	
Drive-By	DSS	26	915.0			316.0	316KF1D	
		0	927.0	FSK		316.0	316KF1D	
		0	902.3	100		140.0	140KF1D	
LoRa		31	908.5		150kHz	142.0	142KF1D	
		63 908	63	908.5	3.5		138.0	138KF1D
		0	903.0			512.0	512KF1D	
LoRa	DTS	3	907.8		500kHz	508.0	508KF1D	
		7	914.2			516.0	516KF1D	
Result: Complies								



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8.0 DTS BANDWIDTH

Test Procedure	Test Procedure				
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §15.247(a)(2), RSS-Gen (6.7), RSS-247 (5.2)(a),				
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.8.2)				
Limits					
47 CFR §15.247(a)(2)	(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:				
	(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.				
RSS-247 (5.2)(a)	5.2 Digital transmission systems				
	DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400 - 2483.5 MHz:				
	a) The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.				
General Procedure					
KDB 558074 (8.2)	11.8.2 Option 2				
C63.10 (11.8.2)	The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz , VBW $\geq 3 \text{ X RBW}$, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be $\geq 6 \text{ dB}$.				
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1				

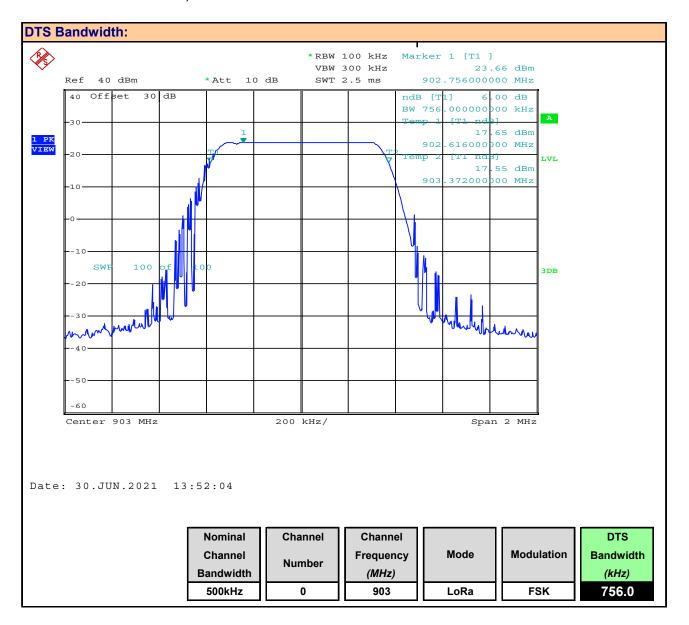
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as above using the Automatic 6dB Cursor Bandwidth measurement. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device. The DUT was set to transmit at its maximum Duty Cycle.



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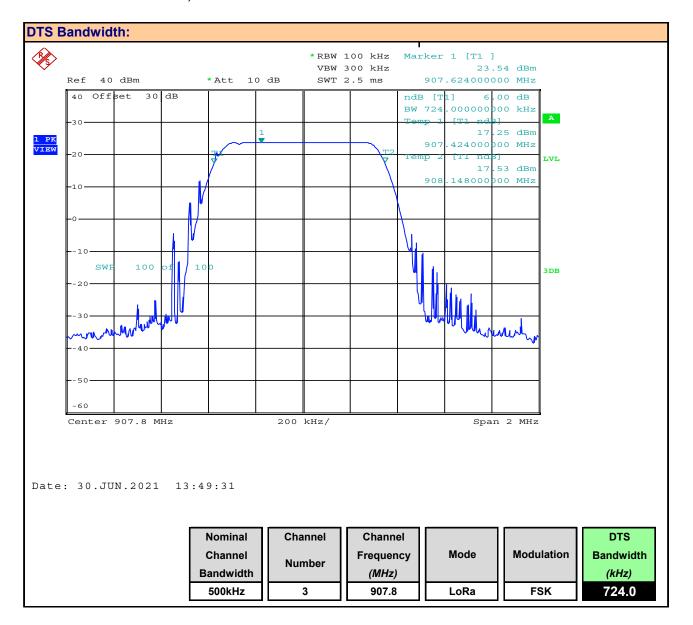
Plot 8.1 - 6dB DTS Bandwidth, LoRa DTS Ch 0





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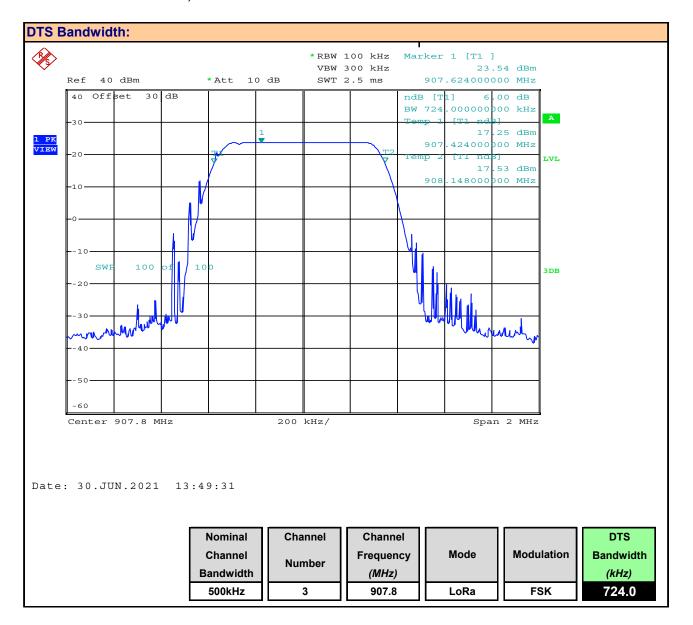
Plot 8.2 - 6dB DTS Bandwidth, LoRa DTS Ch 3





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Plot 8.3 – 6dB DTS Bandwidth, LoRa DTS Ch 7





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Table 8.1 – Summary of 6dB DTS Bandwidth Measurements

DTS Bandwidth Measurement Results:								
	Equipment	Channel	Channel		Nominal	Measured		
Mode	Class	Number Frequency	Modulation	Channel	DTS			
			rrequency	Wodulation	Bandwidth	Bandwidth		
			(MHz)		(kHz)	(kHz)		
LoRa	DTS	0	903.0	FSK	500kHz	756.0		
		3	907.8			724.0		
		7	914.2			764.0		
	Complies							



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9.0 20DB BANDWIDTH

Test Procedure					
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §15.247(a)(1)(i), RSS-Gen (6.7), RSS-247 (5.2)(c),				
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.8.2)				
Limits					
§15.247(a)(1) (i)	(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:				
	(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.				
RSS-247 (5.2)(c)	5.2 Digital transmission systems				
	DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400 - 2483.5 MHz:				
	c) For FHSs in the band 902-928 MHz: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20-second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10-second period. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be 500 kHz.				
General Procedure					
KDB 558074 (8.2)	11.8.2 Option 2				
C63.10 (11.8.2)	The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz, VBW \geq 3 X RBW, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be \geq 6 dB.				
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1				

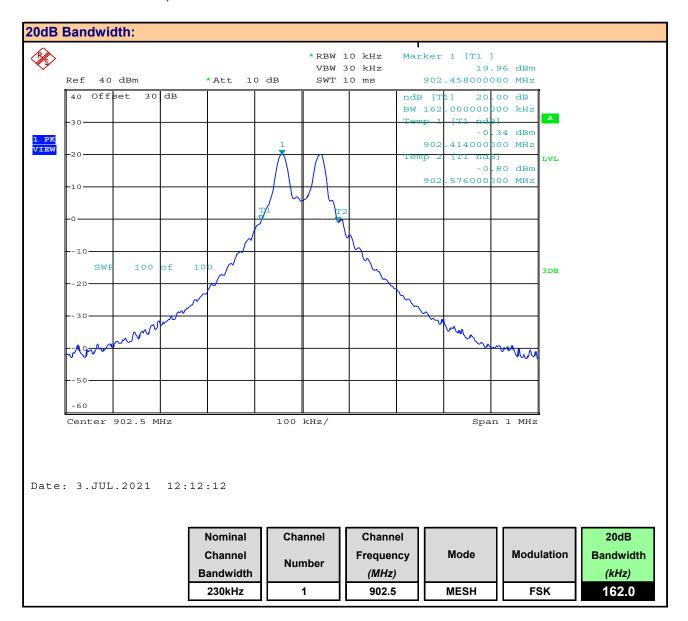
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as above using the Automatic 6dB Cursor Bandwidth measurement. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.



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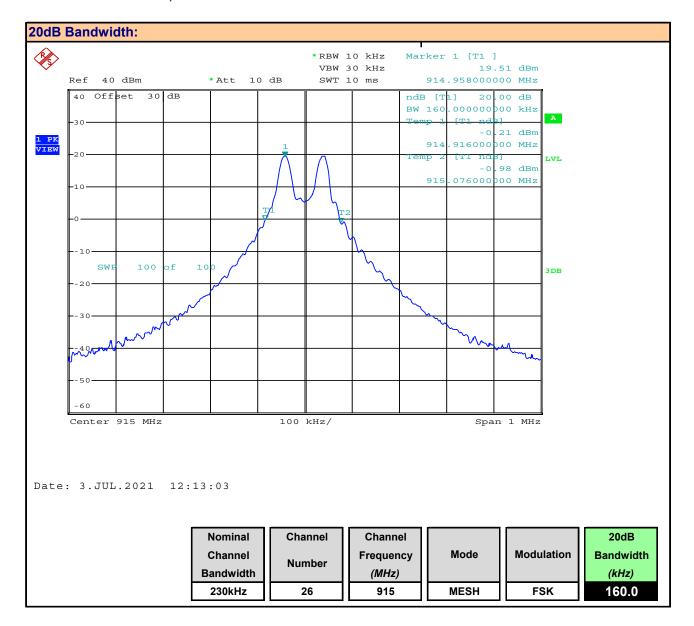
Plot 9.1 - 20dB Bandwidth, MESH Ch 1





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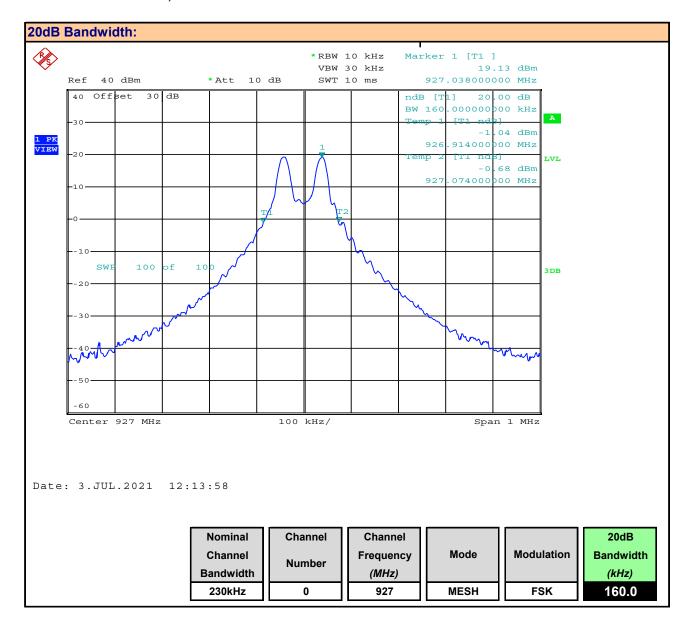
Plot 9.2 - 20dB Bandwidth, MESH Ch 26





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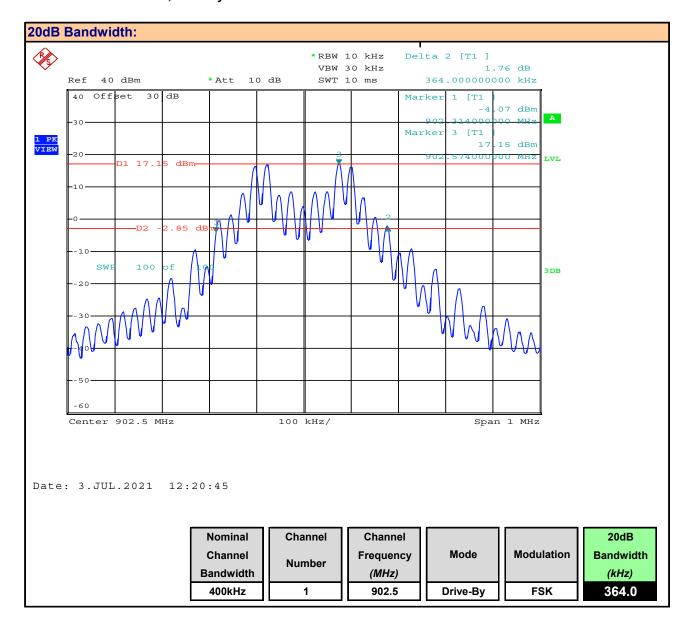
Plot 9.3 - 20dB Bandwidth, MESH Ch 0





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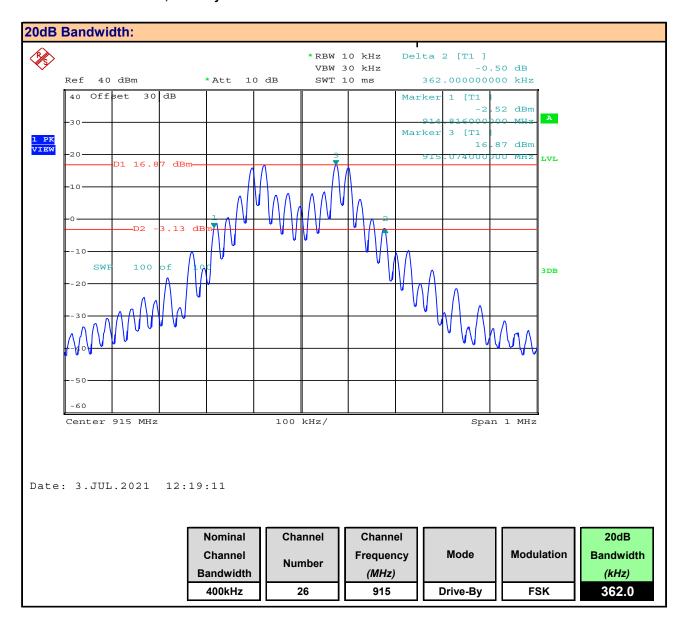
Plot 9.4 - 20dB Bandwidth, Drive-By Ch 1





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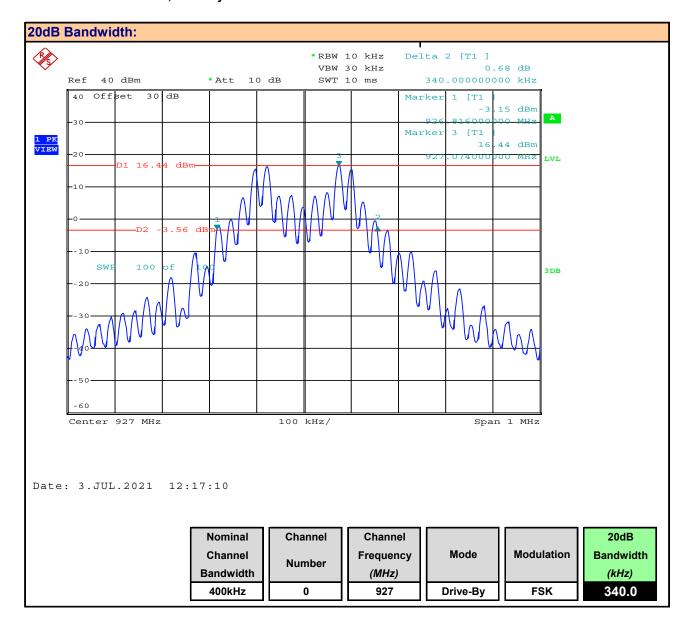
Plot 9.5 - 20dB Bandwidth, Drive-By Ch 26





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Plot 9.6 - 20dB Bandwidth, Drive-By Ch 0





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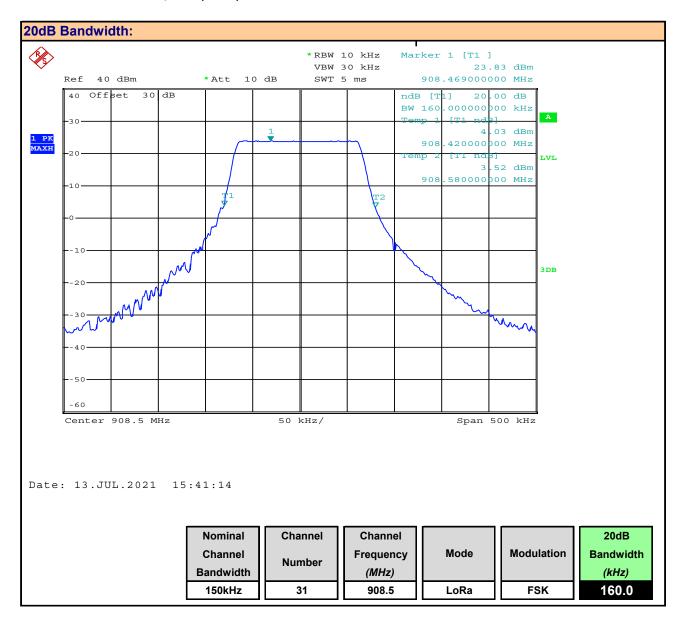
Plot 9.7 - 20dB Bandwidth, Lora (FHSS) Ch 0





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Plot 9.8 - 20dB Bandwidth, Lora (FHSS) Ch 31





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Plot 9.9 - 20dB Bandwidth, Lora (FHSS) Ch 63





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Table 9.1 - Summary of 20dB Bandwidth Measurements,

20dB B	20dB Bandwidth Measurement Results:						
	Equipment	Channel	Channel		Nominal	Measured	
Mode			Ereaueneu	Madulation	Channel	20dB	
Mode	Class	Number	Frequency	Modulation	Bandwidth	Bandwidth	
			(MHz)		(kHz)	(kHz)	
		1	902.5			162.0	
MESH		26	915.0	FSK	230kHz	160.0	
		0	927.0			160.0	
		1	902.5		400kHz	364.0	
Drive-By	DSS	26	915.0			362.0	
			927.0			340.0	
		0	902.3			159.0	
LoRa		31	908.5		150kHz	160.0	
		63	908.5			161.0	
	Result: Complies						



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10.0A ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED POWER, (DTS)

Test Procedure	
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1046, §15.247(b)(3), RSS-Gen (6.1.2), RSS-247 (5.4)(d),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.3.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.9.2.2.2)
Limits	
47 CFR §15.247(b)(3)	(b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
	(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.
RSS-247 (5.4)(d)	5.4 Transmitter output power and equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)
	Devices shall comply with the following requirements, where applicable:
	d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).
	As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.



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Test Procedure	
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1046, §15.247(b)(3), RSS-Gen (6.1.2), RSS-247 (5.4)(d),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.3.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.9.2.2.2)
General Procedure	
KDB 558074 (8.3.2.1)	8.3.2.1 General
	Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as
	an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to
	the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth.
C63.10 (11.9.2.2.2)	Method AVGSA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each
	a) Set span to at least 1.5 X OBW.
	b) Set RBW = 1 % to 5 % of the OBW, not to exceed 1 MHz.
	c) Set VBW ≥ 3 X RBW.
	d) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 X span / RBW.
	e) Sweep time = auto.
	f) Detector = RMS
	g) If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98 %, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run".
	h) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging
	i) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the OBW of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function, with band limits set equal to the OBW band edges.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1

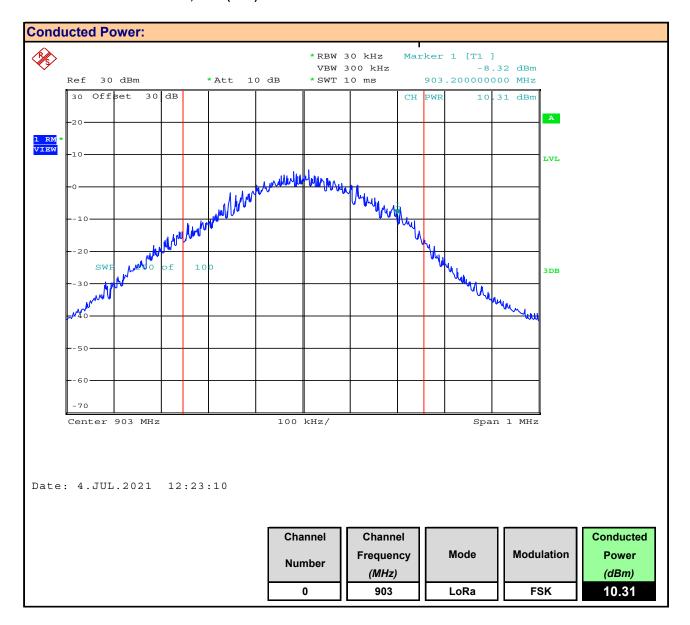
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as described above. Number of Sweep Points ≥ 2 X Span / RBW = 2 X (4MHz / 30kHz) = 267, the SA was configured for 501 Points. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device. The DUT was set to transmit at 100% Duty Cycle. The Channel Bandwidth was set to the measured 99% Occupied Bandwidth (See Section 9.0). The Band Channel Power was measured and recorded.



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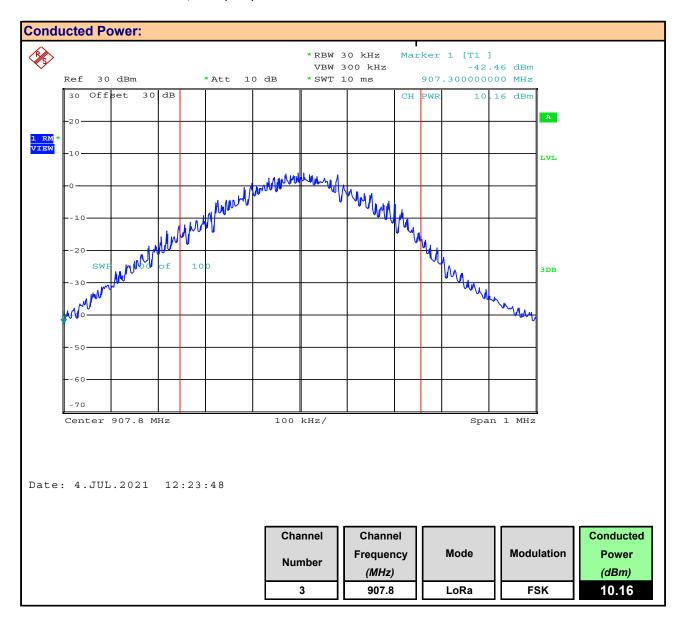
Plot 10A.1 - Conducted Power, Lora (DTS) Ch 0





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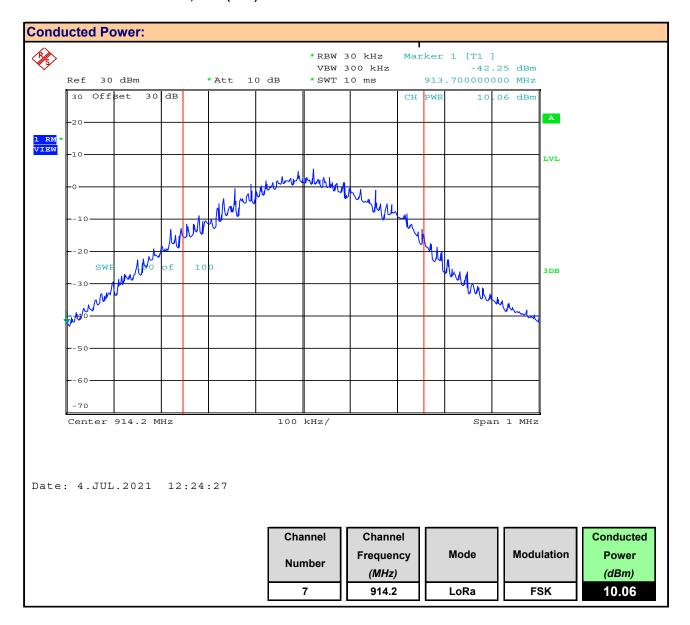
Plot 10A.2 - Conducted Power, Lora (DTS) Ch 3





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Plot 10A.3 - Conducted Power, Lora (DTS) Ch 7





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Table 10A.1 – Summary of Conducted Power Measurements

Conducted Power Measurement Results:														
	Channel	Channal	Channal	Channal		Equipment		Measured	Conducted	Conducted	Antenna	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Mode	Chamile	Frequency	Equipment	Modulation	Power	Limit	Margin	Gain	LIKE	Limit	Margin			
Wiode	Number		Class		[P _{Meas}]	[P _{Lim}]	Margin	Gaiii	[E _{Meas}]	[E _{Lim}]	Wargiii			
	Number	(MHz)			(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			
	0	903.00			10.310		19.7		10.31		25.7			
LoRa	3	907.80	DTS	FSK	10.160	30	19.8	0	10.16	36	25.8			
	7	914.20			10.060		19.9		10.06		25.9			
Result: Co						Complies								

Conducted Margin = P_{Limit} - P_{Meas}

EIRP Margin = E_{Limit} - E_{Meas}



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10.0B ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED POWER, (DSS)

Test Procedure	
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1046, §15.247(b)(2), RSS-Gen (6.1.2), RSS-247 (5.4)(d),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.3.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.9.1.1)
Limits	
47 CFR §15.247(b)(2)	(b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
	(2) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.
RSS-247 (5.4)(d)	5.4 Transmitter output power and equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.)
	Devices shall comply with the following requirements, where applicable:
	a) For FHSs operating in the band 902-928 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W, and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W if the hopset uses 50 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.25 W and the e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 1 W if the hopset uses less than 50 hopping channels.
General Procedure	
KDB 558074 (8.3.2.1)	8.3.2.1 General
	Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth.
C63.10 (11.9.1.1)	11.9.1.1 RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth
	The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement: a) Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.
	b) Set VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].
	c) Set span ≥ [3 × RBW].
	d) Sweep time = auto couple.
	e) Detector = peak.
	f) Trace mode = max hold.
	g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
	h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1

Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as described above. The Power was measured and recorded.



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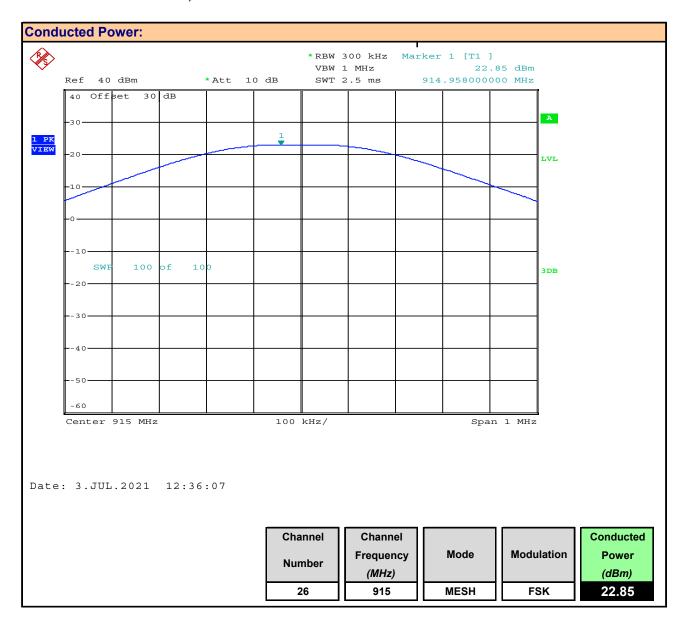
Plot 10B.1 - Conducted Power, MESH Ch 1





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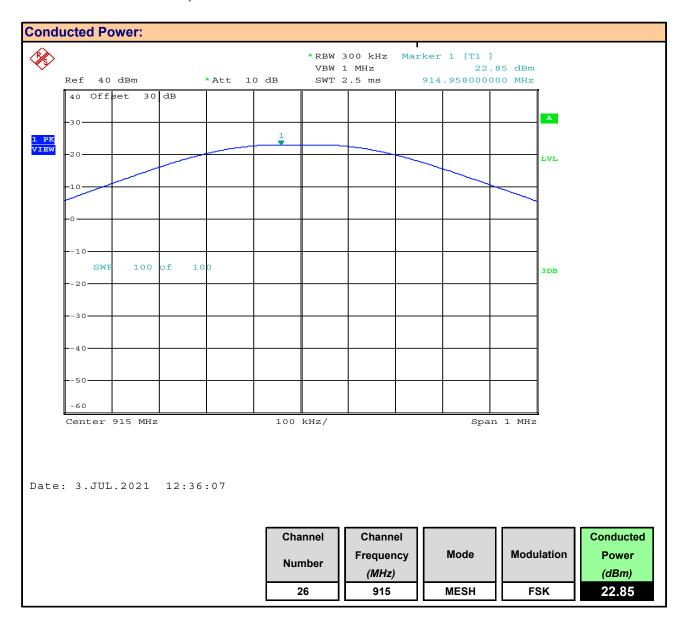
Plot 10B.2 - Conducted Power, MESH Ch 26





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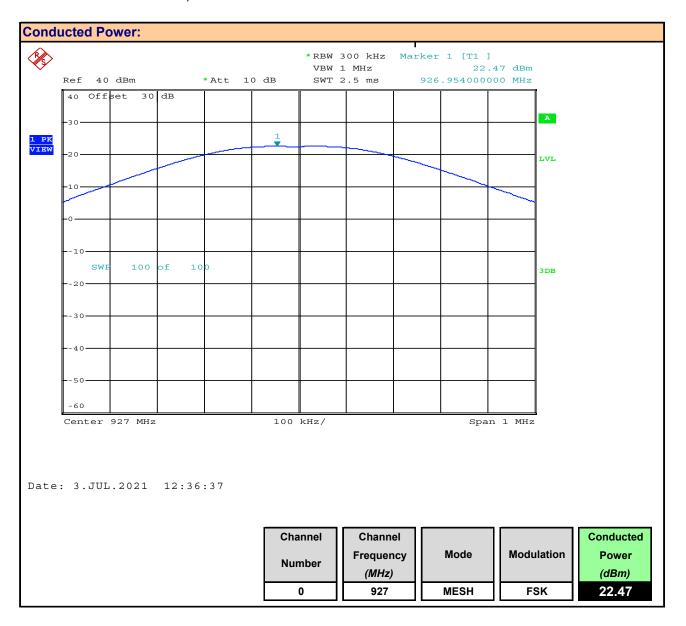
Plot 10B.3 - Conducted Power, MESH Ch 0





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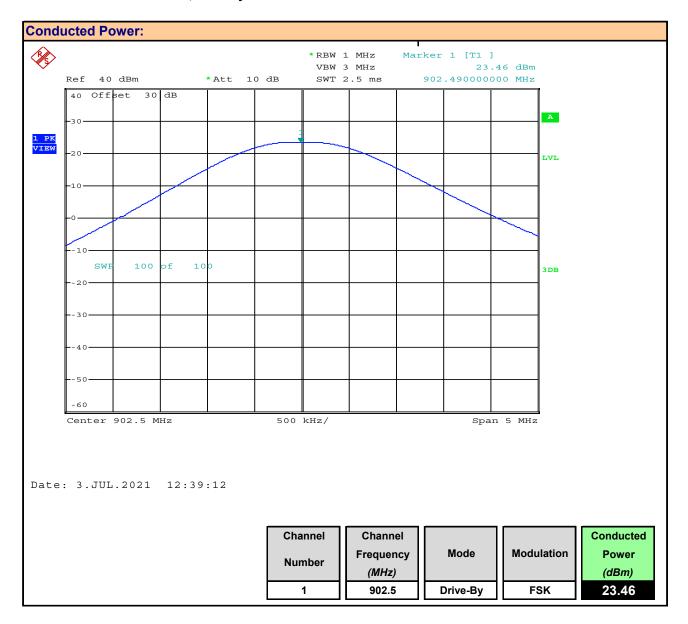
Plot 10B.3 - Conducted Power, MESH Ch 0





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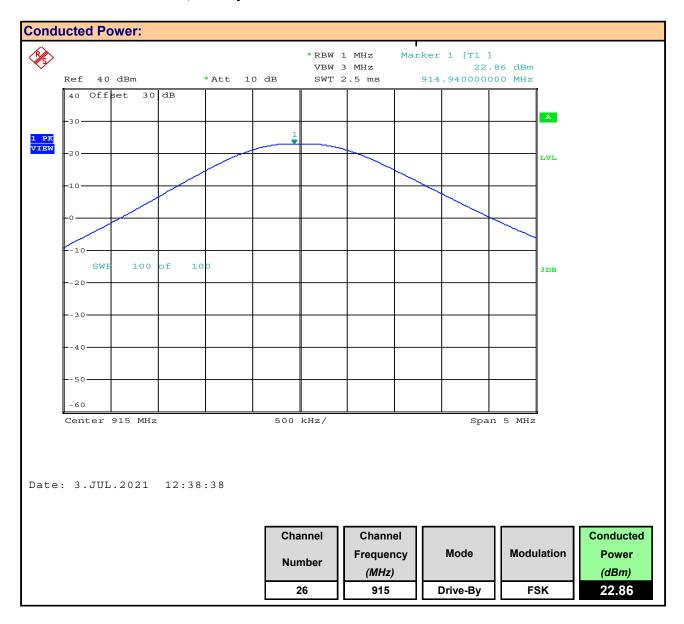
Plot 10B.4 - Conducted Power, Drive-By Ch 1





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Plot 10B.5 - Conducted Power, Drive-By Ch 26





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Plot 10B.6 - Conducted Power, Drive-By Ch 0





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Table 10B.1 – Summary of Conducted Power Measurements, (DSS)

Conduc	onducted Power Measurement Results:										
	Channel		Equipment		Measured	Conducted	Conducted	Antenna	EIRP	EIRP	EIRP
Mode		Frequency	Class	Modulation	Power [P _{Meas}]	Limit [P _{Lim}]	Margin	Gain	[E _{Meas}]	Limit [E _{Lim}]	Margin
	Number	(MHz)	Class		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)		(dB)
	1	902.50		-	23.360		6.6		23.36		12.6
MESH	26	915.00			22.850	I	7.2	l	22.85		13.2
	0	927.00			22.470	7.5		22.47		13.5	
	1	902.50			23.460		6.5		23.46		12.5
Drive-By	26	915.00	DSS	FSK	22.860	30	7.1	0	22.86	36	13.1
	0	927.00			22.520	7.5		22.52		13.5	
	0	902.30			23.580		6.4		23.58		12.4
LoRa	31	908.50			23.390		6.6		23.39		12.6
	63	908.50			23.270		6.7		23.27		12.7
	Result: Complies										

Conducted Margin = P_{Limit} - P_{Meas}

EIRP Margin = E_{Limit} - E_{Meas}



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11.0 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Test Procedure								
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §15.247(e), RSS-247 (5.2)(b),							
	KDB 558074 (10.3), ANSI C63.10 (11.10.3)							
Limits								
47 CFR §15.247(e)	(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.							
RSS-247 (5.2)(b)	b) The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).							
KDB 558074 (10.3)	Method AVGPSD-1 (trace averaging with EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep)							
C63.10 (11.10.3)	This procedure may be used when the maximum (average) conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance to the output power limit. This is the baseline method for determining the maximum (average) conducted PSD level. If the instrument has an RMS power averaging detector, must be used; otherwise, use the sample detector. The EUT must be configured to transmit continuously (duty cycle \geq 98 %); otherwise sweep triggering/signal gating must be implemented to ensure that measurements are made only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level (no transmitter off time is to be considered).							
	a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.							
	b) Set span to at least 1.5 X OBW.							
	c) Set RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz							
	d) Set VBW ≥ 3 X RBW.							
	e) Detector = RMS							
	f) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep ≥ 2 X span/RBW.							
	g) Sweep time = auto couple.							
	h) Employ trace averaging (RMS) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.							
	i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.							
	j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this ma require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span in order to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).							
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.1							

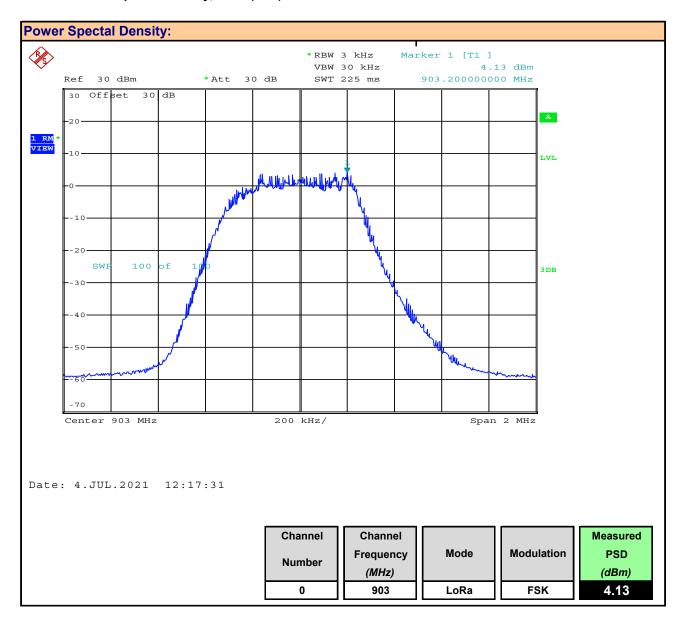
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as described above. Number of Sweep Points ≥ 2 X Span / RBW = 2 X (1.5MHz / 3kHz) = 1000, the SA was configured for 1001 Points. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device. The DUT was set to transmit at 100% Duty Cycle. The Power Spectral Density was measured and recorded.



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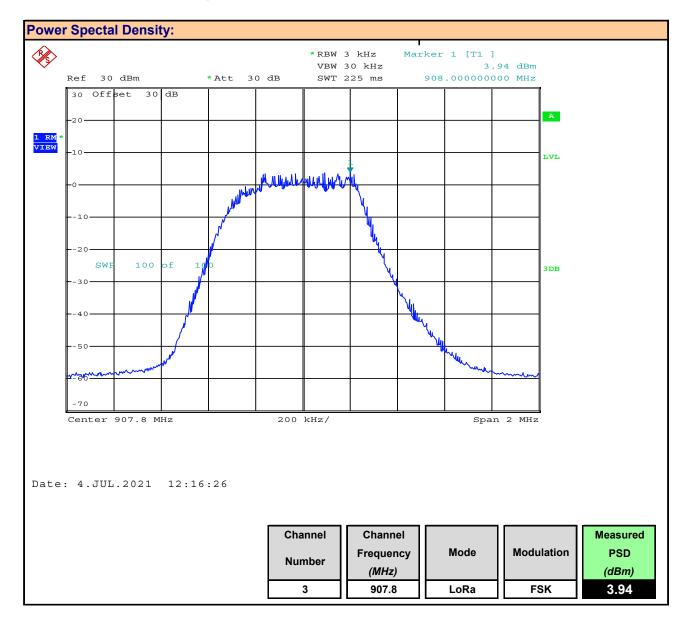
Plot 11.1 - Power Spectral Density, LoRa (DTS) Ch 0





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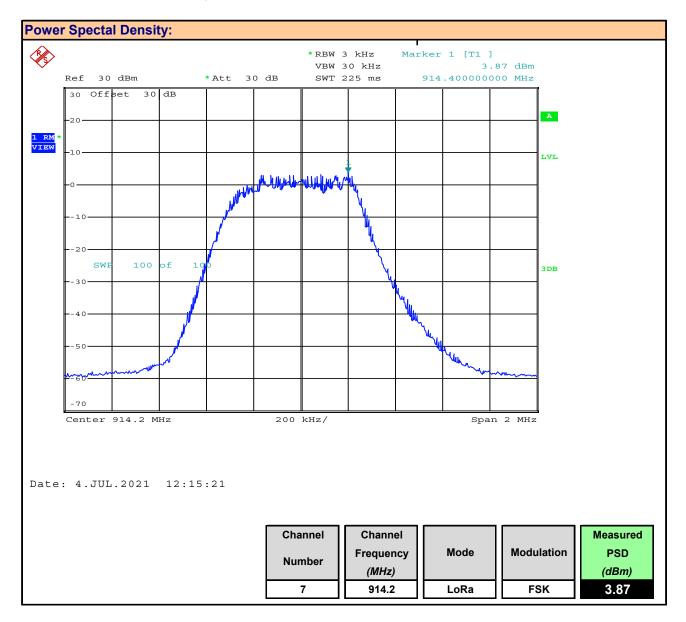
Plot 11.2 - Power Spectral Density, LoRa (DTS) Ch 3





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Plot 11.3 - Power Spectral Density, LoRa (DTS) Ch 7



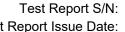


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Table 11.1 – Summary of Power Spectral Density Measurements, (DTS)

Power Spec	Power Spectral Density Measurement Results: DTS					
	Channel			Measured	PSD	Conducted
Mode	Chamilei	Frequency	Modulation	PSD	Limit	Margin
Wiode	Number			[P _{Meas}]	[P _{Lim}]	Wargin
	Number	(MHz)		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
	0	903		4.13	8	3.9
Lora	3	907.8	FSK	3.94	8	4.1
	7	914.2		3.87	8	4.1
				Result:	Com	plies

Margin = P_{Limit} - P_{Meas}



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12.0 FHSS NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

Test Procedure Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §15.247(a)(1)(i), RSS-Gen (6.7), RSS-247 (5.2)(c),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.8.2)
Limits	
§15.247(a)(1) (i)	(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
	(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.
RSS-247 (5.2)(c)	5.2 Digital transmission systems
	DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400 - 2483.5 MHz:
	c) For FHSs in the band 902-928 MHz: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20-second period. It the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10-second period. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be 500 kHz.
General Procedure	
KDB 558074 (8.2)	11.8.2 Option 2
C63.10 (11.8.2)	The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz , VBW $\geq 3 \text{ X RBW}$, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be $\geq 6 \text{ dB}$.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1

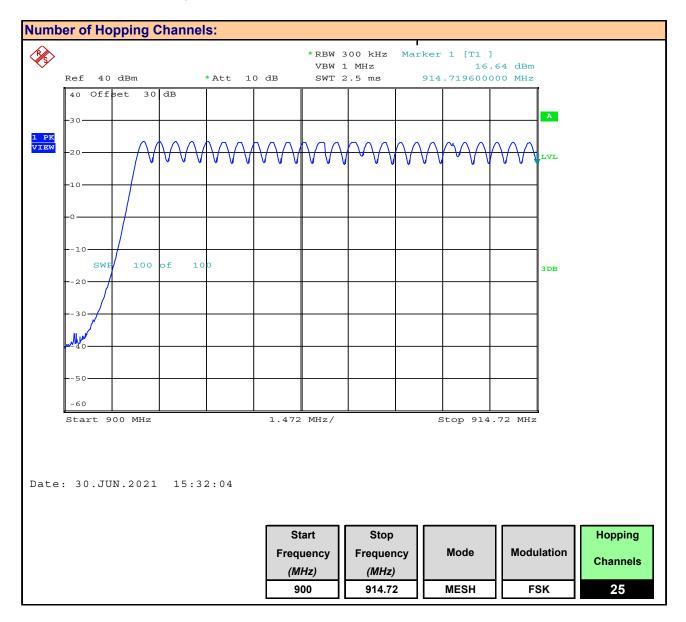
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as above using the Automatic 6dB Cursor Bandwidth measurement. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.



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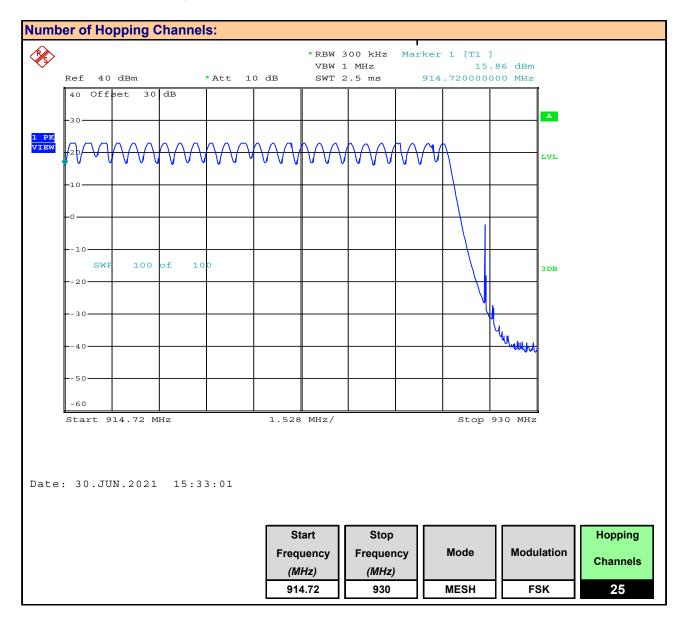
Plot 12.1 - Number of Hopping Channels, MESH, Part 1





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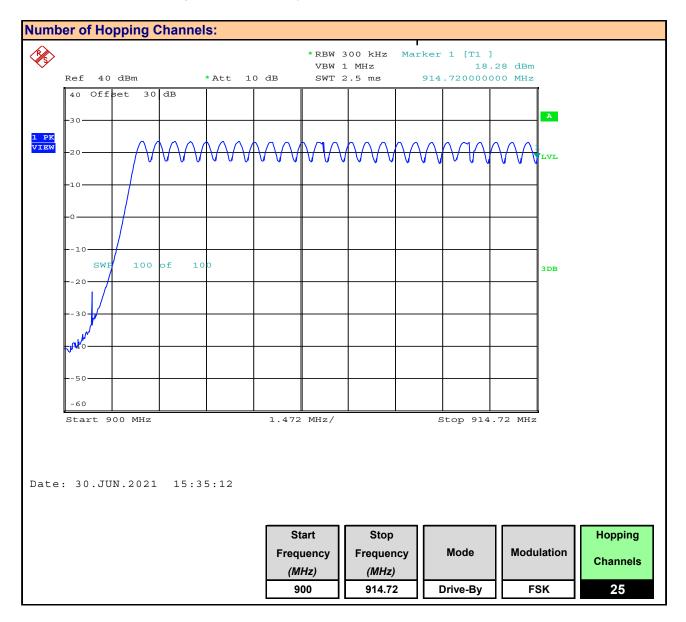
Plot 12.2 - Number of Hopping Channels, MESH, Part 2





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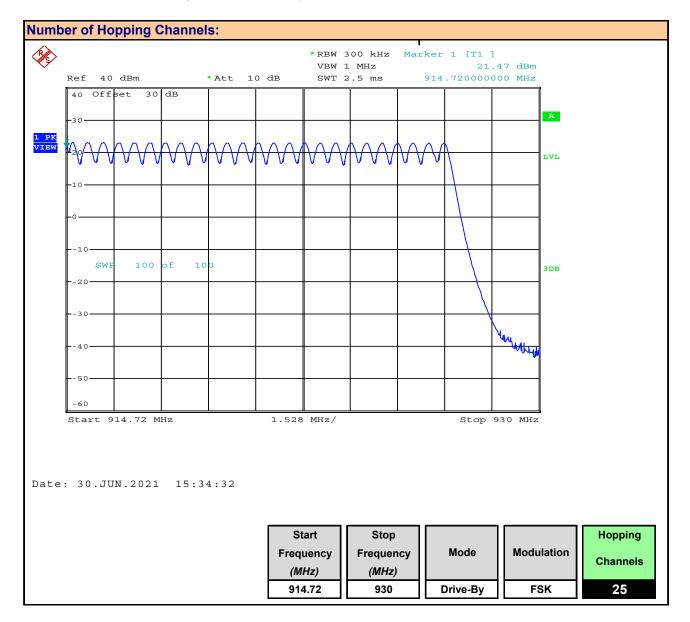
Plot 12.3 - Number of Hopping Channels, Drive-By, Part 1





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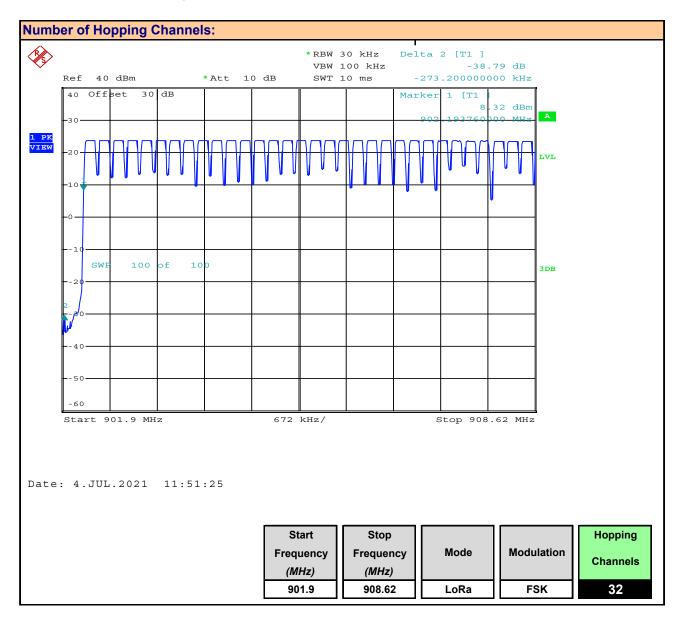
Plot 12.4 – Number of Hopping Channels, Drive-By, Part 2





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Plot 12.5 - Number of Hopping Channels, LoRa (DSS), Part 1





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Plot 12.6 - Number of Hopping Channels, LoRa (DSS), Part 2

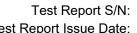




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Table 12.2 – Summary of FHSS Number of Hopping Channels

Hopping Channel Results DSS					
Frequency Range (MHz)	Mode	Modulation	Number of Hopping Channels		
900-914.7	MESH	FSK	25		
914.7-930	MESH	FSK	25		
	50				
900-914.7	Drive-By	FSK	25		
914.7-930	Dilve-by	FSK	25		
		Total:	50		
901.9-908.6	LoRa	FSK	32		
908.6-915	LUNA	FSK	32		
		Total:	64		
		Result:	Complies		



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13.0 FHSS CHANNEL SEPARATION

Test Procedure	
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §15.247(a)(1)(i), RSS-Gen (6.7), RSS-247 (5.2)(c),
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.8.2)
Limits	
§15.247(a)(1) (i)	(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
	(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.
RSS-247 (5.2)(c)	5.2 Digital transmission systems
	DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400 - 2483.5 MHz:
	c) For FHSs in the band 902-928 MHz: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20-second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10-second period. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be 500 kHz.
General Procedure	
KDB 558074 (8.2)	11.8.2 Option 2
C63.10 (11.8.2)	The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz , VBW $\geq 3 \text{ X RBW}$, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be $\geq 6 \text{ dB}$.
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1

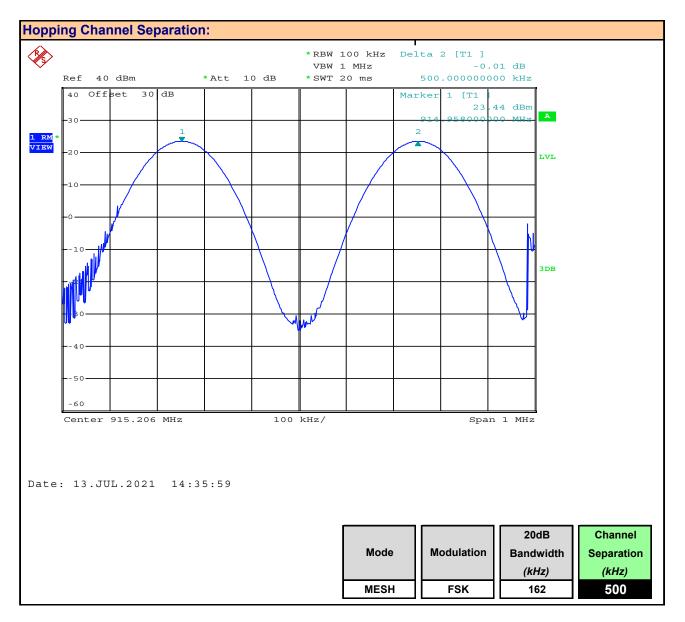
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as above using the Automatic 6dB Cursor Bandwidth measurement. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.



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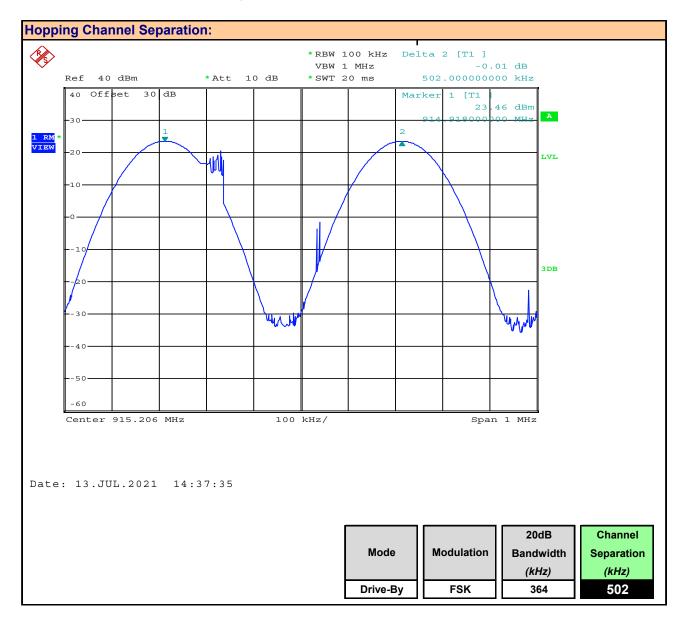
Plot 13.1 - Channel Separation, MESH





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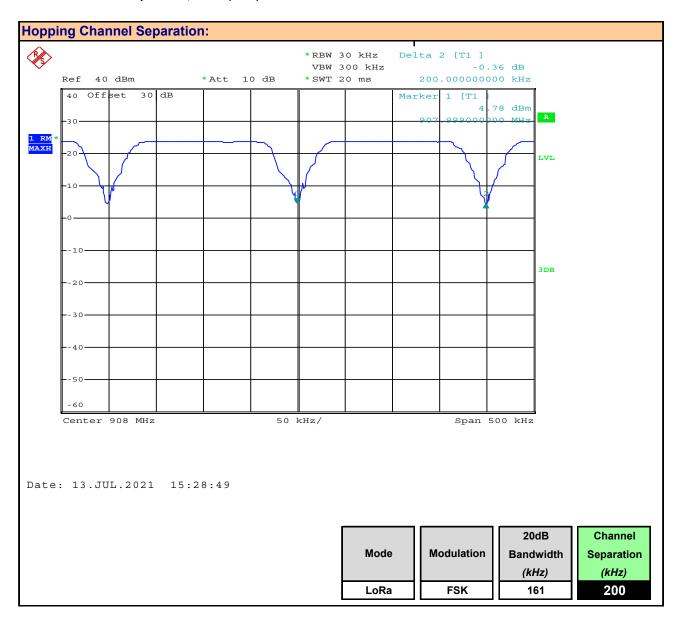
Plot 13.2 - Channel Separation, Drive-By





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Plot 13.3 - Channel Separation, LoRa (DSS)





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Table 13.1 – Summary of FHSS Channel Separation

Hopping	Hopping Channel Separation Results DSS									
Mode	Channel Modulation Separation		20dB BW	Margin						
		(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)						
MESH		500	162.000	338.000						
Drive-By	FSK	502	364.000	138.000						
Lora		200	161.000	39.000						
			Result:	Complies						

Margin = Channel Separation - Minimum Bandwidth



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14.0 FHSS TIME OF OCCUPANCY

Test Procedure	FOC 47 CFD SO 4040 S4F 047/a\/4\/6\\ DCC Cam (C.7\\ DCC 047 (F.0\/a\)						
Normative	FCC 47 CFR §2.1049, §15.247(a)(1)(i), RSS-Gen (6.7), RSS-247 (5.2)(c),						
Reference	KDB 558074 (8.2), ANSI C63.10 (11.8.2)						
Limits							
§15.247(a)(1) (i)	(a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:						
	(i) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period. The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz.						
RSS-247 (5.2)(c)	5.2 Digital transmission systems						
	DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400 - 2483.5 MHz:						
	c) For FHSs in the band 902-928 MHz: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20-second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping channels and the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10-second period. The maximum 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel shall be 500 kHz.						
General Procedure							
KDB 558074 (8.2)	11.8.2 Option 2						
C63.10 (11.8.2)	The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of an instrument may be employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB, if the functionality described above (i.e., RBW = 100 kHz , VBW $\geq 3 \text{ X RBW}$, peak detector with maximum hold) is implemented by the instrumentation function. When using this capability, care shall be taken so that the bandwidth measurement is not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission that might be $\geq 6 \text{ dB}$.						
Test Setup	Appendix A - Figure A.1						

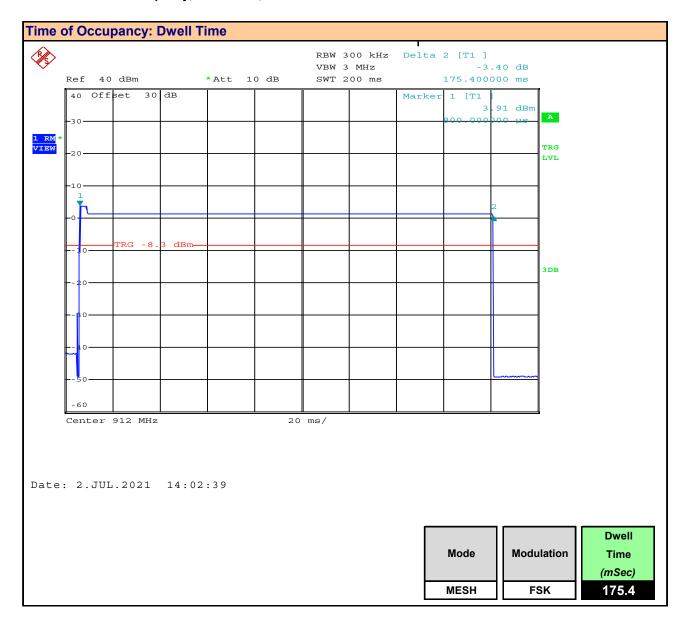
Measurement Procedure

The DUT was connected to a Spectrum Analyzer (SA) via a 30dB attenuator connected to the DUT's antenna port. The SA was configured as above using the Automatic 6dB Cursor Bandwidth measurement. The output power of the DUT was set to the manufacturer's highest output power setting at the Low, Mid and High frequency channels as permitted by the device.



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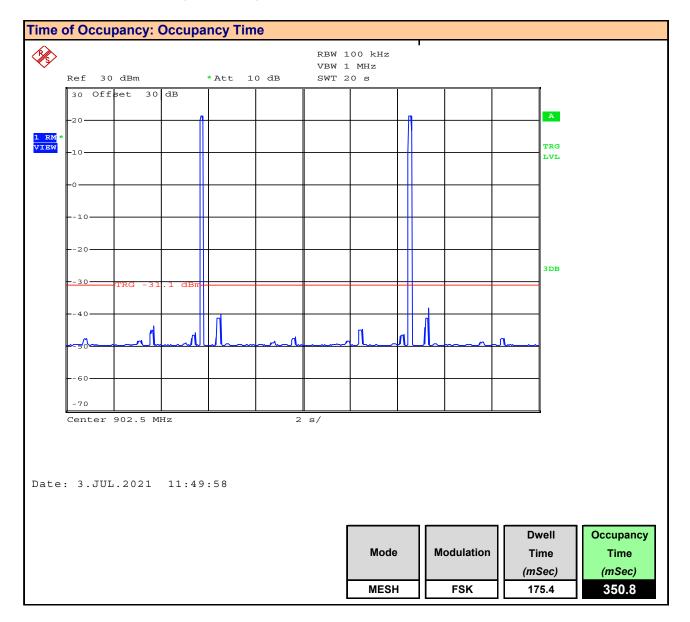
Plot 14.1 - Time of Occupancy, Dwell Time, MESH





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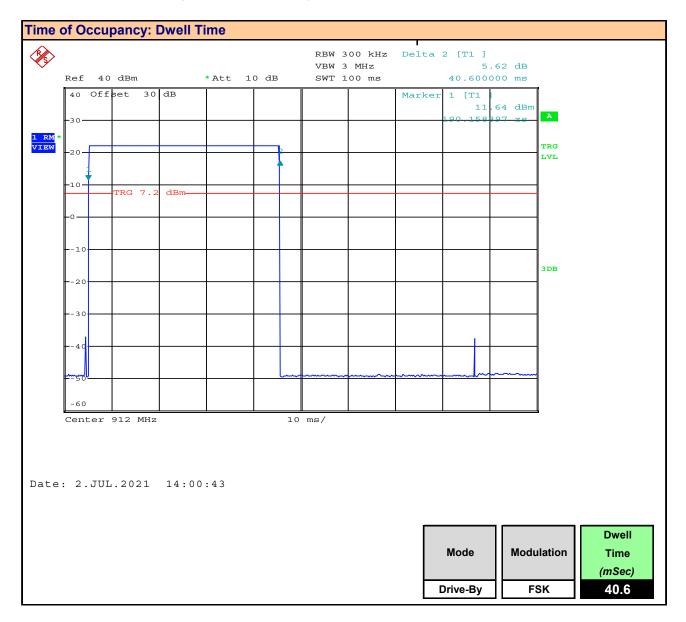
Plot 14.2 - Time of Occupancy, Occupancy, MESH





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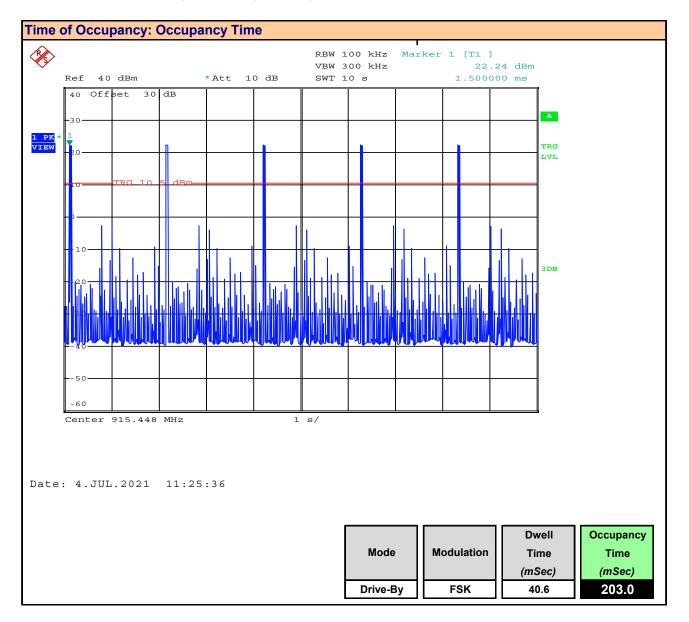
Plot 14.3 - Time of Occupancy, Dwell Time, Drive-By





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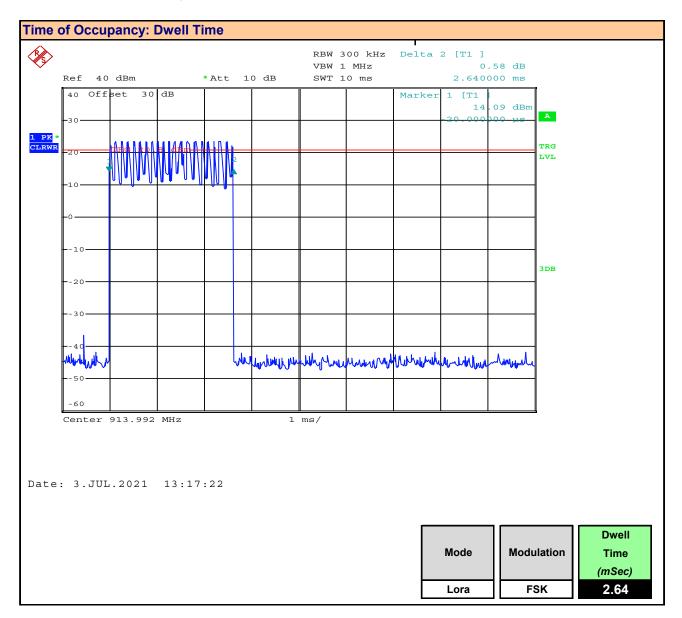
Plot 14.4 – Time of Occupancy, Occupancy, Drive-By





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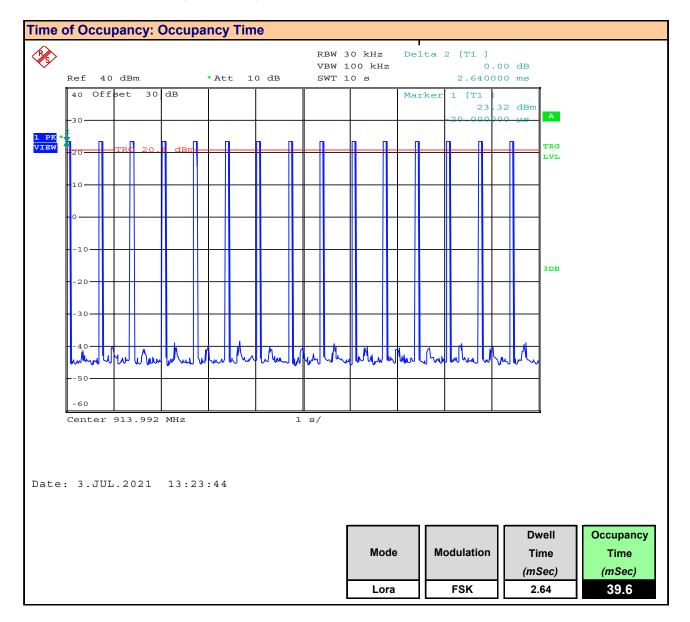
Plot 14.5 – Time of Occupancy, Dwell Time, LoRa (DSS)





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Plot 14.6 - Time of Occupancy, Occupancy, LoRa (DSS)





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Table 14.1 – Summary of FHSS Time of Occupancy

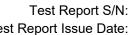
Hopping C	hannel Time	Hopping Channel Time of Occupancy DSS											
		Channel	Number	Observation	Time of	Total	Accumulated	Number					
		On Time	of Period	Period	Period	Observation	Time of	of Hopping	Limit	Margin			
Mode	Modulation	(Dwell)	Transmits	Period	Occupancy	Period	Occupancy	Channels					
		[t _{on}]	[N _{Period}]	[T _{Period}]	[T _{Occ}]	[TT _{Period}]	[TT _{Occ}]	[N _{Hop}]	[Limit]				
		(mSec)		(Sec)	(mSec)	(mSec)	(mSec)		(mSec)	(mSec)			
MESH		175.4	2	20	350.8	20	350.80	50	400	49			
MESH Drive-By	FSK	175.4 40.6	2 5	20 10	350.8 203.0	20 10	350.80 203.00	50 50	400 400	49 197			
	FSK		2 5 15										

Time of Occupancy within the measurement (Observation) period $[T_{Occ}] = On Time [T_{on}] X Number of Transmits within the Observation Period <math>[N_{period}]$

Total Observation Period [TT_{Period}] = 15mSec X Number of Hopping Channels = 15mSec X [N_{Hop}]

Accumulated Time of Occupancy $[TT_{Occ}]$ = Time of Occupancy $[T_{Occ}]$ X Total Observation Period $[TT_{Period}]$ / Observation Period $[TT_{Period}]$

Margin = Limit - TT_{Occ}



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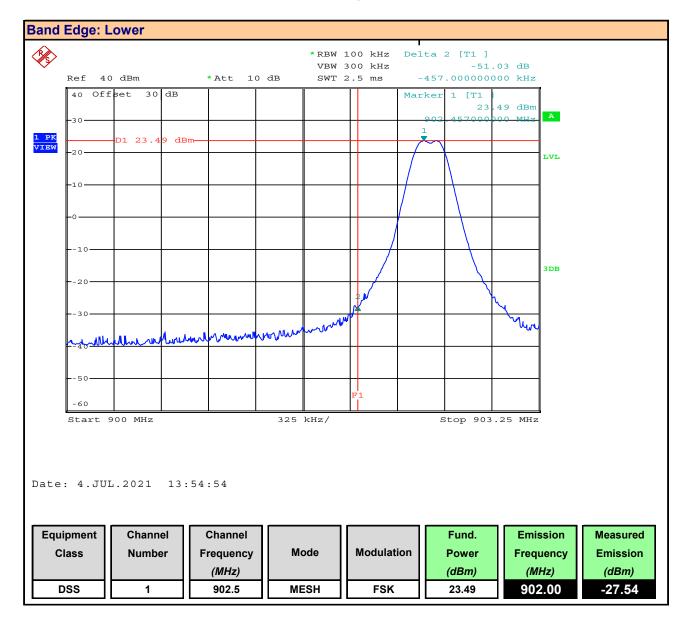
15.0 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS -BAND EDGE

Test Procedure	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1051, §15.247(d), RSS-Gen (6.13), RSS-247 (5.5),
Normative Kelefelice	KDB 558074 (11.3), ANSI C63.10 (11.11.3)
Limits	
47 CFR §15.247(d)	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.
RSS-247 (5.5)	5.5 Unwanted emissions
	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required. d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).
	As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.
KDB 558074 (11.3)	11.1 General
C63.10 (11.11.3)	The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:
	b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
	11.2 Reference level measurement
	a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
	b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 X DTS bandwidth.
	c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
	d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 X RBW.
	e) Detector = peak.
	f) Sweep time = auto couple.
	g) Trace mode = max hold.
	h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
	i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
	Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference



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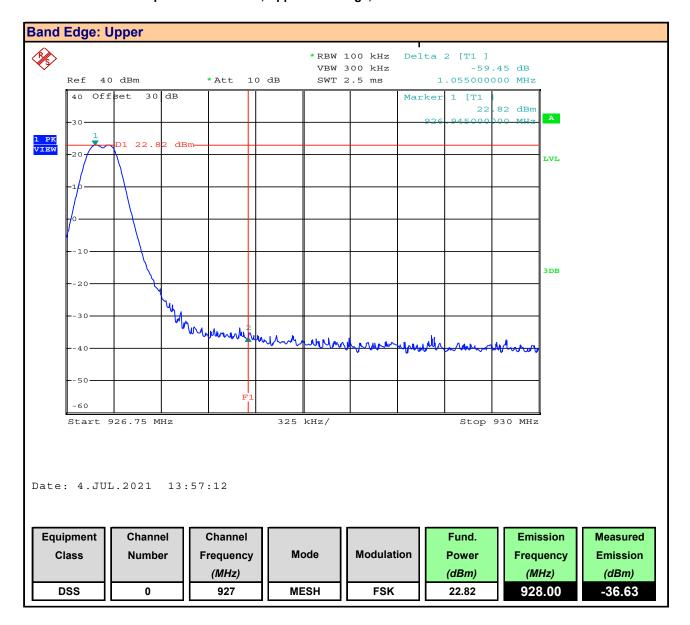
Plot 15.1 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Lower Band Edge, MESH Ch1





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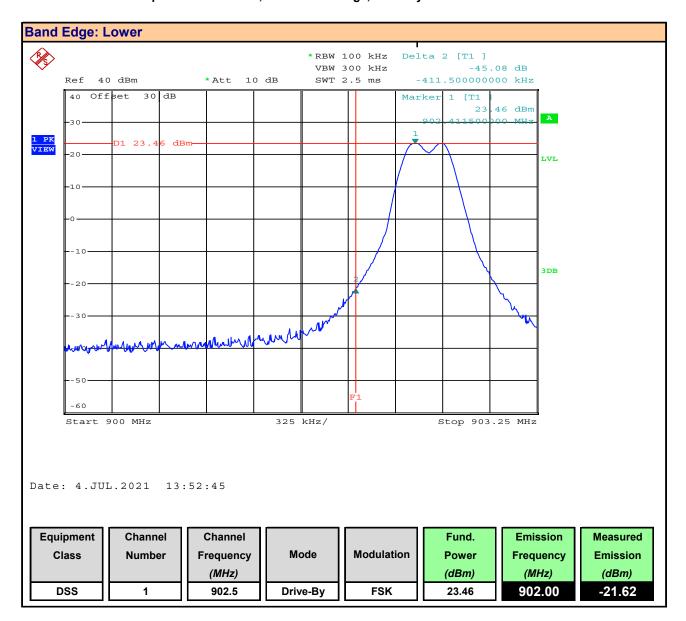
Plot 15.2 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Upper Band Edge, MESH Ch0





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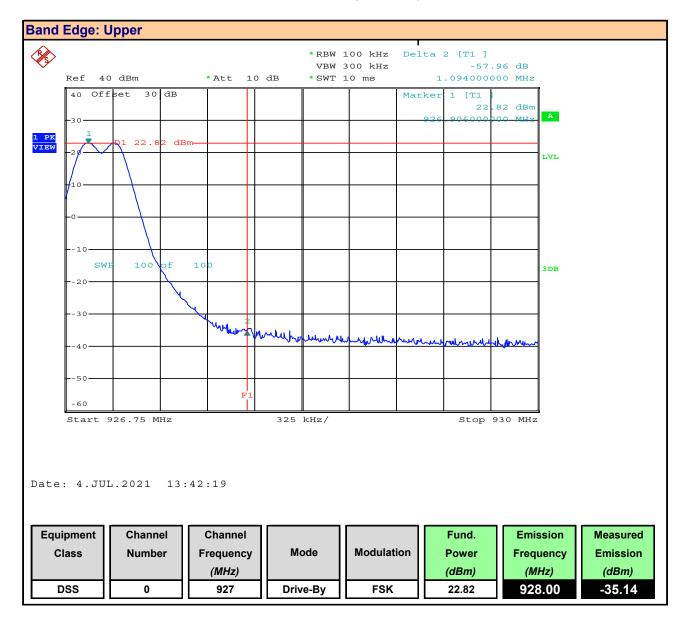
Plot 15.3 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Lower Band Edge, Drive-By Ch1





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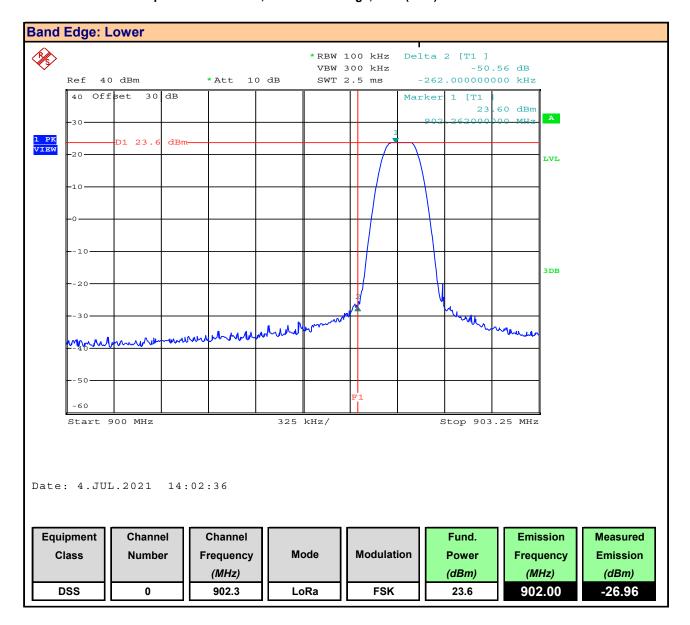
Plot 15.4 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Upper Band Edge, Drive-By Ch0





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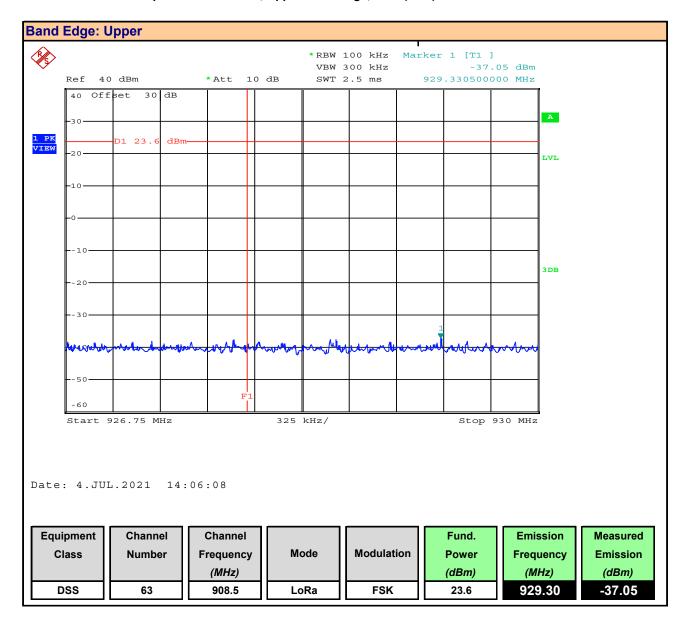
Plot 15.5 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Lower Band Edge, Lora (DSS) Ch0





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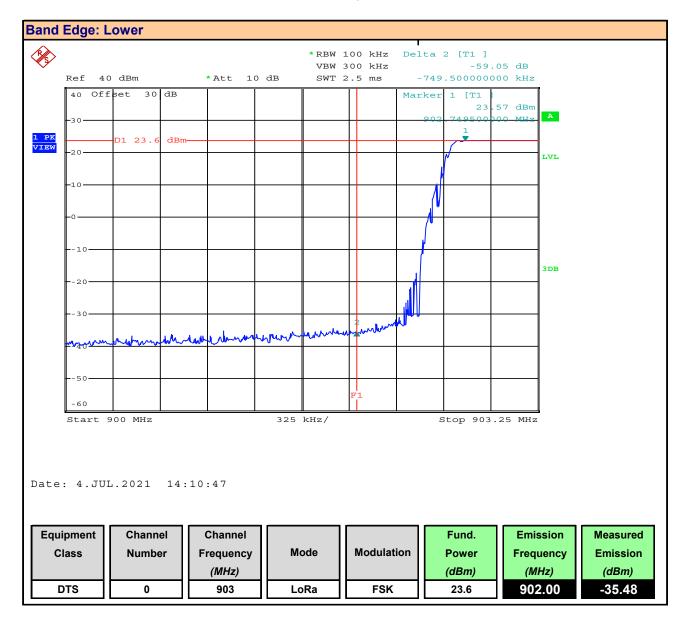
Plot 15.6 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Upper Band Edge, Lora (DSS) Ch63





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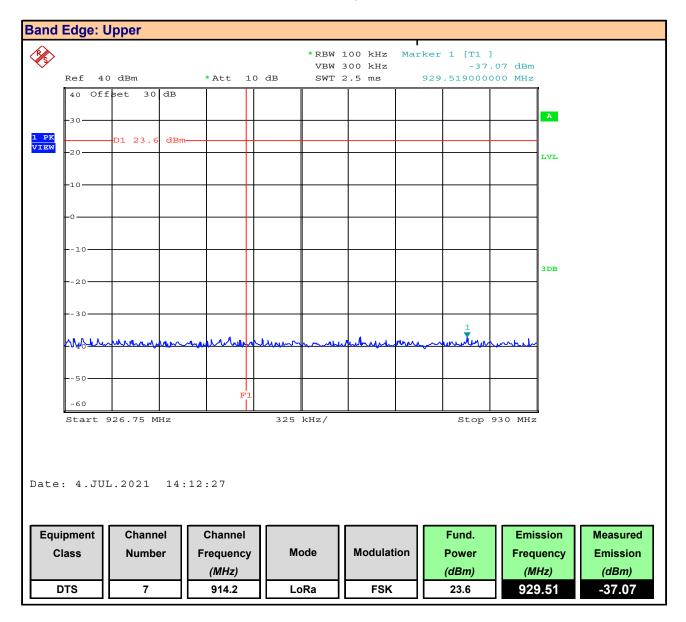
Plot 15.7 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Lower Band Edge, LoRa (DTS) Ch0





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Plot 15.8 - Conducted Spurious Emissions, Upper Band Edge, LoRa (DTS) Ch7





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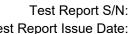
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Table 15.1 - Summary of Conducted Spurious Emission Measurements - Band Edge,

Unwante	d Emisso	ns Measure	ment Resul	ts: Band Ed	ge									
Mada	Channel	Frequency	Equipment		Fundamental Power	Emission	Measured Emission	Attenuation	Limit	Margin				
Mode	Number		Class	Modulation	[P _{Fund}]	Frequency	[P _{Meas}]	[Att]		J				
	Nullibei	(MHz)			(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)				
MESH	1	902.5			23.49	902.0	-27.54	51.03		21.0				
IVIESIT	0	927.0	nee	nee	nss	DSS			22.82	928.0	-36.63	59.45		29.5
Drive-By	1	902.5						23.46	902.0	-21.62	45.08		15.1	
Dilve-by	0	927.0	D00	FSK	22.82	928.0	-35.14	57.96	30.0	28.0				
LoRa	0	902.3			1 31	23.60	902.0	-26.96	50.56] 50.0	20.6			
LUINA	63	908.5			23.60	929.3	-37.05	60.65		30.7				
LoRa	0	903.0	DTS		23.60	902.0	-35.48	59.08		29.1				
LUNA	7	914.2	פום		23.60	929.5	-37.07	60.67		30.7				
								R	esult:	Complies				

Attenuation [Att] = Fundamental Power [Pf_{und}] - Measured Emission [P_{meas}]

Margin = [Att] - Limit



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16.0 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Procedure	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1051, §15.247(d), RSS-Gen (6.13), RSS-247 (5.5),
- Hormative Reference	KDB 558074 (11.3), ANSI C63.10 (11.11.3)
Limits	
47 CFR §15.247(d)	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.
RSS-247 (5.5)	5.5 Unwanted emissions
	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required. d) For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e). As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.
KDB 558074 (11.3)	11.1 General
C63.10 (11.11.3)	The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:
	b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
	11.2 Reference level measurement
	a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
	b) Set the span to ≥ 1.5 X DTS bandwidth.
	c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
	d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 X RBW.
	e) Detector = peak.
	f) Sweep time = auto couple.
	g) Trace mode = max hold.
	h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
	i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.
	Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference



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Table 16.1 – Summary of Conducted Spurious Emissions, (DTS)

See Appendix D for Measurement Plots

Conducte	ed Spurio	us Emissor	ns Measurer	nent Results	s:							
Mode	Channel Number	Frequency	Equipment Class	Modulation	Fundamental Power [P _{Fund}]	Emission Frequency	Measured Emission [P _{Meas}]	Attenuation [Att]	Limit	Margin		
		(MHz)			(dBm)	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dB)		
					22.82	944.4	-37.16	59.98		30.0		
MESH	0	927.0			22.82	1216.0	-37.07	59.89	1	29.9		
			DSS			22.82	9244.0	-36.52	59.34		29.3	
				DSS	22.82	951.7	-37.06	59.88		29.9		
Drive-By	0	927.0			22.82	1856.0	-37.04	59.86		29.9		
					22.82	3840.0	-35.90	58.72	30.0	28.7		
						1 31	23.60	987.4	-37.57	61.17	30.0	31.2
LoRa	63	908.5			23.60	2952.0	-36.93	60.53	i [30.5		
					23.60	3168.0	-36.12	59.72		29.7		
					23.60	988.4	-37.17	60.77		30.8		
LoRa	7	914.2	DTS		23.60	2420.0	-36.92	60.52		30.5		
					23.60	3000.0	-38.15	61.75		31.8		
								F	esult:	Complies		

Attenuation [Att] = Fundamental Power [Pf_{und}] - Measured Emission [P_{meas}] Margin = [Att] - Limit



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17.0 RADIATED TX SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, RESTRICTED BAND

Test Procedure	Test Procedure								
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §2.1051, §	15.247(d), §15.205(a), §15.205(c), §15.209(a)							
Normative Reference	KDB 558074 (8.6), ANSI	C63.10 (11.12)							
Limits									
47 CFR §15.247(d)	(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitte under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).								
47 CFR §15.209(a)	(a) Except as provided e	sion limits; general requirements. Isewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator of strength levels specified in the following table:							
	Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)							
	0.009 - 0.490	2400/F (kHz) @300m							
	0.490 - 1.705	24000/F (kHz) @30m							
	1.705 - 30	30 @ 30m							
	30 - 88	100 @3m							
	88 - 216	150 @3m							
	216 - 960	200 @3m							
	Above 960	500 @3m							



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Table 17.1 – Summary of Radiated Tx Spurious Emissions, Restricted Band

See Appendix E for Measurement Plots

Measured Frequency	Channel	Antenna	Emission	Measur Emissi		Antenna ACF	Cable Loss	Ampli Gai		Correc		Limit	Margin
Range	Frequency	Polarization	Frequency	[E _{Meas}	_	[ACF]	[L _c]	[G _A		[E _{Corr}		Lilling	Wargin
(MHz)	(MHz)			(dBu\	/)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB	3)	(dBuV/	m)	(dBuV)	(dB)
9kHz - 30MHz	916.0	Front	ND	ND	(1)	0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	ND	(2)	n/a	n/a
9kHz - 30MHz	916.0	Side	ND	ND	(1)	0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	ND	(2)	n/a	n/a
30-1000MHz	916.0	Horizontal	750.1MHz	39.2		0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	39.2	(2)	56.9	17.7
30-1000MHz	916.0	Horizontal	854.4MHz	40.2		0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	40.2	(2)	56.9	16.7
30-1000MHz	916.0	Vertical	729.4MHz	40.4		0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	40.4	(2)	56.9	16.5
30-1000MHz	916.0	Vertical	755.7MHz	40.5		0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	40.5	(2)	56.9	16.4
30-1000MHz	916.0	Vertical	852.3MHz	40.9		0.00	0.00	0.00	(3)	40.9	(2)	56.9	16.0
1 - 3GHz	916.0	Horizontal	ND	ND	(1)	27.40	4.58	0.00	(3)	ND		60.0	n/a
1 - 3GHz	916.0	Vertical	ND	ND	(1)	27.40	4.58	0.00	(3)	ND		60.0	n/a
3-10GHz	916.0	Horizontal	ND	ND	(1)	36.76	9.86	0.00	(3)	ND		60.0	n/a
3-10GHz	916.0	Vertical	ND	ND	(1)	36.76	9.86	0.00	(3)	ND		60.0	n/a
	Results:										Com	plies	

- (1) No Emissions Detected (ND) above ambient or within 20dB of the limit
- (2) Antenna ACF, Cable Loss and Amplifier Gain corrected in Spectrum Analyzer Transducer Factor
- (3) External Amplier not used

$$E_{Corr} = E_{Meas} + ACF + L_C - G_A$$



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18.0 RADIATED RX SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Procedure	
Normative Reference	FCC 47 CFR §15.109, ICES-003(6.2)
Normative Reference	ANSI C63.4:2014
Limits	
47 CFR §15.109	(a) Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values: 30-88MHz: 40dBuV/m
	88-216MHz: 43.5dBuV/m
	216-960MHz: 46dBuV/m > 960MHz: 54dBuV/m
ICES-003(6.2.1)	6.2.1 - Radiated Emissions Limits Below 1 GHz Class B: ITE that does not meet the conditions for Class A operation shall comply with the Class B radiated limits set out in Table 5 determined at a distance of 3 metres.
	30-88MHz: 40dBuV/m 88-216MHz: 43.5dBuV/m 216-960MHz: 46dBuV/m > 960MHz: 54dBuV/m
Test Setup	Appendix A Figure A.2

Measurement Procedure

The DUT was set up as per ANSI C63.4:2014. Emissions were scanned between 30MHz and 1000MHz. The turntable was rotated 360 degrees and the antenna was elevated to 4m to optimize the measured emissions.



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Table 19.1 – Summary of Radiated Rx Spurious Emissions

See Appendix F for Measurement Plots

Measurement	Measurement Results										
Frequency	Antenna	Measured Emission	Limit e.r.p./e.r.i.p.	Margin							
Range	Polarization	[E _{Meas}]	[A _L]	murgiii							
		(dBm)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)							
30-1000MHz		ND	49.5	n/a							
1 - 3GHz	Horizontal	ND	60.0	n/a							
3 - 10GHz		ND	60.0	n/a							
30-1000MHz		ND	49.5	n/a							
1 - 3GHz	Vertical	ND	60.0	n/a							
3 - 10GHz		ND	60.0	n/a							
Results: Complies											

ND: No emissions detected above ambient or within 20dB of the limit



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APPENDIX A – TEST SETUP DRAWINGS

Table A.1 – Conducted Measurement Setup

Equipm	Equipment List										
Asset Number	Description										
00241	R&S	FSU40	100500	Spectrum Analyzer							
00263	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263	1m Armoured Cable							

Figure A.1 – Test Setup – Conducted Measurements

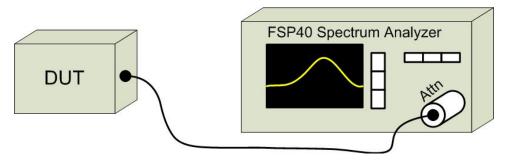
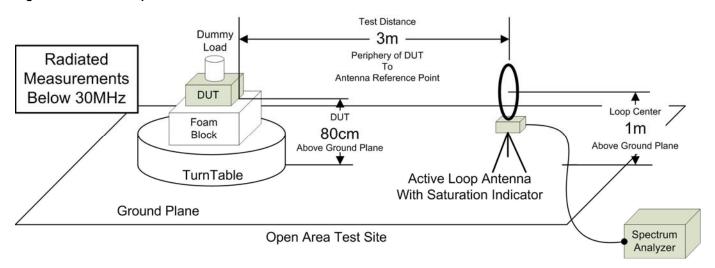




Table A.2 - Radiated Emissions Measurement Equipment

Equipment List					
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Description	
00050	Chase	CBL-6111A	1607	Bilog Antenna	
00034	ETS	3115	6267	Double Ridged Guide Horn	
00035	ETS	3115	6276	Double Ridged Guide Horn	
00085	EMCO	6502	9203-2724	Loop Antenna	
00161	Waveline Inc.	889		Standard Gain Horn 18-26GHz	
00162	Waveline Inc.	889		Standard Gain Horn 18-26GHz	
00165	Waveline Inc.	801-KF		Waveguide Adapter 18-26GHz	
00166	Waveline Inc.	801-KF		Waveguide Adapter 18-26GHz	
00333	HP	85685A	3010A01095	RF Preselector	
00049	HP	85650A	2043A00162	Quasi-peak Adapter	
00051	HP	8566B	2747A05510	Spectrum Analyzer	
00241	R&S	FSU40	100500	Spectrum Analyzer	
00265	Miteq	JS32-00104000-58-5P	1939850	Microwave L/N Amplifier	
00071	EMCO	2090	9912-1484	Multi-Device Controller	
00072	EMCO	2075	0001-2277	Mini-mast	
00073	EMCO	2080	0002-1002	Turn Table	
00263	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263	1m Armoured Cable	
00263B	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263B	1m Armoured Cable	
00275	TMS	LMR400	n/a	25m Cable	
00278	TILE	34G3	n/a	TILE Test Software	

Figure A.2 – Test Setup Radiated Measurements 9kHzMHz – 30MHz





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Figure A.3 - Test Setup Radiated Measurements 30MHz - 1GHz

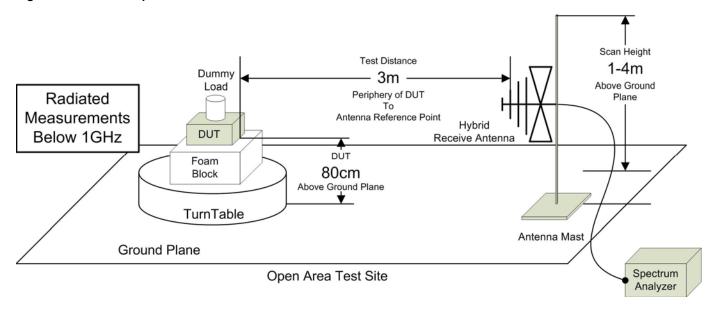
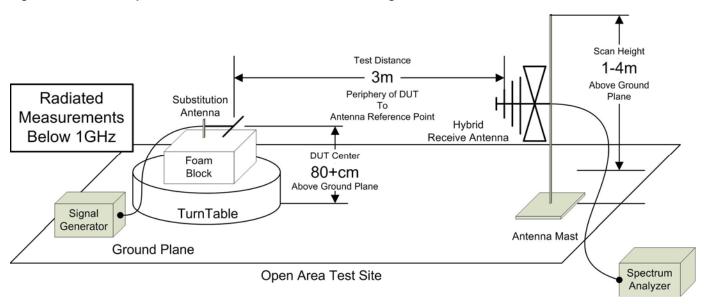


Figure A.4 - Test Setup Radiated Measurements 30MHz - 1GHz, Signal Substitution





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Figure A.5 – Test Setup Radiated Measurements 1 – 18GHz,

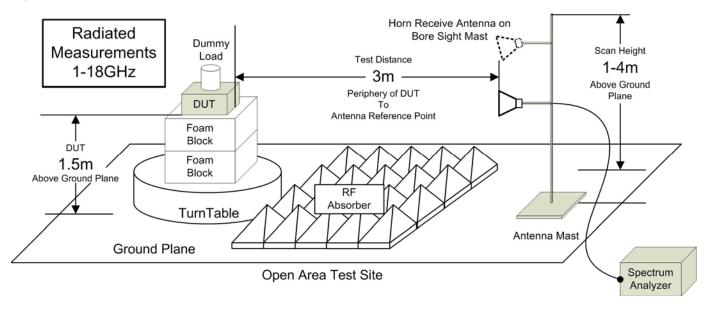
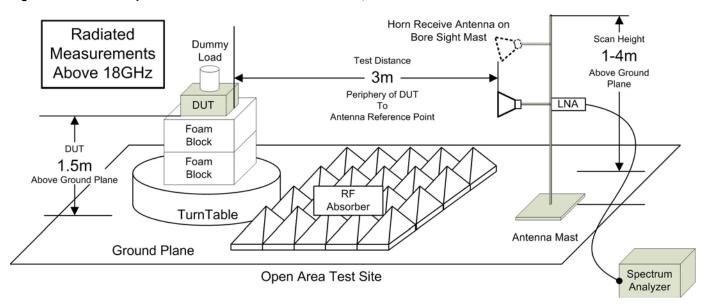


Figure A.6 - Test Setup Radiated Measurements 18 - 26.5GHz,





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APPENDIX B - EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Table B.1 – Equipment Calibration Information

Equipment List							
Asset Number	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Description	Last Calibrated	Calibration Interval	Calibration Due
00050	Chase	CBL-6111A	1607	Bilog Antenna	3 Jan 2019	Triennial	3 Jan 2022
00034	ETS	3115	6267	Double Ridged Guide Horn	26 Nov 2018	Triennial	26 Nov 2021
00035	ETS	3115	6276	Double Ridged Guide Horn	22 Mar 2019	Triennial	21 Mar 2022
00085	EMCO	6502	9203-2724	Loop Antenna	11 Jun 2019	Triennial	11 Jun 2022
00161	Waveline Inc.	889		Standard Gain Horn 18-26GHz	NCR	n/a	NCR
00162	Waveline Inc.	889		Standard Gain Horn 18-26GHz	NCR	n/a	NCR
00165	Waveline Inc.	801-KF		Waveguide Adapter 18-26GHz	NCR	n/a	NCR
00166	Waveline Inc.	801-KF		Waveguide Adapter 18-26GHz	NCR	n/a	NCR
00333	HP	85685A	3010A01095	RF Preselector	23 Jun 2020	Triennial	30 Jun 2023
00049	HP	85650A	2043A00162	Quasi-peak Adapter	23 Jun 2020	Triennial	23 Jun 2023
00051	HP	8566B	2747A05510	Spectrum Analyzer	23 Jun 2020	Triennial	23 Jun 2023
00241	R&S	FSU40	100500	Spectrum Analyzer	15 July 2018	Triennial	15 July 2021
00005	HP	8648D	3847A00611	Signal Generator	23 Jun 2020	Triennial	23 Jun 2023
00006	R&S	SMR20	100104	Signal Generator	29 May 2017	Triennial	29 May 2020
00257	Com-Power	LI-215A	191934	LISN	5 Jan 2019	Triennial	5 Jan 2022
00071	EMCO	2090	9912-1484	Multi-Device Controller	n/a	n/a	n/a
00072	EMCO	2075	0001-2277	Mini-mast	n/a	n/a	n/a
00073	EMCO	2080	0002-1002	Turn Table	n/a	n/a	n/a
00081	ESPEC	ECT-2	0510154-B	Environmental Chamber	NCR	n/a	CNR
00234	WR	61161-378	140320430	Temp/Humidity Meter	New	Triennial	New
00263	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263	1m Armoured Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00263B	Koaxis	KP10-1.00M-TD	263B	1m Armoured Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00275	TMS	LMR400	n/a	25m Cable	COU	n/a	COU
00278	TILE	34G3	n/a	TILE Test Software	NCR	n/a	NCR

NCR: No Calibration Required

COU: Calibrate On Use



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APPENDIX C - MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT UNCERTAINTY

CISPR 16-4 Measurement Uncertainty (U _{LAB})					
This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence interval using a coverage factor of k=2					
Radiated Emissions 30MHz - 200MHz					
U _{LAB} = 5.14dB					
Radiated Emissions 200MHz - 1000MHz					
U _{LAB} = 5.90dB U _{CISPR} = 6.3dB					
Radiated Emissions 1GHz - 6GHz					
U _{LAB} = 4.80dB					
Radiated Emissions 6GHz - 18GHz					
$U_{LAB} = 5.1dB$ $U_{CISPR} = 5.5dB$					
Power Line Conducted Emissions 9kHz to 150kHz					
U _{LAB} = 2.96dB U _{CISPR} = 3.8dB					
Power Line Conducted Emissions 150kHz to 30MHz					
U _{LAB} = 3.12dB					
If the calculated uncertainty U _{lab} is less than U _{CISPR} then:					
1 Compliance is deemed to occur if NO measured disturbance exceeds the disturbance limit					
Non-Compliance is deemed to occur if ANY measured disturbance EXCEEDS the disturbance limit					
If the calculated uncertainty U_{lab} is greater than U_{CISPR} then :					
Compliance is deemed to occur if NO measured disturbance, increased by (U _{lab} - U _{CISPR}), exceeds the disturbance limit					
4 Non-Compliance is deemed to occur if ANY measured disturbance, increased by (U _{lab} - U _{CISPR}), EXCEEDS the disturbance limit					

	Uncertainties (U _{LAB})			
RF Conducted Emissions 9kHz - 40GHz				
U _{LAB} = 1.0dB	$U_{CISPR} = n/a$			
Frequency/Bandwidth 9kHz - 40GHz				
U _{LAB} = 0.1ppm	U _{CISPR} = n/a			
Temperature				
U _{LAB} = 1 ^o C	U _{CISPR} = n/a			

END OF REPORT



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_	APPENDIX D -	- CONDUCTED	SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	MEASUREMENT	DI OTS
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APPENDIX E - RADIATED TX EMISSIONS (RESTRICTED BAND) MEASUREMENT PLOTS

APPENDIX F - RADIATED RX EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT PLOTS