

## TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-4111/17-01-03-A



### Testing laboratory

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#### Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)  
The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

### Applicant

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### Manufacturer

**SIGFOX**  
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31670 Labège / FRANCE

<b>Test standard/s</b>	
47 CFR Part 15	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

### Test Item

**Kind of test item:** Sigfox Network Tester  
**Model name:** SNT1.1-2  
**FCC ID:** 2ACK7SNT112  
**IC:** 12204A-SNT112  
**Frequency:** ISM band 902.0 MHz to 928.0 MHz  
**Technology tested:** Proprietary  
**Antenna:** External antenna  
**Power supply:** 3.3 V to 4.2 V DC by internal Li-Po Battery  
**Temperature range:** -20°C to +55°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

### Test report authorized:

Christoph Schneider  
Testing Manager  
Radio Communications & EMC

### Test performed:

David Lang  
Lab Manager  
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## 2 General information

### 2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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**This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-4111/17-01-03 and dated 2017-05-23.**

### 2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2017-05-15
Date of receipt of test item:	2017-05-15
Start of test:	2017-05-15
End of test:	2017-05-18
Person(s) present during the test:	Ms. Hélène Ardiller and Mr. Fabien Drouillard

### 2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

### 3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 4	November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
DTS: KDB 558074 D01	V04	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

## 4 Test environment

Temperature	: T <sub>nom</sub> T <sub>max</sub> T <sub>min</sub>	+21 °C during room temperature tests +55 °C during high temperature tests -20 °C during low temperature tests
Relative humidity content	:	55 %
Barometric pressure	:	1021 hpa
Power supply	: V <sub>nom</sub> V <sub>max</sub> V <sub>min</sub>	3.6 V DC by internal Li-Po Battery 4.2 V 3.3 V

## 5 Test item

### 5.1 General description

Kind of test item	: Sigfox Network Tester
Type identification	: SNT1.1-2
HMN	: N/A
PMN	: Sigfox Network Tester
HVIN	: SNT1.1-2
FVIN	: N/A
S/N serial number	: 002458FA
HW hardware status	: Not provided!
SW software status	: Not provided!54
Frequency band	: ISM band 902.0 MHz to 928.0 MHz; Frequencies tested in single frequency mode: Lower: 902.1375 MHz , Middle: 903.3875 MHz, Higher: 904.6625 MHz
Type of radio transmission	: FHSS
Use of frequency spectrum	: FHSS
Type of modulation	: Tx: D-BPSK Rx: GFSK
Number of channels	: 54
Antenna	: External antenna
Power supply	: 3.3 V to 4.2 V DC by internal Li-Po Battery
Temperature range	: -20°C to +55°C

### 5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report: 1-4111/17-01-03\_AnnexA  
 1-4111/17-01-03\_AnnexB  
 1-4111/17-01-03\_AnnexD

## 6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

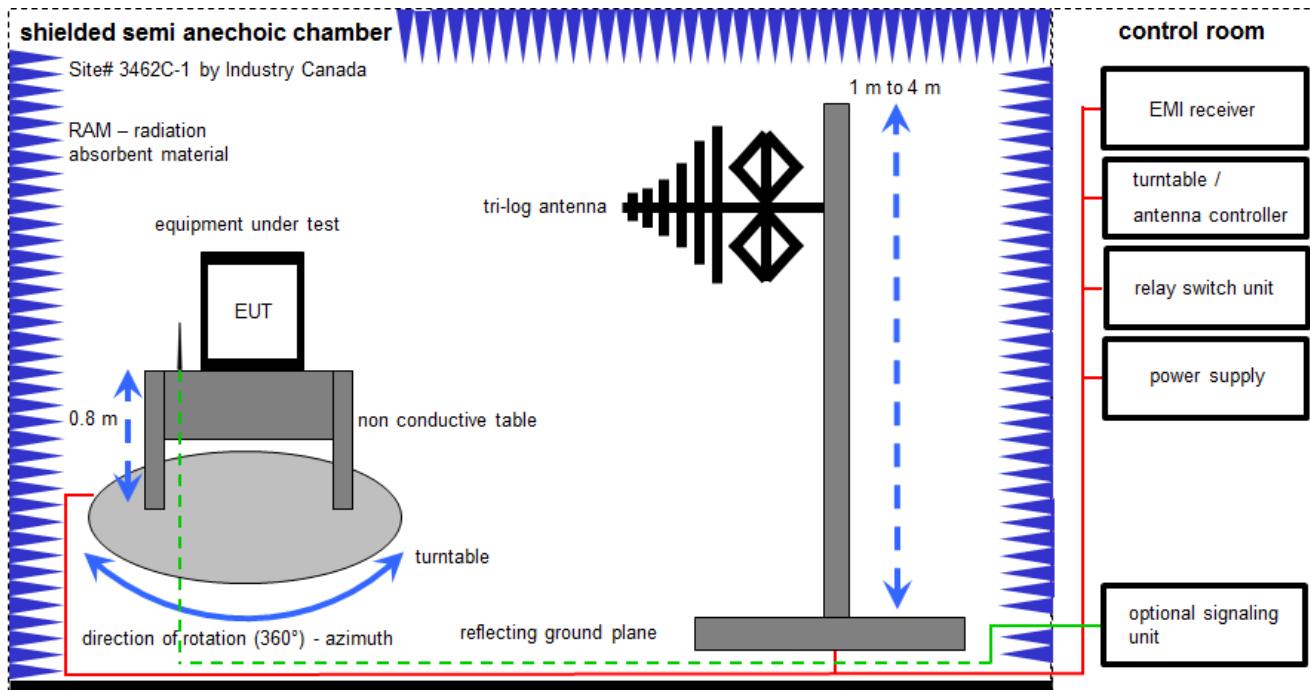
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

### Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

## 6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

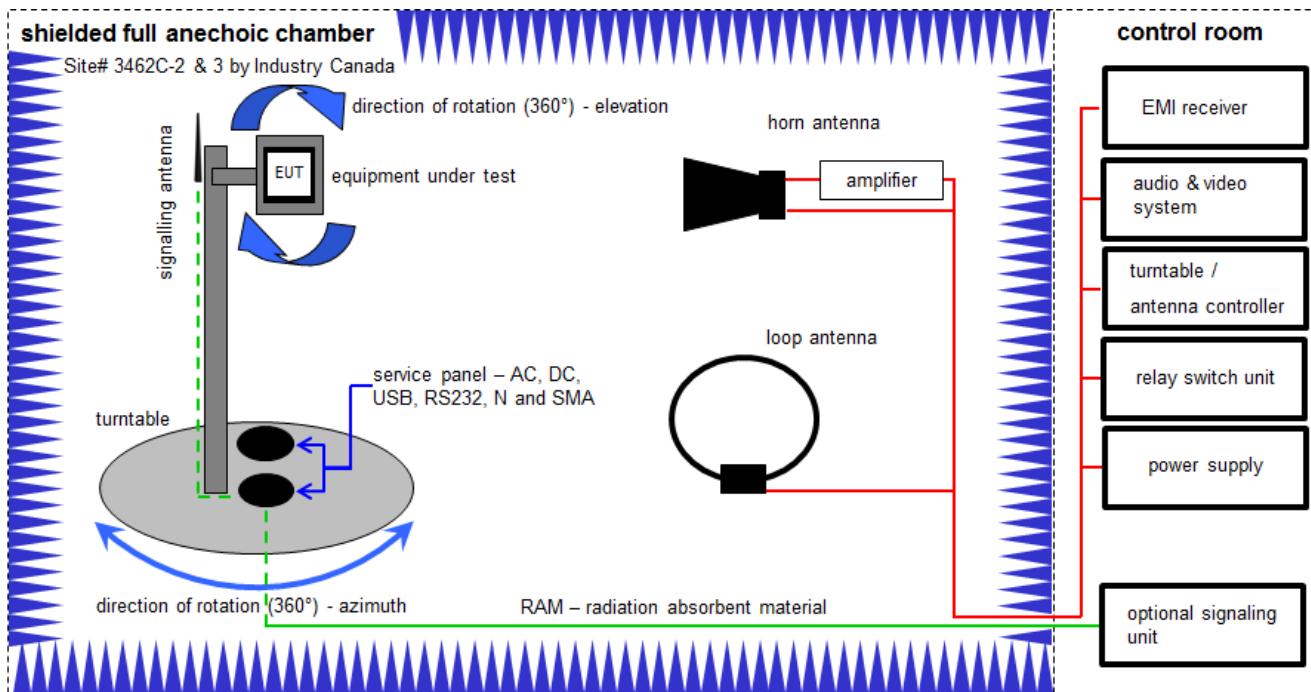
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

**Equipment table:**

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG	300023	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	01.02.2017	31.01.2018
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Double Ridge Broadband Horn Antenna 1-10 GHz	BBHA9120 B	Schwarzbeck	188	300003896	k	20.05.2015	20.05.2017

## 6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

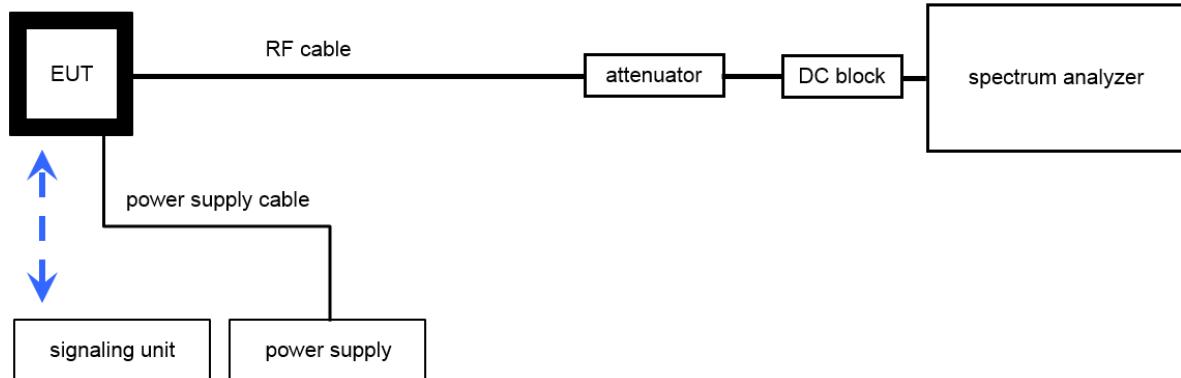
$$FS [\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] = 40.0 [\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] + (-35.8) [\text{dB}] + 32.9 [\text{dB}/\text{m}] = 37.1 [\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] (71.61 \mu\text{V}/\text{m})$$

### Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	k	20.05.2015	20.05.2017
2	B	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9709-5290	300000212	k	13.08.2015	13.08.2017
3	B	Highpass Filter WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright		37	400000148	ne	-/-	-/-
4	B	Highpass Filter WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright		18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A+B	NEXIO EMV-Software BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO			300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A+B	Anechoic chamber	TDK			300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A+B	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	viKI!	13.09.2016	13.03.2018
8	B	RF-Amplifier AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc		2011571	300005240	ev	-/-	-/-

### 6.3 Conducted measurements

#### Conducted measurements normal conditions



OP = AV + CA  
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

$$\text{OP [dBm]} = 6.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 11.7 \text{ [dB]} = 17.7 \text{ [dBm]} (58.88 \text{ mW})$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101353	300004819	k	19.09.2016	19.09.2017
2	A	RF-Cable WLAN-Tester Analyzer	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/36	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 54876	400001220	ev	-/-	-/-

## 7 Sequence of testing

### 7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

#### Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

## 7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

### Premereasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position  $\pm 45^\circ$  and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

## 7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

### Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

### Premereasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

## 8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz
Number of hopping channels	-/-
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB

## 9 Summary of measurement results

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
<input type="checkbox"/>	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
<input type="checkbox"/>	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	Passed	2017-06-27	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (d)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	CW	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (b)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (a)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Battery powered

**Note:** C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

## 10 RF measurements

### 10.1 Additional comments

Reference documents: None

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: All tests not performed in Hopping-Mode were conducted on the fixed frequencies as stated in section 5 under Frequencies.

Test mode:  Special software is used.  
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

## 11 Measurement results

### 11.1 Antenna gain

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	5 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 7.3 A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

#### Limits:

FCC	IC
Antenna gain	
The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	

#### Results:

	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
Conducted power [dBm]	21.9	22.0	21.9
Radiated power [dBm]	23.2	23.3	23.2
Gain [dBi] Calculated	2.3	2.3	2.3

## 11.2 Carrier Frequency Separation

### Description:

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	See plots
Video bandwidth	See plots
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

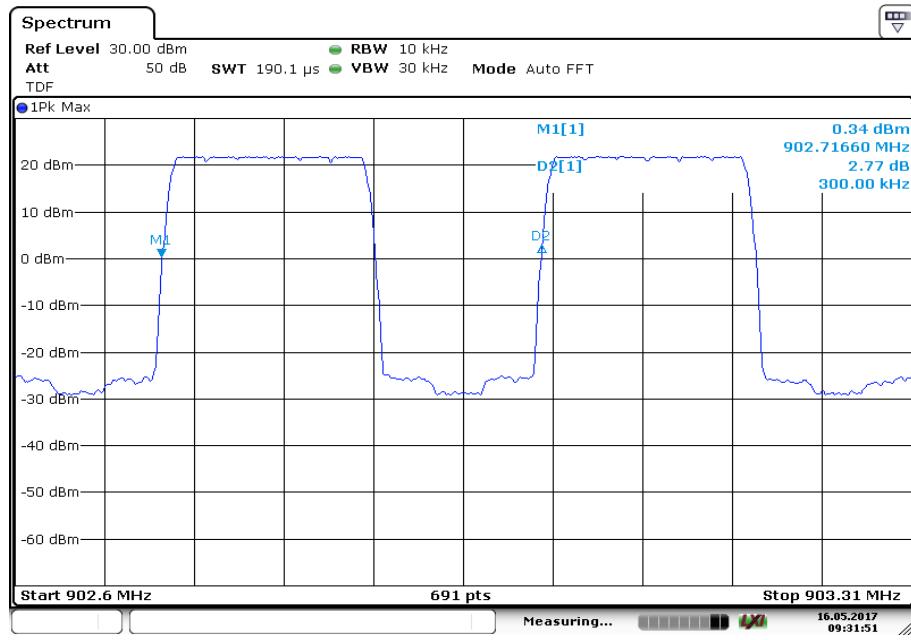
### Limits:

FCC	IC
Carrier frequency separation	
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater. The two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth for IC is only valid for the ISM band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz.	

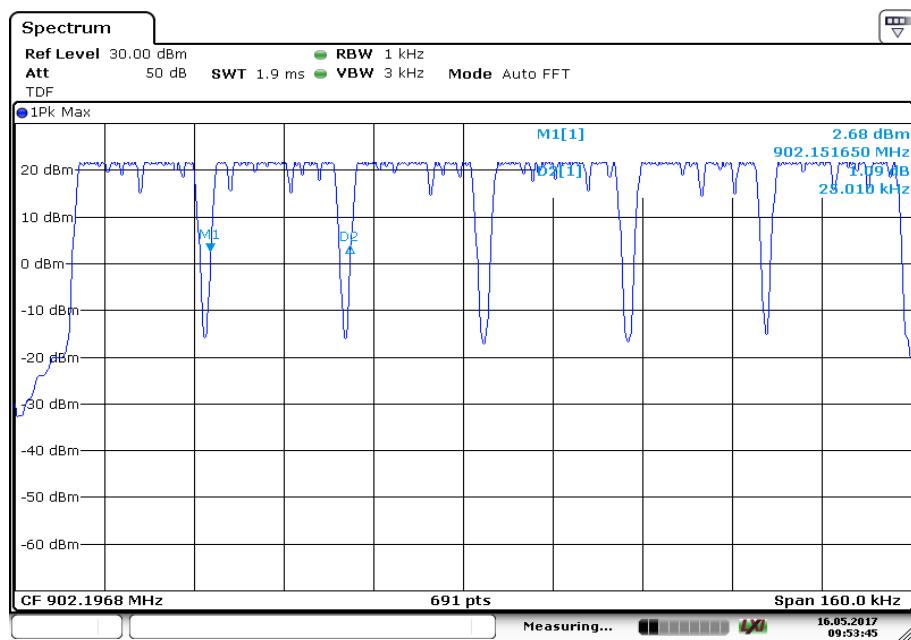
**Result:** The channel separation is 300 kHz for the macro channels and 25 kHz for the micro channels.

**Plots:**

Plot 1: Frequency separation macro channels



Plot 2: Frequency separation micro channels



### 11.3 Number of Hopping Channels

#### Description:

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels. The number of hopping channels is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK -modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	See plots
Video bandwidth	See plots
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

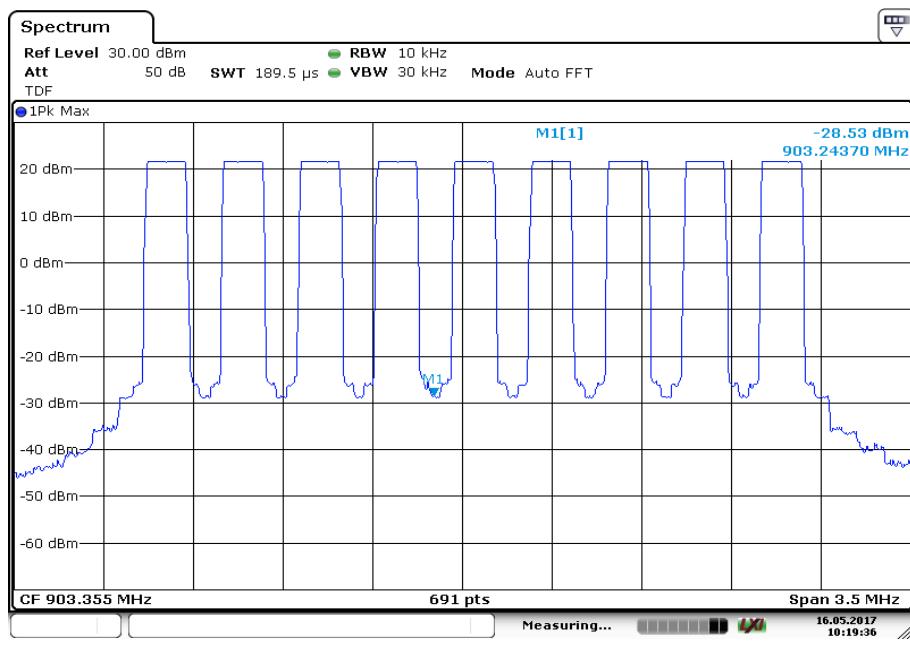
#### Limits:

FCC	IC
Number of hopping channels	
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.	

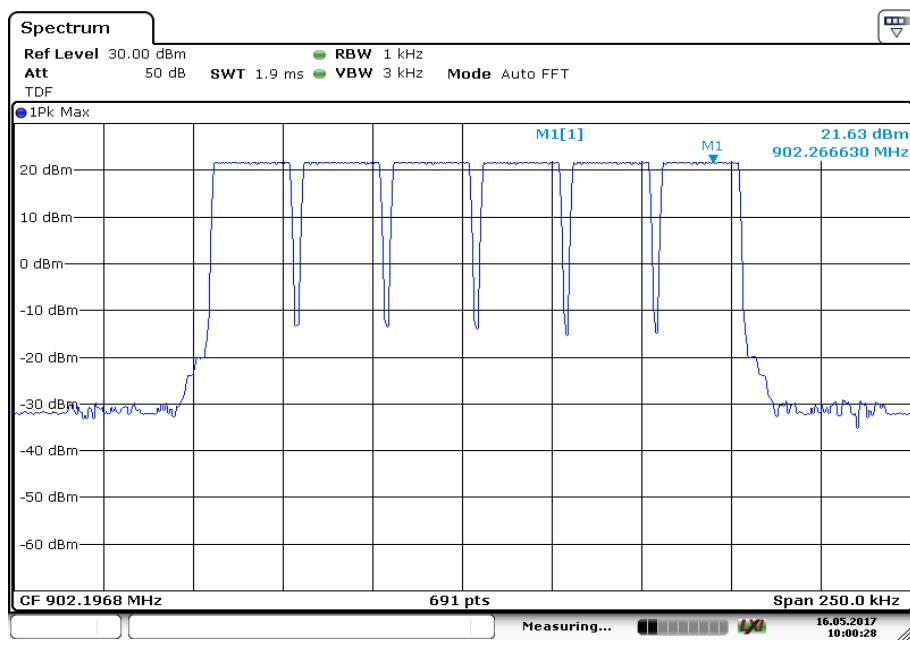
**Result:** in summary the EUT uses 54 channels.

**Plots:**

Plot 1: Number of macro channels (9)



Plot 2: Number of micro channels in one single macro channel zoomed (6)



## 11.4 Average Time of Occupancy (dwell time)

### Measurement:

The measurement is performed in zero span mode to show that none of the 54 used channels is allocated more than 0.4 seconds within a 10 seconds interval (54 channels times 0.4s).

### Limits:

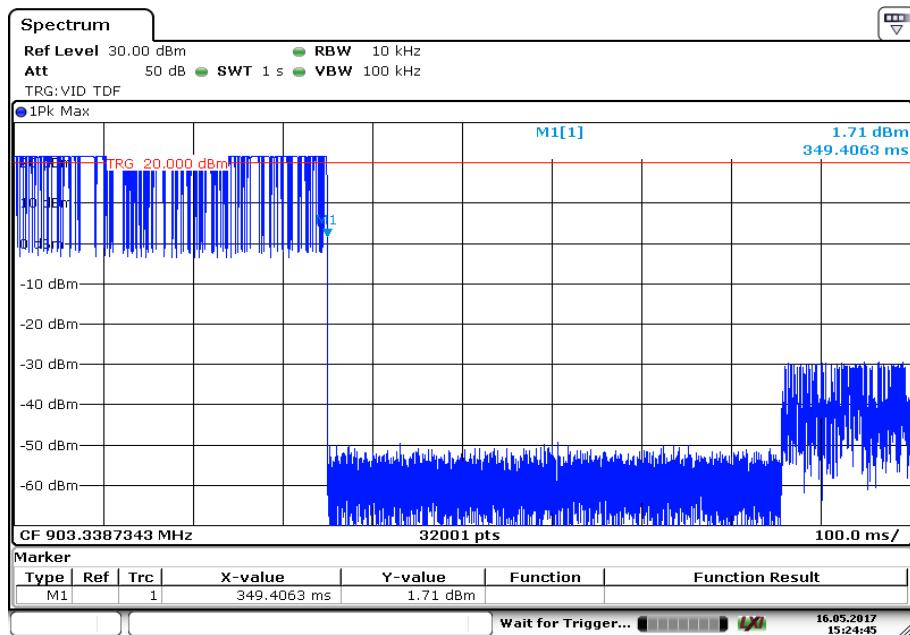
FCC	IC
Average time of occupancy	
<b>For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 10 second period.</b>	

**Result:** The time slot length is = 349.4 ms  
Number of hops / channel @ 20s = 1

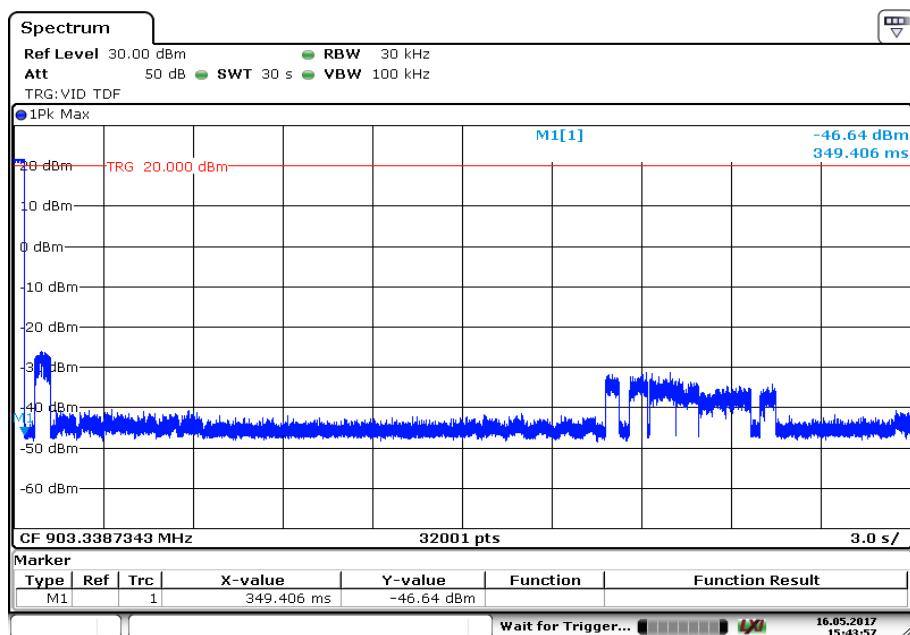
The average time of occupancy in 20 s is 349.4 ms

**Plots:**

Plot 1: Time slot length = 349.4 ms



Plot 2: hops / channel @ 20s = 1



## 11.5 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

### Description:

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

### Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	300 Hz
Video bandwidth	1 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

### Limits:

FCC	IC
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system	
DBPSK < 1500 kHz	

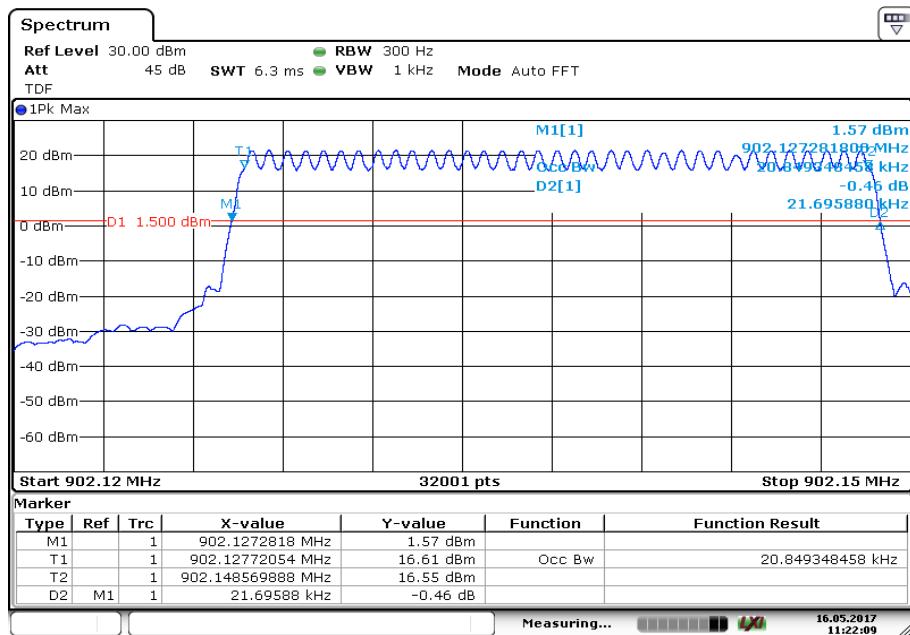
### Result:

Test Conditions		20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
$T_{\text{nom}}$	$V_{\text{nom}}$	21.7	21.8	21.4

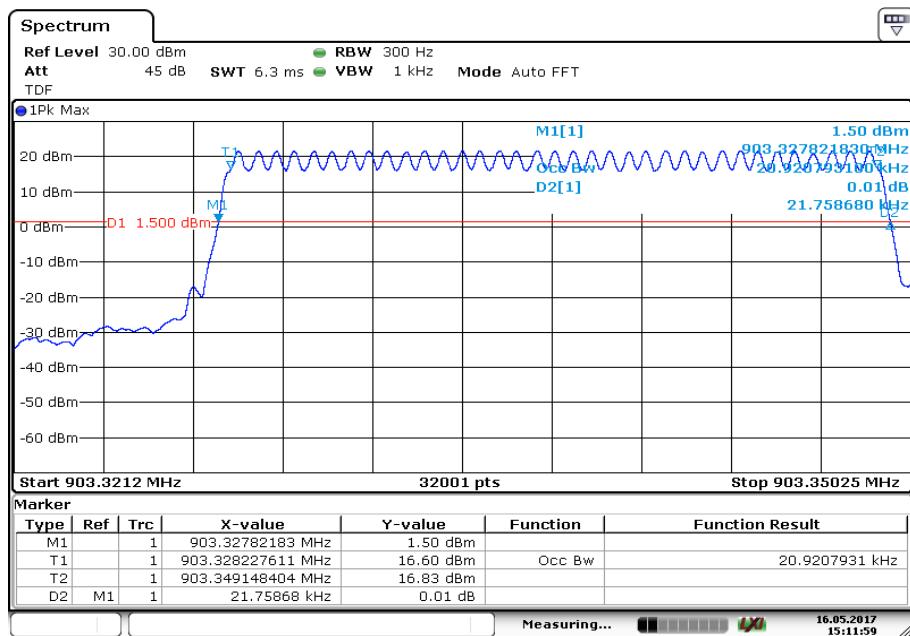
Test Conditions		99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
$T_{\text{nom}}$	$V_{\text{nom}}$	20.8	20.9	20.6

## Plots:

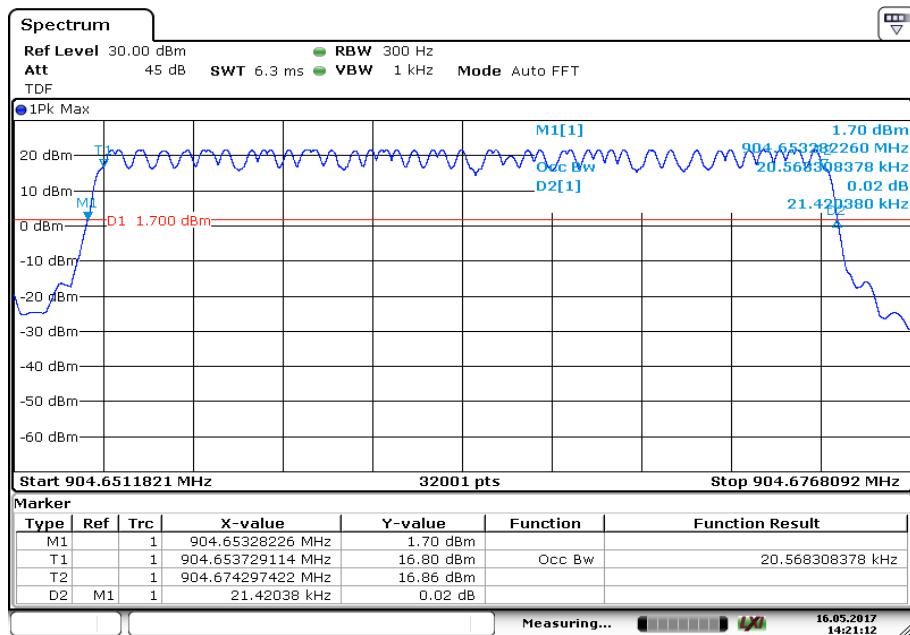
Plot 1: Low Channel



Plot 2: Middle Channel



Plot 3: High Channel



## 11.6 Maximum Output Power

### Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

### Limits:

FCC	IC
Maximum Output Power Conducted	
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: 1 watt (30 dBm) for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts (24 dBm) for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.	

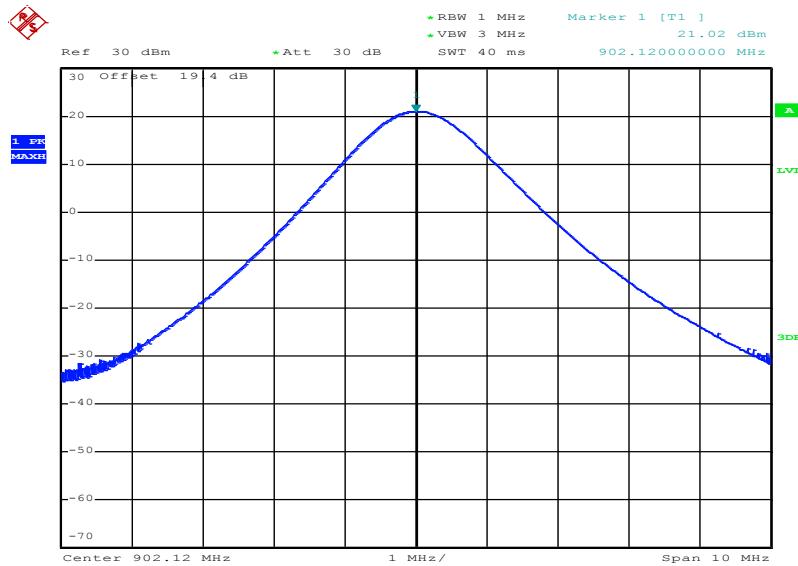
### Result:

Test Conditions		Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
$T_{\text{nom}}$	$V_{\text{nom}}$	21.0	21.2	21.0

Test Conditions		ERP [dBm]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
$T_{\text{nom}}$	$V_{\text{nom}}$	23.3	23.5	23.3

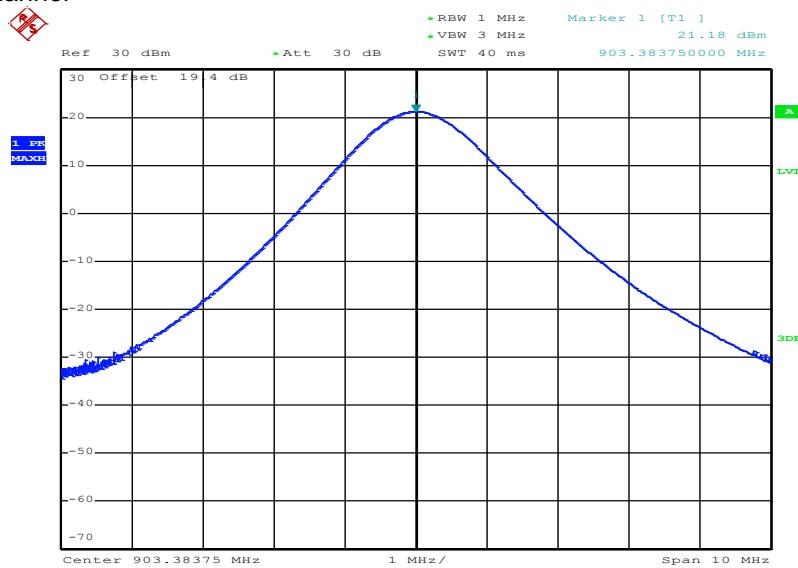
**Plots:**

Plot 1: Low Channel



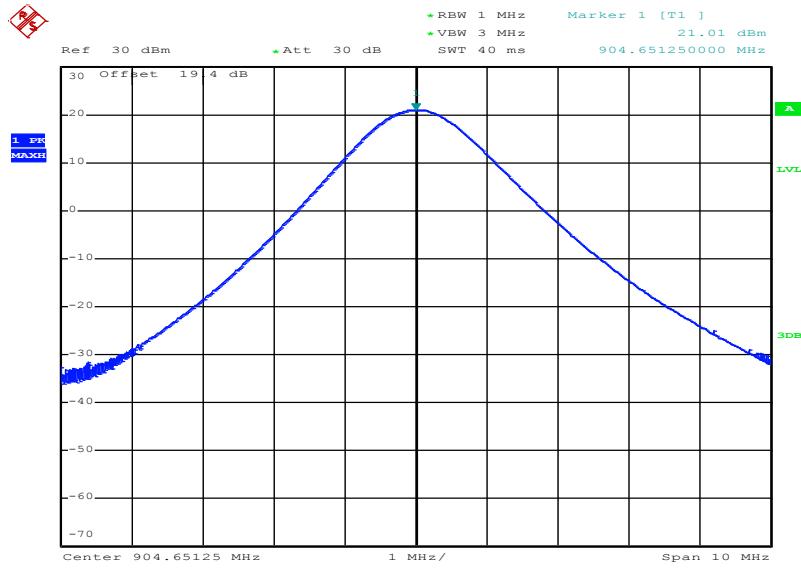
Date: 16.MAY.2017 14:30:12

Plot 2: Middle Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 14:26:48

Plot 3: High Channel



Date: 16.MAY.2017 14:31:06

## 11.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge – conducted and radiated

### Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

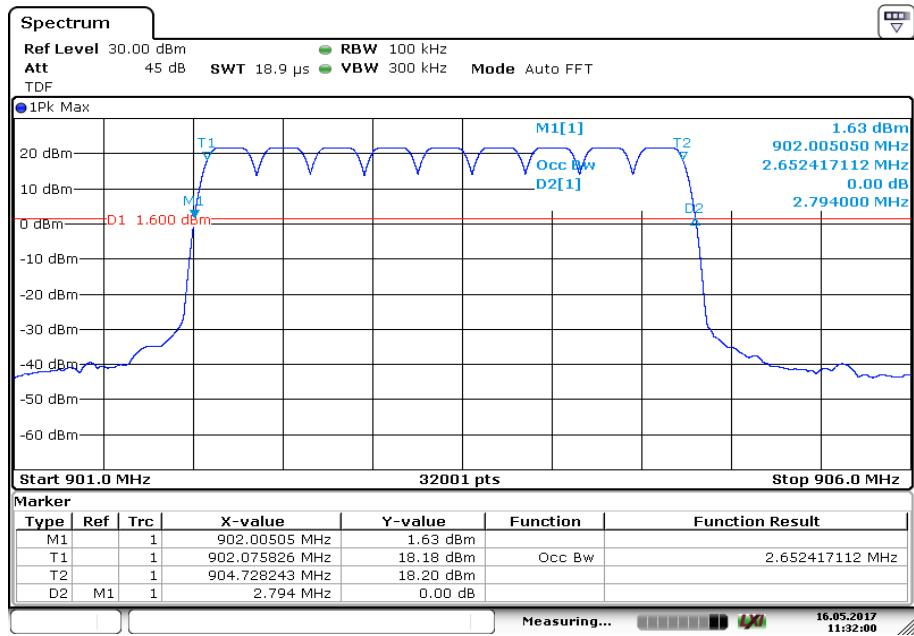
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 902 MHz Upper Band Edge: 928 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 7.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

### Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

### Results conducted:

Scenario	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB

**Plots:****Plot 1: 20 dB – hopping on**

**Results radiated:**

No restricted band in the range  $\pm 2$  channel bandwidths of the Band-edges of the specified emission band! (608 MHz – 614 MHz and 960 MHz – 1240 MHz).

**Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.**

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	( <sup>2</sup> )
13.36 - 13.41			

## 11.8 Spurious Emissions Conducted

### Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode. The measurement is repeated for low, mid and high channel.

### Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 1 MHz F > 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 100 kHz F > 1 GHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 12.75 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.3A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

### Limits:

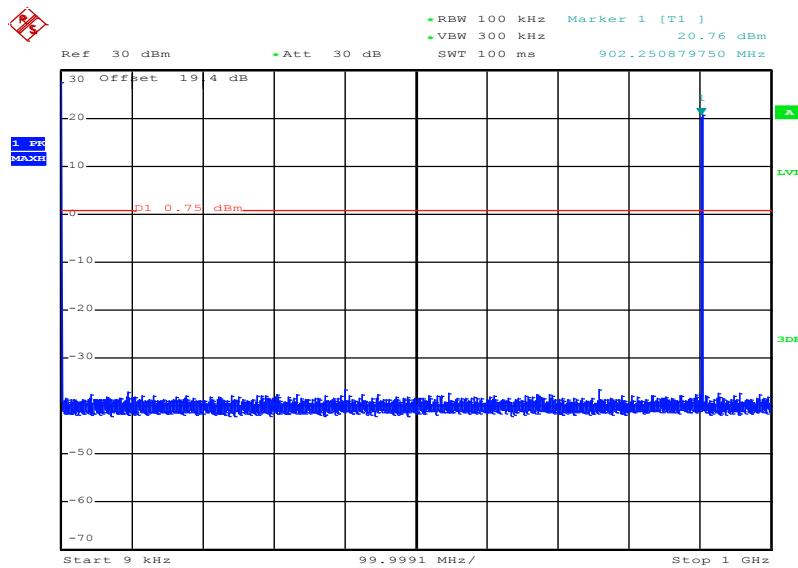
FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

### Result:

Emission Limitation					
Frequency [MHz]		Amplitude of emission [dBm]	Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results
902.3		20.8	24 dBm	>20	Operating frequency
	No emissions detected!		-20 dBc	-/-	
903.5		20.8	24 dBm	>20	Operating frequency
	No emissions detected!		-20 dBc	-/-	
904.7		20.9	24 dBm	>20	Operating frequency
	No emissions detected!		-20 dBc	-/-	

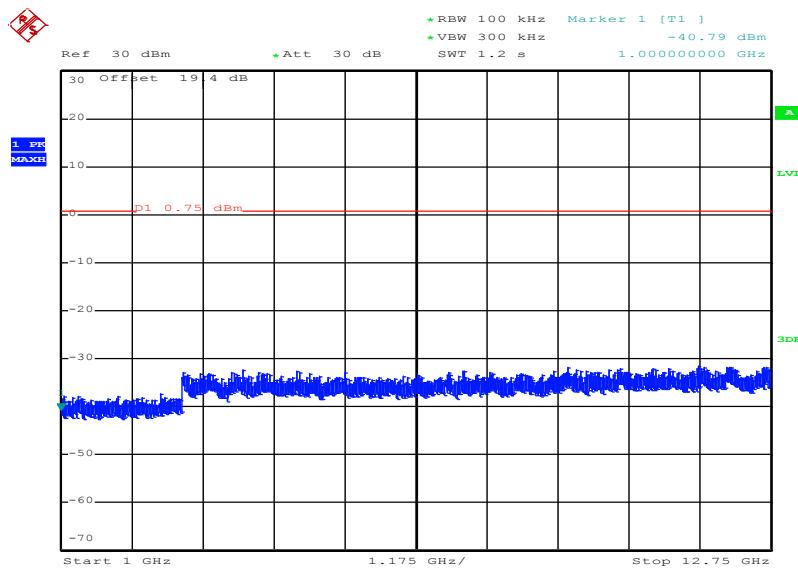
**Plots:**

Plot 1: Low channel, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



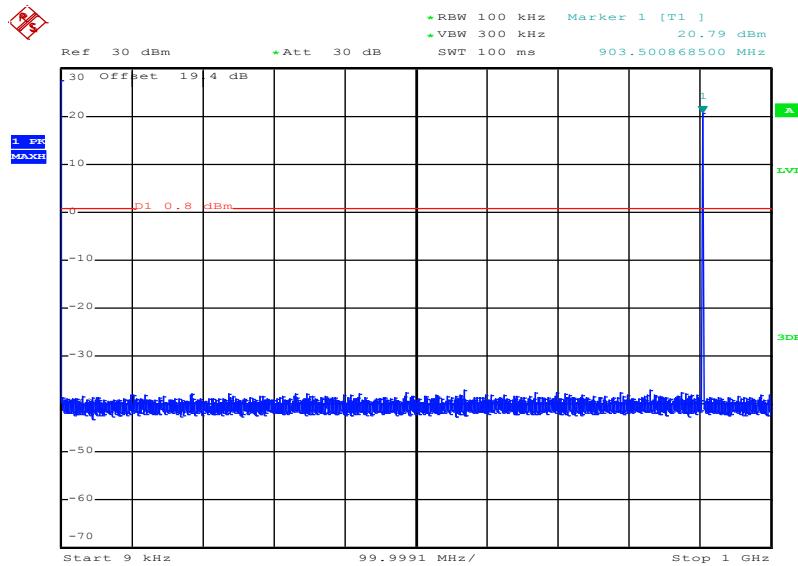
Date: 16.MAY.2017 12:59:24

Plot 2: Low channel, 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz



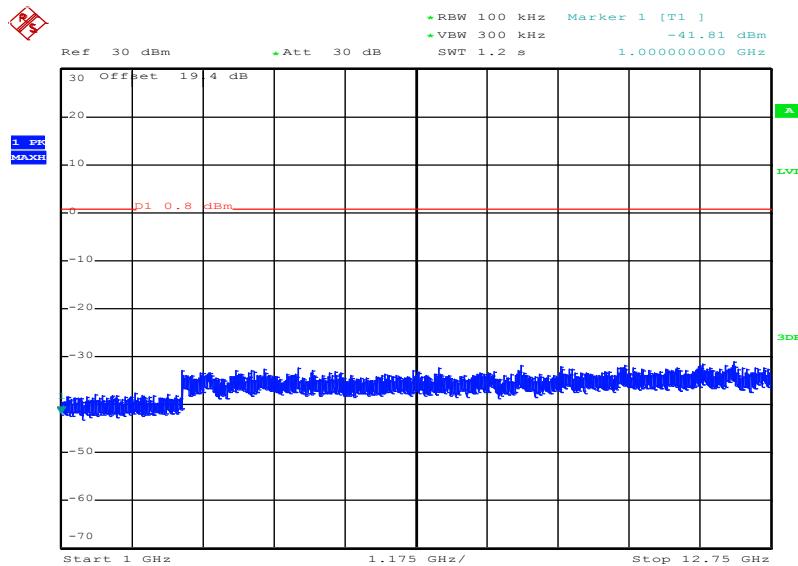
Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:01:03

Plot 3: Middle channel, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



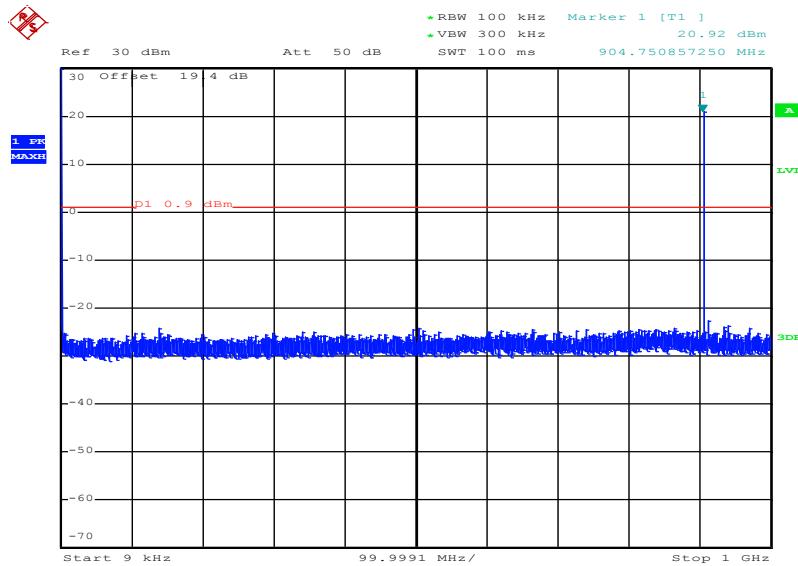
Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:02:14

Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz



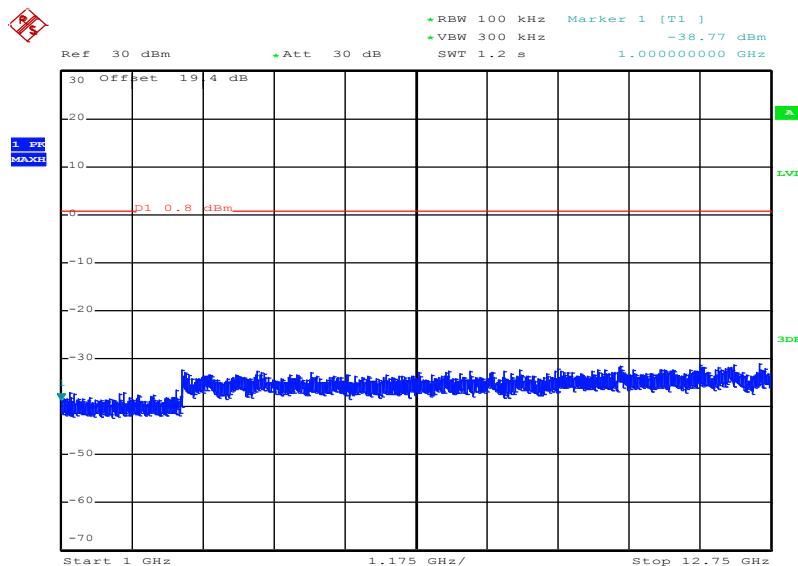
Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:02:53

Plot 5: High channel, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



Date: 18.MAY.2017 08:48:49

Plot 6: High channel, 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz



Date: 16.MAY.2017 13:04:27

## 11.9 Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz

### Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

### Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 7.2 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

### Limits:

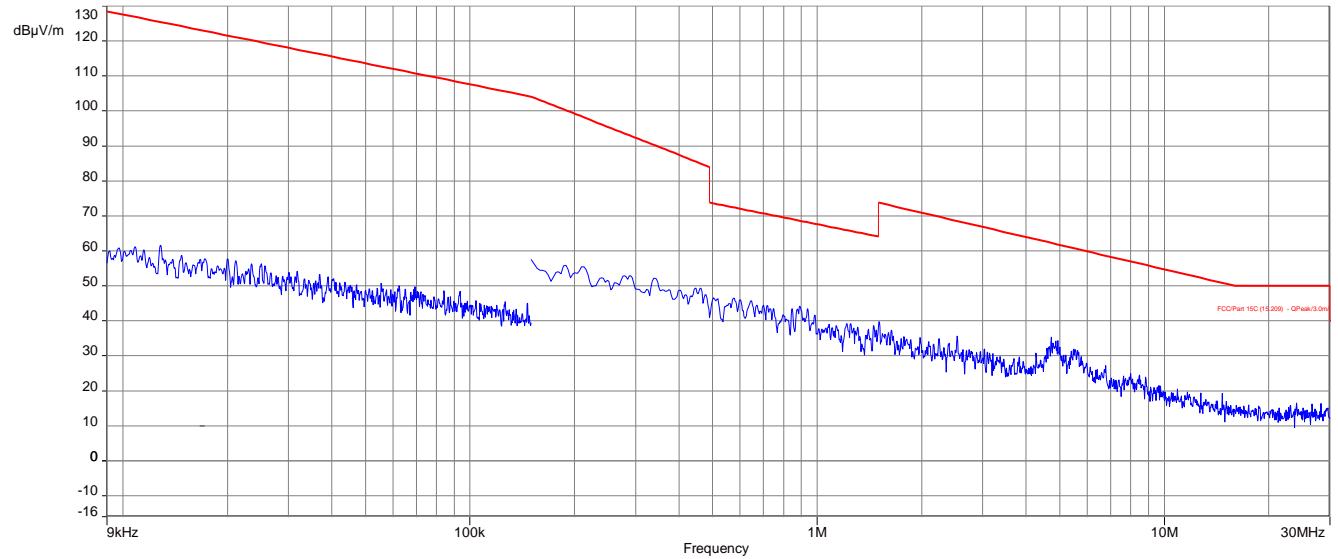
FCC	IC	
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

### Result:

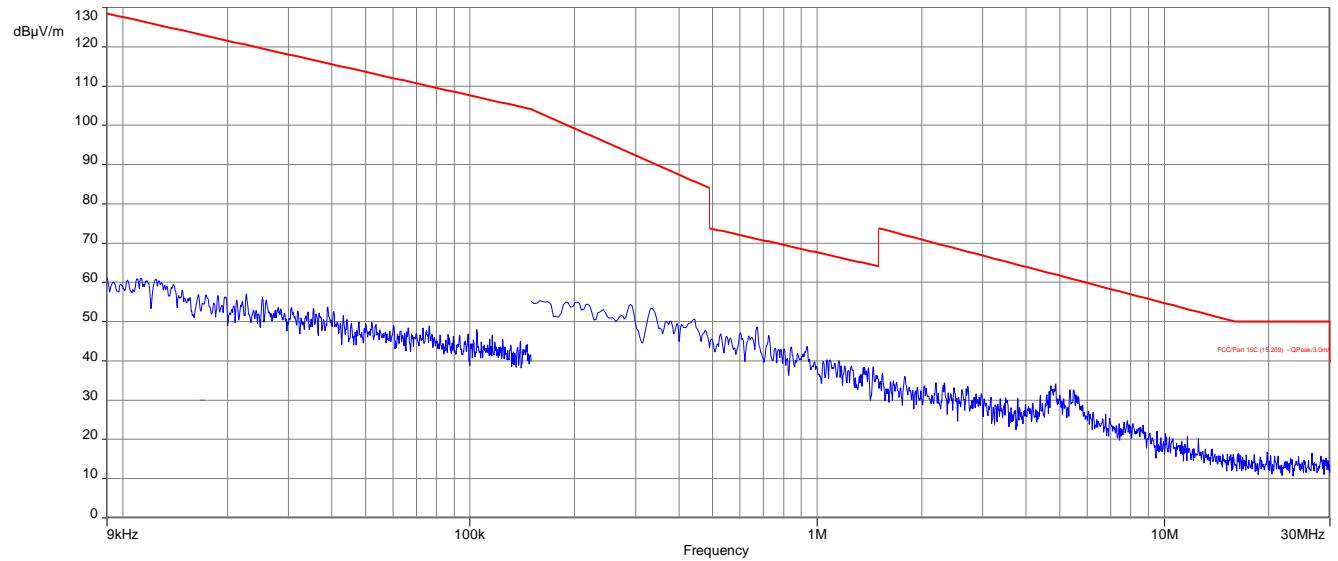
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL [dB $\mu$ V/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]
All emissions were more than 10 dB below the limit.								

**Plots:**

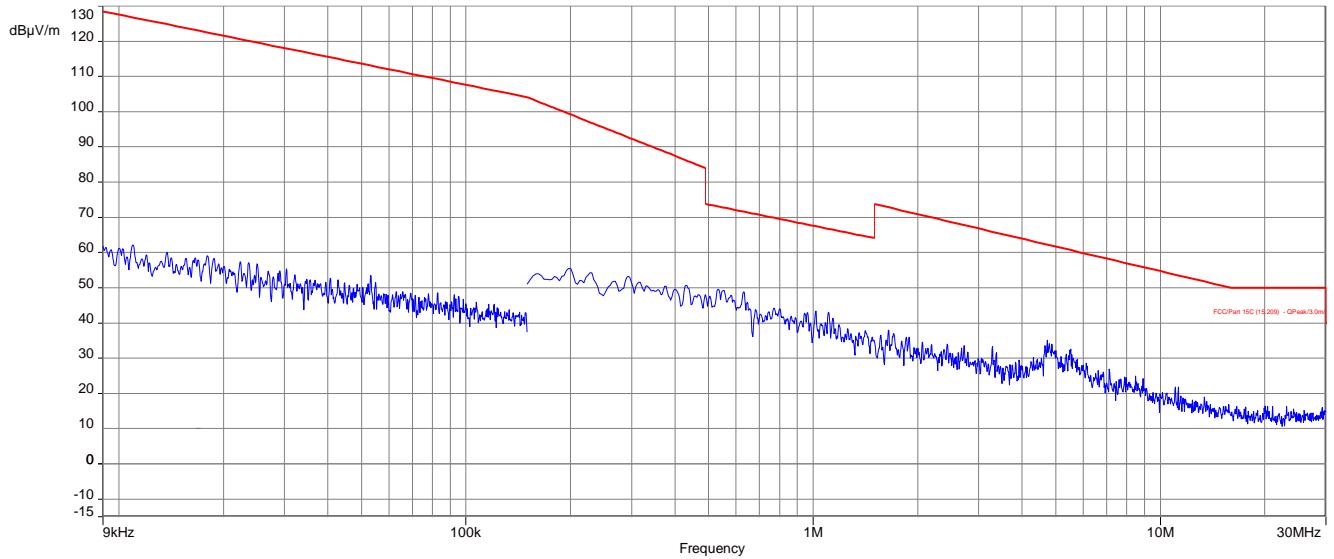
Plot 1: TX-Mode low channel



Plot 2: TX-Mode mid channel



Plot 3: TX-Mode high channel



## 11.10 Spurious Emissions Radiated > 30 MHz

### 11.10.1 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

#### Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel low, mid and high.

#### Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 x VBW
Video bandwidth	120 kHz
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 7.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

#### Limits:

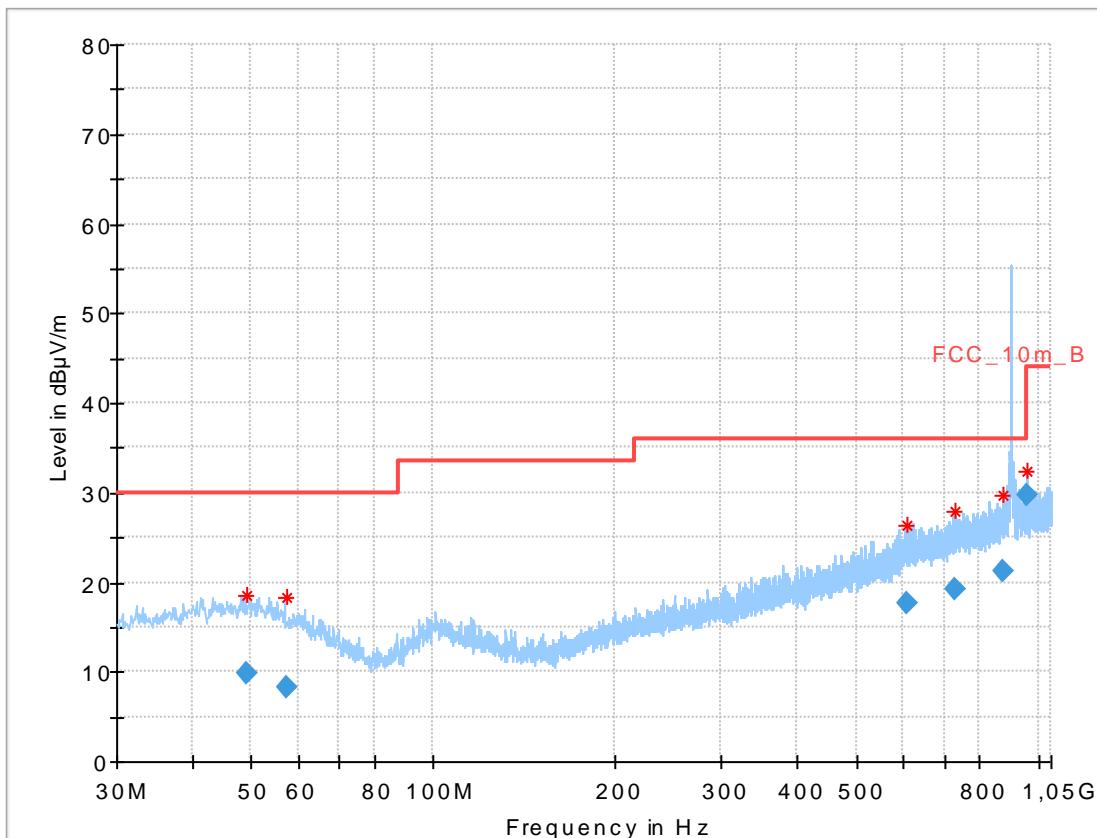
FCC	IC															
Band-edge Compliance of conducted and radiated emissions																
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).																
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Field Strength (dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</th> <th>Measurement distance</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>30 - 88</td> <td>30.0</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>88 - 216</td> <td>33.5</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>216 - 960</td> <td>36.0</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Above 960</td> <td>54.0</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement distance	30 - 88	30.0	10	88 - 216	33.5	10	216 - 960	36.0	10	Above 960	54.0	3
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement distance														
30 - 88	30.0	10														
88 - 216	33.5	10														
216 - 960	36.0	10														
Above 960	54.0	3														
<b>Note:</b> The limit was recalculated with 20 dB / decade (Part 15.31) for all radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz from 3 meter limit to a 10 meter distance. (40dB/decade for emissions < 30MHz)																

#### Result:

See result table below the plots.

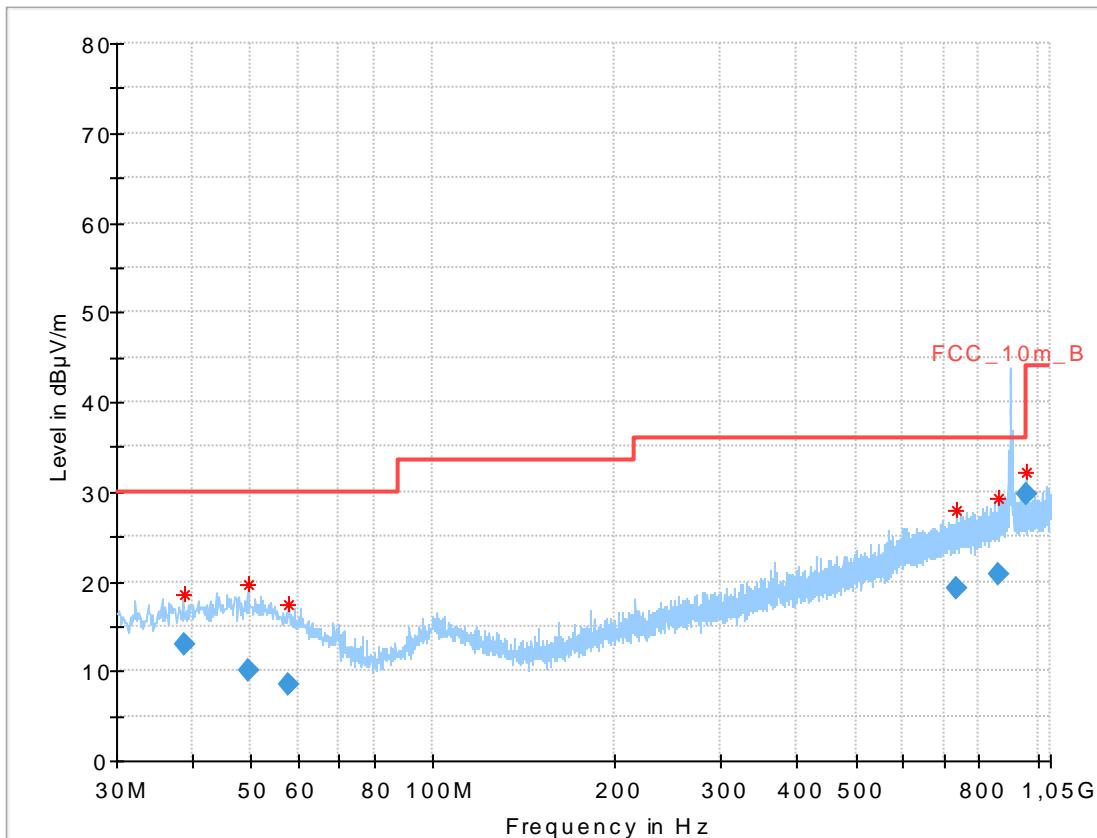
**Plots:**

Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



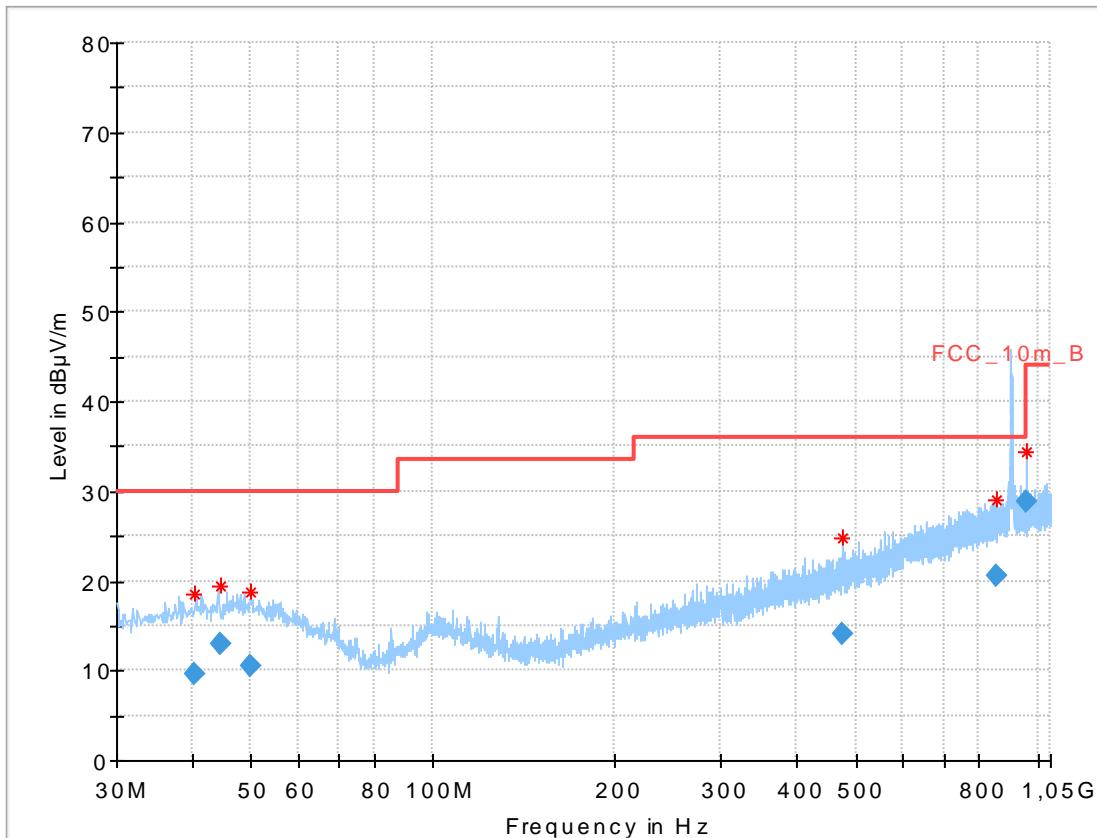
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
49.169550	9.94	30.00	20.06	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	190.0	13.7
57.393150	8.16	30.00	21.84	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	10.0	12.5
608.972250	17.75	36.00	18.25	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	-10.0	20.8
728.134350	19.19	36.00	16.81	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	190.0	22.2
872.940750	21.30	36.00	14.70	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	171.0	23.8
957.345750	29.72	36.00	6.28	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	100.0	24.4

Plot 2: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (middle channel)



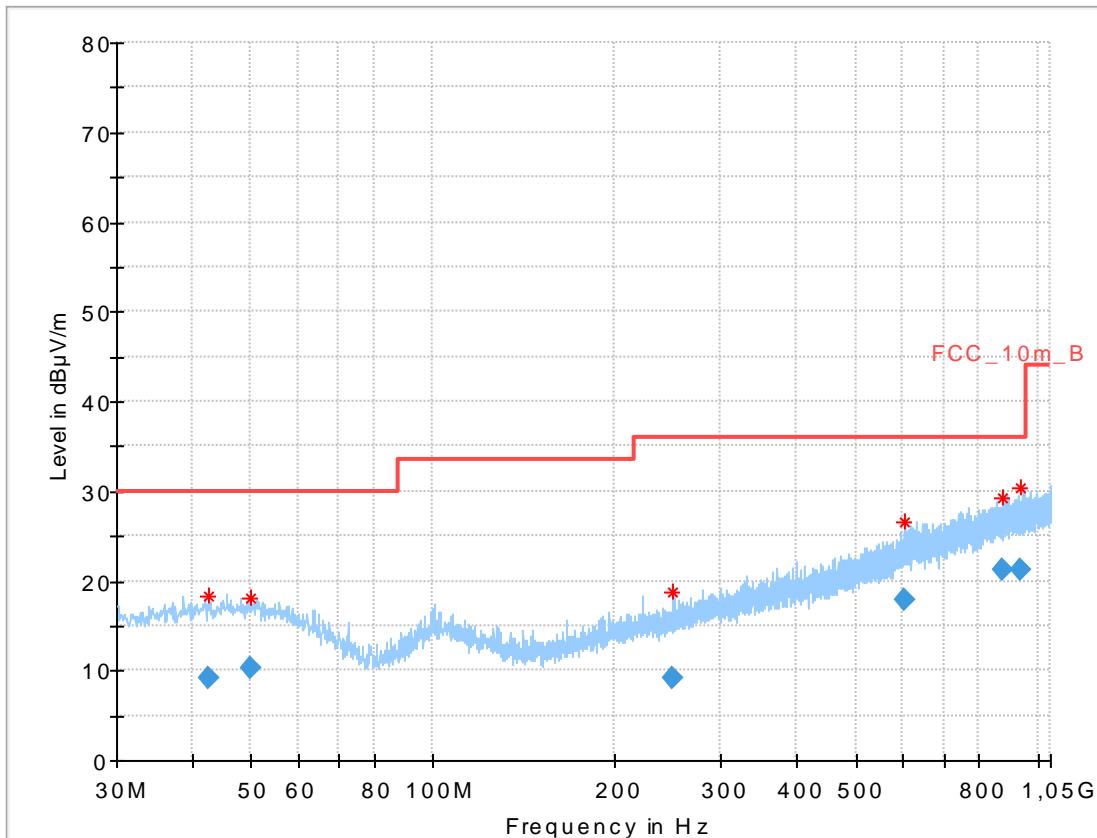
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.728200	12.92	30.00	17.08	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	260.0	13.1
49.694100	10.08	30.00	19.92	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	81.0	13.7
57.931650	8.56	30.00	21.44	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	190.0	12.4
732.112800	19.30	36.00	16.70	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	280.0	22.3
860.165550	20.77	36.00	15.23	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	280.0	23.7
958.603950	29.81	36.00	6.19	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	190.0	24.4

Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.304400	9.70	30.00	20.30	1000.0	120.000	100.0	H	100.0	13.2
44.415750	13.06	30.00	16.94	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	100.0	13.6
50.016300	10.43	30.00	19.57	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	280.0	13.7
475.312950	14.10	36.00	21.90	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	280.0	18.2
854.335650	20.67	36.00	15.33	1000.0	120.000	170.0	H	-10.0	23.6
959.900250	28.76	36.00	7.24	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	171.0	24.5

Plot 4: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (RX-Mode)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.463500	9.25	30.00	20.75	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	280.0	13.4
50.034450	10.18	30.00	19.82	1000.0	120.000	101.0	H	262.0	13.7
249.916200	9.14	36.00	26.86	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	190.0	13.4
604.460550	17.91	36.00	18.09	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	171.0	20.8
872.527800	21.13	36.00	14.87	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	100.0	23.8
939.967800	21.22	36.00	14.78	1000.0	120.000	170.0	V	260.0	24.3

## 11.10.2 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

### Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 7.2 B (1 GHz – 10.0 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

### Limits:

#### ANSI C63.10 – FCC Public Notice DA 00-705

The average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor:  $F = 20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$

FCC	IC	
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3

**Result:**

For radiated spurious emission the limits of 15.209 applies for all frequencies mentioned in 15.205. According to FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 (ANSI C63.10) the average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor:

$$F = 20 \cdot \log (\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$$

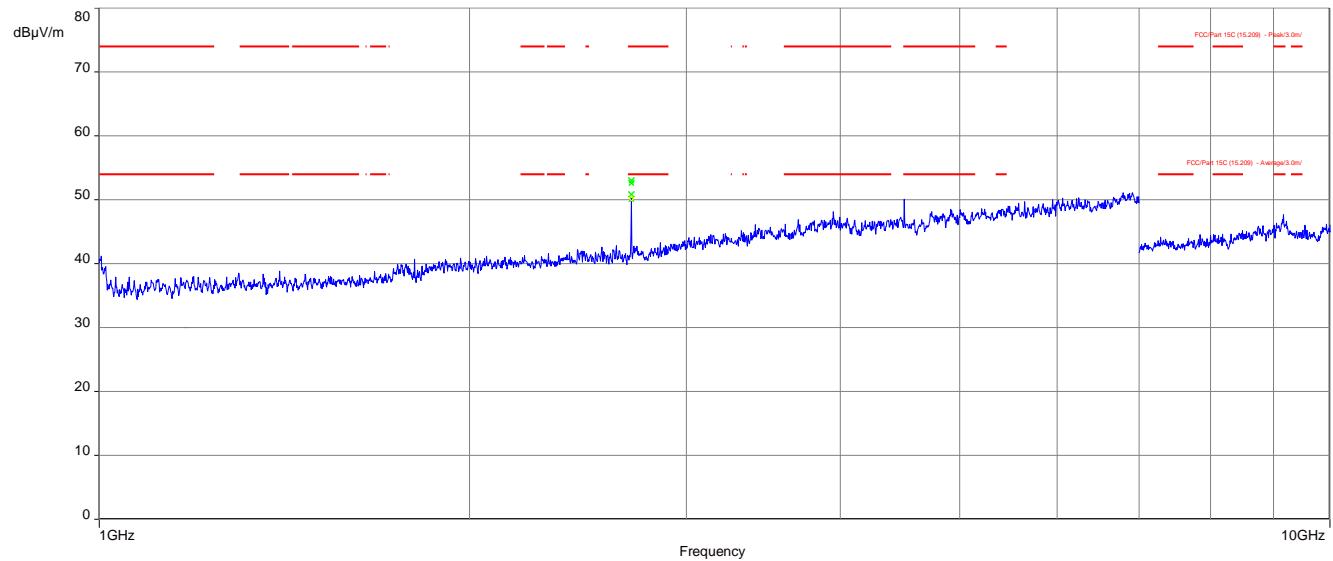
One pulse train is higher than 100 ms so the correction factor is 0 (see plots in chapter 12.4)

TX spurious emissions radiated [dB $\mu$ V/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]
2706.4	Peak	53.0	2710.0	Peak	52.8	2714.2	Peak	52.8
	AVG	50.8		AVG	50.4		AVG	50.2
-/-	Peak		5420.8	Peak	51.3	-/-	Peak	
	AVG			AVG	43.6		AVG	
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	

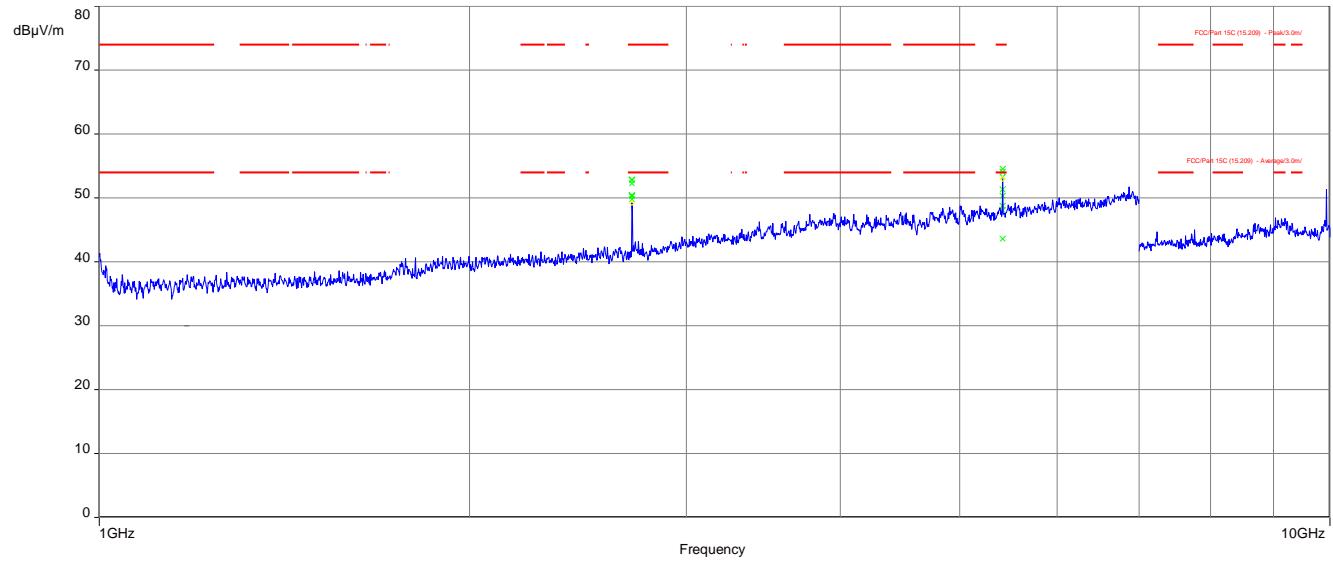
RX spurious emissions radiated [dB $\mu$ V/m]								
Rx mode			-/-			-/-		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB $\mu$ V/m]
-/-	Peak	-/-		Peak			Peak	
	AVG	-/-		AVG			AVG	

**Plots:**

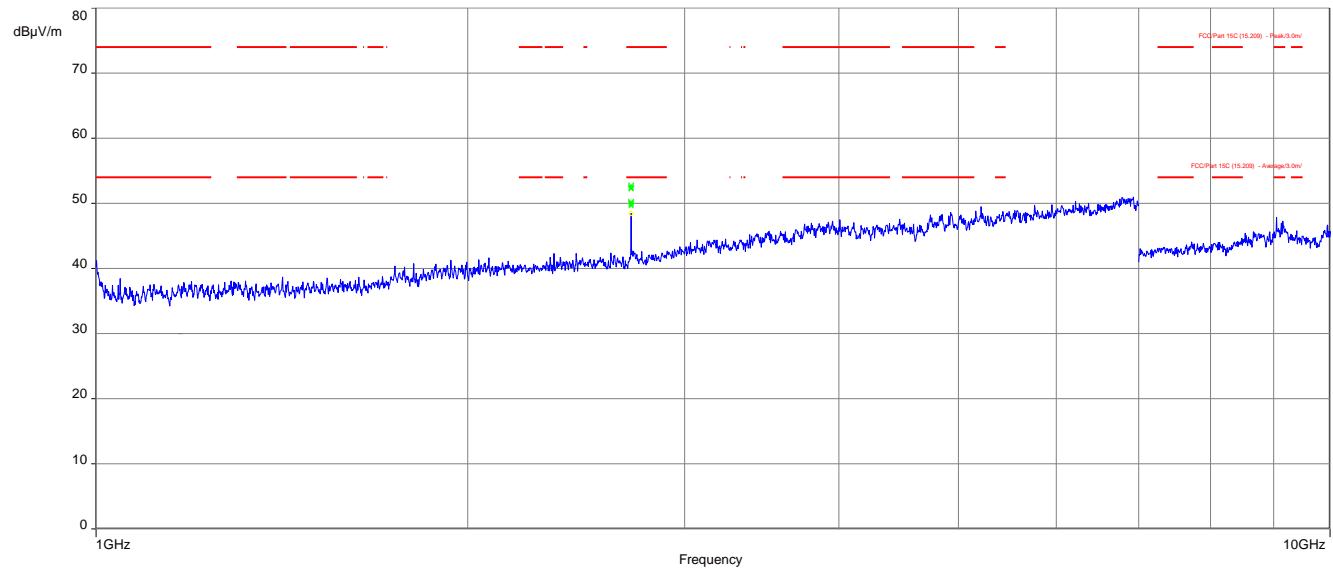
Plot 1: 1 GHz – 10.0 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



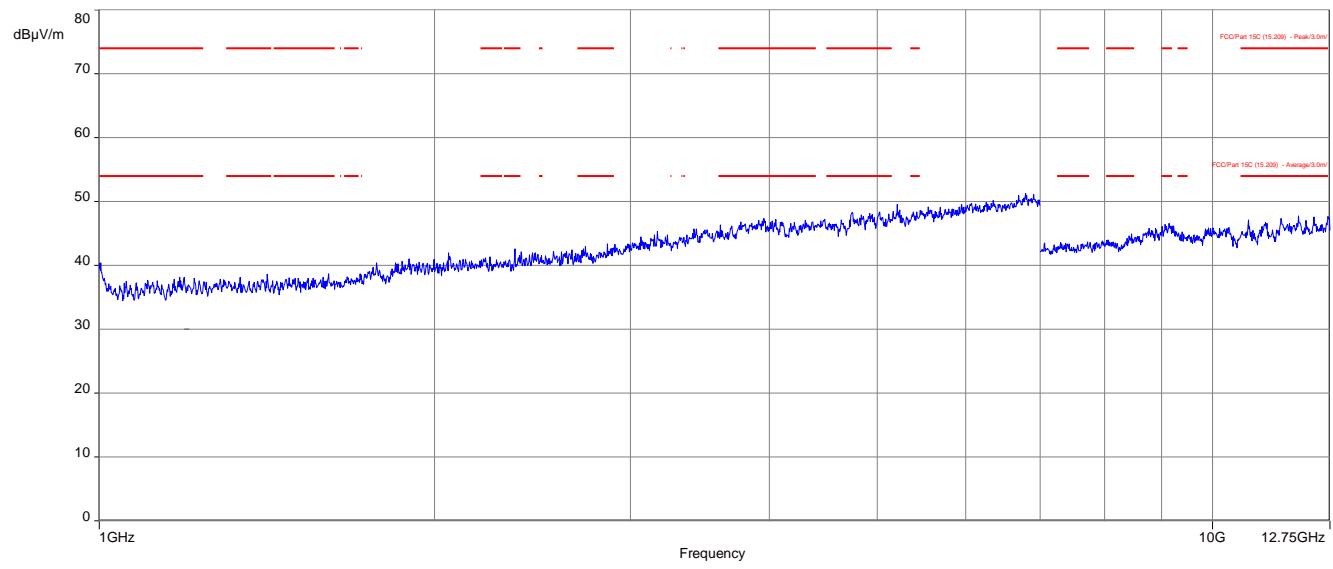
Plot 2: 1 GHz – 10.0 GHz, horizontal &amp; vertical polarisation (middle channel)



Plot 3: 1 GHz – 10 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Plot 4: 1GHz – 10 GHz, RX-Mode, horizontal & vertical polarisation



## Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2017-05-23
A	Standard reference revised	2017-06-27

## Annex B Further information

### Glossary

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software
PMN	-	Product marketing name
HMN	-	Host marketing name
HVIN	-	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	-	Firmware version identification number
OBW	-	Occupied Bandwidth
OC	-	Operating Channel
OCW	-	Operating Channel Bandwidth
OOB	-	Out Of Band

## Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page

last page



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Beiliehene gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV  
Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen  
von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

**Akkreditierung**

Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

**CTC advanced GmbH**  
Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen  
durchzuführen:

Funk  
Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA  
Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV)  
Produktsicherheit  
SAR / EMF  
Umwelt  
Smart Card Technology  
Bluetooth®  
Automotive  
Wi-Fi-Services  
Kanadische Anforderungen  
US-Anforderungen  
Akustik  
Near Field Communication (NFC)

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 25.11.2016 mit der  
Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig bis 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt,  
der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 63 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01

Frankfurt, 25.11.2016  
Siehe Hinweise auf der Rückseite

Im Auftrag Dipl.-Ing. Ulf Ralf Egner  
Abteilungsteuer

Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

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Spittelmarkt 10  
10117 Berlin

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60327 Frankfurt am Main

Standort Braunschweig  
Bundesallee 100  
38116 Braunschweig

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungsurkunde bedarf der vorherigen schriftlichen  
Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate  
Weiterverbreitung des Deckblattes durch die umseitig genannte Konformitätsbewertungsstelle in  
unveränderter Form.

Es darf nicht der Anschein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereiche erstreckt,  
die über den durch die DAkkS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom  
31. Juli 2009 (BGBl. I S. 2625) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments  
und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2008 über die Vorschriften für die Akkreditierung und Marktüberwachung  
im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abl. L 218 vom 9. Juli 2008, S. 30).  
Die DAkkS ist Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der  
European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und  
der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen  
erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnommen werden:  
EA: [www.european-accreditation.org](http://www.european-accreditation.org)  
ILAC: [www.ilac.org](http://www.ilac.org)  
IAF: [www.iaf.nu](http://www.iaf.nu)

### Note:

The current certificate including annex can be received on request.